Status of the beam line and beam detectors

Sergey Sedykh for the BM@N

BM@N Detector Advisory Committee February 05, 2020

Outline

- Beam transport line from Nuclotron to BM@N
- Beam tracking and profile detectors
- Beam counters (BC1, BC2, VC)
- Target area and trigger multiplicity detectors
- Ideas about T0 for TOF at high intensity Au+Au



Vacuum ion transport line from Nuclotron to BM@N

Radiation Physics Laboratory of Belgorod State University Head: A. Kubankin

Continuous vacuum from Nuclotron to BM@N

- 110 m of modernized ion guide
- 6 magnets
- 17 quadrupole lenses
- 14 points for ion beam diagnostics
- 4 focus areas (F3-F6)



Nuclotron < 138 m lenght of the ion guide > BM@N



Vacuum ion transport line from Nuclotron to BM@N

Detailed 3D model of the ion guide (Done in Feb-Mar 2019)







Vacuum ion transport line from Nuclotron to BM@N

Examples of designed parts of the ion guide





Basic part of the ion guide - vacuum pipe with ISO-K, KF flanges assembled with bellow and gate valve



Multitask vacuum boxes for modern beam diagnostics tools and experimental research



Vacuum box of a magnet



F4 focus area with MARUSYA experimental setup





Radiation Physics Laboratory of Belgorod State University, LLC "Vacuum systems and technologies", LLC "R@D Vacuum"

R&D VACUUM

Maufactured prototypes of the pipe parts



Motorized translator stages for detectors and targets



Vacuum chamber for diagnostics tools



Vacuum box with thin titanium window for diagnostics detectors



Vacuum parts of the beam pipe



Setup for thin windows testing



Vacuum chamber for diagnostics tools and targets



Beamline from Nuclotron to BM@N

Overview of the current status



- Measurement of the beamline components with 3D model (done)
- Technical documentation and design of major components (done)
- Prototypes of all major components (manufactured and tested)
- Formal official contract (in progress, exp. completion 03/2020)
- Expected start of production: shifted $08/2019 \rightarrow 03/2020$
- Expected completion of parts production: shifted $05/2020 \rightarrow 01/2021$
- Expected overall assembly and testing: early 2021
- Manufacturing of vacuum parts for two SP-12 magnets upstream of BM@N (in progress, exp. assembly by the end of Feb.2020)



Beam pipe in BM@N before the target



S. Piyadin et al., BSU Group

- So far work was done for area between SP-57 and SP-41 where all beam detectors are placed
- Vacuum elements upstream of SP-57 are planned for later stages
- Lenses of 1K and 2K will need special treatment





BM@N beam pipe before the target

S. Piyadin et al.

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- BC1, BC2, VC beam counters
- Si-p1, Si-p2 beam profile detectors (removed after beam tuning)
- Si-t1, Si-t2, Si-t3 beam tracker detectors

- Vacuum boxes are 20 cm long in Z (non standard)
- Si-p1, Si-p2 and Si-t1, Si-t2, Si-t3 are similar in design
- BC1, VC have the same design
- BC2 the same vacuum box but different PMT mounts



Beam pipe in BM@N before the target





Current status:

- all ordered components were made and tested in the BSU Lab (specs. 10⁻³ Torr, actual 10⁻⁶ Torr)
- delivered and assembled at BM@N in Oct.2019
- magnetization of components after welding and machining, therefore, one bellow and parts for Si-p2, Si-t3 and VC will be remade of aluminum
- tests of the whole line is foreseen after complete assembly
- design of mechanics for moving Si-Profile detectors in and out of the beam is in progress



Silicon Beam Tracker Detectors



Detector:

- double-sided
- active area 63x63 mm²
- pitch 475 µm
- 128 x 128 strips
- thickness 175 µm

Status of DSSD and FEE:

- 15 detectors ordered and delivered (NIIMV, Zelenograd)
- 20 VATA64-HDR16 purchased
- PCB design is in progress

Status of vacuum components:

- Si-t1, Si-t2 are ready,
 Si-t3 is being remade of aluminum
- one flange with connectors is available for testing



