## **Measurement of the Rare Decay** $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \overline{\nu}$ at the CERN SPS

NA62 Project (Collaboration NA62)



Theme 02-1-1096-2010/2022

### **Extension for 2022-2024**

Belgium: Université Catholique de Louvain (Louvain-La-Neuve);
Bulgaria: University of Sofia St. Kliment Ohridski, Faculty of Physics (Sofia);
Canada: TRIUMF, University of British Columbia (Vancouver);
Czech Republic: Charles University (Prague);
Germany: Johannes-Gutenberg-Universitat Mainz (Mainz);
Italy: Università di Ferrara (Ferrara), Universita e INFN (Florence), Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare (INFN), Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati (Frascati), Universita e INFN (Naples), Universita e INFN (Padua), Universita e INFN (Perugia), Sezione di Pisa, INFN (Pisa), Universita degli Studi di Roma Tor Vergata, Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata, INFN (Rome), Universita e INFN, Roma I, Sezione di Roma I, INFN(Rome), Universita e INFN (Turin);
Mexico: Universidad Autónoma de San Luís Potosi, Instituto de Fisica (San Luis Potosi);
Romania: Horia Hulubei National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering (Bucharest-Magurele);

**Russia: Joint Institute for Nuclear Research – JINR (Dubna),** Institute for Nuclear Research RAS (**Moscow**), Institute for High Energy Physics, National Research Centre "Kurchatov Institute" (**Protvino**);

Slovakia: Comenius University (Bratislava);

Switzerland: Conseil Européen pour la Recherche Nucléaire – CERN (Geneva) United Kingdom: University of Birmingham (Birmingham), University of Bristol, H. H. Wills Physics Laboratory (Bristol), University of Glasgow (Glasgow), University of Liverpool, Oliver Lodge Laboratory (Liverpool);

**United States of America:** Boston University (**Boston**), George Mason University (**Fairfax**), SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory (**Menlo Park**), University of California Merced (**Merced**), 1 Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL) (**Upton**).

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## NA62 motivation



- $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ v \overline{v}$  is theoretically clean, hadronic matrix element measured with  $K_{13}$  decays
- SM predictions [Phys. Rev. D 83 034030 (2011), JHEP11 (2015) 033]: BR(K<sup>+</sup>  $\rightarrow \pi^+ v \bar{v}) = (8.4 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-11}$
- The currently available experimental result is based on **7 events** [BNL, K decays at rest. Phys. Rev. D 79, 092004 (2009)] :

 $BR(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \overline{\nu}) = (17.3^{+11.5}_{-10.5}) \times 10^{-11}$ 

## NA62 $\pi v \overline{v}$ strategy

# NA62 ultimate goal is ~ 10% precision for Br(K<sup>+</sup> $\rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \overline{\nu}$ ) that assumes ~ 100 reconstructed events and a small background.



 $m_{miss}^2 = (P_K - P_{\pi} +)^2$ 

Decay in flight

- Keystones of the analysis:
  - ★ Timing between sub-detectors ~ O(100 ps)
  - **\*** Kinematic suppression ~  $O(10^4)$
  - ★ Muon suppression > 10<sup>7</sup>
  - ★  $\pi^0$  suppression (from K<sup>+</sup>→ $\pi^+\pi^0$ ) > 10<sup>7</sup>



- History of JINR in CERN kaon decays program: NA48,NA48/1,NA48/2, NA62(R<sub>κ</sub>).
- Analysis of NA48/2 data is still ongoing (at final stage, and we are involved).
- NA62 inherits some elements of NA48/2, but it is a really novel setup that solves a new challenging task.

## NA62 beam and detector



- SPS Beam:
  - ጵ 400 GeV/c protons
  - ★ 10<sup>12</sup> protons/spill
  - ጵ 3.5s spill

- Secondary positive Beam:
  - ጵ 75 GeV∕c momentum, 1 % bite
  - 🖈 100 μrad divergence (RMS)
  - ★ 60x30 mm<sup>2</sup> transverse size
  - \*  $K^{+}(6\%)/\pi^{+}(70\%)/p(24\%)$
  - \* 33x10<sup>11</sup> ppp on T10 (750 MHz at GTK3)

- Decay Region:
  - ጵ 60 m fiducial region
  - ጵ ∼ 5 MHz K⁺ decay rate
  - ★ Vacuum ~  $O(10^{-6})$  mbar

### JINR+CERN responsibility : Spectrometer made of straw tubes working in vacuum



JINR contribution is very important and is defining in many aspects:

- R&D (2 prototypes),
- MC simulation,
- Straws geometry,
- Frames etc. design,
- straws production (~7000 in JINR),
- Modules assembling.

