

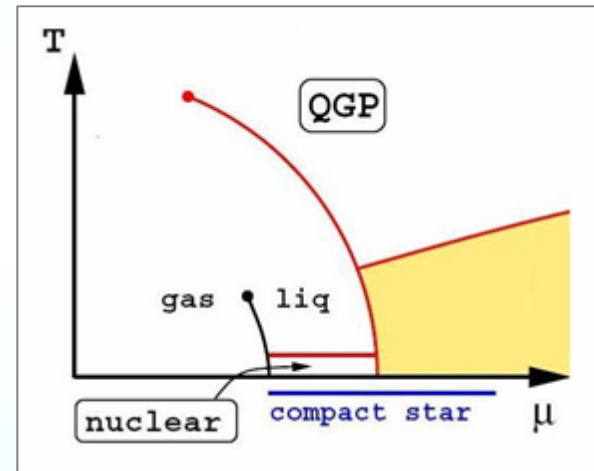
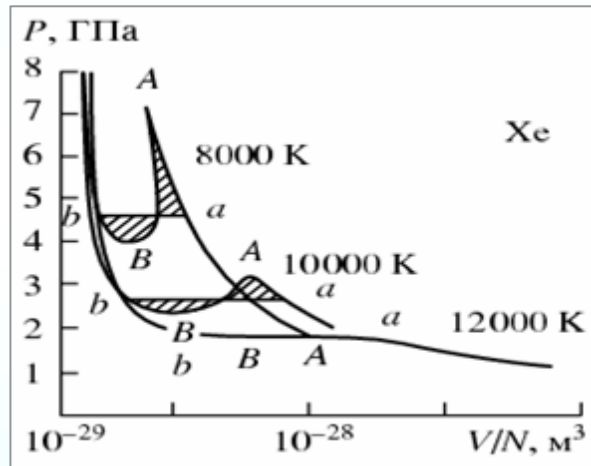
# Strangeness in Quark Matter

*6-11 July 2015, Dubna, Russia*



## Entropic *and* Enthalpic Phase Transitions

*in high energy density matter*

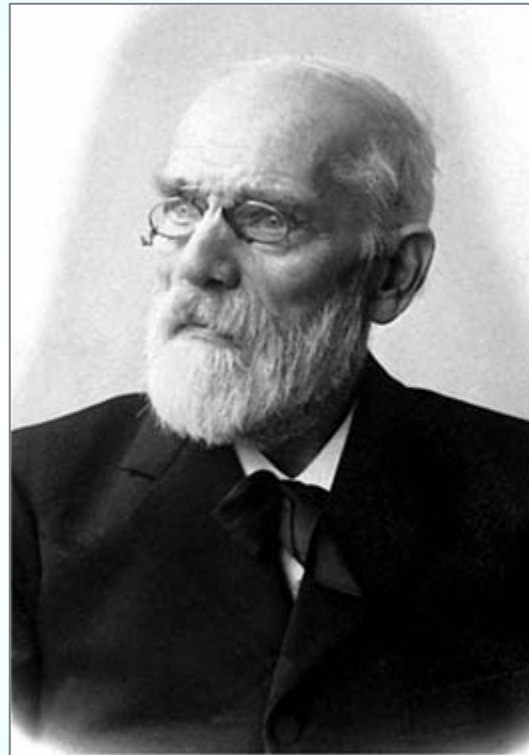
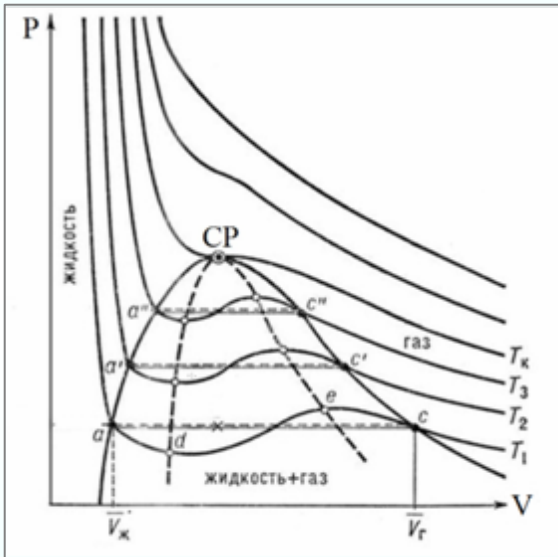


Igor Iosilevskiy

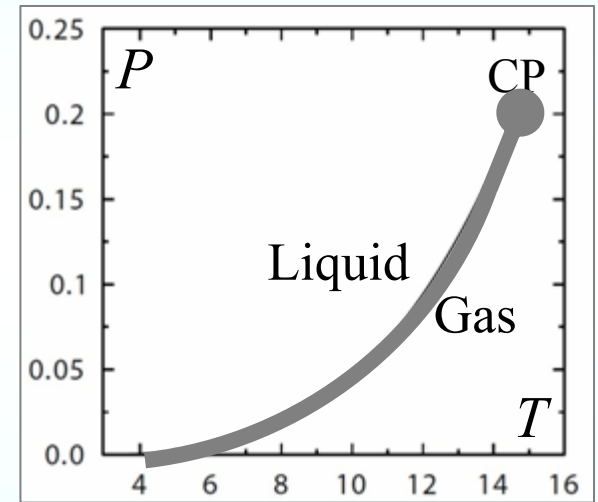
*Joint Institute for High Temperature (Russian Academy of Science)  
Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology (Federal Research University)*

# Van der Waals model *of* gas-liquid phase transition

$$(P + a\rho^2)(1 - \rho b) = \rho T,$$



Ян Дидерик Ван-дер-Ваальс



Johannes D. Van der Waals

(1837 – 1923)

*On the Continuity of the Gaseous and Liquid States,*

Ph.D. Diss. Leiden, 1873

142 years

# Debye – Hückel non-ideality correction

Debye and Hückel, *Phys. Zeitschr.*, 24, 8, 1923.



Peter Debye



Erich Hückel

(1923)

92 years

$$\frac{P}{nkT} = 1 - \frac{\Gamma_D}{6} + \dots$$

**NB!**

$$\Gamma_D = 4$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial V} \right)_T = 0$$

$$\Gamma_D > 6$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$P < 0 !$$

# Phase transitions *of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup>* order

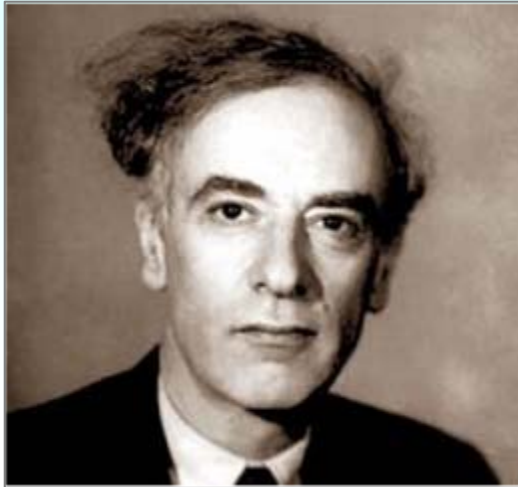


Пауль Эренфест  
(1880 - 1933)

**82 years**

1<sup>st</sup>- and 2<sup>nd</sup>-order phase transitions  
(1933)

# Hypothesis *on* 1<sup>st</sup> order phase transition "dielectric-conductor" *in* metals

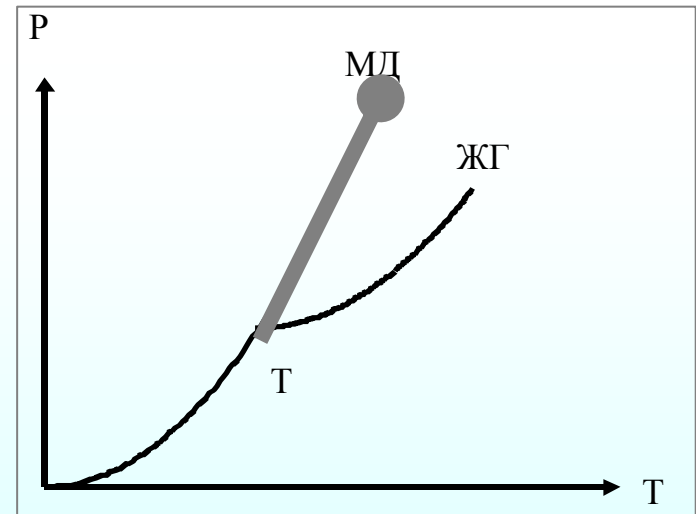
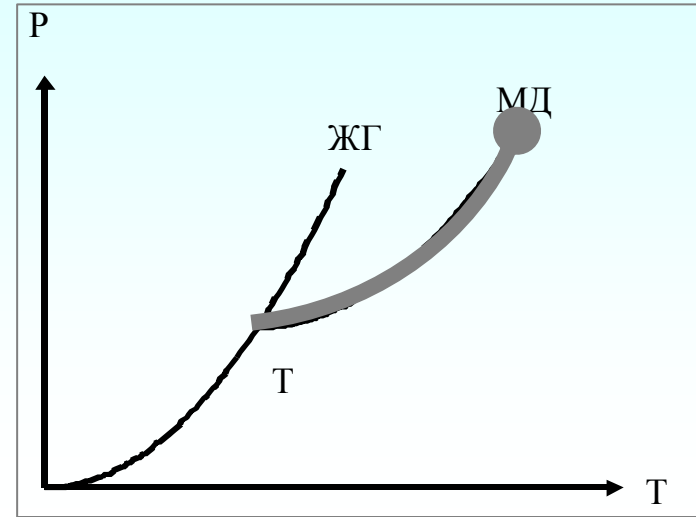


Lev Landau

(1943)



Yakob Zel'dovich  
(1914 - 1987)



72 years

Landau L. and Zel'dovich Ya., *Acta Physico-Chimica URSS*, **18**, (1943)  
*On the relation between the liquid and the gaseous states of metals*

# "Plasma" phase transitions theory

(Coulomb attraction + quantum repulsion)

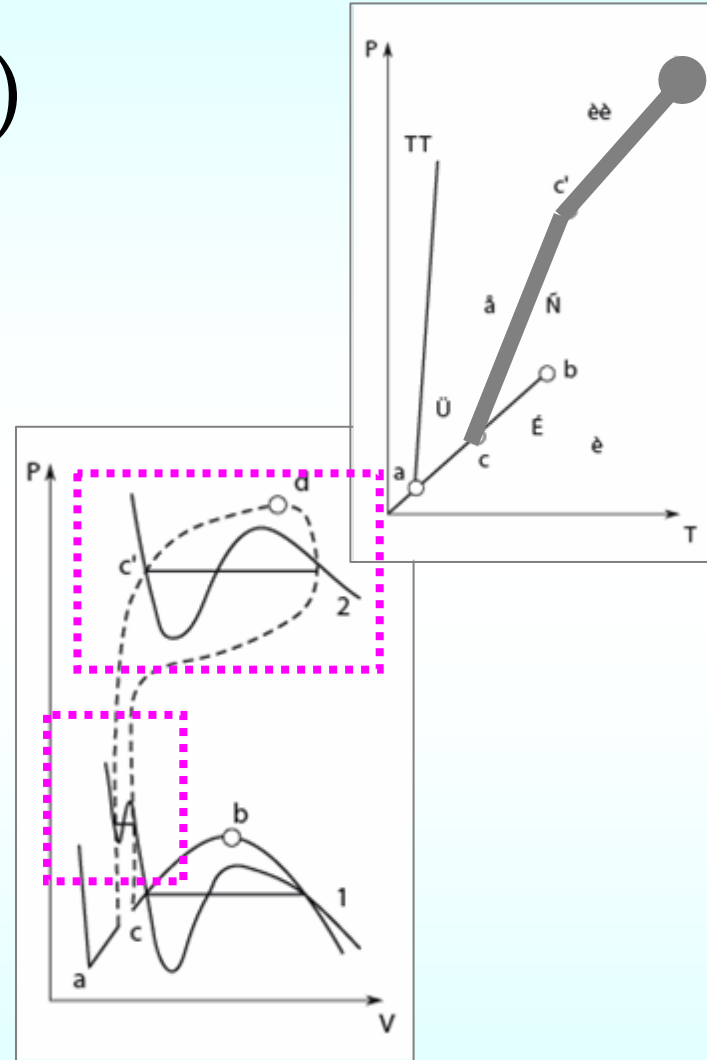


Andrew Starostin

(1968-1970)



Henry Norman



45 yaers

Norman H., Starostin A. *High Temperature*, 6, 410 (1968)  
*Plasma phase transitions*

**When one meets unexplored phase transition:  
- what should he classify ?**

**1<sup>st</sup> *or* 2<sup>nd</sup> order ?**

**Isostructural *or* non-isostructural ?**

**Enthalpic *or* entropic ?**

**Congruent *or* non-congruent ?**

**Do we use **Coulomb-less approximation** *or* we take into account all consequences *of* long-range nature *of* **Coulomb** interaction ?**

**Scenario *of* phase transformation *in* two-phase region –**

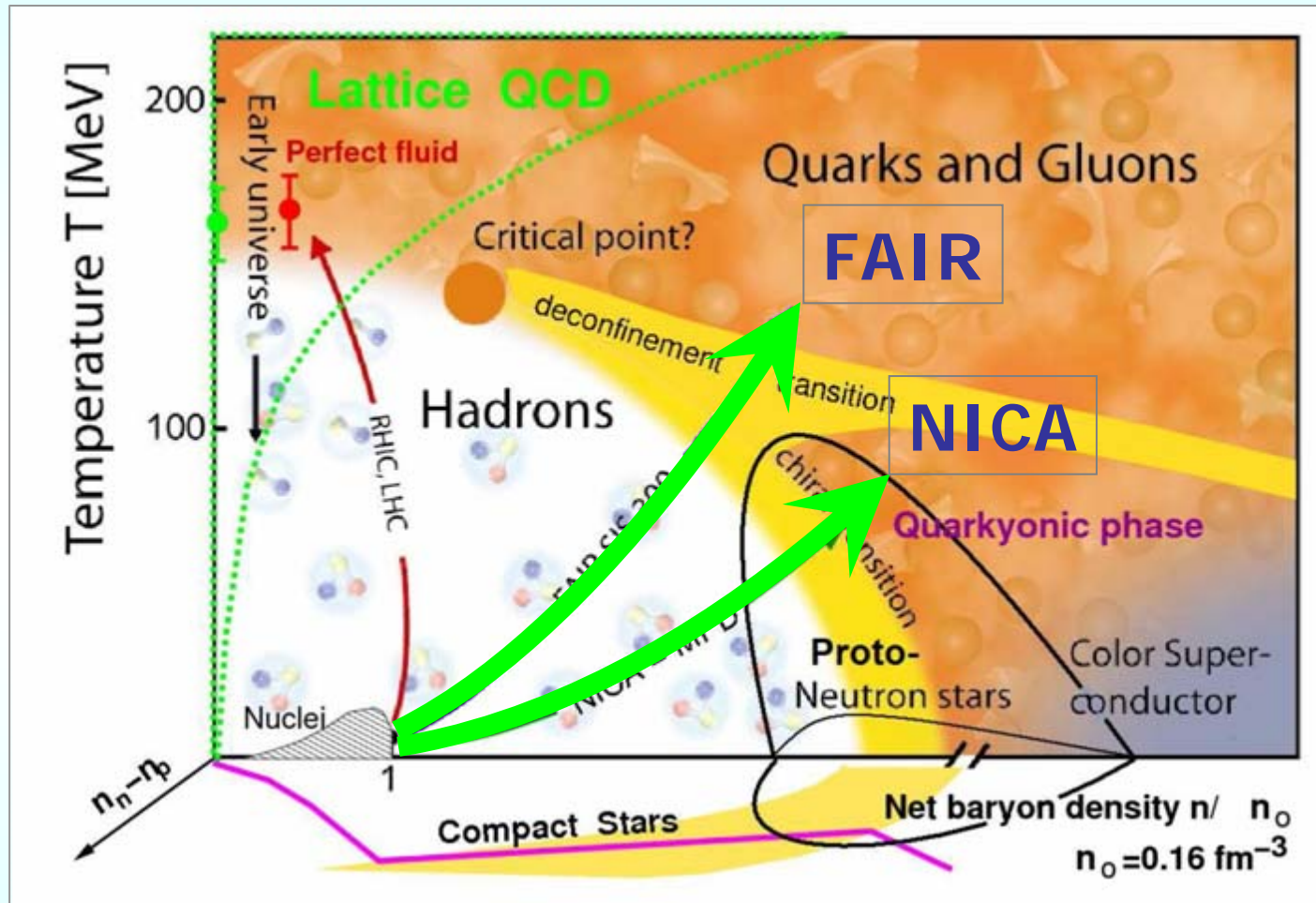
**– Macro- *or* Mesoscopic ?**

# Phase transitions *in* high energy density nuclear matter

Enthalpic *or* Entropic  
?



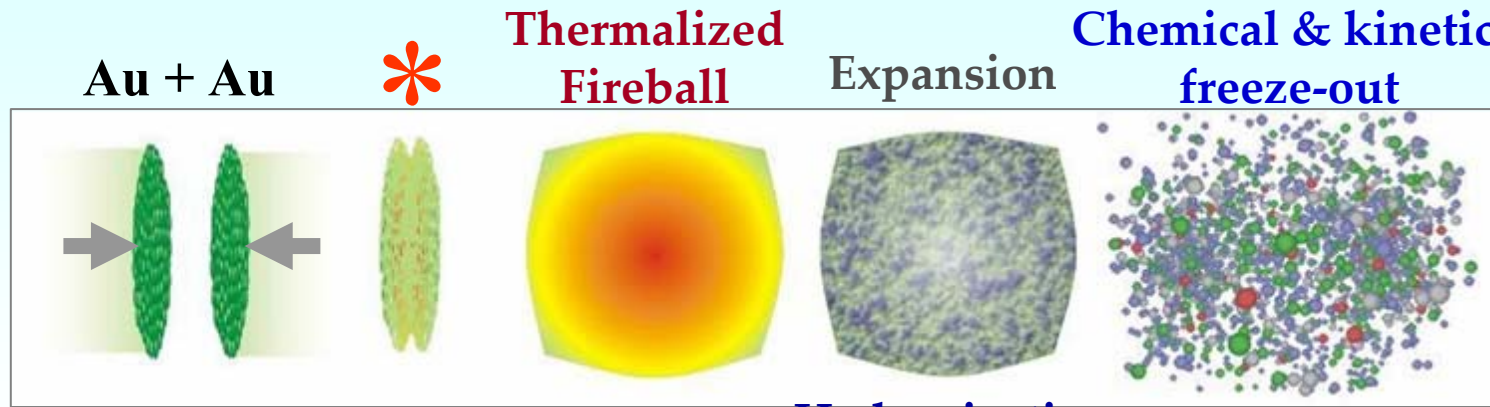
# Phase diagram of matter in ultra-high energy and density



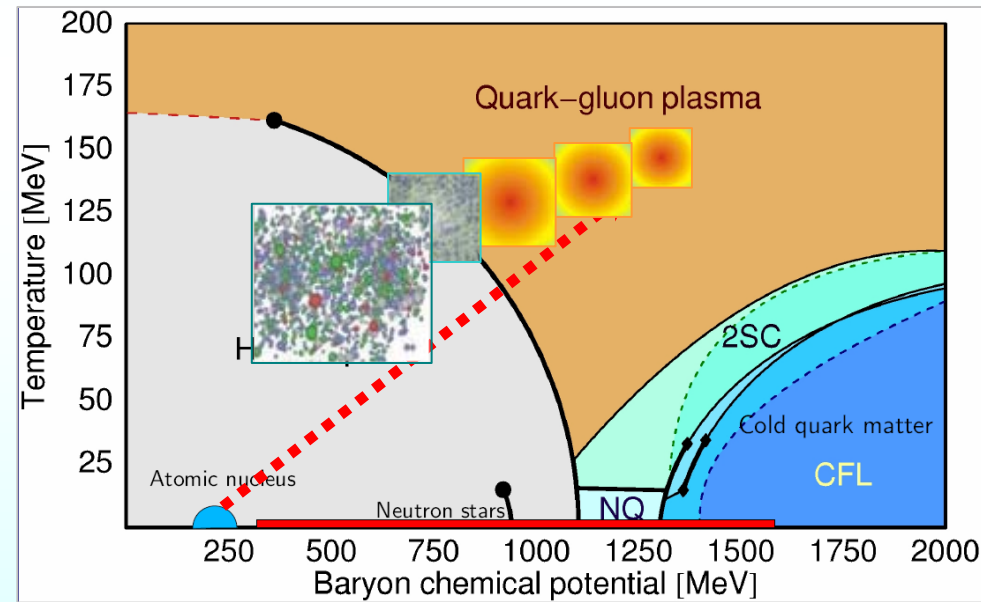
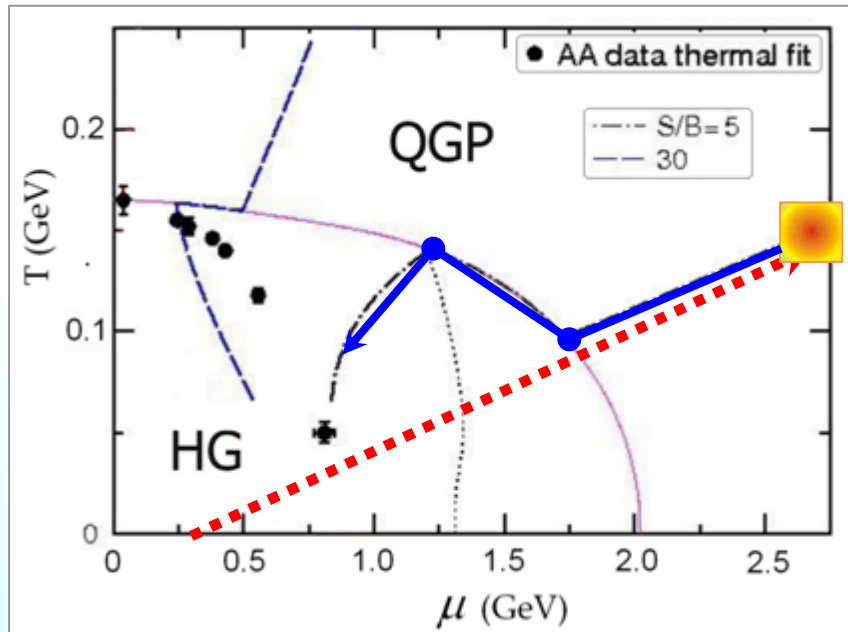
## NICA White Book

