



# \*Grammar parser-based solution for the description of the computational graph within GNA framework<sup>a</sup>

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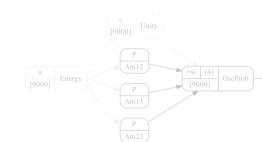
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## **GNA** overview

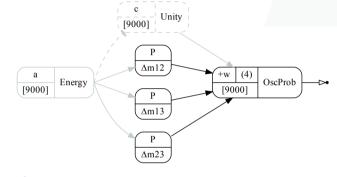
- ♣ GNA Global Neutrino Analysis high performance fitter based on data flow scheme:
  - Laziness
  - Caching
- Workflow compile once and build at runtime:
  - Frontend: Python
  - Backend: GNA core (C++)
  - \* Potential support for other backends: TensorFlow, ...
- Representation everything is accessible and annotated:
  - Print variables
  - Plot graph structure
  - Plot graph data





# Example: neutrino oscillation probability

```
= C.Points(np.arange(1.0, 10.0, 0.001))
with ns:
 oscprob = C.OscProb3(from_nu, to_nu)
 unity = C.FillLike(1)
 ws = C.WeightedSum(weights, labels)
 E >> unity.fill
 E >> oscprob.comp12
 E >> oscprob.comp13
 E >> oscprob.comp23
 unity
                >> ws.sum.comp0
 oscprob.comp12 >> ws.sum.item12
 oscprob.comp13 >> ws.sum.item13
 oscprob.comp23 >> ws.sum.item23
```

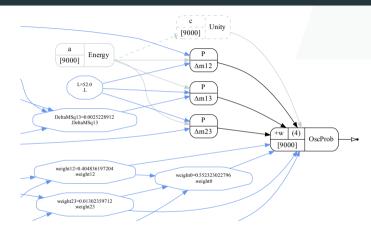


$$P_{\mathsf{sur}} = P_0 + \sum_i \omega_i(\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, \theta_{23}) \cos\left(C \frac{L\Delta m_i^2}{E}\right)$$

- Nodes are only evaluated if they have changed
- Each nodes result is cached and reused

# Example: neutrino oscillation probability

```
E = C.Points(np.arange(1.0, 10.0, 0.001))
with ns:
 oscprob = C.OscProb3(from_nu, to_nu)
 unity = C.FillLike(1)
 ws = C.WeightedSum(weights, labels)
 E >> unity.fill
 E >> oscprob.comp12
   >> oscprob.comp13
 E >> oscprob.comp23
 unity
               >> ws.sum.comp0
 oscprob.comp12 >> ws.sum.item12
 oscprob.comp13 >> ws.sum.item13
 oscprob.comp23 >> ws.sum.item23
```



- ★ Variables are maintained in recursive namespace
- Nodes do not own variables they depend upon

How to scale?

### **Bundles**

Bundles were created in order to facilitate making small computational graphs and scale them based on a simple configuration

#### ♣ Bundles are able:

- Read a configuration dictionary, which contain:
  - Bundle name and version number, telling GNA which bundle to load to read the configuration Multidimensional index, defining how the bundle should replicate the parameters and/or nodes Other configuration, specific to a particular bundle
- \* Access environment and define a set of variables, required by the transformations chain it builds
- \* Create and bind a set of nodes. Register the open inputs and outputs so other bundles may access them
- \* Require inputs and outputs, provided by the other transformations and bind them

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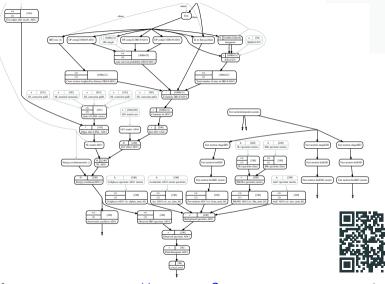
# **GNA** Daya Bay implementation

# Simplified view

- Single detector
- Single reactor
- Single isotope
- $^{lacktree \star}\sim 1/10$ th of the full graph

## Full graph

- Current configuration:
  - ★ ~ 500 nodes
  - ★ ~ 1000 edges
- Depending on structure may be 2500 nodes



# **GNA** expressions

- Goal:
  - Math-like expression → graph
- **\*** Solution:
  - DSL Domain-Specific Language
- Advantages:
  - One expression for various backends
  - Some natural scaling rule (indices)
  - Graph preprocessing

## **♣** GNA DSL objects:

- Transformations ←→ vector objects
- Variables ←→ scalar objects
- Indices, arithmetic operations (+, -, \*, ...), brackets, ...

