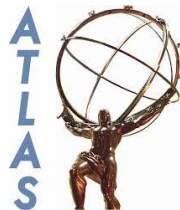


# Search for the Associated Production of the Higgs Boson and a Top Quark Pair in Multilepton Final States with the ATLAS Detector

Nazim Huseynov

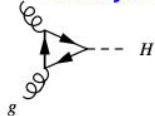
Joint seminar of the DLNP

February 1, 2017

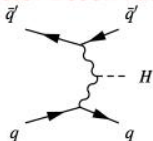


# Higgs boson production at $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$

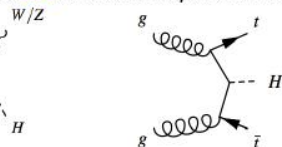
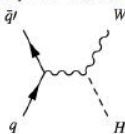
**Gluon fusion**



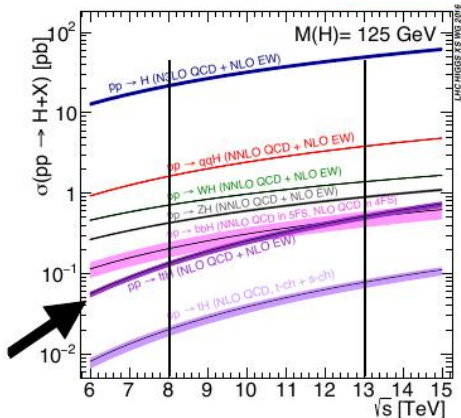
**Vector Boson Fusion**



**WH, ZH and ttH associated production**



- Gluon gluon fusion (ggF): 87.2%
- Vector boson fusion (VBF): 6.8%
- Associated production (WH,ZH): 4.1%
- Associated production (ttH): 0.9%
- Observed modes: ggF, VBF



## ATLAS Higgs Physics Public Results

### Run I

**$t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \text{multilepton}$**

Physics Letters B 749 (2015)

**$t\bar{t}H \rightarrow bb$  and  $t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$**

Eur.Phys.J.C (2015) 75

Physics Letters B 740 (2015)

### Run II

**$t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \text{multilepton}$**

ATLAS-CONF-2016-058

ATLAS-CONF-2016-068

**$t\bar{t}H \rightarrow bb$  and  $t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$**

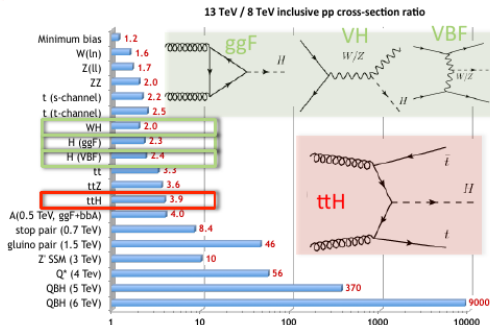
ATLAS-CONF-2016-080

ATLAS-CONF-2016-067

## Motivation

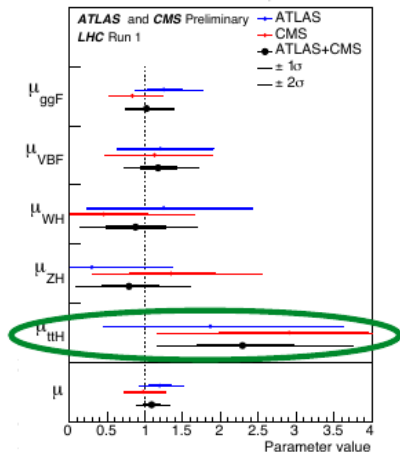
- Not yet observed at LHC
- LHC Run2 analysis benefits from large increase of  $t\bar{t}H$  cross section, though backgrounds increase at a comparable rate in the signal regions
- In particular,  $t\bar{t}$  background - thus an efficient prompt/non-prompt lepton discrimination is critical

$$\sigma(t\bar{t}H_{13\text{TeV}})/\sigma(t\bar{t}H_{8\text{TeV}}) \approx 4$$



$t\bar{t}H$  signal strength has been highest measured at **ATLAS Run I**

$\mu_{t\bar{t}H} = 2.3$  (combined), cross-section above SM but consistent within large uncertainty



## $t\bar{t}H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ : 58.1%

- High cross section  $\times$  BR, but multi-jet background
- Difficult  $tt+bb$  modeling

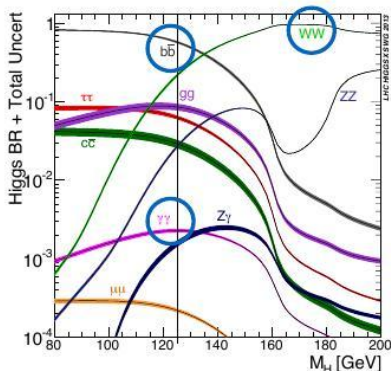
## $t\bar{t}H$ multilepton : $H \rightarrow WW^*$ (21.5%) & $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$ (2.6%) & $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (6.3%)

- $H \rightarrow WW, H \rightarrow ZZ$  semi-leptonic and leptonic decays
- Lower rate than  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ , but low background final state (better handle on irreducible backgrounds)

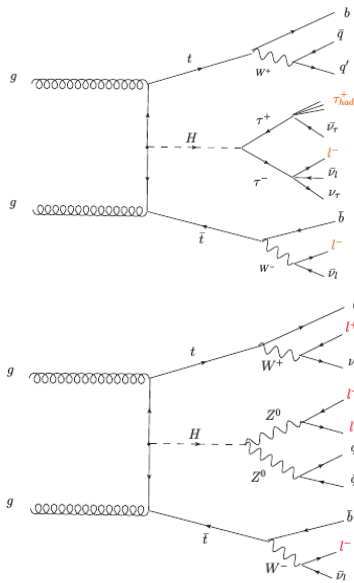
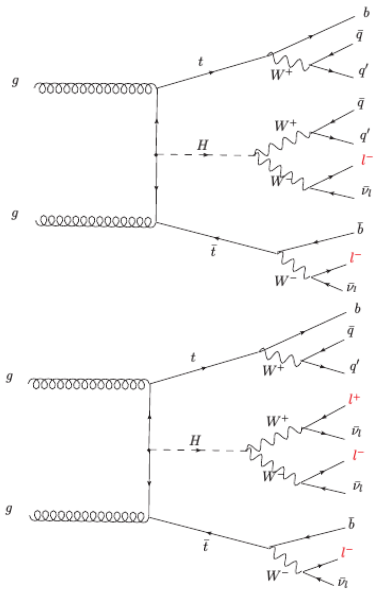
## $t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : 0.23%

- Clean signature thanks to excellent mass resolution, but small branching ratio
- Background from mass fit in data