#### Installed in 2014.



HV and LV power suppliers

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100-02, 12, 134       440       330       130       120       440	١Ē	Green, 1, 9, 1-12	4.80	3.30	3.55	1.0	0.05	1.14	08	-017	HESET	h	Cover, 1, Y, 9-17	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.10	6.00	6.00	0
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Sec.         System         System <td>80</td> <td>Green_1_V_3-14</td> <td>437</td> <td>3.35</td> <td>258</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>4.62</td> <td>26.11</td> <td>08</td> <td>07</td> <td>HESET</td> <td>- 8</td> <td>Geven, 1, 9, 11-14</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>8.10</td> <td>0.10</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>6.00</td> <td></td>	80	Green_1_V_3-14	437	3.35	258	1.0	4.62	26.11	08	07	HESET	- 8	Geven, 1, 9, 11-14	0.00	0.00	8.10	0.10	0.00	6.00	
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Summa (v=11)         440         333         433         140         140         60         67		Cover_1_V_4-14	4.58	3.36	2.50	1.01	4.62	25.45	08	07	HESE?		Greet, 1, 7, 12-34	0.00	0.00	8.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	
Summer, V-1-10         S-10         120         120         141         140         141	P	(Iver, ), Y, 412	4.00	3.36	2.51	120	445	1.09	08	07	RESET		(Intel 1, V, 11-12	0.00	0.00	8.80	1.10	4.45	6.00	2
Strong, y, y, y, z,	Б	Gver,3,3,3-34	5.41	3.30	2.58	1.20	443	28.99	08	07	NUT		Greet, 1, 9, 13-34	0.00	0.00	8.80	6.10	4.00	4.04	
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Dime, 1, 9, 12         Dim         Dime, 1, 9, 12         Dim         Dime, 1, 9, 12         Dim         Dime, 1, 9, 12         Dime, 1,	1	Giver_3_V_8-18	0.00	8.00	8.00	4.00	4.65	4.00	08	-017	NUME	8	Giver, 1, V, 34-34.	0.00	0.00	8.10	8.10	0.00	4.00	
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Conv., (v, 1) 1         U U		Gver_3_V_3.38	0.00	8.00	6.00	6.00	4.63	4.00	08	07	NUMT	- 8	Giver, 1, V, 15-34	0.00	0.00	8.10	8.00	6.00	6.00	
	12	Guer, J, V, J.D.	0.00	8.00	6.00	4.00	6.00	6.00	08	07	NUM	_	Gaust, 1, V, 35-13	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	4.00	0.00	2
		Cover_1_V_8-18	0.00	8.00	6.00	4.00	4.61	4.00	08	07	NUMP									-
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Detector Control System (DCS) for the NA62 Spectrometer

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## **ΝΑ62** πνν

- 2014 Pilot run
- 2015 Comissioning run
- Full detector installation completed in September 2016.
- First  $\pi v \overline{v}$  dataset in the end of 2016

distributions

• Continuous data taking until the end of 2018 (prolongation after 2020)



Blind analysis strategy to avoid the influence of selection criteria variation:

- Signal region is predefined and closed.
- Selection is developed looking on the background regions and MC.
- Signal region is opened, events are counted, selection is frozen.



#### Selection criteria

- $\star$  single track decay topology
- ★ π<sup>+</sup> identification
- ጵ photon rejection
- ★ multi-track rejection

Performance  $\bigstar \ \epsilon_{\mu^+} = 1 \cdot 10^{-8} (64\% \ \pi^+ \text{ efficiency})$   $\bigstar \ \epsilon_{\pi^0} = 3 \cdot 10^{-8}$   $\bigstar \ \sigma(m_{miss}^2) = 1 \cdot 10^{-3} \ \text{GeV}^2/c^4$   $\bigstar \ \sigma_T \sim O(100 \text{ ps})$ 

### **Unexpected "upstream background" problem**



Pion track projections to the last collimator before decay volume: Artificially background-enriched by inverting tracks multiplicity cut.

