

K_S^0 analysis

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Event and track selection for the V^0 analysis

Event sample

SpdRoot 4.1.4

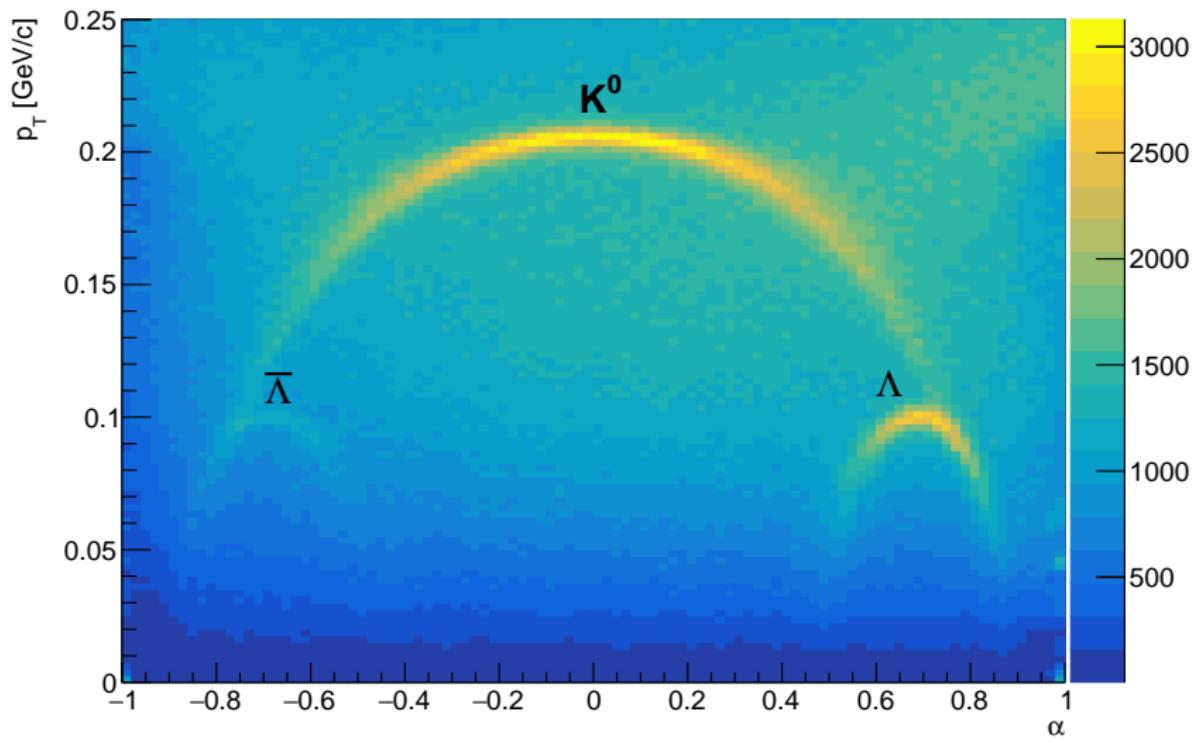
Generation: Pythia 8, (p+p) at $\sqrt{S}=27$ GeV, SoftQCD(MB).
4 000 000 events (1 sec of data taking)

V^0 selection:

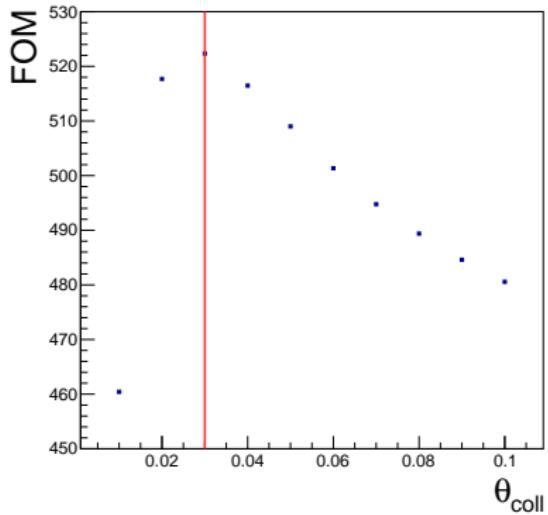
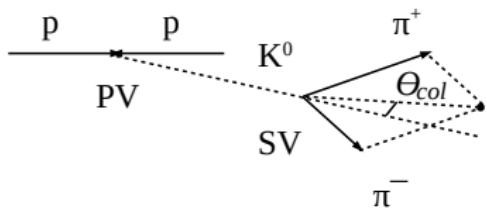
input parameters for SpdMCKFpartRCV0Finder:

