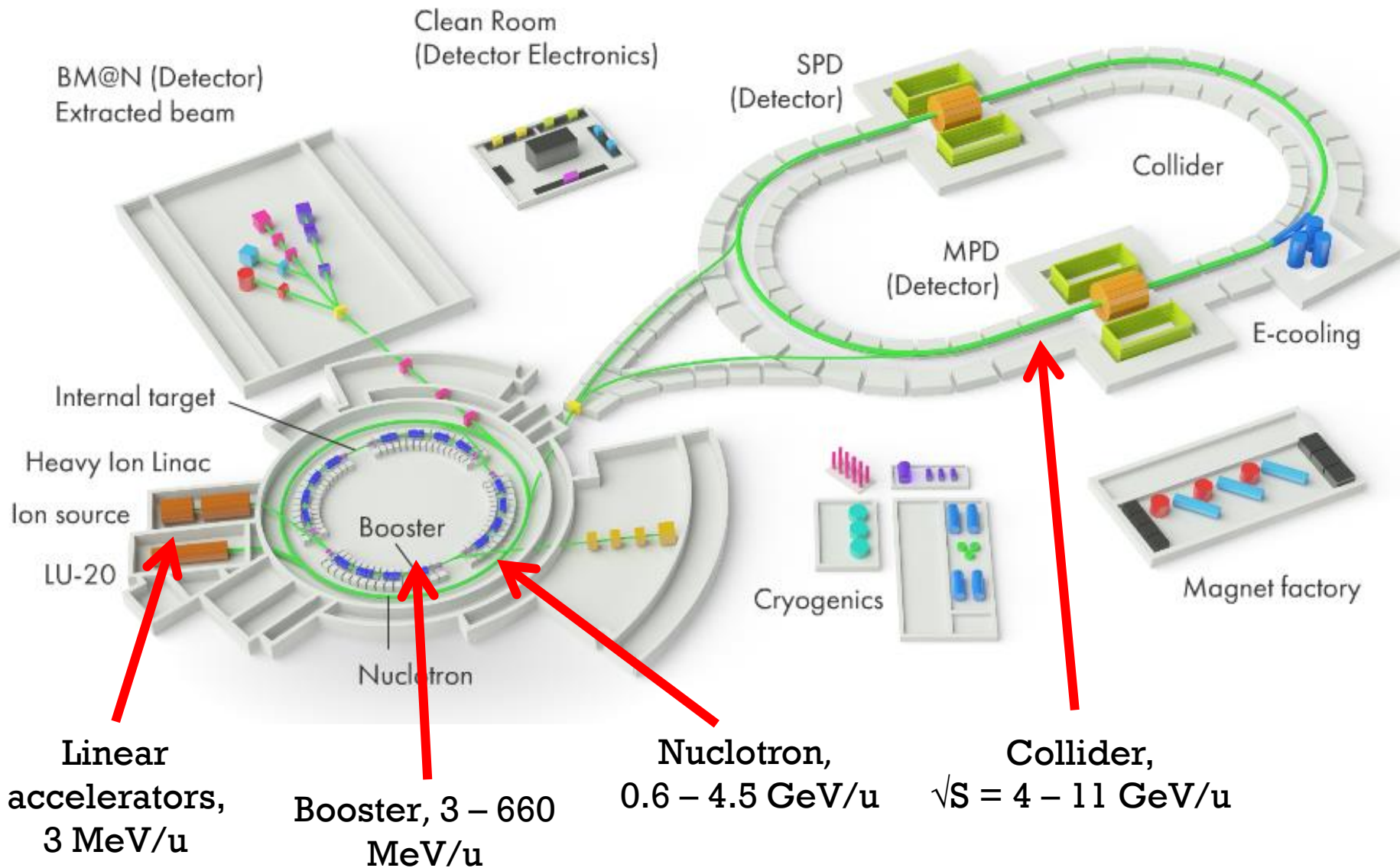




The Central Tracking System of the BM@N Experiment Based on GEM Detectors

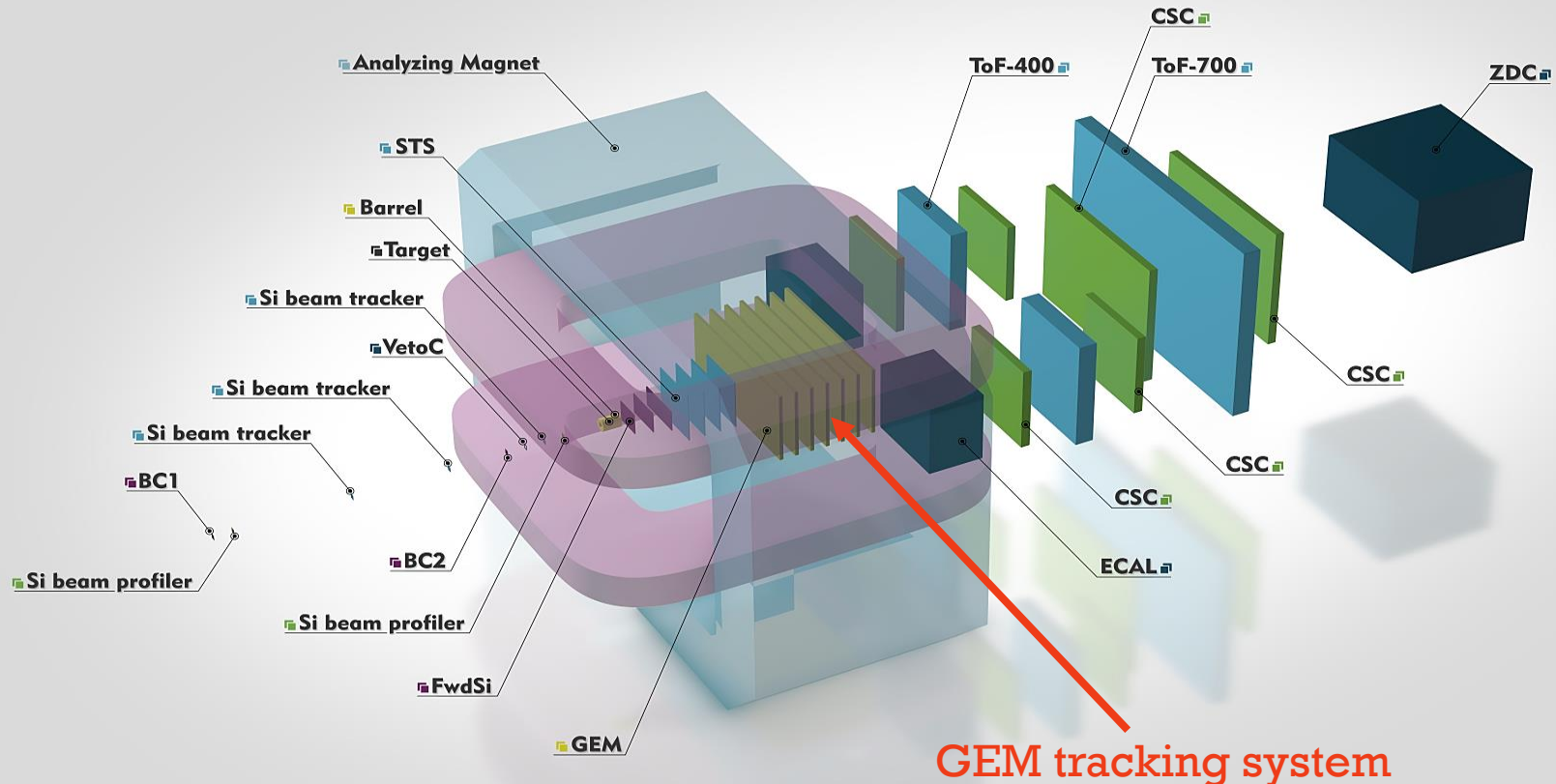
Andrei Galavanov on behalf of the BM@N Collaboration

NICA complex



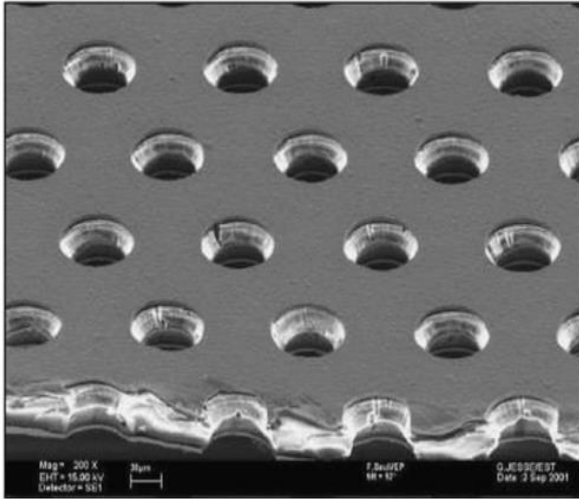
BM@N experiment

Baryonic Matter at Nuclotron (BM@N) provides a unique opportunity to study strange mesons and multi-strange hyperons close to the kinematic threshold. One of the main goals is to measure yields of light hyper-nuclei, which are expected to be produced in coalescence of Λ -hyperons with nucleons.