- The last dipole of the beam line changes direction of  $\pi$  from upstream decays (interactions) happened in the beam line.
- The pion pass the existing shielding.
- Accidentally this pion crosses some kaon path and forms a vertex in decay volume.
- Additional shielding from the second part of 2017 run.
- Enlarged cut on the pion position on the last collimator.

The cost of the cut for  $\pi v v$  acceptance:

### **3-4% instead of 10%**

A better shielding design and search for the upstream background off-line rejection where needed. A new Fixed collimator (tons of iron with a hole) has improved NA62 upstream background situation dramatically.





During the LS2 the upgrade of the limiting electronics was done, and now we plan to reach 100% intensity (tests at this intensity were made at the end of 2018 run).

## Improvements of signal efficiency (preliminary)

	2017	2018-OLDCOL	2018-NEWCOL
N <sub>K</sub>	$(1.5\pm0.2)\cdot10^{12}$	$(0.8\pm0.1)\cdot10^{12}$	$(1.9\pm0.2)\cdot10^{12}$
$A_{\pi u u}$	$(3.0 \pm 0.3)\%$	$(4.0 \pm 0.4)\%$	$(6.4 \pm 0.6)\%$
€RV	$0.64\pm0.01$	$0.66\pm0.01$	$0.66\pm0.01$
$\epsilon_{trig}$	$0.87\pm0.03$	$0.88\pm0.04$	$0.88\pm0.04$
$N_{\pi u\nu(SM)}^{exp}$	$2.16\pm0.29$	$1.56\pm0.21$	$6.02 \pm 0.82$
B/S	$\sim 0.7$	$\sim 0.7$	$\sim 0.7$

## **Latest results on rare K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \overline{\nu} decay (NA62 at CERN SPS)**



## m<sup>2</sup><sub>miss</sub> signal and background in the 2018 data



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In November 2018 CERN Finance Review Committee has approved a budjet, that assumes NA62 additional runs in 2021 and 2022. Further prolongation is also possible. Our aim is 100 SM candidates.

### NA62 runs in 2021 from July 12 till November 12 !



### Prospects for $Br(K^+ o \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$ measurement



#### Data taking between CERN LS2 and LS3

- Upstream background suppression: beam line re-arranging to swip away upstream π<sup>+</sup>, adding a fourth Gigatracker station (GTK-4), new veto-counter system to detect upstream decays products
- additional off-axis calorimeter (HASC-2) to further suppress  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$  background
- goal:  $Br(K^+ \to \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$  measurement with O(10%) statistical precision





Currently no real competition: Old JPARC and FNAL projects were abandoned (costs)



- 8 journal NA62 papers have been published with the Dubna group participation in 2019-2021. In three of them the Dubna group members where the principal co-authors.
- Obtained results in 2019-2021 were presented at the international conferences, including 11 presentations given by the representatives of JINR group.
- The series of scientific works of Dubna group "Study of rare and search for forbidden decays of charged kaons" was awarded a second JINR prize (2019) in the nomination of experimental works.

#### Journal papers (2019-2021)

- E.Cortina Gil *et al.* (NA62). First search for  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$  using the decay-in-flight technique. Phys.Lett.B 791 (2019) 156-166.
- J.R.Batley *et al.* (NA48/2). First observation of the  $K^{\pm} \rightarrow \pi^{\pm}\pi^{0}e^{+}e^{-}$  decay. Phys.Lett.B 788 (2019) 552-561.
- E.Cortina Gil *et al.* (NA62). Search for production of an invisible dark photon in  $\pi^0$  decays *JHEP* 05 (2019) 182.
- E.Cortina Gil *et al.* (NA62). Searches for lepton number violating K<sup>+</sup> decays. *Phys.Lett.B* 797 (2019) 134794.
- E.Cortina Gil *et al.* (NA62). Search for heavy neutral lepton production in K<sup>+</sup> decays to positrons. *Phys.Lett.B* 807 (2020) 135599.
- E.Cortina Gil *et al.* (NA62). An investigation of the very rare  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$  decay. JHEP 11 (2020) 042.
- E.Cortina Gil *et al.* (NA62). Search for  $\pi^0$  decays to invisible particles. JHEP 02 (2021) 201.
- E.Cortina Gil *et al.* (NA62). Search for a feebly interacting particle X in the  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ X$  decay. JHEP 03 (2021) 058.

