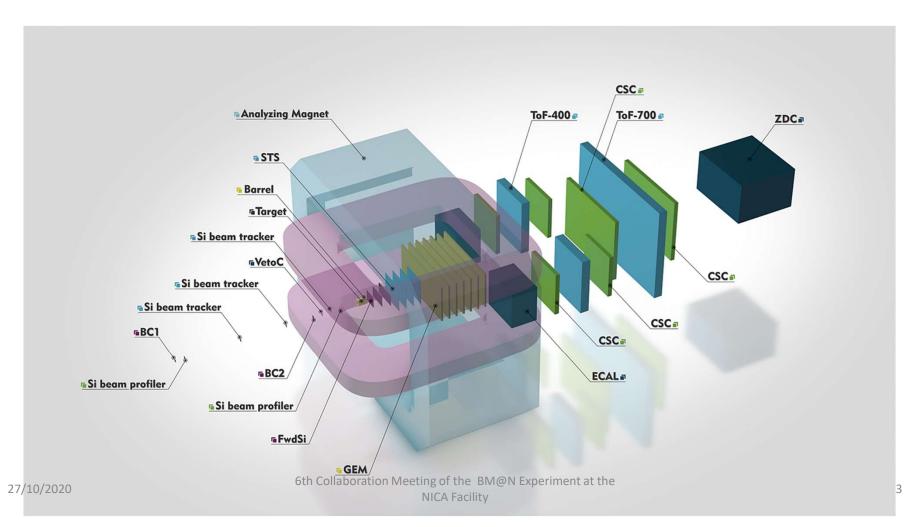
BM@N STS Mechanics. Status and plans

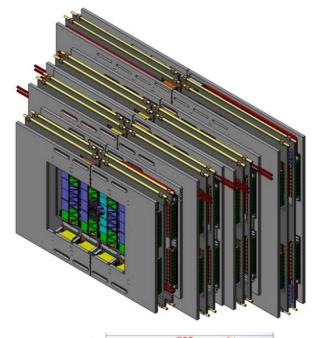
Mikhail Merkin (SINP MSU) for CBM-BM@N STS group

Outline

- Central sensors
- Main frame
- Carbon C-frame and Al C-frame with cooling
- FEB, FEB box, FEB connectivity
- Cable routing
- Plans
- Progress in preparations for the BM@N STS ladder assembly
- Status of the BM@N STS module assembly

BM@N experiment





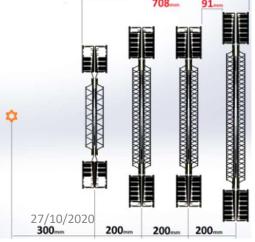
Layout of BM@N STS

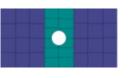
 Four stations are based on CBM-type modules with double-sided microstrip silicon sensors

