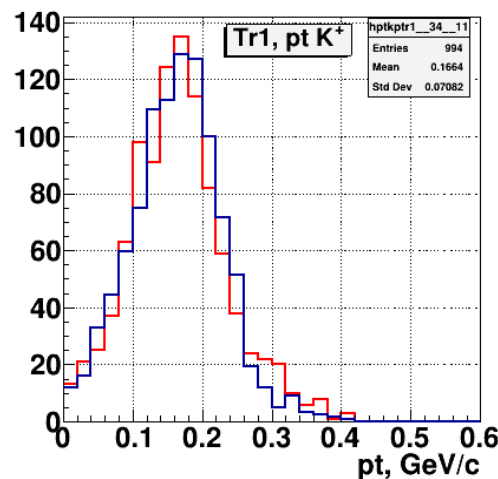
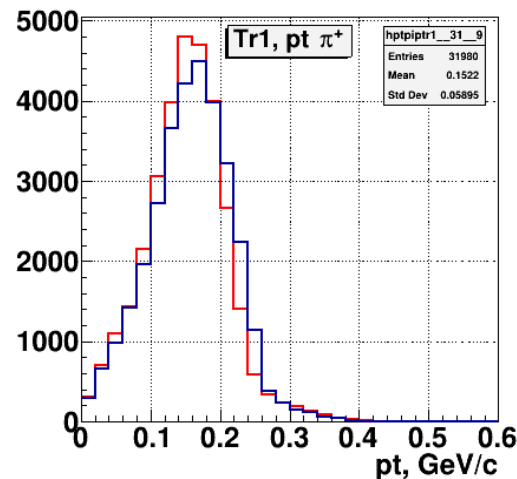
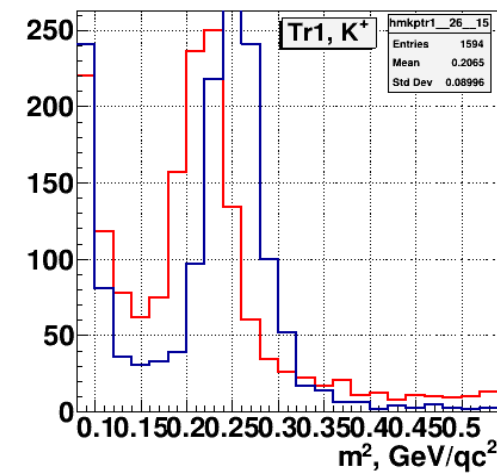
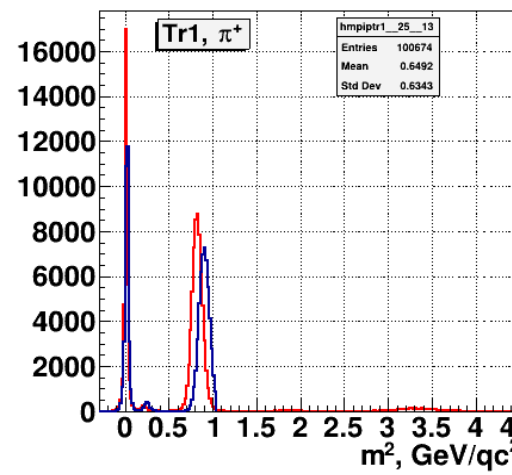
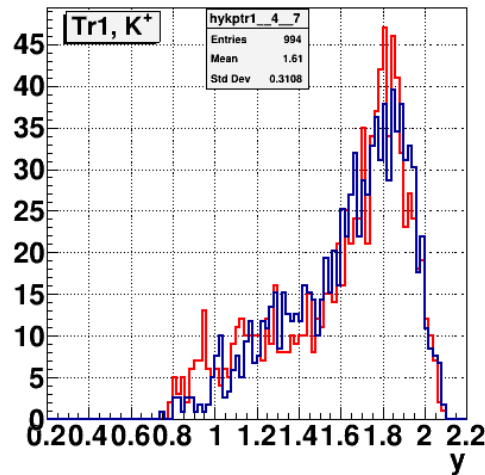
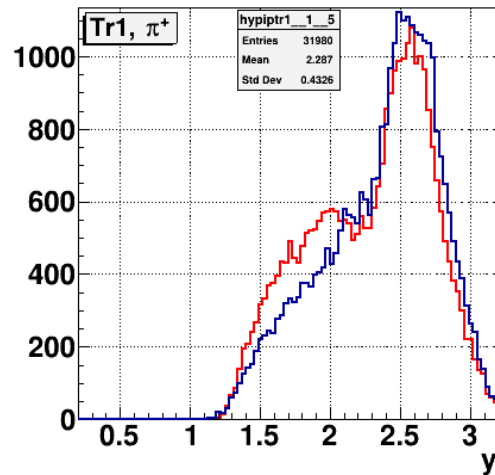


