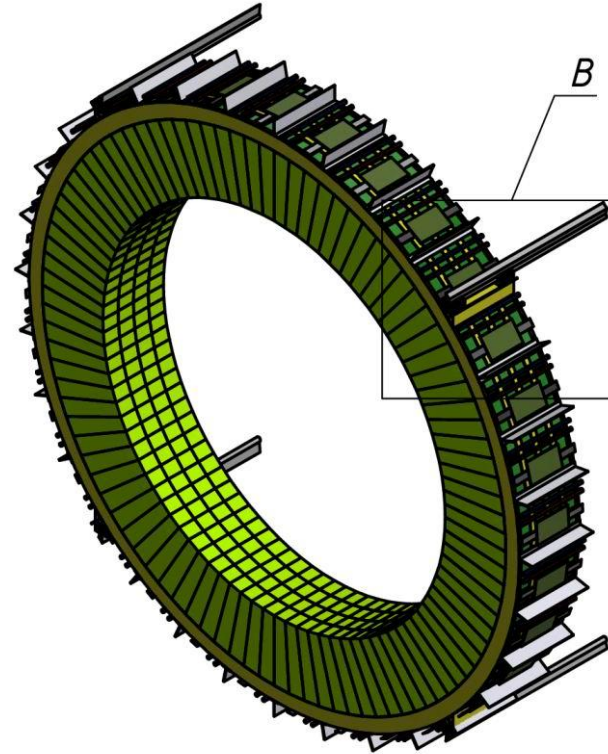
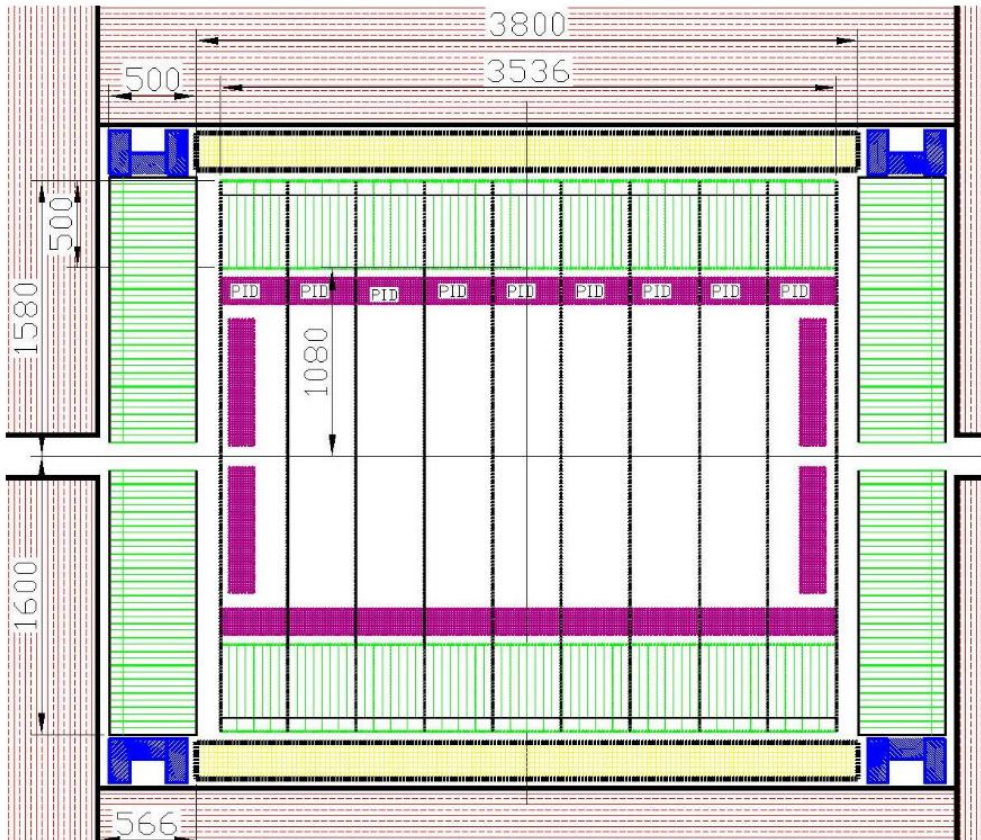


# Performance of ECAL in the latest configuration

Andrei Maltsev (JINR)