- ① fMinItsHists = 3 - minimum Its hits for track selection
- ② fDaughters = $K^0(-211, 211), \Lambda(2212, -211), \bar{\Lambda}(-2212, 211);$
 $Bg = (321, -321), (-321, 211), (321, -211).$
- ③ fMinChi2PV = 2.0 - minimum chi2 track to PV (primary selection)
- ④ fMinChi2Part = 2.0 - minimum chi2 between 2 tracks (primary selection)

Distributions of the V^0 candidates in the Podolanski-Armenteros without selection cuts



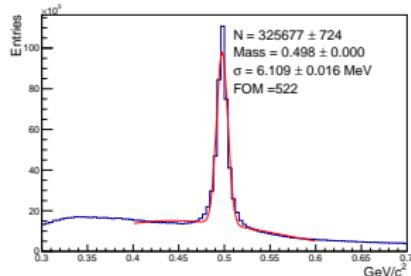
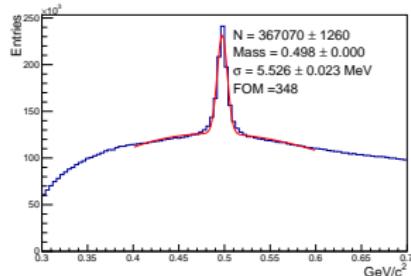
The collinearity cut



- ① $FOM = \frac{N_{sig}}{\sqrt{N_{sig} + N_{bg}}};$
- ② This cut selects V^0 events by looking at the PV.
 $\theta_{coll} < 0.03$ rad for K^0 .

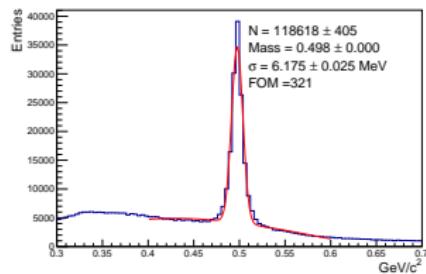
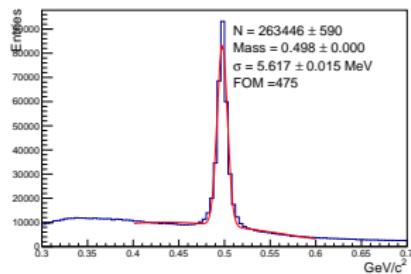
Invariant mass of K^0 for different cuts

$\theta_{coll} < 0.03$



$\theta_{coll} < 0.03 + \chi^2/ndf < 10$

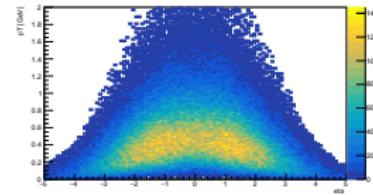
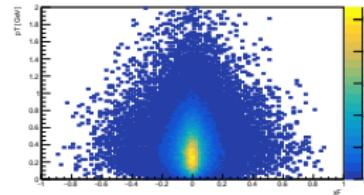
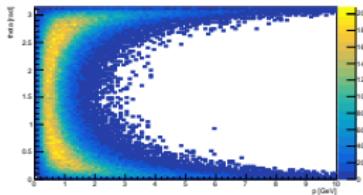
$\theta_{coll} < 0.03 + \chi^2/ndf < 10 + \text{isgood}$



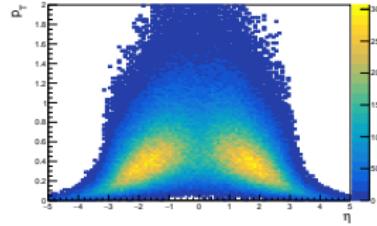
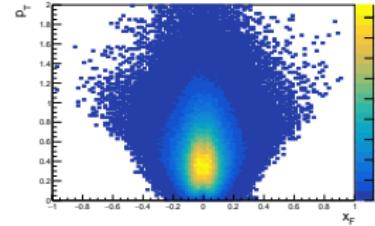
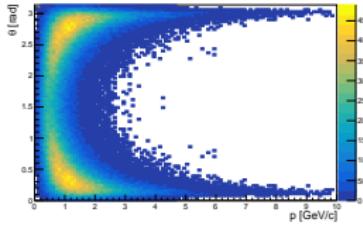
	all	$\theta_{coll} < 0.03$	$\theta_{coll} < 0.03 + \chi^2/ndf < 10$	$\theta_{coll} < 0.03 + \chi^2/ndf < 10 + \text{isgood}$
FOM ($\pm 2\sigma$):	348	522	475	321
$N(K^0)$:	367 070	325 677	263 446	118 618

