# Off-line Data Analysis: <sup>136</sup>Ba

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### $^{136}$ Ba( $\mu^{-}, v$ ) $^{136}$ Cs

<i>E</i> (keV)	A <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>6</sup> h⁻¹)	N <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>8</sup> )	T <sub>1/2</sub> (d)	T <sub>1/2</sub> (ref.) (d)
66.9	0.77	3.51	13.1	
86.4	0.72	3.30	13.3	
109.7	1.18	4.94	12.1	
153.2	1.49	6.72	13.0	12 01
163.9	1.48	6.60	12.9	13.01
166.6	1.20	5.34	12.8	
176.6	2.24	9.86	12.7	
187.3	1.19	4.85	11.8	

*E*: energy of the peak

 $A_0$ : initial activity when the muon irradiation stopped  $N_0$ : initial number of isotopes when the muon irradiation stopped  $T_{1/2}$ : half-life

<i>E</i> (keV)	A <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>6</sup> h⁻¹)	N <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>8</sup> )	T <sub>1/2</sub> (d)	T <sub>1/2</sub> (ref.) (d)
273.6	1.35	6.04	12.9	
319.9	1.58	7.03	12.9	
340.5	1.45	6.48	12.9	
507.2	1.46	8.86	17.5	12 01
818.5	1.47	6.51	12.8	13.01
1048.1	1.43	6.35	12.8	
1235.4	1.39	6.15	12.8	
1321.6	90.2	392	12.5	

For **low energy** region (< 120 keV),  $A_0(X')$  is relatively lower.

- There's a fluctuation of  $A_0(X')$  around 166-187 keV (possibly due to efficiency).
- A relatively long T<sub>1/2</sub> was calculated for 507.2 keV (the fitting error is expected to be large since the peak overlapped with another peak of <sup>132</sup>Cs at 505.8 keV).
- The A<sub>0</sub>(X') and its uncertainty for 1321.6 keV is unusually high hence it is excluded from averaging.

### $^{136}Ba(\mu^{-},v2n)^{134}Cs$

<i>E</i> (keV)	A <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>4</sup> h <sup>-1</sup> )	N <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>8</sup> )	T <sub>1/2</sub> (y)	T <sub>1/2</sub> (ref.) (y)
563.2	4.79	142	23.4	
569.3	**negative decay constant**			
604.7	6.10	52.1	6.75	2 0452
795.9	6.35	2.87	0.36	2.0052
802.0	**negative decay constant**			
1365.2	**negative decay constant**			

- None of the peak has a  $T_{1/2}$  that close to reference value (some peaks even "grow" instead of decay).
- The decay curve is too flat to overcome the fluctuation caused by uncertainty of N(X').
- However, the  $A_0(X')$  of all peaks are at the same magnitude of 10<sup>4</sup>.

### $^{136}$ Ba( $\mu^{-}$ ,v4n) $^{132}$ Cs

<i>E</i> (keV)	A <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>5</sup> h⁻¹)	N <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>8</sup> )	T <sub>1/2</sub> (d)	T <sub>1/2</sub> (ref.) (d)
464.5	10.2	2.11	6.01	
505.8	8.22	1.03	3.62	
630.2	5.78	1.10	5.51	6.48
667.7	9.62	2.14	6.41	
1317.9	7.48	1.43	5.51	

- The  $A_0(X')$  of all peaks are between 5.78-10.2 x 10<sup>5</sup>.
- Except 505.9 keV,  $T_{1/2}$  of all the peaks are close to reference value.
- The 505.8 keV peak has relatively short T<sub>1/2</sub> due to overlapping with <sup>136</sup>Cs at 507.2 keV.

### $^{136}Ba(\mu^{-},v7n)^{129}Cs$

E (keV)	A <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>4</sup> h <sup>-1</sup> )	N <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>6</sup> )	T <sub>1/2</sub> (h)	T <sub>1/2</sub> (ref.) (h)
371.9	9.09	4.32	33.0	22.04
411.5	10.7	4.07	26.5	32.00

For <sup>129</sup>Cs, two of the most prominent peaks from this isotope are observed successfully.