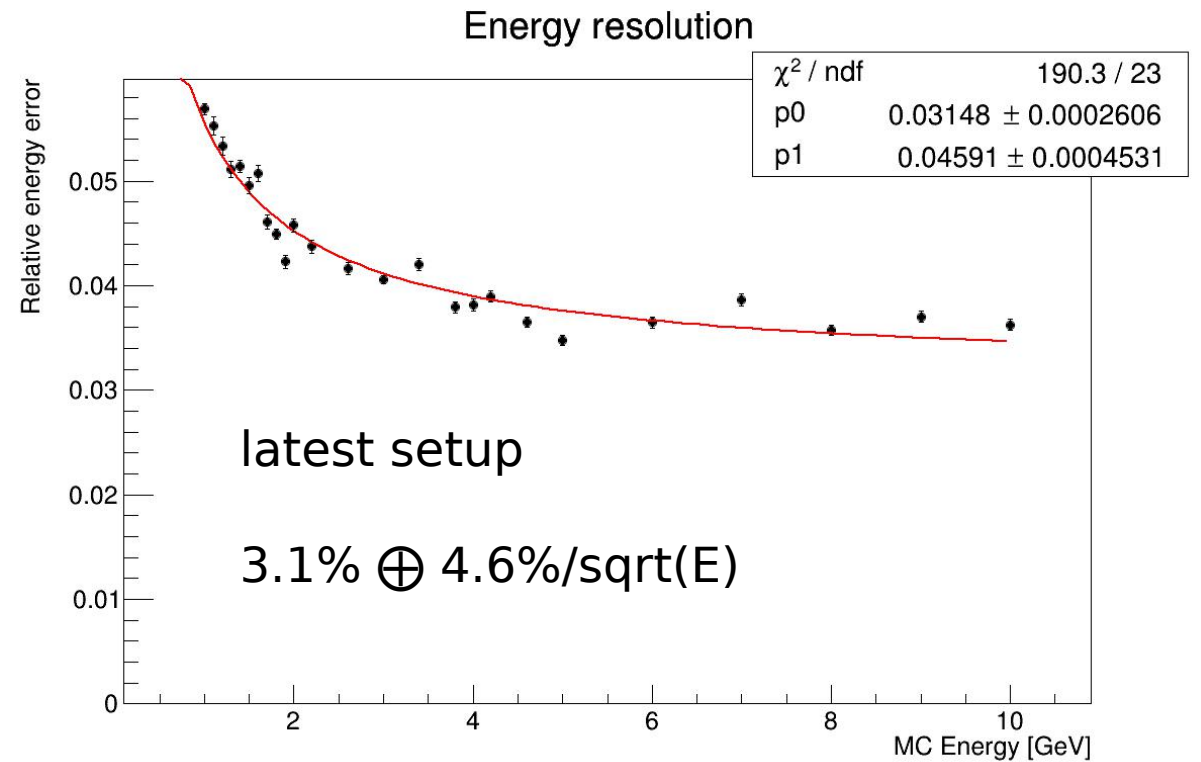
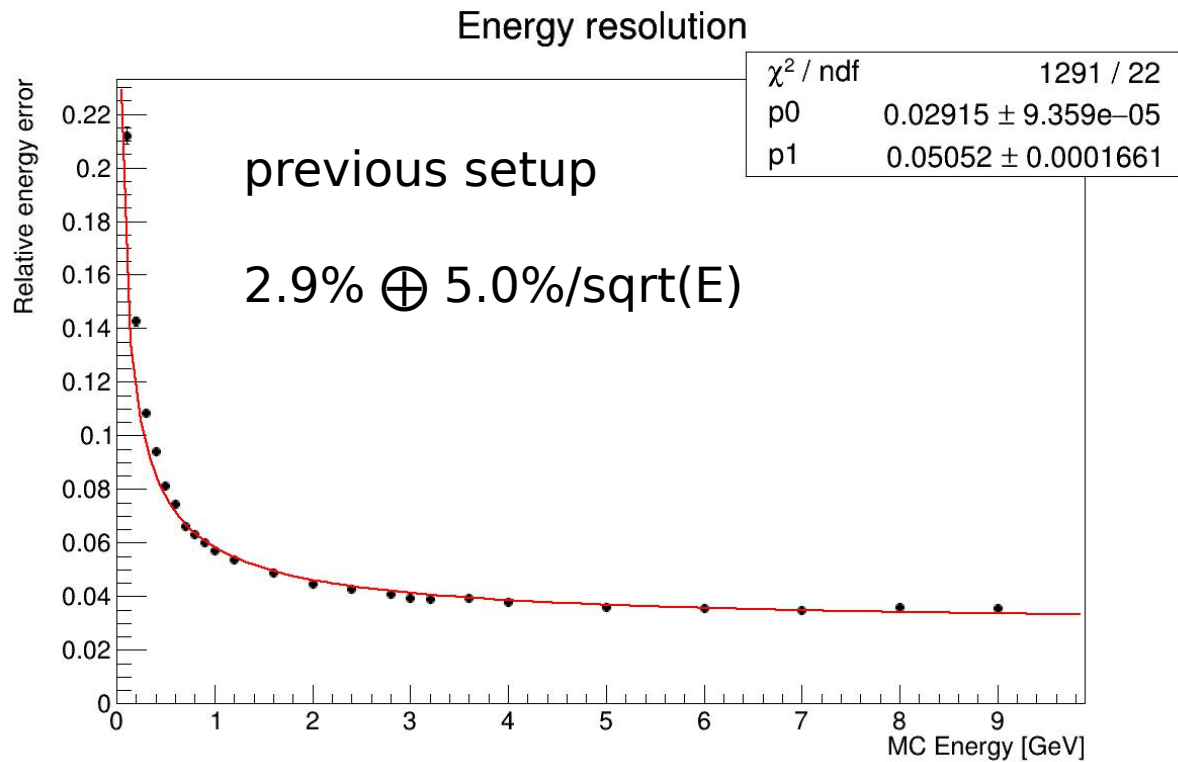
26.01.2022