The selected V^0 candidates are plotted in (p, θ) , (p_T, x_F) and (p_T, η) phase space

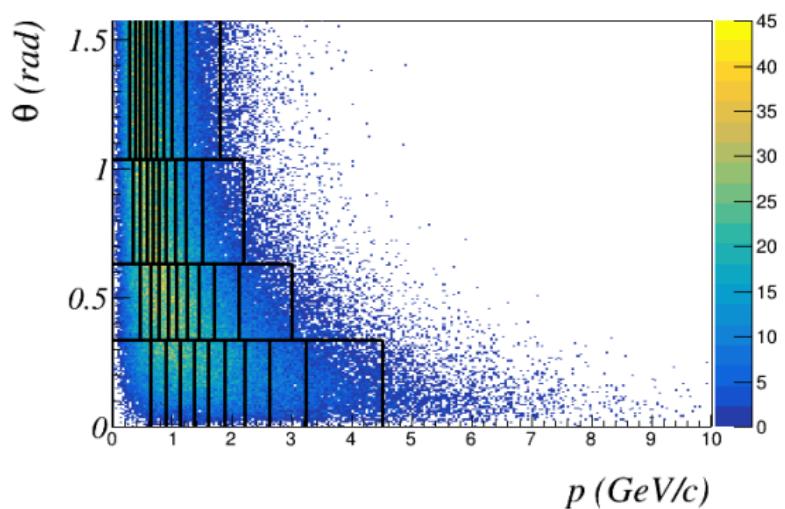
Pure Pythia 8, K^0



Reconstruction data, cuts: $K^0 \pm 2\sigma$ and $\theta_{coll} < 0.03$ rad.

