

J/ψ-pair events at NICA SPD

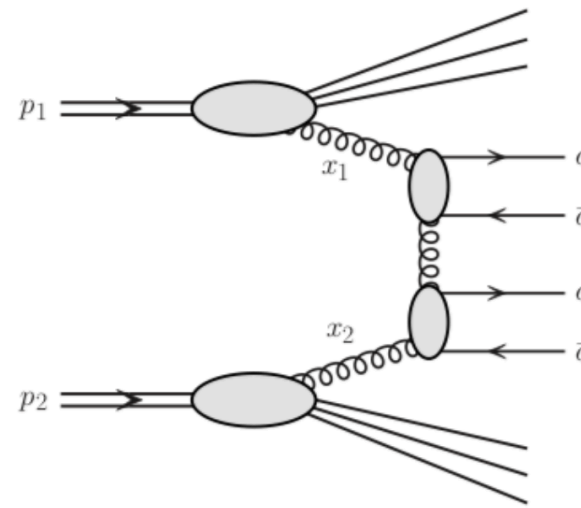
Gridin Andrei (JINR)
SPD Physics and MC meeting
08.09.2021

J/ψ pair production

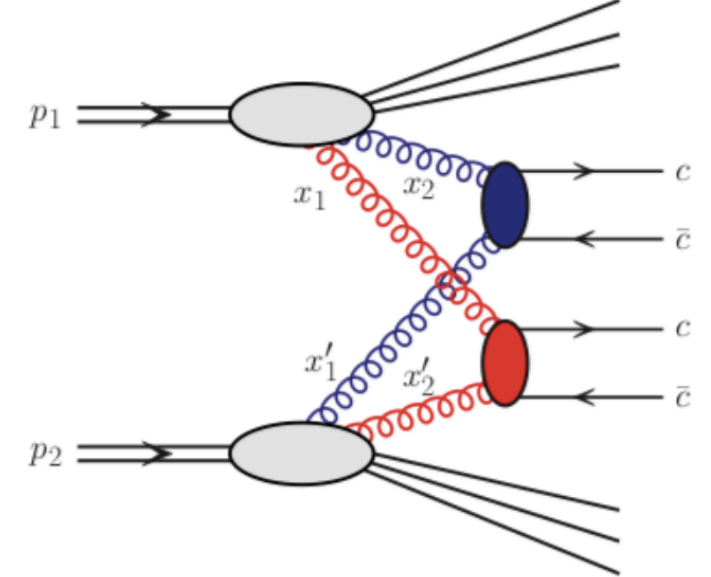
The process $p + p \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi + X$ could be used to study different physics topics:

- Production mechanisms

Single Parton scattering

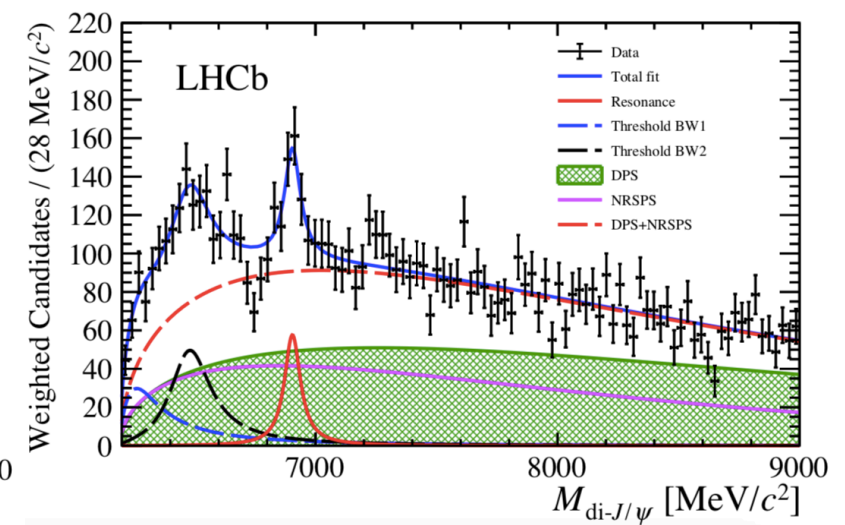
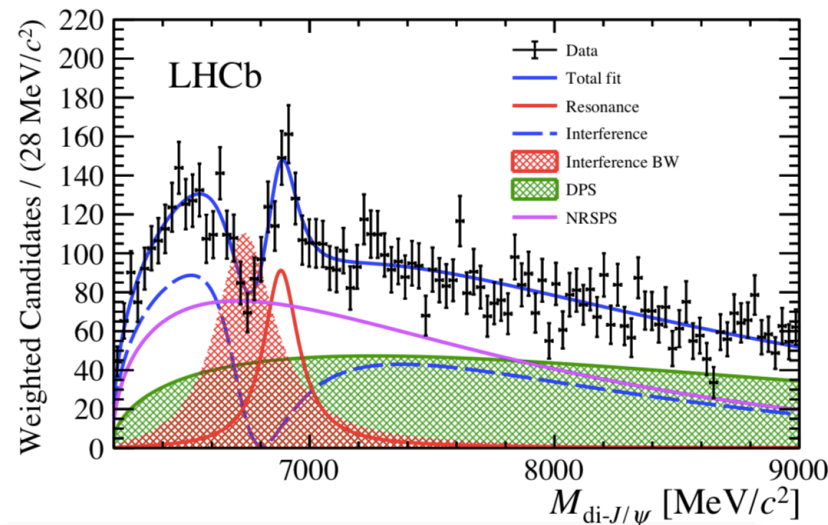