# Latest configuration (TDR draft)

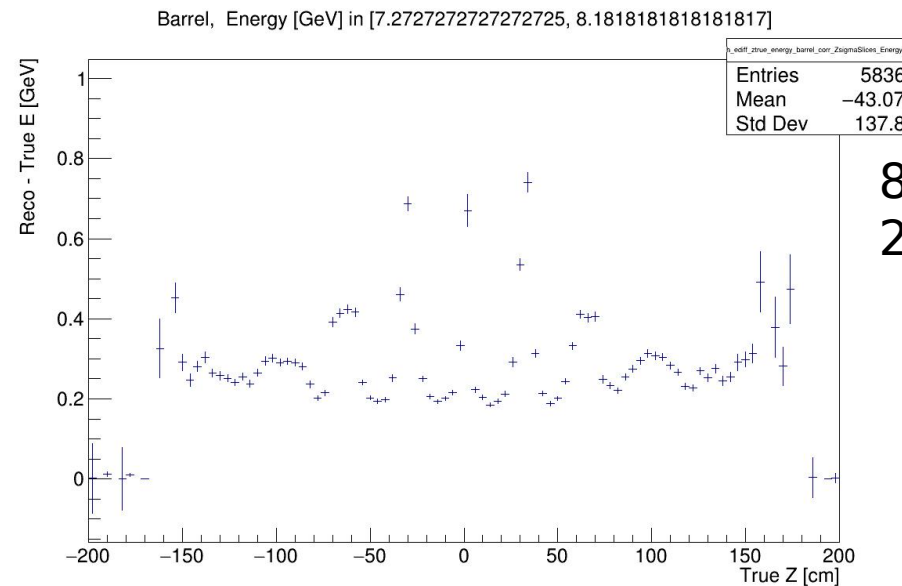
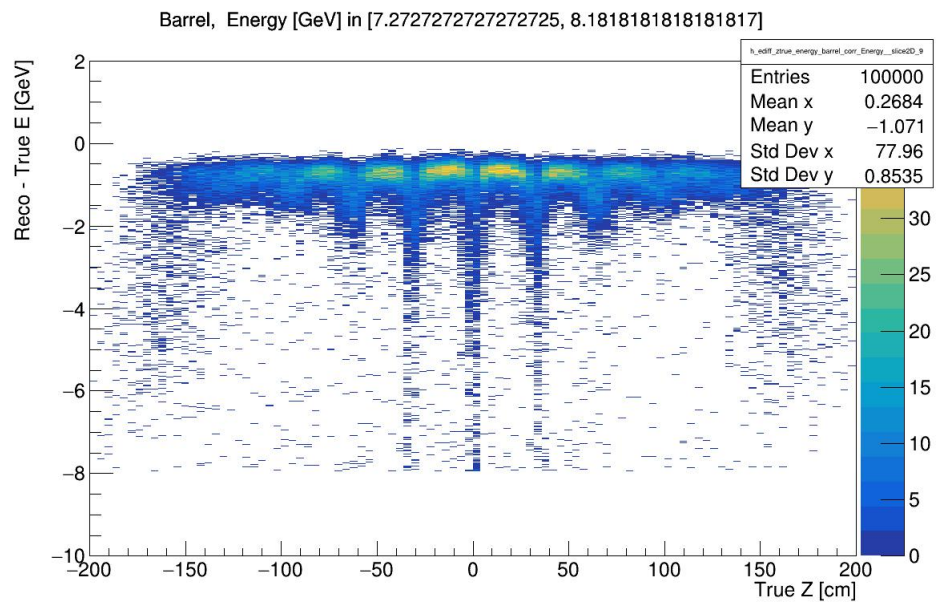