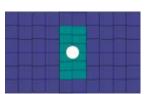
Number of modules: 292

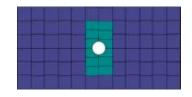
• Number of channels: ~600k

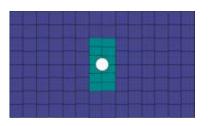
Power consumption: ~15 kW



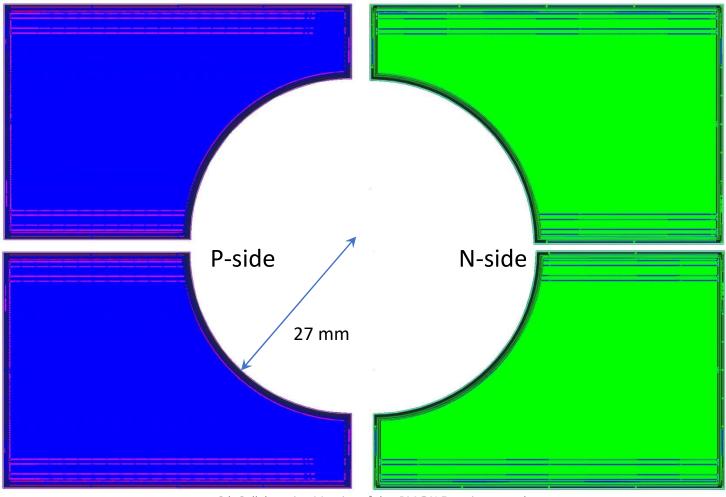






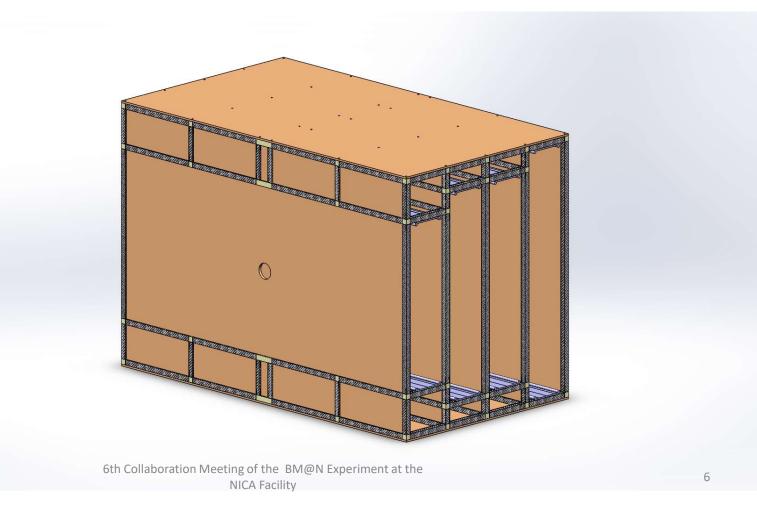


Central Sensors



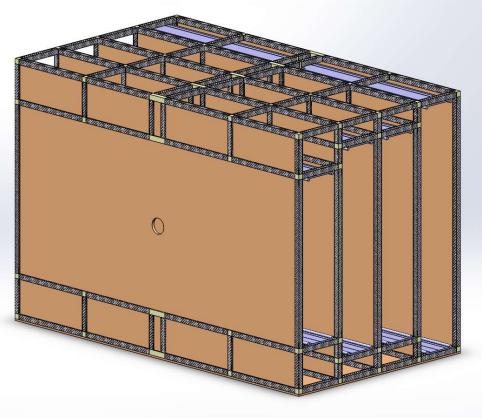
6th Collaboration Meeting of the $\,$ BM@N Experiment at the $\,$ NICA Facility

Mainframe



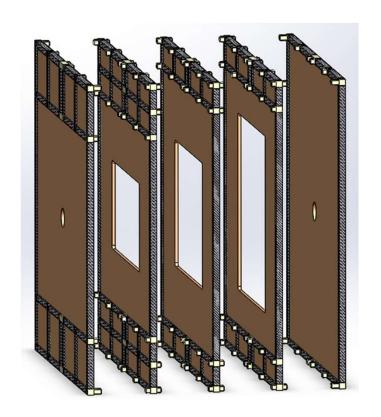
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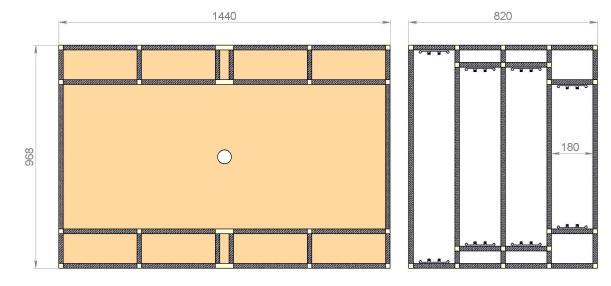
Mainframe