After David Blaschke, NICA Workshop, Dubna, 2009

# Impact *and* fireball hydrodynamics *in* RHIC



**Hadronization**



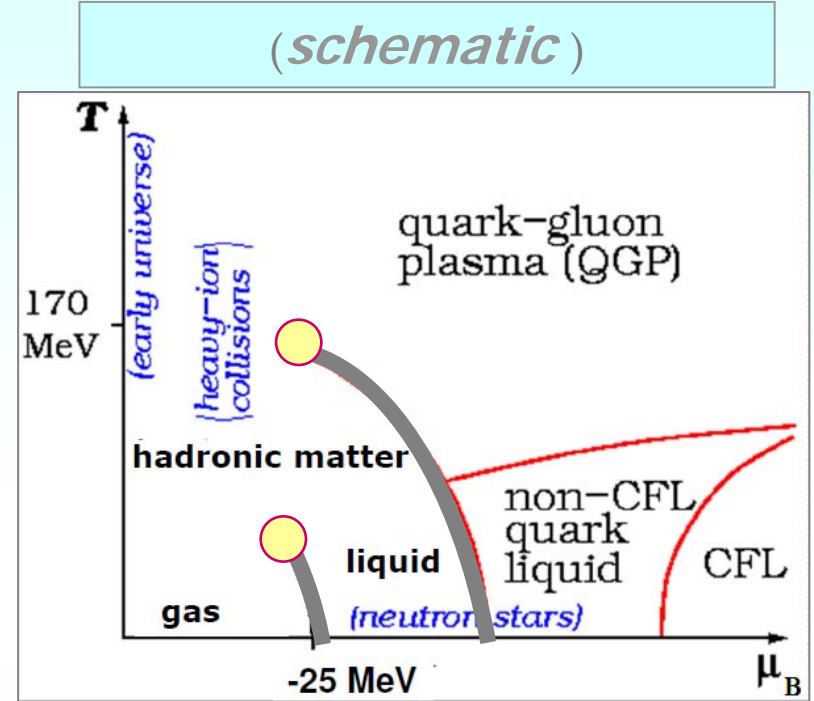
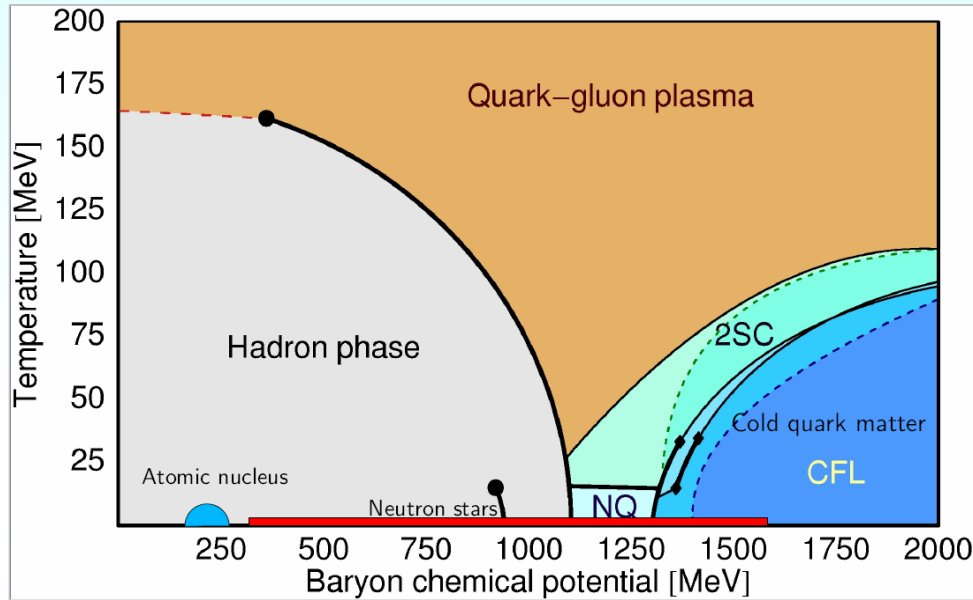
L. Satarov, M. Dmitriev, I. Mishustin //arXiv: 0901.1430

Shock adiabat of Renkine-Hugoniot-Taub

Widely accepted phase diagram of matter

Landau L. & Lifshitz E., *Hydrodynamics*, (Moscow, 1986)

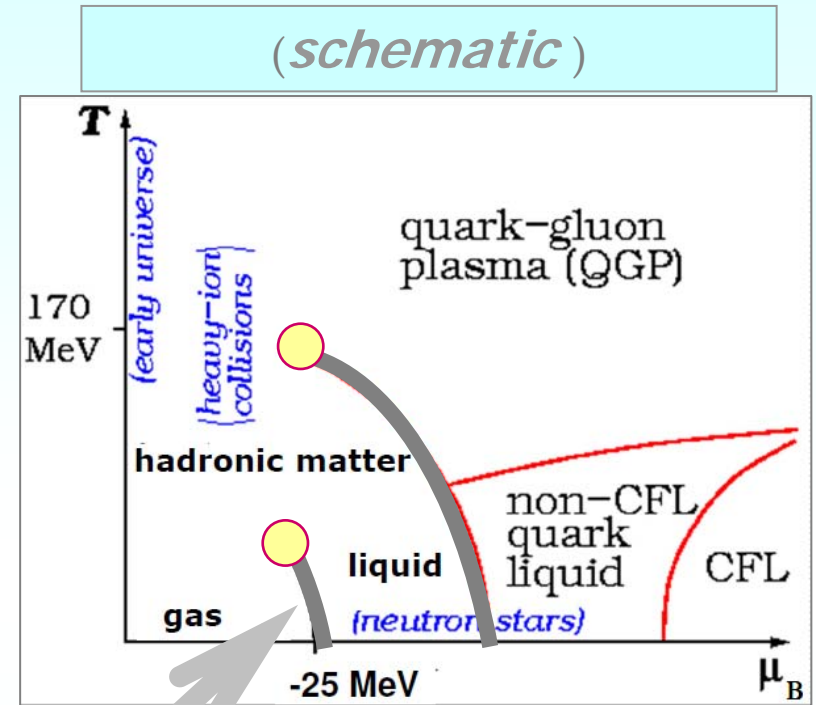
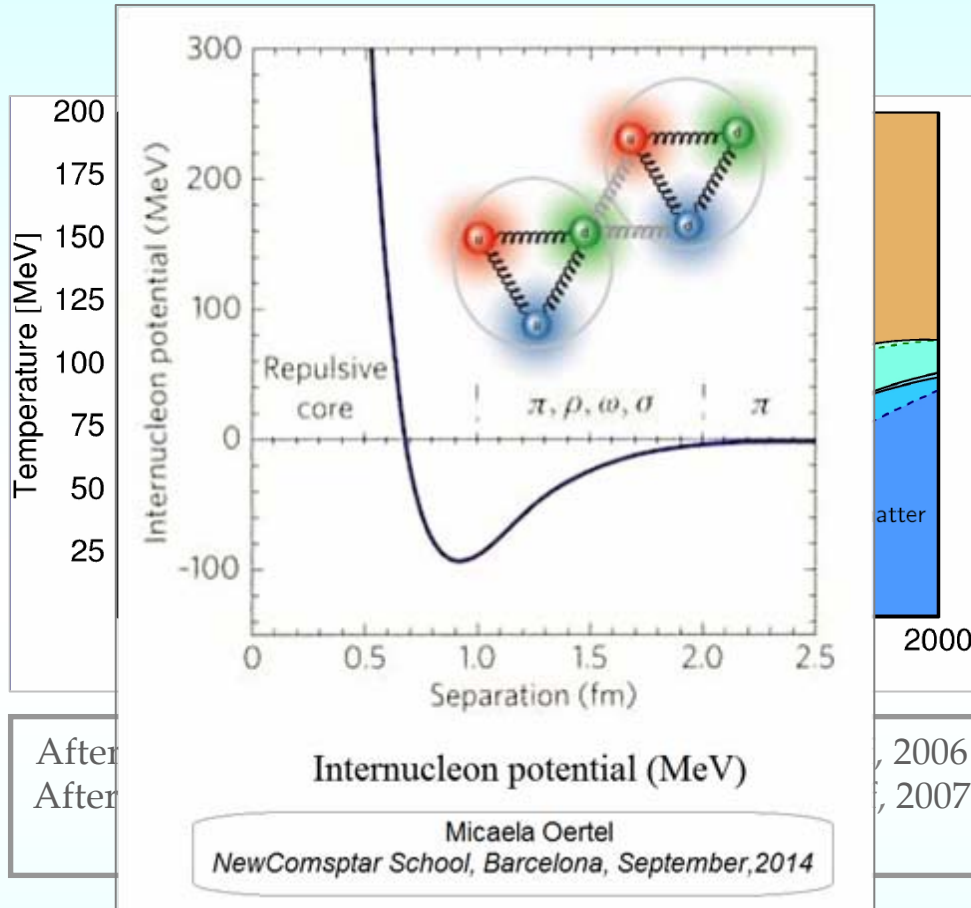
# Phase transitions in matter of ultra-high energy and density



After Fridolin Weber, WEHS Seminar, Bad Honnef, 2006  
 After David Blaschke, WEHS Seminar, Bad Honnef, 2007

Source: WIKIPEDIA

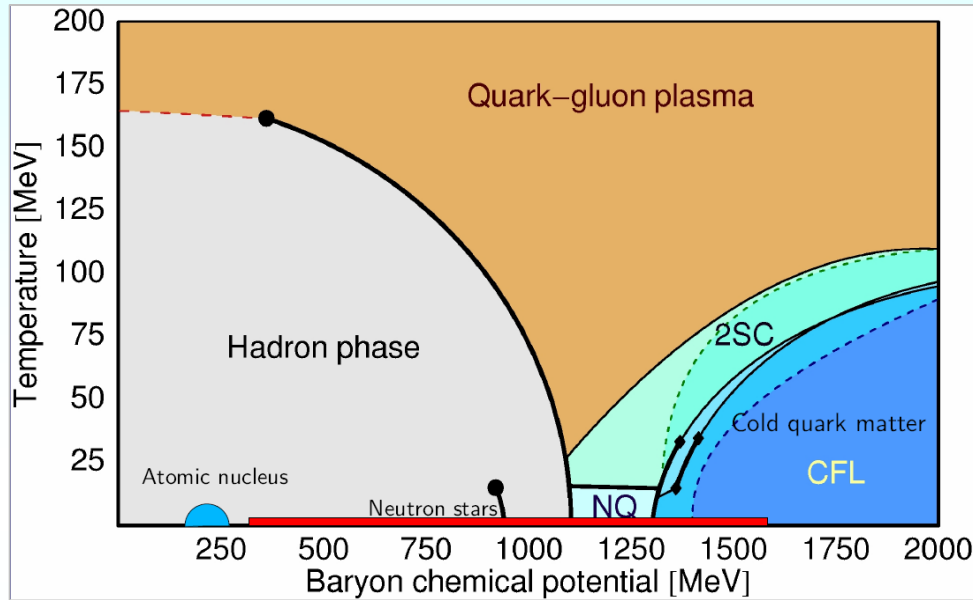
# Phase transitions in matter of ultra-high energy and density



Source: WIKIPEDIA

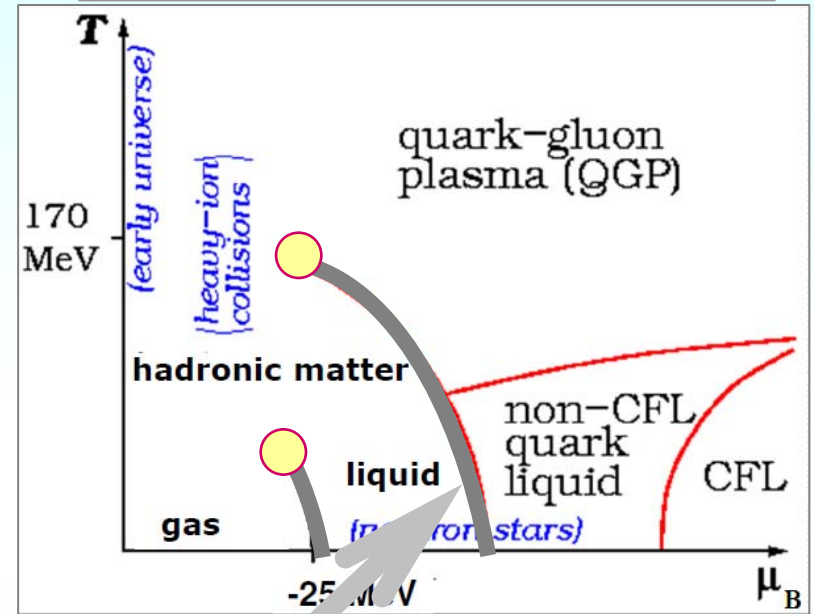
“Gas-liquid” phase transition in Coulombless system  $\{p, n, N(A, Z)\}$   
/ GLPT /

# Phase transitions in matter of ultra-high energy and density



After Fridolin Weber, WEHS Seminar, Bad Honnef, 2006  
After David Blaschke, WEHS Seminar, Bad Honnef, 2007

(*schematic*)

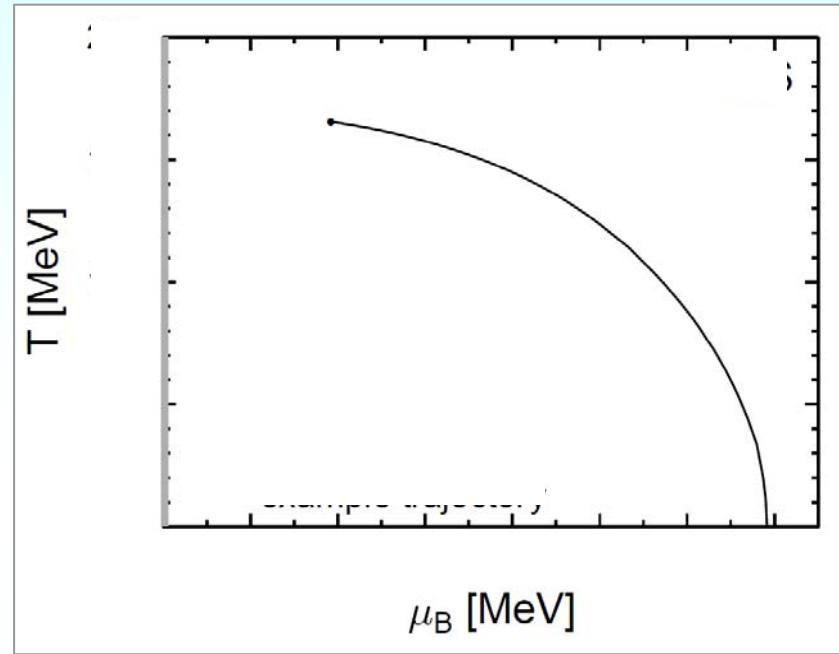
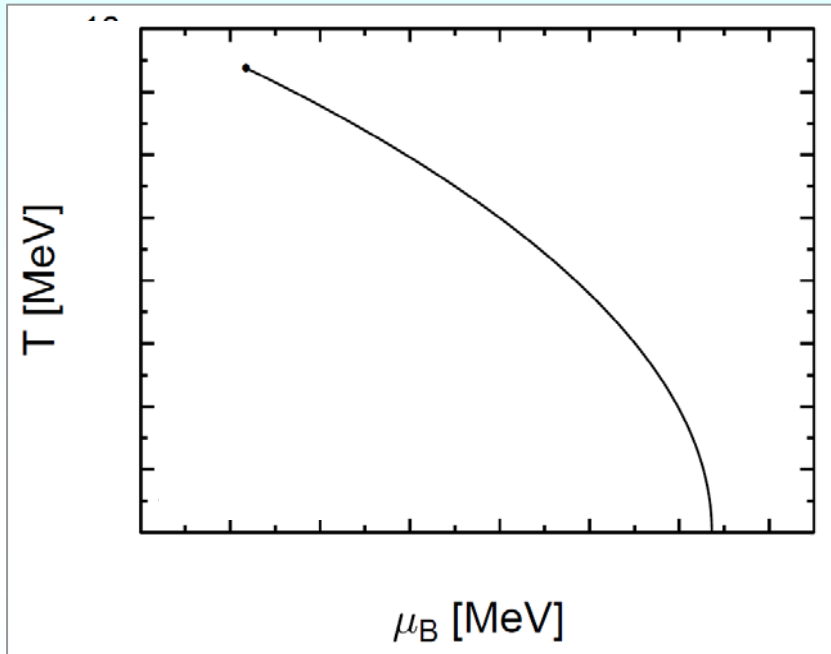


Source: WIKIPEDIA

**Quark-Hadron phase transition**  
**/ QHPT /**

# $T$ - $\mu$ phase diagram *of* symmetric GLPT *and* QHPT

*Coulombless approximation*



*Non-congruence of the nuclear liquid-gas and the deconfinement phase transitions*

Matthias Hempel, Veronica Dexheimer, Stefan Schramm, Igor Iosilevskiy  
(*Phys. Rev. C*, **88**, 2013)

arXiv:1302.2835

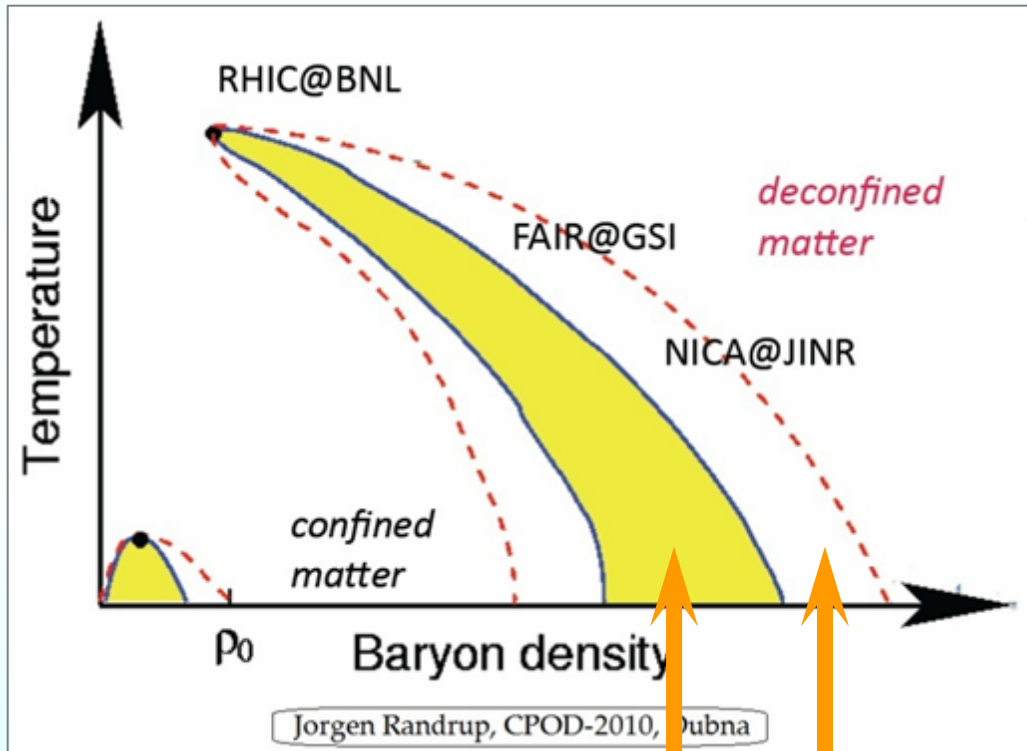
**NB !**

**Gas-liquid *and* quark-hadron phase transitions *are* often considered as similar to each other within simple scaling / GLPT  $\sim \sim$  QHPT/**

