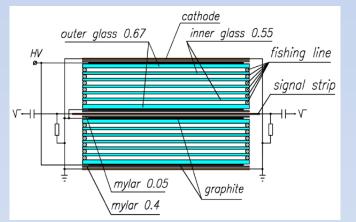
MRPC prototype chambers for TOF

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Our BM@N experience

Floating electrode MRPC structure



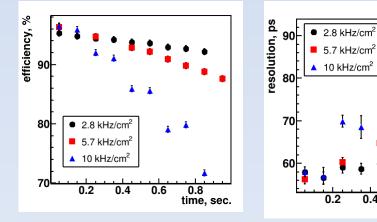
Experimental results on muon beam at U70 accelerator

0.4

0.6

0.8

time, sec.



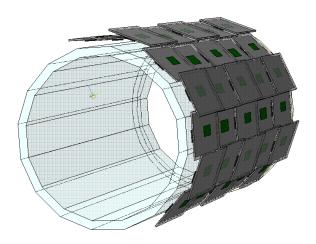
Front end electronic based on NINO chips

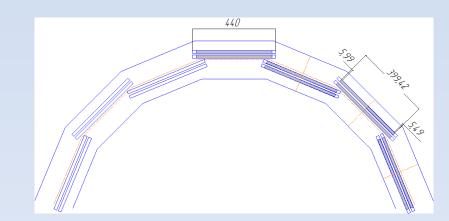


The TOT method was used. The best resolution of ~56 ps is reached

Our vision of the TOF system

- SPD TOF system could be designed with MRPC modules.
- We suggest using of 0.25 mm gas gap MRPC.
- Each MRPC consist of 10 gaps made of 0.33 mm glass.
- 16 read-out strips of 20 x 410 mm² size. Strip pitch is 21 mm.
- MRPCs active area is ~337 x 400 mm².
- The ToF distance of ~1m lead to the requirement of \approx 30ps time resolution.





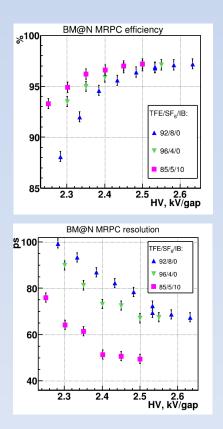
Goals in 2019 - 2020 were

• to test MRPCs with different structure of HV electrodes

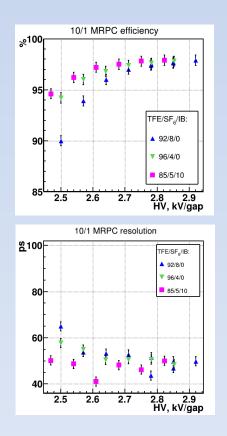
 to compare 'Time Over Threshold' and 'Constant Fraction' methods

Results are showed at 07.06.2019 SPD Workshop

BM@N chamber

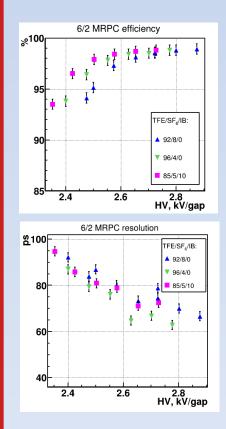


10 independent gaps



The best chamber

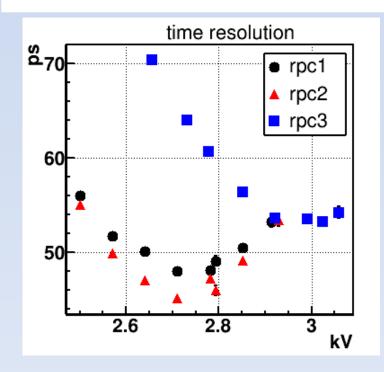
6 double gaps

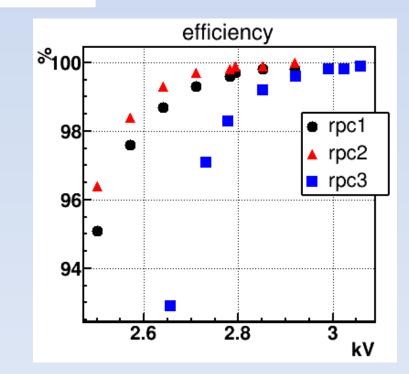


2019 test beam results:

3 MRPCs with independent gaps: rpc1 is 10x0.25 mm chamber rpc2 is 12x0.25 mm chamber rpc3 is 10x0.30 mm chamber Strip size is 10x150 mm for all MRPCs. Gas composition is TFE/*i*-C₄H₁₀/SF₆ = 85/10/5

These results were obtained with the Time Over Threshold (TOT) method



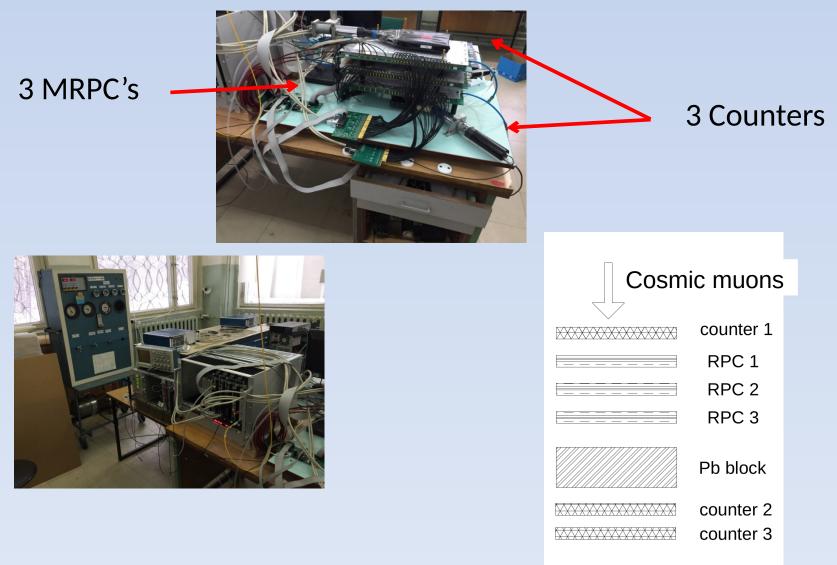


Subsequent measurements with an oscilloscope:

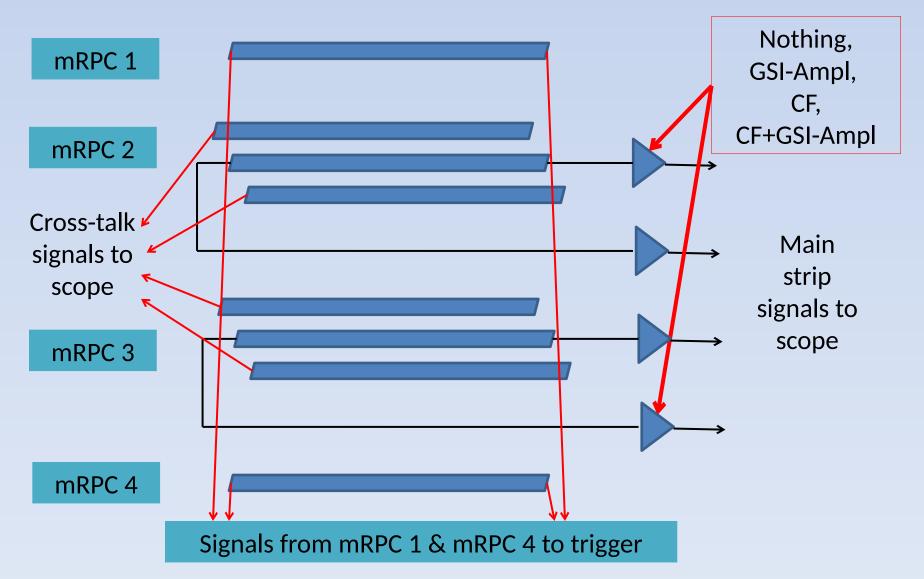
- measurement of analog signals directly from a strip
- measurement of signals after fast GSI-amplifier
- measurement of signals after fast CF (Constant Fraction)
- measurement of signals after fast CF & GSI-amplifier

This work was performed both at the cosmic set-up and U70 beam.