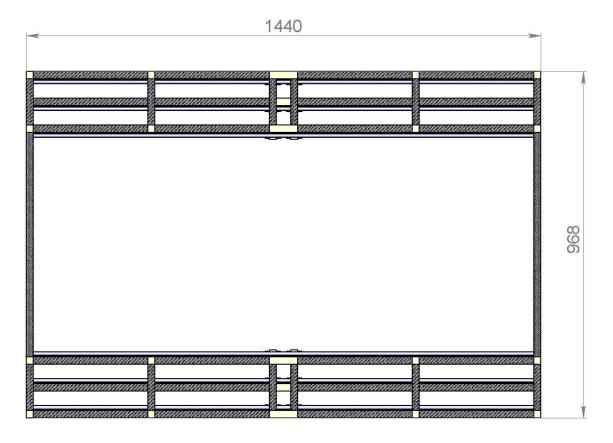
6th Collaboration Meeting of the BM@N Experiment at the NICA Facility

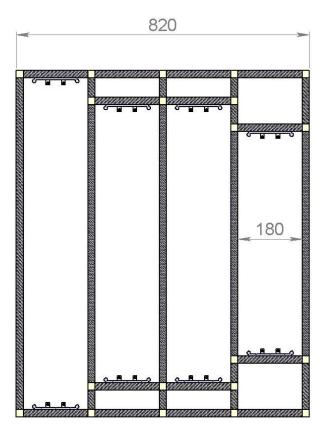
Mainframe details



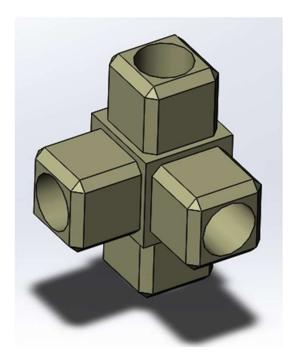


Mainframe

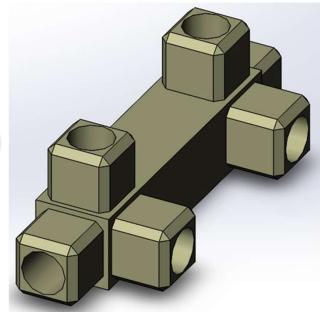




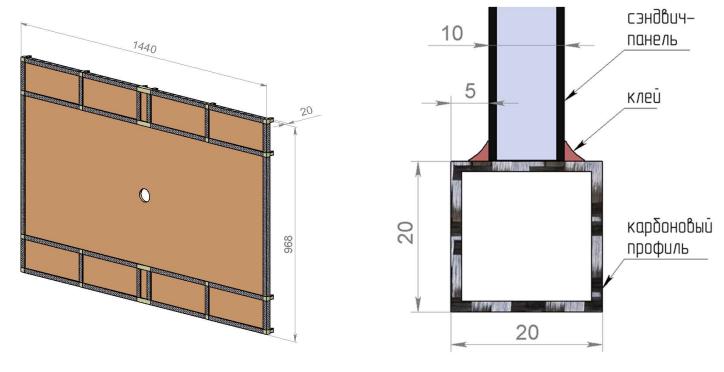
Mainframe details



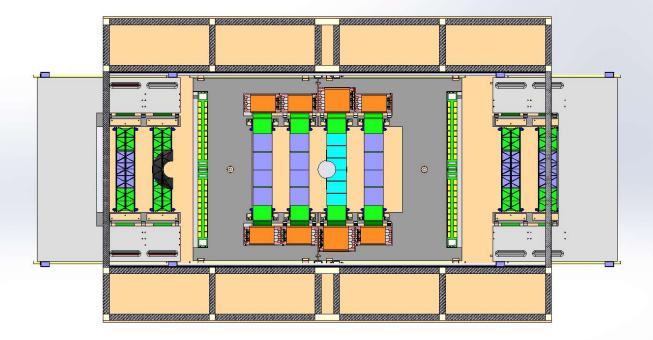




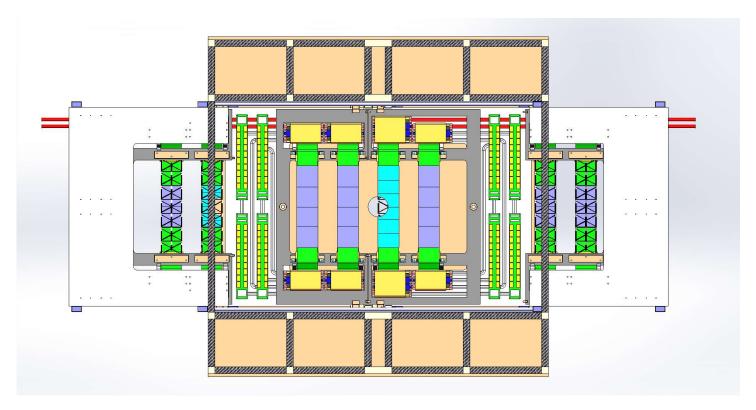
Mainframe details



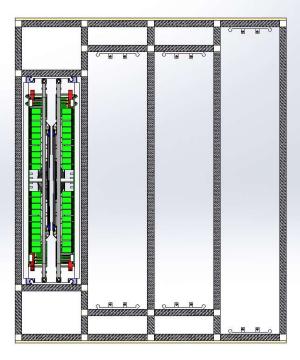