# Gas-liquid *and* Quark-hadron phase transitions are often considered as similar

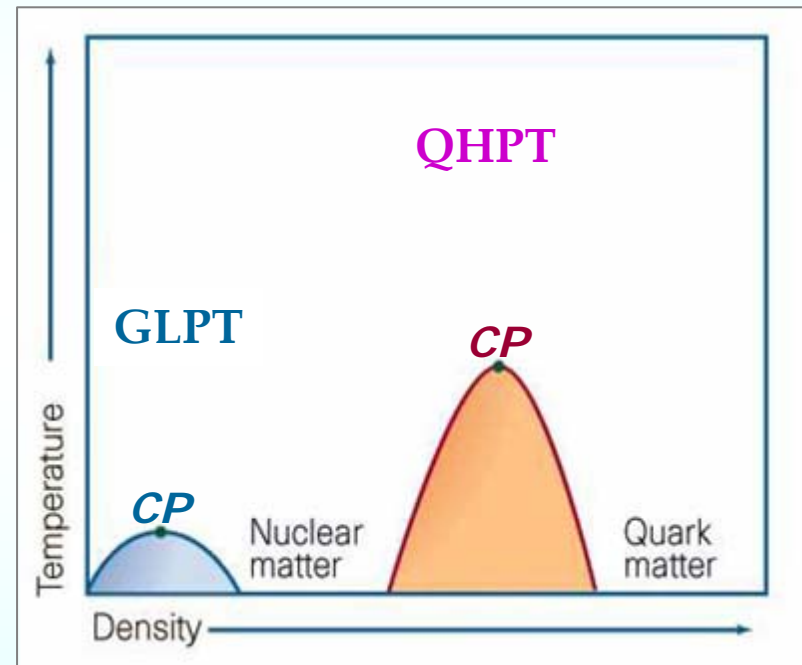
Prerow 2009

“Critical Point and Onset of Deconfinement”  
Dubna, Russia, 2009



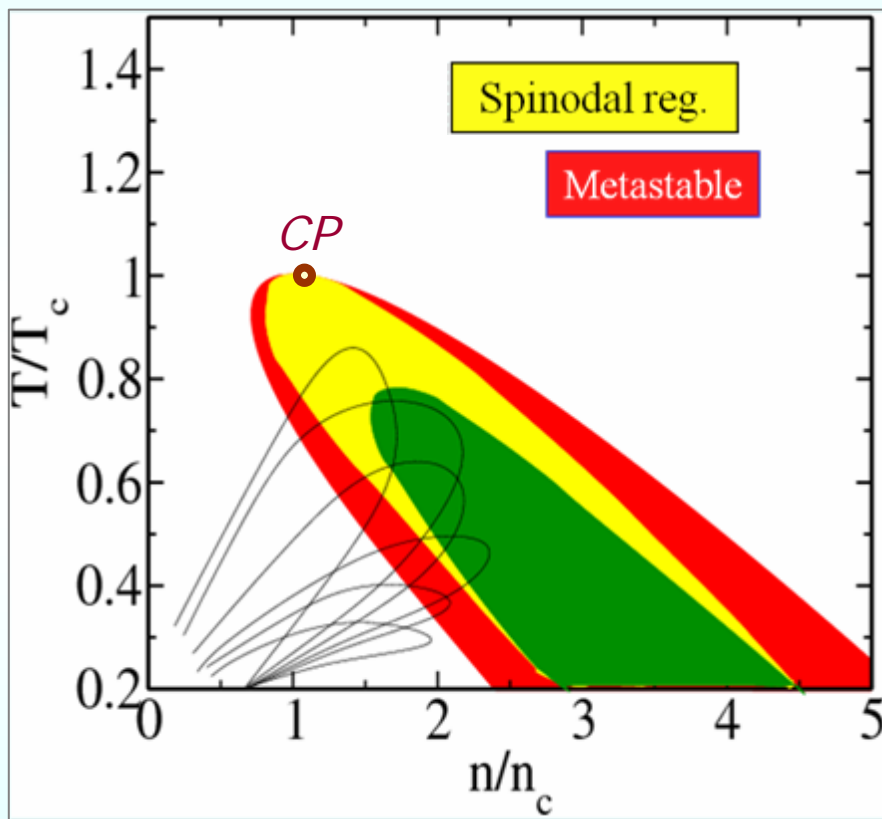
Spinodal reg. Metastable

“Critical Point and Onset of Deconfinement”  
Napa, USA, 2013



J. Steinheimer & J. Randrup, CPOD-2013

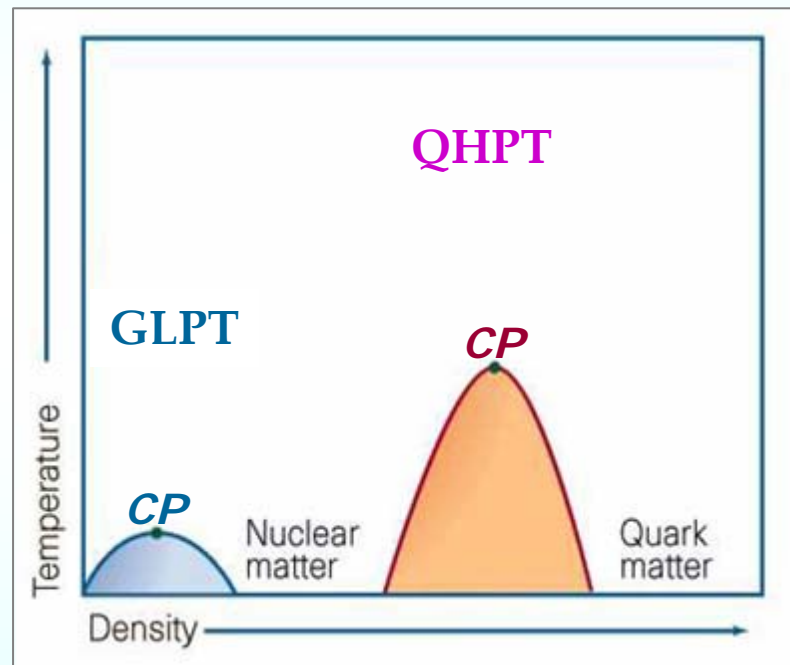
# Gas-liquid *and* quark-hadron phase transitions are often considered as similar



Vladimir Skokov (GSI, Darmstadt)

Dense QCD Phases in Heavy Ion Collisions and Supernovae,  
11 October, 2009

"Critical Point and Onset of Deconfinement"  
Int. Conference, Napa, USA, 2013



J. Steinheimer & J. Randrup, *CPOD-2013*

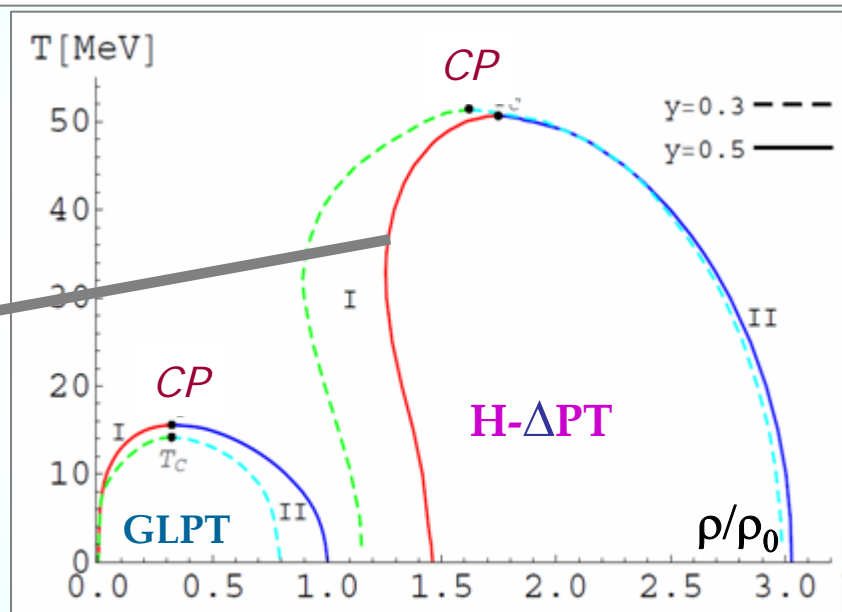
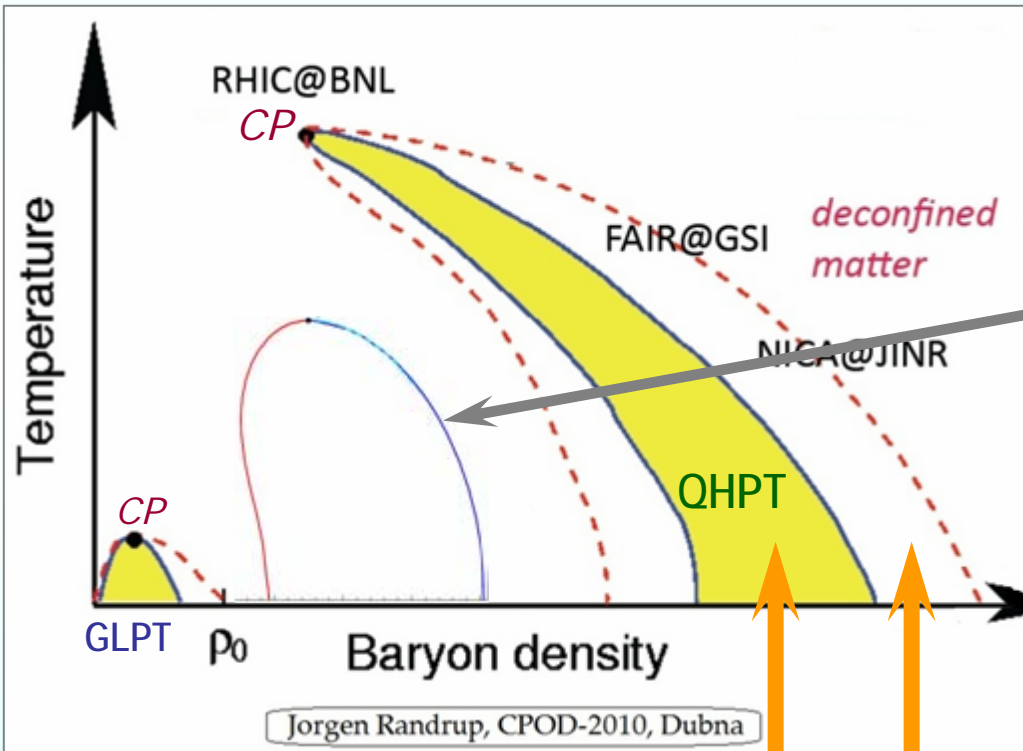


# Gas-liquid, Quark-hadron *and* Hadron- $\Delta$ -meson phase transitions are considered as similar

Prerow 2009

“Critical Point and Onset of Deconfinement”  
Dubna, Russia, 2009

## Phase diagram of the liquid-gas and the nucleon- $\Delta$ matter phase transition

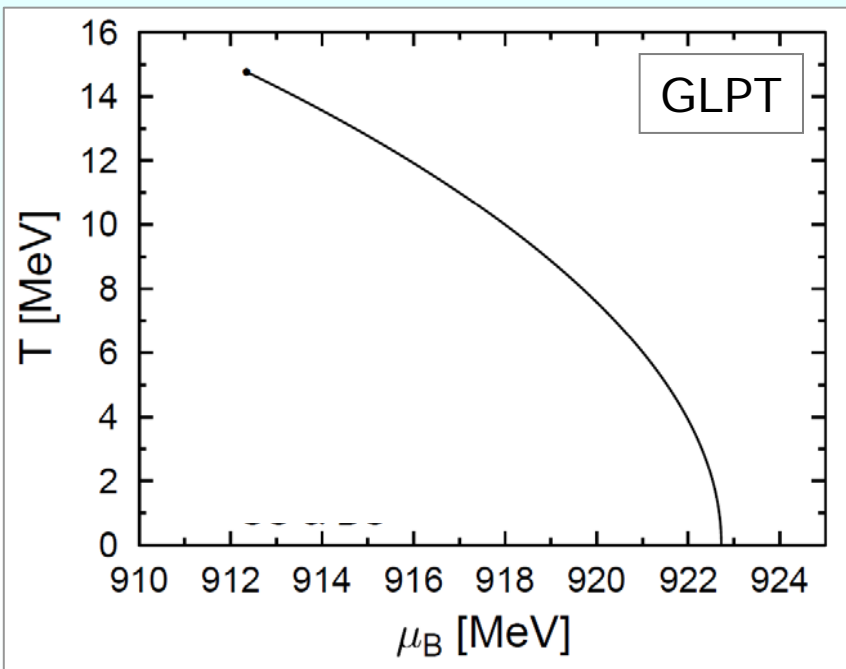


Lavagno A., Pigato D.  
*Phys. Rev. C.*, **86**, (2012)  
*Thermodynamic instability in warm and dense nuclear matter*

Spinodal reg. Metastable

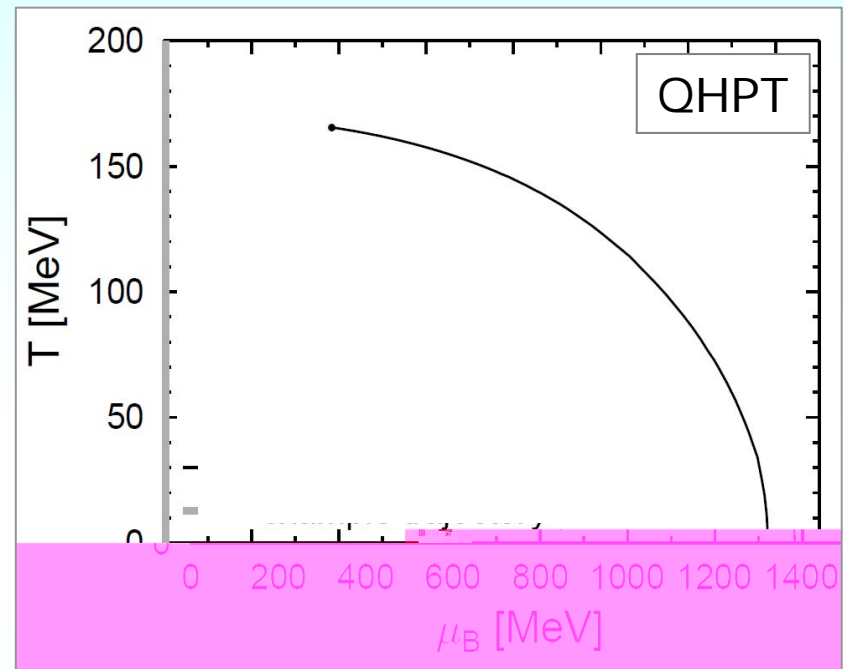
**All three phase transitions: - are they isomorphic?**

# GLPT *and* QHPT look *like* equivalent in $T-\mu$ phase diagram (symmetric case)



FSUGold (Matthias Hempel (\*))

**Gas-liquid PT**  $\{p, n, N(A, Z)\}$



SU(3) model (V. Dexheimer & S. Schramm (\*))

**Quark-hadron PT**



(\* M. Hempel, V. Dexheimer, S. Schramm and I. Iosilevskiy // (Phys. Rev. C 88, 2013)

arXiv:1302.2835

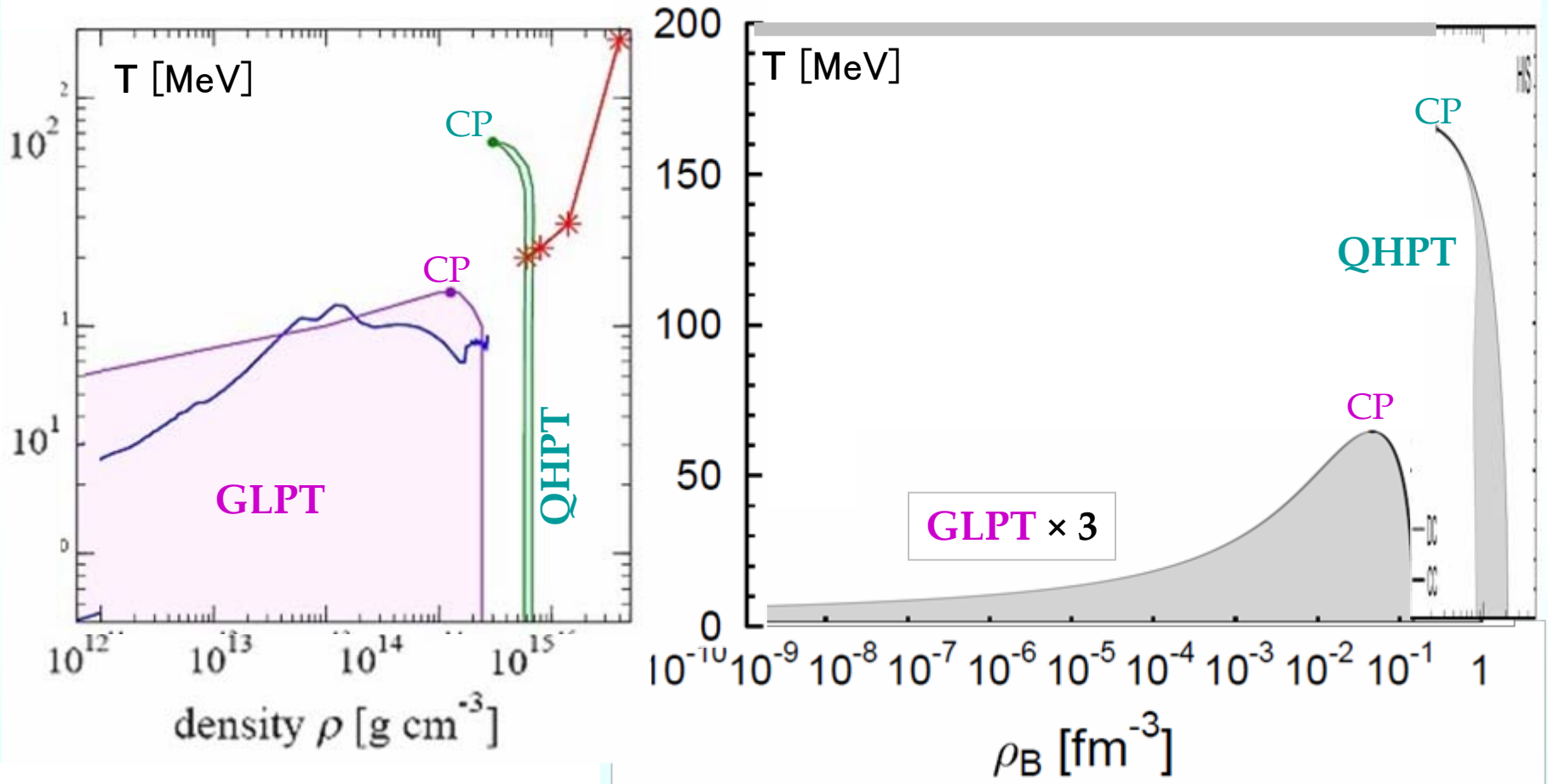
**No!**

**Enthalpic PT**



**Entropic PT**

# $T - \rho$ phase diagram of symmetric Coulomb-less GLPT and QHPT (the same structure in old and new calculations)



after David Blaschke,  
"Extreme Matter", Elbrus-2010

FSUGold (Matthias Hempel)

SU(3) model (Veronica Dexheimer)

**GLPT**

**QHPT**

arXiv:1302.2835

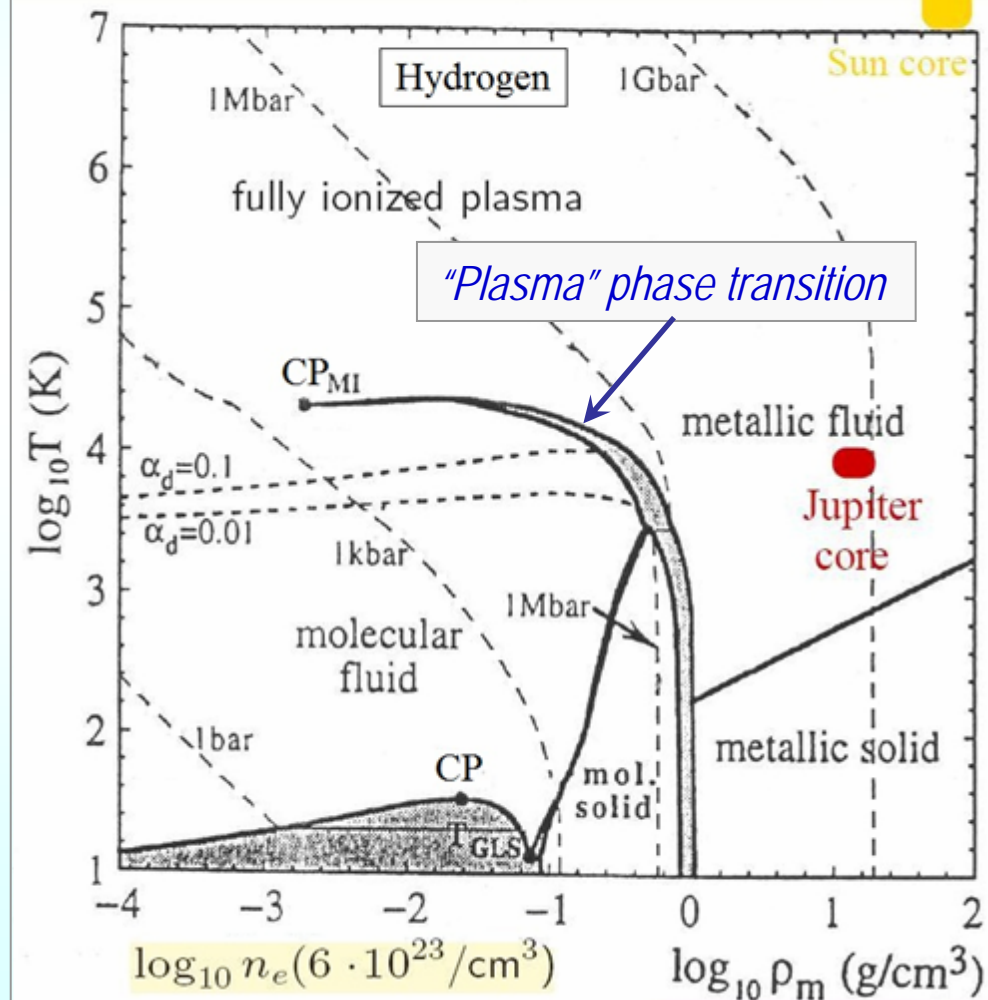
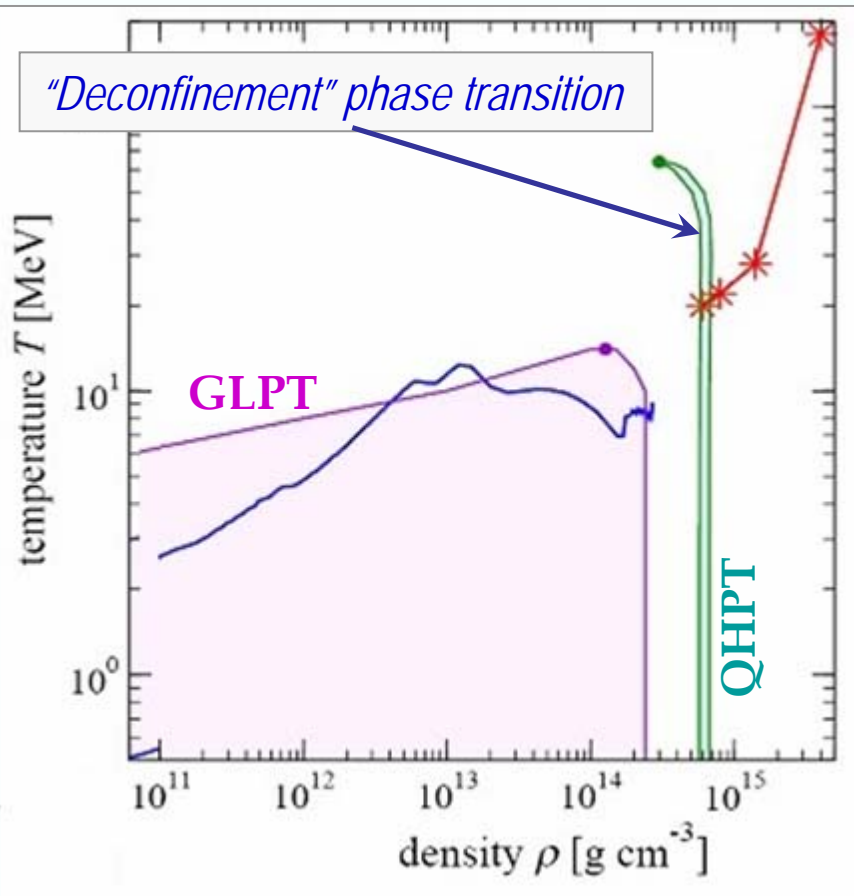
Non-congruence of the nuclear liquid-gas and the deconfinement phase transitions