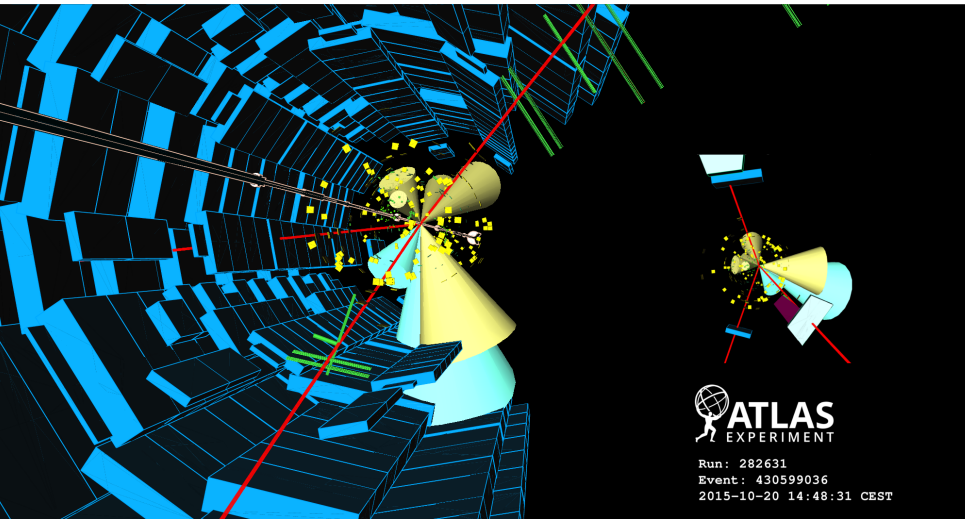
Higgs decay mode	branching ratio [%]
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	58.1
$H \rightarrow WW^*$	21.5
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	6.3
$H \rightarrow ZZ^*$	2.6
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	0.23



## $t\bar{t}H$ Multilepton Searches



Event display for a Run II event candidate  $3\mu$  event in the 3l category



## Object Selection

- Cuts selected to be consistent with those in: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/AtlasProtected/TTHtoLeptonsCutflow207>
- Object selection as in: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/AtlasProtected/TTHtoLeptonsPreliminarySelection>

### Electrons

- $pt > 10$  GeV
- $|\eta| < 2.47$ , and not  $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$  (use `el->caloCluster()->etaBE(2)`)
- pass **LooseAndBLayer** Likelihood ID ( if reading flags from DAOD, keep using **LooseLH**, but apply the following [BL hit cut](#) before the ID selection)
- $|z_0 \sin \theta| < 2$  mm
- $|d_0 \text{ significance}| < 10$
- pass isolation (Loose working point in [IsolationSelectionTool](#))

### Tau Jets (hadronically decaying tau lepton)

- `abs(charge==1)`
- `(nTracks ==1 || nTracks ==3)`
- `eta : [0, 1.37], [1.52, 2.5]`
- `JetIDBDTMedium == 1`
- $p_T > 25$  GeV
- [EleOLR](#) in [TauSelectionTool](#)

### Muons

- $pt > 10$  GeV
- $|\eta| < 2.5$
- pass loose muon quality requirement: [MuQuality](#)  $\leq 2$  (or `muon_isLoose = 1` with group ntuples)
- $|z_0 \sin \theta| < 2$  mm
- $|d_0 \text{ significance}| < 10$
- pass isolation (Loose working point in [IsolationSelectionTool](#))

### Jets

- pass jet clean criteria ("LooseBad" in the [JetCleaningTool](#))
- $pt > 25$  GeV
- $|\eta| < 2.5$
- NEW** remove jets with  $|JVT| < 0.59$  and  $|\eta| < 2.4$  and  $pt < 60$  GeV (use `jet->eta()` (aka "Detector" eta) )
- BTag: [BTagMV2c20](#)  $> -0.4434$  (77% eff)



## Event Selection

- Categorize the events in **4 orthogonal channels** using number of leptons ( $e, \mu, \tau_{had}$ )

### $2l0\tau_{had}$

- two same charge light leptons
- no  $\tau_{had}$
- $\geq 5$  jets  $\geq 1b$ -jet

### $2l1\tau_{had}$

- two same charge light leptons
- one  $\tau_{had}$
- $\geq 4$  jets  $\geq 1b$ -jet

### $3l$

- three light leptons
- $\geq 4$  jets  $\geq 1b$ -jet or 3 jets  $\geq 1b$ -jets

### $4l$

- four light leptons
- $\geq 2$  jets  $\geq 1b$ -jet

- Different sensitivity to Higgs decay modes

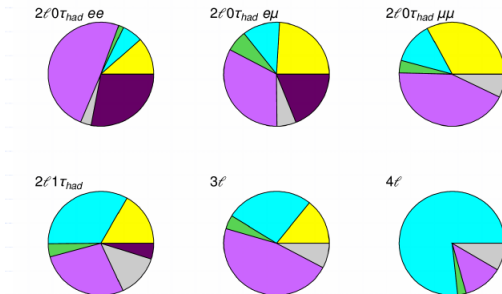
Category	Higgs boson decay mode				$A \times \epsilon$ ( $\times 10^{-4}$ )
	$WW^*$	$\tau\tau$	$ZZ^*$	Other	
$2l0\tau_{had}$	77%	17%	3%	3%	14
$2l1\tau_{had}$	46%	51%	2%	1%	2.2
$3l$	74%	20%	4%	2%	9.2
$4l$	72%	18%	9%	2%	0.88

## Dominant backgrounds

- **ttW & ttZ & Di-boson(VV)** → estimated using MC validated in enriched data regions
- **Non-prompt light leptons** from semileptonic b-hadron decay : **mostly  $t\bar{t}$**  → data driven estimation
- **Electron charge mis-ID** → mainly  $2l0/1\tau_{had}$  channels. Trident process: ( $e^{+/-} \rightarrow e^{+/-}\gamma \rightarrow e^{+/-}e^{-/+}e^{+/-}$ ). Data driven estimation using Z+jets events
- **Hadronic  $\tau$  mis-reconstruction** → estimated from fake tau enriched regions and normalised to data in CR.