1.5 σ matching window. Beam slope

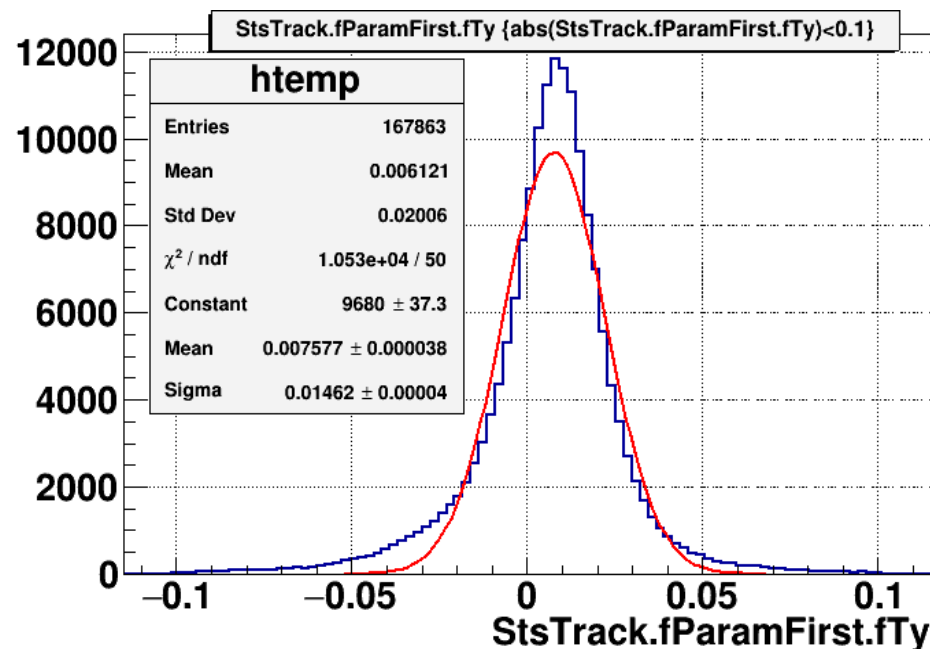
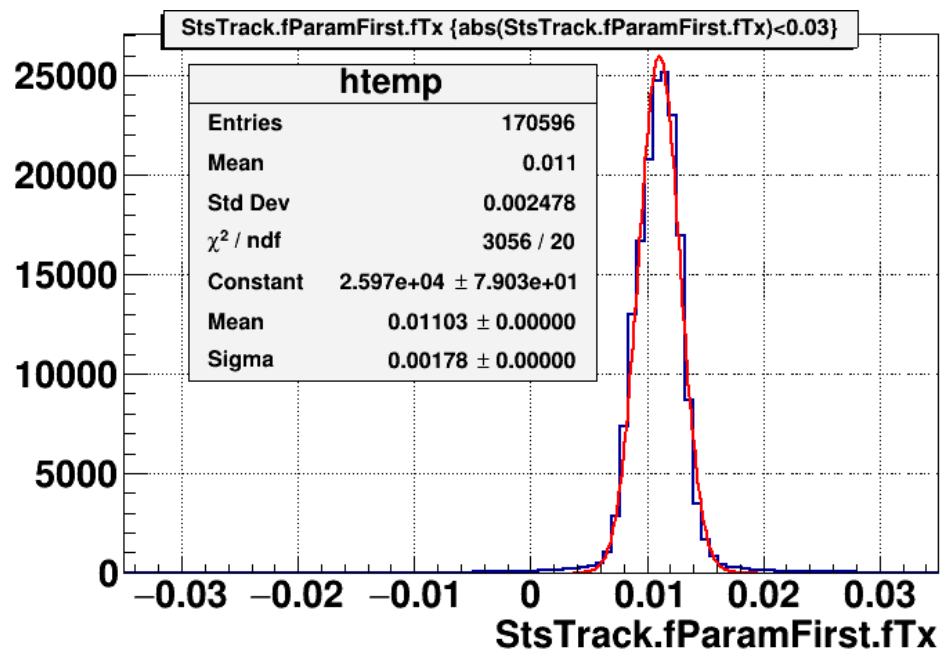
- 1.5 σ matching window
- Beam slope