M. Hempel, V. Dexheimer, S. Schramm & I. Iosilevskiy // *Phys. Rev. C* 88 (2013)

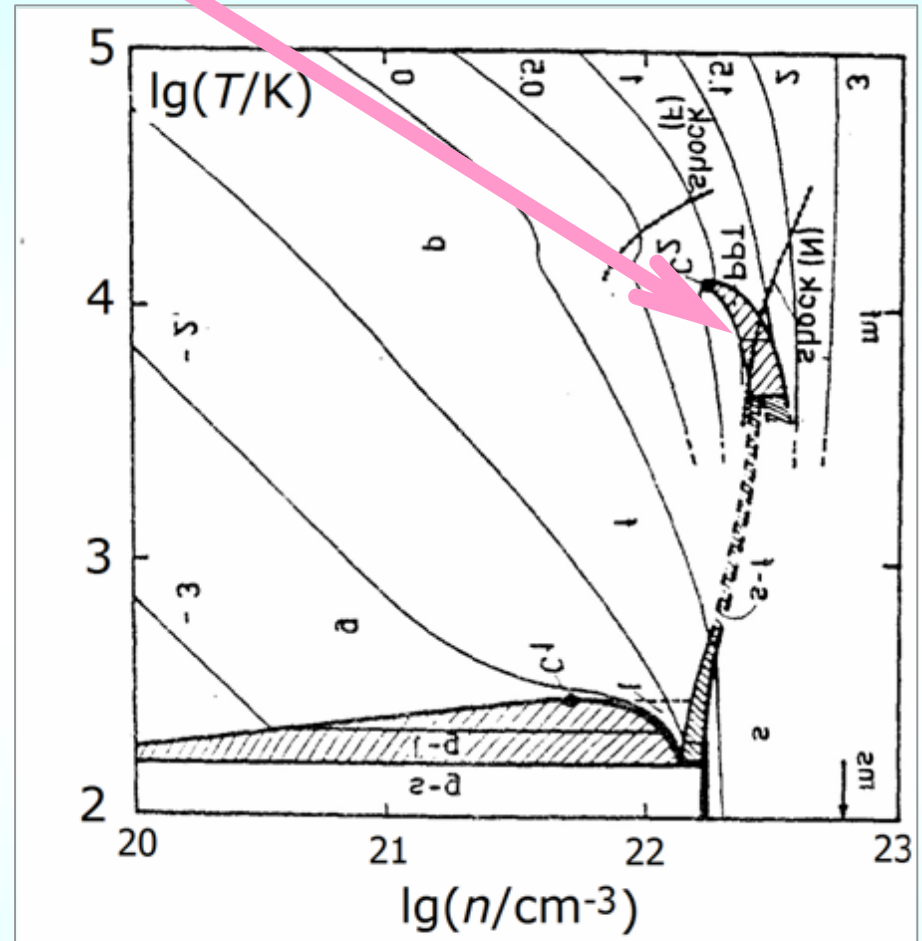
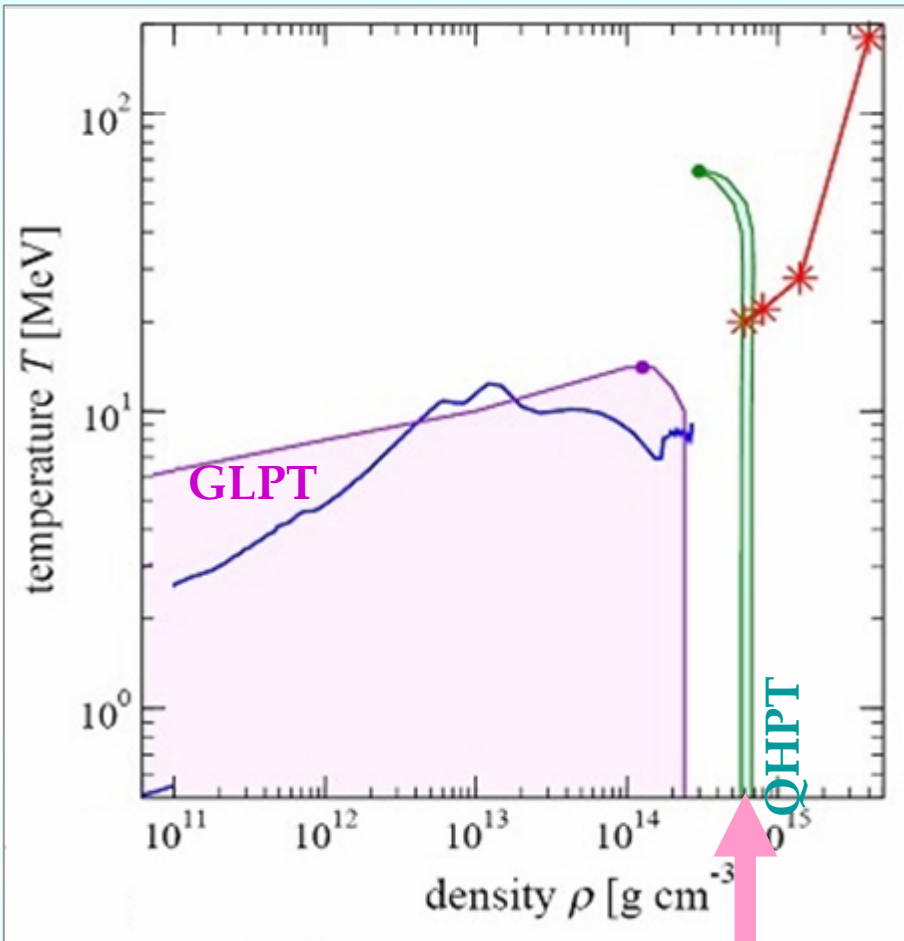
# Enthalpic *and* entropic phase transitions in electromagnetic plasma

Hydrogen phase diagram with hypothetical "plasma" phase transition

H. Kitamura und S. Ichimaru, J.Phys.Soc. of Japan **67** (1998)



# Gas-liquid *and* ionization-driven phase transitions *in* xenon



Dienemann H, Clemens G, Kraeft W. D. *Annalen der Physik* 7, (1980)

# Gas-liquid *and* deconfinement-driven PT *in* dense nuclear matter

General: "delocalization-driven" PT-s *in* matter of extreme state

# Enthalpic *and* entropic phase transitions in nuclear matter *and* electromagnetic plasma

PT under isothermal compression

$$\text{GLPT} \Leftrightarrow \Delta H < 0 \Leftrightarrow \text{GLPT}$$

$$\text{QHPT} \Leftrightarrow -T\Delta S < 0 \Leftrightarrow \text{PPT}$$

Hypothetical "Plasma" phase transition (PPT) in hydrogen

H. Kitamura und S. Ichimaru, J.Phys.Soc. of Japan **67** (1998)

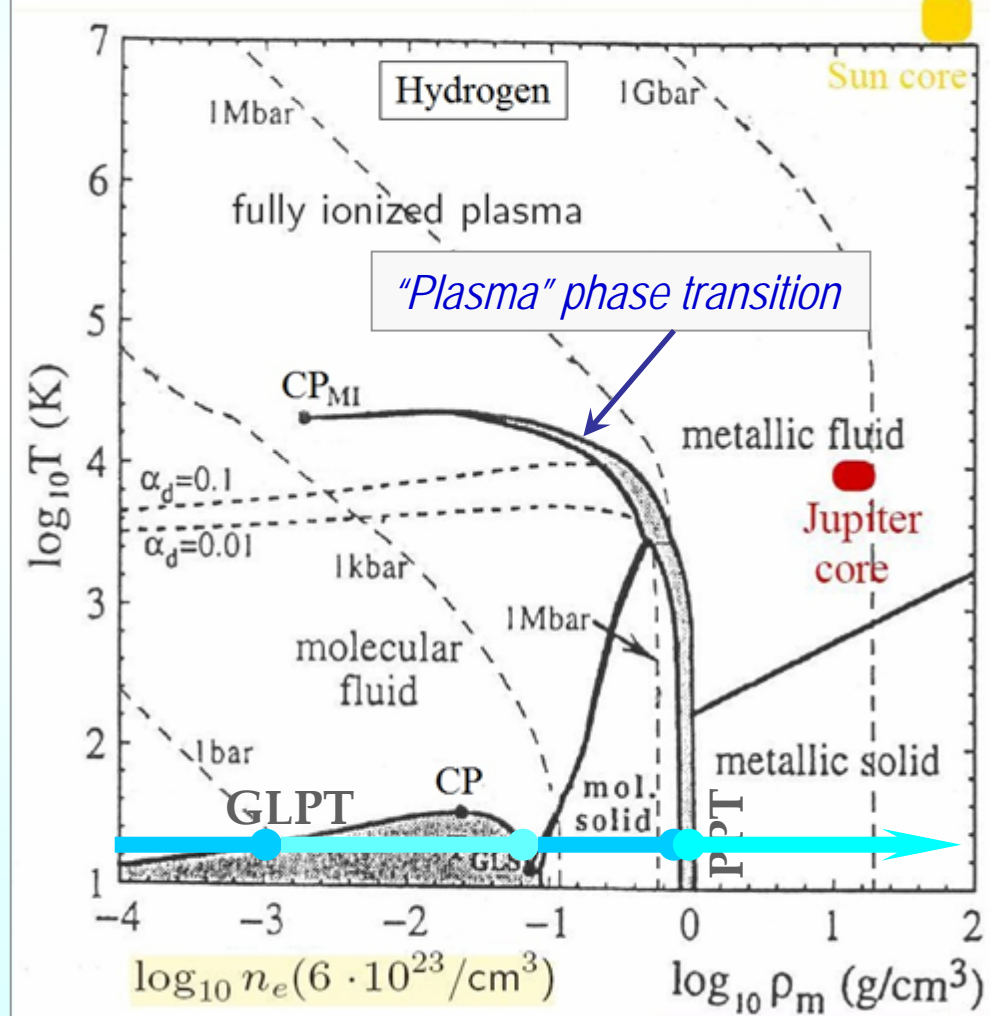
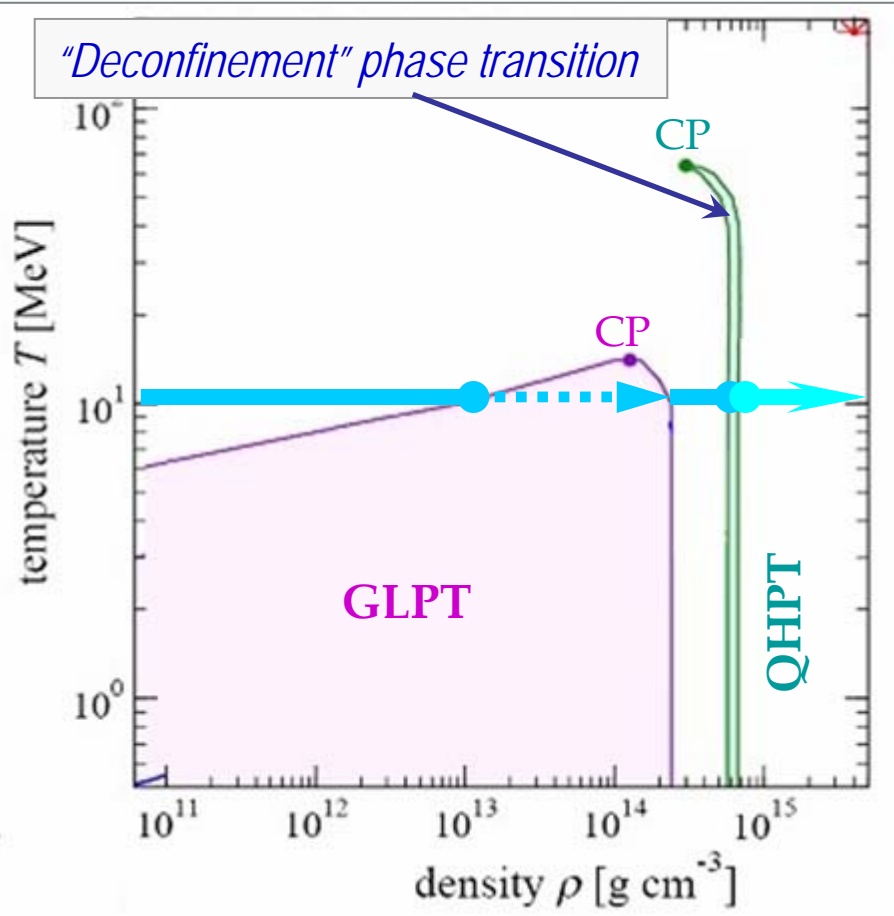
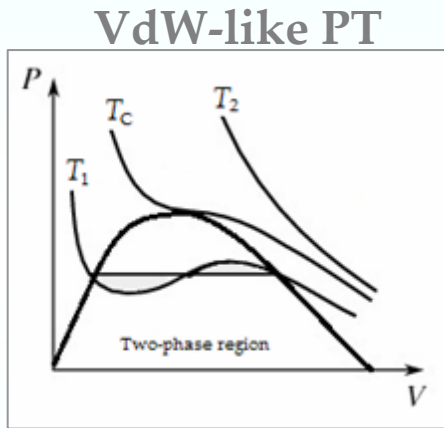


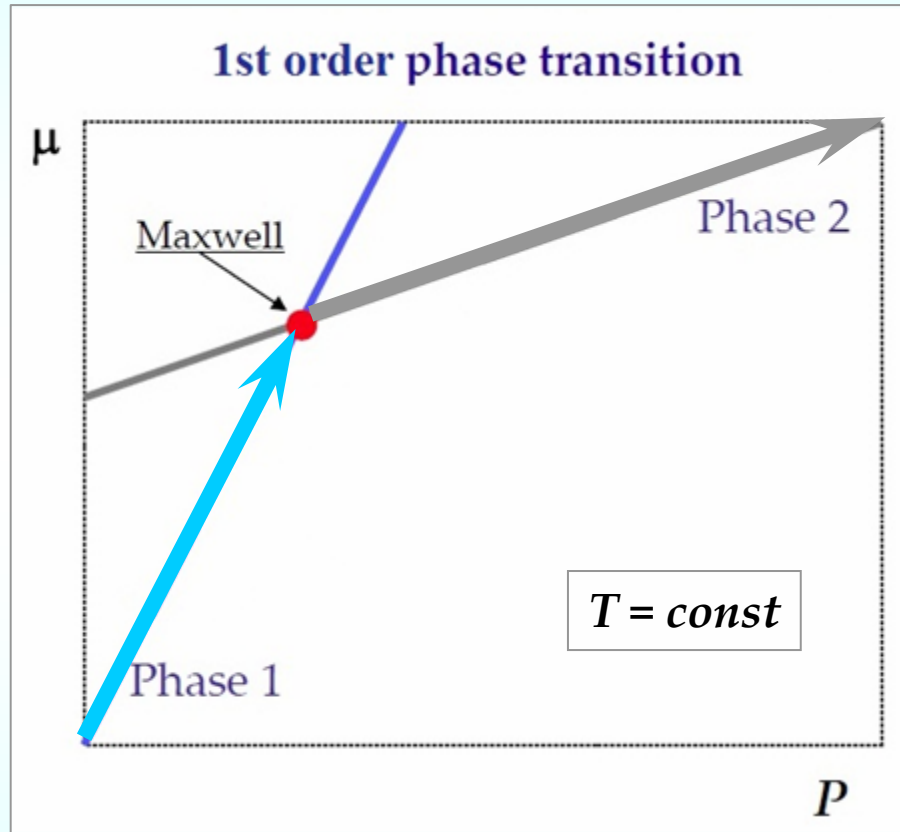
Figure after David Blaschke

# Phase transitions: **Enthalpic** vs. **Entropic** ?

$$G = H - TS$$



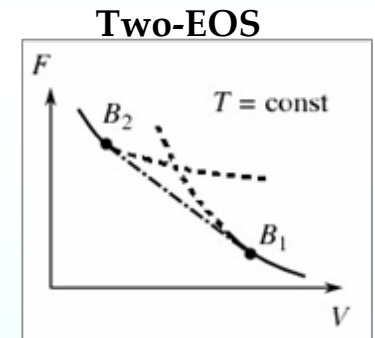
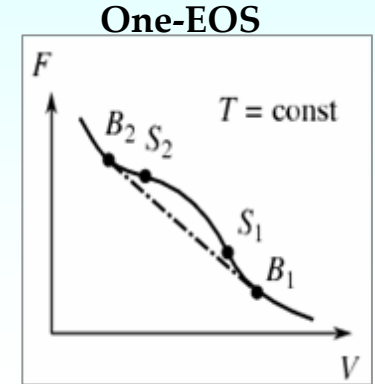
Maxwell "Equal squares"



$T = \text{const}$

Iso- $T$  compression

$$\Delta G = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \Delta H = T\Delta S$$



"Double tangent"

**Enthalpic PT**

$$\Delta H = T\Delta S < 0$$

$$\left(\frac{dP}{dT}\right)_{\text{binodal}} > 0$$

**Entropic PT**

$$\Delta H = T\Delta S > 0$$

$$\left(\frac{dP}{dT}\right)_{\text{binodal}} < 0$$

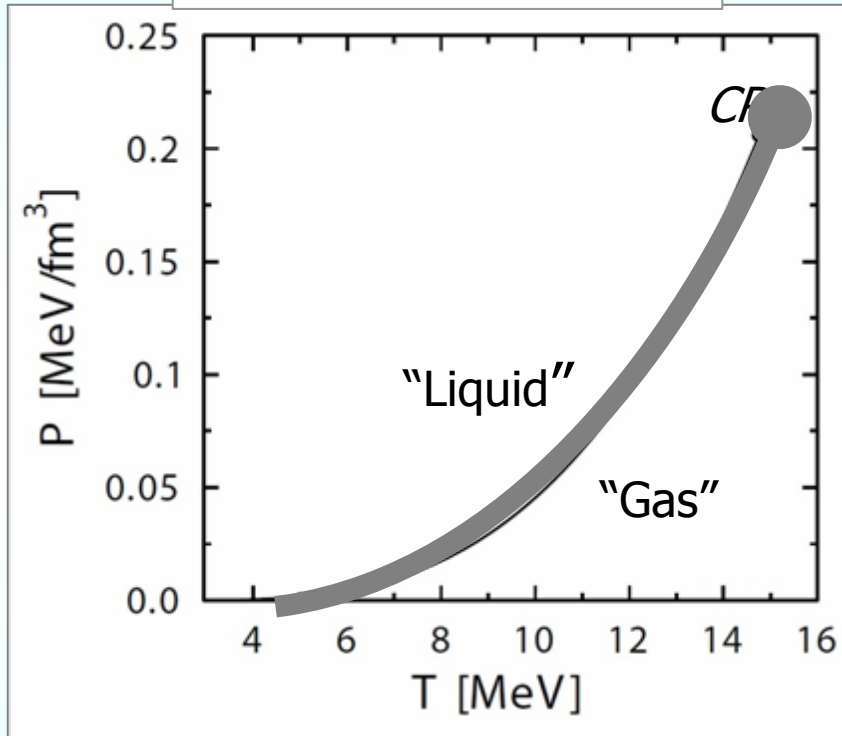
***P-T*** phase diagram *for* **GLPT** *and* **QHPT**



# $P - T$ phase diagram of symmetric Coulomb-less GLPT and QHPT

One-EOS approach (with critical point)

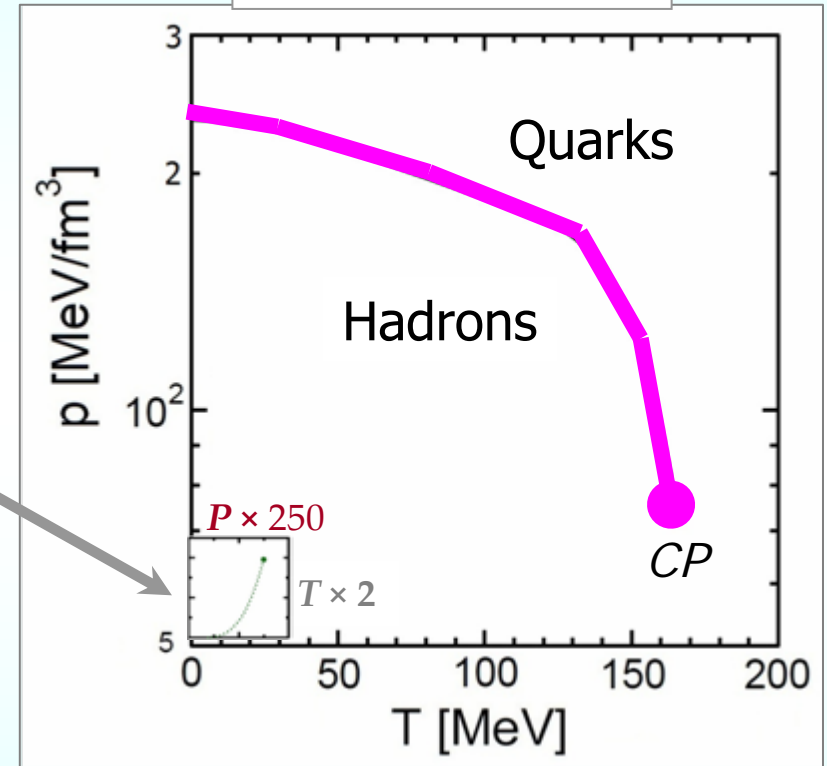
Nuclear Gas-Liquid PT



Standard VdW-like behavior

(enthalpic PT)