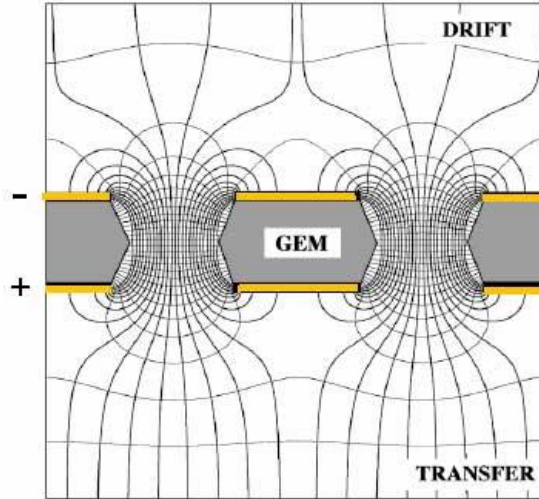


Experimental setup for high intensity heavy ion beams

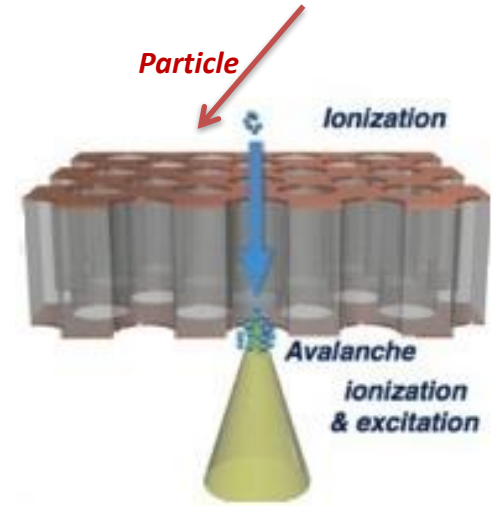
The gas electron multiplier (GEM)



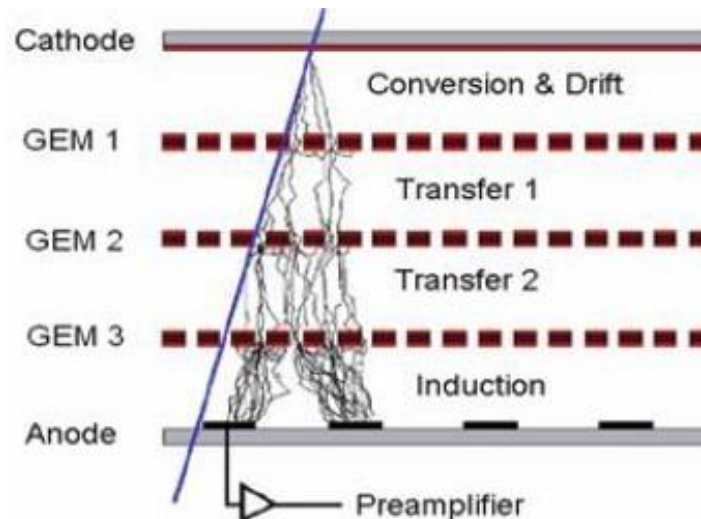
Electron microscope picture of a section of typical GEM foil: 50 μm thick capton foil, metalized on each side by 5 μm thick copper electrodes. Holes pitch and diameter are 140 and 70 μm , respectively.



Electric field in the region of the holes in a GEM foil.

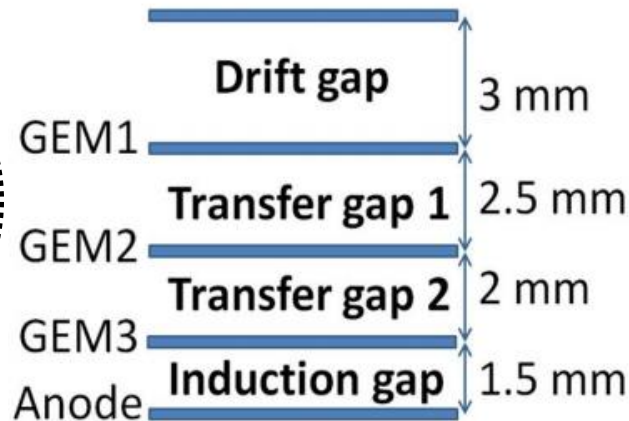
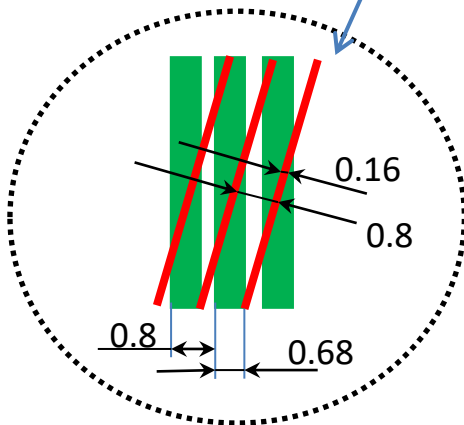
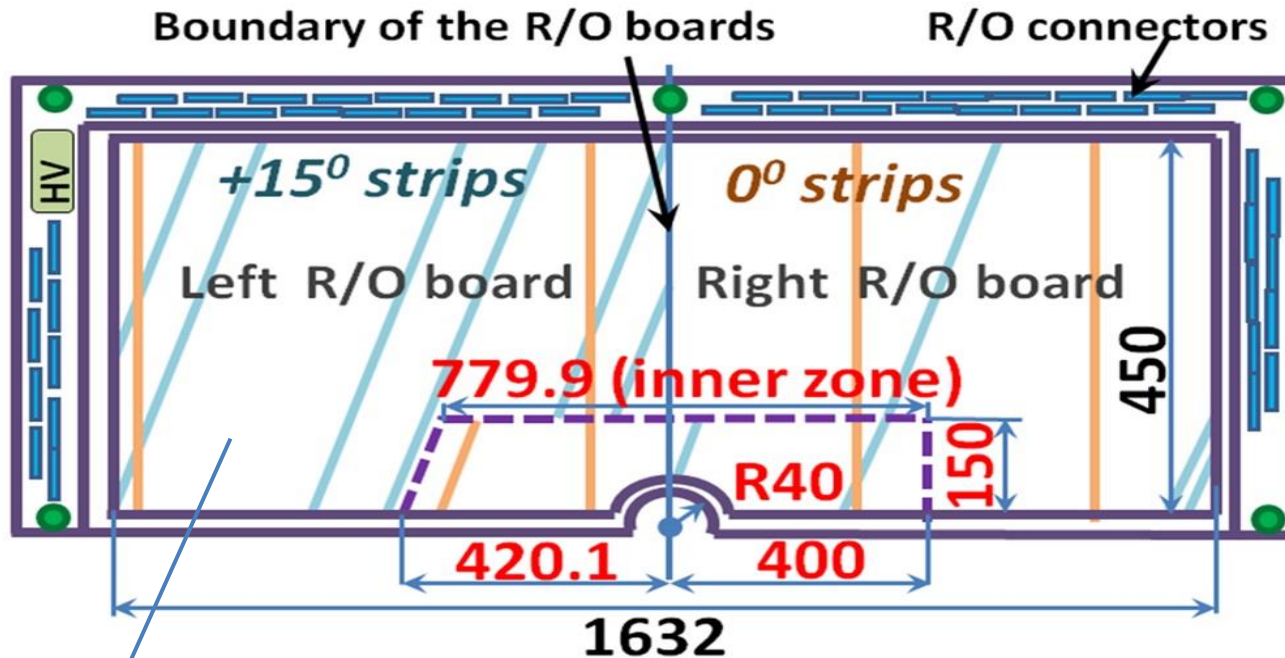


Electron avalanche in GEM holes.



Typical scheme of a triple GEM detector.