Station in Mainframe



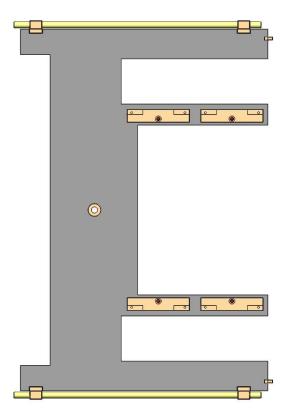
Station in Main frame



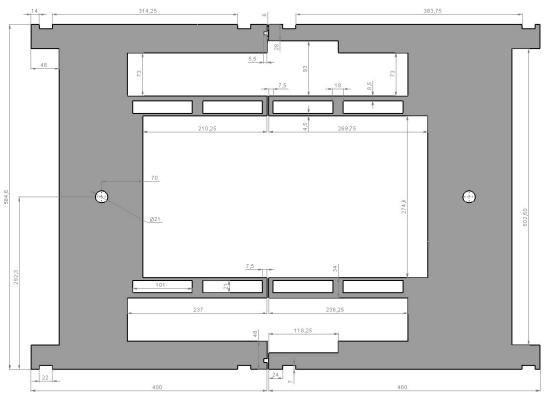
1-st station Main frame (side view)



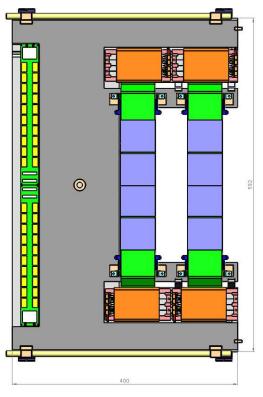
Carbon (sandwich panel) C-frame 1-st station



Carbon (sandwich panel) C-frames 1-st station

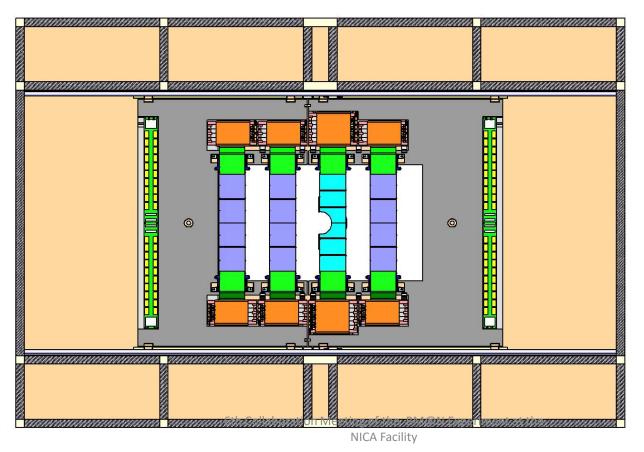


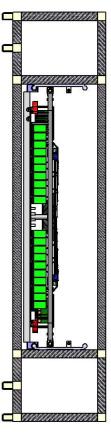
¼ of the 1-st station



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½ of the 1-st station in Main frame