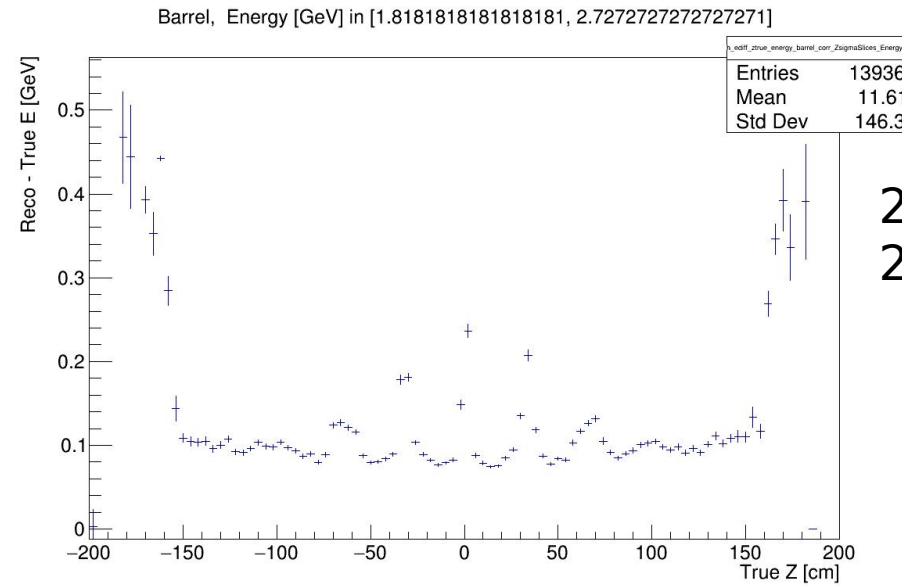
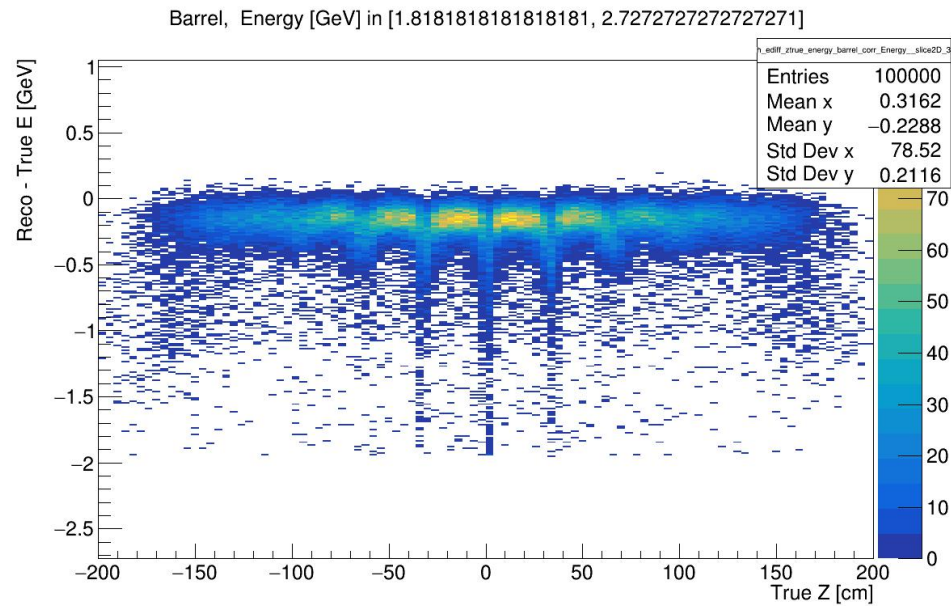