Double Parton scattering



Sci. Bull., V65, №23, p1983-1993 (2020)

- All charm tetraquarks

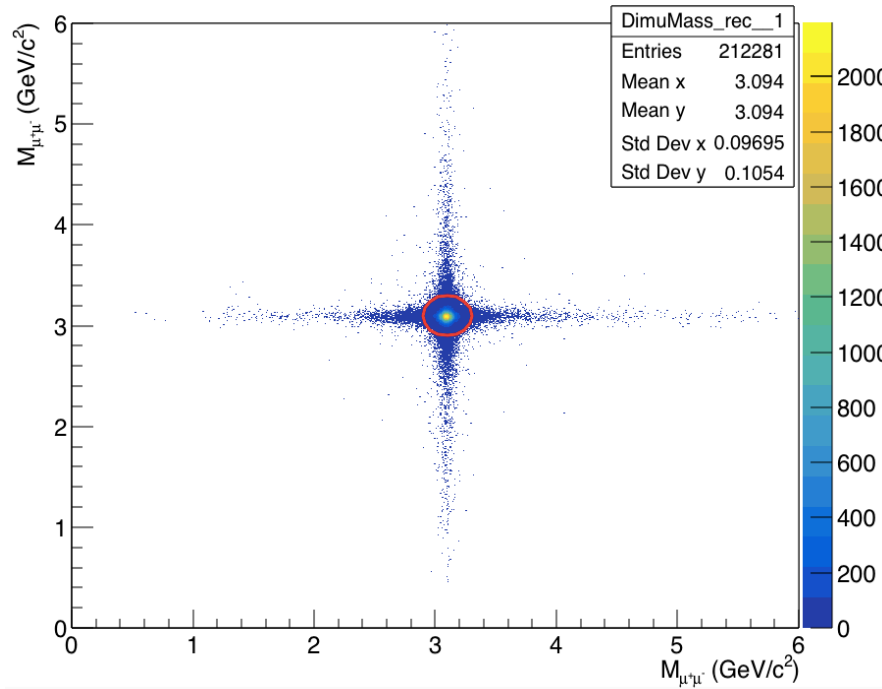


- Angular distributions (Boer-Mulders function)

Preliminary results were shown on SPD Physics and MC meeting #15

https://indico.jinr.ru/event/2332/contributions/13434/attachments/10655/17459/2jpsi_spd_07072021.pdf

Selection criteria



Pythia8 (Color Singlet model) was used for simulation of J/ψ pair events.
The size of the generated sample is about 100k events.

