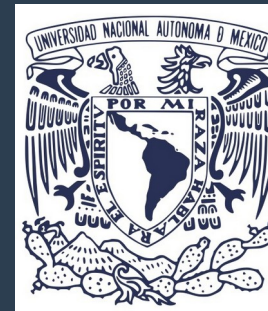


Searching for the baryon-to-meson transition region with the MPD at NICA

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MexNICA Collaboration

Cross-PWG


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November 14, 2022



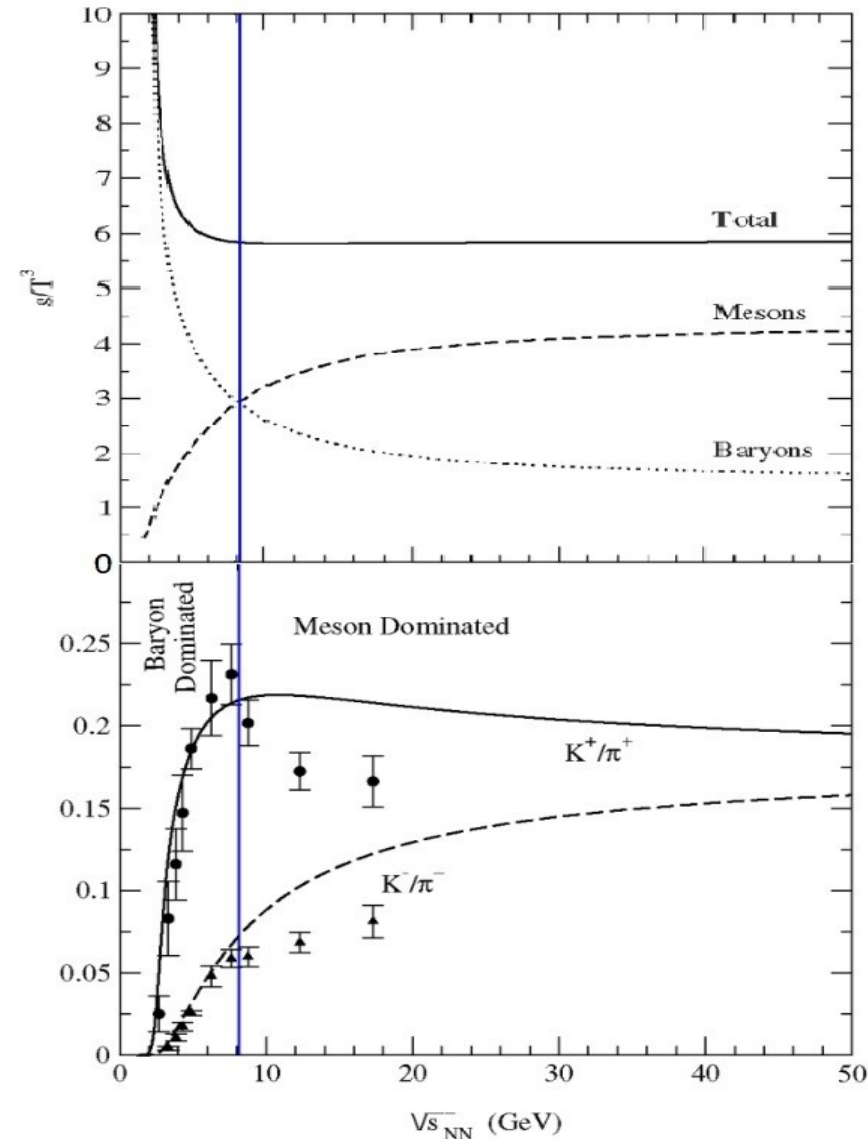
Instituto de
Ciencias
Nucleares
UNAM



On the previous cross PWG...

- Abstract selection is ongoing (ICPPA).
 - Slides selected (if approved).  [13 slides]
 - Comparison to data removed.
 - Centrality selection revisited.

Motivation



In the framework of the statistical model, a rapid change is expected as the hadronic gas undergoes a transition from a baryon-dominated to a meson-dominated gas.¹

The peak in the K^+/π^+ ratio is predicted in this model which corresponds to this transition region.¹

¹J. Cleymans *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **615** (2005) 50-54.

Data sample analyzed



4 data sets generated with UrQMD 3.4v:

- 1) Au+Au collisions at 7.7 GeV (150000 events)
Reconstruction: Geant3 & 0.5 Tesla
- 2) Au+Au collisions at 11.5 GeV (150000 events)
Reconstruction: Geant3 & 0.5 Tesla
- 3) Bi+Bi collisions at 9.2 GeV to make predictions
(125000 events from MPD request number 25)
Reconstruction: Geant4 & 0.5 Tesla
- 4) Bi+Bi collisions at 9.2 GeV to make predictions
(125000 events from MPD request number 28)
Reconstruction: Geant4 & 0.2 Tesla

Track selection criteria



	Au+Au 7.7 GeV	Au+Au 11.5 GeV	Request 25	Request 28
Number of events	150000	150000	125000	125000
Koef [‡]	0.89	0.89	0.073	0.073
σ_M^{\ddagger}	3	3	3	3
σ_E^{\ddagger}	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Probability cut	>0.6	>0.6	>0.6	>0.6
Primary	Mother ID	Mother ID	Mother ID	Mother ID
Number of hits (NofH)	>13	>13	>16	>16
χ^2/NofH	<8	<8	<8	<8
p_T [GeV/c]	>0.1	>0.1	>0.1	>0.1
$ \eta $ (mult.)	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
$ y $ (p_T dist.)	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Centrality criteria	MPD ²	MPD ²	MPD ²	MPD ²
Events after cuts	115065 (~77%)	117350 (~78%)	91599 (~73%)	91376 (~73%)

[‡]mpdPid class (n-sigma method).

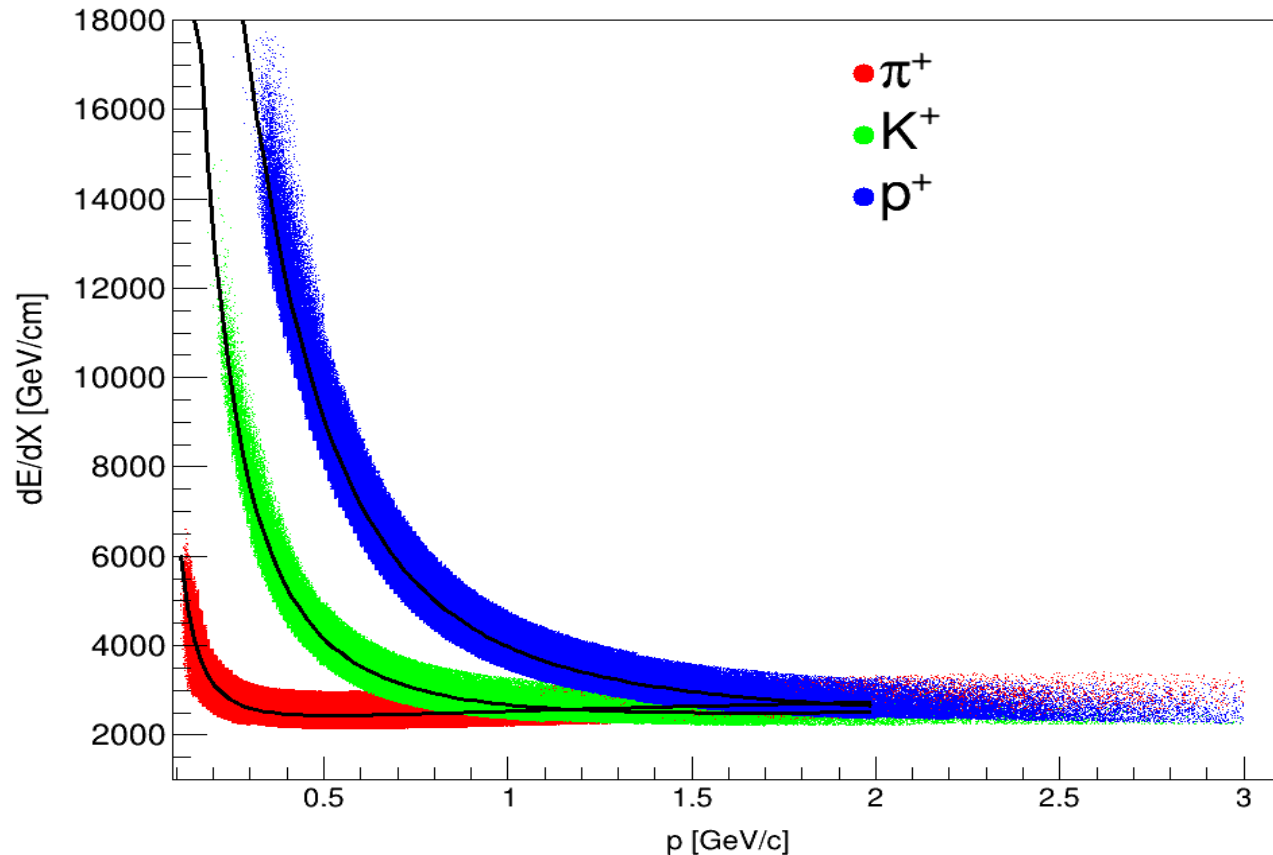
²P. Parfenov *et al.* [MPD Collaboration], Analysis Note draft (2021).

Particle identification (Energy loss on TPC)



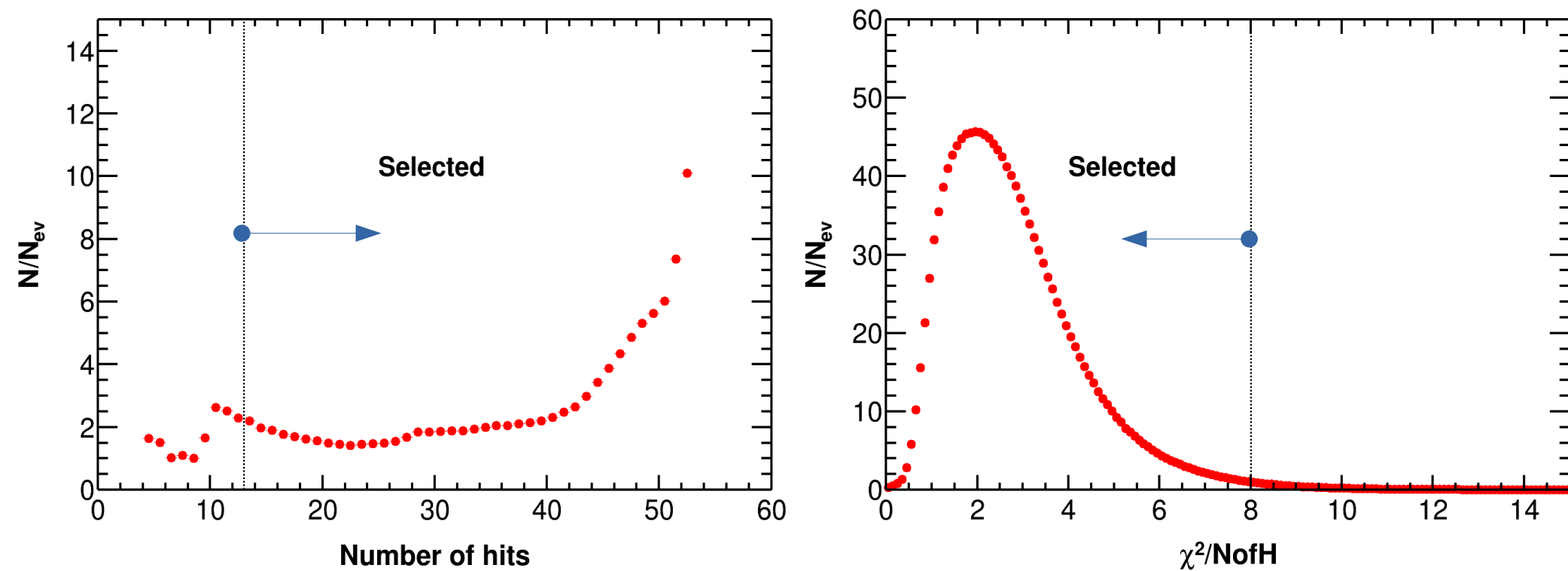
Allison and Cobb model:

$$\left\langle \frac{dE}{dx} \right\rangle = \frac{p_1}{\beta^{p_4}} \left\{ p_2 + \beta^{p_4} - \ln \left[p_3 + \left(\frac{1}{\beta\gamma} \right)^{p_5} \right] \right\}$$



