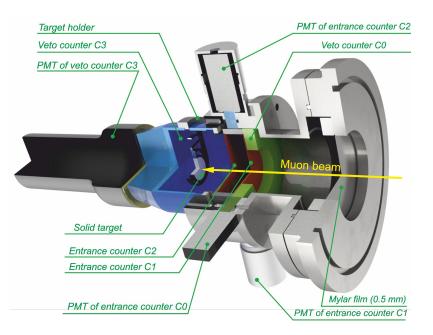
MUON TRIGGER DEFINITION IN ALPACA • *

Elisabetta - 14 Feb 2023

THE MUON TRIGGER

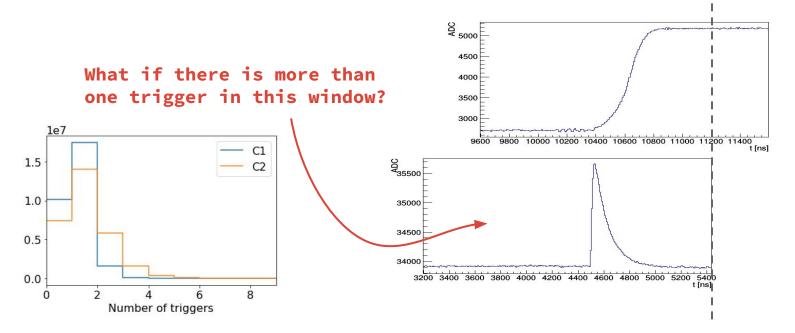


Ideal: notC0 \wedge C1 \wedge C2 \wedge notC3

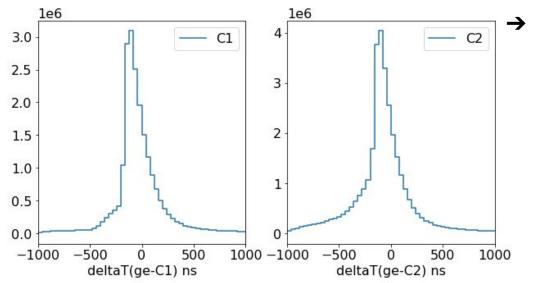
Reality: time resolution → a coincidence/anticoincidence is defined if the time distance between the triggers in two different counters is < W (for example W=100ns)

IMPLEMENTATION IN ALPACA

• Use HF trace: better time resolution (8ns sampling) and covers a large enough window (~2 us before the germanium trigger)



• Distribution of deltaT (considering all the triggers in the window)



To define a coincidence between C1 and C2 and to associate a unique deltaT(ge-C1C2) to the ge event, I need only one trigger in C1 and C2

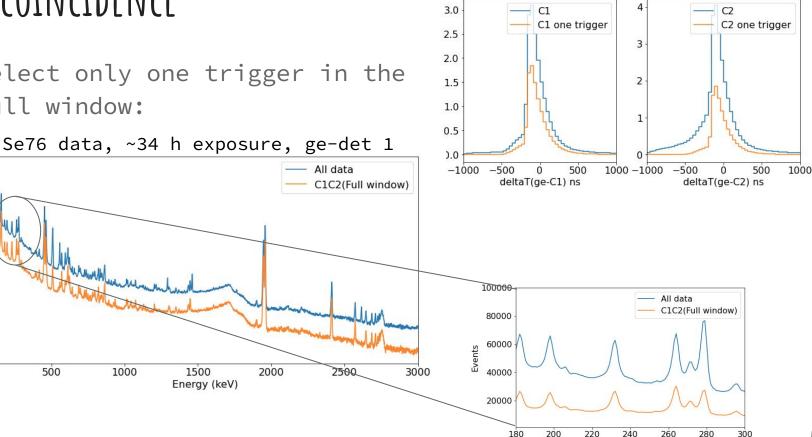
106

10⁵

Events 10⁴

10³

Select only one trigger in the full window:



1e6

1e6

Energy (keV)