ATLAS Simulation Preliminary  
 $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV  
 Background composition

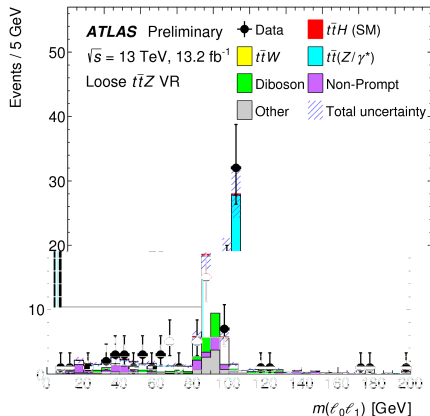
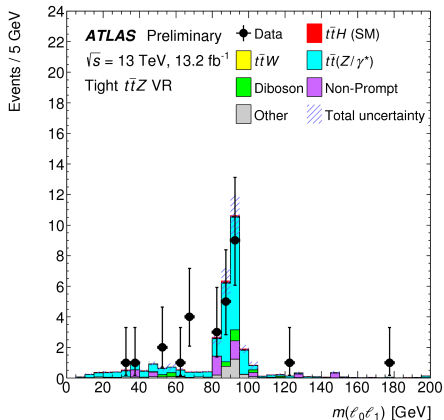
QMisReco    Other  
 Non-prompt    Diboson  
 $t\bar{t}(Z/\gamma^*)$      $t\bar{t}W$



## Signal and Validation Region

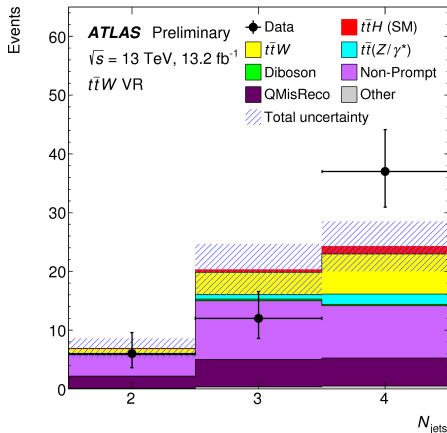
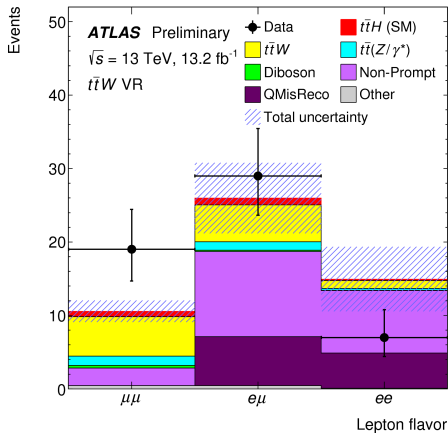
SR/VR	Channel	Selection criteria
SR	$2\ell 0\tau_{\text{had}}$	Two tight light leptons with $p_T > 25, 25$ GeV Sum of light lepton charges $\pm 2$ Any electrons must have $ \eta_e  < 1.37$ Zero $\tau_{\text{had}}$ candidates $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 5$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 1$
SR	$2\ell 1\tau_{\text{had}}$	Two tight light leptons, with $p_T > 25, 15$ GeV Sum of light lepton charges $\pm 2$ Exactly one $\tau_{\text{had}}$ candidate, of opposite charge to the light leptons $ m(ee) - 91.2 \text{ GeV}  > 10 \text{ GeV}$ for $ee$ events $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 4$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 1$
SR	$3\ell$	Three light leptons; sum of light lepton charges $\pm 1$ Two same-charge leptons must be tight and have $p_T > 20$ GeV $m(\ell^+\ell^-) > 12 \text{ GeV}$ and $ m(\ell^+\ell^-) - 91.2 \text{ GeV}  > 10 \text{ GeV}$ for all SFOC pairs $ m(3\ell) - 91.2 \text{ GeV}  > 10 \text{ GeV}$ $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 4$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 1$ , or $N_{\text{jets}} = 3$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 2$
SR	$4\ell$	Four light leptons; sum of light lepton charges 0 All leptons pass "gradient" isolation selection $m(\ell^+\ell^-) > 12 \text{ GeV}$ and $ m(\ell^+\ell^-) - 91.2 \text{ GeV}  > 10 \text{ GeV}$ for all SFOC pairs $100 \text{ GeV} < m(4\ell) < 350 \text{ GeV}$ and $ m(4\ell) - 125 \text{ GeV}  > 5 \text{ GeV}$ $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 2$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 1$
VR	Tight $t\bar{t}Z$	$3\ell$ lepton selection %and trigger selection At least one $\ell^+\ell^-$ pair with $ m(\ell^+\ell^-) - 91.2 \text{ GeV}  < 10 \text{ GeV}$ $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 4$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 2$
VR	Loose $t\bar{t}Z$	$3\ell$ lepton selection %and trigger selection At least one $\ell^+\ell^-$ pair with $ m(\ell^+\ell^-) - 91.2 \text{ GeV}  < 10 \text{ GeV}$ $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 4$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 1$ , or $N_{\text{jets}} = 3$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 2$
VR	$WZ + 1 b\text{-tag}$	$3\ell$ lepton selection %and trigger selection At least one $\ell^+\ell^-$ pair with $ m(\ell^+\ell^-) - 91.2 \text{ GeV}  < 10 \text{ GeV}$ $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 1$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} = 1$
VR	$t\bar{t}W$	$2\ell 0\tau_{\text{had}}$ lepton selection %and trigger selection $2 \leq N_{\text{jets}} \leq 4$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 2$ $H_{T,\text{jets}} > 220 \text{ GeV}$ for $ee$ and $e\mu$ events $E_{T,\text{miss}} > 50 \text{ GeV}$ and $(m(ee) < 75$ or $m(ee) > 105 \text{ GeV})$ for $ee$ events

## Validation Region



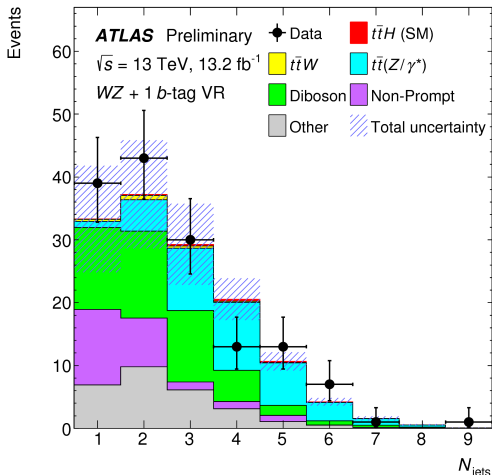
Invariant mass of leptons  $l_0$  and  $l_1$  for the tight and loose  $t\bar{t}Z$  validation regions. The leptons are labeled in the same way as for the  $3l$  signal region. Events away from the Z peak are those satisfying the Z selection with  $l_0$  and  $l_2$ . Non-prompt lepton backgrounds are estimated using data driven method.