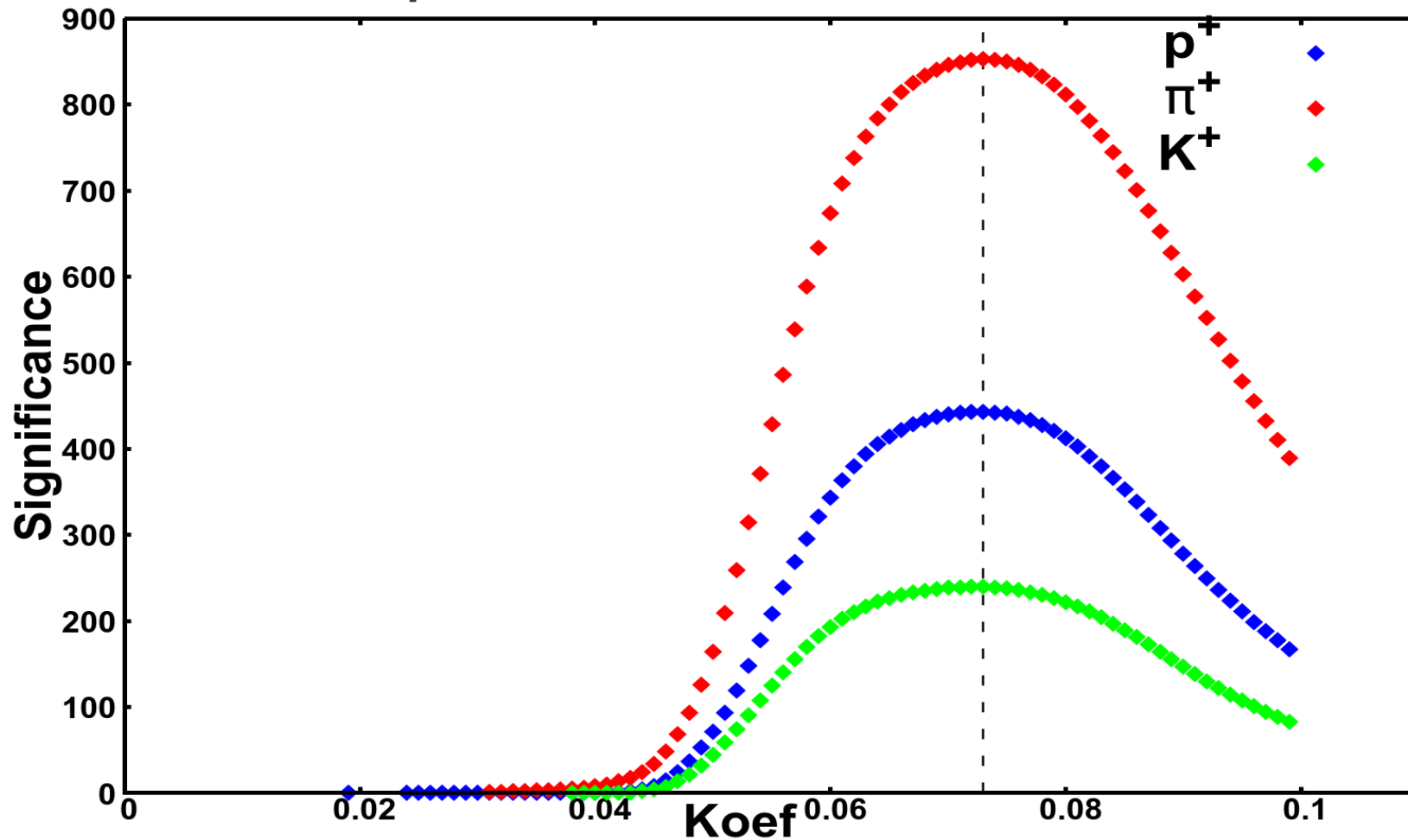
Hits and χ^2/NofH distributions

Example: Au+Au 7.7 GeV



Cuts optimization process

Example: Bi+Bi 9.2 GeV (Kcoef)



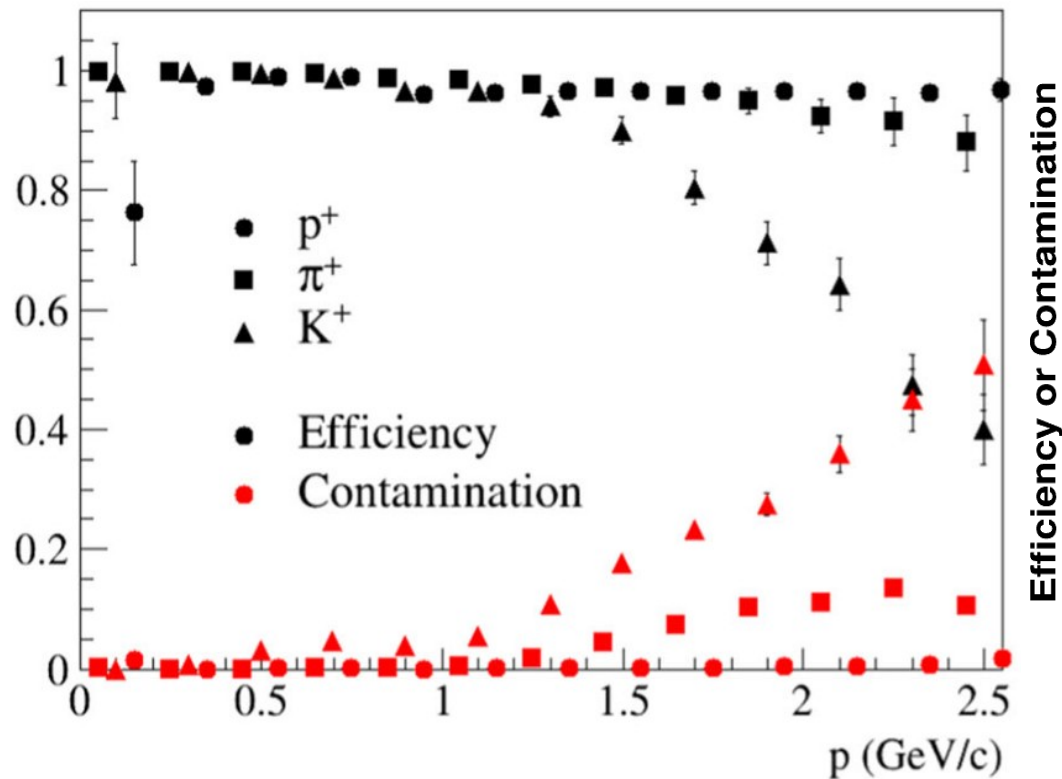
$$\text{Significance} = \frac{\text{signal}}{\sqrt{\text{signal} + \text{background}}}$$

Reconstruction efficiency

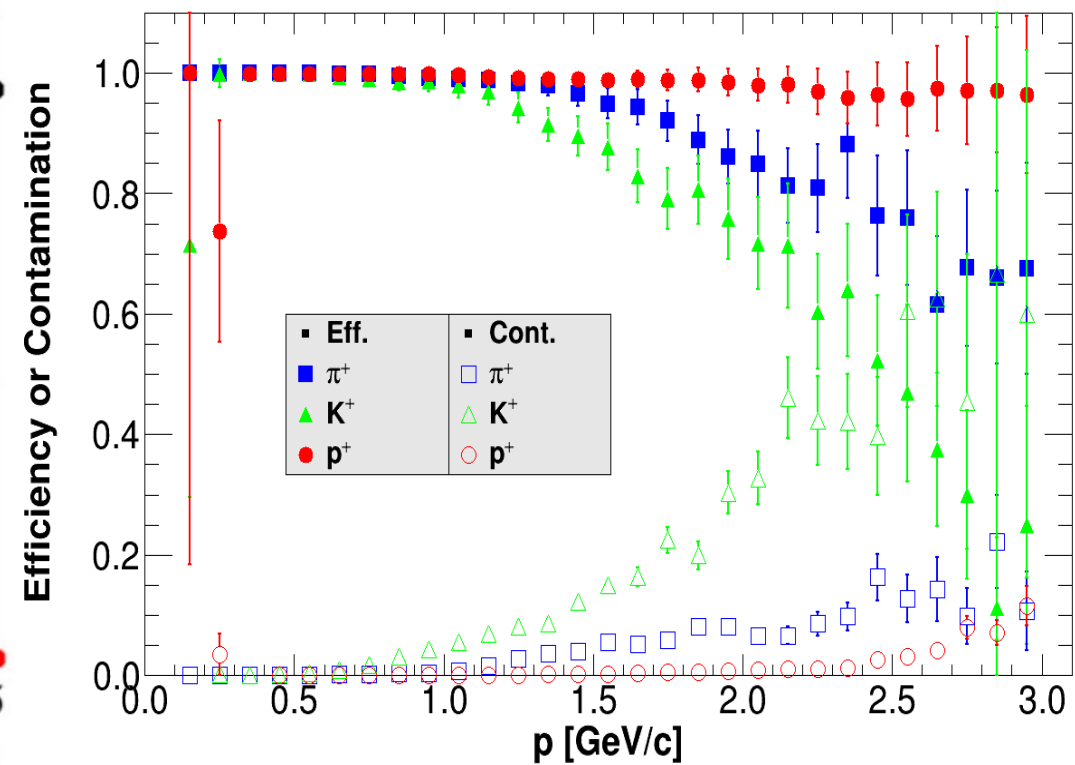


Au+Au collisions

- MPD collaboration³ (9 GeV)