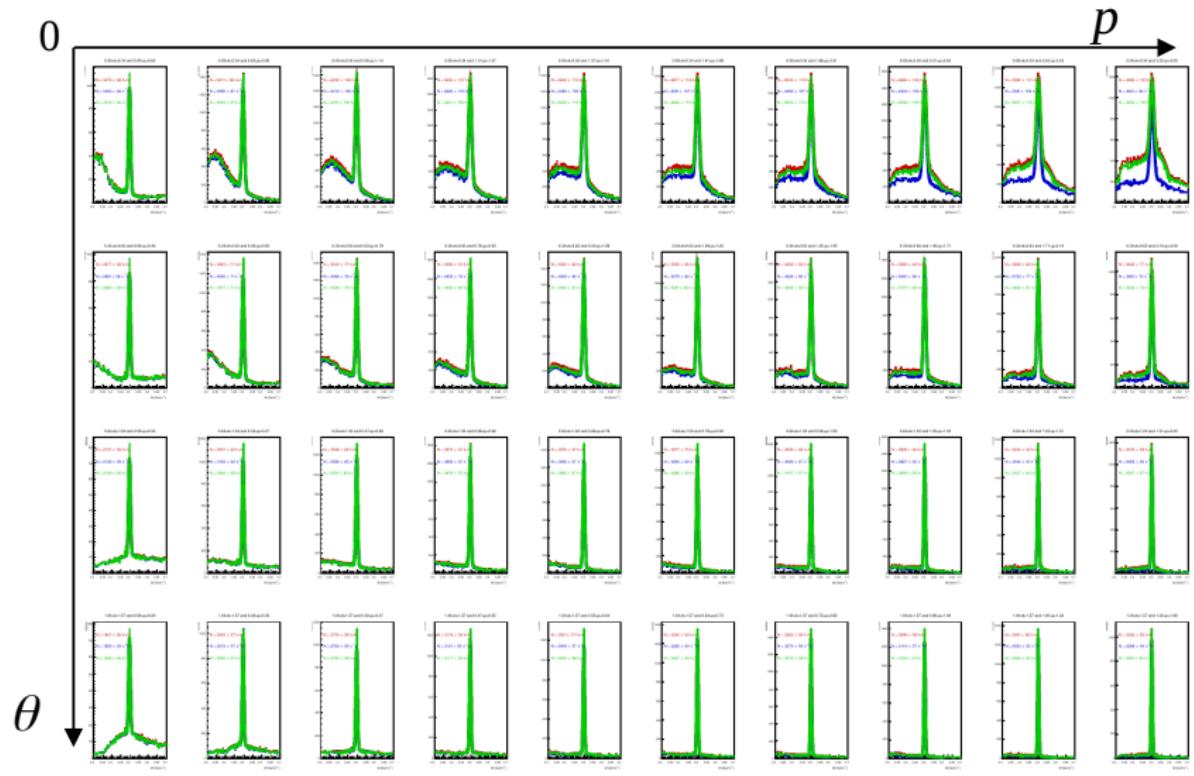


Binning

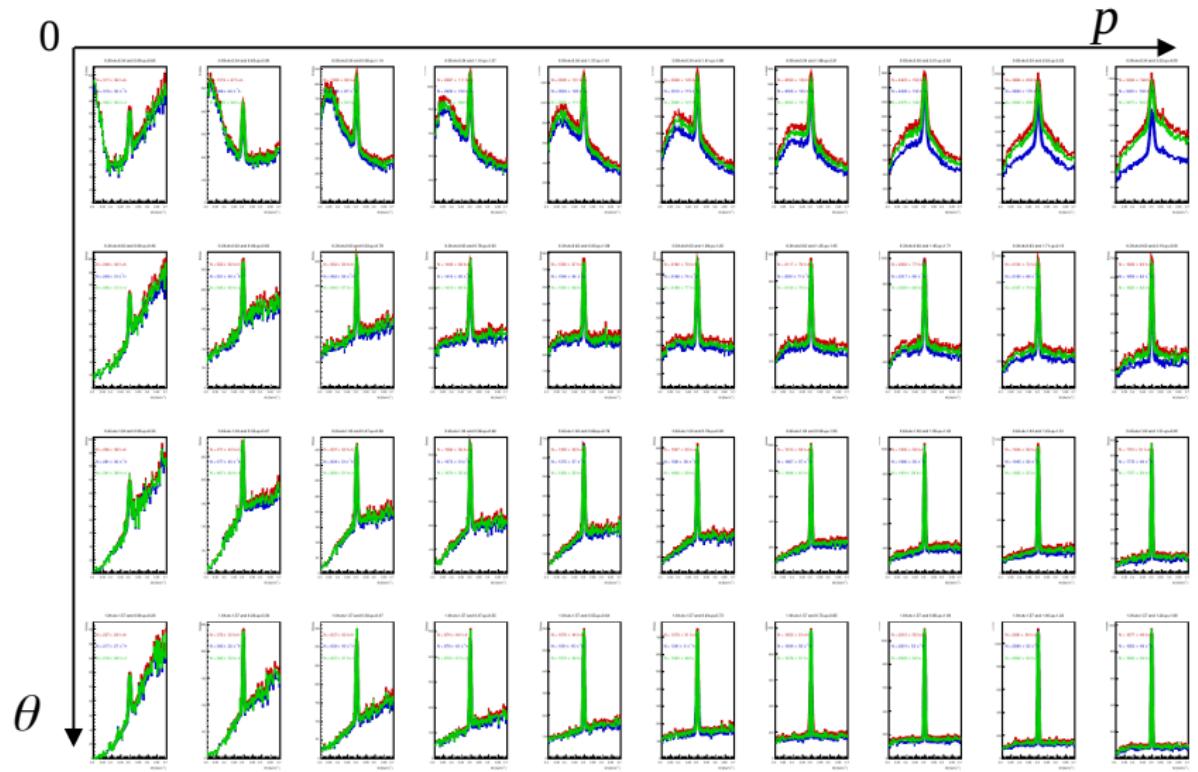


The choice of the binning scheme is obtained from distribution of K^0 simulated in Pythia 8. It was done to have the similar number of K^0 in bins ($n_{bin}^\theta = 4, n_{bin}^p = 10$).