1.5 σ matching window



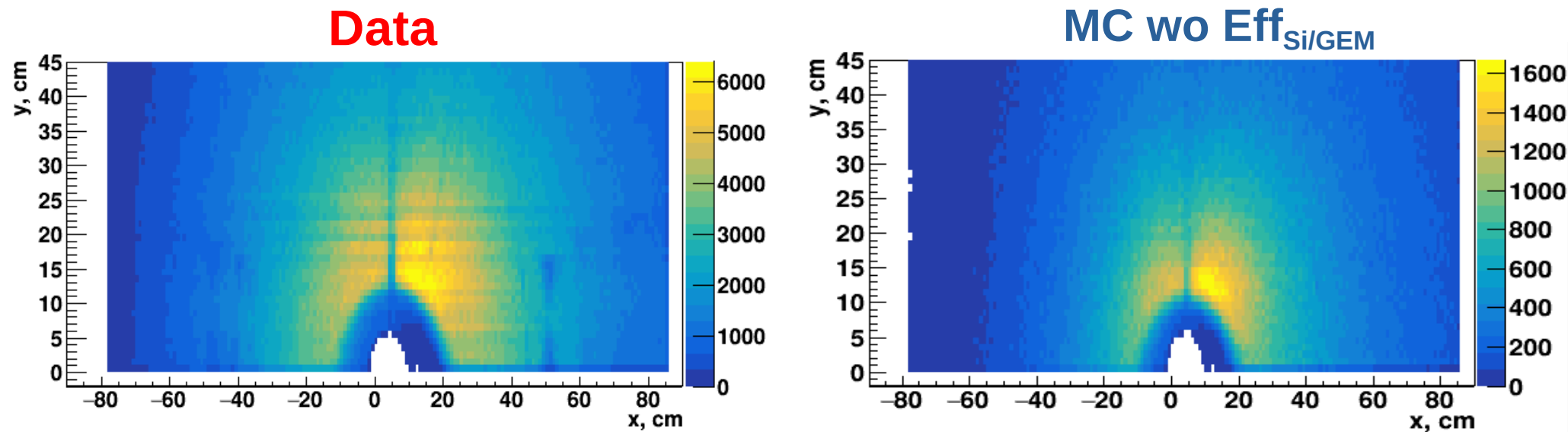
- γ spectrum of π^+ for **Data** is closer to **MC** for **1.5 σ** than for **2.5 σ**
- The number of identified π^+ for **1.5 σ** is $\sim 30\%$ less than for **2.5 σ**

Beam slope



- Beam tracks reconstructed from Si hits with overflowing digits
- Positive Tx and Ty
- Ty is wider and not Gaussian