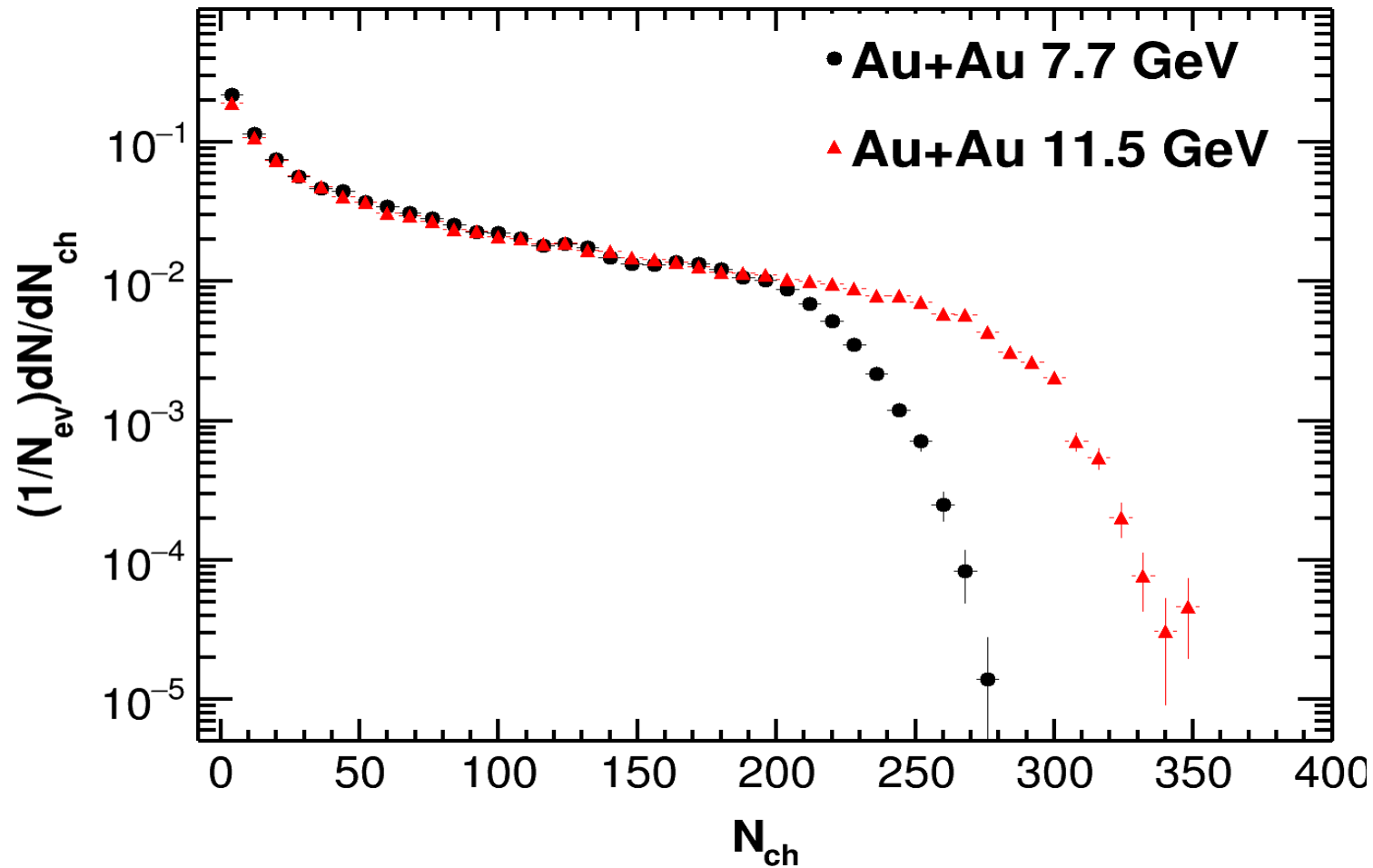
- Our reconstruction (7.7 GeV)



³V. Abgaryan *et al.* [MPD Collaboration], Eur. Phys. J. A **58**, 140 (2022).

Multiplicity

Reconstructed

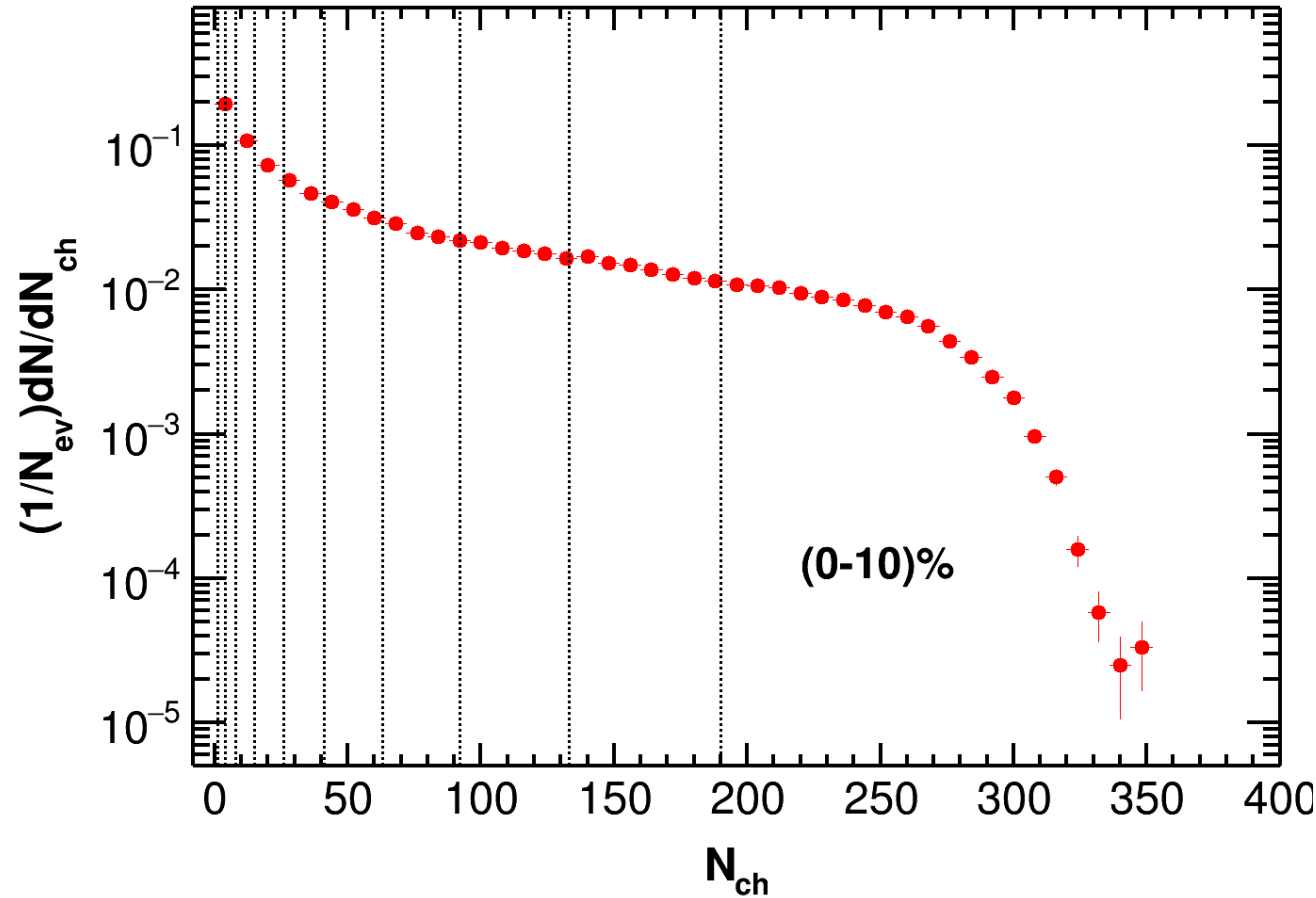


Multiplicity increases with the energy of the collision

Events per centrality ($N_{ev/c}$)



Au+Au 11.5 GeV	
(0-10)%	12295 (~10%)
(10-20)%	12080 (~10%)
(20-30)%	11833 (~10%)
(30-40)%	10991 (~9%)
(40-50)%	11924 (~10%)
(50-60)%	11246 (~10%)
(60-70)%	11882 (~10%)
(70-80)%	11696 (~10%)

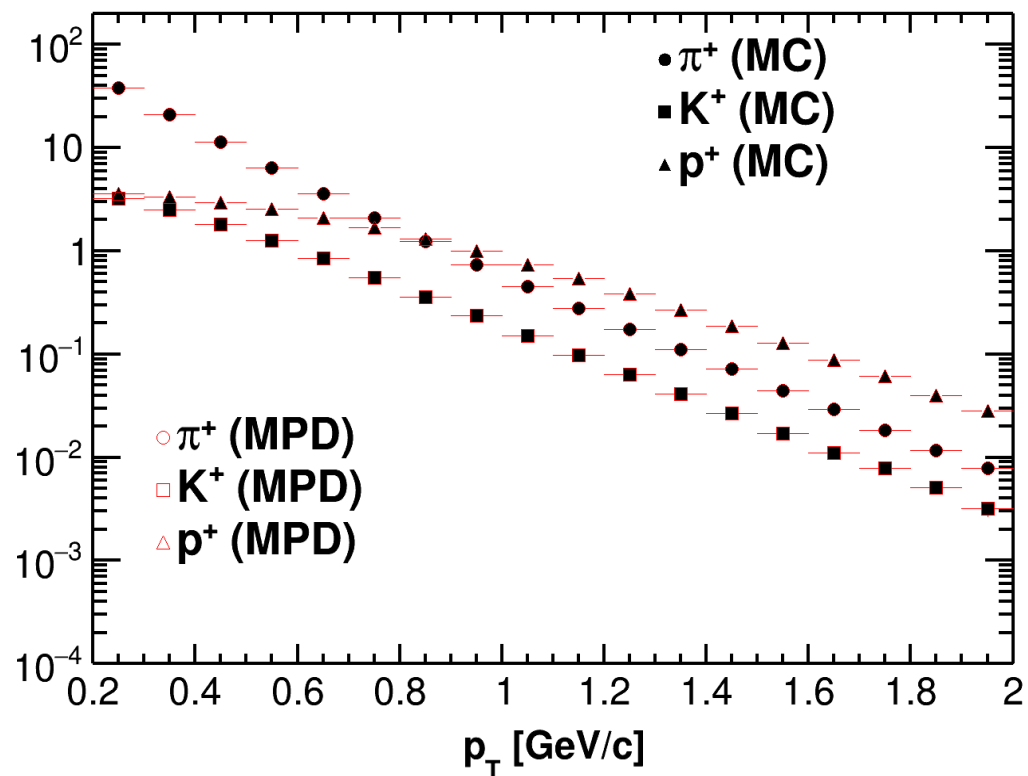
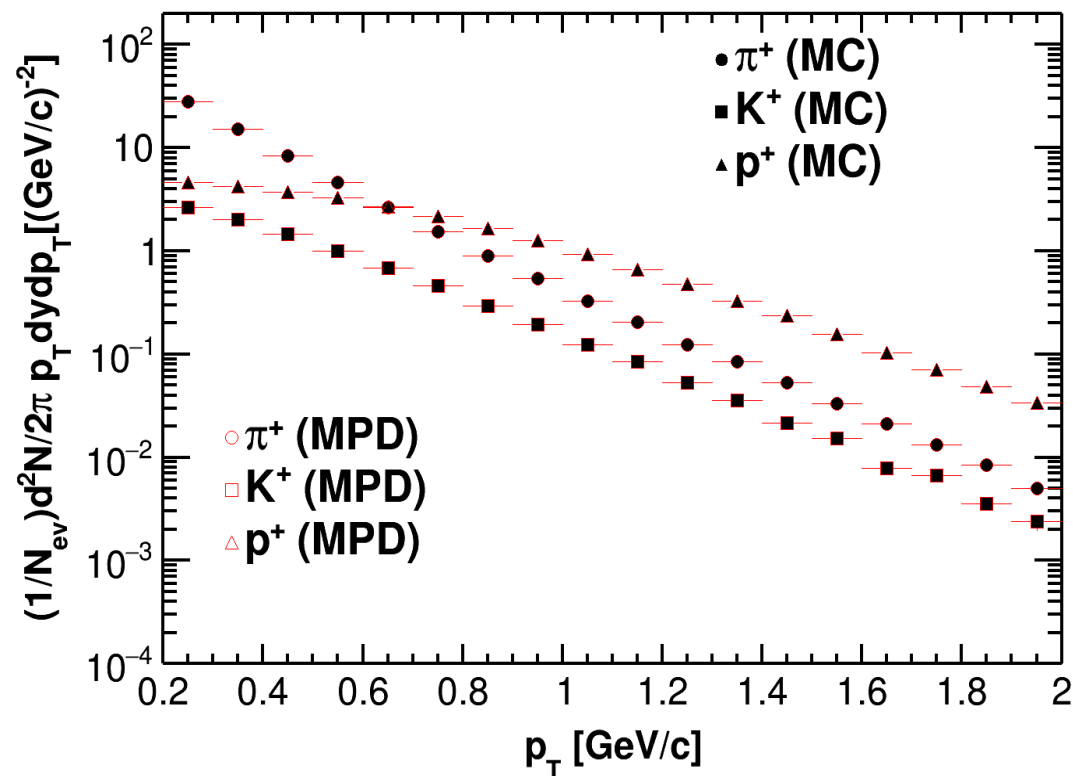