## Validation Region



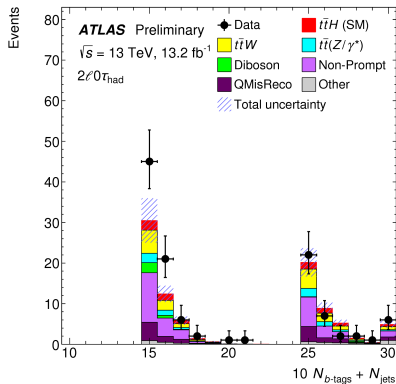
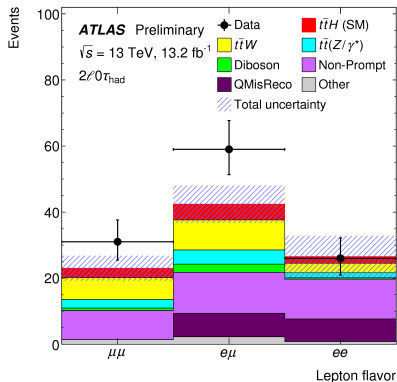
Lepton flavor composition and number of jets for events in the  $t\bar{t}W$  validation region. Non-prompt lepton and charge misreconstruction backgrounds (indicated as “QMisReco”) are estimated using data driven method

## Validation Region



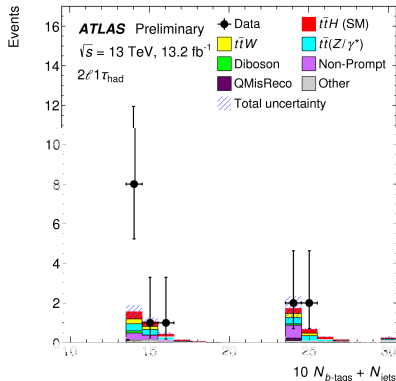
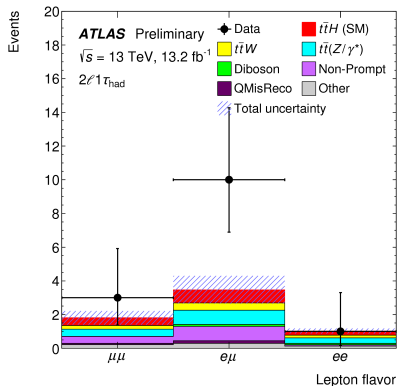
Jet multiplicity in the WZ + 1 b-tag validation region. Non-prompt lepton backgrounds are estimated using data driven method

## Signal Region



Characteristics of events in the  $2l0\tau_{had}$  signal region: lepton flavor composition;  $10 \times$  the number of b-tagged jets plus the total number of jets. The signal is set to the SM expectation ( $\mu_{t\bar{t}H} = 1$ ) and the background expectation is pre-fit (using initial values of the background systematic uncertainty nuisance parameters). The hatched region shows the total uncertainty on the background plus SM signal prediction in each bin. Charge misreconstruction backgrounds are indicated as “QMisReco”).

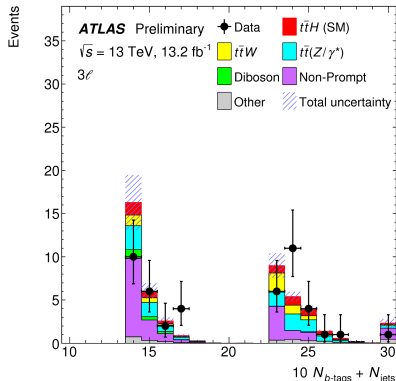
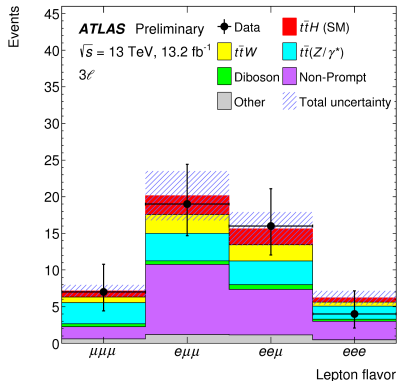
## Signal Region



Characteristics of events in the  $2/1\tau_{had}$  signal region: lepton flavor composition;  $10 \times$  the number of b-tagged jets plus the total number of jets. The signal is set to the SM expectation ( $\mu_{t\bar{t}H} = 1$ ) and the background expectation is pre-fit (using initial values of the background systematic uncertainty nuisance parameters). The hatched region shows the total uncertainty on the background plus SM signal prediction in each bin. Charge misreconstruction backgrounds are indicated as “QMisReco”).

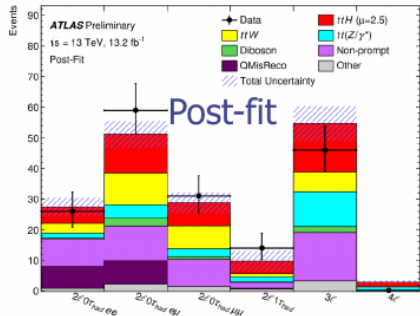
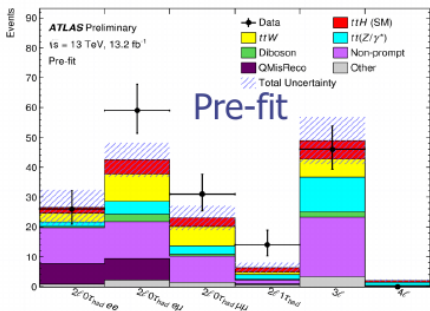


## Signal Region



Characteristics of events in the 3l signal region: lepton flavor composition;  $10 \times$  the number of b-tagged jets plus the total number of jets. The signal is set to the SM expectation ( $\mu_{t\bar{t}H} = 1$ ) and the background expectation is pre-fit (using initial values of the background systematic uncertainty nuisance parameters). The hatched region shows the total uncertainty on the background plus SM signal prediction in each bin.

# Searches for $t\bar{t}H$ production at the ATLAS



	$2l0\tau_{\text{had}} ee$	$2l0\tau_{\text{had}} e\mu$	$2l0\tau_{\text{had}} \mu\mu$	$2l1\tau_{\text{had}}$	$3l$	$4l$
$t\bar{t}W$	$2.9 \pm 0.7$	$9.1 \pm 2.5$	$6.6 \pm 1.6$	$0.8 \pm 0.4$	$6.1 \pm 1.3$	—
$t\bar{t}(Z/\gamma^*)$	$1.55 \pm 0.29$	$4.3 \pm 0.9$	$2.6 \pm 0.6$	$1.6 \pm 0.4$	$11.5 \pm 2.0$	$1.12 \pm 0.20$
Diboson	$0.38 \pm 0.25$	$2.5 \pm 1.4$	$0.8 \pm 0.5$	$0.20 \pm 0.15$	$1.8 \pm 1.0$	$0.04 \pm 0.04$
Non-prompt leptons	$12 \pm 6$	$12 \pm 5$	$8.7 \pm 3.4$	$1.3 \pm 1.2$	$20 \pm 6$	$0.18 \pm 0.10$
Charge misreconstruction	$6.9 \pm 1.3$	$7.1 \pm 1.7$	—	$0.24 \pm 0.03$	—	—
Other	$0.81 \pm 0.22$	$2.2 \pm 0.6$	$1.4 \pm 0.4$	$0.63 \pm 0.15$	$3.3 \pm 0.8$	$0.12 \pm 0.05$
Total background	$25 \pm 6$	$38 \pm 6$	$20 \pm 4$	$4.8 \pm 1.4$	$43 \pm 7$	$1.46 \pm 0.25$
$t\bar{t}H$ (SM)	$2.0 \pm 0.5$	$4.8 \pm 1.0$	$2.9 \pm 0.6$	$1.43 \pm 0.31$	$6.2 \pm 1.1$	$0.59 \pm 0.10$
Data	26	59	31	14	46	0

