

Analysis of total capture rate in ⁷⁶Se using Michel electrons from decay of muon (DoM)

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Decay of muon



- Muon counter C3 registers Michel electrons followed decay of muon (DoM) process opposite to OMC.
- The intensity of DoM vs. mu-stop follows lifetime curve of muon in target material M.
- Analysis of time curve of DoM is independent way to measure lifetime of muon (LoM) in target material and alternative to determination of LoM in OMC.
- Determination of LoM in target in both, DoM and OMC is a good way to obtain more robust result

Data processing

- We are using DUBNA trees (code e_time.C & etime_fit.C adapted from g_time.C & gtime_fit.C)
- Looking into single muon stop in target $\overline{C0\&C1\&C2}$ + characteristic μX rays of the element studied.



Analyzed types of events



plus we have Uncor & Uncor 0 types, but they are not analyzed (can't build time spectra for them), just counted in general statistics (shown in next slide).

Stat by event types

Processsing data file='/monument/data-1/OMC4DBD/tree/tree44480.root' (351/354, 99. Run time: 181 sec Mu hits: 28116441 events processed (590.445/206269 Mb read in data file/all) Ge hits: 5253277 events processed (322.671/112854 Mb read in data file/all) under analysis: all=2049973389: good=676360970 (32.99 %), multiple=0 (0.00 %) uncorrelated=932255781 (45.48 %), flagged=262218304 (12.79 %) uncorrelated0=131670894 (6.42 %), good0=47467440 (2.32 %) muXGood=8550177 (0.42 %), muXOther=2211265 (0.11 %) muXNotGood=2888180 (0.14 %), muXBadOther=1457069 (0.07 %)

μX lines used in coincidences



• Se-76 µX lines after OMC used for main analysis

Coincidence cuts controlled for clean events



- C1&C2 are taken in [-14,7] ns and Ge(μX)&C1 in [-50,50] ns
- Ge2 and Ge6 data were excluded due to t0 reconstruction problem.

Time curves for different event types





Defining λ_{TOT} : method

 Fit of time distributions of different event types by function f = A*exp(-x/λ) + C, where the exponent is contribution from DoM.

Defining λ_{TOT} 4 different event types



Defining λ_{TOT} 4 different event types



Results

Event type	Lambda	
	Value	Error
Good	139,28	0,01
Flag	148,06	0,06
Good0	146,25	0,09
XGood	135,33	0,09
XOther	136,37	0,29
XNGood	132,40	0,23
XBOther	138,43	0,51
XAny	135,49	0,09

Results from γ -line analysis: $\lambda = 137.2(3) \text{ ns} (w/o 2,6)$ detectors), and 136.0 ns (w/o 2,6,8 detectors).

Conclusion

- Method to define total muon capture rate in ⁷⁶Se by Michel electrons (DoM) in C3 in coincidence with μX in HPGe-detectors has been realized.
- Results obtained from this DoM method and the analysis of time evolution of γ -lines followed OMC are in perfect agreement $\lambda = 135-136$ ns.
- Characteristic behavior with $\lambda = 146-148$ ns (close to previous result) was observed for events with multiple mu-stops in the targets (Flagged & Good0).
- From the performed analyses, it can be assumed that the reason for the discrepancy between the current and previous published results is the uncontrolled contribution from events with multiple muon stops in the target in the previous experiment.