Distributions of the K^0 candidates with only cut $\theta_{coll} < 0.03$

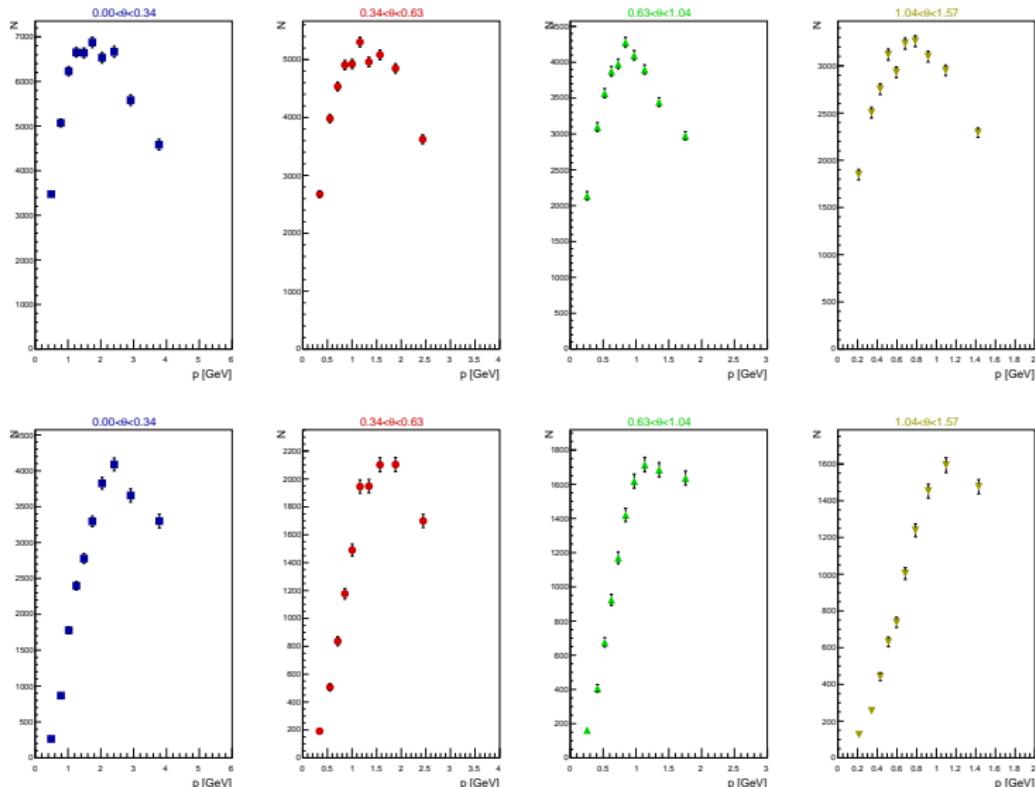


Distributions of the K^0 candidates with cuts $\chi^2/ndf < 10$ and isgood



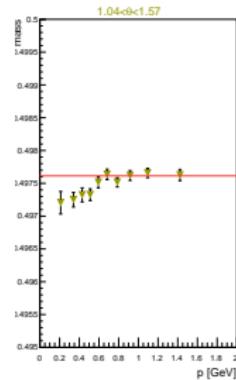
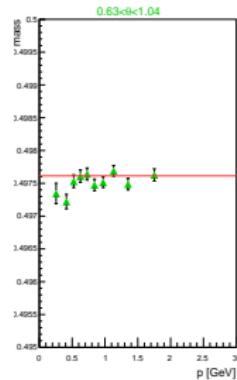
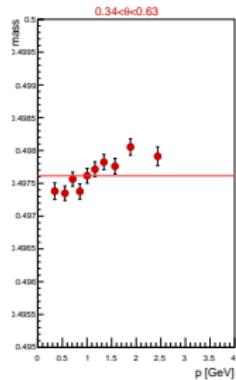
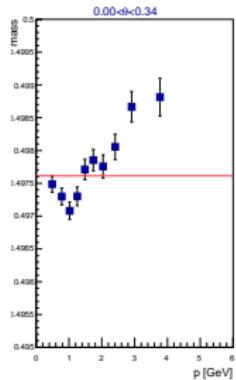
Result of the fit (number of K^0 in p for fixed θ interval)

$\theta_{coll} < 0.03\text{rad.}$

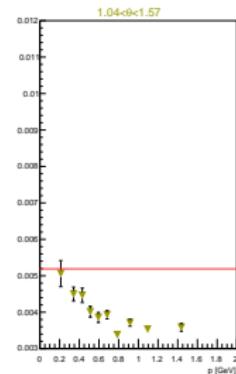
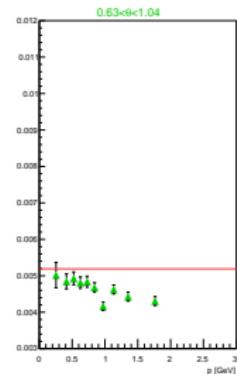
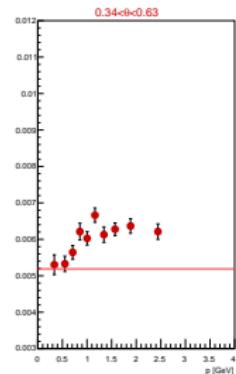
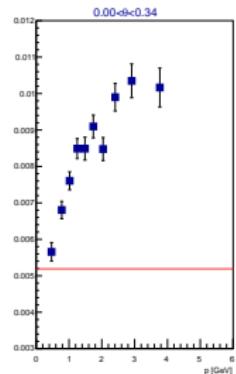