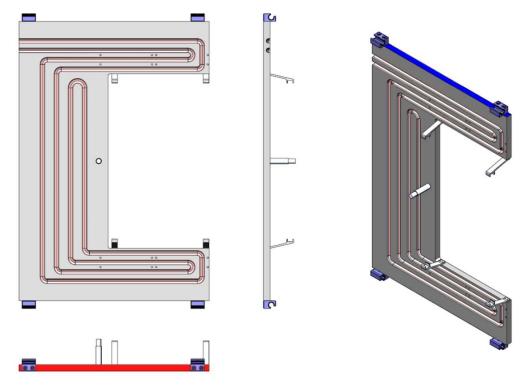




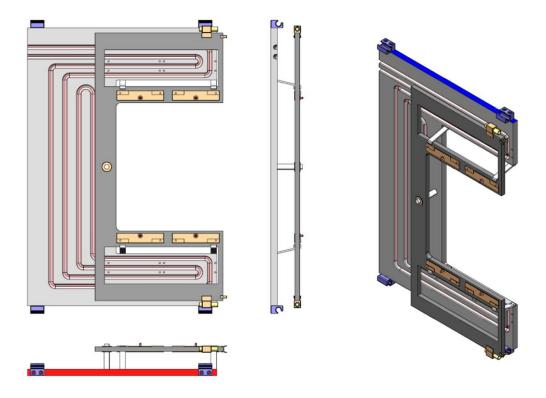
27/10/2020

ΤQ

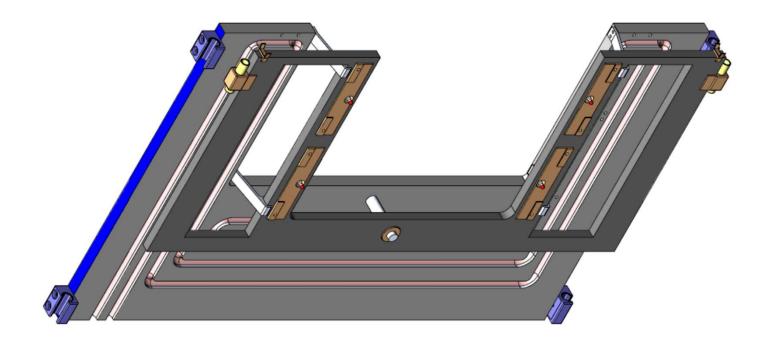
Al c-frame



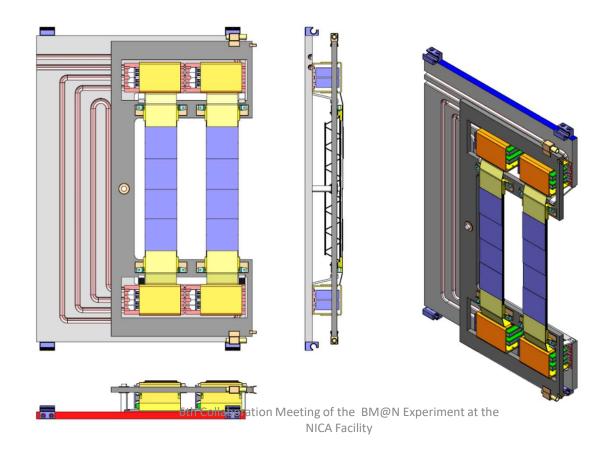
Al c-frame and carbon c-frame



Al c-frame and carbon c-frame

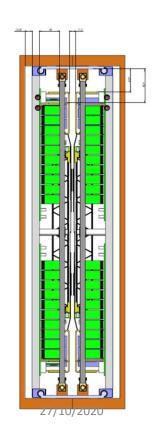


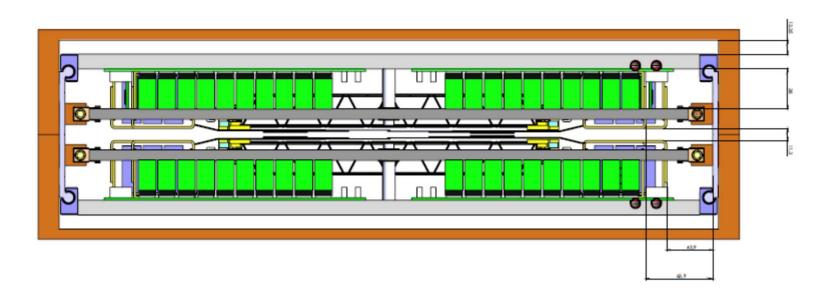
¼ of the 1-st station



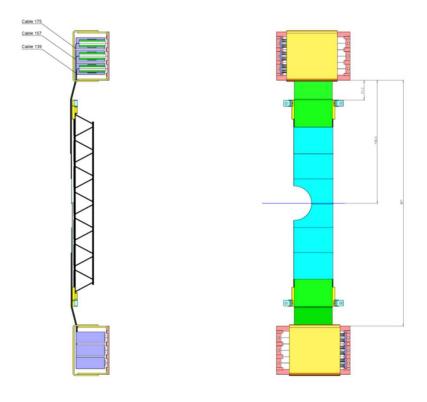
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The 1-st station in Main frame

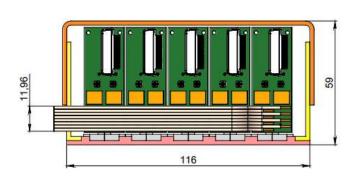


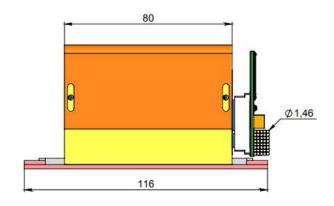


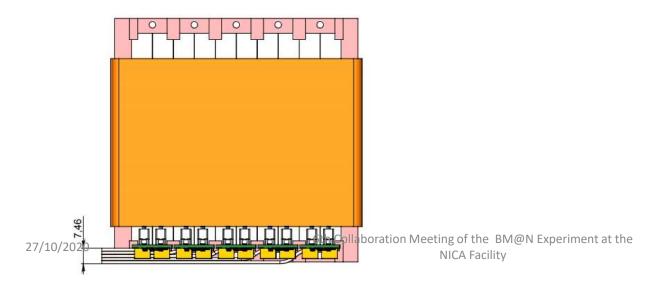