BM@N GEM detectors

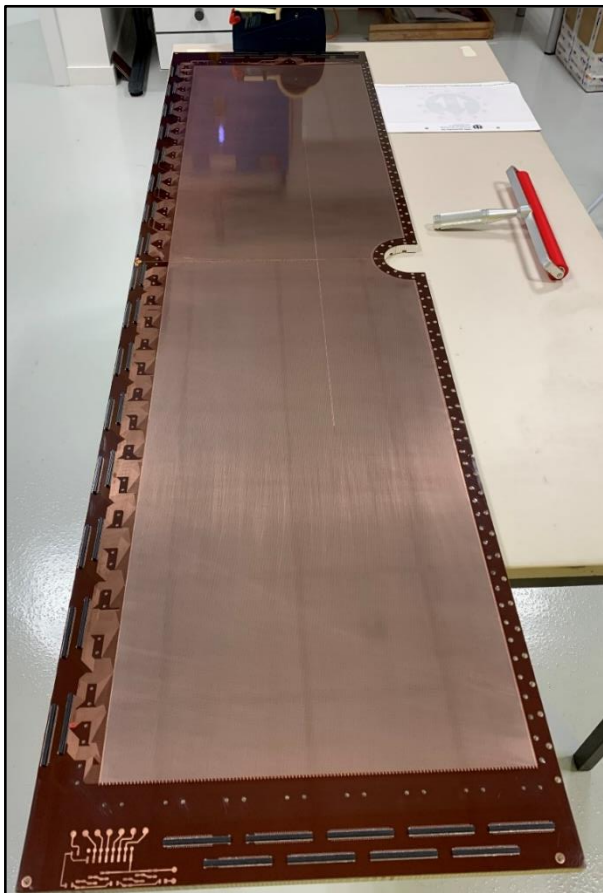


Central tracking system:
7 detectors $1632 \times 450 \text{ mm}^2$
7 detectors $1632 \times 390 \text{ mm}^2$

1 detector: 50 FEE cards with 128 channels = 6400 channels
 All system = 89600 channels

Schematic cross section of the BM@N triple GEM detector

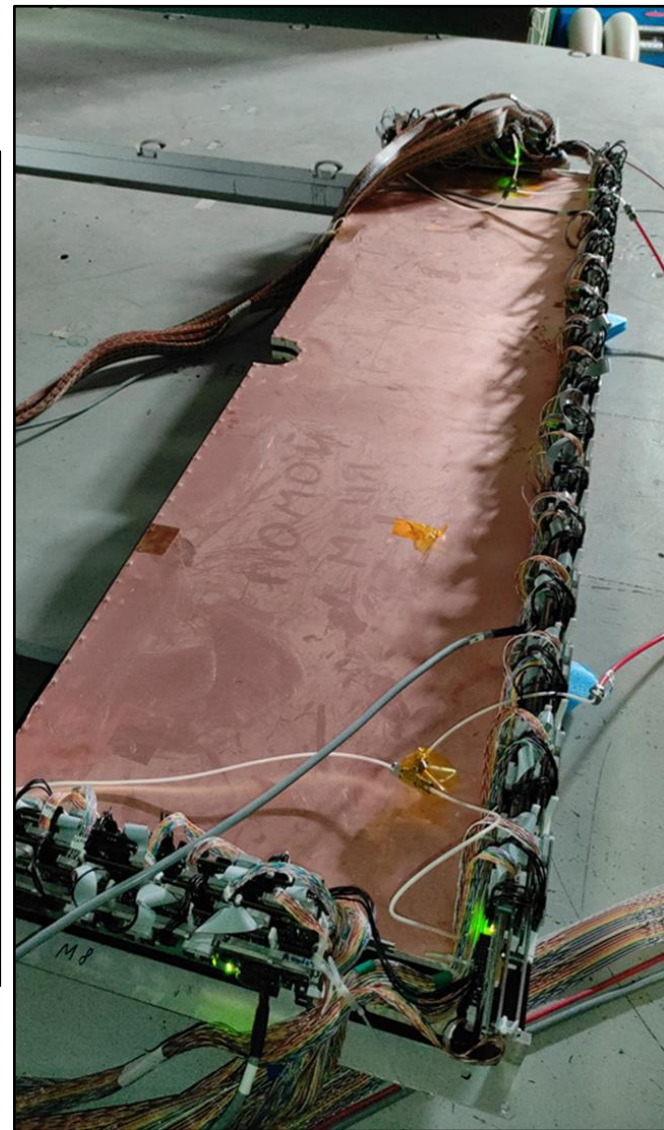
BM@N GEM detectors



Readout board

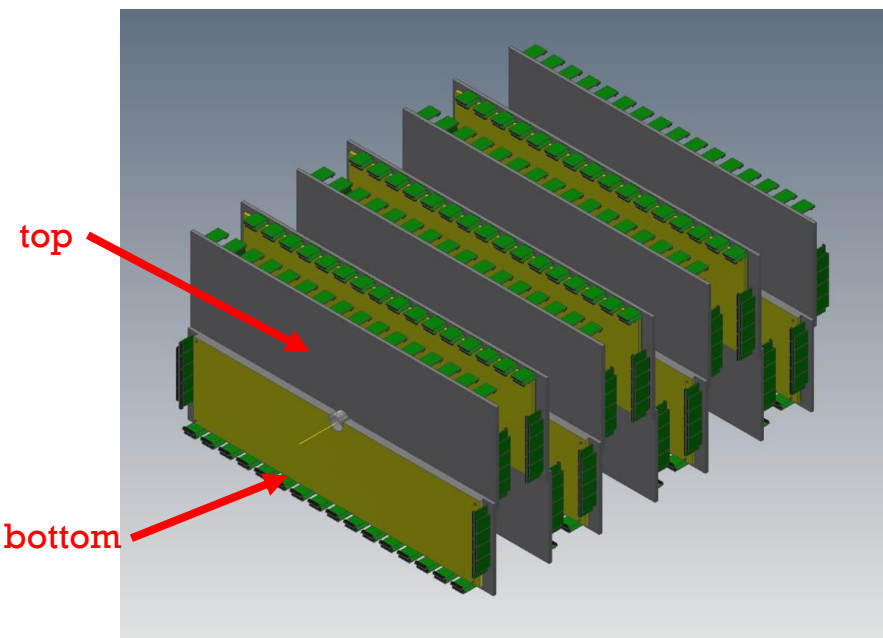


Cathode plane

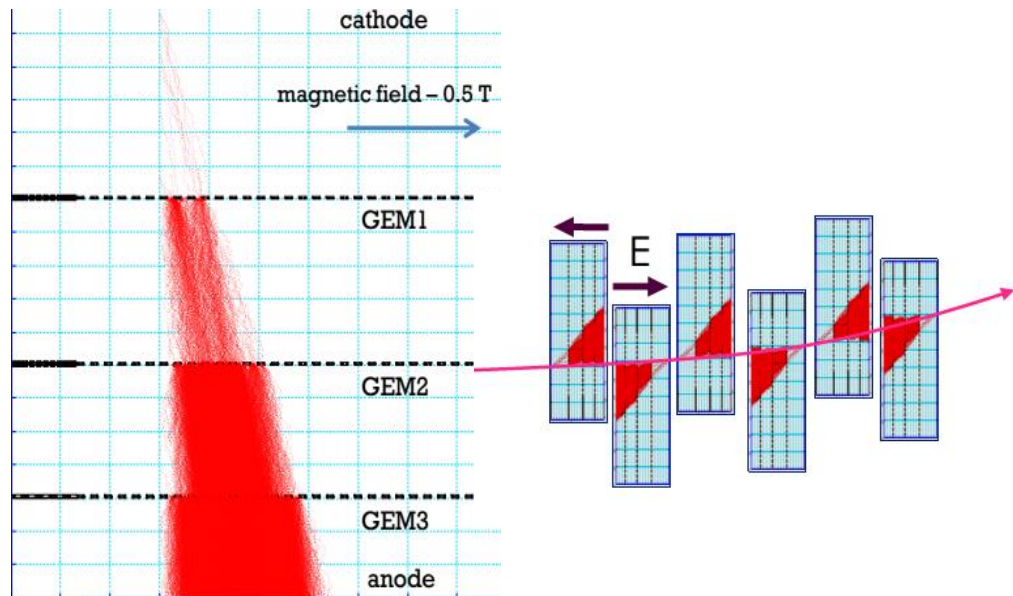
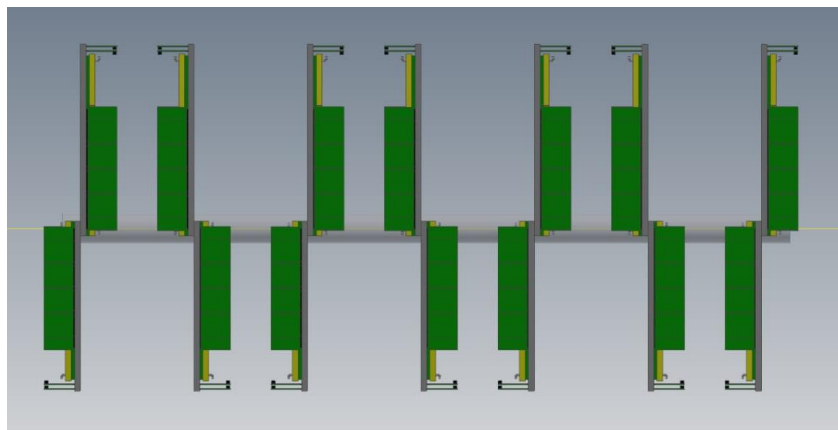