- “Z slices”  
(as opposed to  $\phi$  baskets)
- cryostat outside ECAL:  
 $R_{\text{ECAL,front}} = 1080$  mm
- 190 layers  
(200 layers previously)
- cell front side dimensions:  
34×48 mm
- simulation: smearing  
 $Z_{\text{PV}}$  in [-30, 30] cm region

# Energy resolution



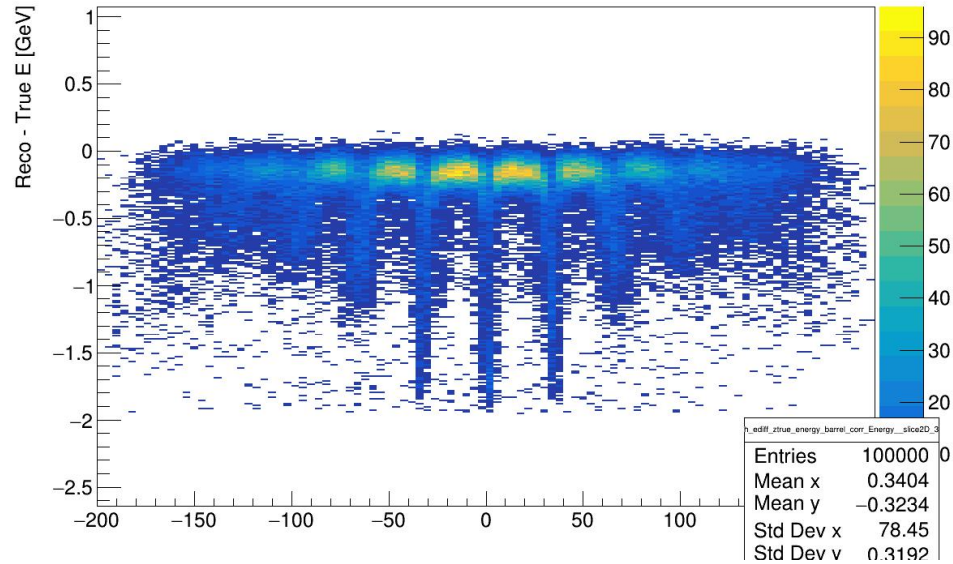
# Impact of gaps between Z-slices



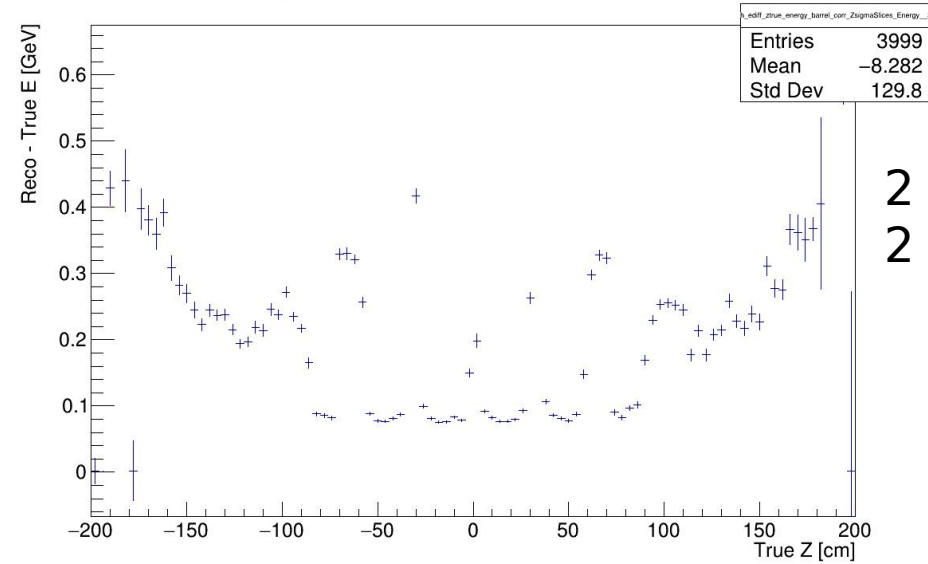


# Impact of gaps between Z-slices

Barrel, Energy [GeV] in [1.8181818181818181, 2.7272727272727271]