Cosmic test setup



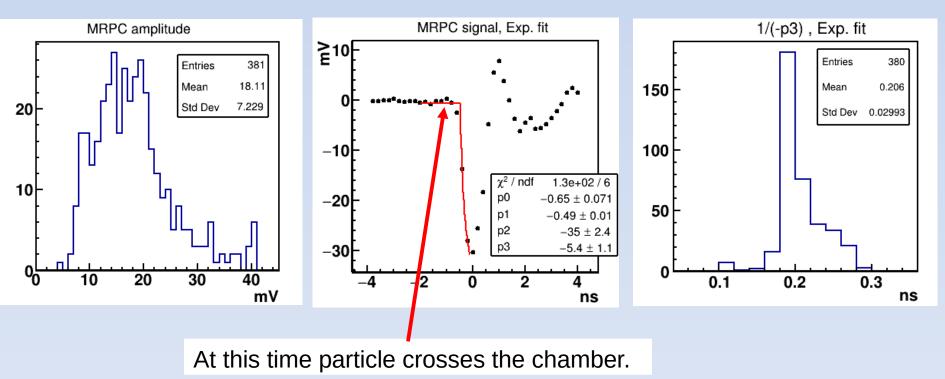
Schematic of measurements



Cosmic data example for 10 gaps MRPC at 2.73 kV

Signals are measured directly by oscilloscope

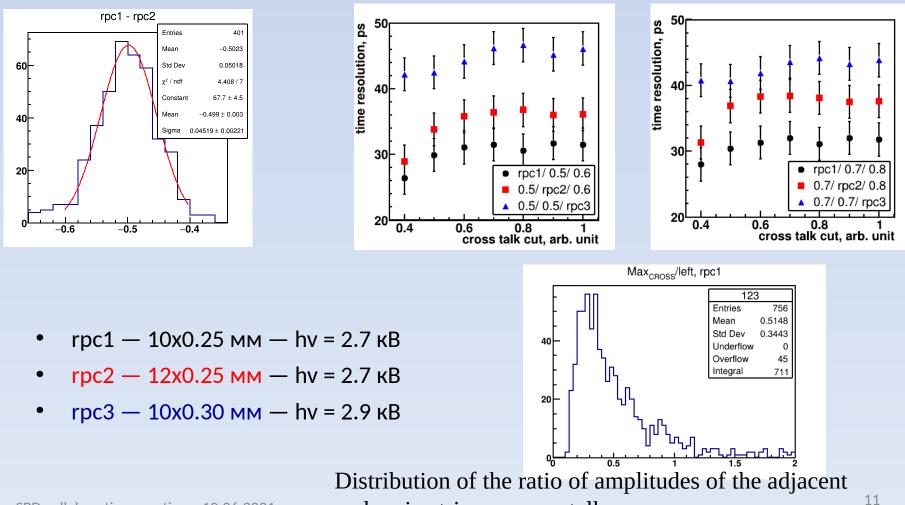
Signal front is fitted by $F(t) \approx p_2 \cdot (1 - \exp\{p_3 \cdot (t - p_1)\})$



The real signal front is faster than we can see with our electronics!

Oscilloscope measurements with cosmic setup.