Full equipped detector

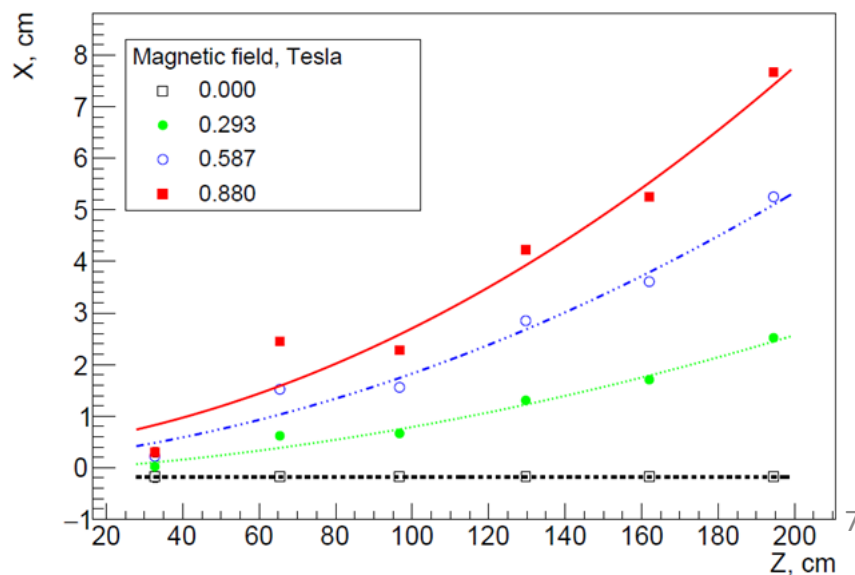
Scheme of the GEM full planes configuration



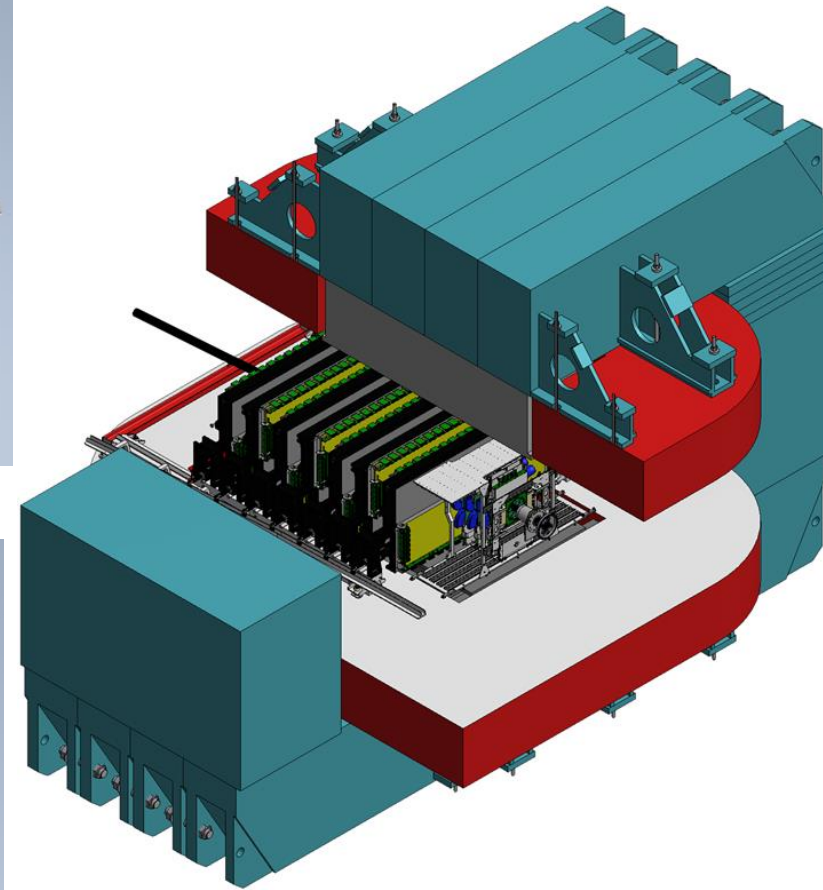
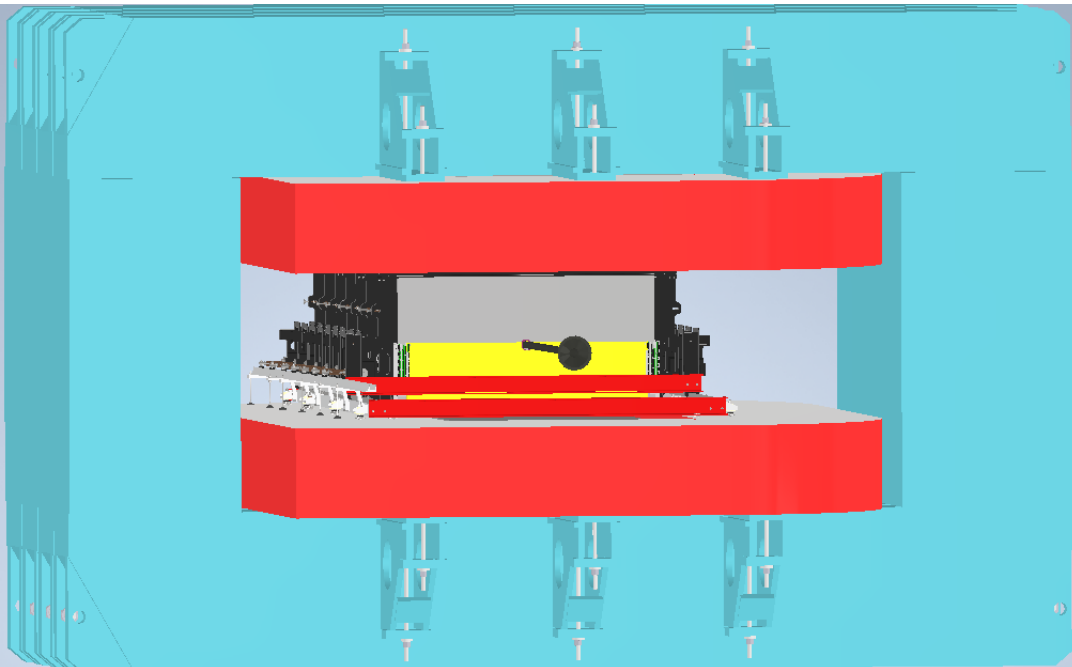
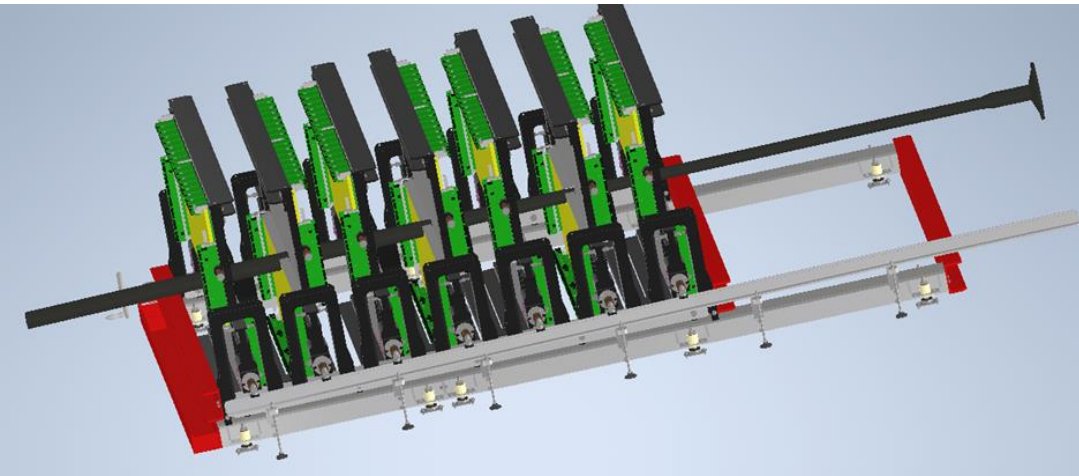
On the top - 7 detectors with active area of $1632 \times 450 \text{ mm}^2$
 At the bottom - 7 detectors with active area of $1632 \times 390 \text{ mm}^2$