Central Ladder for the 1-st station



FEB box



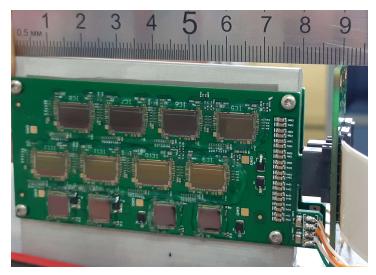




BM@N Front-end Boards



Comparison of two FEB geometries



Prototypes of FEB with FEB-panel

Features:

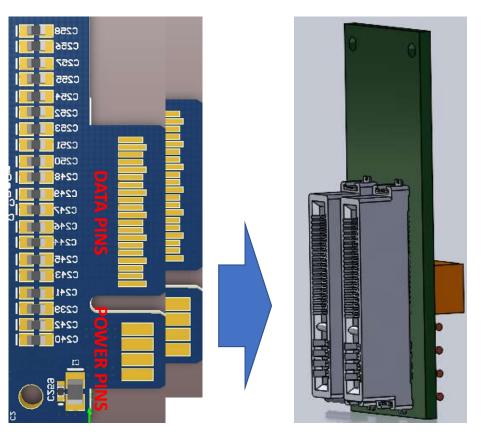
- Size: 87*40 mm²;
- Thickness with components: 3 mm;
- Edge-type connector with two pin groups: [HV, LV] & [DATA]

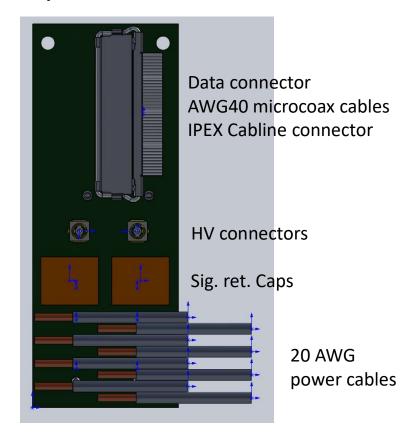
Advantages:

- Increased space for the cabling between FEBboxes;
- 90 bending of cables is not needed;
- Easy connectivity with a FEB-panel;
- Low thickness of the board allows to increase thickness of the cooling fin for one FEB up to 3 mm.

