

TB analysis

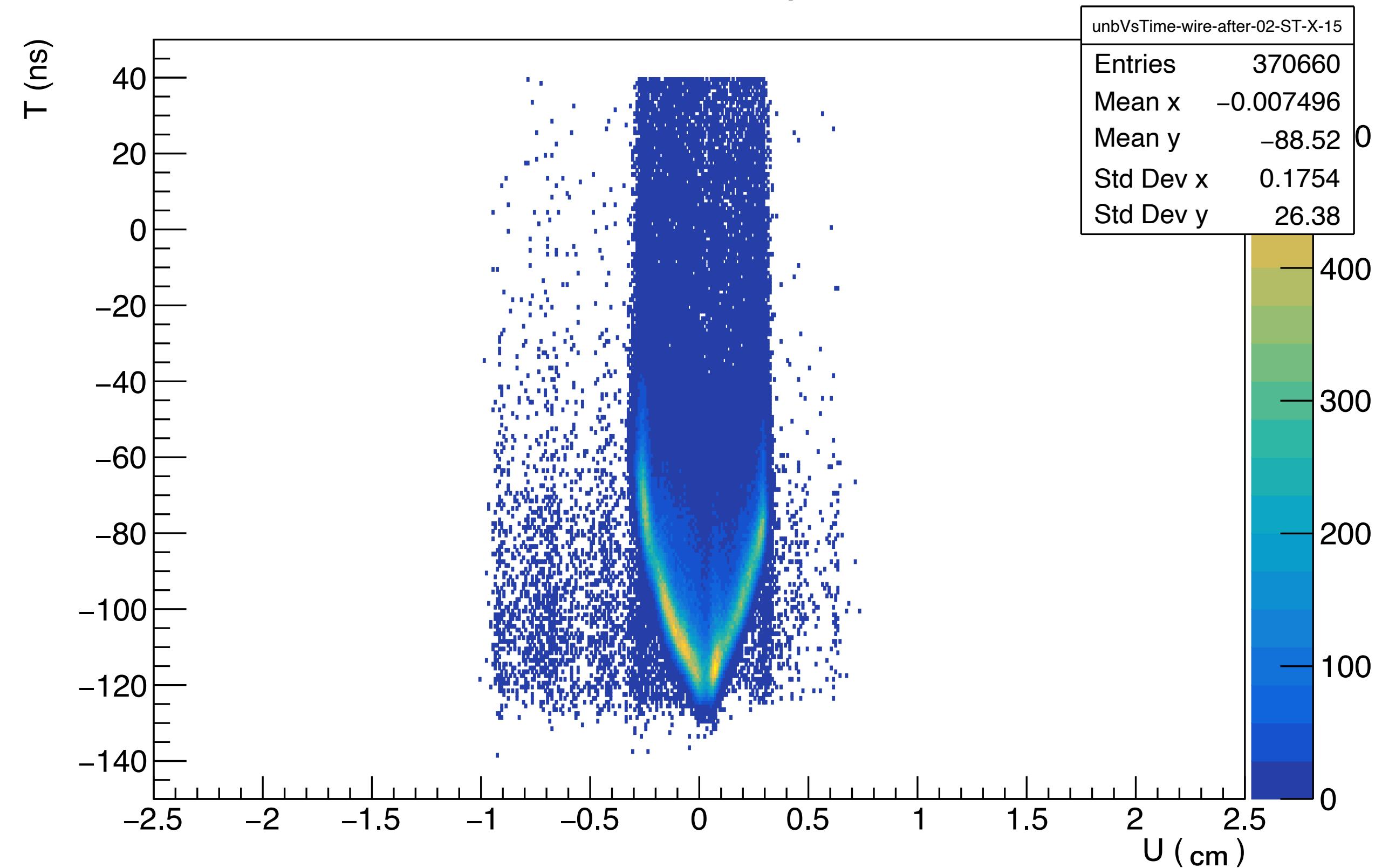
October (TIGER) + July (APV+VMM)

