# Signal and Background for $\eta_{\it C} ightarrow {\it p}ar{\it p}$

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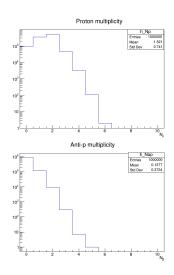
DLNP Dubna, Russia

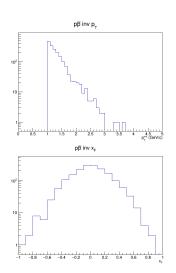
Jan 18, 2022

### **PYTHIA Details**

- $m_{\eta_C}=2.984~{
  m GeV}/c^2$ , BR  $(\eta_C o par p):1.45 imes10^{-3}$
- PYTHIA does not hadronize  $\eta_c$ .  $J/\Psi$  used instead for study
- Only  $J/\Psi$  produced in p+p collision : Charmonium:gg2ccbar(3S1)[3S1(1)]g = on,off
- $J/\Psi \rightarrow p\bar{p}$  decay forced : 443:oneChannel = 1 1 0 2212 -2212
- Signal events normalized to 600K (expected events : SPD CDR) for one year of data at design luminosity
- MinBias (SoftQCD:all = on) studied for background :  $p, \bar{p}$  NOT from  $J/\Psi$  are considered only
- Momentum resolution used :  $\frac{\delta p}{\rho} = 0.02 + 0.002 p$
- ullet Each event, all possible combinations of p and  $ar{p}$  are stored as bkg
- ullet For pT and xF distribution, candidates in  $3\sigma$  mass window are used
- Selection criteria for  $p, \bar{p}: p_T \geq 1$  GeV,  $-2. \leq y \leq 2$ .

## Background Distributions





## Signal Distributions

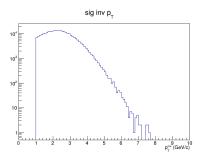


Figure 1: Signal invariant pT distribution

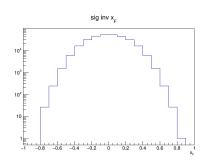
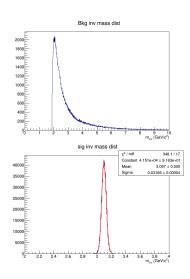


Figure 2: Signal invariant xF distribution

#### Invariant Mass Distributions



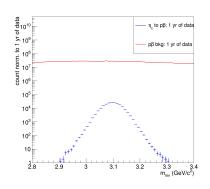


Figure 3: signal to background for  $p\bar{p}$  invariant mass distribution

#### Outlook

- Distance of Common Approach (DCA) between the tracks were not very helpful as almost all  $p, \bar{p}$  comes essentially from the primary vertex or VERY close to it
- Opening angle between the particles could be useful to eliminate background
- Looking at some events in SPDROOT might give more realistic variables to tweak