$\Delta M < 0.2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ **IsFittedOk** **IsGood** **IsAcceptable** **All**

$A_{2J/\psi}$

0.96

0.96

0.57

0.35

0.18

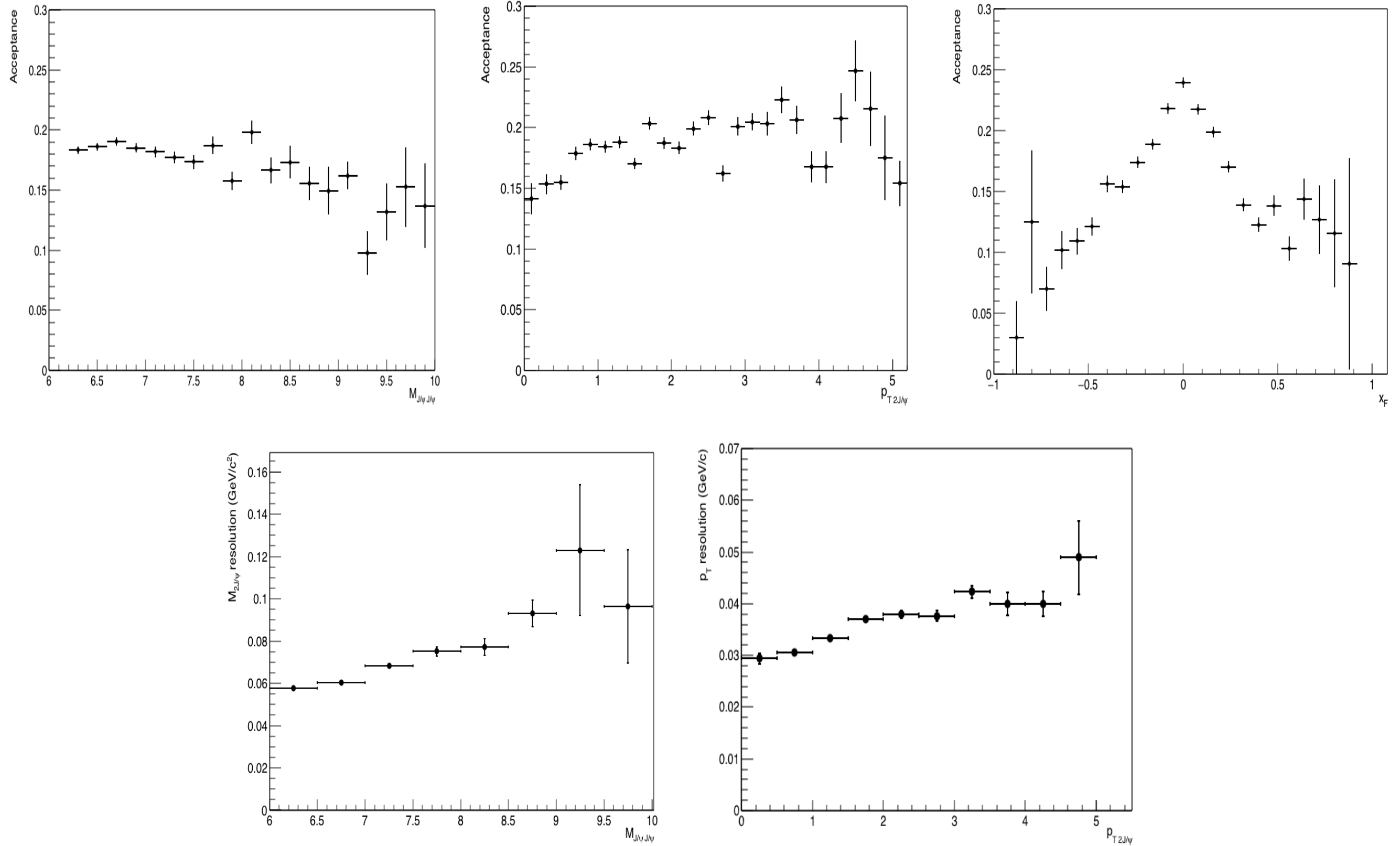
```
inline Bool_t SpdTrackFitPar::GetIsFittedOk() const
{