Lorentz shifts of an electron avalanche in GEM planes



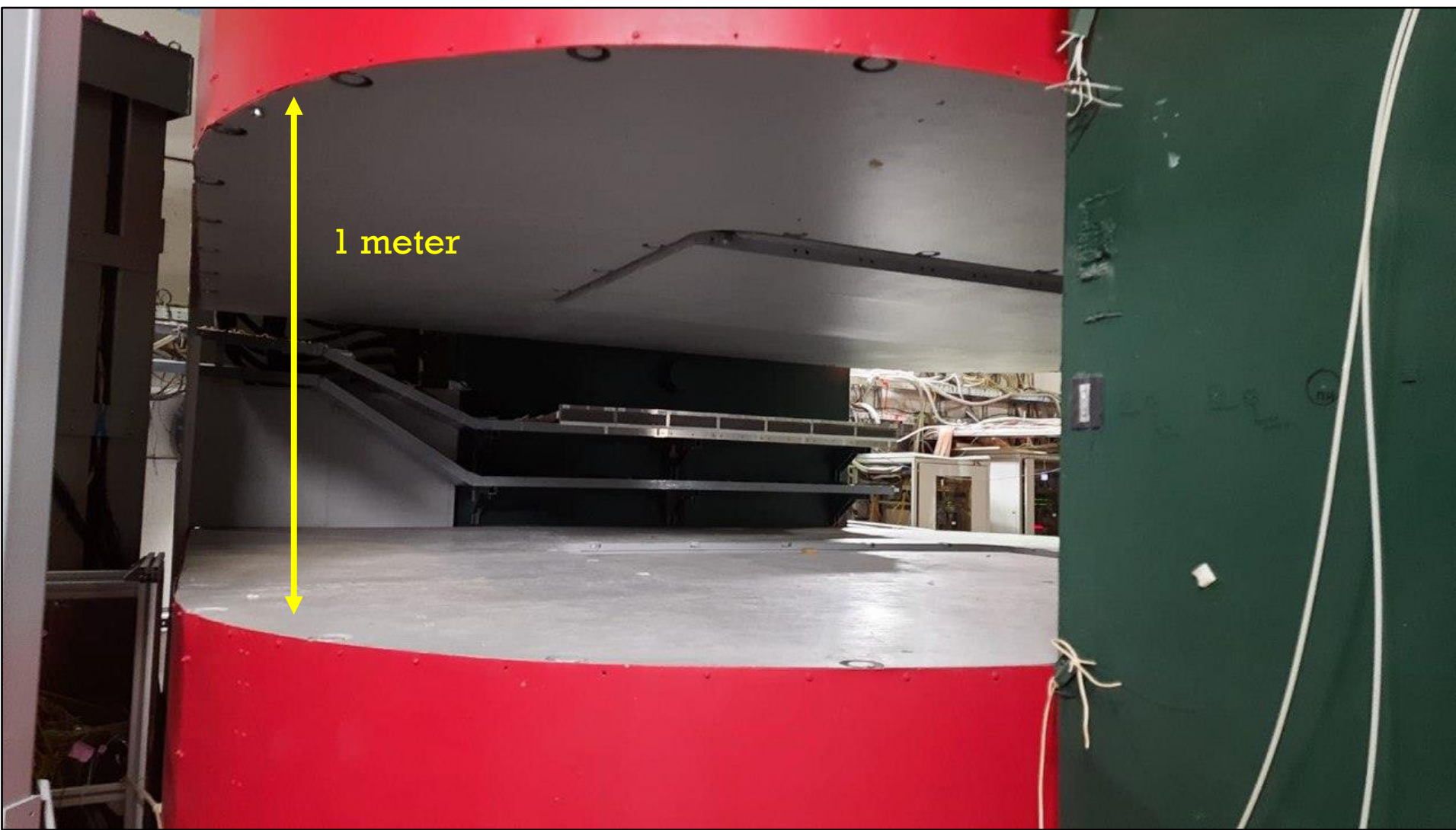
Full planes configuration inside the SP-41 magnet



Active area of the GEM tracking system is around 9.5 m^2

Space for the installation and alignment is limited by the aperture of our magnet

SP-41 magnet



Our comfortable workspace

Preliminary works

Before the central tracking system assembly was done:

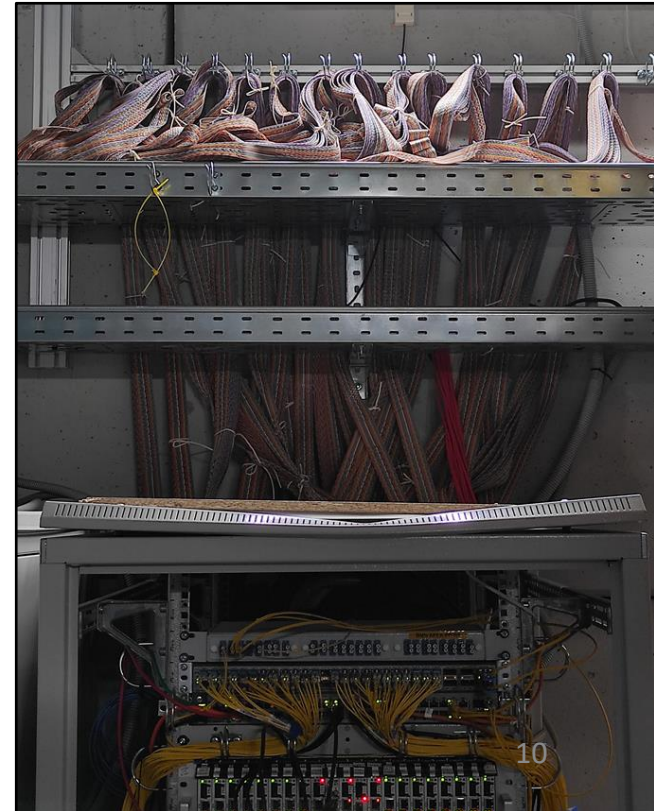
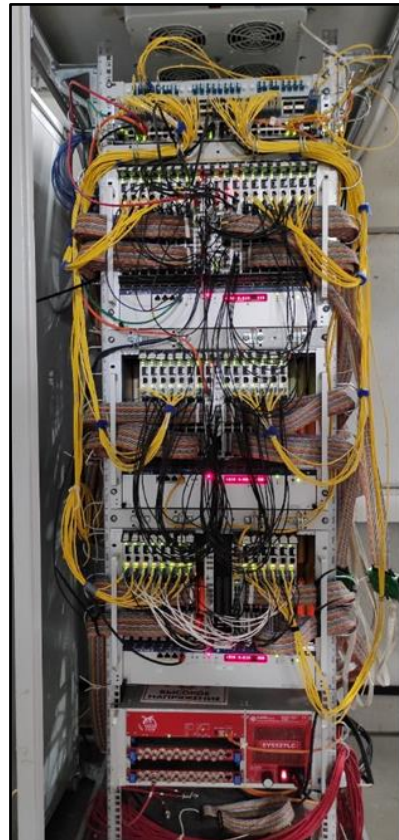
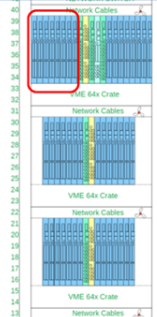
- ADC cables management (175 cables 15m long);
- Patch panels installation;
- Scheme of ADC and patch panels connection;
- Daily plan of detectors installation;



ADC cables: to patch panels↑; to DAQ rack↓

VME Crate 1, left part

ADC 5	ADC 6	ADC 7	ADC 8	ADC 9	ADC 10	ADC 11	ADC 12
7-1 7-2	7-5 7-6	7-9 7-10	7-13 7-14	7-17 7-18	7-21 7-22	5-1 5-2	5-5 5-6
TOP R add 49-64	TOP R Main 49-64	TOP R Main 33-48	TOP L Main 49-64	TOP L Main 33-48	TOP R add 49-64	TOP R Main 49-64	TOP R Main 33-48
TOP R add 33-48	TOP R Main 49-64	TOP R Main 33-48	TOP L Main 49-64	TOP L Main 33-48	TOP R add 49-64	TOP R Main 49-64	TOP R Main 33-48
TOP R add 17-32	TOP R Main 17-32	TOP R Main 1-16	TOP L Main 17-32	TOP L Main 1-16	TOP R add 17-32	TOP R Main 17-32	TOP R Main 1-16
TOP R add 1-16	TOP R Main 17-32	TOP R Main 1-16	TOP L Main 17-32	TOP L Main 1-16	TOP R add 1-16	TOP R Main 17-32	TOP R Main 1-16
7-3 7-4	7-7 7-8	7-11 7-12	7-15 7-16	7-19 7-20	7-23 7-24	5-3 5-4	5-7 5-8



Scheme of ADC cables connection to ADC modules on DAQ rack

Installation of detectors

Daily plan.

