

#### Phases of QCD, topology and axions - II

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I Symmetries and phases of QCD in the Temperature, Nf space

II Results on the phase diagram

III Topology - broken phase

IV Topology - hot QCD & axions

II Results on the phase diagram

II.1 The magnetic EoS at finite temperature.

II.2 The conformal phase

II.3 The preconformal phase

#### II.1 Magnetic EoS in QCD at finite temperature

 $3d O(4) \text{ model} \qquad \beta \mathcal{H} = -J \sum_{\langle \vec{x}, \vec{y} \rangle} \vec{\phi}_{\vec{x}} \cdot \vec{\phi}_{\vec{y}} - \vec{H} \cdot \sum_{\vec{x}} \vec{\phi}_{\vec{x}}$ 

 $M = h^{1/\delta} f_G(z)$ 





$$z = \bar{t}/h^{1/\Delta}$$
  $\Delta \equiv eta \delta$ 

$$f_{G} = Mh^{-1/\delta}$$

$$f_{G} = Mh^{-1/\delta}$$

$$J > J_{c}$$

$$J < J_{c}$$

$$0.94$$

$$0.94$$

$$0.90$$

$$0.91$$

#### O(4) scaling analysis in two-flavor QCD at finite temperature and density with improved Wilson quarks

Umeda et al. 2017



 $M/h^{1/\delta} = f(t/h^{1/\beta\delta})$ 

Twisted mass at finite temperature collaboration, Nf=2

Hard to discriminate between different univ. classes



0.13 0.120.11 0.1 $\langle \bar{\psi}\psi 
angle /h^{1/\delta}$ 0.09 0.08 0.07 0.06 0.050.042.53 3.54 4.50.51.52 1 z

narios

Chiral extrapolation for  $T_{\chi}(m_{\pi})$  for various sce-

$$2^{nd} \text{ order } O(4) \xrightarrow{} m_{\pi}$$

$$m_{\pi,c} \xrightarrow{} 1^{st} \text{ order } Z(2)$$

Illustration of possible scenarios for the  $N_f = 2$  chiral limit.

#### Phase boundary for the chiral transition in (2+1) -flavor QCD at small values of the chemical potential

O. Kaczmarek et al. 2011



The EoS extended at finite 
$$\mu$$

$$\frac{T_c(\mu_q)}{T_c} = 1 - \kappa_q \left(\frac{\mu_q}{T}\right)^2 + \mathcal{O}\left(\left(\frac{\mu_q}{T}\right)^4\right)$$

determines slope of the critical line

$$\frac{\chi_{m,q}}{T} = \frac{2\kappa_q T}{t_0 m_s} h^{-(1-\beta)/\beta\delta} f'_G(z)$$

Making the most of Taylor expansion and imaginary  $~~\mu$ 

## Same strategy may be used at imaginary $\mu$

Laermann, Meyer, MpL 2013



within largish error, either O(2) and O(4)universality classes nicely describe the data and allow an estimate of the slope.

#### II.2 Establishing the conformal window



#### Similarities and differences between a conformal PT and a 2nd order one



### Conformal scaling

![](_page_10_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Alho Evans Tuominen 2014

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![](_page_11_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Figure_1.jpeg)

 $m_{\pi,
ho} = A_{\pi,
ho} m^{\epsilon_{\pi,
ho}}$  : mass ratios m-independent in the chiral limit

![](_page_12_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Degeneracy of the chiral partners towards the chiral limit

![](_page_13_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Ratios in the conformal window at a glance: the Edinburgh plot

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Lattice corrections to conformal scaling

1: Size  $M_H = L^{-1} f_H(x)$   $x \equiv L m^{1/y_m}$ 

2: Coupling  $M_H = L^{-1} f_H \left( x, g_0 m^{\omega} \right)$ 

Del Debbio, Zwicky; Hasenfratz et al; MpL, da Silva, Miura, Pallante

$$LM_H = F_H(x) \left\{ 1 + g_0 m^\omega G_H(x) + \mathcal{O}\left(g_0^2 m^{2\omega}\right) \right\}$$

![](_page_15_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### Compilation of results for the anomalous dimension, Nf=12

![](_page_17_Figure_1.jpeg)

MpL, Miura, Nunes da Silva, Pallante 2014

![](_page_18_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Figure_0.jpeg)

BI-TP 2000/41

![](_page_20_Figure_1.jpeg)

Standard picture of scale separation

Nfc

**N**IR

 $x = N_f / N_c$ 

$$\Lambda_{\rm IR}/\Lambda_{\rm UV} = \mathcal{O}(1).$$

 $\frac{\Lambda_{\rm UV}}{\Lambda_{\rm IR}} \sim \exp\left(\frac{\hat{K}}{\sqrt{x_c - x}}\right)$ 

![](_page_21_Picture_2.jpeg)

In the conformal phase IR scales vanish but UV ones survive

The coupling walks for

 $\Lambda_{\rm UV}^{-1} \ll r \ll \Lambda_{\rm IR}^{-1}$ 

![](_page_22_Figure_0.jpeg)