Transverse momentum distributions Monte Carlo (MC) vs. reconstruction

Au+Au

• 7.7 GeV

• 11.5 GeV



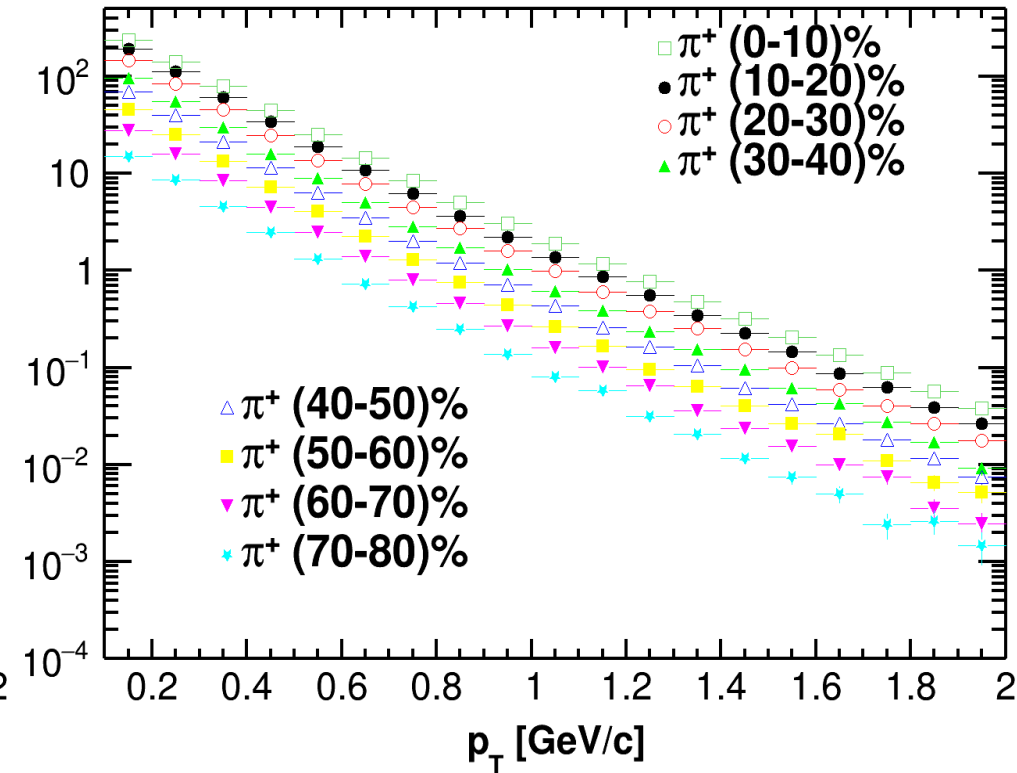
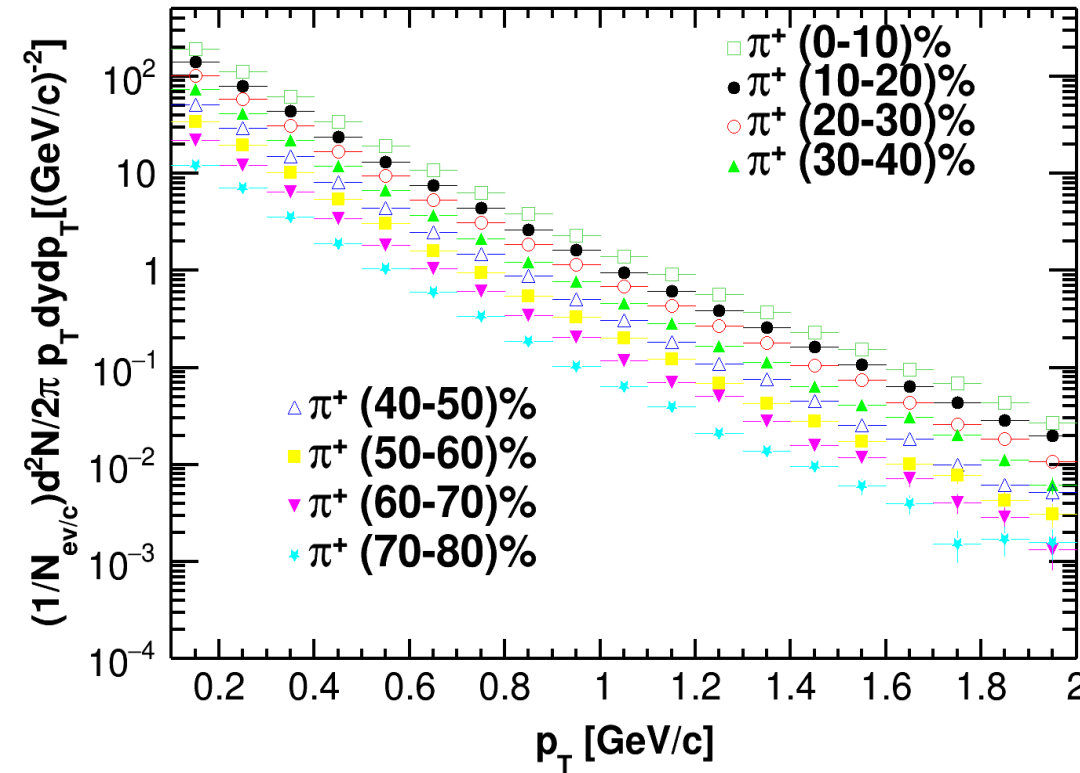
Transverse momentum per centrality

Au+Au (Reconstructed)



• 7.7 GeV

• 11.5 GeV



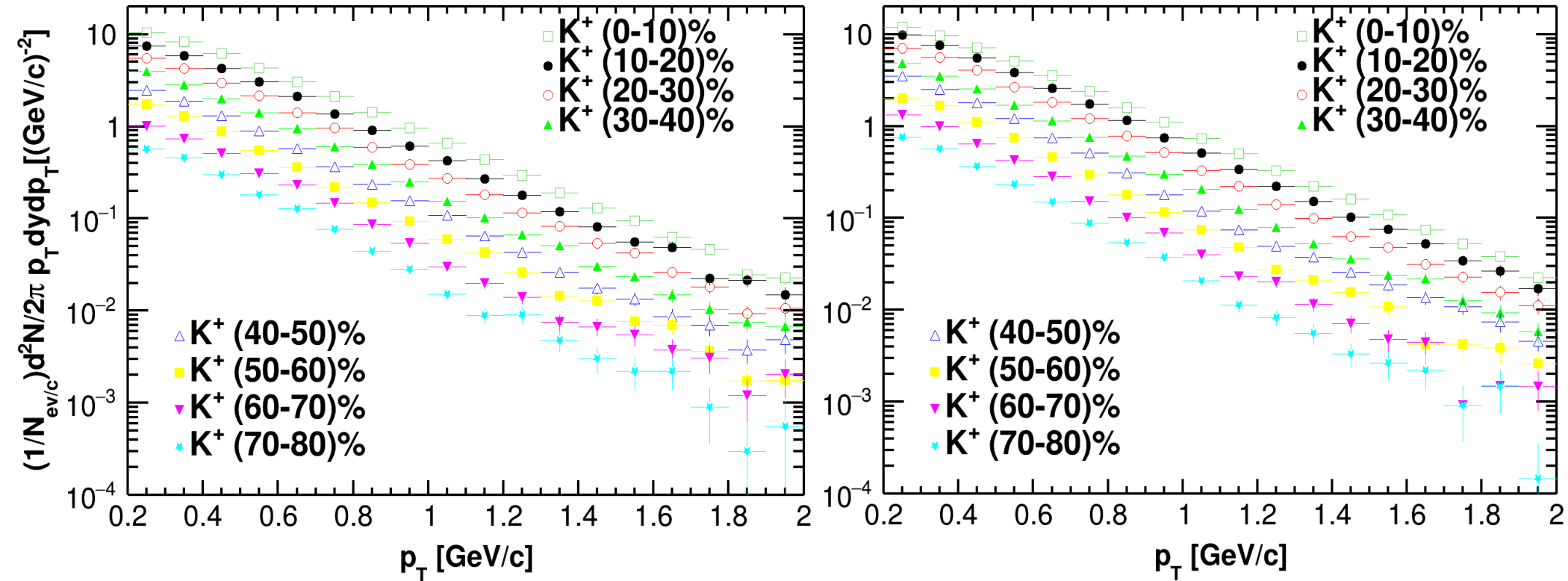
The distributions for the negative pions are similar

Transverse momentum per centrality

Au+Au (Reconstructed)

• 7.7 GeV

• 11.5 GeV



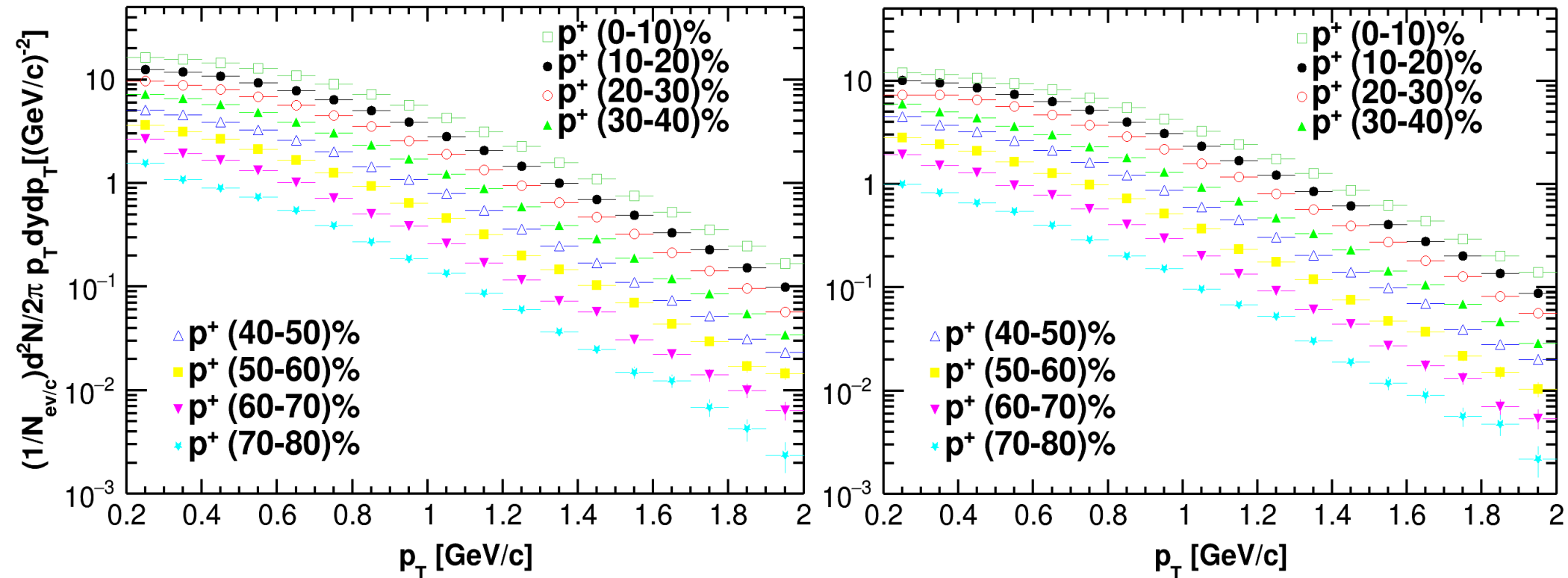
The distributions for the negative kaons are similar