Uncertainty Source	$\Delta\mu$	
Non-prompt leptons and charge misreconstruction	+0.56	-0.64
Jet-vertex association, pileup modeling	+0.48	-0.36
$t\bar{t}W$ modeling	+0.29	-0.31
$t\bar{t}H$ modeling	+0.31	-0.15
Jet energy scale and resolution	+0.22	-0.18
$t\bar{t}Z$ modeling	+0.19	-0.19
Luminosity	+0.19	-0.15
Diboson modeling	+0.15	-0.14
Jet flavor tagging	+0.15	-0.12
Light lepton ( $e, \mu$ ) and $\tau_{\text{had}}$ ID, isolation, trigger	+0.12	-0.10
Other background modeling	+0.11	-0.11
Total systematic uncertainty	+1.1	-0.9

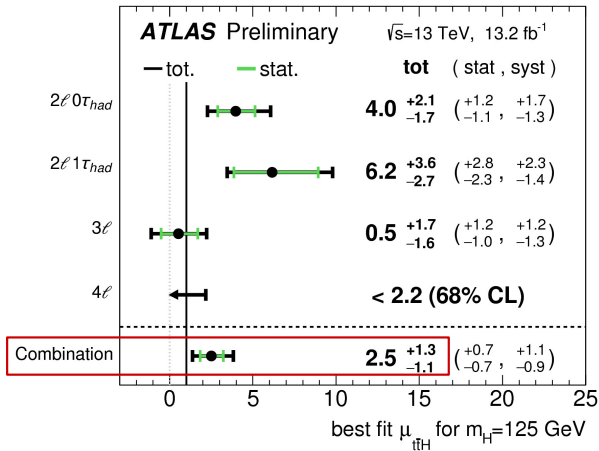
Summary of the effects of the systematic uncertainties on  $\mu$ .

Due to correlations between the different sources of uncertainties, the total systematic uncertainty can be different from the sum in quadrature of the individual sources. The impact of the systematic uncertainties is evaluated after the fit.

# Searches for $t\bar{t}H$ production at the ATLAS

Best fit values of the  $t\bar{t}H$  signal strength  $\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$  by final state category and combined.

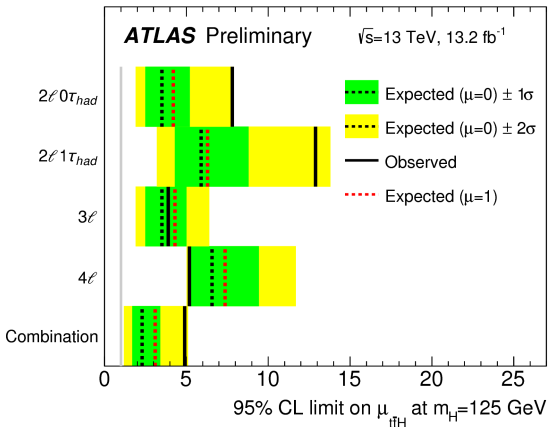
- ▶ The SM prediction is  $\mu_{t\bar{t}H}=1$ .
- ▶ Best fit values of  $\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$  show no significant deviation from SM expectation.
- ▶ Systematic uncertainty dominated by non-prompt background estimates.
- ▶ For the 4l category, as zero events are observed, a 68% CLs upper limit is shown instead.



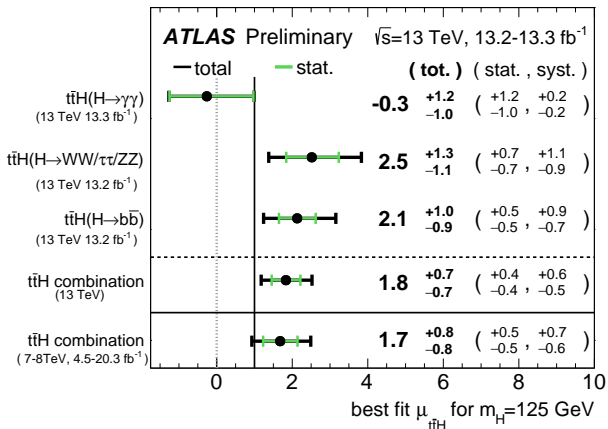
# Searches for $t\bar{t}H$ production at the ATLAS

Upper limits on the  $t\bar{t}H$  signal strength  $\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$  at 95% CL by final state category and combined

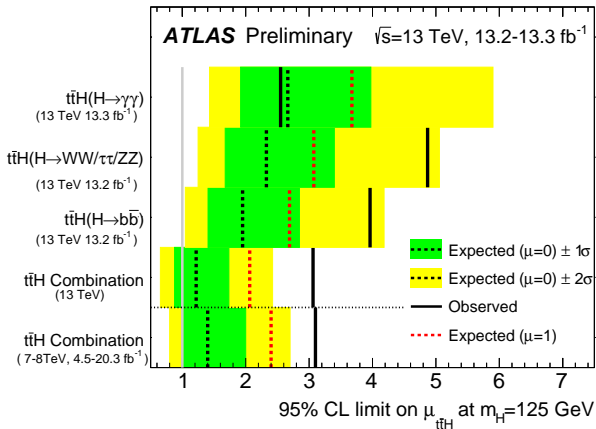
- Expected 95% CL upper limit set under S+B (B only) hypothesis in dashed red (dashed black).
- Observed 95% CL upper limit is 4.9 for combined  $\mu_{t\bar{t}H}=2.5$
- The median upper limit that would be set in the presence of a SM  $t\bar{t}H$  signal ( $\mu = 1$ ) is also shown.



# Searches for $t\bar{t}H$ production at the ATLAS



Channel	Significance	
	Observed [ $\sigma$ ]	Expected [ $\sigma$ ]
$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	-0.2	0.9
$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow (WW, \tau\tau, ZZ)$	2.2	1.0
$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	2.4	1.2
$t\bar{t}H$ combination	2.8	1.8