    if (fErrorFlag != 0) return false;
    if (!fFirstState) return false;
    if (!fLastState) return false;
    return true;
}

//-----
inline Bool_t SpdTrackFitPar::GetIsGood() const
{
    if (fErrorFlag != 0) return false;
    if (HasErrorMesg()) return false;
    //if (fNFailedHits > 0) return false;
    if (fConvergencyGF != 1) return false;
    return true;
}

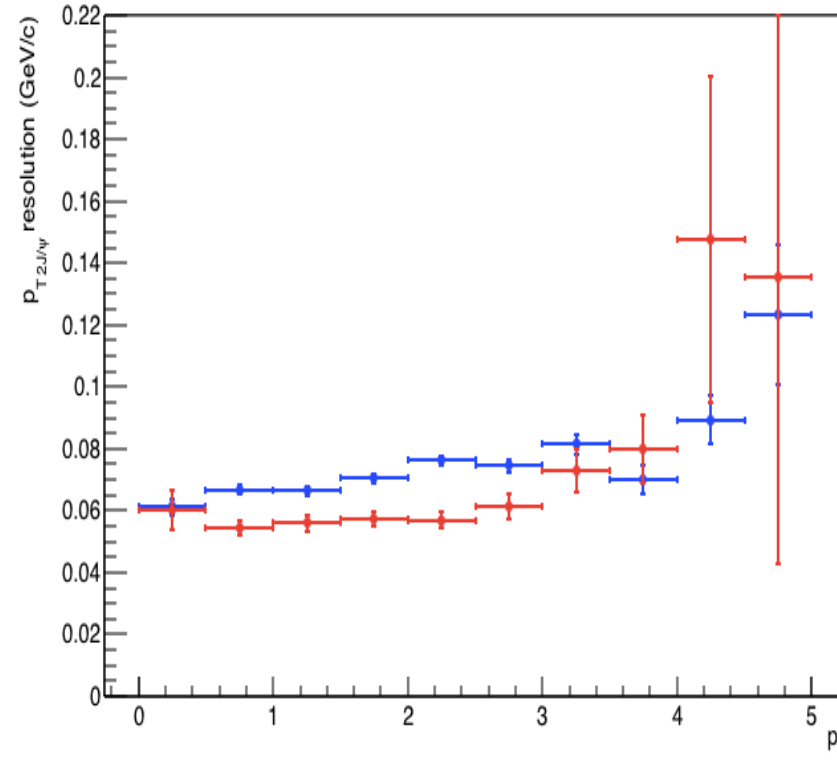
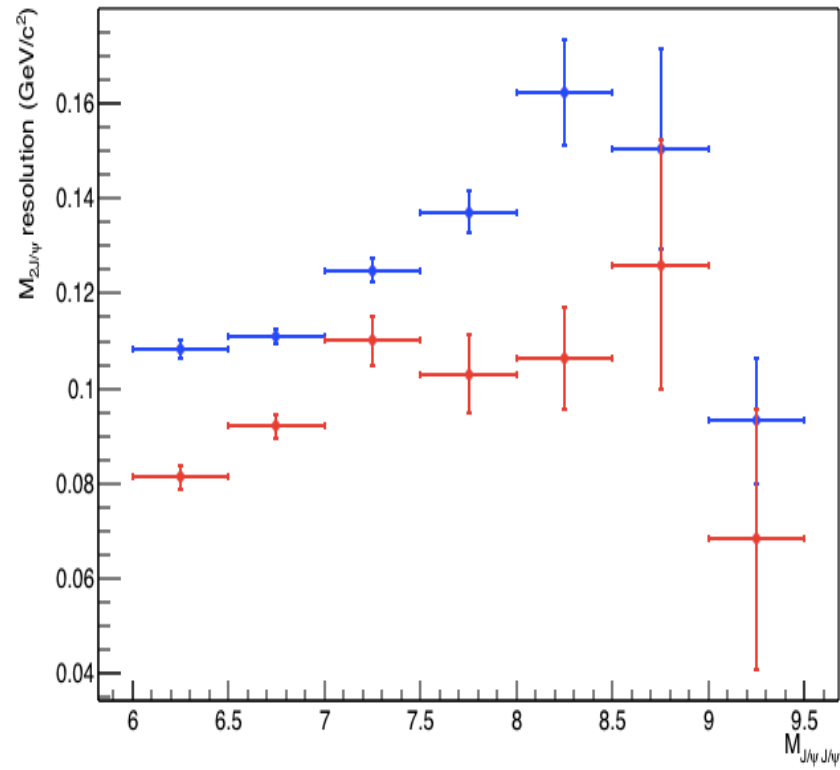
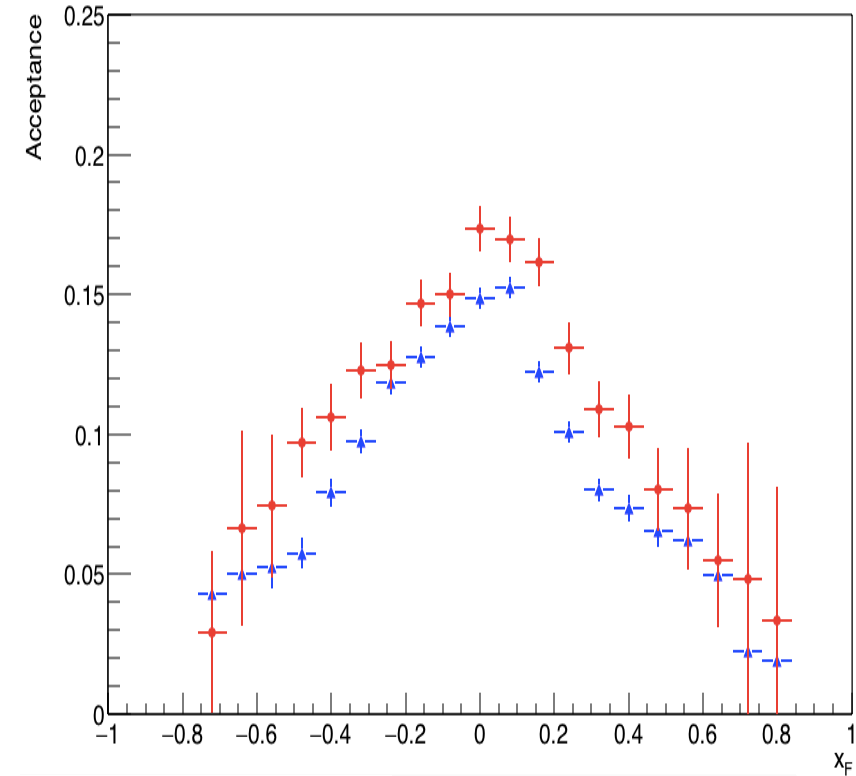
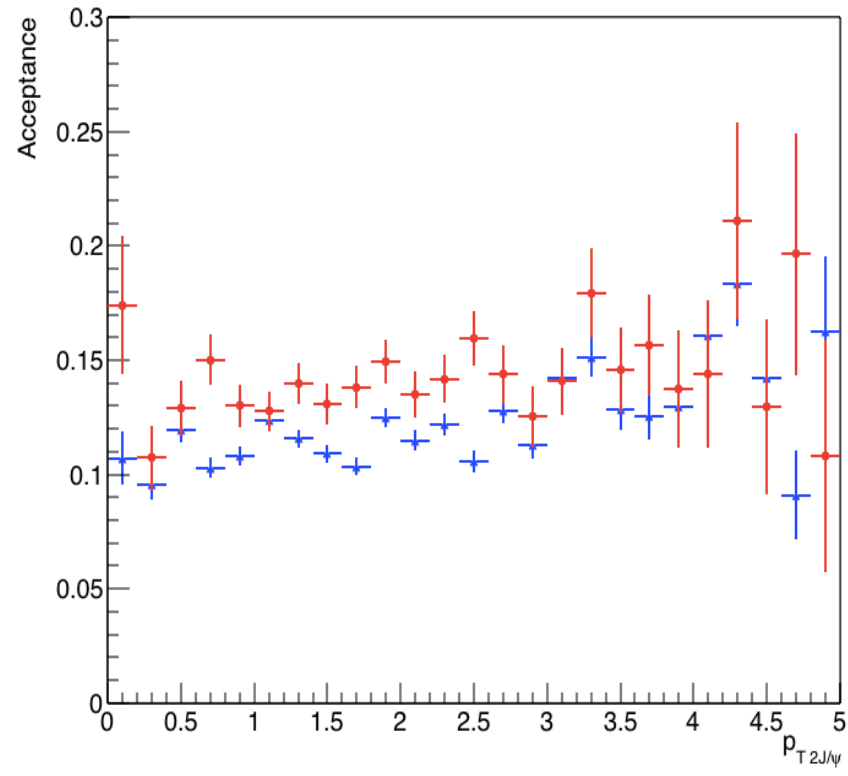
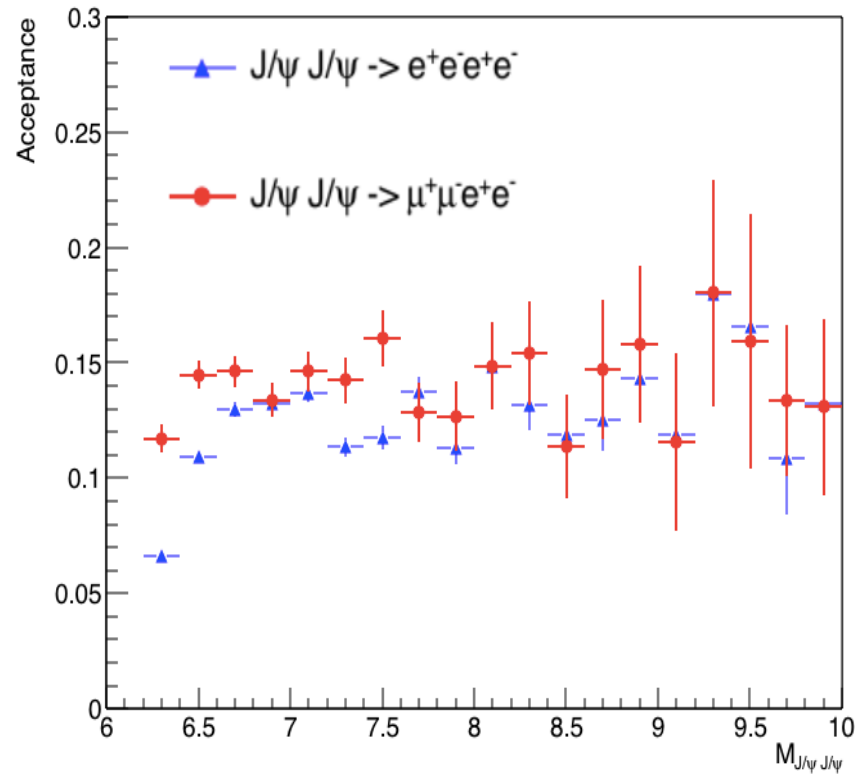
//-----
inline Bool_t SpdTrackFitPar::GetIsAcceptable() const
{
    if (fErrorFlag != 0) return false;
    if (HasErrorMesg()) return false;
    //if (fNFailedHits > 0) return false;
    if (fNDF < 3) return false;
    if (GetChi2overNDF() < 2) return true;
    return false;
}
```