Transverse momentum per centrality

Au+Au (Reconstructed)

• 7.7 GeV

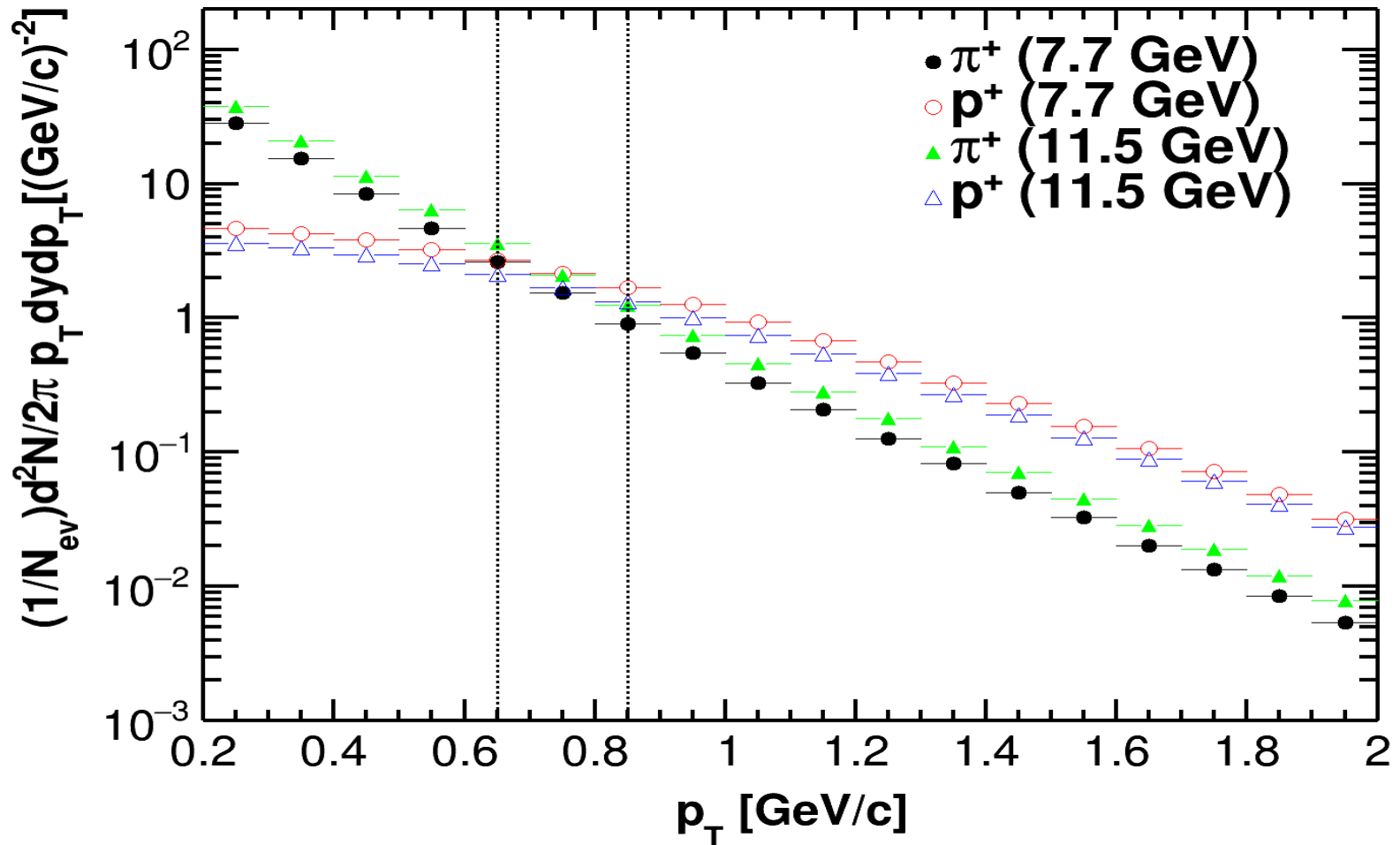
• 11.5 GeV



The distributions for the antiprotons are not as smooth due to the low statistics

Crossing point between π^+ and p^+

Au+Au ($|y| < 0.5$)



Distributions cross ~ 0.85 GeV/c for 11.5 GeV and ~ 0.65 GeV/c for 7.7 GeV

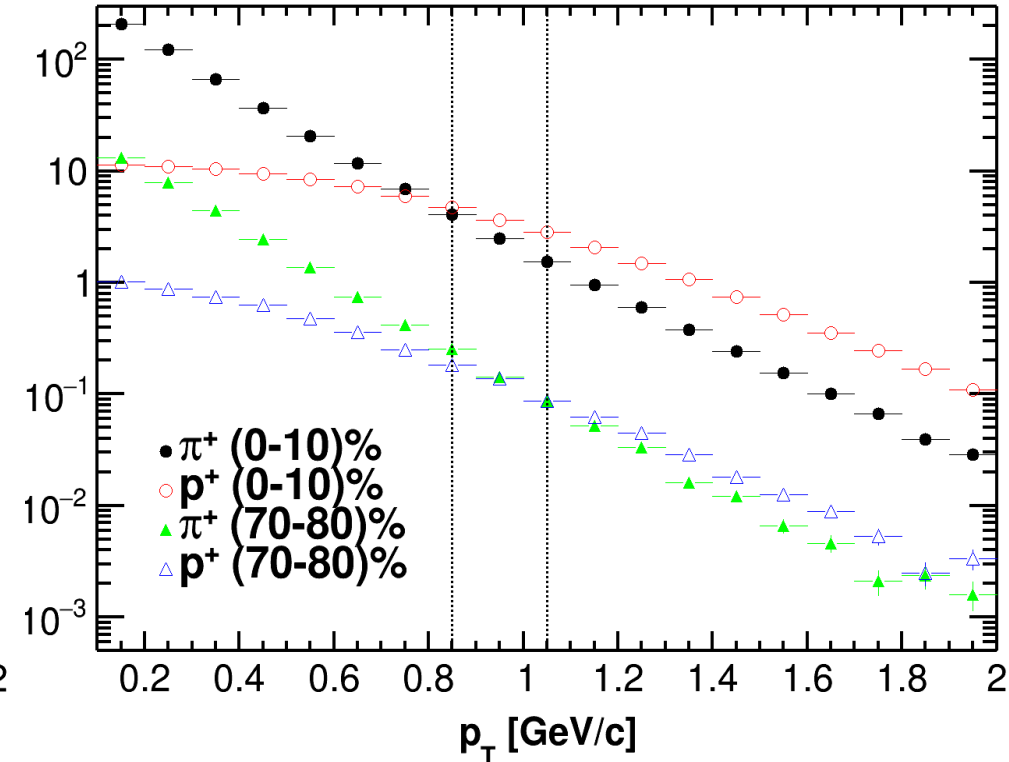
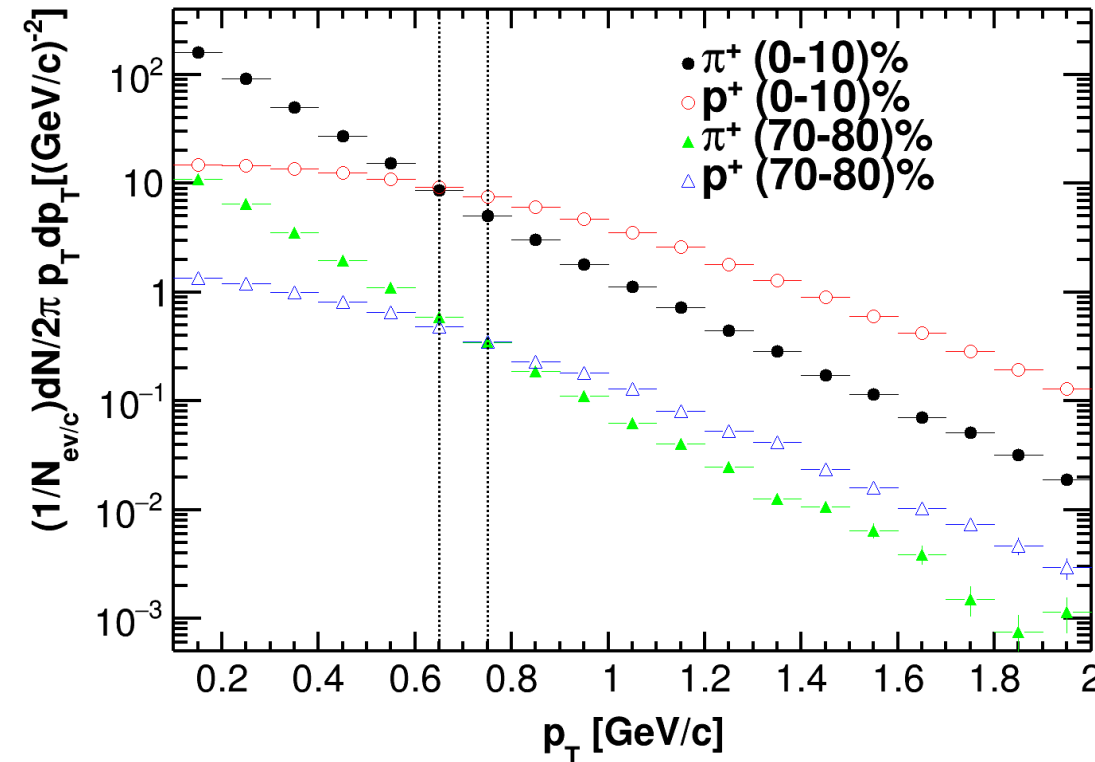
Crossing point at different centralities



Au+Au ($|y| < 0.5$)