Before the start of installation, all GEM detectors are connected to the gas line and “training” high voltage (2000 V) in the test room.

Day 1:

- Disconnect the GEM from gas line and HV;
- Move it at the experimental zone and install to mechanical support inside the magnet;
- Connect the detector to gas line, and connect all cables (ADC, LV, HV) to patch panels/supply blocks;
- Test all FEE cards for stable work;
- At the end of the day rise the HV up to 1000V.

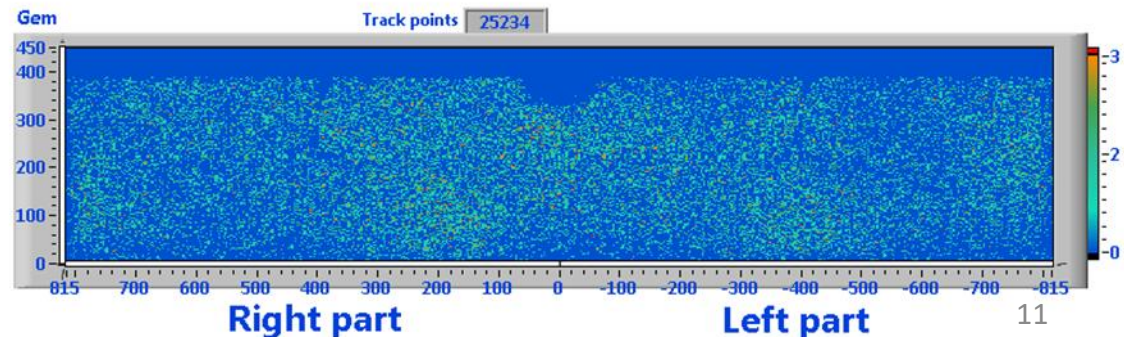
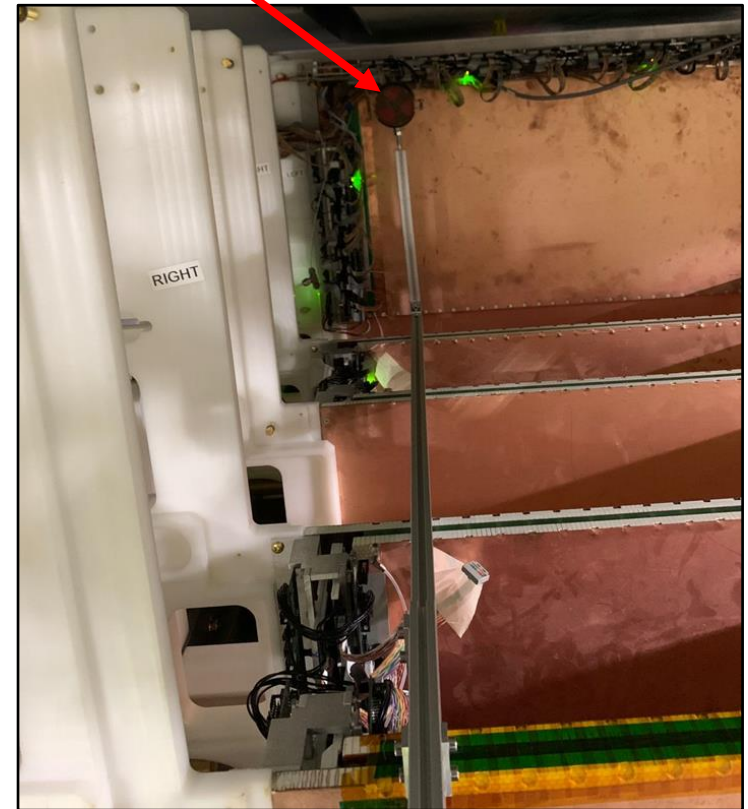
Day 2:

- Increase the HV to the working point (3200 V) during the day;
- Test the GEM response on all active area with radioactive source.

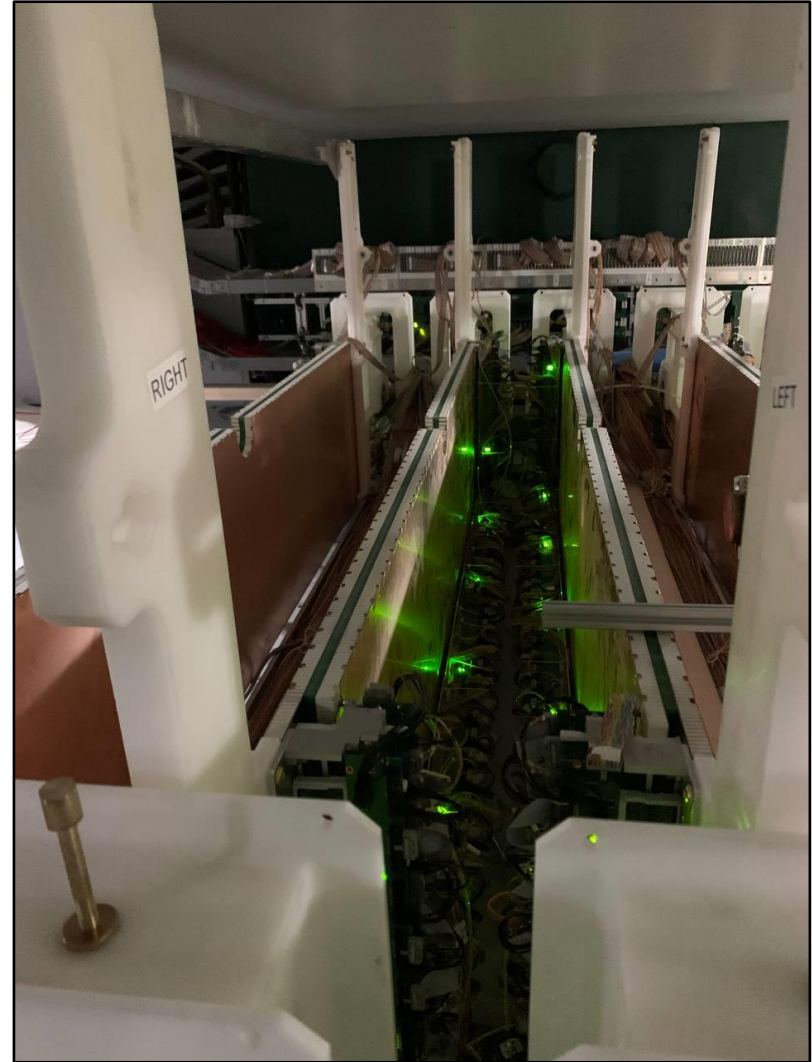
Repeat it 13 times

In theory: 14 days for bottom GEMs installation; 5 days for vacuum beampipe; 14 days for top GEMs.
In real life: 49 days from start to finish.