Quark-Hadron PT



Non-standard behavior:  $(dP/dT)_{\text{binodal}} < 0$

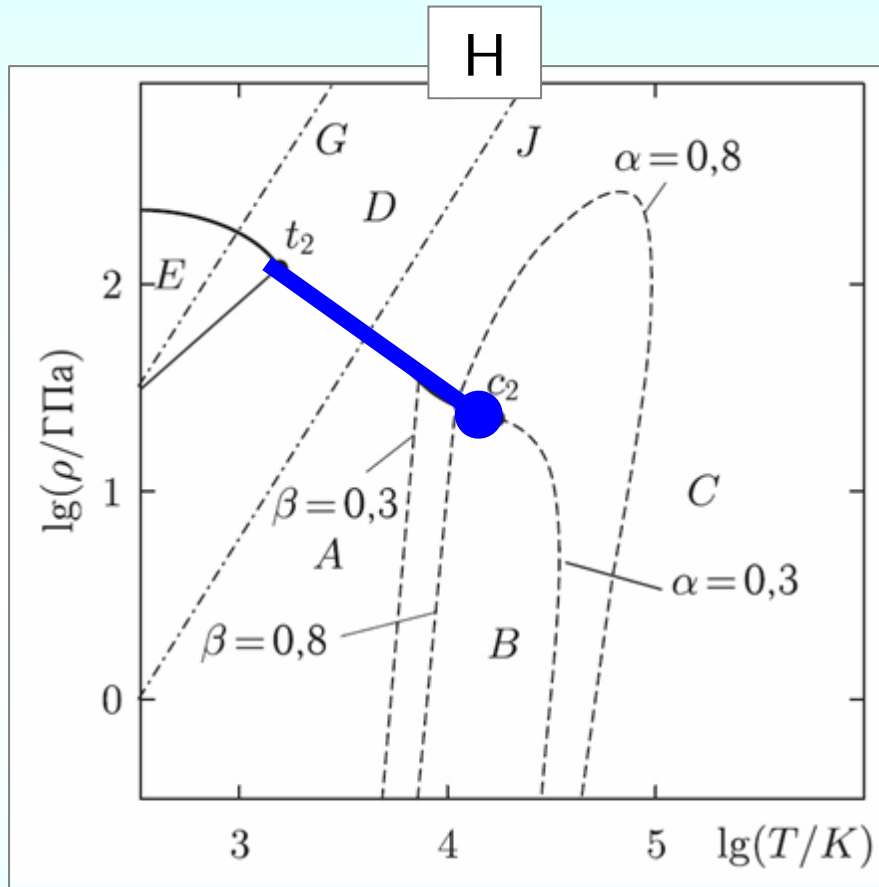
(entropic PT)

Non-congruence of the nuclear liquid-gas and the deconfinement phase transitions

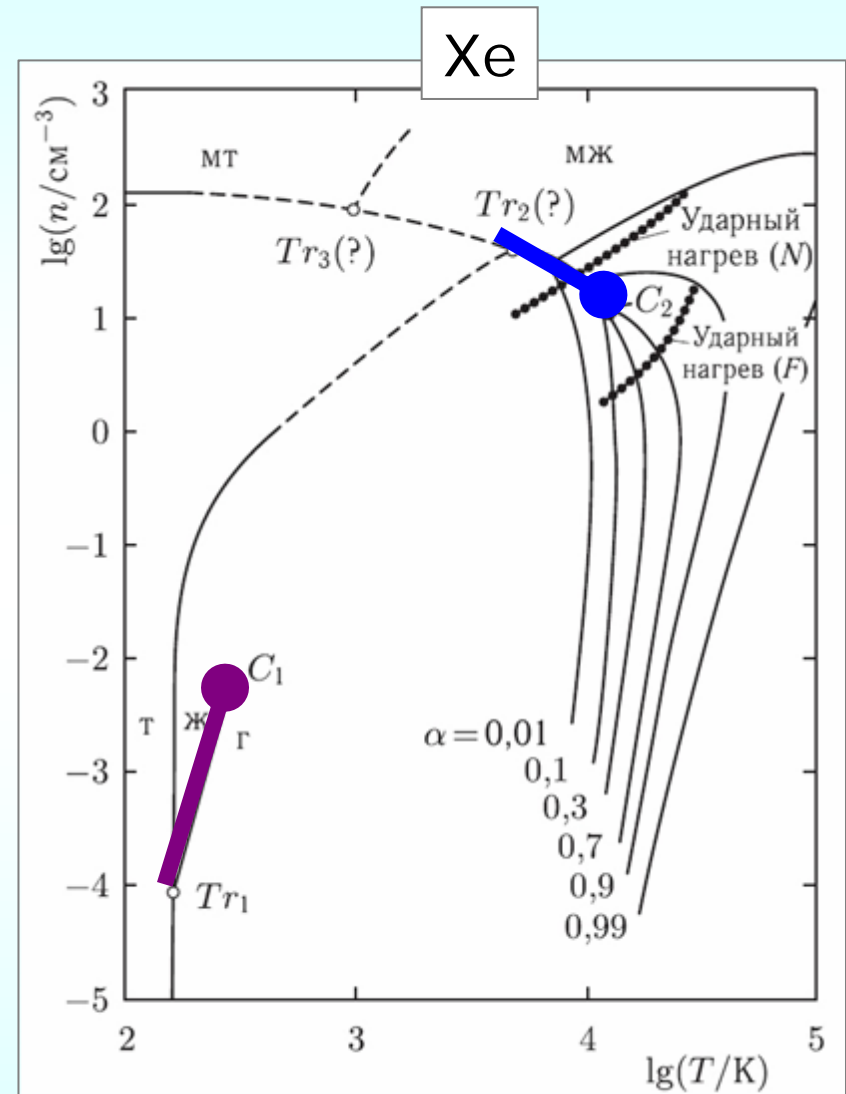
M.Hempel, V.Dexheimer, S.Schramm and I.Iosilevskiy // *Phys. Rev. C*, **88** (2013)

***P-T* diagram *of* plasma phase transitions**

# $P$ - $T$ diagram of plasma phase transition



Ebeling W., Reichert W.  
*Phys. Lett. A*, **80** (1985)



Ebeling W., Foerster A., Reichert W.  
*Physica A*, **150** (1988)

- enthalpic (*gas-liquid*) PT
- entropic (*plasma*) PT

# Ionization- and Dissociation-driven phase transitions in H<sub>2</sub>

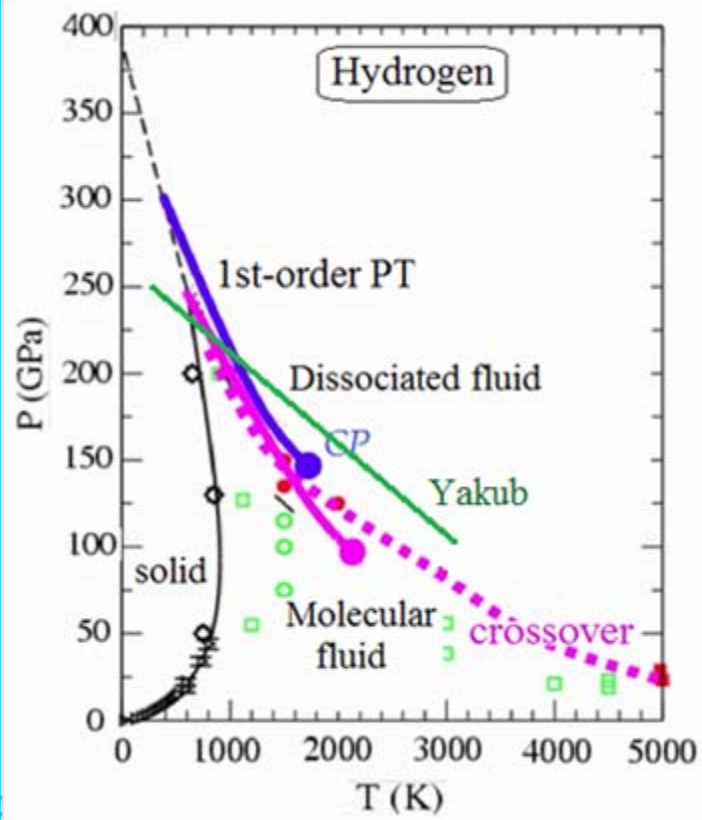
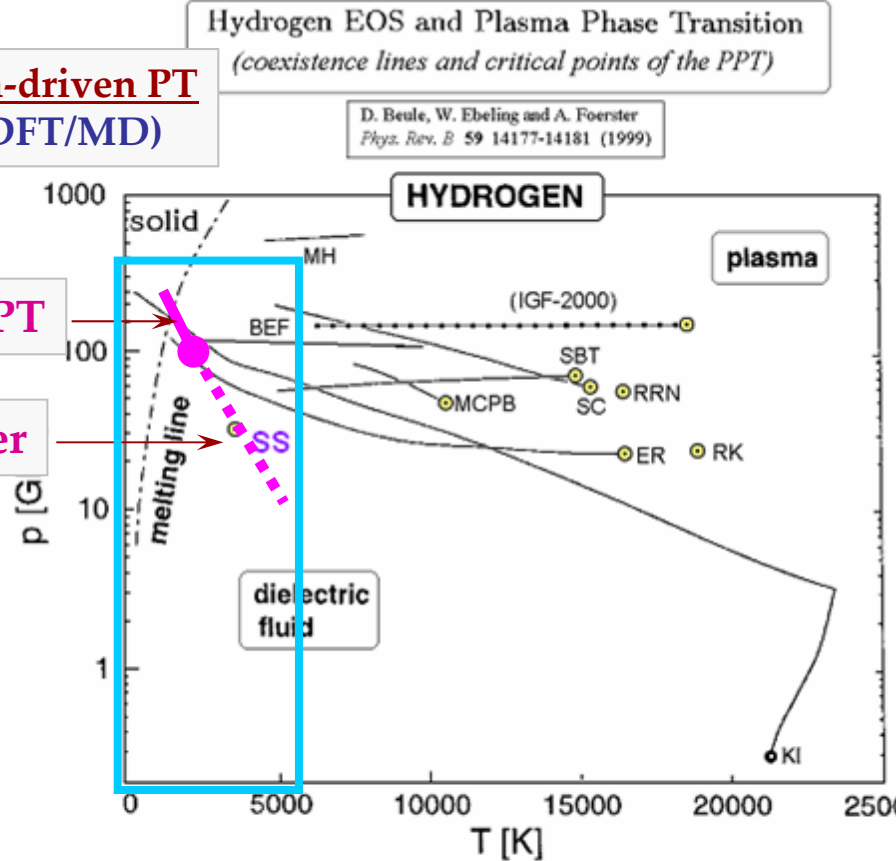
(mostly entropic)

Non-standard behavior:  $(dP/dT)_{\text{binodal}} < 0$  or  $(dP/dT)_{\text{binodal}} \approx 0$

**Dissociation-driven PT**  
*ab initio* (DFT/MD)

1<sup>st</sup>-order PT

Crossover



Dissociation-driven PT (*ab initio*)

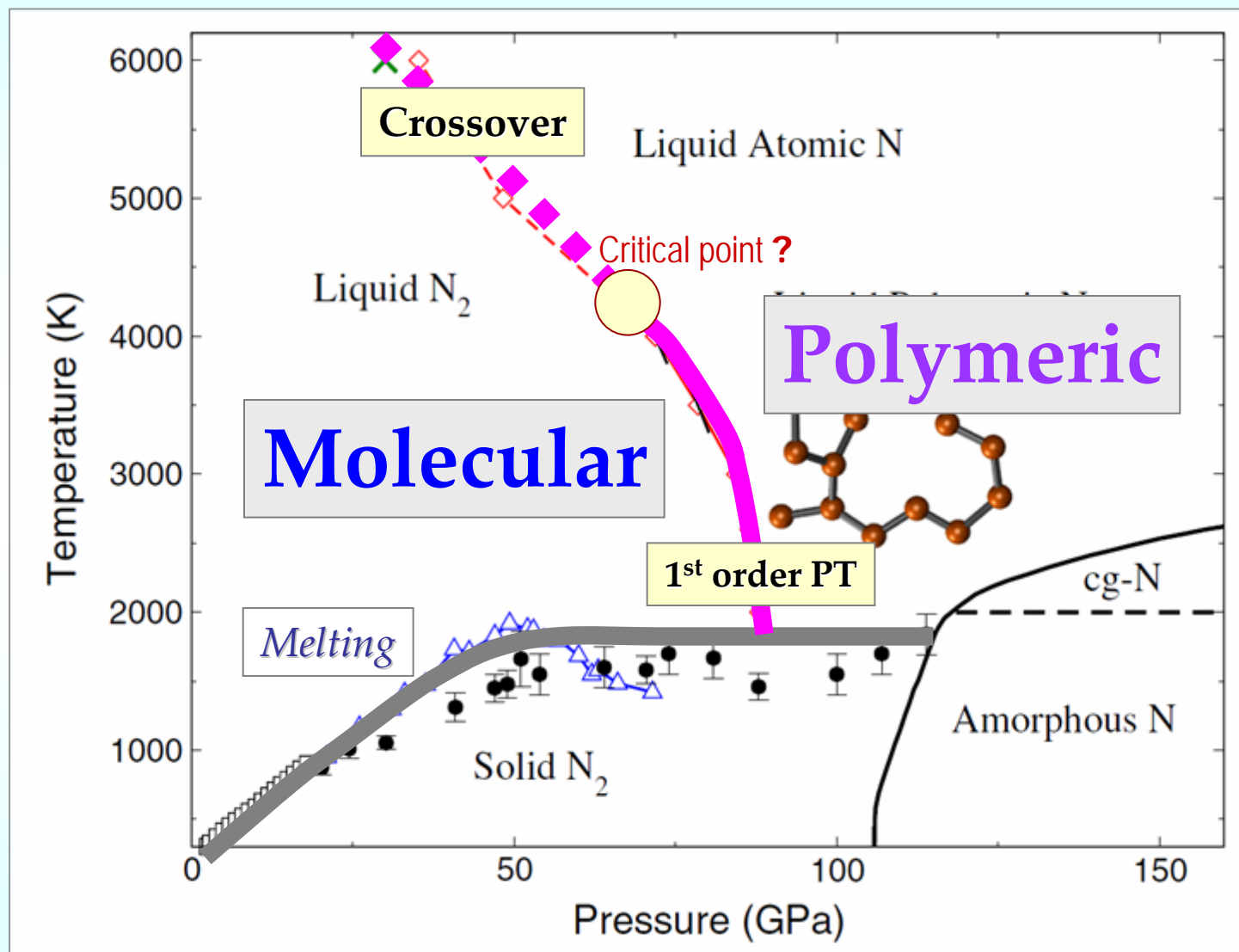
SS - Stevenson D, Salpeter E. (1977) *ApJ*. Sp.35,2

IGF-2000 - Iosilevski I, Gryaznov V., Fortov V. "Thermodynamics of HYDROG"

DFT/MD:

- Bonev S., Militzer B. *et al.*, *PRB* 69 (2004)
- Morales M. *et al.* *PNAS* 107, (2010)
- Lorenzen W., Holst B., Redmer R. *PRB* (2010)

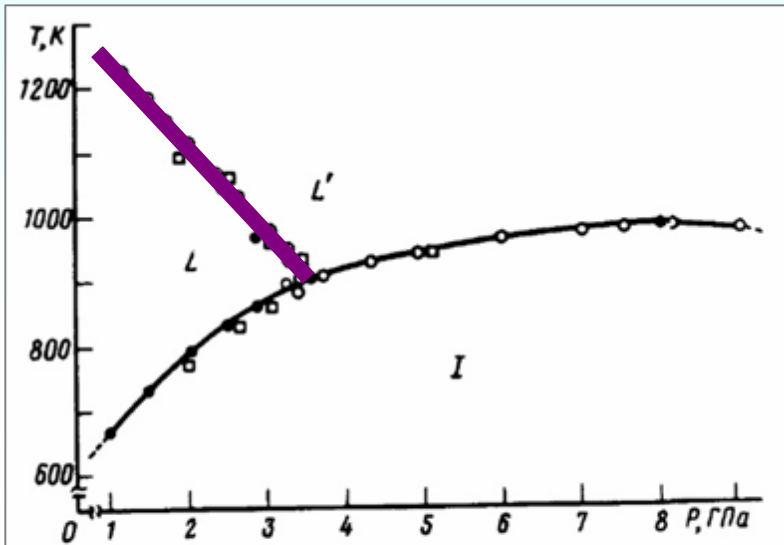
# Entropy-driven fluid-fluid phase transitions ( $N_2$ )



B. Boates, S. Bonev, *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, **102** (2009) // *ab initio* – DFT/MD

# Entropy-driven fluid-fluid phase transitions

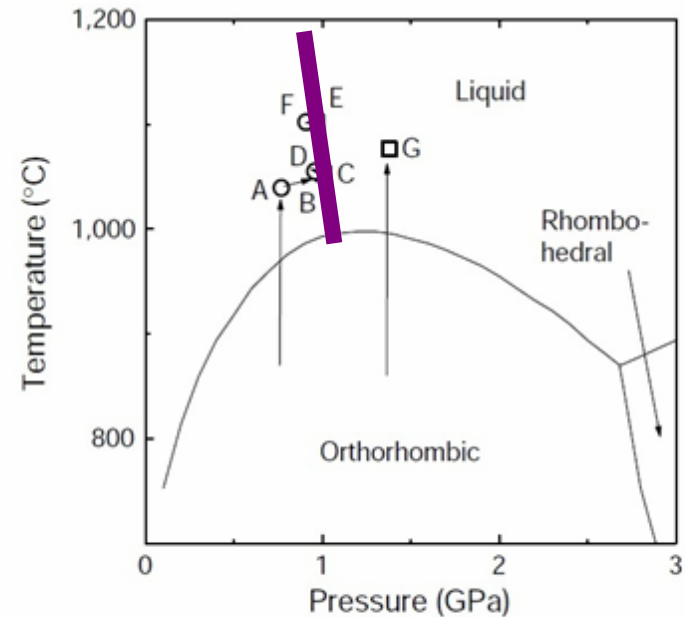
## Selenium



V.V. Brazhkin, R.N. Voloshin, S.V. Popova,  
Semiconductor- metall transition in liquid Se.  
*JETP Lett.* **50** (1990)

*Experiment*

## Phosphor

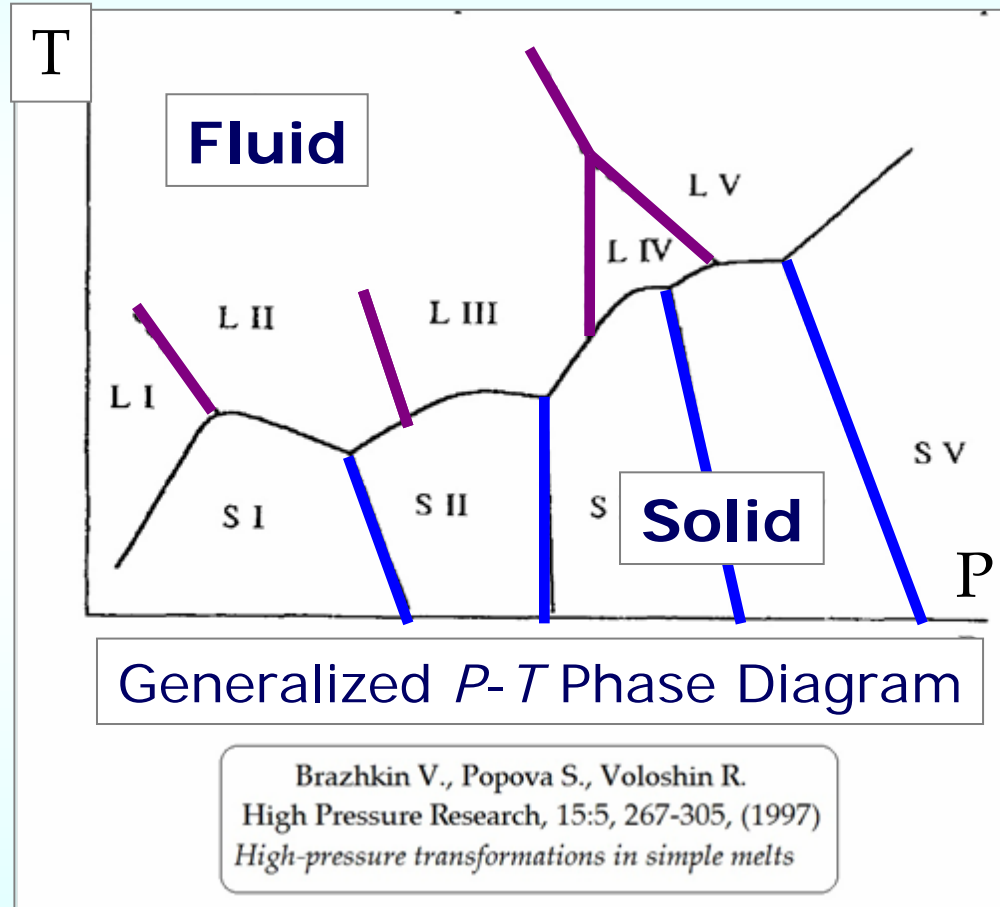


Katayama Y., Mizutani T. *et al.* (*Nature* **403**, 170 (2000))

*Experiment*

# Enthalpic *vs* Entropic Phase Transitions ?

V. Brazhkin (1997)



**NB !**

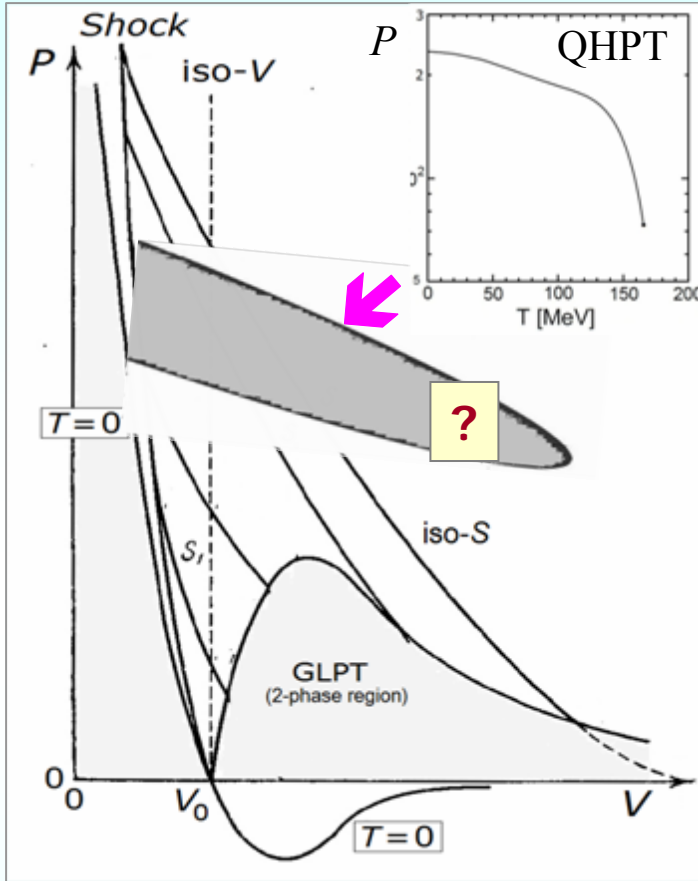
All polymorphic and all fluid-fluid PTs are Entropic !