21/02/2023

October (TIGER)

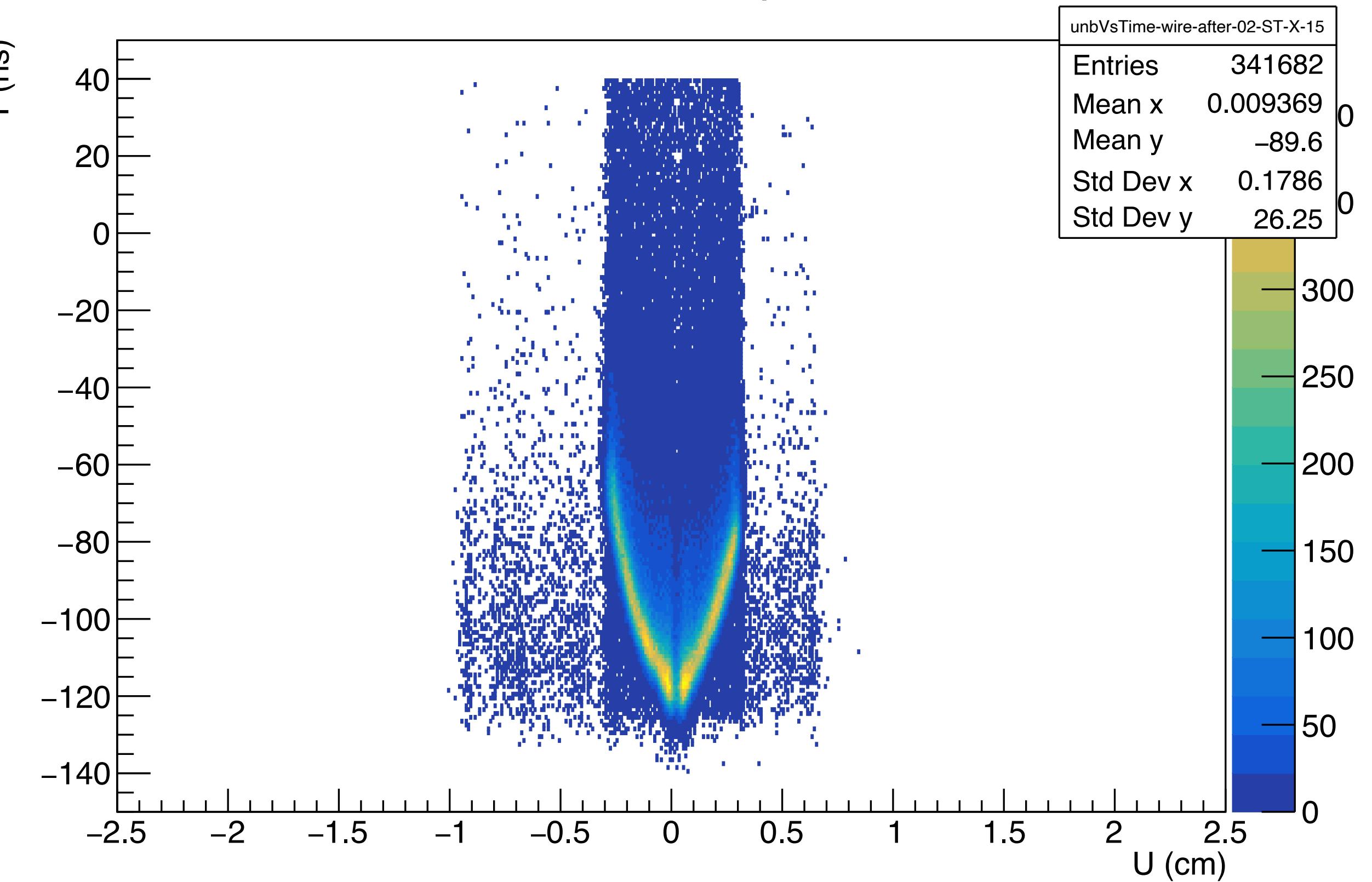
before remapping