Silicon Beam Profile Detectors







Tentative design (by BSU Group) of moving mechanics for Si Beam Profile Detectors Group of N.Zamjatin, S. Piyadin, BSU Group

Current status of vacuum parts:

- Si-p1 box is completed,
 - Si-p2 box is being remade of aluminum
- moving mechanics design is ready, some details need final approval
- proposal to use Phytron motors, open question is operation in the magnetic field for Si-p2
- flanges with connectors are ready for testing

Status of DSSD and FEE:

- 10 detectors ordered and delivered (NIIMV, Zelenograd)
- VA163 and VA32HDR11 available
- PCB design is in progress

Silicon Beam Profile Detectors Tests of prototype

950 -

860 -

770 -

680 -

590 -

Experimental setup (no vacuum)

Amplitude correlation

226Ra

1290 376

118 20

ADC ch P side

1mm Pb as a collimator

Double-sided

Kapton layer

Silicon Strip Detector

(64x64 strips; size 35x35mm)

events

73.00

- 58,40

43.80

- 29,20

- 14.60

- 0.000

17

for electrical insulation strips

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- area 32 x 32 mm²
- pitch 0.5 mm
- 64 x 64 strips
- thickness 300 µm
- **ASIC VA162**

Beam Profile

- area 60 x 60 mm²
- pitch 1.87 mm
- 32 x 32 strips
- thickness 175 µm – ASICs:
- VA163 (0.7 pC,¹²C), VA32HDR11 (30 pC, Kr and Au)



Silicon Beam Profile and Tracker Detectors BM@N IV-tests for beam profilometer and tracker DSSDs



Inner guard ring at floating (top), Inner guard ring at GND (bottom). Inner GR at GND (red) at T=+24,2 °C

Inner GR at GND (red) at T= +24,1 ℃

B.Topko, BM@N Detector council meeting, 19.12.2019

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Beam Profile and Tracker Detectors

Group of N.Zamjatin

planned actions and schedule

- tests of vacuum flanges with connectors (resp. O.Tarasov, 03/2020) final production (resp. O.Tarasov and BSU group, 05/2020)
- design of PCBs (resp. S.Khabarov, 02-03/2020) order of PCBs for production (resp. S.Khabarov, 03-04/2020)
- assembly and tuning PCB+FEE (S.Khabarov, Yu.Ivanova, Yu.Kovalev, 04-09/2020)
- tests of DSSD mounted on plates (O.Tarasov, N.Zamjatin 06/2020)
- tests of trackers with BM@N DAQ (09/2020)
- tests of beam profile detectors with stand-alone read-out (09/2020), profile distribution copy to beam transport group (+P.Rukoyatkin, 09-12/2020)
- full assembly with vacuum parts (12/2020)



Beam Counters: BC1, VC







Sketch of vacuum box for BC1 and VC

Parts of 3d design of PMT mount for BC1 and VC

Current status

- Hamamatsu R2490-07 operate in magnetic field <1T (available)
- Vacuum boxes (BC1 ready, VC in production)
- PMT mounts (design is close to completion)
- Scintillator BC400B 100x100x0.25mm³ (available)
- Scintillator mounts (design is scheduled for 2020)



Beam Counters: BC2

FEE

PMT

Viewport, quartz



Sketch of vacuum box for BC2



(Photonis) Similar to FFD PMT but smaller

for BC2

Photocathode: $25 \times 25 \text{ mm}^2$



- MCP-PMT XPM85112/A1-Q400 operate in magnetic field <1T (delivered, March 2019)
- Vacuum boxes with quartz windows (BSU, delivered October 2019)
- PMT + FEE mounts (design is close to completion)
- FEE design and production (scheduled for 2020, ~2 month)
- Scintillators BC400B 10x10x0.15mm³ (available)
- Scintillator mounts (design is scheduled for 2020)





P Relevant to BC2 in BM@N: Time resolution results with FFD prototypes



Target area with Barrel Detector

S.Piyadin, Yu.Gusakov, BSU Group



First section of the carbon vacuum pipe and Barrel Detector Dia. 200 \rightarrow 66 \rightarrow 50 mm



Carbon vacuum pipe and the target station

Current status

- mechanical parts (production started in Belgorod)
- motor operation in magnetic field (tests are being made in LHEP)



Upgrade of Barrel Detector (BD)



The active area of BD has radius of 45 mm and length of 150 mm and it consists of 40 strips $150 \times 7 \times 7$ mm³ made from polished scintillator BC418 wrapped by Al- mylar. Each strip is directly connected with SiPM Micro FC-60035-SMT, 6×6 mm².