# Enthalpic vs. Entropic phase transitions

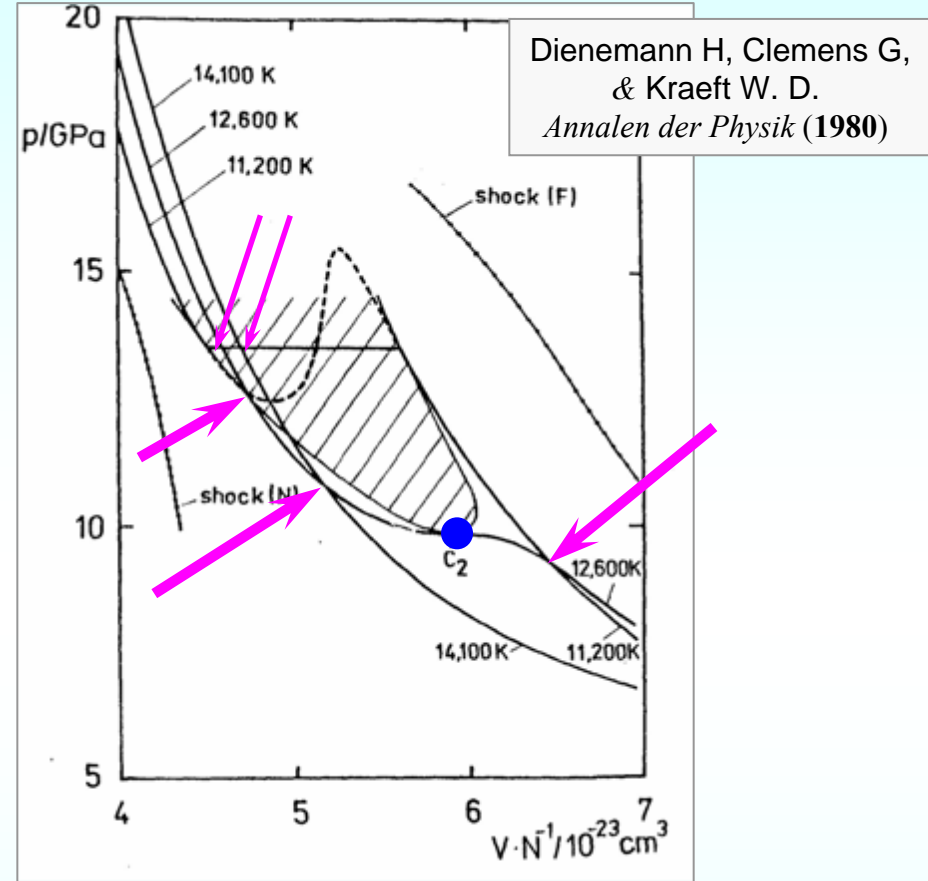
***P-V* phase diagram**



# Ionization-driven (“plasma”) phase transition



$P(V)$



Enthalpic (gas-liquid) phase transition

Entropic (ionization-driven) phase transition in Xe

**NB!**

**Abnormal order** and **crossing** of **isotherms!**

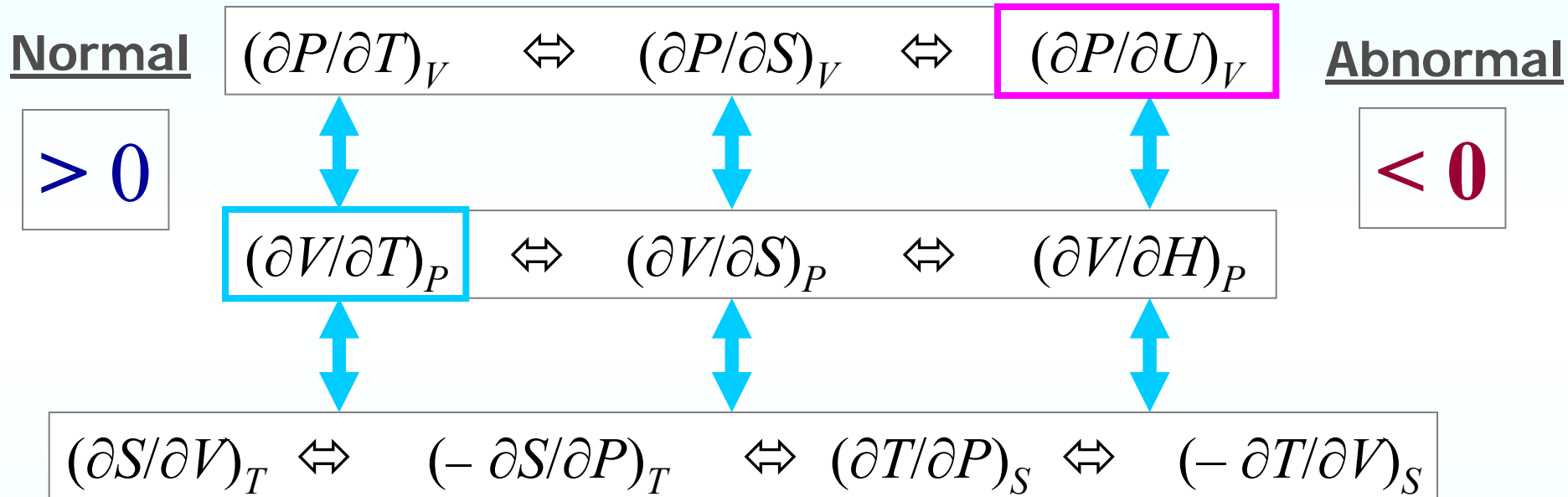
$$(\partial P / \partial T)_V < 0 \rightarrow V(\partial P / \partial U)_V < 0 \Leftrightarrow (\partial P / \partial S)_V < 0 \Leftrightarrow (\partial V / \partial T)_P < 0$$

In the **vicinity** of **entropic PT** one meets **abnormal thermodynamics!**

New **boundary** exists with **zero cross derivatives** – “**Zero-Boundary**” (ZB)!

# Abnormal Thermodynamics Region - *ATR*

Normally positive cross derivatives became *negative simultaneously!*



$(\partial P/\partial U)_V$  - thermodynamic Gruneisen parameter,  $Gr \equiv V(\partial P/\partial U)_V$

$(\partial V/\partial T)_P$  - thermal expansion parameter,  $\alpha_T \equiv V^{-1}(\partial V/\partial T)_P$

All these cross derivatives are equal to **ZERO** *simultaneously!*

# Abnormal thermodynamics *in the neighborhood of entropic phase transition -- (AT-region)*



$$(\partial P/\partial T)_V < 0$$



**Abnormal order + crossing of isotherms !**

$$(\partial P/\partial S)_V < 0$$



**Abnormal order + crossing of isentropes !**

$$= = \ll \gg = =$$



**Isentropes go less steeper than isotherms !**

$$= = \ll \gg = =$$



**Shock adiabats go less steeper than isentropes !**

$$V(\partial P/\partial U)_V < 0$$



**Abnormal order + crossing of Hugoniot  
(shock adiabats) !**

See e.g. A.Medvedev & R.Trunin, *Uspekhi (UFN)* **182** (2012) and V.Brazhkin's critique (=“=)

$$(\partial T/\partial P)_S < 0$$



**Abnormal decreasing (increasing)  
temperature under isentropic compression  
(expansion) !**

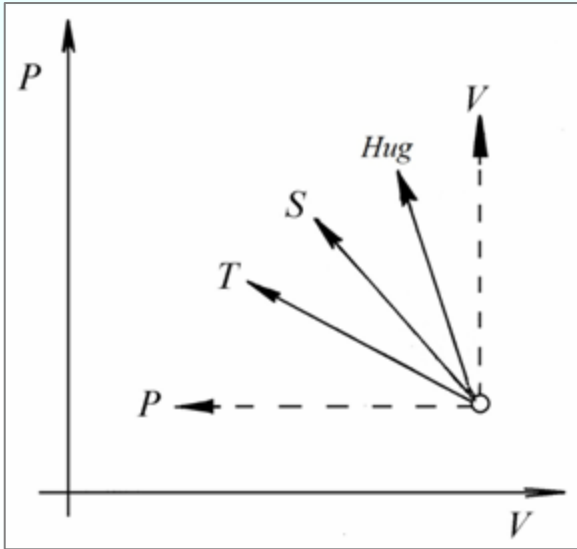
$$(\partial S/\partial V)_T < 0$$



**Abnormal decreasing (increasing) entropy  
under isothermal expansion (compression) !**

# ATR – abnormal thermodynamics region

## **ZB – Zero-boundary** (ATR boundary)



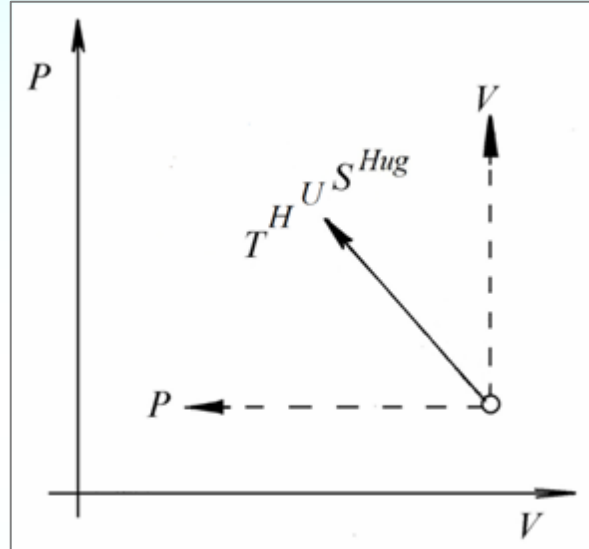
**Normal**

$$(\partial P/\partial T)_V > 0$$

$$(\partial P/\partial U)_V > 0$$

$$(\partial V/\partial T)_P > 0$$

$$(\partial T/\partial P)_S > 0$$



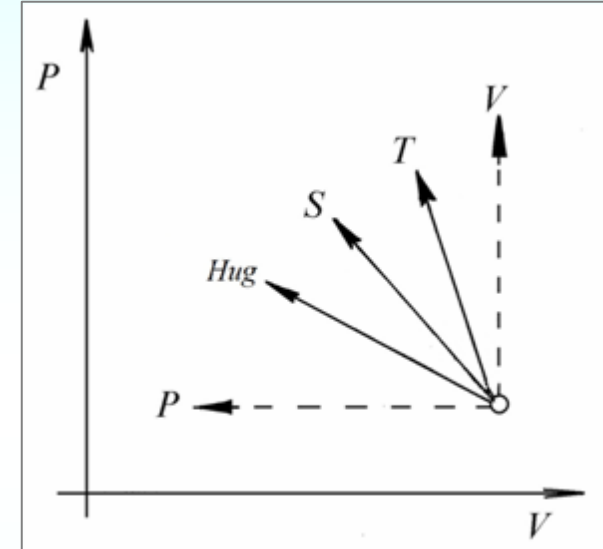
**Zero-line**

$$(\partial P/\partial T)_V = 0$$

$$(\partial P/\partial U)_V = 0$$

$$(\partial V/\partial T)_P = 0$$

$$(\partial T/\partial P)_S = 0$$



**Unnormal**

$$(\partial P/\partial T)_V < 0$$

$$(\partial P/\partial U)_V < 0$$

$$(\partial V/\partial T)_P < 0$$

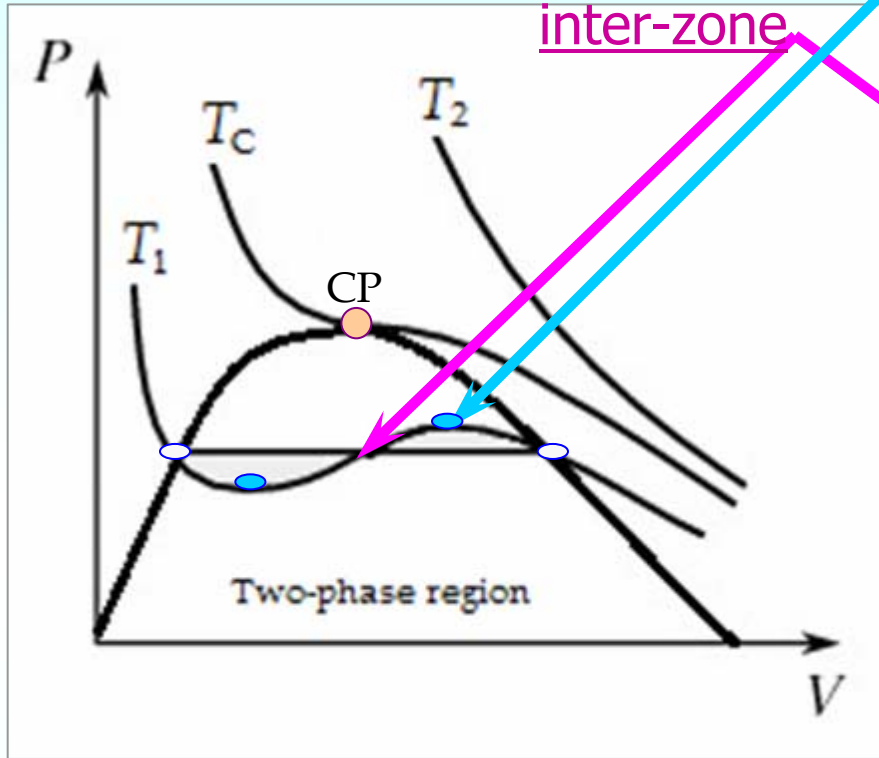
$$(\partial T/\partial P)_S < 0$$

# Enthalpic (GLPT) vs Entropic (PPT)

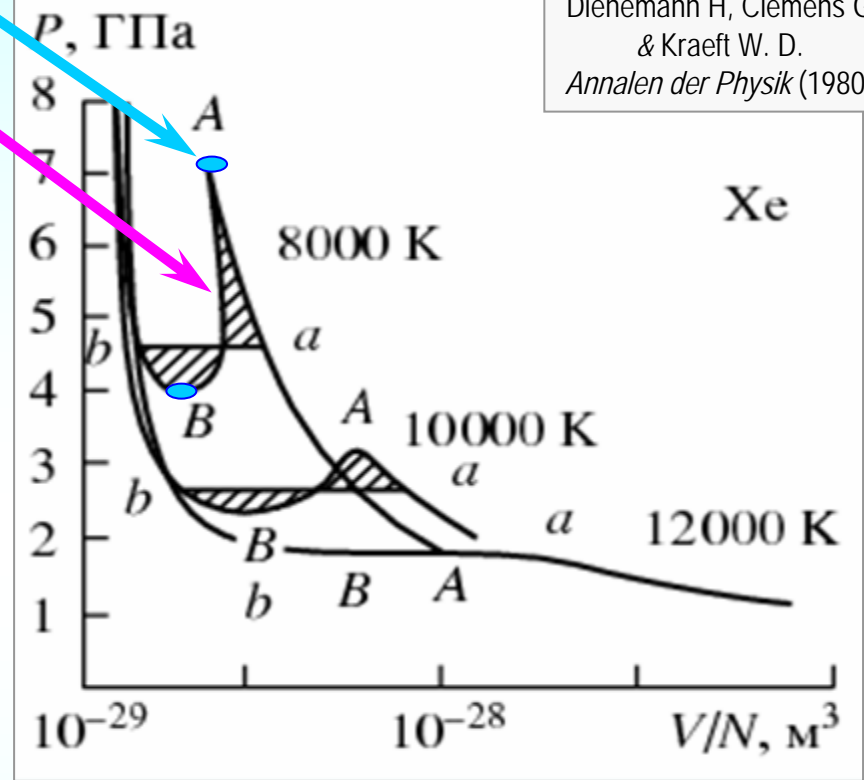
(continued)

spinodal points

inter-zone



Dienemann H, Clemens G,  
& Kraeft W. D.  
*Annalen der Physik* (1980)



VdW-like phase transition

Ionization-driven phase transition in xenon

(enthalpic PT)

$T \ll T_c$

(entropic PT)

**Abnormal form of isotherms in spinodal region of entropic PT !**  
 { **beak-shaped spinodal point** (in contrast to VdW-PT) }

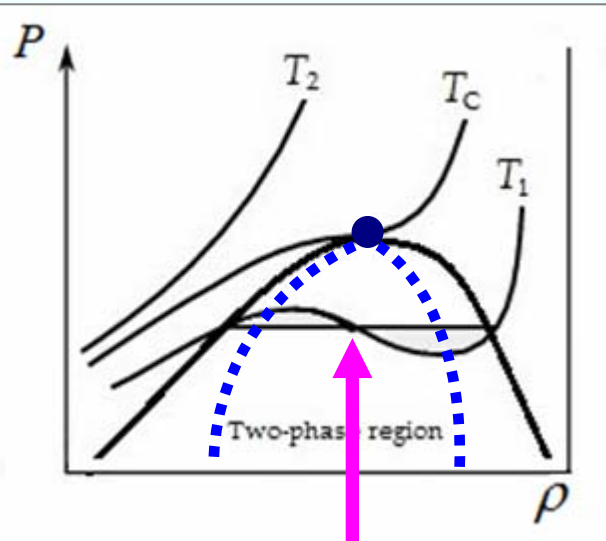
**Third branch with  $(\partial P / \partial V)_T < 0$  appears on isotherms in spinodal region !**

# Hypothetical dissociation-driven PT

(entropic PT)

(enthalpic PT)

VdW-like phase transition



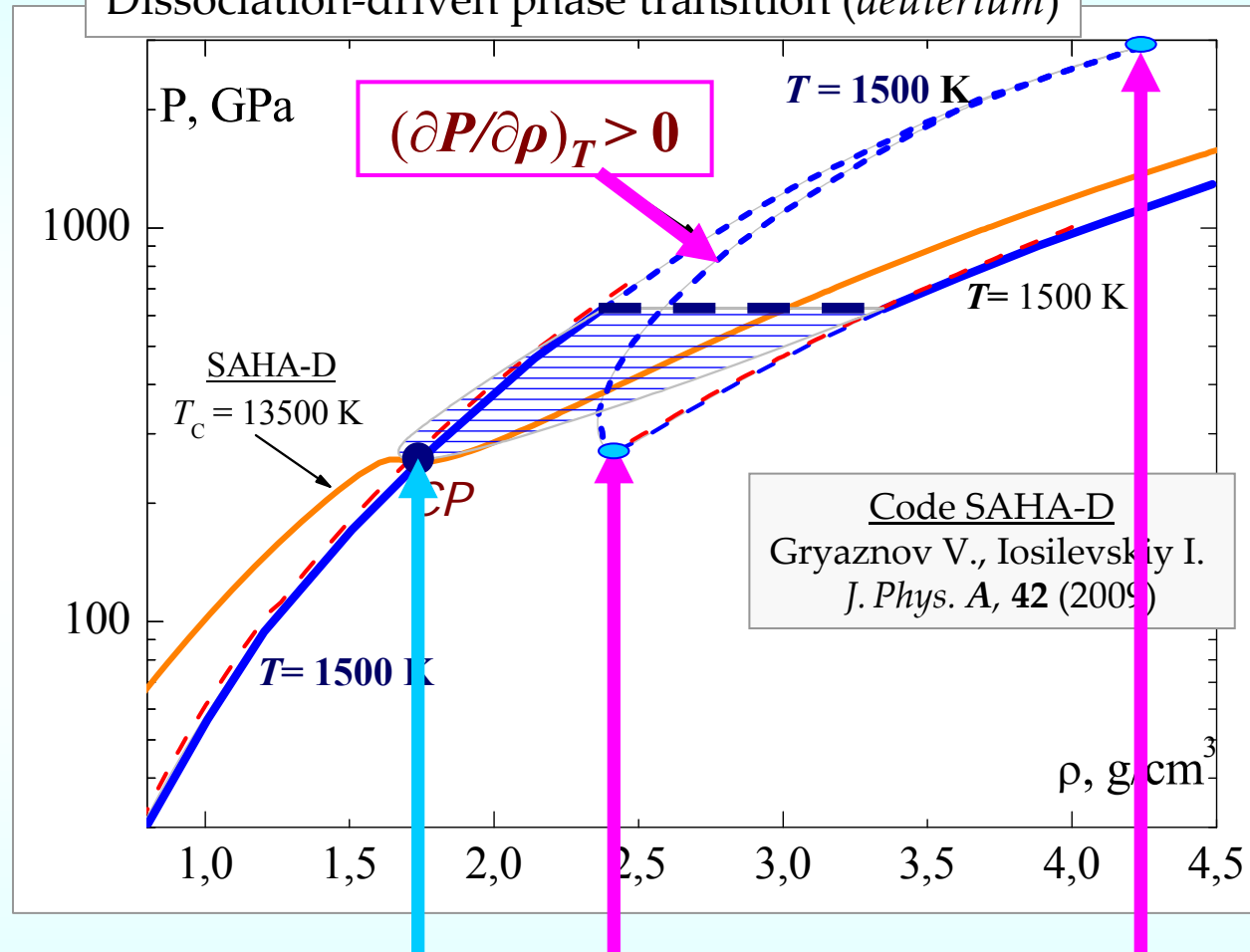
$$(\partial P / \partial \rho)_T < 0$$

**NB!**

Not one, but **three isotherms intersect critical point** in  $P$ - $V$  plane!