Initial vShape



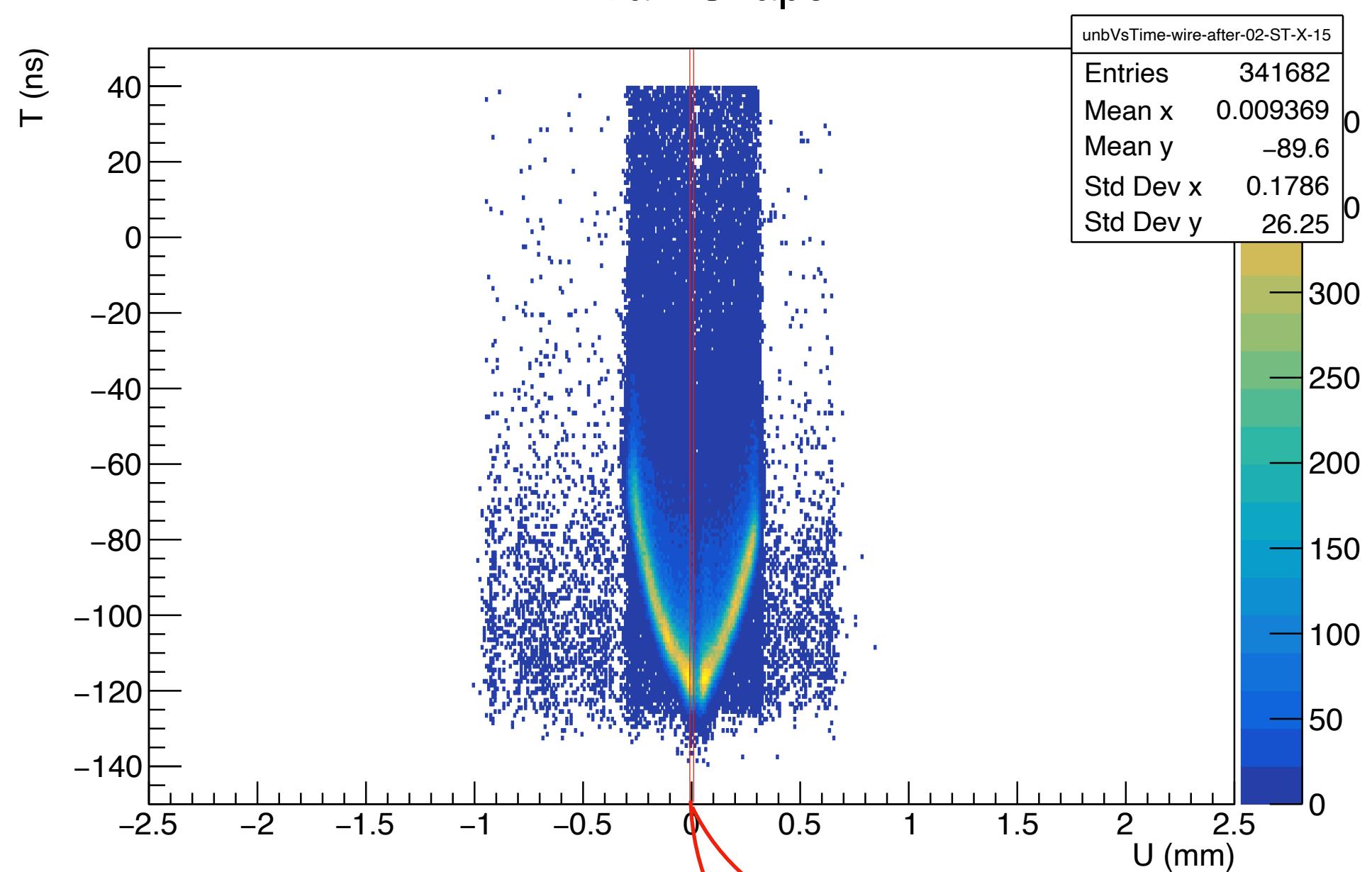
after remapping

