





# Multiparton interaction and exotic resonance production

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#### **Outline:**



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**Motivation: multiparton interactions (MPI):** 

- multiparton correlations (MPC)
- multiparton scattering (MPS)
- **Diquarks and large pT-baryon production**
- Multiparton interaction as a source of multiquark hadronic systems at NICA energies
- Diquark model based on Pythia 8.3

# Summary



Hard processes in QCD



Perturbative QCD for hard processes  $Q^2/s = x - fixed, s \rightarrow \infty$  (Bjorken limit)  $\rightarrow$ 

 Factorization of hard and soft contributions in leading twist
 A.Efremov & A.Radyushkin (78-81)
 A.Mueller, J.Collins, D.Soper, G. Sterman, ...

**DIS:**  $\sigma_{HARD} = \sigma_{parton} \times F(x, Q^2) + (1/Q^2)^n$ 

- **DY-MMT:**  $\sigma_{\text{HARD}} = F(x, Q^2) \times \sigma_{\text{parton}} \times F(x, Q^2) + (1/Q^2)^n$
- F(x, Q<sup>2</sup>): PDF with GLAPD log[Q<sup>2</sup>]-evolution

V.Gribov & L.Lipatov (71-72,74), G.Altarelli & G.Parisi (77), Yu.Dokshitzer (77)

- σ<sub>parton</sub> ~1/Q<sup>4</sup> : partonic subprocess
- (1/Q<sup>2</sup>)<sup>n</sup>-terms: higher twists



**Large-pT hadron production** 



# Factorization of hard and soft contributions for inclusive large-pT hadron production in pp-collisions:

 $\sigma_{\text{HARD}}$  (NN->hX)=  $F_N(x, Q^2) \times \sigma_{\text{parton}} \times F_N(x, Q^2) \times D_h(x, Q^2) + (1/Q^2)^n$ 

#### Ratio of different hadron production: $\sigma_{HARD}$ (NN->h<sub>1</sub>X)/ $\sigma_{HARD}$ (NN->h<sub>2</sub>X)

should exhibit scaling behaviour at high  $\sqrt{s}$  and at high pT



# Large-pT meson production: scaling behaviour





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Large-pT proton production: non-scaling behaviour





$$\Delta \sqrt{s} = 11.5 \text{ GeV} (E = 70 \text{ GeV}).$$

$$\int \sqrt{s} = 23.4 \text{ GeV} (E = 300 \text{ GeV})$$

# VK (1987-88)

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# Large-pT proton production: non-scaling behaviour







#### **Higher twists in DIS**





A.De Rujula, H.Georgi, H.Politzer (197-77), R.Jaffe (1981-82) K.Ellis, Furmanski & Petronzio (1982-83) E.Shuryak & A.Vainshtein (1982-83)

higher twists at large x are enhanced by factor  $1/(1-x)^m$ :  $F_N(x, Q^2) \sim (1-x)^3 [1+C/(Q2 (1-x)^2)]$ 

since F<sup>D</sup><sub>N</sub>(x, Q<sup>2</sup>) ~ (1-x)<sup>1</sup> due to quark counting rules V.Matveev, R.Muradyan & A.Tavkhelidze (1971-72) S.Brodsky & G.Farrar (1972)



# Higher twists: Two-parton correlation as diquark



 $\sigma_{\text{HARD}}$  (NN->PX) =  $F^{D}_{N}(x, Q^{2}) \times \sigma_{\text{parton}} f^{2}(Q^{2}) \times F_{N}(x, Q^{2})$ 

 $f^{2}(Q^{2})=1/(1+M^{2}/Q^{2})^{2}$  – diquark form factor  $F^{D}_{N}(x, Q^{2})$  – diquark distribution in proton

V.Anisovich (1975), V.Anisovich, P.Volkovitski & Povzun (1976) L.Laperashvili (1982), Larson (84) S.Ekelin & S.Fredriksson (1984), V.A. Bednyakov (1984) VK (1987-88)