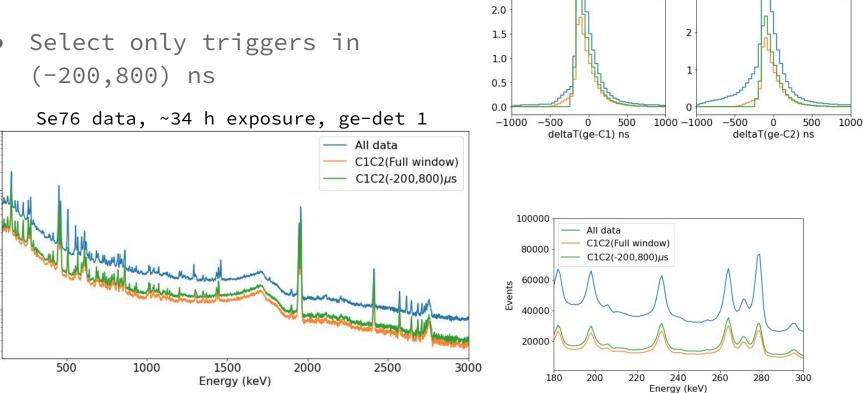
106

10⁵

Events

10³

(-200,800) ns



1e6

C1

Full window

(-200,800)ns

3.0

2.5

1e6 4

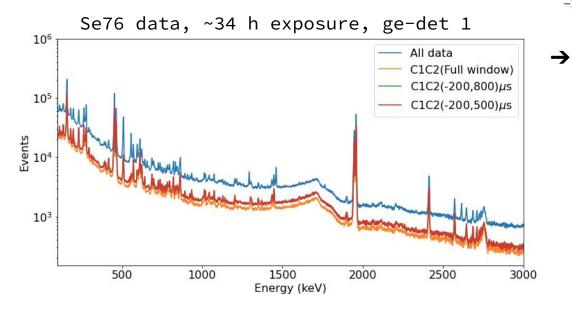
3

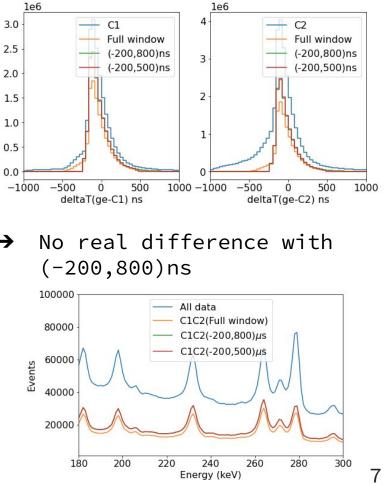
C2

Full window

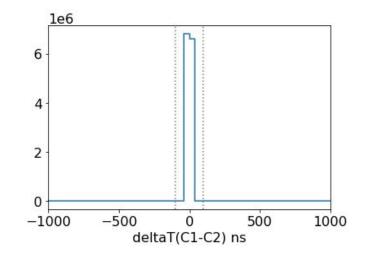
(-200,800)ns

 Try with even smaller window (-200,500)ns



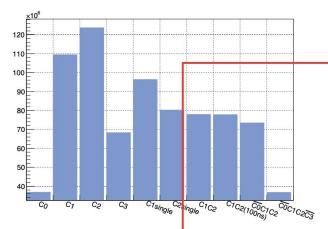


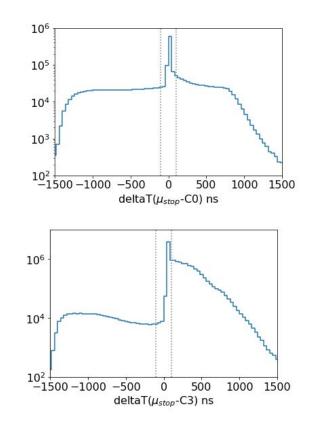
- Select events with one trigger in C1 and C2 (-200,800)ns window around ge-trigger
- Select events with |deltaT(C1-C2)|<100ns
- Define the muon-stop trigger time as $t_{\mu-stop} = (t_{c1} + t_{c2})/2$

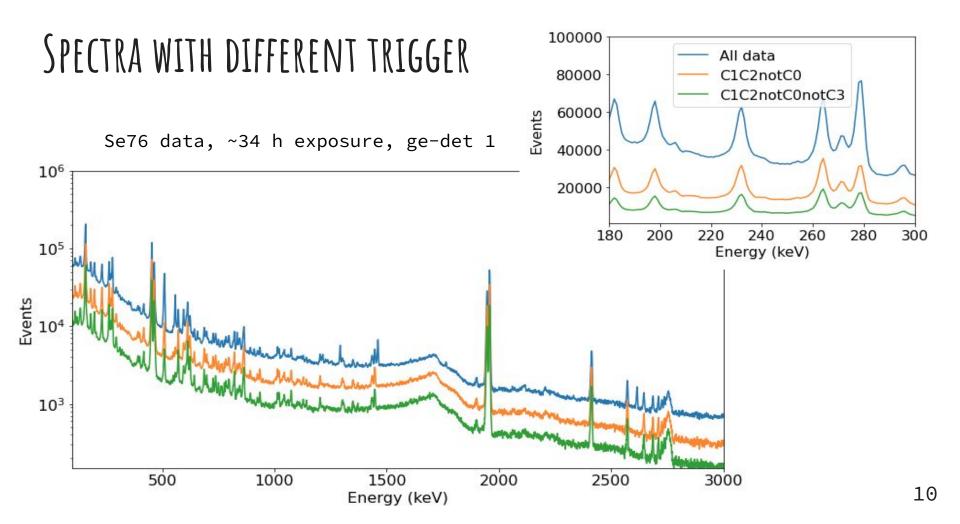


COC3 ANTICOINCIDENCE

- Require that there is no trigger in C0 in ±100 ns from t_{μ-stop} -> small impact
- Require that there is no trigger in C3 in ±100 ns from t_{μ-stop}-> huge impact







CONCLUSIONS

- C1C2 coincidence trigger: select events with only one trigger in C1 and C2 in (-200,800) ns from the ge-trigger
- Select |deltaT(C1-C2)|<100ns and define the muon-stop trigger time as t_{μ-stop}=(t_{c1}+t_{c2})/2
- Anticoincidence trigger with C0: |deltaT(µ-stop-C0)|<100 ns has small impact on the interesting gamma lines -> use for the trigger
- Anticoincidence trigger with C3: |deltaT(µ-stop-C3)|<100 ns has huge impact on the interesting gamma lines -> try to not use it!

BACKUP

DISTRIBUTIONS