• 7.7 GeV

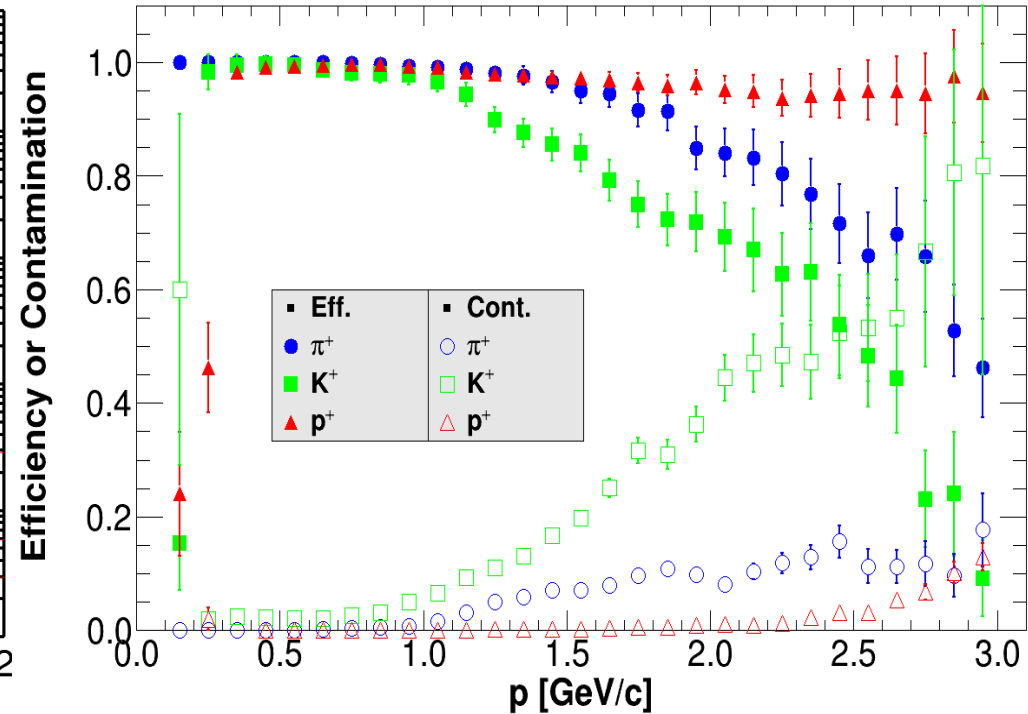
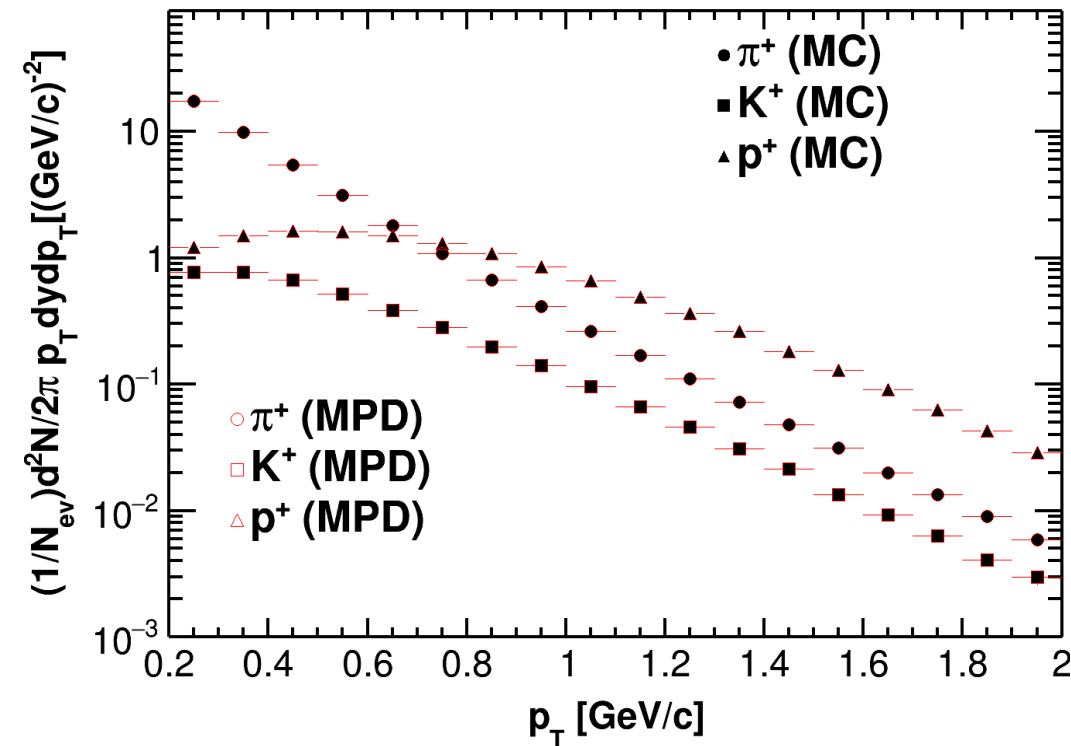
• 11.5 GeV



The crossing point is at ~ 0.65 and ~ 0.75 GeV/c for the most central and peripheral (7.7 GeV). Whereas ~ 0.85 and ~ 1.15 GeV/c for the most central and peripheral (11.5 GeV)

Transverse momentum and reconstruction efficiency distributions

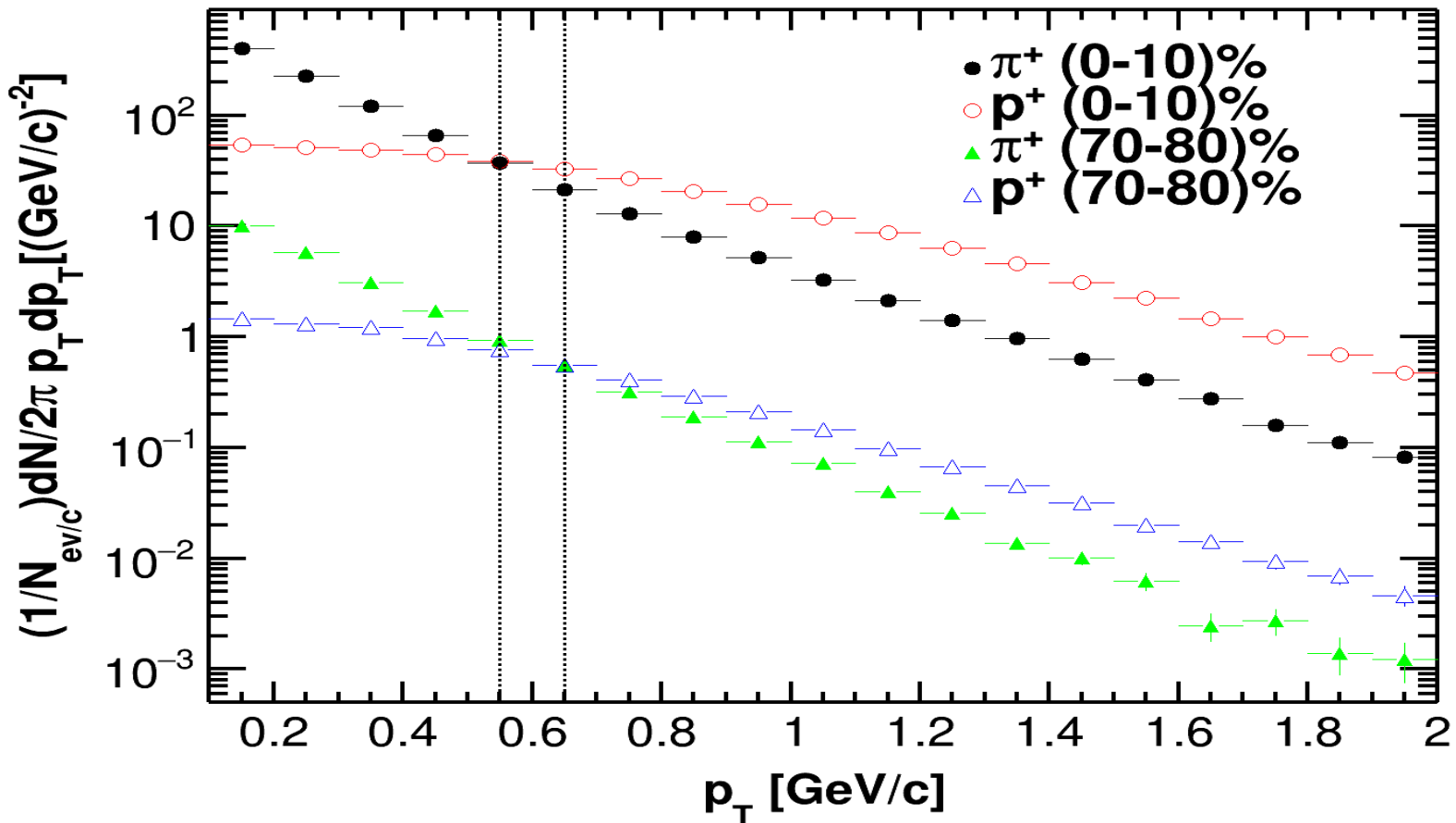
Bi+Bi 9.2 GeV (request 28)



There seems to be a lot of contamination in the K^+ case

Crossing point at different centralities

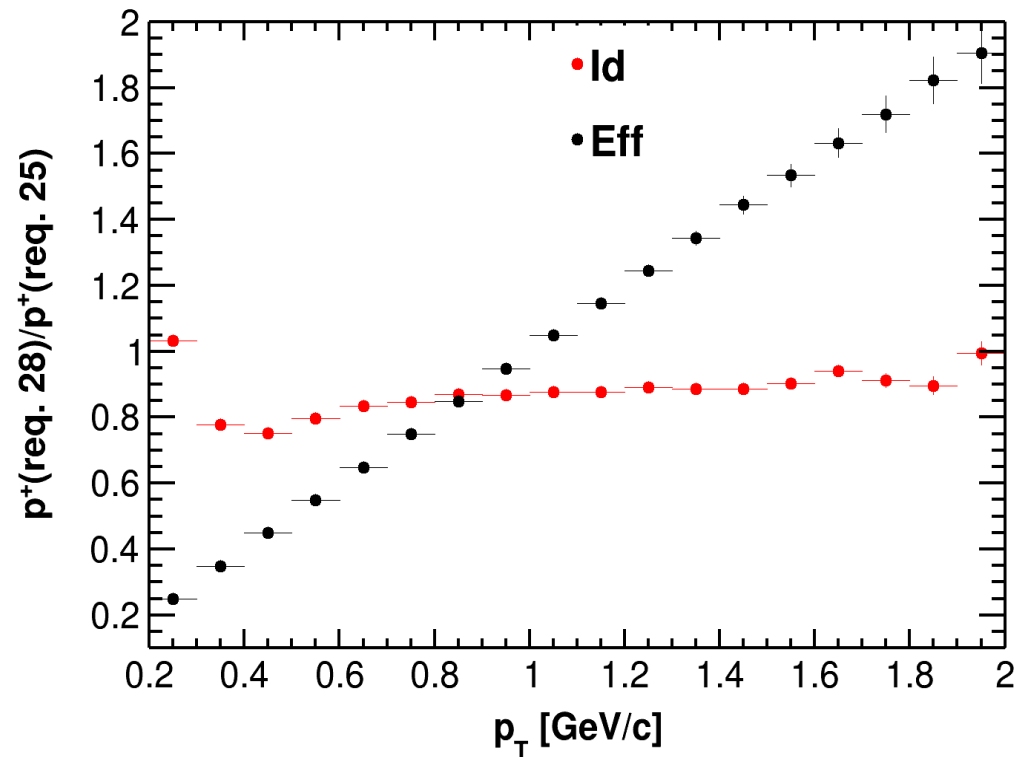
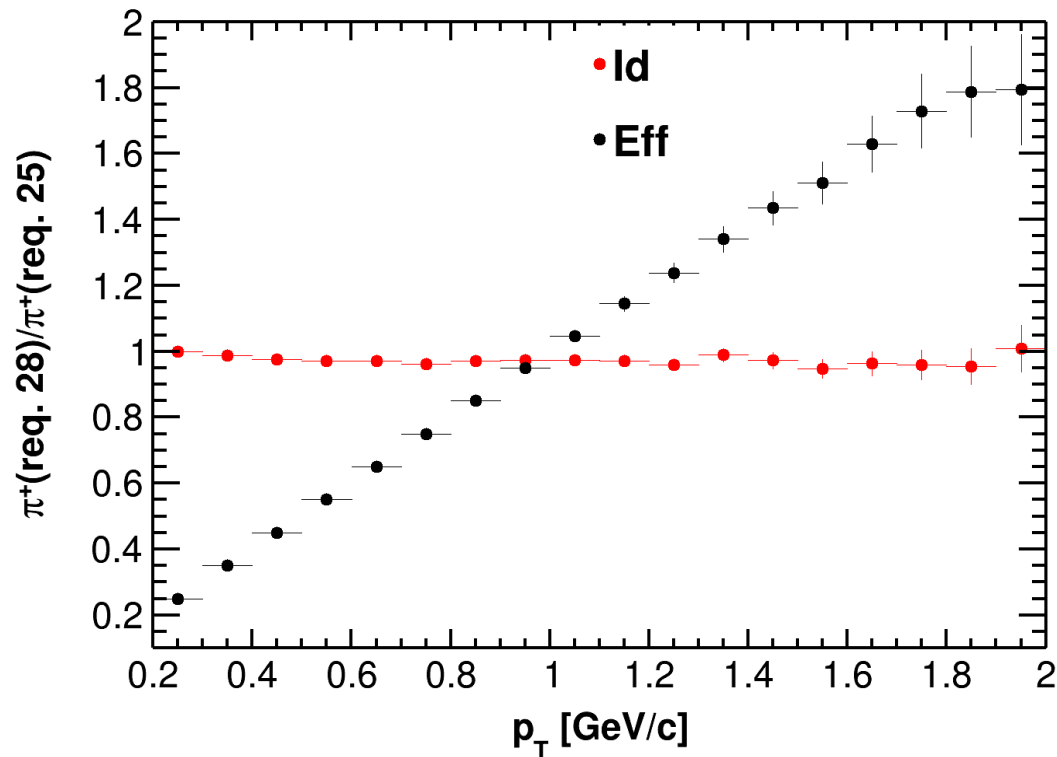
Bi+Bi 9.2 GeV ($|y| < 0.5$)