$\chi^2/ndf < 10$
is good

Mean mass and sigma of K^0 (in p for fixed θ interval)

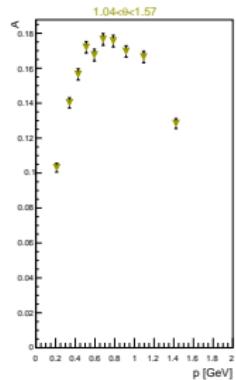
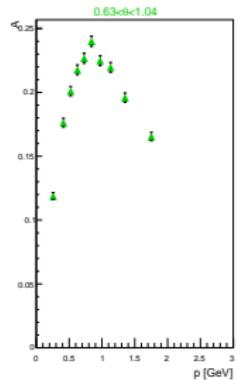
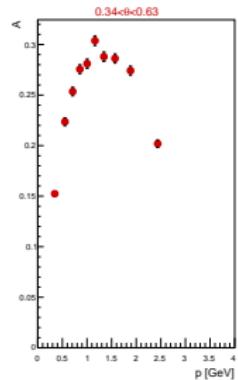
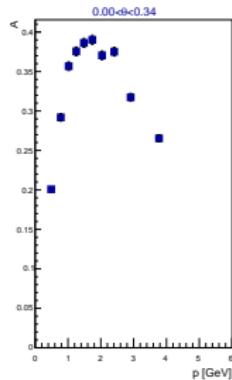


red line shows
 $m(\text{PDG}) = 0.497 \text{ GeV}$

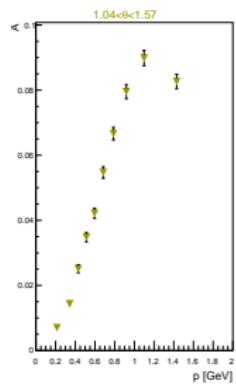
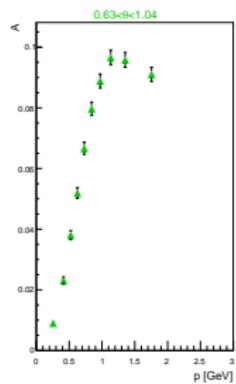
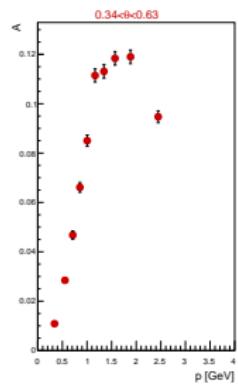
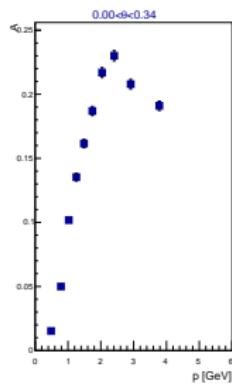


red line shows
the sigma of
the K^0 fit
using full
data sample

K^0 reconstruction efficiency with all corrections included ($A = N_{Rec}^{MC} / N_{pythia}^{MC}$)