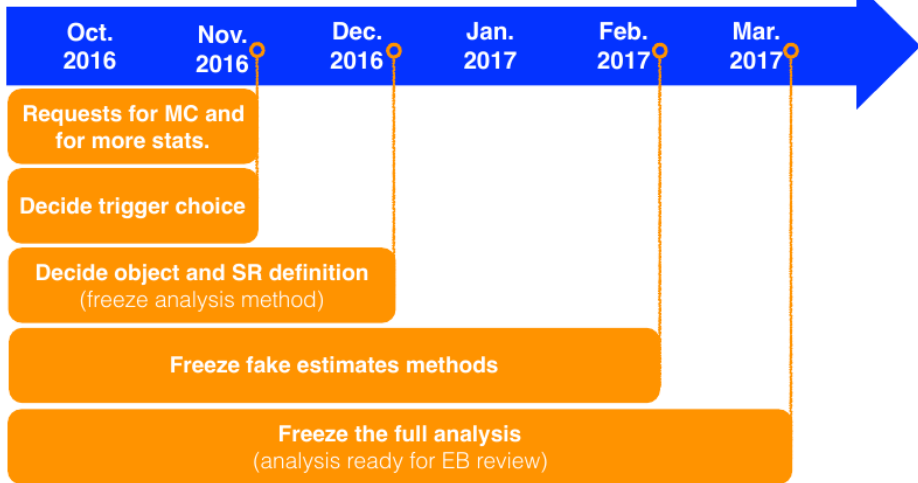
Analysis	Observed	$-2\sigma$	$-1\sigma$	Median ( $\mu_{t\bar{t}H} = 0$ )	$+1\sigma$	$+2\sigma$	Median ( $\mu_{t\bar{t}H} = 1$ )
$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	2.6	1.4	1.9	2.7	4.0	5.9	3.7
$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow (WW, \tau\tau, ZZ)$	4.9	1.2	1.7	2.3	3.4	5.1	3.1
$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	4.0	1.0	1.4	1.9	2.8	4.2	2.7
$t\bar{t}H$ combination	3.0	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.7	2.4	2.1
$t\bar{t}H$ combination Run-1	3.1	0.8	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.7	2.4

- Results for  $t\bar{t}H(\text{multilepton})$  analyses using **13.2-13.3 fb<sup>-1</sup>** of pp collisions at 13 TeV recorded by the ATLAS experiment
  - Best fit signal strength  $-2.5 \pm 0.7(\text{stat})_{-0.9}^{+1.1}(\text{syst})$
  - Upper limits on  $\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$  SM at 95% confidence level - 4.9 obs (2.3 exp)
- Results for combination analyses
  - Combined ATLAS  $\mu_{t\bar{t}H} = \mathbf{1.8}$  which corresponds to an observed significance of **2.8 $\sigma$**  (sensitivity exceeds that of 7-8 TeV analysis of **1.5 $\sigma$** )
  - **95% CL** upper limit on signal strength : **3.1** (**1.4** expected from bkg-only)
- Sensitivity exceeds Run-1 results
- Expect improved precision using full 2016 dataset from both experiments



# $t\bar{t}H \rightarrow$ multileptons Analysis Timeline

The basic idea is to publish good analysis for EPS 2017 (July 2017) !



*Thank you for your attention*

## *Back-up slides*

## There are many ideas to do analysis optimisation

- There are many ideas to optimise analysis with multivariate techniques, event reconstruction using kinematic fit techniques, as well as PME ...

lepton MVA (track jets, isolation)

lepton MVA (ID, isolation, IP)

Overlap removal MVA (Delta-R)

*Object level MVA (BDT)*  
**prompt vs non-prompt**

**ttH vs inclusive bkg BDT**

**ttH vs ttV, ttbar 2D BDTs**

**ttH vs ttV, ttbar 2D BDTs**

**ttH vs ttbar, VV BDT**

**ttH, ttV, ttbar, VV  
multinomial BDTs**

**ttH vs ttbar reco. (KLFitter)**

**ttH, ttV, ttbar reco. (Chi2 fit)**

**ttZ reco. (KLFitter)**

**Simplified Matrix Element**

*Event(+object) level  
discriminators*

**ttH vs ttbar, ttV, VV**

**2ISS0tau**

**2ISS+tau**

**3l**

## BDT for lepton selections

- $t\bar{t}$  production with **non-prompt leptons** - major background for a few  $t\bar{t}H$  channels
- We use **boosted decision trees (BDT)** to separate prompt from non-prompt leptons
- Train on 8 input variables - object level only; but could also include such information as b-tagging of the nearest jet
  - $pt, eta,$
  - $sigd0PV, z0SinTheta,$
  - $topoetcone20/pt, ptvarcone20/pt$
  - $topoetcone40/pt, ptvarcone40/pt$
- Lepton defs
  - **Prompt** - those coming from W
  - **Non-prompt** - any other parentage
- **Our previous presentation** - [BDT lepton selections: first look at Run 2](#) - [Feb 16, 2016]

## Lepton selections and training sample

### Loose

- electrons
  - TightLH ID
  - $pt > 10$  GeV
  - $|\eta| < 2.47$ , excl. [1.37, 1.52]
  - $z0\text{SinTheta} < 2$
  - $\text{sigd0PV} < 10$
  - Loose Isolation WP
- muons
  - Loose ID
  - $pt > 10$  GeV
  - $|\eta| < 2.5$
  - $z0\text{SinTheta} < 2$
  - $\text{sigd0PV} < 10$
  - Loose Isolation WP

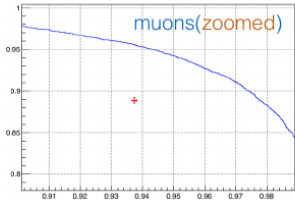
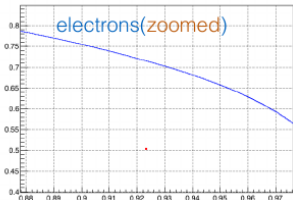
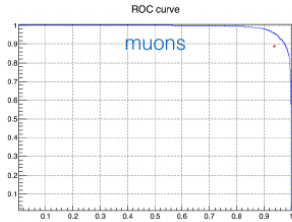
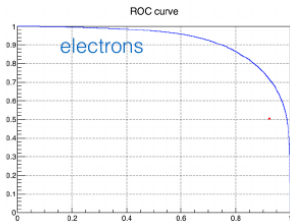
### Tight

- electrons
  - TightLH ID
  - $pt > 10$  GeV
  - $|\eta| < 2.47$ , excl. [1.37, 1.52]
  - $z0\text{SinTheta} < 0.5$
  - $\text{sigd0PV} < 5$
  - FixedCutTight isolation WP
- muons
  - Loose ID
  - $pt > 10$  GeV
  - $|\eta| < 2.5$
  - $z0\text{SinTheta} < 0.5$
  - $\text{sigd0PV} < 3$
  - FixedCutTightTrackOnly Isolation WP

- $t\bar{t}$  sample (dsid 410000; v7) - used for training; both prompt and non-prompt
- Loose selections
  - electrons - 3,180,533 (prompt), 100,828 (non-prompt); total: 3,281,361
  - muons - 3,811,580 (prompt), 392,192 (non-prompt); total: 4,203,772