Distributions cross ~ 0.55 GeV/c for the most central and ~ 0.65 GeV/c for the most peripheral

Request 28 vs Request 25

Bi+Bi 9.2 GeV (B = 0.2 vs 0.5 T)



Better reconstruction efficiency at high momentum for a reduced magnetic field

Conclusions



For Au+Au at 7.7 and 11.5 GeV & Bi+Bi at 9.2 GeV, generated by UrQMD and reconstructed in the MPD framework:

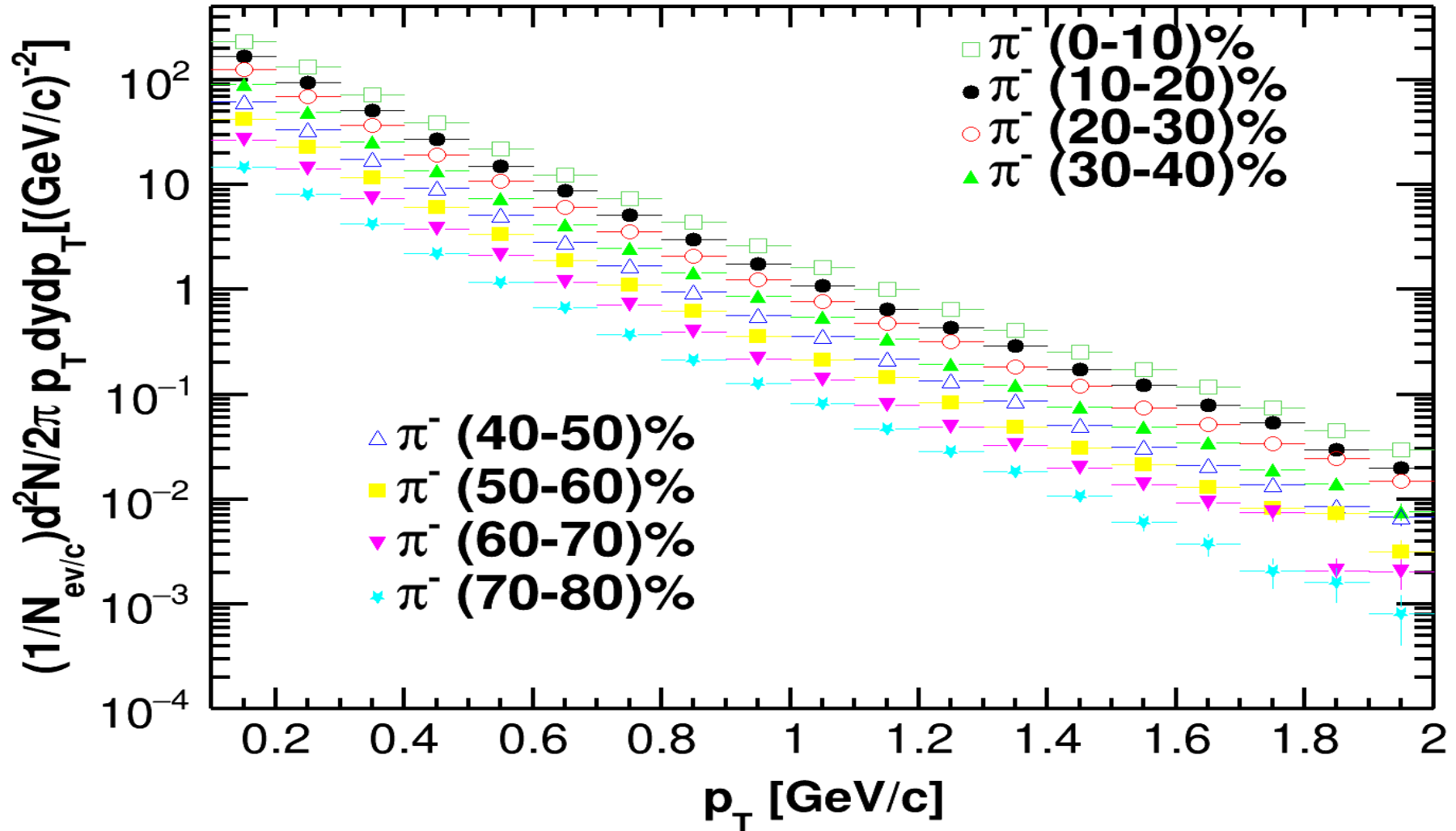
- a) We observed that, as we increase the energy of the collision, the crossing point between the pions and protons distributions occurs at a higher p_T .
- b) The crossing point also moves to higher p_T as we decrease the centrality.
- c) The same analysis was done for Bi+Bi at 9.2 GeV.
- d) Details on the evolution of the crossing point of the p_T distributions are of interest. Further analysis is under investigation.

**Thank you for your
attention.
Special thanks to E.
Cuautle, W. Bietenholz,
A. Ayala, R. García, A.
Mudrokh, V. Riabov
and A. Aparin**