$\theta_{coll} < 0.03\text{rad.}$



$\chi^2/ndf < 10$
isgood

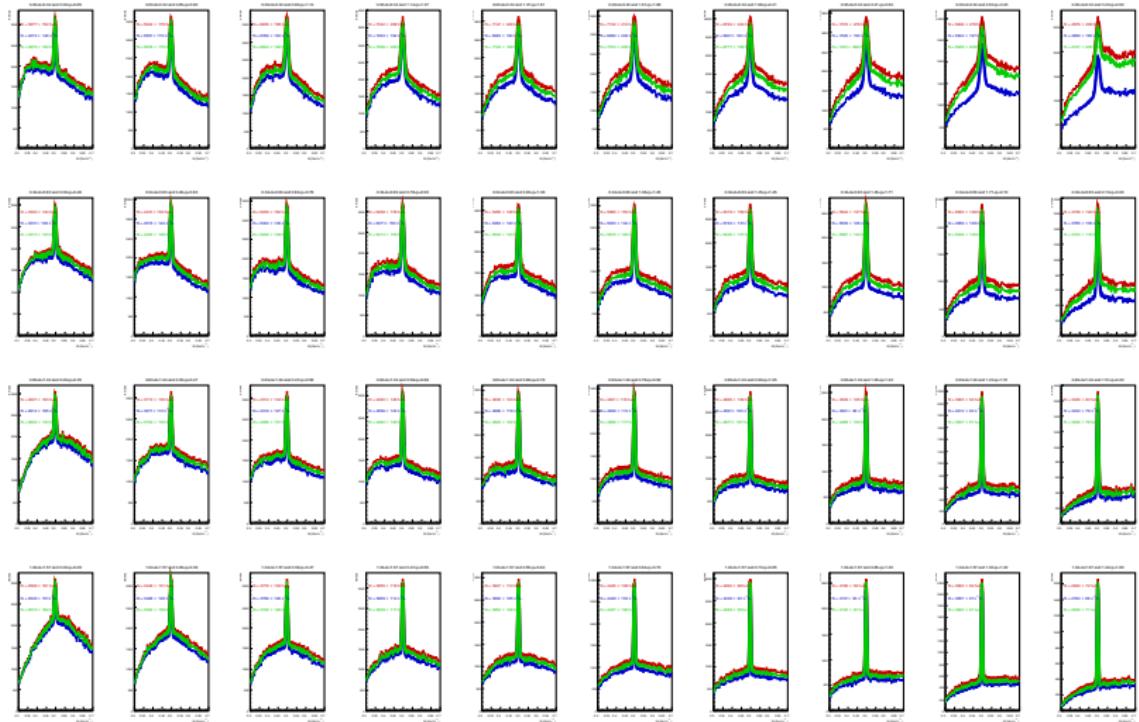
Conclusion and TODO

- ① Analysis of various factors affecting the K_S^0 reconstruction efficiency was performed.
- ② K_S^0 reconstruction efficiency depends on p and θ and in general is not larger than 40%.
- ③ Criterium `isgood` rejects many signal events. Particularly for low momentum ($p=0\text{-}1.5$ GeV).
- ④ Further apply this procedure for Λ and $\bar{\Lambda}$.