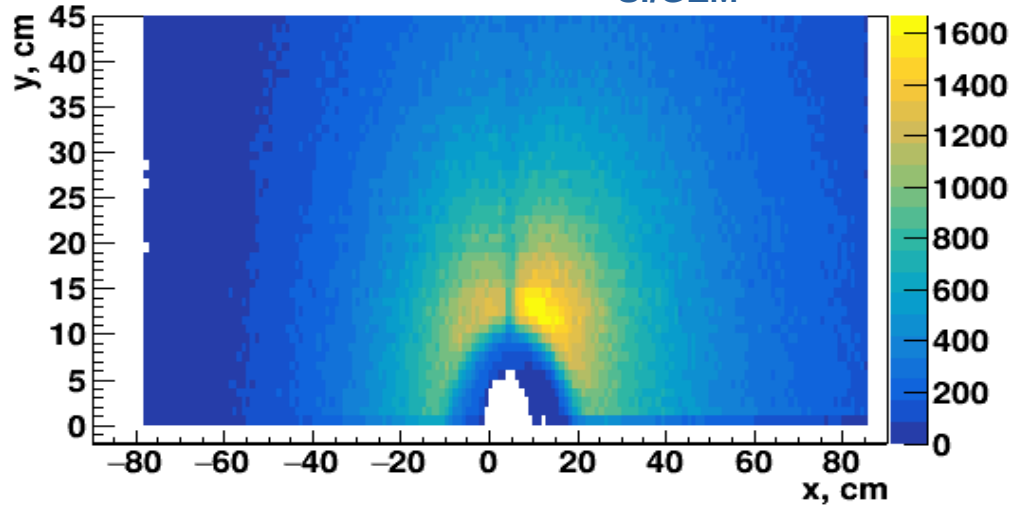
GEM6 hit density difference for Data and MC



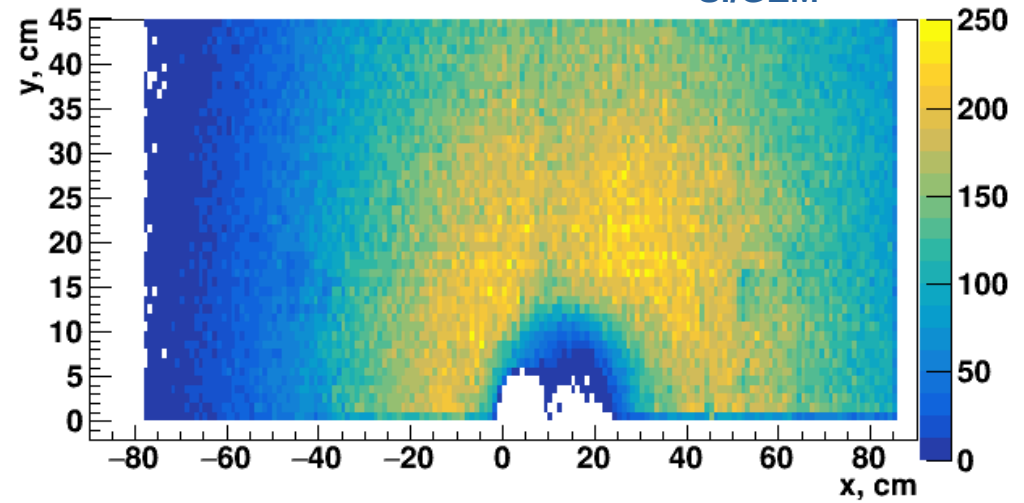
- The hit densities are similar for Data and MC, taking into account the positive Tx and Ty slopes of the beam and the spread of the beam slopes