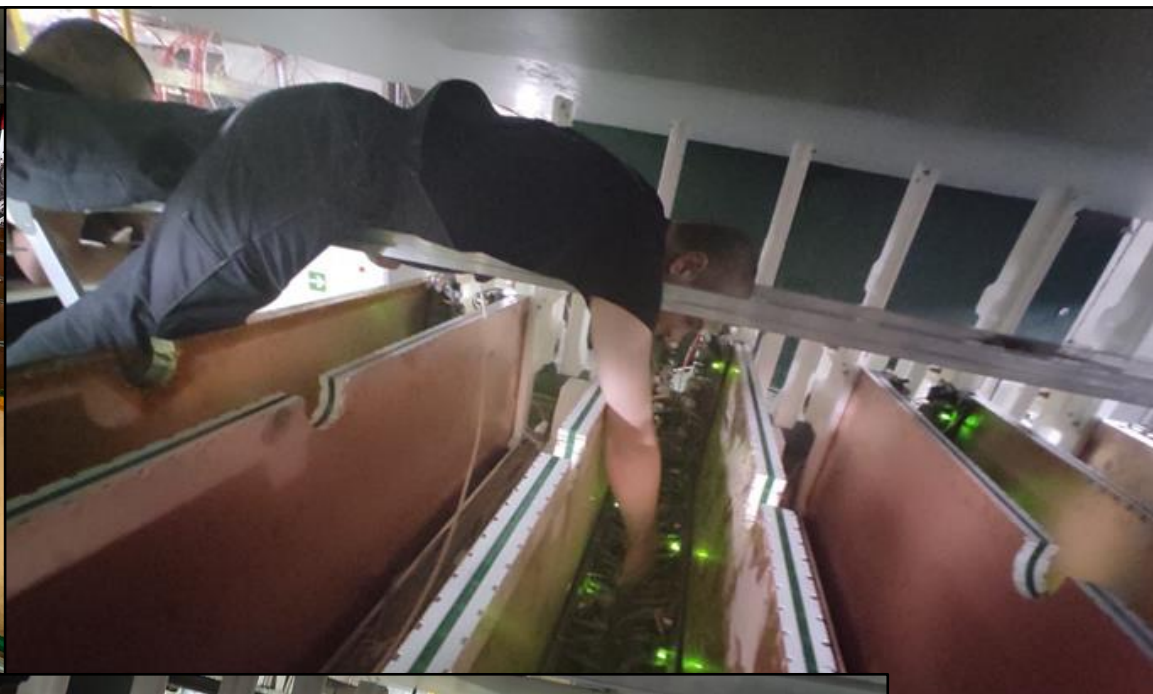
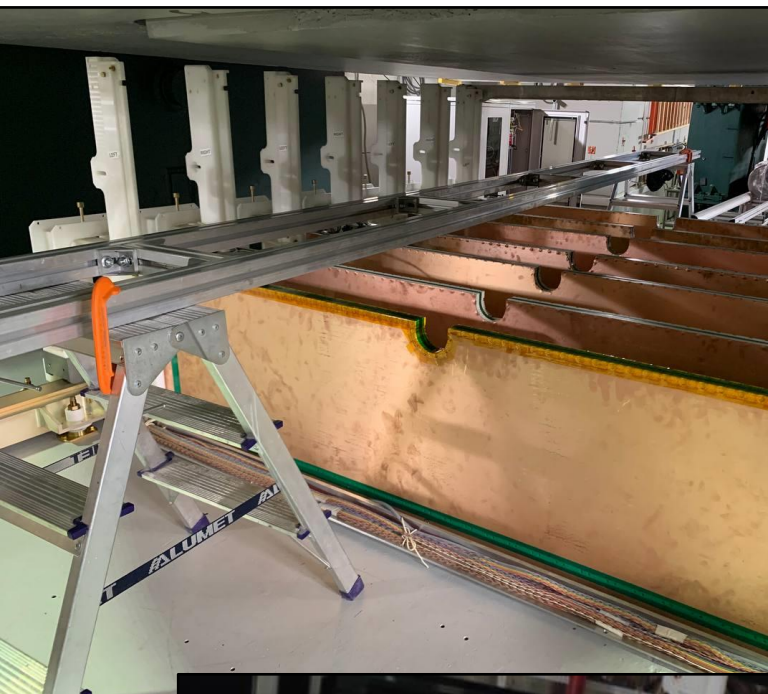
R/a source



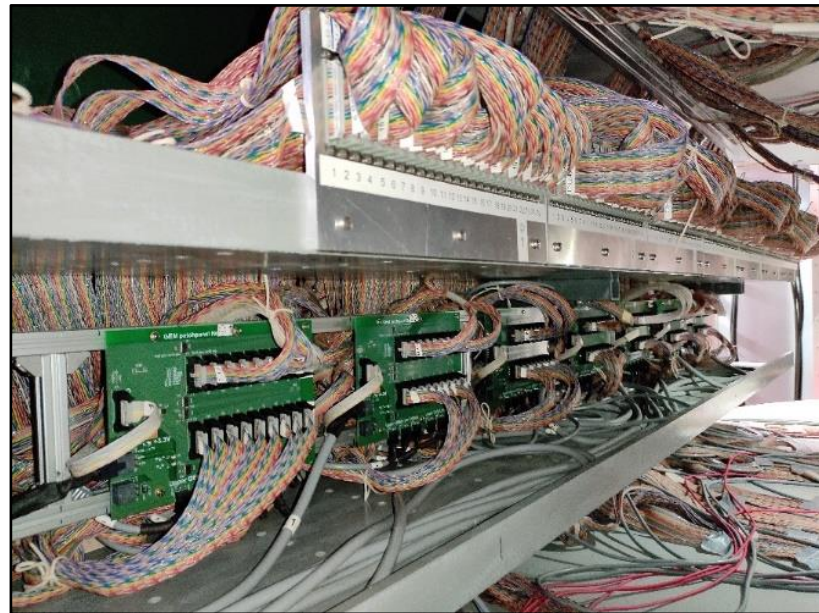
Installation of detectors



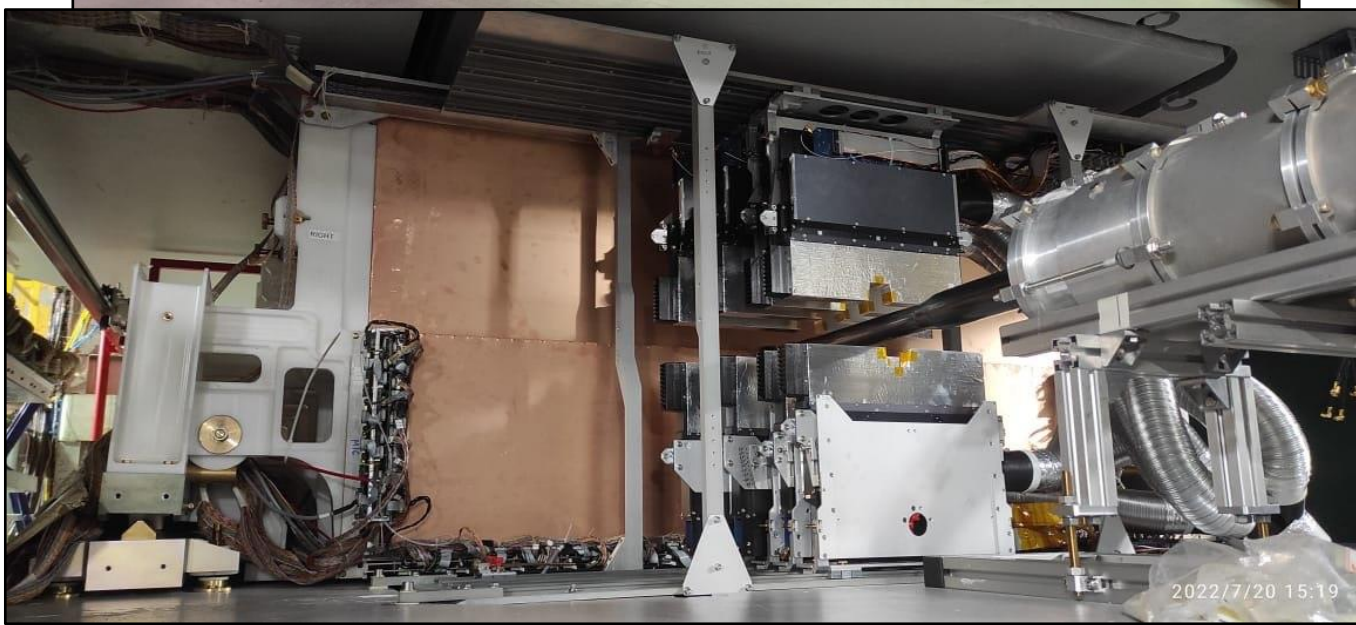
Installation of detectors



Installation of detectors



Installation of detectors



Physics run

BM@N Experimental physics run in October-December 2022

Xe beam with CsI target, 800 hours (33 days) of data taking.

Plan: Estimated hyperon yields in Xe + Cs collisions

4 A GeV Xe+Cs collisions, multiplicities from PHSD model,
Beam intensity $2.5 \cdot 10^5/\text{s}$, DAQ rate $2.5 \cdot 10^3/\text{s}$, accelerator duty factor 0.25

$1.8 \cdot 10^9$ interactions
 $1.8 \cdot 10^{11}$ beam ions

Particle	$E_{\text{thr}} \text{ NN}$ GeV	M $b < 10 \text{ fm}$	ε %	Yield/s $b < 10 \text{ fm}$	Yield / 800 hours $b < 10 \text{ fm}$
Λ	1.6	1.5	2	150	$5 \cdot 10^7$
Ξ^-	3.7	$2.3 \cdot 10^{-2}$	0.5	0.55	$2 \cdot 10^5$
Ω^-	6.9	$2.6 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.25	$3.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$	110
Anti- Λ	7.1	$1.5 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.5	$3.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$	130

DCM-SMM
 $\times 0.75$
 $\times 0.5$

Conclusions

The central tracking system of the BM@N experiment consists of 7 GEM detectors $1632 \times 450 \text{ mm}^2$ and 7 GEM detector $1632 \times 390 \text{ mm}^2$. These are still the biggest GEM detectors in the world.