Time resolution extraction by using amplified (~x10) analog signal (linear fit to the time of discharge origin gives timing for 3 MRPCs)

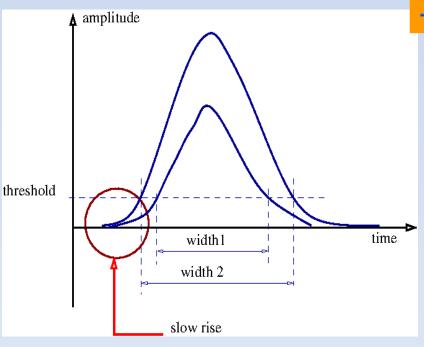


and main strips - «cross talk»

Overview of two methods of signal time

measurement

The TOT method use a averaged over many events the 'time - width' function



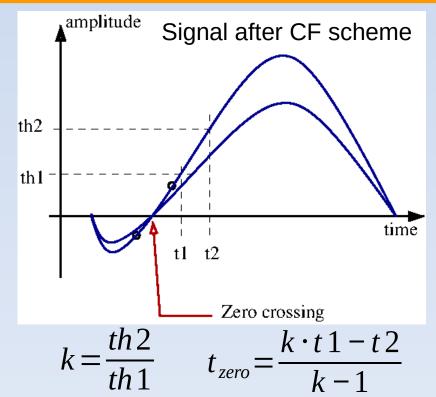
The Constant Fraction method allow individual signal correction.

3 possible methods:

direct zero crossing detection (classical)

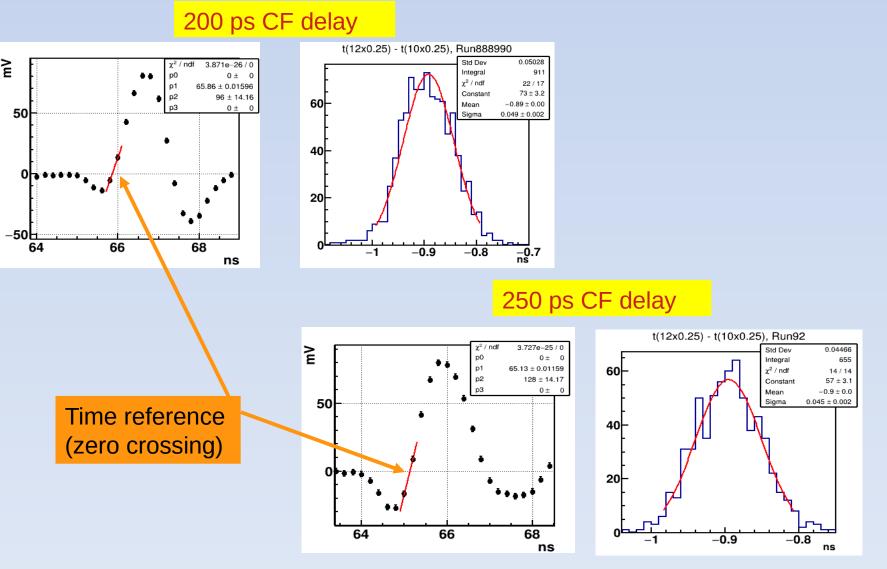
one point above and one under zero line

2 points after zero crossing



Cosmic results with CF

Measurement of MRPCs time difference by using 2 points linear approximation



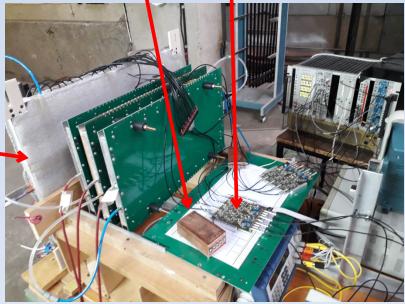
U70 test beam setup (Dec 2020)



Readout: Oscilloscope DPO 1GHz CF (250ps) & GSI-amplifier (~1GHz)



12gaps x 0.25mm, 10 x 160 mm² strips 10gaps x 0.25mm, 10 x 160 mm² strips 10gaps x 0.30mm, 10 x 160 mm² strips (has not been used) 10gaps x 0.25mm, 25 x 310 mm² strips HV = 2.75 kV for all chambers

