The XXVI International Scientific Conference of Young Scientists and Specialists

Simulation results of BM@N computing infrastructure

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Introduction

The software complex for simulation of distributed data processing systems is being developed at the MLIT.

The important task

Predictive modelling of data storage and processing centers.

Simulation goals

- to find out how the data storage and processing system will work with the available computing power;
- to calculate the volume of data, load on computing components and communication links with the specified parameters of data flows and jobs flows.



The simulation software complex



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Modelling the computer infrastructure for data processing of the BM@N experiment at NICA

Goals

1. The assessment of the current and future resource requirements for the data storing and processing, i.e. **BMG** calculating the volume of data for storing, load on computing components and communication links with the specified parameters of data flows and jobs.

2. Verifying the simulation software complex based on the results of the autumn Run in 2022.

Computations were held on the basis of hybrid heterogeneous computing platform.



The simulated structure

Classes of data



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Classes of jobs

N∘	Class	The average amount of input (GB)	The average amount of output (GB)	Jot	execution time (s)	Number of jobs	Job start frequency (s)
1	RawToDigit	10	0,4	(20 000 NCX, T2)	32 000	90
2	DigitToDst	0,4	0,4	(8 600 NCX, T2)	32 000	90
3	GenToSim	0,084	8	5 15 0	000 (HPC) 00 (NCX, T2)	5 250	549
4	SimToDst	8	0,4	12 35 0	000 (HPC) 00 (NCX, T2)	5 250	549
5	DstToAna	0,4	0,05	3 10 0	000 (HPC) 00 (NCX, T2)	37 250	77
į.	Each job processes 1 file. Free Each file is processed 1 time.					$=\frac{\text{session duration (s)}}{\text{number of jobs}}$	

Planned distribution of computing power

N⁰	Class	NCX LHEP	t2 lit	Supercomp.
1	RawToDigit	350	-	-
2	DigitToDst	150	-	-
3	GenToSim	-	200	90
4	SimToDst	-	200	90
5	DstToAna	600	100	10

Jobs are run on computing components in a percentage in accordance with the allocated resources.



The amount of data on the buffer



The allocated resources (1 400 TB) for storing all incoming data will be enough.



Completed jobs & Jobs queues



Computing resources usage



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Computing resources usage



300

400 500

Time (sec)

10 0

0 100 200



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600

700 800

11

700 800

100

0

200 300

400 500 600

Time (sec)

Data volume on storages



Total volume on the EOS LHEP: 900 TB Total volume on the EOS LIT: 900 TB

EOS LHEP capacity: 1 000 TB

EOS LIT capacity: 1 000 TB

The allocated resources on the EOS LHEP and the EOS LIT are enough to store all types of files in full. The storage will be filled by 90%.

Uniform distribution of file volumes in storage



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Loading communication links



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Conclusions

Simulation results of BM@N computing infrastructure with the planned parameters of the equipment and with the specified characteristics of data flows and jobs:

- completed almost all jobs in 800 hours
- ≈ 99% RawToDigit jobs; ≈ 98% DigitToDst jobs;
- ≈ 99% GenToSim jobs; ≈ 98% SimToDst jobs; ≈ 98% DstToAna jobs;
- all jobs will be completed after 30 hours after the end of the experiment;
- most of the resources on the computing components are not used; the number of cores can be reduced:

NCX LHEP – up to 500, T2 LIT – up to 110, Supercomputer – up to 50;

- \succ the data reception and storage buffer will be filled by 60%;
- EOS LHEP and EOS LIT will be filled by 90%, which may lead to storage overflow;
- > the available bandwidth of communication links is sufficient.

Further plans

- Verifying the simulation software complex based on the results of the autumn Run in 2022.
- Finding optimal equipment parameters that will ensure data processing according to the specified requirements.
- Using of probabilistic distributions of significant data acquisition processes (for example, the probability of loss of incoming data).
- Obtaining predictive values for a number of necessary computing resources within the perspective of the development of the BM@N computing infrastructure for 2023-2030.

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Thank you for the attention!

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