This part is connected with RFBR grant 18-02-40047

FEB connectivity





2× FEBs

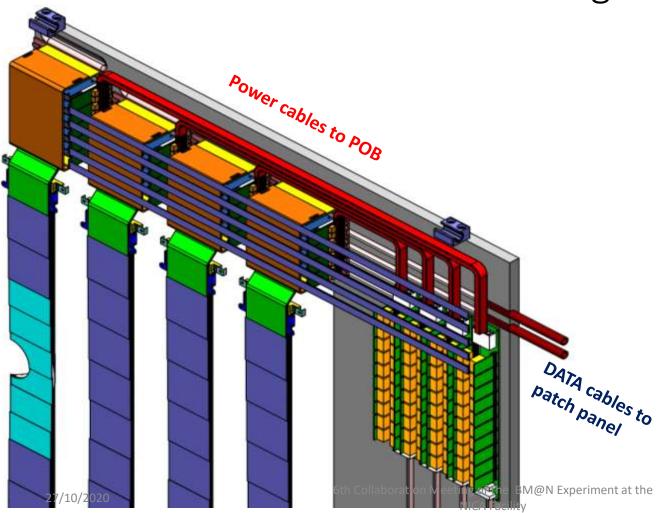
FEB panel

FEB box prototype



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Cable routing



Plans for the construction of the STS mechanics

- Prototype tooling for manufacturing a main frame.
- Production of a prototype C-frames without cooling system for the 4-th station.
 - The goal is to test the possibility of positioning, evaluate accuracy.
- Production of a prototype C-frame without cooling system for 1-st station
 - The goal is to develop the assembly of ladders and its installation on the C-frame
- Purchase of sandwich panels.
- Production of a prototypes of radiators.
- Prototype of ¼ Mainframe

Mainframe assembly tool



Mainframe prototype



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Mainframe with two Al C-frames



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Mainframe, rails, Al C-frame with bearing - top



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Mainframe, rails, Al C-frame with bearing - bottom



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Mainframe, rails, Al C-frame with bearing - bottom



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Al C-frames on rails



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Gas Cooling CBM vs BM@N



From H.R.Schmidt

CBM

- environmental temperature -10 deg C
- additional cooling of inner sensors (radiation damage compensation) by gas stream (-40 deg C)
- gas flow 1200 l/min
- RH << 1% @20 deg C (dew point < -40 deg C = T of liquid cooling NOVEC)

BM@N

- environmental temperature +15 deg C
- temperature homogenization in box by gas stream (+15 deg C)
- gas flow?
- RH < 50% @ 20 deg C (dew point < 10 deg C = T of liquid cooling H2O)

Both experiments need (though with different operational parameters):

- · gas cooler/heat exchanger
- gas drying plant
- gas distribution system

Ladder assembly technology

Starting technology for building ladders was created.
 The first experiments were conducted and the results were obtained confirming the possibility of assembling ladders on existing equipment.
 It is necessary to continue to improve the technical process, equipment and software.
 For this purpose, it is planned to build 3 mockups of ladders this year.
 Next year, it is planned to measure the position of modules on mockups and start to the assembly of real ladders.

Module assembly

□ Assembly workflow has been developed and tested
 □ Workplaces and testbenches for key technological operations has been prepared
 □ Set of bonding tools for assembly was designed and manufactured
 □ QA procedures for all components and steps of the assembly has been developed
 □ Technological documentation and Electronic logbook customize design has been development to store data during modules assembly
 □ Five modules have been assembled at JINR lab, still more components for assembly of 20 modules are required to estimate production yields for mass production

Thank you!