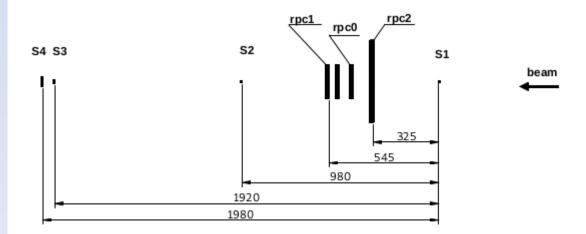


U70 test beam setup description

Trigger system consist of two counters 10x10 mm² (S1&S2) and two counters 20x20 mm² (S3&S4)

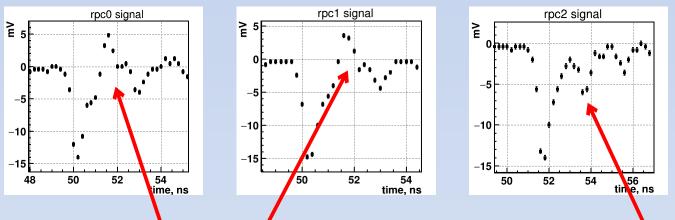
- rpc0 2 stacks x 6gaps x 0.25mm, strips 10 x 150 mm²
- rpc1 2 stacks x 5gaps x 0.25mm, strips 10 x 150 mm²
- rpc2 2 stacks x 5gaps x 0.25mm, strips 25 x 310 mm²

The rpc2 geometry most close to the SPD proposed chamber.



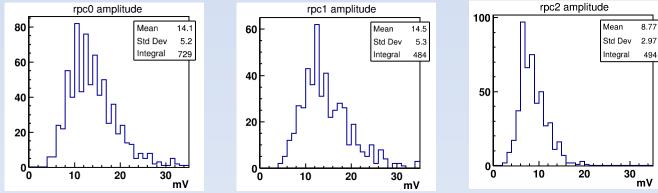
U70 beam results (1):

• Examples of signals



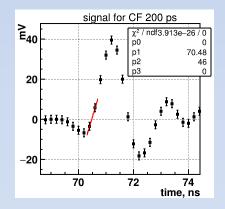
Impedance of 10 mm strips higher than 50 Ohm, whereas for 25 mm - less

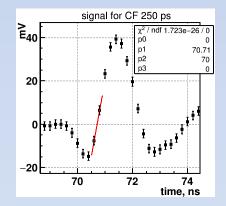
• Amplitude distributions



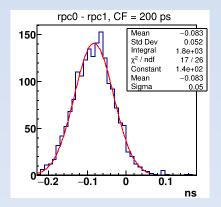
U70 beam results (2):

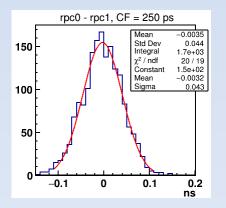
 Examples of signals after CF (200ps and 250ps) and GSIamplifier (gain ~4)





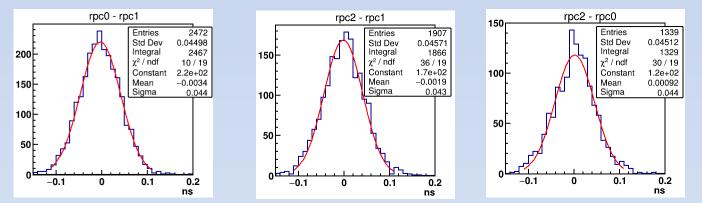
• RPCs time difference for CF with 200 and 250 ps delay



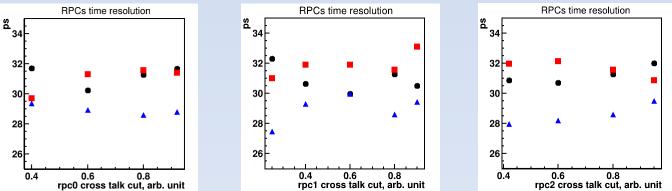


U70 beam results (3):