**Spinodal point of rare phase** may be of **higher density** than **spinodal point of dense phase!**

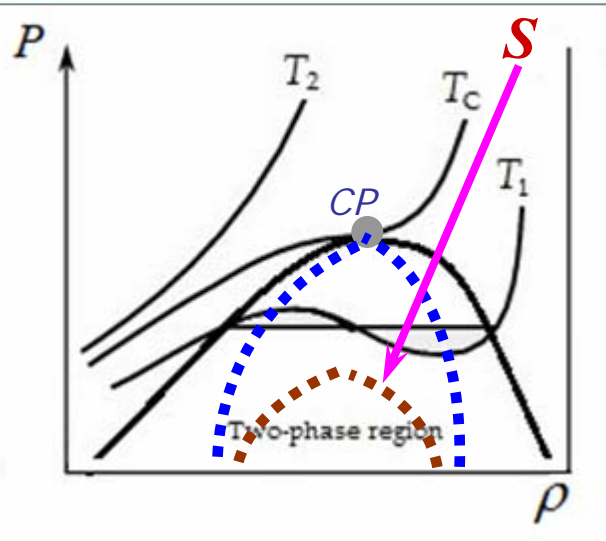
Dissociation-driven phase transition (deuterium)



# Hypothetical dissociation-driven (*entropic*) PT

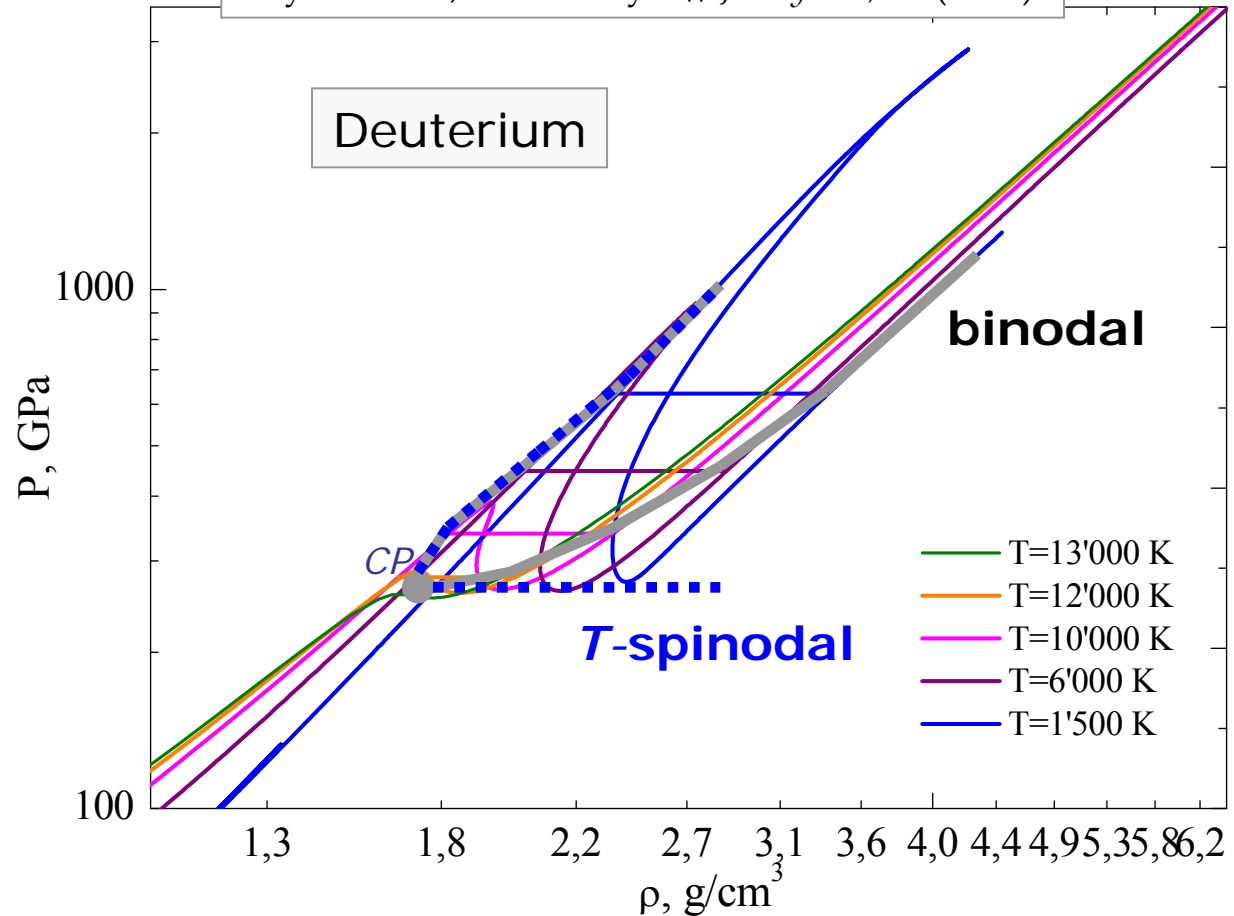
Zeldovich Ya., *Zh. Eksp. Teor. Fiz.* **32**, (1957)

CP  
Binodal  
T-spinodal  
S-spinodal



VdW-like (*enthalpic*)  
phase transition

Code SAHA-D  
Gryaznov V., Iosilevskiy I. // *J. Phys. A*, **42** (2009)

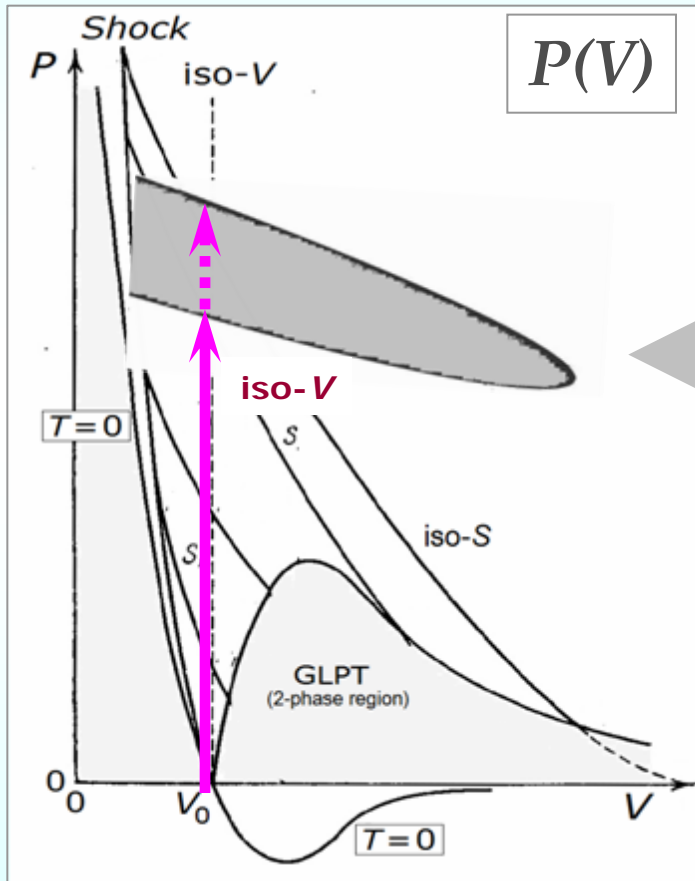


**NB!** Iso-*T* spinodal  $\{(\partial P/\partial V)_T = 0\}$  is located **outside** of **binodal**

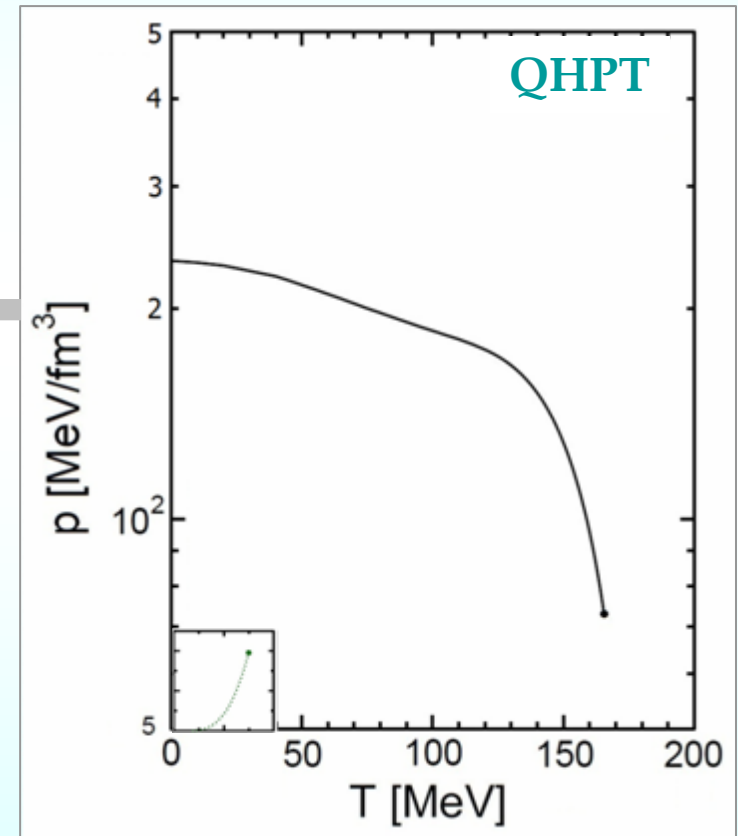
Iso-*S* spinodal  $\{(\partial P/\partial V)_S = 0\}$  is located **outside** of **iso-*T* spinodal** !

# Multy-layered structure *of* thermodynamic surfaces for entropic phase transition *over* $p$ - $V$ plane $T(p, V), U(p, V), S(p, V) \dots$

Path under two-phase region via lower layer



**Gas-liquid phase transition**  
(*Van-der-Waals-like*)



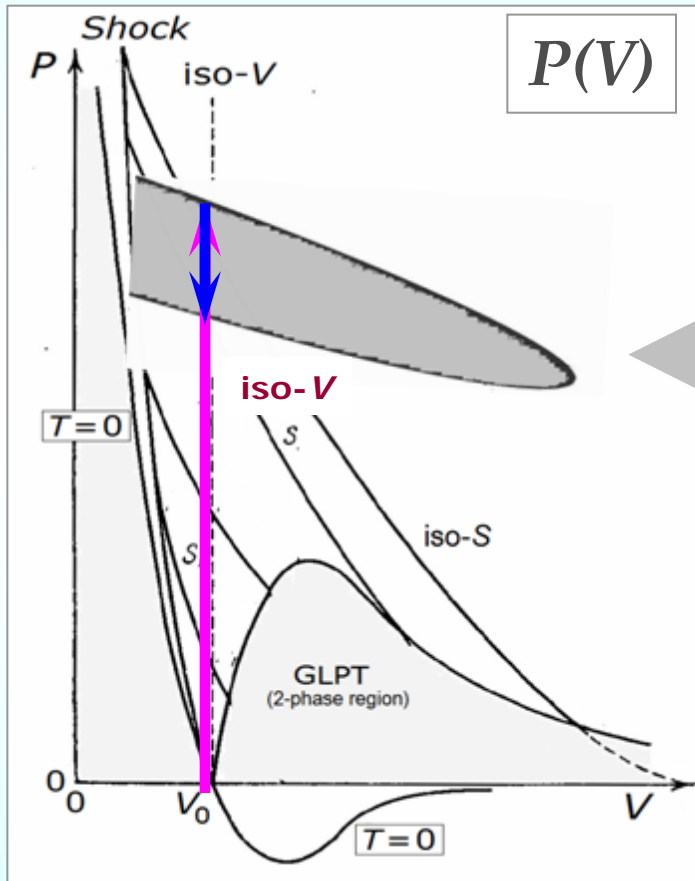
**Entropic (*deconfinement-driven*) phase transition**  
SU(3) model (*Veronica Dexheimer & Stefan Schramm*)

Crossing of two-phase region via isochoric heating

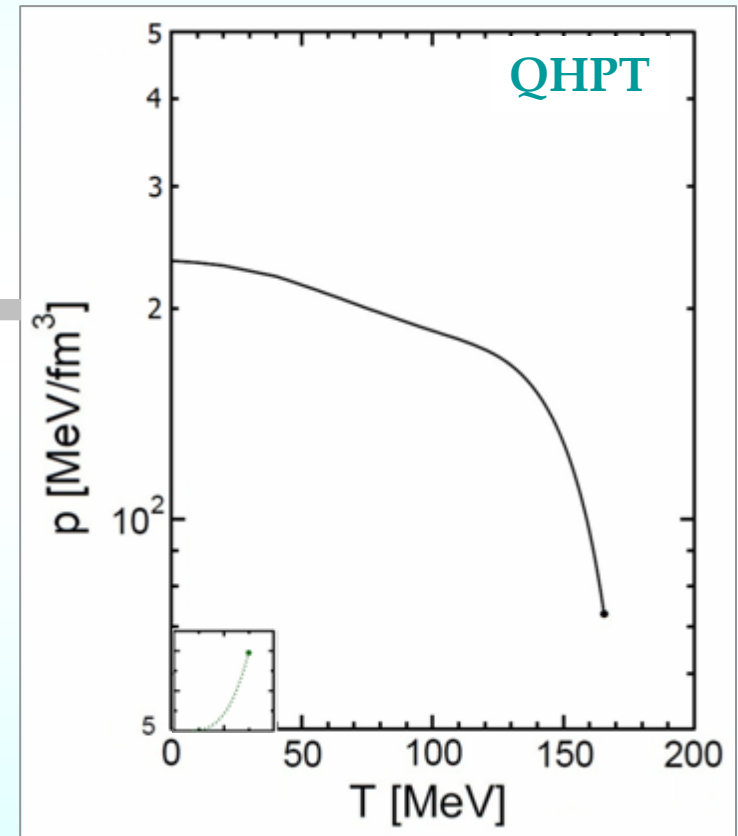


# Multy-layered structure *of* thermodynamic surfaces for entropic phase transition *over* $p$ - $V$ plane $T(p, V), U(p, V), S(p, V) \dots$

Path through two-phase region via middle layer



**Gas-liquid phase transition**  
(*Van-der-Waals-like*)

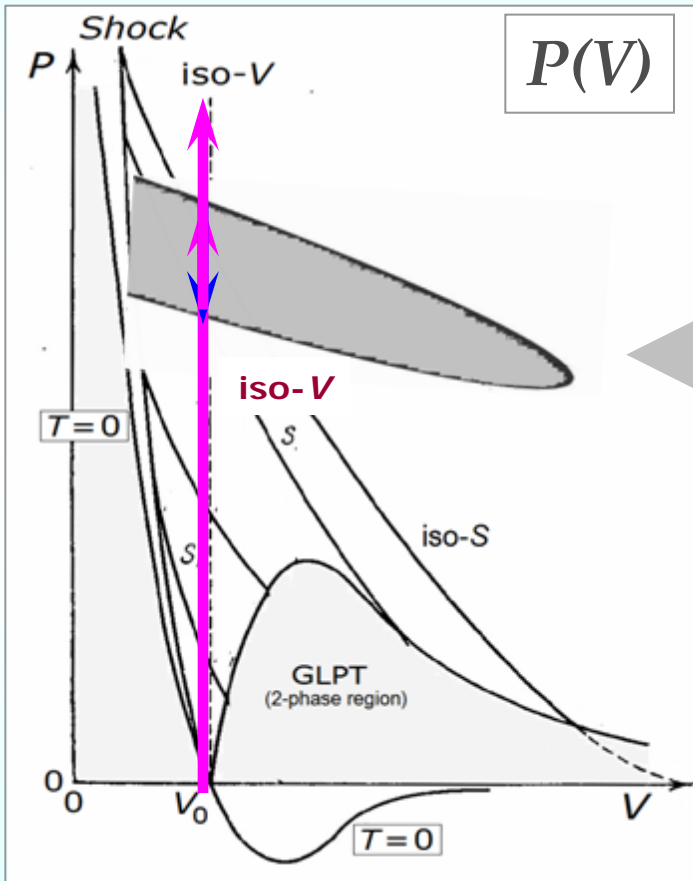


**Entropic (*deconfinement-driven*) phase transition**  
SU(3) model (*Veronica Dexheimer & Stefan Schramm*)

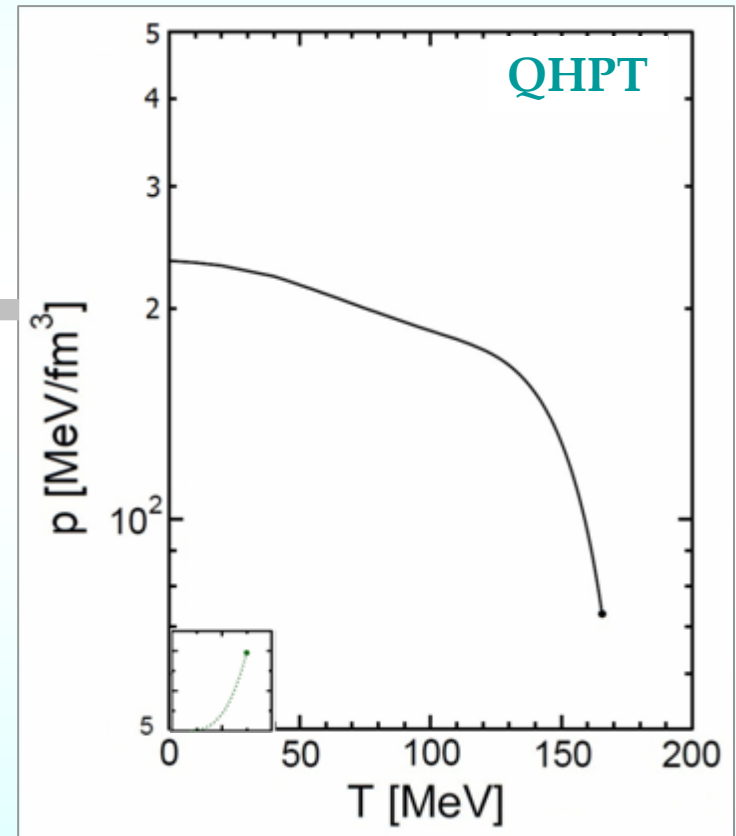
Crossing of two-phase region via isochoric heating

# Multy-layered structure *of* thermodynamic surfaces for entropic phase transition *over* $p$ - $V$ plane $T(p, V), U(p, V), S(p, V) \dots$

Path over two-phase region via upper layer



**Gas-liquid phase transition**  
(Van-der-Waals-like)



**Entropic (deconfinement-driven) phase transition**  
SU(3) model (Veronica Dexheimer & Stefan Schramm)

Crossing of two-phase region via isochoric heating

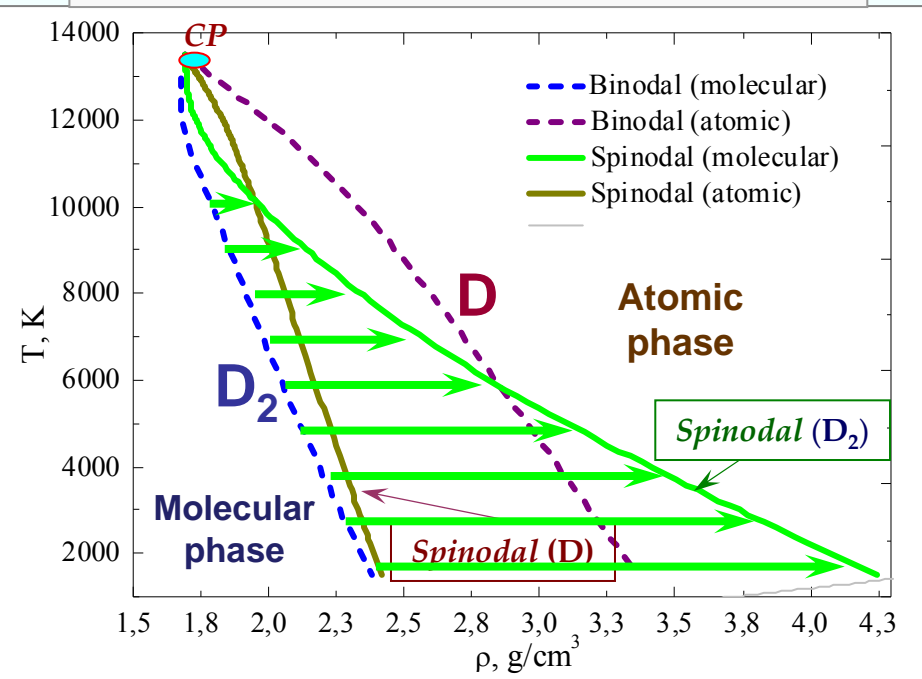
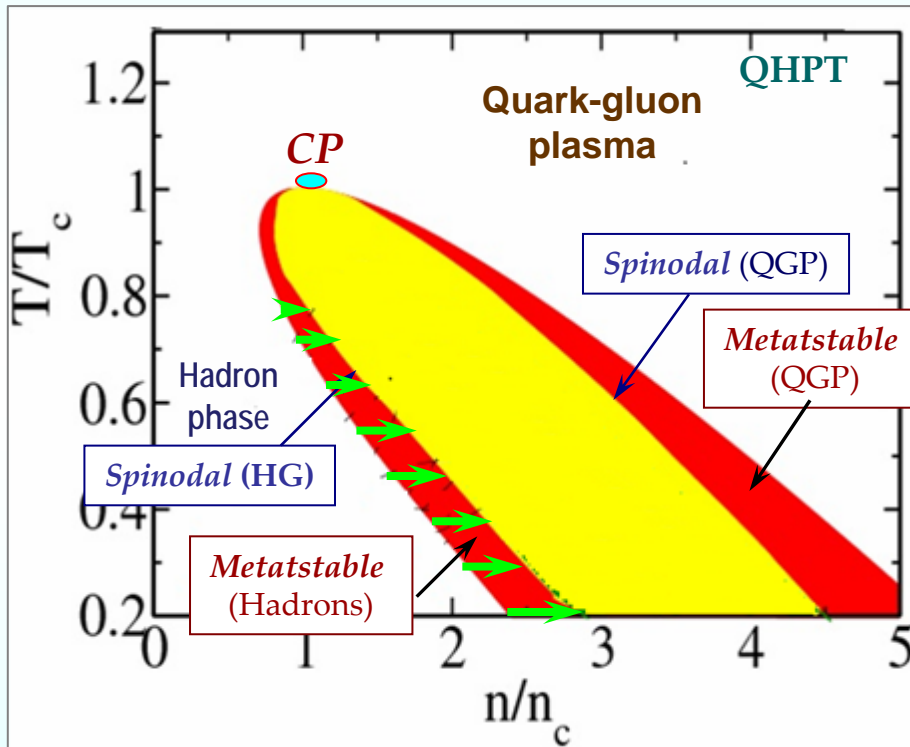
# Abnormal topology of binodals and spinodals

in the region of entropic phase transition  
( $T - \rho$  diagram)

Vladimir Skokov, *Int. Conference "Prerow-2009"*

Code SAHA-D

Gryaznov V., Iosilevskiy I. // *J. Phys. A*, 42 (2009)



"Night bat" structure of metastable "wings"