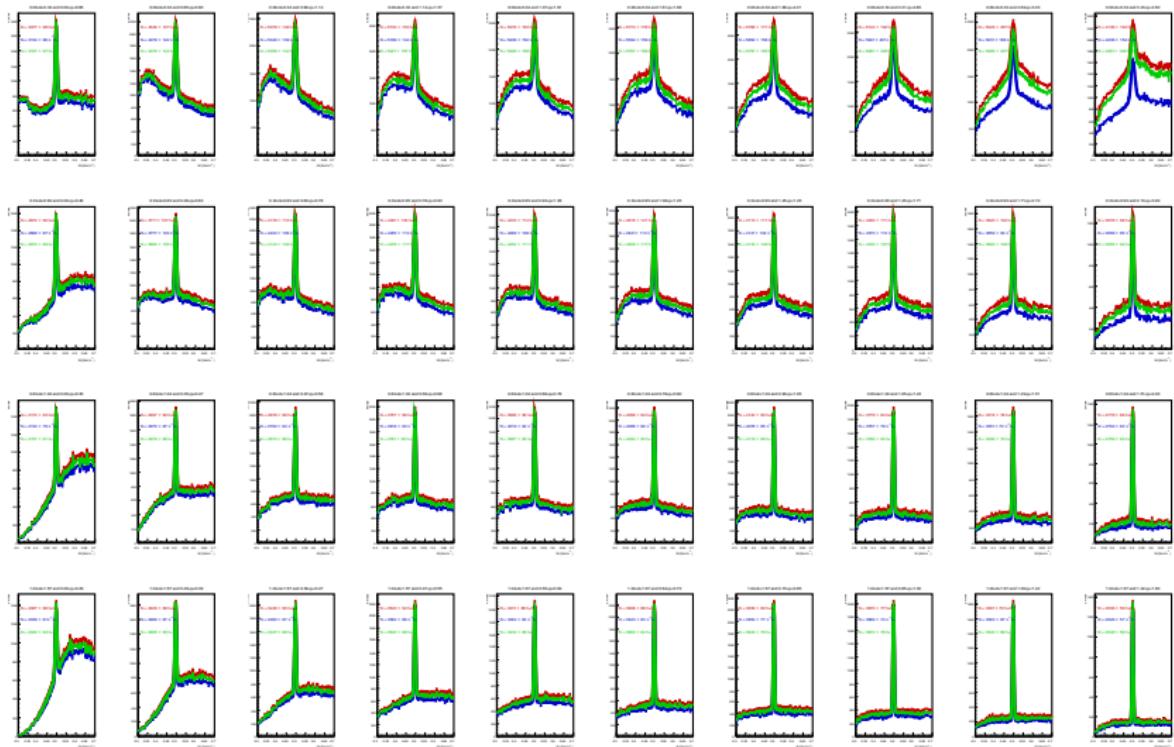
Backup slides

θ 0 - 0.33	θ 0.33 - 0.63	θ 0.63-1.03	θ 1.03 - 1.57
p 0-0.6	p 0-0.4615	p 0-0.35	p 0-0.29
0.64-0.90	0.46-0.63	0.35-0.47	0.29-0.38
0.90-1.13	0.63-0.78	0.47-0.57	0.38-0.47
1.13-1.36	0.78-0.92	0.57-0.67	0.47-0.55
1.36-1.60	0.92-1.08	0.67-0.78	0.55-0.63
1.60-1.88	1.08-1.24	0.78-0.90	0.63-0.73
1.88-2.20	1.24-1.44	0.90-1.04	0.73-0.84
2.20-2.62	1.44-1.70	1.04-1.23	0.84-0.99
2.62-3.23	1.70-2.10	1.23-1.50	0.99-1.21
3.23-4.5	2.10-3	1.50-2.2	1.21-1.8

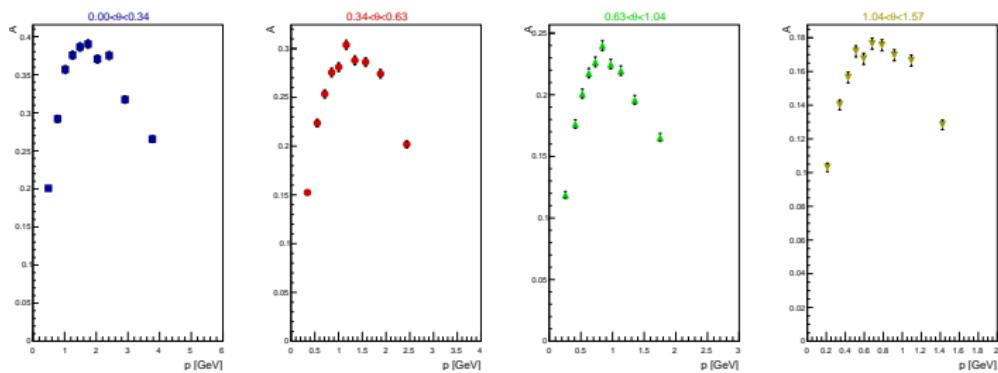
Distributions of the K^0 candidates



Distributions of the K^0 candidates with only cut $\chi^2/ndf < 10$

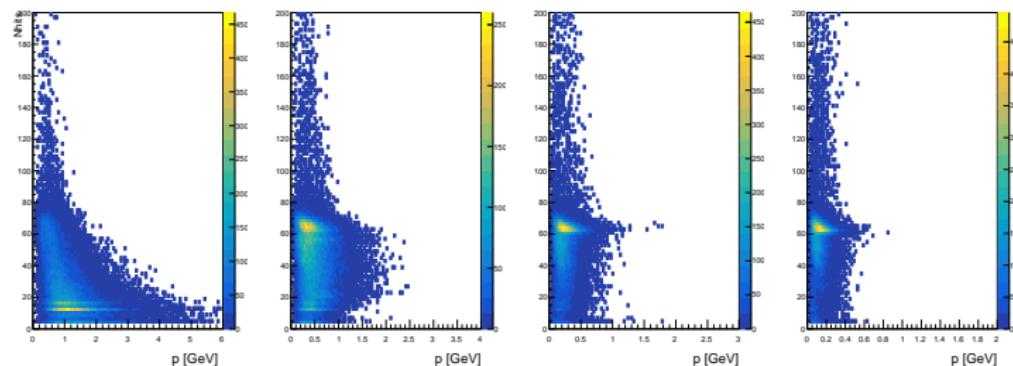


Nhits distributions of the K^0 in p for fixed θ interval



$$\theta_{coll} < 0.03\text{rad.}$$

$$A = N_{Rec}^{MC} / N_{pythia}^{MC}$$



N_{Rec}^{MC} vs
 $p(K^0)$

Problem!!!