## BDT training and testing

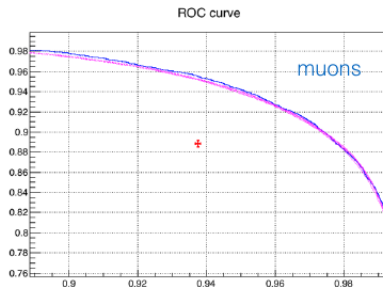
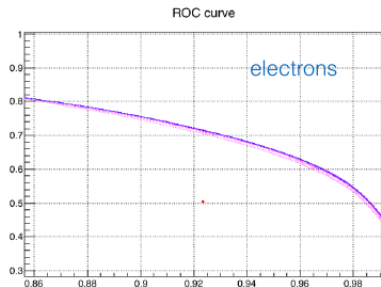
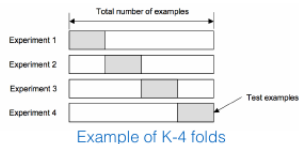
- **Training** and **Testing** are done with **Loose** leptons on **full statistics**
- **Comparison** is performed against **Tight** leptons (red dot on the plots)
  - @Tight prompt lepton efficiency, BDT is better in background rejection
    - both electrons and muons give **40-50%** of improvement in non-prompt rejection



4

## Cross Validation

- To estimate **performance** of the BDT, we run cross validation technique
  - use **K-Fold method** with 6 folds
    - split full sample in 6 subsamples randomly
    - train on 5 subsamples and test on the remaining + all permutations
    - results in 6 ROCs - **magenta** line
    - compare with entire sample ROC - **blue** line
- Shows very stable ROCs





## 3l SR (preliminary)

- Implemented BDT in the UT ntupler
  - BDT score is an **additional variable** in the tree
- Derived **MC yields** for the standard 3l selections and with BDT
  - BDT score cuts: electrons - 0.94, muons - 0.95 (no optimization)

### Standard 3l

Inputs	$t\bar{t}H$	Diboson	tZ	single top + H	$t\bar{t}W$	Other $t\bar{t}+X$	$t\bar{t}ll$	Single top	$t\bar{t}$	Z	non- $t\bar{t}H$	Bkg Total
Standard 3l	$1.88 \pm 0.16$	$1.05 \pm 0.24$	$0.10 \pm 0.00$	$0.10 \pm 0.01$	$1.97 \pm 0.04$	$0.49 \pm 0.04$	$3.10 \pm 0.03$	$0.06 \pm 0.04$	$1.90 \pm 0.43$	$0.02 \pm 0.01$	$0.00 \pm 0.00$	$10.67 \pm 0.53$

### 3l with BDT

Inputs	$t\bar{t}H$	Diboson	tZ	single top + H	$t\bar{t}W$	Other $t\bar{t}+X$	$t\bar{t}ll$	Single top	$t\bar{t}$	Z	non- $t\bar{t}H$	Bkg Total
BDT 3l	$1.90 \pm 0.16$	$0.79 \pm 0.17$	$0.09 \pm 0.00$	$0.10 \pm 0.01$	$1.76 \pm 0.03$	$0.45 \pm 0.04$	$2.80 \pm 0.03$	$0.06 \pm 0.04$	$1.65 \pm 0.40$	$0.02 \pm 0.01$	$0.00 \pm 0.00$	$9.63 \pm 0.47$

- BDT leptons selection - with the same number of signal ( $t\bar{t}H$ )  $\sim 1.9$ ,  $t\bar{t}$  contribution is reduced by  $\sim 15\%$  to 1.65
  - still very preliminary - derived today morning
  - need to obtain a better working points for leptons
  - more tuning and checks are expected

## Summary and plans

### Summary

- Lepton selections with BDT is 40-50% better in non-prompt rejection
- 6-Fold cross validation was performed; ROC is stable
- Implemented in the UT ntupler
- Had a quick look at 3I SR standard and BDT selections
  - very preliminary but shows 15% of improvement in ttbar yields
    - requires WP optimization

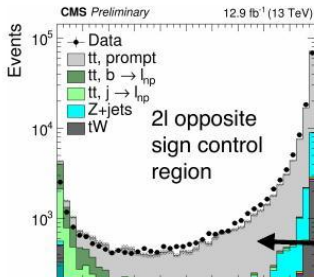
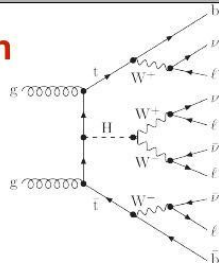
### Plans

- Have a more detailed look at the cutflows (2I, 3I) - derive better working points for leptons
- Finish validation on data
- Implement in the ttHMultiAna framework

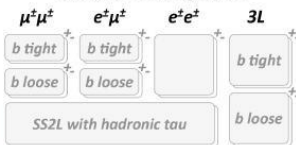
## CMS $t\bar{t}H$ multilepton CMS HIG-16-022

### Targeting 2 lepton same-sign (2lss) and $\geq 3$ leptons (3l)

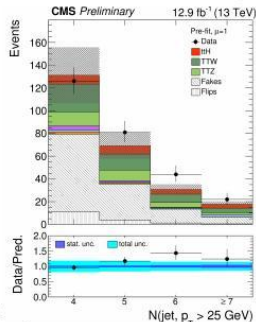
- **2 same sign leptons:**  $\geq 4$  jets,  $\geq 1$  b-tag
- **3 leptons:**  $\geq 2$  jets,  $\geq 1$  b-tag
- **Backgrounds:**  $t\bar{t}+W/Z$ ,  $t\bar{t}+\text{jets}$  (same-sign required to reduce Drell-Yan and  $t\bar{t}Z$ )
- **Background normalisation** from control region: loosened identification (**fakes**),  $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$  (mis-charge = "**flips**", 2lss only)



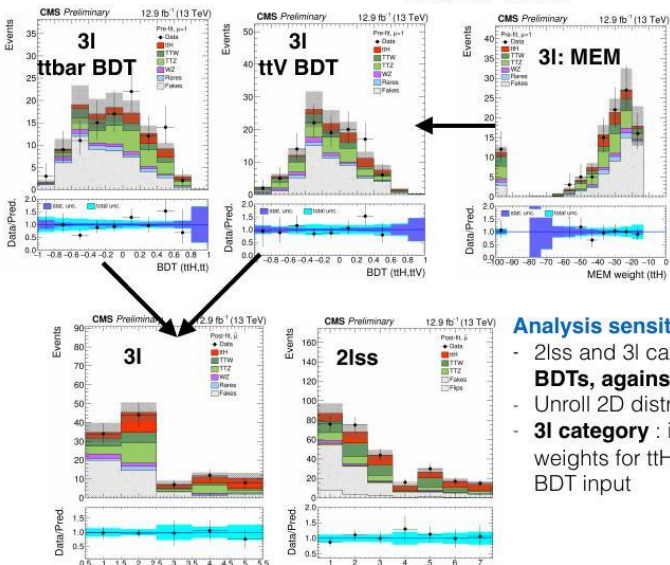
Analysis categories:



- **Lepton identification** with BDT using shape, isolation and overlapping jet information