Standard picture of scale

#### Strongly interacting dynamics and the search for new physics at the LHC

T. Appelquist,<sup>1</sup> R. C. Brower,<sup>2,3</sup> G. T. Fleming,<sup>1,3</sup> A. Hasenfratz,<sup>4,3</sup> X. Y. Jin,<sup>5</sup> J. Kiskis,<sup>6</sup> E. T. Neil,<sup>4,7,3</sup> J. C. Osborn,<sup>5,3</sup> C. Rebbi,<sup>2</sup> E. Rinaldi,<sup>8,3</sup> D. Schaich,<sup>9,3,10</sup> P. Vranas,<sup>8</sup> E. Weinberg,<sup>11</sup> and O. Witzel<sup>12,3</sup> (Lattice Strong Dynamics (LSD) Collaboration)

Beyond scale separation:

![](_page_23_Figure_3.jpeg)

(Essential) singularity in the chiral limit and mass ratios: example from holographic V-QCD

![](_page_24_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_2.jpeg)

Arean, latrakis, Jarvinen, Kiritsis 2013

![](_page_25_Figure_0.jpeg)

Arean, latrakis, Jarvinen, Kiritsis 2013

 $\Lambda_{\rm IR}$  not unique:

#### Power-law corrections to essential singularity

Gies et al. 2013 Alho, Evans, Tuominen 2013

 $O_i = A_i (N_f^c - N_f)^{p_i} \langle \bar{q}q \rangle^{1/3}$ 

Power-law X Miranski scaling

May account for <u>hierarchy</u> of scales

![](_page_26_Figure_6.jpeg)

Mass deformed theory I: EoS approach for IR quantities

 $\begin{array}{ll} y = f(x) \\ y = m/ < \bar{\psi}\psi >^{\delta} \end{array} \qquad \qquad \delta = \frac{6-\eta}{2-\eta} \end{array}$ 

Second order transition:  $x = (N_f{}^c - N_f) / \langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle^{\frac{1}{\beta}} \qquad \langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle = (N_f{}^c - N_f)^{\beta}$ 

Essential singularity: Nogawa, Hasegawa, Nemoto, 2012  $x = e^{\sqrt{(N_f{}^c - N_f)}} / < \bar{\psi}\psi > \qquad < \bar{\psi}\psi > = e^{\sqrt{(N_f{}^c - N_f)}}$ 

Continuity of f(x) plus asymptotic forms for  $m \to 0$  and  $N_f \to N_f{}^c$  imply  $\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle \propto e^{\sqrt{(N_f{}^c-N_f)}}$  for m smallish and  $(N_f{}^c-N_f)$  largish  $\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle \propto m^{1/\delta}$  for m largish and  $(N_f{}^c-N_f)$  smallish Anomalous dimension appears naturally below Nfc Scaling limited by Goldstone singularities in the chiral limit (Wallace Zia Mass deformed theory II: KMI discussion

Mutatis mutandis, Eos approach reproduces KMI scenario:

![](_page_28_Figure_2.jpeg)

Scaling with anomalous dimension

KMI 2013

Search for scale hierarchy -Kohtaroh Miura, MpL, Tiago Nunes da Silva, E Pallante

![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

Towards a quantitive comparison with holography

K. Miura, MpL, E. Pallante, in progress

$$\frac{2\pi T_c}{M_{KK}} = 1 - \frac{1}{126\pi^3} \lambda_4^2 \frac{N_f}{N_c} \left( 1 + \frac{12\pi^{3/2}}{\Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)} \right)$$

![](_page_30_Figure_3.jpeg)

Bigazzi and Cotrone, JHEP 2015

$$\left(1 + \frac{12\pi^{3/2}}{\Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)}\right) \approx -1.987$$

T increases with Nf on the scales used in these two studies

## Tc on the 1/w0 scale

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

K. Miura, MpL, E.Pallante, in progress

#### Moving the scale with Wilson flow

![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

UV

#### Tc and the string tension

KM, MpL, EP, in progress

![](_page_33_Figure_2.jpeg)

Mild decrease, possibly constant as  $N_f \rightarrow N_f^c$ 

Again similar to the prediction of the WSS model:

$$\frac{T_c}{\sqrt{\sigma}} \propto (1 - \epsilon N_f / N_c)$$

communicated by F. Bigazzi

#### Hierarchy of scales in the near conformal phase

![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Figure_2.jpeg)

UV

## Hierarchy of scales Λυν

![](_page_35_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Short detour on phenomenology

![](_page_36_Picture_1.jpeg)

Beyond the Standard Model:

![](_page_37_Figure_1.jpeg)

...as possible BSM candidates

### Parting comments on the phase diagram

![](_page_38_Figure_1.jpeg)

sQGP and strongly coupled conformal QCD are continuously connected

![](_page_39_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Figure_0.jpeg)