- The flags could be used in other SPDroot examples ($J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu$, $J/\psi \rightarrow ee$, $\chi_c \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma$).
- The $A_{2J/\psi} \approx 0.18$ is expected in a real experiment.

Acceptances and resolutions

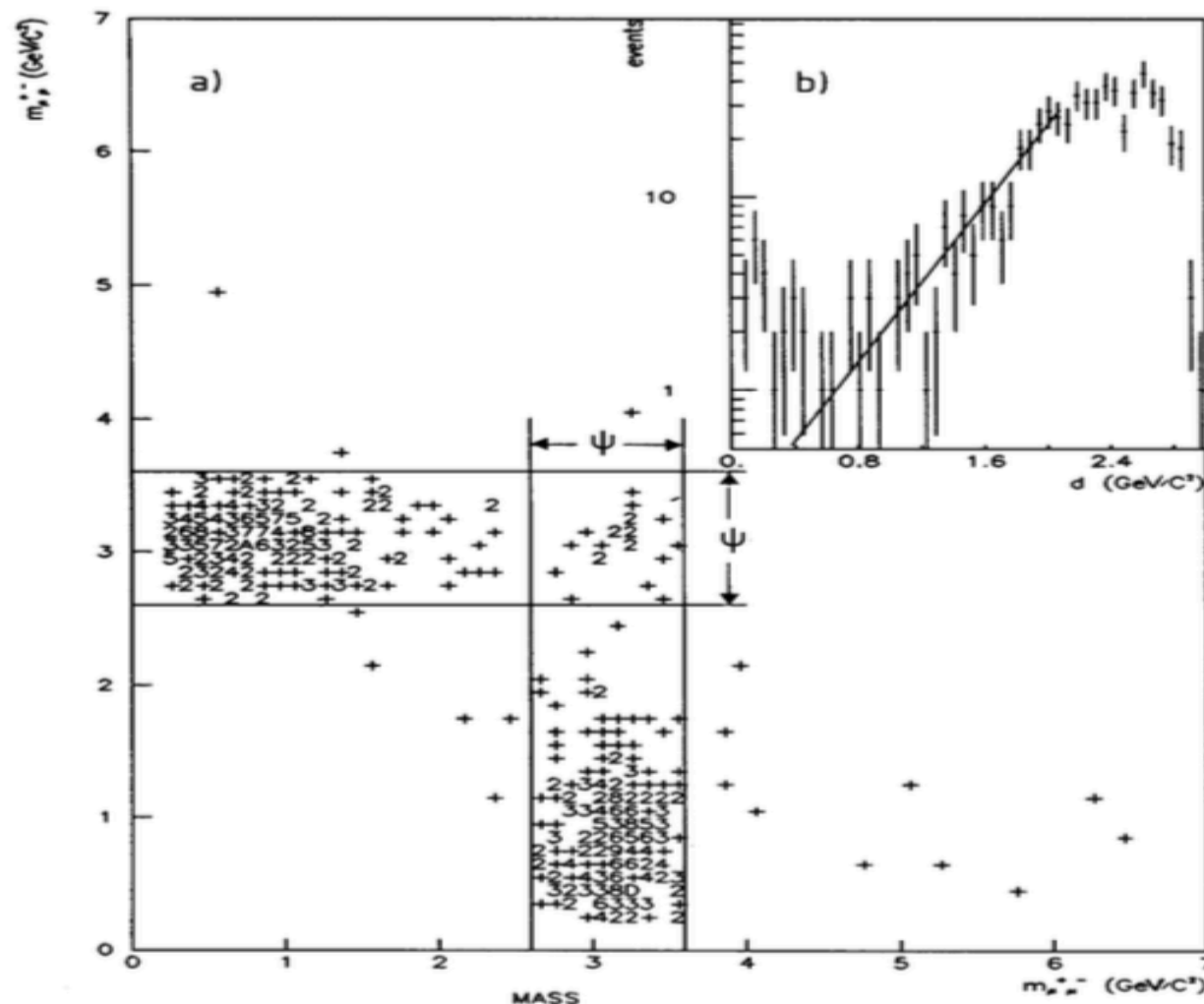


e^+e^- channel



The average acceptance is 0.14 for $\mu^+\mu^-e^+e^-$ channel and 0.11 for $e^+e^-e^+e^-$ channel.

Signal / background ratio



Number of expected J/ψ pair events assuming

$A_{2J/\psi} = 1$ and realistic acceptance

$J/\psi J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu\mu$ 100 18

$J/\psi J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu ee$ 100 14

$J/\psi J/\psi \rightarrow eeee$ 100 11

NA3 (1984, p beam, $\sqrt{s} = 27$ GeV):

21 candidates of J/ψ pair events

Background: 6 ± 4

Signal: 15 ± 4

Phys, Lett. 124B (1983) 265

Main sources of background:

- Combinatorial background
- Pileup
- B-mesons decays.

J/ψ , $\psi(2S)$ and χ_c pair production

Estimated acceptance

$J/\psi\psi(2S)$ **< 1 %**

$\psi(2S)\psi(2S)$ **< 1 %**

$J/\psi\chi_c$ **17 %**

$\chi_c\chi_c$ **16 %**

- J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ were simulated by Pythia8 in SPDroot. The acceptance is low because of pion track reconstruction.
- Only the estimation of acceptance for $J/\psi\chi_c$ and $\chi_c\chi_c$ is provided. To simulate such events in SPDroot one needs to provide events as an ascii file.

Summary

- Realistic acceptance for J/ψ pair events is taken into account.
- e^+e^- channel could be used for J/ψ pair events reconstruction. But, even taking these channels into account we will be able to collect up to 50 J/ψ pair events per year.
- There is no sense to reconstruct $\psi(2S)$ states, but $J/\psi\chi_c$ and $\chi_c\chi_c$ looks promising.