BM@N GEM6 hit density difference for MC with and wo Eff_{Si/GEM}

MC wo Eff_{Si/GEM}



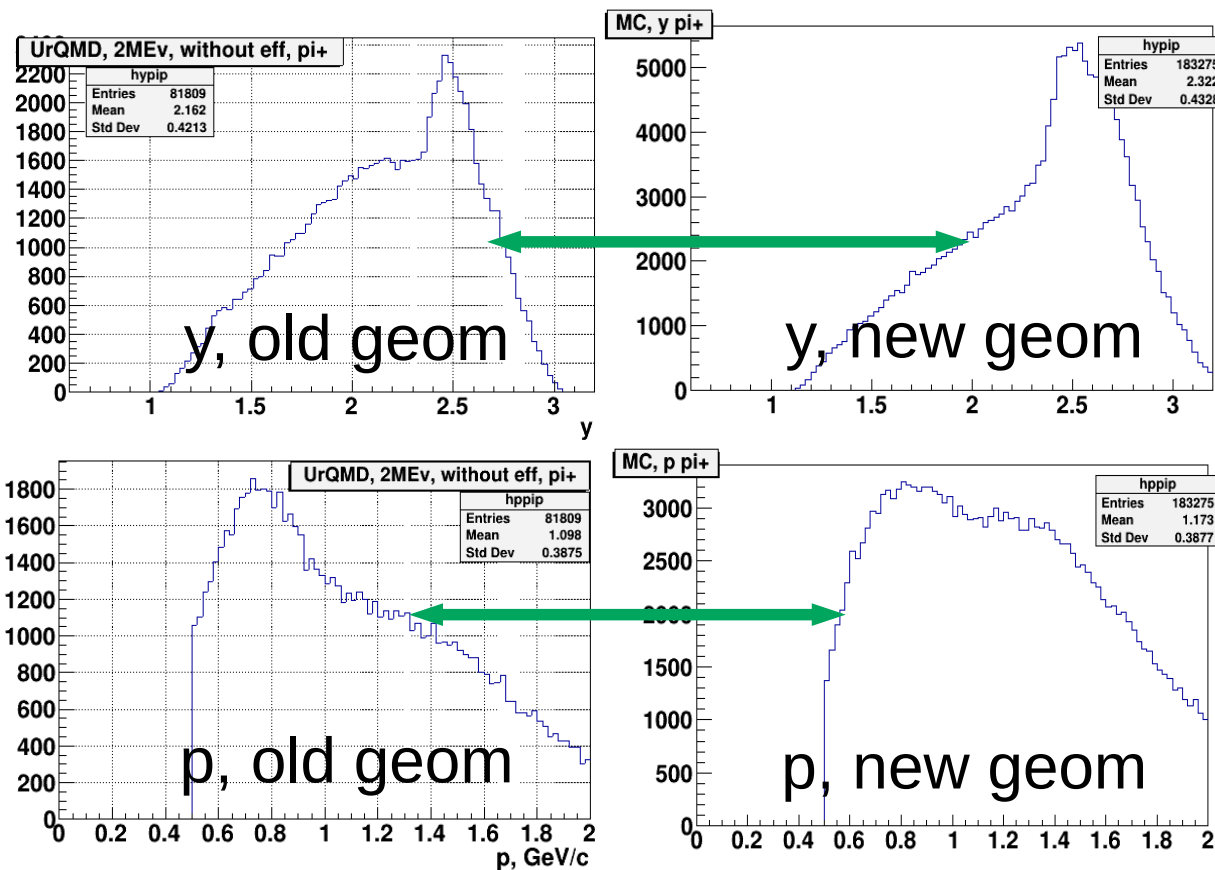
Si/GEM
MC with Eff_{Si/GEM}



- Applying of Eff_{Si/GEM} **distorts** hit density significantly
- **Less than 30%** of entries **survive** after applying Eff_{Si/GEM}