The central tracking system was integrated into the BM@N experimental setup – all detectors were installed inside the BM@N analyze magnet.

After the installation performance of all detectors was checked.

In total, the assembly of central tracking system took 49 days.

Now we are waiting for the start of the accelerator run.

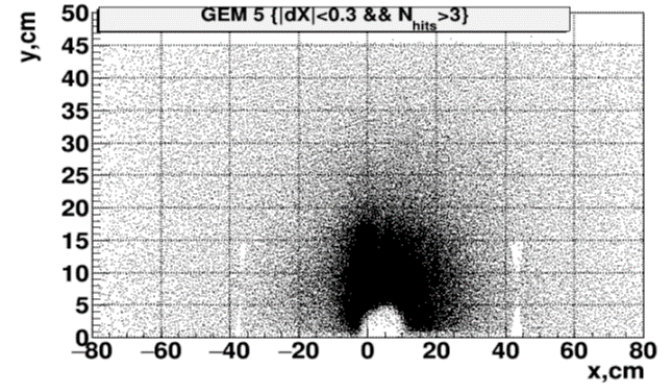
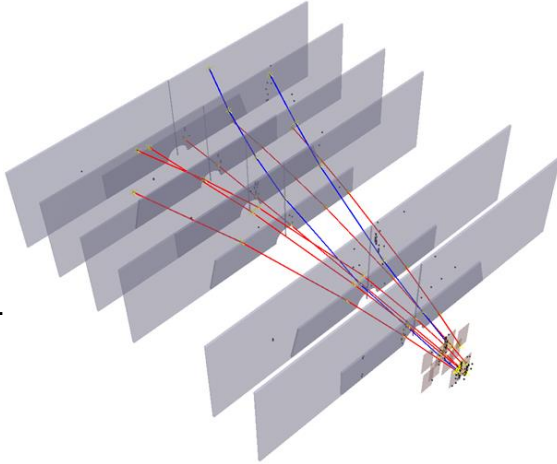
Thank you for your attention!



Back up slides

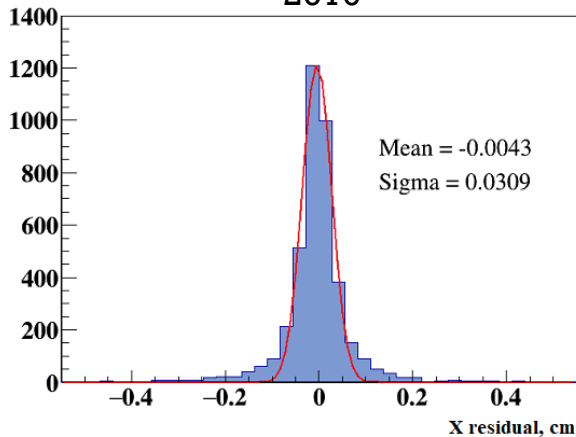
GEM tests on Nuclotron beams

Example of
the event
reconstruction



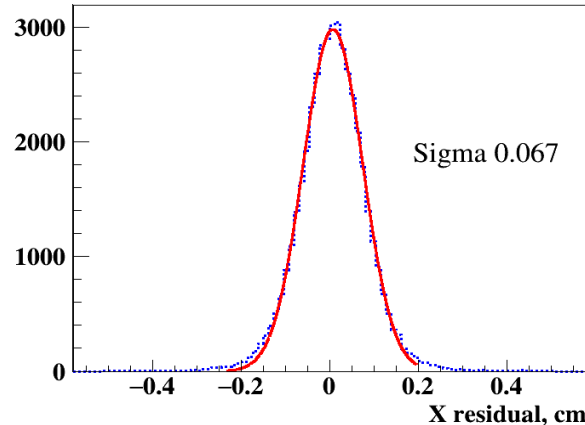
Fragments of Ar beam in detector

2016



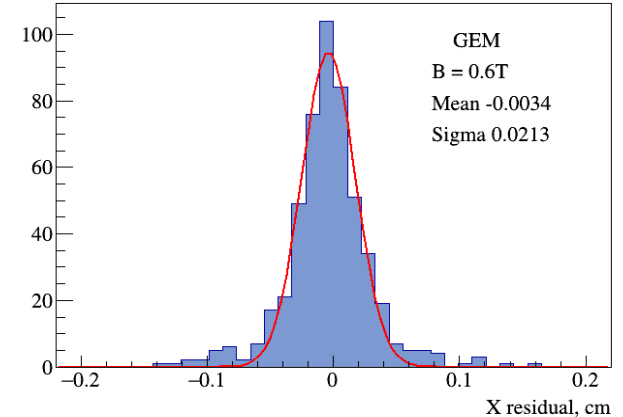
Magnetic field 0.6 T,
Ar(70)/CO₂(30),
C beam, $E_{\text{drift}} = 1.2$ kV/cm
 $\sigma = 309 \mu\text{m}$

2017



Magnetic field 0.6 T,
Ar(90)/Isobutane(10),
d beam, $E_{\text{drift}} = 0.8$ kV/cm
 $\sigma = 670 \mu\text{m}$

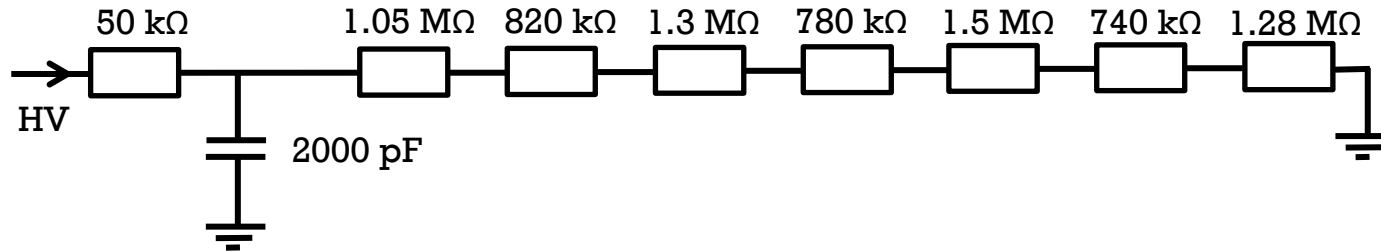
2018



Magnetic field 0.6 T,
Ar(80)/Isobutane(20),
Ar beam, $E_{\text{drift}} = 1.5$ kV/cm
 $\sigma = 213 \mu\text{m}$

In Ar and Kr runs, the value of electric field in drift gaps of GEM detectors was increased. The gas mixture was changed to Ar(80)/Isobutane(20). The Lorentz shift of electrons avalanche decreased.

GEM HV divider scheme



490 mA – working point for Ar (70) + CO₂ (30) gas mixture

370 mA – working point for Ar (90) + Isobutane (10) gas mixture

430 mA – working point for Ar (80) + Isobutane (20) gas mixture

Mixture	I, mA	DR, kV/cm	Gem 1, V	TR1, kV/cm	Gem 2, V	TR2, kV/cm	Gem 3, V	IND, kV/cm
Ar (70) + CO ₂ (30)	490	1.17	402	2.58	382	3.68	363	4.18
Ar (90) + C ₄ H ₁₀ (10)	370	0.88	303.4	1.92	288.6	2.78	273.8	3.16
Ar (80) + C ₄ H ₁₀ (20)	430	1.5	352.6	2.24	335.4	3.23	318.2	3.67

Material budget for one GEM detector

layer	material	density [g/cm-3]	thickness (X) [cm]	X0 [cm]	X/X0 [%]
gas	ArCO2 (70/30)	0.0019	0.9	10960.2	0.0082
copper	copper	8.96	0.0131	1.435	0.9129
glue	acrylic glue	1.25	0.02	32.1603	0.0622
epoxide	polyurethane (high dens.)	1.8	0.21	22.5351	0.9319
	Polyurethane (medium dens.)	0.59	0.21	68.7512	0.3055
	Polyurethane (low dens.)	0.25	0.1	162.253	0.1295
honeycomb	nomex aramid honeycomb (kevlal chemical structure)	0.048	3.0	755.397	0.3971
polyamide	polyamide	1.14	0.025	36.4052	0.0687