Backup

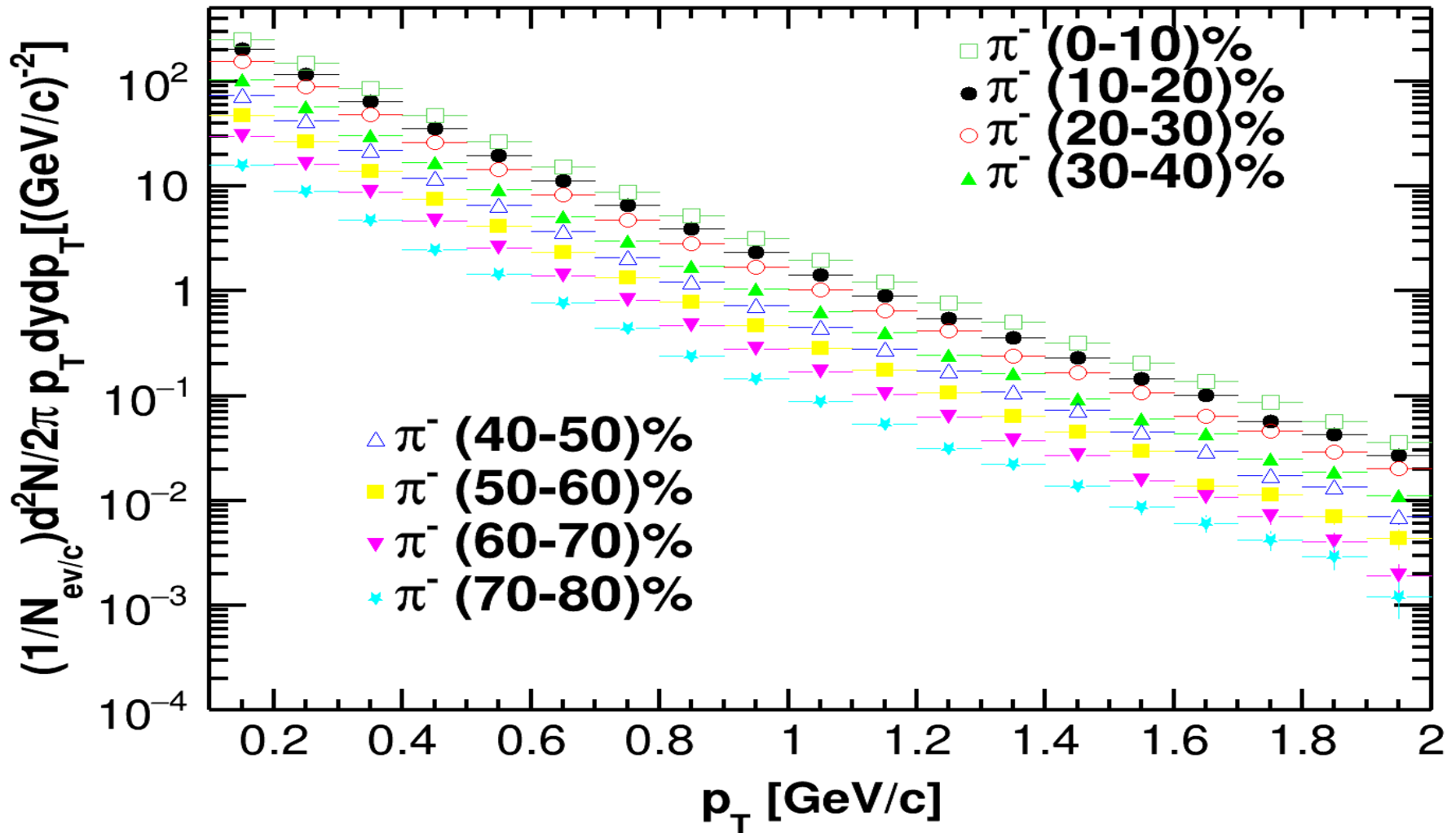
Transverse momentum for π^-

Au+Au 7.7 GeV



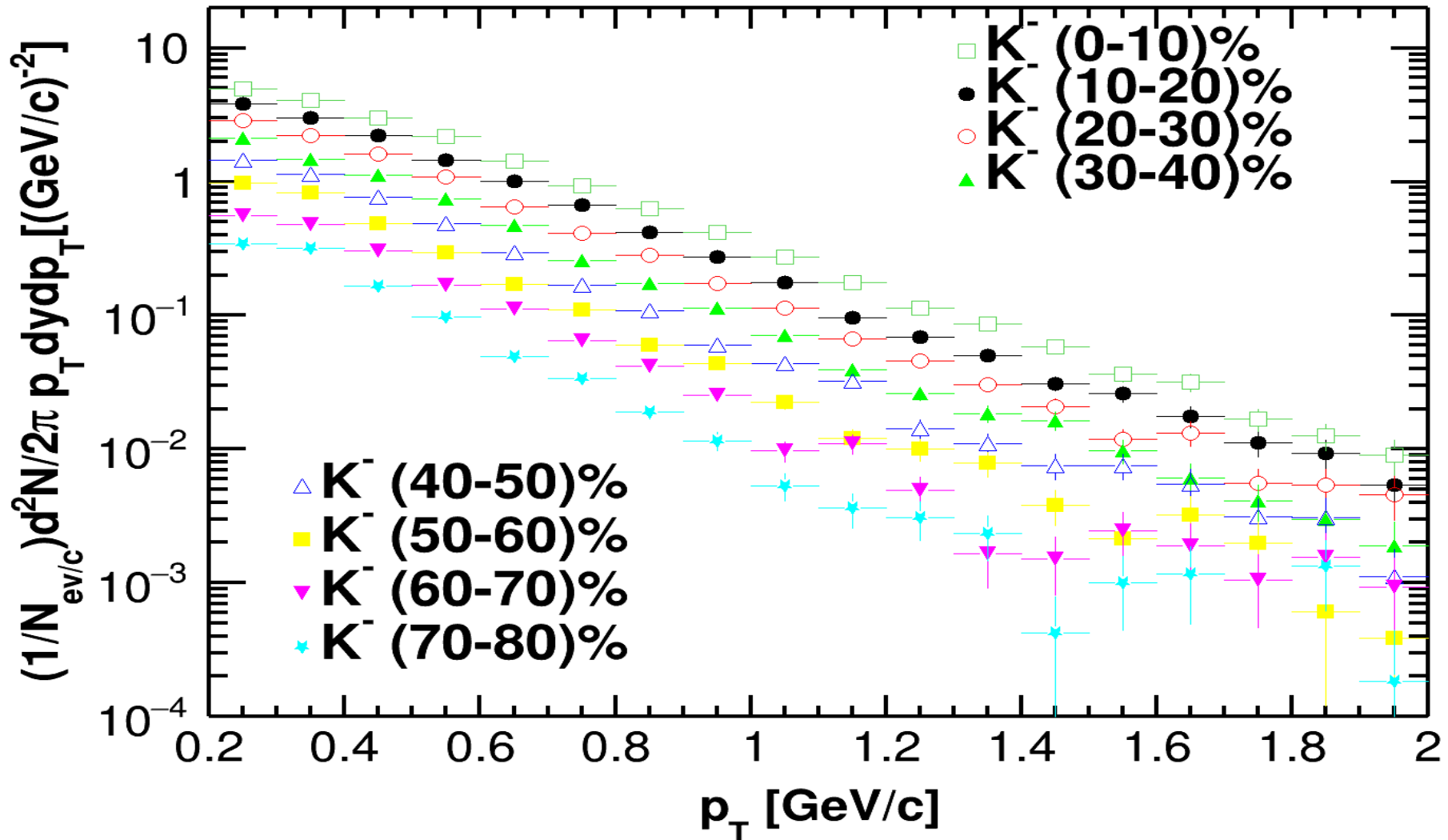
Transverse momentum for π^-

Au+Au 11.5 GeV



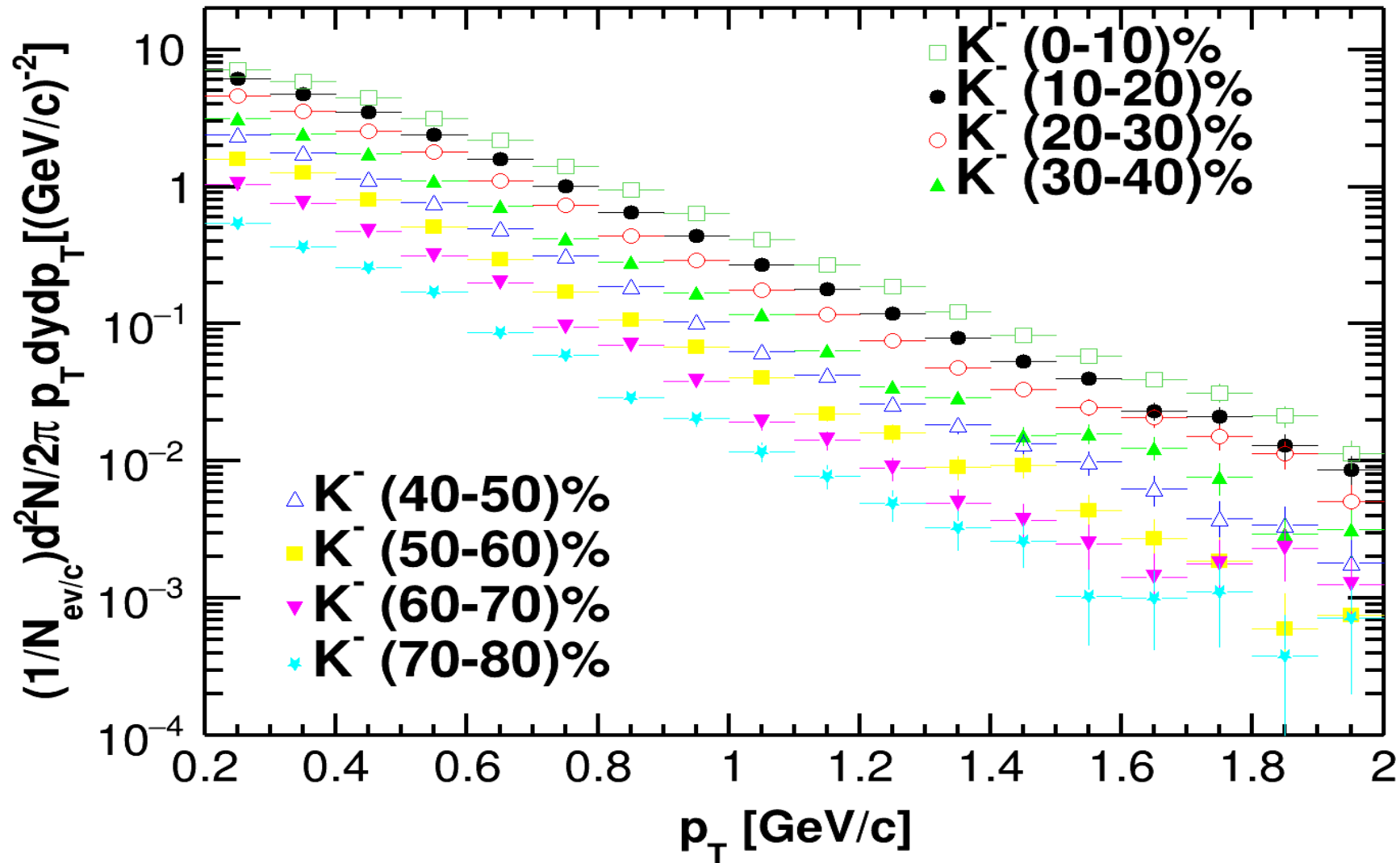
Transverse momentum for K⁻

Au+Au 7.7 GeV



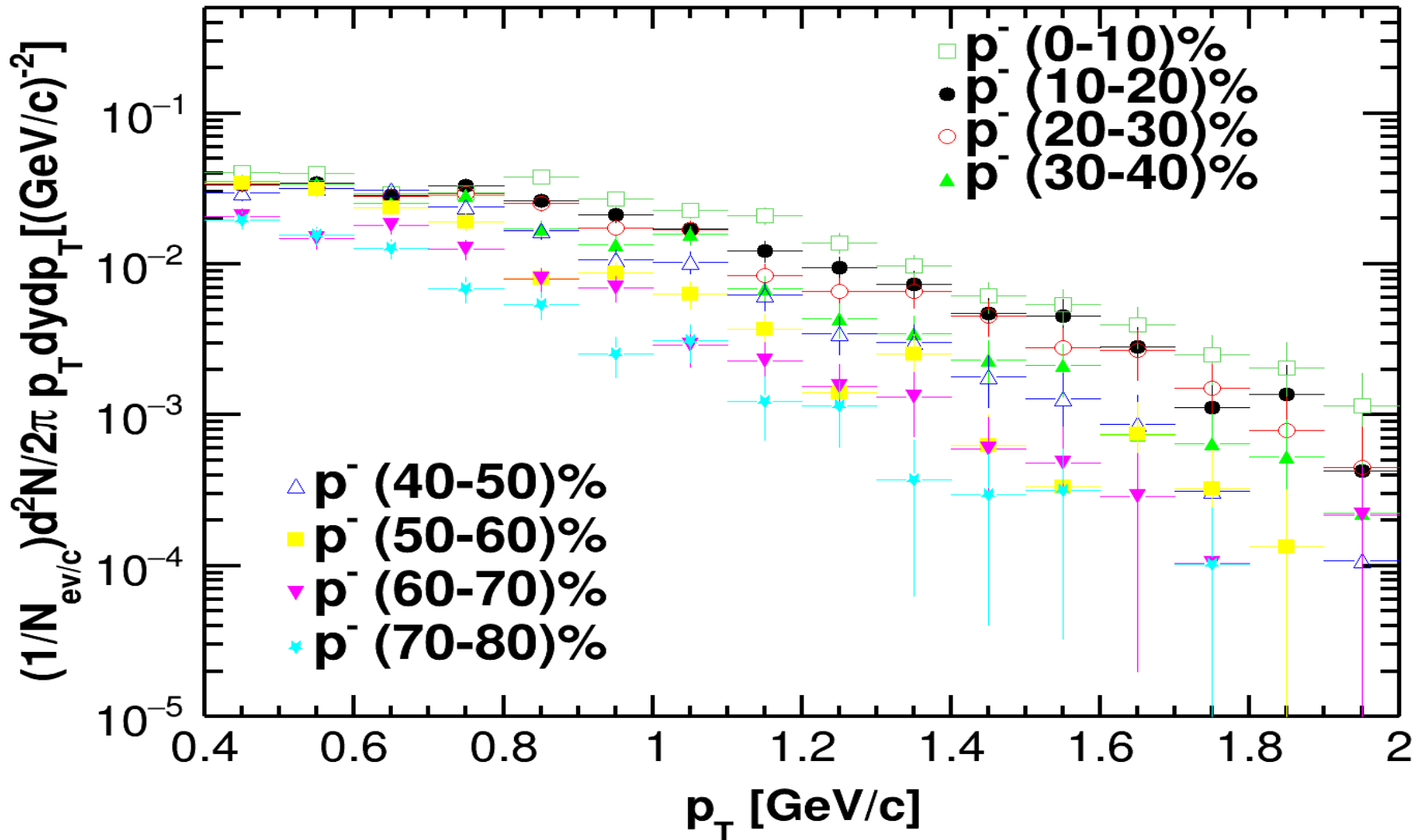
Transverse momentum for K^-

Au+Au 11.5 GeV



Transverse momentum for p^-

Au+Au 7.7 GeV



Transverse momentum for p^-

Au+Au 11.5 GeV