#### Conference talks (2019-2021)

- 1) D. Madigozhin. Recent NA48/2 results on rare kaon decays. EPJ Web Conf. 206 (2019) 05001.
- 2) S. Shkarovskiy. New NA48/2 results on rare kaon decays. Excited QCD 2019, Schladming, Austria, 30 Jan-3 Feb 2019.
- 3) D. Madigozhin. Latest results from NA48/2. 31<sup>st</sup> Recontres de Blois, Blois, France, 2-7 Jun 2019.
- 4) E. Goudzovski. Kaon System: NA62. CLFV 2019. Fukuoka, Japan, 17-19 Jun 2019.
- 5) D. Madogozhin. Latest results from NA48/2. 19<sup>th</sup> Lomonosov Conference. Moscow, Russian Federation, 22-28 Aug 2019.
- 6) N. Molokanova. Latest results from NA48/2. ICNFP 2019, Kolymbari, Greece, 21-29 Aug 2019. IJMP A, V 35, N 36 (2020) 2044019.
- 7) A.Baeva. Searches for lepton flavour and lepton number violation in K<sup>+</sup> decays, NUFACT 2019, *Daegu, Korea*, 26-31 Aug 2019. PoS NuFact2019 (2020) 077.
- 8) D. Madigozhin. New measurement of the K<sup>+</sup>  $\rightarrow \pi^+\mu^+\mu^-$  decay at NA62. ICNFP 2020. Kolymbari, Creta, Greece, 4 Sep.-2 Oct. 2020.
- 9) E. Goudzovski. Search for heavy neutral lepton production at the NA62 experiment. ICHEP 2020. Prague, Czech Republic, 28 Jul-6 Aug 2020.
- 10) E. Goudzovski. HNL searches: NA62 and other experiments. NuPhys 2019, London, United Kingdom, 16-18 Dec 2019.
- 11) E. Goudzovski. Exotic searches at the NA62 experiment at CERN. KAON 2019, Perugia, Italy, 10-13 Sep 2019.

## NA62 JINR group contributions for 2022-2024

- Fine calibration and alignment of straw detector on the basis of collected data;
- Participation in the LKr fine calibration based on  $\pi^0$  decays;
- Improvement of the straw detector Monte Carlo simulation used for the main NA62 analysis;
- Participation in the analysis of rare background sources for  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$ ;
- Data processing and analysis of the collected experimental data to measure the fourlepton decay modes of charged kaon;
- Participation in the  $K_{e3}\gamma$  analysis;
- Search for the light sgoldstio signatures;
- Diagnostics and necessary repair of the Spectrometer straw chambers and their low and high voltage power supply.
- Participation in the NA62 data taking runs in 2022-2024.
- Support the NA62 Spectrometer during the data taking runs in 2022-24.

### Additional goals for the JINR group analysis

- Rare four-lepton decays with the branching ratios of the order of  $10^{-8}$  (ChPT checks):
  - $K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu \mu^+ \mu^-$  signal selection improvement in progress;
  - $K^+ \rightarrow e^+ v e^+ e^-$  started;
  - $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu e^+ e^-$  signal selection improvement in progress;
  - $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu \mu^+ \mu^-$  (was not observed) branching fraction extraction;
- Search for the forbidden modes  $K^+ \rightarrow e^{\bar{\nu}}\mu^+\mu^+$ ,  $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^{\bar{\nu}}e^+e^+$  (SM check) : **to be started**;
- $\pi^+\gamma e^+e^-$  (ChPT) : started;
- $K_{e_3}\gamma$  analysis (ChPT checks, background for the main mode) : ~ preliminary result;
- Finalize and publish K<sub>u4</sub><sup>00</sup> analysis results (ChPT) : ~ preliminary result preparation;
- K<sub>u4</sub><sup>+-</sup> analysis (ChPT) : signal selection improvement in progress;
- Search for the Goldstone fermion superpartners "sgoldstino" P in decays  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 P$ (P  $\rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ ) : started.

decays



- The internally converted  $K_{12}\gamma^*$  decays,  $K_{14}$ , are the source of information for the kaon physics.
- Within the Chiral Perturbation Theory (ChPT) these decays provide a test of the theory and the source of its parameters.
- Inner Bremsstrahlung is helicity-suppressed for  $K_{e2}\gamma^*$  (better for the form factor measurements).