## CMS $t\bar{t}H$ multilepton CMS HIG-16-022



### Analysis sensitivity:

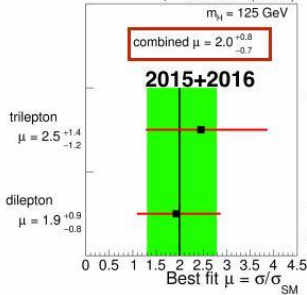
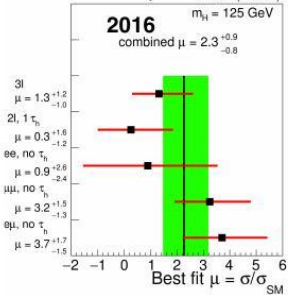
- 2lss and 3l categories: Train **2 BDTs**, against  **$t\bar{t}H$  and  $t\bar{t}W/Z$**
- Unroll 2D distributions
- **3l category** : include log of **MEM** weights for  $t\bar{t}H$ ,  $t\bar{t}W$  and  $t\bar{t}Z$  as  $t\bar{t}V$  BDT input

# CMS ttH multilepton

CMS HIG-16-022

CMS Preliminary 12.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)

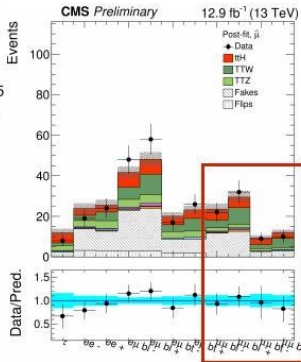
CMS Preliminary 2.3+12.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)



- Post-fit distribution of yields per categories shows no excess in dimuon

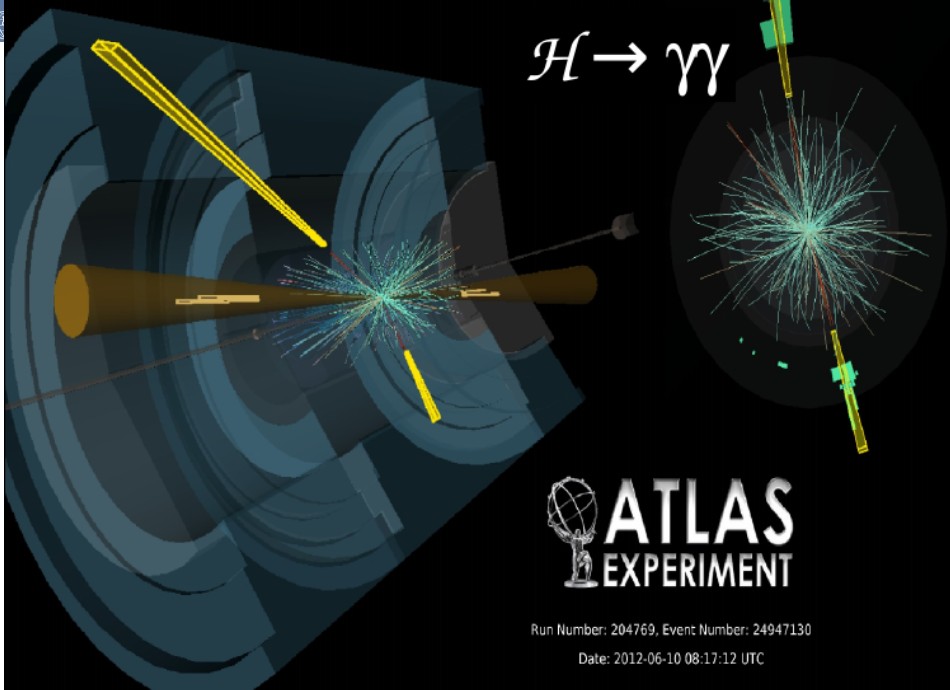
- **Main systematics uncertainties : tight lepton selection and fakes**

Category	Obs. limit	Exp. limit $\pm 1\sigma$	Best fit $\mu \pm 1\sigma$
Same-sign dileptons	4.6	$1.7^{+0.9}_{-0.5}$	$2.7^{+1.1}_{-1.0}$
Tripletons	3.7	$2.3^{+1.2}_{-0.7}$	$1.3^{+1.2}_{-1.0}$
Combined categories	3.9	$1.4^{+0.7}_{-0.4}$	$2.3^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$
Combined with 2015 data	3.4	$1.3^{+0.6}_{-0.4}$	$2.0^{+0.8}_{-0.7}$



10

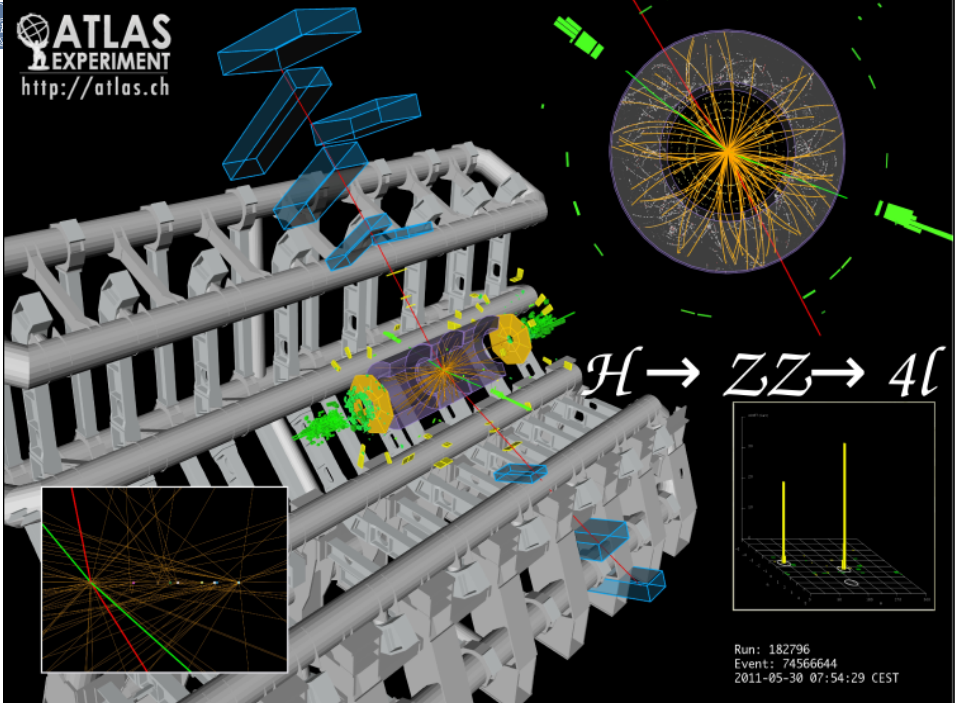
$$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$



 **ATLAS**  
EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 204769, Event Number: 24947130

Date: 2012-06-10 08:17:12 UTC



$$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$$

Run: 182796  
Event: 74566644  
2011-05-30 07:54:29 CEST

$H \rightarrow WW$