**NB!**

**Abnormal features of entropic phase transition are due to multi-layered structure of thermodynamic surfaces!**

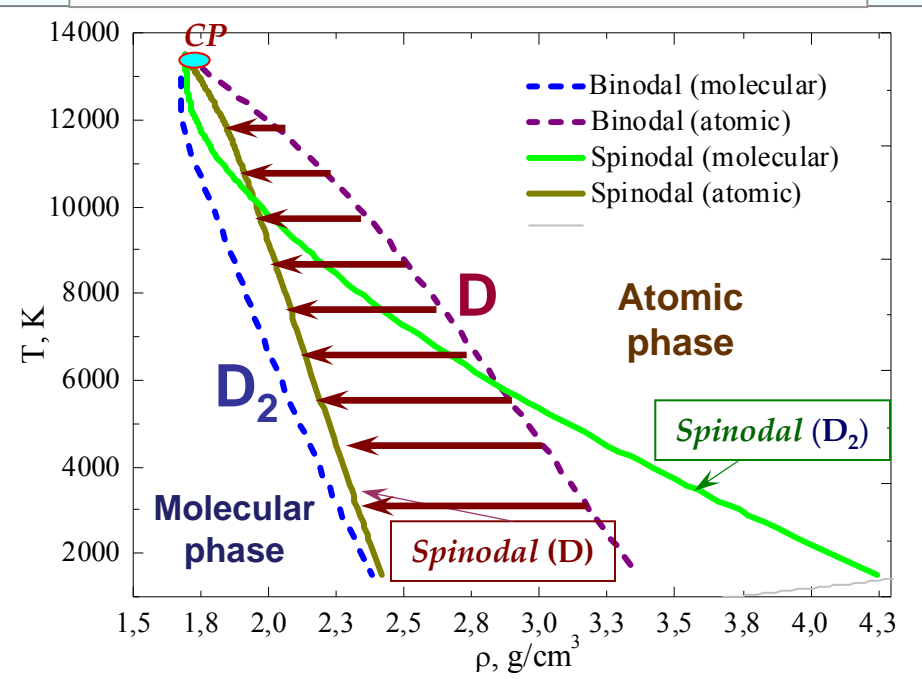
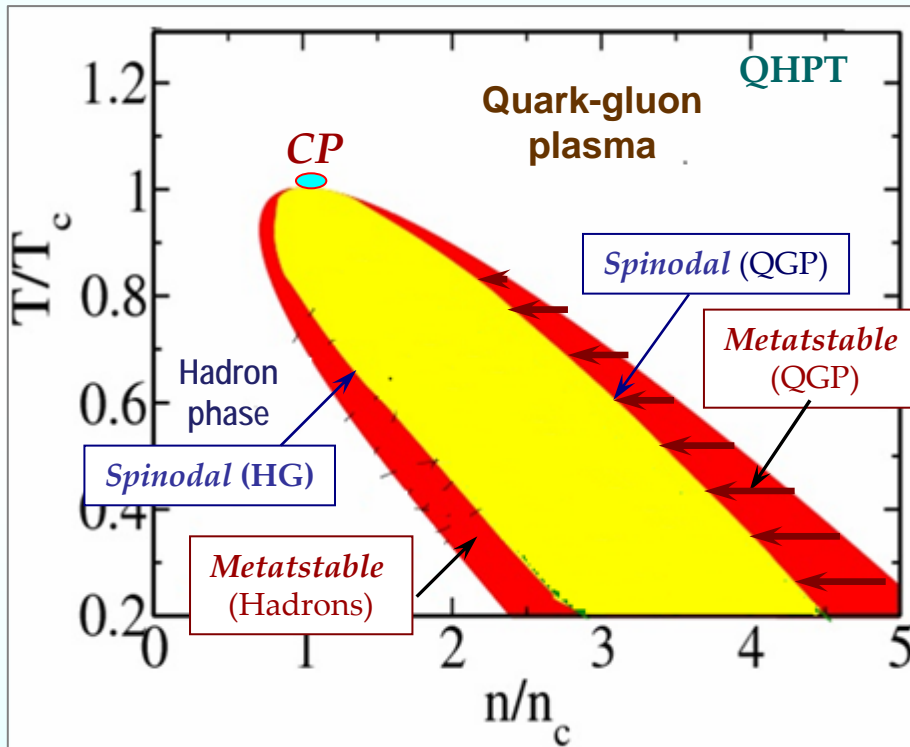
# Abnomal topology of binodals and spinodals

in the region of entropic phase transition  
( $T - \rho$  diagram)

Vladimir Skokov, *Int. Conference "Prerow-2009"*

Code SAHA-D

Gryaznov V., Iosilevskiy I. // *J. Phys. A*, 42 (2009)



"Night bat" structure of metastable "wings"

**NB!**

**Abnomal features of entropic phase transition are due to multi-layered structure of thermodynamic surfaces!**

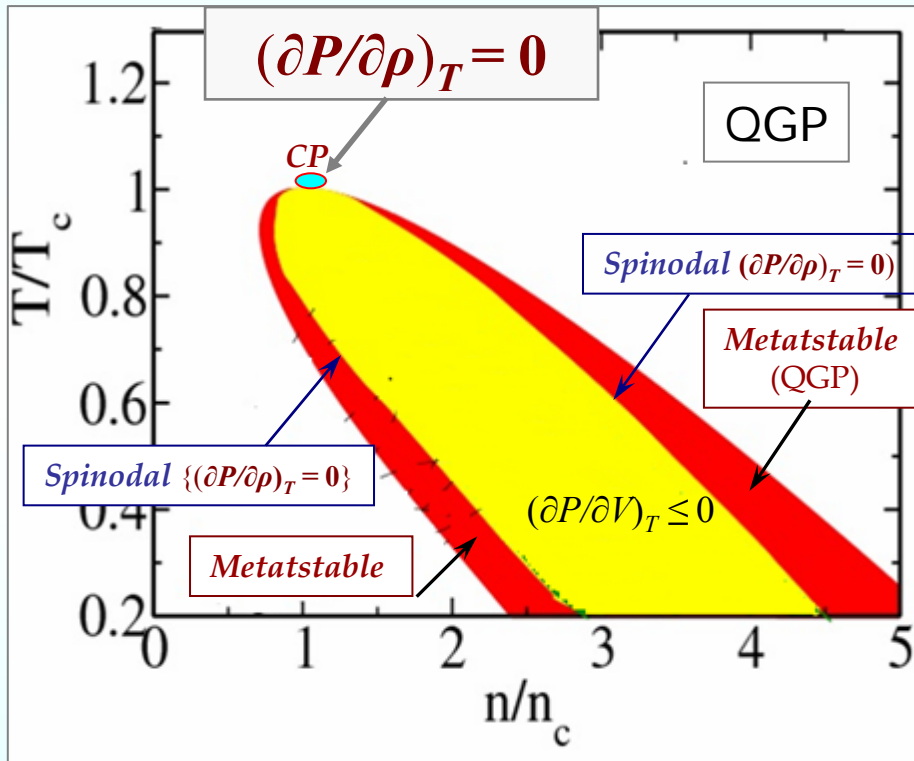
# Abnormal features of entropic phase transition

(due to **multi-layered structure of thermodynamic surfaces !**)

(  $T - \rho$  diagram )

QHPT

After Vladimir Skokov, *Int. Conf. "Prerow-2009"*

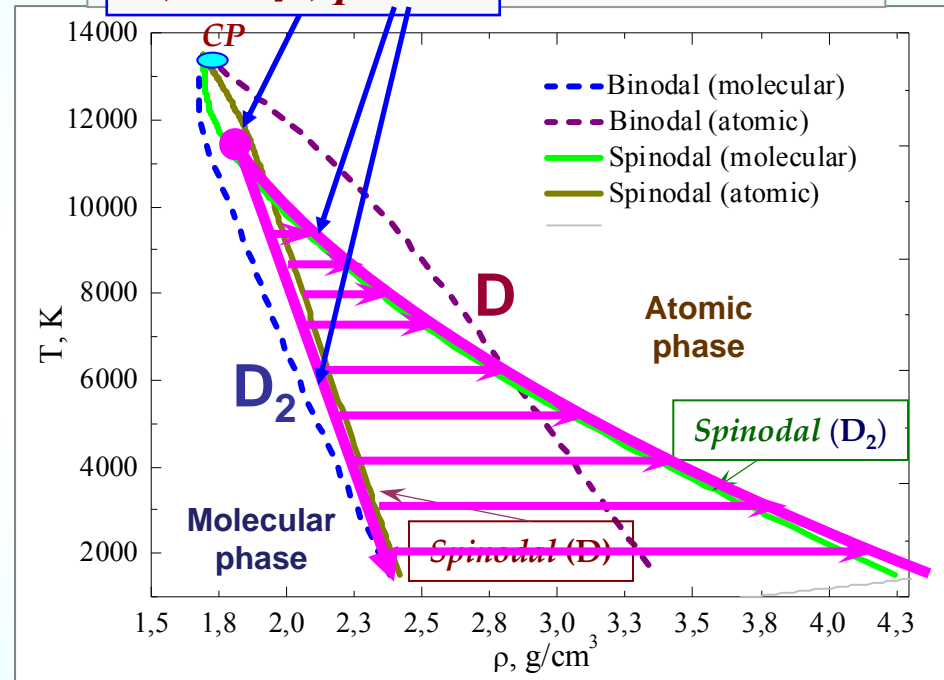


QHPT

$(\partial P/\partial \rho)_T = \infty$

HA-D

... // *J. Phys. A*, 42 (2009)



**NB !**

New (additional) region of metastable state  $\Leftrightarrow (\partial P/\partial V)_T \leq 0$

New (additional) singular point (no-named still)  $\Leftrightarrow (\partial P/\partial V)_T = \infty$  !

{ Iosilevskiy I. // (in preparation) }

# Features of entropic phase transitions

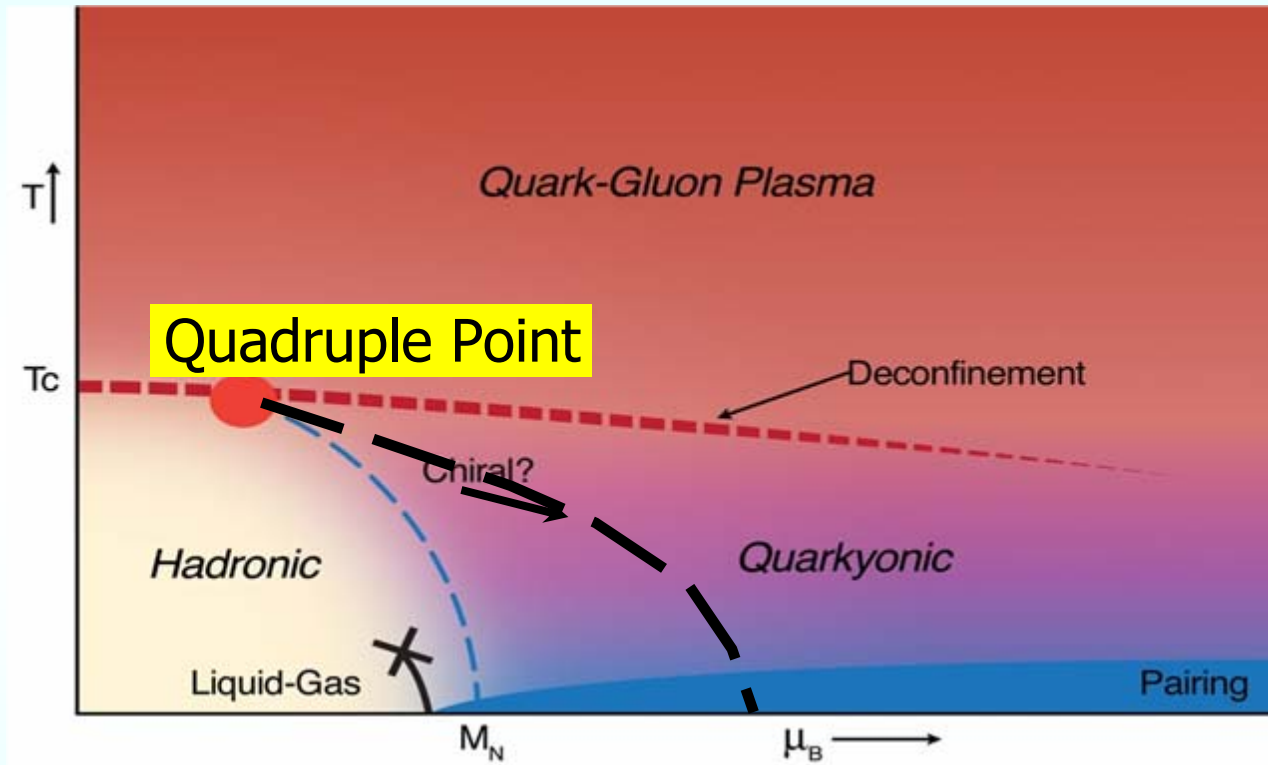
(ionization- and dissociation-driven)

## Entropic PT obeys to anomalous thermodynamics !

- *negative Gruneizen parameter*  $(\partial P/\partial U)_V < 0$
- *negative thermal pressure coefficient*  $(\partial P/\partial T)_V < 0$
- *negative entropic pressure coefficient*  $(\partial P/\partial S)_V < 0$
- *negative thermal expansion coefficient*  $(\partial V/\partial T)_P < 0$
- . . . . . *etc. etc.*
  
- *abnomal order of isotherms (!)*
- *abnomal order of isentropes (!)*
- *abnomal order of iso-H and iso-U (!)*
- *abnomal order of shock adiabat (Hugoniots !)*
- . . . . . *etc. etc.*
  
- *abnomal form of isotherms in two-phase region*
- *abnomal interconnection of spinodals and binodals*
- . . . . . *etc. etc.*

# Outlook

## Inventory of new hypothetical phase transitions



R.Pisarski & L.McLerran, EMMI-Wroclaw /2009/, QCD-Bad Honnef /2010/

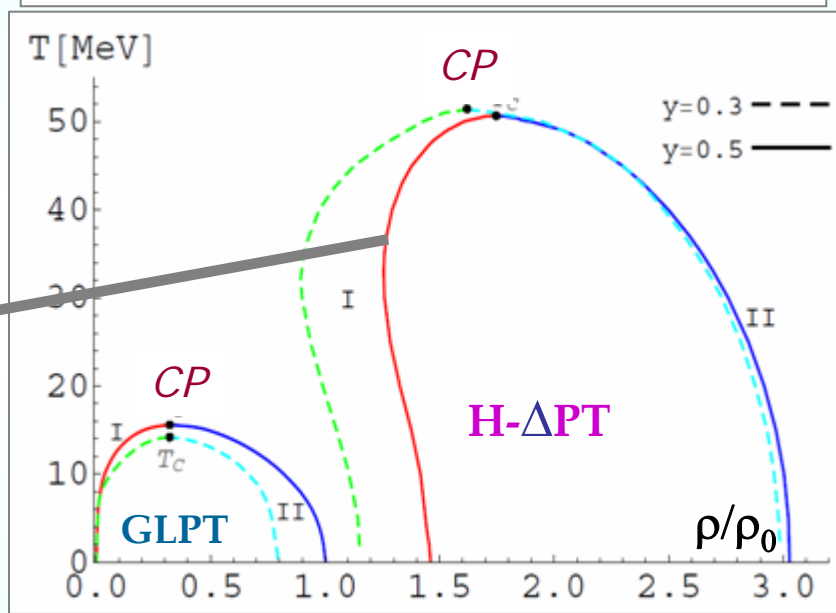
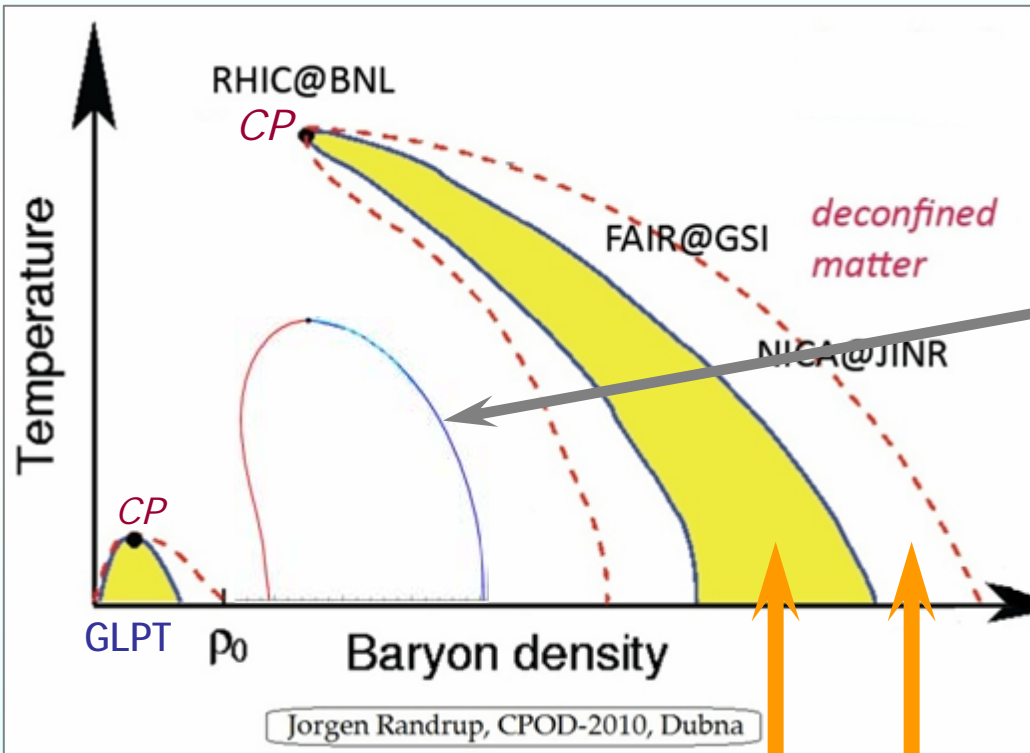
**What type of all these hypothetical phase transitions:  
- are they enthalpic or entropic PTs ?**

# Gas-liquid, **Hadron – $\Delta$ -meson** and quark-hadron phase transitions are considered as similar

Prerow 2009

“Critical Point and Onset of Deconfinement”  
Dubna, Russia, 2009

Phase diagram of the liquid-gas and the nucleon- $\Delta$  matter phase transition



Spinodal reg. Metastable

Lavagno A. and Pigato D.  
*Phys. Rev. C.*, **86**, (2012)  
*Thermodynamic instability in warm and dense nuclear matter*

**What is the type of new phase transition: - enthalpic or entropic?**



## Conclusions *and* perspectives

- **Visible equivalence** of **gas-liquid-like** and **quark-hadron phase transitions**
- in high energy density nuclear matter **is illusive**.

- Both phase transitions belong to **fundamentally different classes**:
- **Gas-liquid PT** is **enthalpic**, while **Quark-hadron PT** is **entropic**.

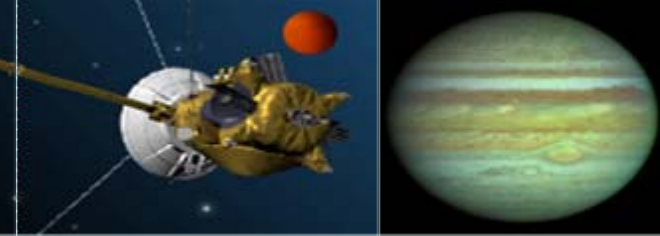
- **In spite of** many order **difference** in density and energy of **deconfinement-driven PT** and **ionization-driven PT** (dissociation-driven, polymerization-driven...) the both have many **common features** because both are **entropic PTs**.

- **Properties** of **entropic PTs** differ significantly from those of **enthalpic PTs**.

- **Anomalous** features of **entropic phase transition** are due to **multi-layered structure** of thermodynamic surfaces  $\{ U(p, V), T(p, V), S(p, V) \dots \}$

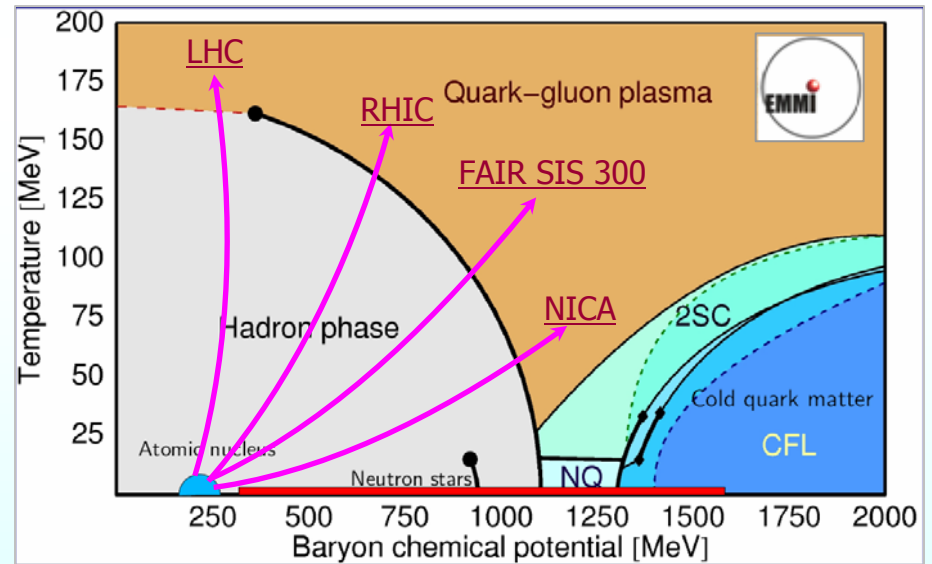
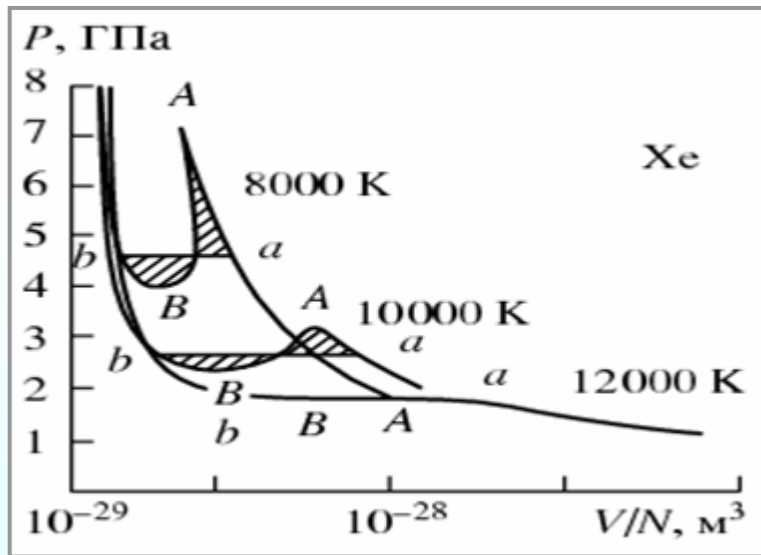
# Cassini-Huygens

MISSION TO SATURN & TITAN



Features of phase transitions in cosmic matter and in the laboratory

# Thank you!



Support: INTAS 93-66 // ISTC 3755 // RAS Scientific Program "Physics of Extreme States of Matter"

Russian Scientific Fund (Grant No: 14-50-00124)

Acknowledgements to Victor Gryaznov for calculations of dissociation phase transition in hydrogen