Light (within kaon mass) pseudoscalar sgoldstino: Goldstone fermion superpartners [D.S.Gorbunov, V.A. Rubakov. Phys.Rev.D73:035002, 2006.].

A search for New physics, and at least new limit for production will be established.



### Full-time equivalent values for JINR participants

Name	FTE	PhD student	Work (apart from common duties like shifts)
D. Baygarashev	1.0	+	Data quality control, calibration, physical analysis
A. Baeva	1.0	+	Physical analysis
A. Belkova	0.5		Documentation
S. Gevorkian	1.0		Theory of rare decays, MC models development
L. Glonti	0.2		Spectrometer calibration and performance checks.
V. Gorbunova	0.5		Documentation
E. Goudzovski	0.1		MC development, analysis
D. Emelyanov	1.0	+	Software tools development, analysis
T. Enik	0.3		Hardware development and support
V. Kekelidze	0.1		Project leader
D. Kereibay	1.0	+	Physical analysis
A.Korotkova	0.7	+	Physical analysis
D.Madigozhin	1.0		MC development, data quality control, analysis
T. Mauei	1.0		Detector calibration
M. Misheva	0.2	+	Physical analysis
N. Molokanova	0.9		Physical analysis
S. Movchan	0.2		Hardware development and support
I. Polenkevich	0.5		Physical analysis
Yu. Potrebenikov	0.5		Project leader
S. Shkarovskiy	1.0	+	DCS development, hardware support, analysis
V. Falaleev	0.2		Slow control, DCS development, hardware support
TOTAL	12.9		

### Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats

Strengths:

- fundamental importance of the scientific program;
- fully operating NA62 detector setup built with the JINR essential participation;
- a large amount of experimental data collected in 2016-2018;
- a strong support for the data taking prolongation from CERN side;
- experience in analysis of senior participants of the JINR team;
- young participants who will in future bring the best CERN practice into JINR projects;

Main weakness is caused by the temporary difficulties of transition from the mainly hardware activity to the data analysis stage that is overlaid with the lasting NA62 Spectrometer-related duties. This weakness is overcomed by means of the young participants training for the data analysis exploiting the existing experience of the other group members obtained earlier in the NA48/2 experiment.

The non-trivial opportunities of the project are the improved measurements of some rare decay modes based on the large statistics of kaon decays. Also there is a chance to find new physics in the case if new results will be incompatible with SM. Additionally, the participation in software development and detector calibration for NA62 will increase the qualification of young participants that may be needed in other JINR experiments.

No ongoing competition is known currently in the measurement of the charged kaon golden mode. So there are no threats to the project extension scientific importance.

Form No. 29

6. Estimated expenditures for the Project NA62 (Measurement of the Rare Decay

 $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$  at the CERN SPS")

	Expenditure items	Full cost	1 <sup>st</sup> year	2 <sup>nd</sup> year	3 <sup>rd</sup> year
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7 8. 9.	Direct expenses for the Project Accelerator, reactor, h Computers, h Computer connection, k\$ Design bureau, standard hour Experimental Workshop, st. hour Materials, k\$ Equipment, k\$ Operational costs, k\$ Payments for agreement-based	3000 15 780 1000 70 35 105	1000 5 480 500 30 15 35	1000 5 300 500 35 10 35	1000 5 5 10 35
10.	research, k\$ Travel allowance, k\$, including: a) non-rouble zone countries b) rouble zone countries c) protocol-based	290 275 15	115 110 5	115 110 5	60 55 5
	Total direct expenses	515	200	200	115

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Main expenses in 2022-2024:

- participation in the runs 2022-23 and NA62 maintenance.
- development of straw detectors and on-line software systems.
- contributions to the NA62 common fund.
- computer and technical support for MC simulation, processing and analysis of experimental data.