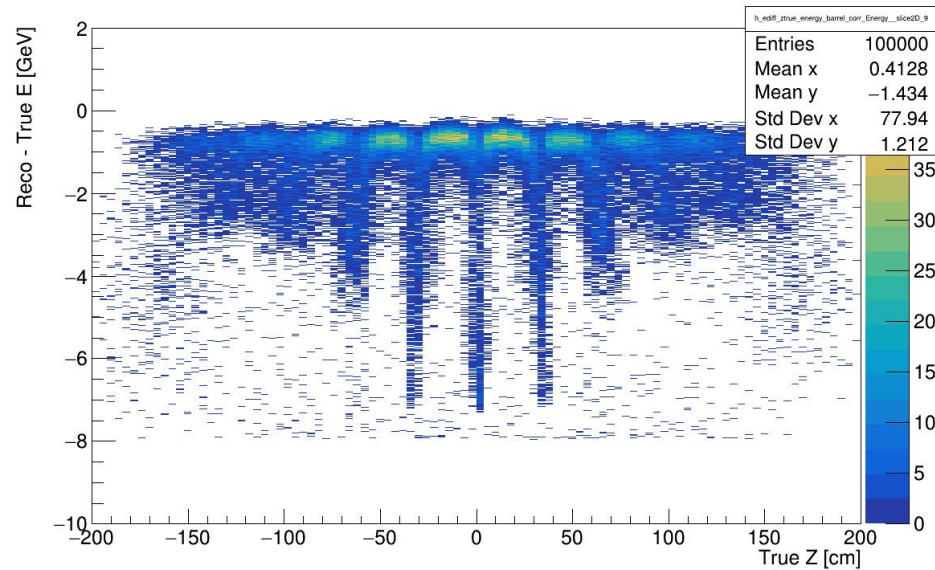


Barrel, Energy [GeV] in [1.8181818181818181, 2.7272727272727271]

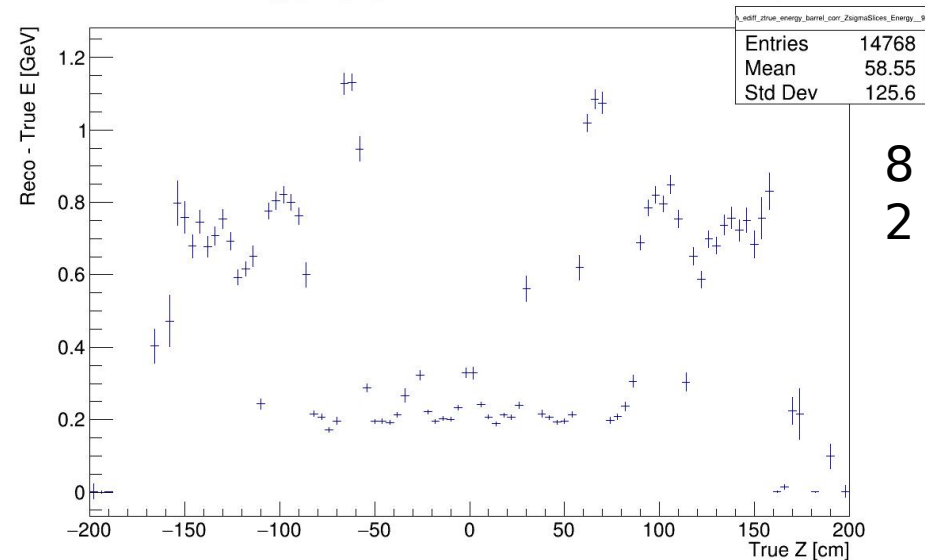


2 GeV  
2 cm iron gaps

Barrel, Energy [GeV] in [7.2727272727272725, 8.1818181818181817]



Barrel, Energy [GeV] in [7.2727272727272725, 8.1818181818181817]



8 GeV  
2 cm iron gaps

# Conclusions

- The latest geometry version doesn't significantly impact the energy resolution, but:
- using Z slices of about 2 cm with heavy material between (iron) will worsen energy resolution significantly for photons hitting in the gap, and with large angles
- Using lighter material, e.g. carbon significantly improves the situation and allows to successfully reconstruct photon energies, although with slightly worse resolution