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# Diquarks in large-pT proton production in pp-collisions: two-hadron correlations in final state



**ABCDHW Coll.:** A.Breakstone et al (1987)  $\sqrt{s} = 62$  GeV

Correlations between high-pT proton and meson from toward jet

#### proton-meson correlations: favouring diquark scattering



**MPI as multi-parton scattering (MPS)** 



double parton scattering:

 $\sigma_{\text{HARD}}$  (NN->PX)=  $F_N(x_1, x_2, Q^2) \times \sigma_{\text{parton 1}} \times \sigma_{\text{parton 2}} \times F_N(x_3, x_4, Q^2) \times r^2$ 

 $F_N(x_1,x_2,Q^2)$  – two-parton distribution in proton **r** – "distance" in the impact parameter plane

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P.Landshoff (1974)
N.Paver & D.Treleani (1982)
V.Shelest, A. Snigirev & G.Zinoviev (1982)
M.Jacob (1983), M.Mekhfi (1985)
A.Efremov & VK (1987)
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recent study: **B.Blok, Yu.Dokshitzer & M.Strikman M.Ryskin & A.Snigirev** M.Diehl et al.







# NN->DeutronX production via double diquark-quark scattering:

 $\sigma_{\text{HARD}} \text{ (NN->DX) = } F^{D}_{N}(x_{1}, x_{2}, Q^{2}) \times \sigma_{\text{parton 1}} \times \sigma_{\text{parton 2}} \times F^{D}_{N}(x_{3}, x_{4}, Q^{2})$ 

 $\times f^4(Q^2)/r^2 \times \kappa$ 

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A.Efremov & V.Kim (1987)
VK et al., in preparation
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#### light nuclei: deuteron, etc. exotic multiquark resonances

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#### **A.Efremov & V.Kim (1987) VK et al., in preparation**



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MPI with MPC and MPS involved: compromise between pT and collision energy



MPI, when both MPC and MPS involved, needs optimal ranges in pT and collision energy:

- Multi-parton correlations MPC (higher twists): enhanced at large x as ~1/(1-x)<sup>m</sup>, but suppressed at large pT as ~ 1/pT<sup>n</sup>
- MPS is not suppressed at large collision energies: can enhance production of large-pT complex hadronic states (multiquark states and nuclei)

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A.Efremov & V.Kim (1987)
VK et al., in preparation
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## MC event generator ULYSSES: Diquark model implementation to PYTHIA

- Diquark model implemented to PYTHIA 8 VK, A.S. Shavrin & A.V. Zelenov, in preparation

 $\sqrt{s} = 23.4$  ГэВ

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$$R(x_T) = \frac{\left(\frac{Ed^3\sigma}{dp^3}(x_T)\right)_p}{\left(\frac{Ed^3\sigma}{dp^3}(x_T)\right)_{\pi^+}} \qquad \qquad x_T = \frac{2p_T}{\sqrt{s}}$$

 $\vartheta_{\rm cm} = \pi/2$ 



# MC event generator ULYSSES: Diquark model implementation to PYTHIA



- Diquark model implemented to PYTHIA 8 VK, A.A. Shavrin & A.V. Zelenov, in preparation

When both MPC and MPS involved, for the MPI processes there should be an optimal region in pT and collision energy <- NICA SPD reach

**ULYSSES** for medium and large pT: various two-particle correlations in pT and azimuthal plane estimates for possible exotic resonances (tetraquarks, pentaquarks, etc)

Heavy pentaquarks and tetraquarks established at LHC -> motivation for searches in light sector at NICA energies





**Multiparton interaction (MPI):** 

- multiparton correlations (MPC) higher twists important for for baryon production
- multiparton scattering (MPS) may be important for exotic resonances: tetraquarks, pentaquarks, etc.
- There a lot of open interesting issues with MPC and MPS
- **NICA energies seem to be optimal for MPI studies !**

MPI with both MPC & MPS involved would provide a rich physics study at NICA SPD !