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Quasi-deuteron clusters in the ¹²C and short-range NN correlations in the reaction ¹²C+p \rightarrow ¹⁰A+ pp+N

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Short-range correlated (SRC) NN pairs play an important role in structure of atomic nuclei and are studied using mainly electron beams [1]. A new step was done at BM@N in JINR [2] where the reaction $12C+p \rightarrow 10A+pp+N$ is studied using the 12 C beam at energy of 4 GeV/nucleon in inverse kinematics providing interaction with the hydrogen target to probe the SRC pairs in the ¹²C. In theoretical analysis [3] of the SRC effects in this reaction is used a properly modified approach developed earlier (see Ref. [4] and references therein) to describe the quasi-elastic knock-out of fast deuterons from the light nuclei ¹²C and ^{7,6}Li by protons in the reactions (p,pd) and (p.nd) [5]. Elementary sub-processes in the (p.Nd) were the backward quasi-elastic scattering of the proton on the two-nucleon clusters $p\{pn\} \rightarrow pd$ and $p\{nn\} \rightarrow nd$ at the proton beam energy 670 MeV. As in Ref. [4], the spectroscopic amplitudes for NN-pairs in the ground state of the 12C nucleus are calculated here within the translation-invariant shell model (TISM) with mixing configurations. Factorization of the two-nucleon momentum distribution over the internal n_{rel} (q_{rel}) and the c.m.s. ncm ($k_{c.m.}$) momenta is assumed and for nrel (q_{rel}) the squared deuteron (or singlet deuteron) wave function the CD Bonn NN-interaction potential is used. Relativistic effects in the sub-process p+{NN}@p+N+N of quasi-elastic knockout of nucleon from the SRC pair are taken into account in the light-front dynamics. We found that the c.m. distribution of the deuteron clusters obtained within the TISM and used in [4], [5] to describe the (p,Nd) data [4] has to be modified considerably [6] to describe the kc.m. distribution of the SCR NN pairs measured in the electron data [6]. The ratio of the spin-singlet to spin-triplet pairs $\{pp\}_s/\{pn\}_t$ is calculated [7] and found to be in agreement with existing data. Here the initial and final state interaction effects are estimated within the eikonal approximation using the Glauber model for the $N^{10}A$ scattering [8]. The one-loop approximation with elastic $N^{10}A$ rescatterings is applied and the effect is found to be moderate.

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