 $^{136}Ba(\mu^{-},vp)^{135}Xe$ 

E	<i>A</i> <sub>0</sub> (X')	N <sub>0</sub> (X')	T <sub>1/2</sub>	T <sub>1/2</sub> (ref.)
(keV)	(10 <sup>4</sup> h <sup>-1</sup> )	(10 <sup>5</sup> )	(h)	(h)
249.8	5.13	6.16	8.32	9.14

#### $^{136}Ba(\mu^{-},vp2n)^{133}Xe$

E (keV)	<i>A</i> <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>4</sup> h <sup>-1</sup> )	N <sub>0</sub> (X') (10 <sup>6</sup> )	T <sub>1/2</sub> (d)	T <sub>1/2</sub> (ref.) (d)
81.0	2.72	7.22	7.67	5.2475
233.2	5.60	5.11	2.63	2.198

- For emission channels with 1 proton, the prominent peaks from <sup>135</sup>Xe and <sup>133</sup>Xe are observed successfully.
- The N<sub>0</sub> of both <sup>135</sup>Xe and <sup>133</sup>Xe are less than <sup>136</sup>Cs and <sup>134</sup>Cs by a magnitude of 2 or 3.

### $^{136}$ Ba( $\mu^{-}, v\alpha n$ ) $^{131}$ I

<i>E</i>	A <sub>0</sub> (X')	N <sub>0</sub> (X')	T <sub>1/2</sub>	T <sub>1/2</sub> (ref.)
(keV)	(10 <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup> )	(10 <sup>6</sup> )	(d)	(d)
364.5	5.90	1.75	8.58	8.0252

- The most prominent <sup>131</sup>I (1 $\alpha$ 1n) peak at 364.5 keV is observed which confirm the alpha emission from OMC of <sup>136</sup>Ba.
- The  $N_0(^{131}I)$  is less than half of  $^{133}Xe$ , but more than  $^{135}Xe$ .

## Average N<sub>0</sub>(X')

lsotope	<i>N</i> <sub>0</sub> (X')	Ratio to <sup>136</sup> Cs
<sup>136</sup> Cs (0 <i>n</i> )	6.17 x 10 <sup>8</sup>	1
<sup>135</sup> Cs (1 <i>n</i> )	-	-
<sup>134</sup> Cs (2 <i>n</i> )	-	-
<sup>133</sup> Cs (3 <i>n</i> )	-	-
<sup>132</sup> Cs (4n)	1.56 x 10 <sup>8</sup>	0.25
<sup>131</sup> Cs (5 <i>n</i> )	-	-
<sup>130</sup> Cs (6 <i>n</i> )	-	-
<sup>129</sup> Cs (7 <i>n</i> )	4.20 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	0.007

lsotope	<i>N</i> <sub>0</sub> (X')	Ratio to <sup>136</sup> Cs
<sup>135</sup> Xe (1 <i>p</i> )	6.16 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	0.001
<sup>134</sup> Xe (1 <i>p</i> 1 <i>n</i> )	-	-
<sup>133</sup> Xe (1 <i>p</i> 2 <i>n</i> )	6.17 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	0.01
<sup>132</sup> Xe (1 <i>p</i> 3 <i>n</i> )	-	-
<sup>131</sup> Xe (1 <i>p</i> 4 <i>n</i> )	-	-

lsotope	<i>N</i> <sub>0</sub> (X')	Ratio to <sup>136</sup> Cs
<sup>132</sup> I (1 $\alpha$ )	-	-
<sup>131</sup> Ι (1α1n)	1.75 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	0.003
<sup>130</sup> Ι (1α2n)	-	-

#### Average $N_0(X')$



#### **APPENDIX A:**

## Spectra and A(X') vs $t_{irr}$ plots of <sup>136</sup>Ba( $\mu^{-}$ , v)<sup>136</sup>Cs peaks

















#### **APPENDIX B:**

## Spectra and A(X') vs $t_{irr}$ plots of <sup>136</sup>Ba( $\mu^{-}$ ,v2n)<sup>134</sup>Cs peaks





604.7 keV



#### 1365.2 keV



#### **APPENDIX C:**

## Spectra and A(X') vs $t_{irr}$ plots of <sup>136</sup>Ba( $\mu^{-}$ , v4n)<sup>132</sup>Cs peaks





#### 1317.9 keV



#### **APPENDIX D:**

## Spectra and A(X') vs $t_{irr}$ plots of <sup>136</sup>Ba( $\mu^{-}$ , v7n)<sup>129</sup>Cs peaks



#### **APPENDIX E:**

## Spectra and A(X') vs $t_{irr}$ plots of <sup>136</sup>Ba( $\mu^{-}$ , vp)<sup>135</sup>Xe peaks

#### 249.8 keV



#### **APPENDIX F:**

## Spectra and A(X') vs $t_{irr}$ plots of <sup>136</sup>Ba( $\mu^{-}$ , vp2n)<sup>133</sup>Xe peaks



#### **APPENDIX G:**

## Spectra and A(X') vs $t_{irr}$ plots of <sup>136</sup>Ba( $\mu^{-}$ , $v\alpha n$ )<sup>131</sup>I peaks

#### 364.5 keV