Backup

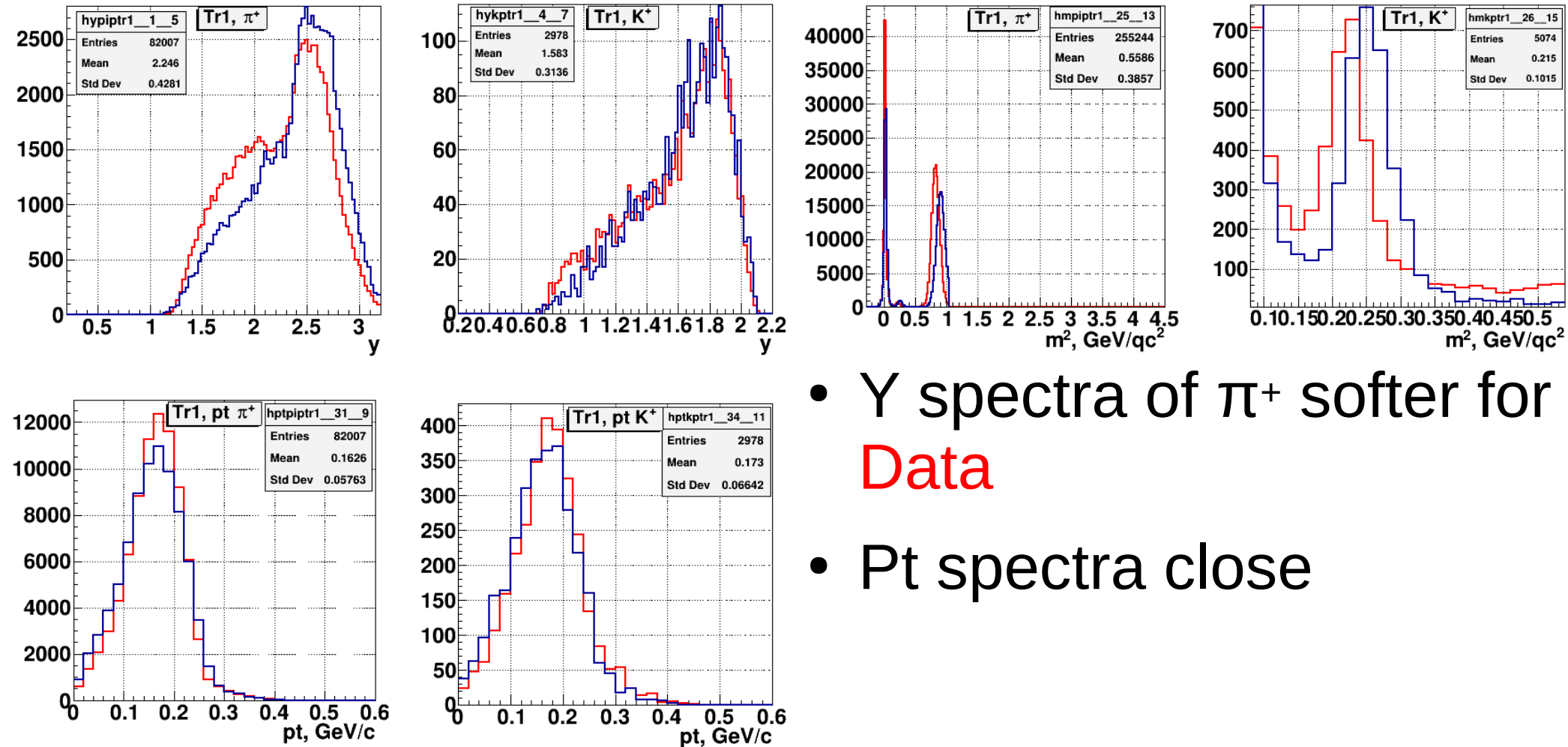
MC target geometry is improved, from 6th CM



π^+

- Result:** low part of MC p_{full} spectrum decrease by ~20%

Data and MC spectra comparison (without CSC), from 8th CM



- Y spectra of π^+ softer for **Data**
- Pt spectra close

Beam slope in the TOF700 analysis

- Double_t **xangle_mean** = **0.005**, xangle_sigma = 0.004;
- Double_t yangle_mean = 0.005, yangle_sigma = 0.003;
- Double_t x_mean = 0.4193, x_sigma = 0.7987;
- Double_t y_mean = 2.591, y_sigma = 0.6441;
- Double_t z_start = 0.6485, dz = 0.5165;
-
- primGen->SetBeam(x_mean, y_mean, x_sigma, y_sigma);
- primGen->SetBeamAngle(**xangle_mean**, yangle_mean, xangle_sigma, yangle_sigma);
- primGen->SetTarget(z_start, dz);
- primGen->SmearVertexZ(kTRUE);
- primGen->SmearGausVertexXY(kTRUE);