• Time differences of 3 MRPC pairs for CF with 250ps delay



• Extracted MRPCs time resolution as function of a cross talk cut



rpc0 – black circles, rpc1 – red squares, rpc2 – blue triangles

Conclusions and Plans

- 10 independent gas gaps of 0.25 mm width is the best MRPC structure we found.
- Time resolution of our chambers with CF is measured at level of 30ps. However it include the time resolution of oscilloscope. Our large chamber is about to SPD purpose. We need to test thinner (0.33 mm) glass only.
- Three new MRPCs will build in few months
- We are ready to develop new FE board (CF) with commercial fast amplifiers and comparators
- At the beginning MRPCs + FEE have to be tested in the cosmic set-up.
- The subsequent evaluation of CF method should consider the possibility of development of a integrated chip. To do this we need to invite the appropriate developers.

Thank for you attention!

Backup slide

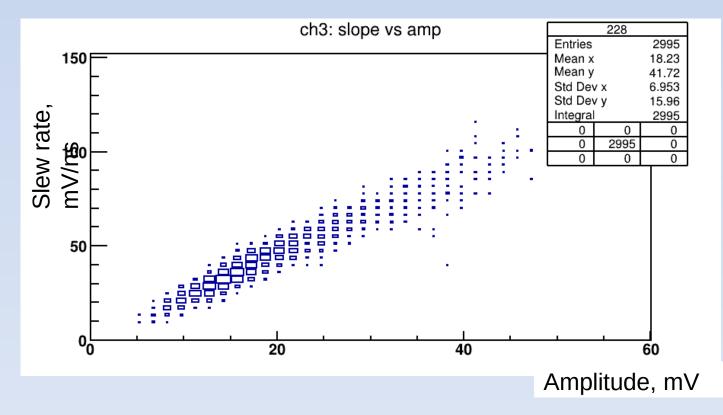
2019 cosmic test resolution, ps 70 60 50 40 0.25 0.3 gap size, mm 0.2

Backup: Cosmic setup description

- Trigger system 2 counters 160x160 mm² & 1 counter 80x80 mm² and two strips of neighboring chambers
- Trigger rate ~ 1 event/ 300 sec
- Oscilloscope DPO 4104B (1GHz, 5Gs/sec) used to measure the signals from main strips
- Oscilloscope TDS 3054C (0.5GHz, 5Gs/sec) to measure the cross-talk signals in nearest strips
- We have tested few MRPC's with different structures: 2stacks x 6gaps x 0.25mm, 1stack x 10gaps x 0.25mm, 2stacks x 5gaps x 0.25mm, 2stacks x 5gaps x 0.30mm, 2stacks x 6gaps x 0.18mm, 4staks x 3gaps x 0.25mm
- "Red" chambers have better signals than other and we consider them
- All strip sizes 160x10 mm2
- Data taking under LabVIEW program

Backup: Can we use Constant Fraction Discriminator?

Signal slew rate (linear fit) via amplitudes for 10x0.25mm rpc



Yes it is possible!

Backup: Test beam results (4):

Left to right signal amplitude ratio as function of position along the strip

10gaps x 0.25mm, 25 x 310 mm² strips

Close to the side of the strip Middle of the strip left/right amp. ratio at z = 51 mm left/right amp. ratio at z = 97 mmleft/right amp. ratio at z = 0 mm Mean 0.98 Mean Mean Std Dev 0.089 150 0.09 Std Dev 0.084 200 Std Dev 150 Integral 7.4e+02 Integral 4.9e+02 4.9e+02 Integral 100 100 100 50 50 0 0.8 1.2 0.6 1 1.4 0 0.6 0.8 1.2 1.4 1 0.6 0.8 1.2 1.4 1