# Experiment with reactor antineutrinos: formula

```
Partial expression
 eres[d]|
  lsnl[d]|
   iav[d]|
    integral2d|
     sum[r]|
      baselineweight[r,d]*
      ibd_xsec(enu(), ctheta())*
      jacobian(enu(), ee(), ctheta())
      sum[i](
      power_livetime_factor[d,r,i])*
      anuspec[i](enu() )*
      sum[c]|
      pmns[c]*oscprob[c.d.r](enu())
Energy resolution —
```

```
Partial equation
```

$$ec{N}_d = C_{\mathsf{eres}} imes \ C_{\mathsf{IsnI}} imes \ C_{\mathsf{IAV}} imes \ \int d\cos\theta \int dE_{\mathsf{vis}} \ \sum_r \ 1/(4\pi L_{dr}^2) \ d\sigma(E_{
u}, \cos\theta)/d\cos\theta \ dE_{\mathsf{vi}}/dE_{\mathsf{vis}}$$

$$\frac{dE_{\nu}/dE_{\text{vis}}}{dE_{\nu}/dE_{\text{vis}}}$$

$$\sum_{i} (P_{dri}S_{i}(E_{\nu}))$$
$$\sum_{c} \omega_{c}P_{c}(E_{\nu}, L_{dr})$$

$$| \bullet | a | b | c * d = a(b(c * d)))$$

# Parser implementation

### **Current GNA implementation:**

- Pure Python:
  - Cumbersome
  - Excessiveness
  - Difficulty in improving
  - Lack of abstractness (made in and for GNA framework only)



## New implementation:

- Designed as a completely stand-alone module:
  - ♣ Parser based on Lark-Parser:

Fast and strict parser algorithm LALR(1) Small grammar file (in this talk  $\sim$  50 - 100 lines) Easy to modify Caching

- Graph features based on PyGraphviz
- Suitable for different backends
- \* Separation of roles: parser, builders, matchers, data classes, tests, ...
- \* Representation: trees, graphs, text view, ...

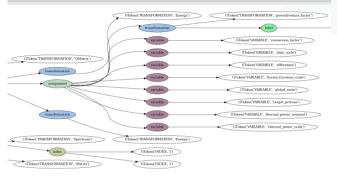
# Parsing tree and pattern matching

#### Data to parse

```
Object = ns1.ns2.norms[k] *
  comment lines with '#'
  alphan_rate*alphan_rate_norm*
 Transf_1 + Transf_2 | QMatrix @
 Energy * (conversion_factor *
 duty_cycle * efflivetime *
 fission fractions scale *
 global_norm * target_protons *
 thermal_power_nominal *
 thermal_power_scale) +
 Spectrum[j,1] @ Matrix #comments
```

- This is a *pattern matching* feature!
- The formula has no physical meaning!

## Parsing tree for the red sequence



## Part of the library with patterns

```
powerlivetime_factor:
    expr: 'conversion_factor*duty_cycle*efflivetime*
    fission_fractions_scale*global_norm*target_protons*
    thermal_power_nominal*thermal_power_scale'
    label: 'Power/Livetime/Mass factor, nominal'
```

## Building graph

#### Data to parse

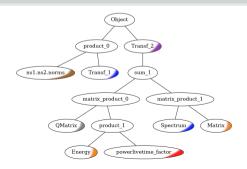
```
Object = ns1.ns2.norms[k] *
# comment lines with '#'
# alphan_rate*alphan_rate_norm*
Transf_1 + Transf_2 | QMatrix @
Energy * (conversion_factor *
duty_cycle * efflivetime *
fission_fractions_scale *
global_norm * target_protons *
thermal_power_nominal *
thermal_power_scale) +
Spectrum[j,1] @ Matrix #comments
```

- Simple graph supporting scaling!
- product\_0, sum\_0, ... automatically
  generated nodes for operations '+', '\*', ...

## Full parsing tree



### Final graph



### **Conclusions**

#### Conclusions:

- \* The GNA DSL has been developed that is *suitable for various* (**potential!**) *backends* and naturally enables a *scalability* of physical models
- \* A similar solution is applicable for any data flow scheme
- \* Can be developed completely separately from the main project (this was done in the GNA)

#### Current status:

- Merging the Parser module with GNA framework
- Testing on the real physical model

Thank you for your attention!





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