Planned upgrade for upcoming runs:

- inner (5 mm) and outer (10 mm)
 Pb shielding will be added
 (will be done by the trigger group)
- new FEE (less noise)

A view of the BD prepared for run 2018: 1 – the scintillation strips, 2 – the board with SiPMs, 3 – the board of front-end electronics.



Upgrade of Silicon Multiplicity Detector

The Si detector has 64 independent segments / channels and it provides fast determination of multiplicity of charged particles emitted in forward direction by measuring a number of fired segments.





Placement at 12 cm from the target

Reason for the upgrade:

larger opening for the beam. Dia. $28 \rightarrow 50 \text{ mm}$

Group of N.Zamjatin



Upgrade of Silicon Multiplicity Detector current status and schedule

- trapezoidal detectors, 8 strips, 525 μ m (NIIMV Zelenograd, 16 delivered 12/2019)
- tests and selections of detectors (E.Streletskaya, Yu.Kopylov, 03/2020)
- detector frame design including EM and light screens, will be based on experience with Si MD detector of 2018 (O.Tarasov, 02/2020)
- design of PCBs (S.Khabarov, 03/2020)
- order of PCBs for production, 2x2 half-planes (S.Khabarov, 03-04/2020)
- FEE of 2018 will be used with minor corrections (S.Khabarov, 03/2020)
- detector assembly, tests and tuning with radioactive source
- (O.Tarasov, N.Zamjatin 04-07/2020)
- integration of signals to trigger logic unit (with trigger group, by 12/2020)



T0 options at high beam intensity, Au+Au, 5·10⁷ 1) 4 FFD-Type Detectors

N.Lashmanov

Main idea: put fast counters close to the target and detect $\beta=1$ particles



FFD modules



4 quartz bars 28 x 28 x 15 mm³ in every FFD module For BM@N trigger the Pb plates in FFD modules can be removed Pb-Shielding around BD will serve as converter

FFD-Type T0 efficiency simulation: Au + Au, 4 GeV/n

N.Lashmanov



Arrival time of the first photon. Alignment





Arrival time of the first photon. Centrality dependence

Detection condition:

arrival of more than 800 photons (sum in all 4 FFD modules) in 50-250 ps time window after the first photon

Efficiency vs centrality



T0 options at high beam intensity, Au+Au, 5·10⁷ 2) Quartz + SiPM T0

N.Lashmanov

Two rings of 12 quartz radiators $30 \times 30 \times 20 \text{ mm}^3$, each viewed by 16 SiPMs $6 \times 6 \text{ mm}^2$. Detection condition: more than N x 100 photons registered by SiPM's (in any of the modules) in 50-200 ps time window after the first photon.



Quartz+SiPM



N.Lashmanov

Thresh = 500 [photons/mod]

12

Thresh = 100 [photons/mod]

0.2 - TO

😽 T0 & BD

2 4

∀ BD

— то

∀ BD

😽 T0 & BD

2 4

Quartz+SiPM T0 efficiency simulation: Au + Au, 4 GeV/n





T0 options at high beam intensity, Au+Au, $>5 \cdot 10^6$

3) Si-tracker detector + TOF Nino chip

Group of N.Zamjatin and TOF Group



Si Tracker Detector:

- double-sided
- active area 63 x 63 mm²
 (take middle area 30 x 30 mm²)
- pitch 475 μm
- 128 x 128 strips
 (take middle part 64 x 64 strips)
- thickness 175 µm

Current status:

- under discussion
- planned for testing



NINO ASIC:

- 8 channel chips
- developed in CERN for TOF applications
- BM@N TOF Group has positive experience with them
- Basic idea:
 - Si det. 2x64 signals \rightarrow 16 NINO cards \rightarrow 2TDCs

Thank you for your attention