Initial vShape



Reminder

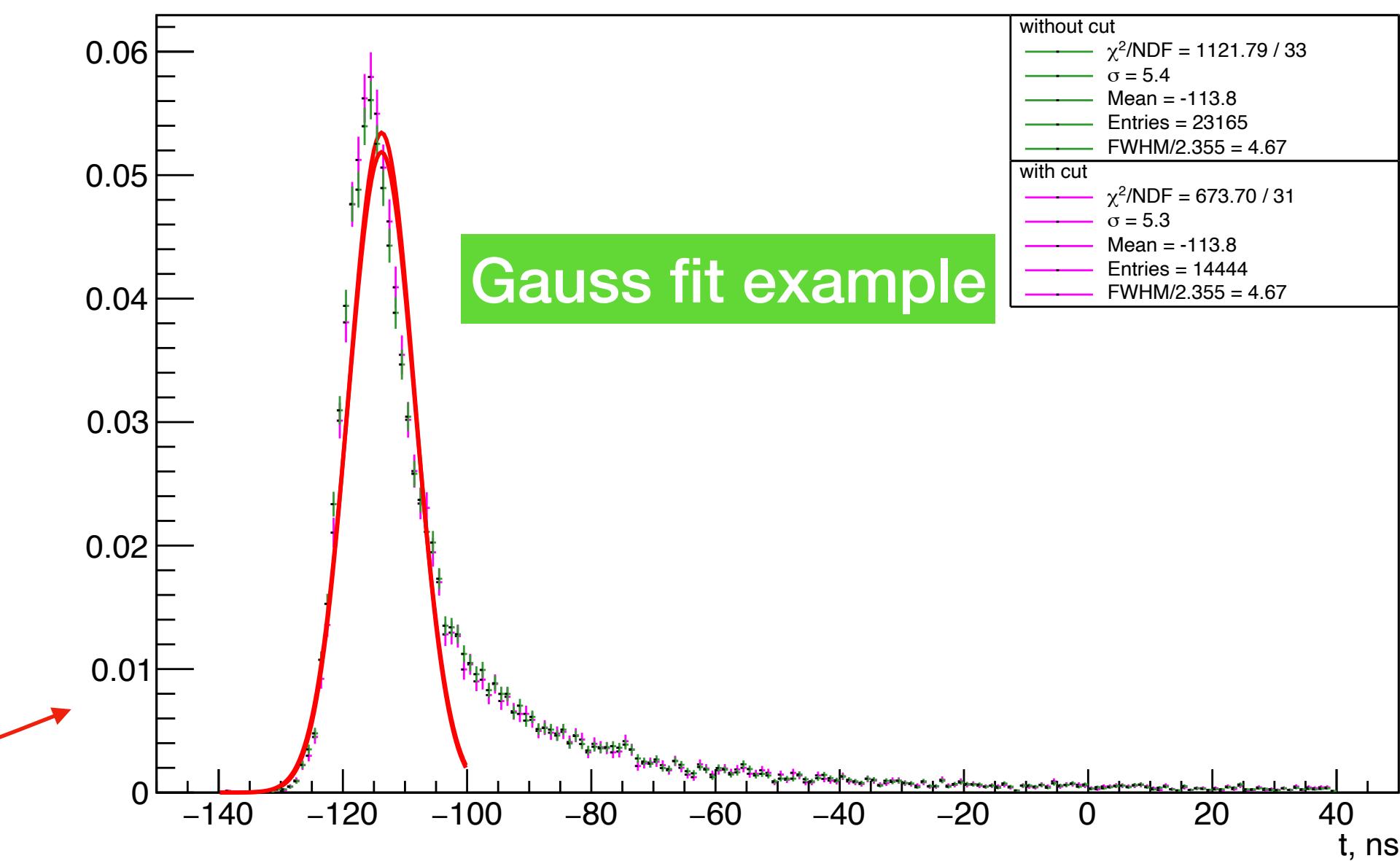
Initial vShape



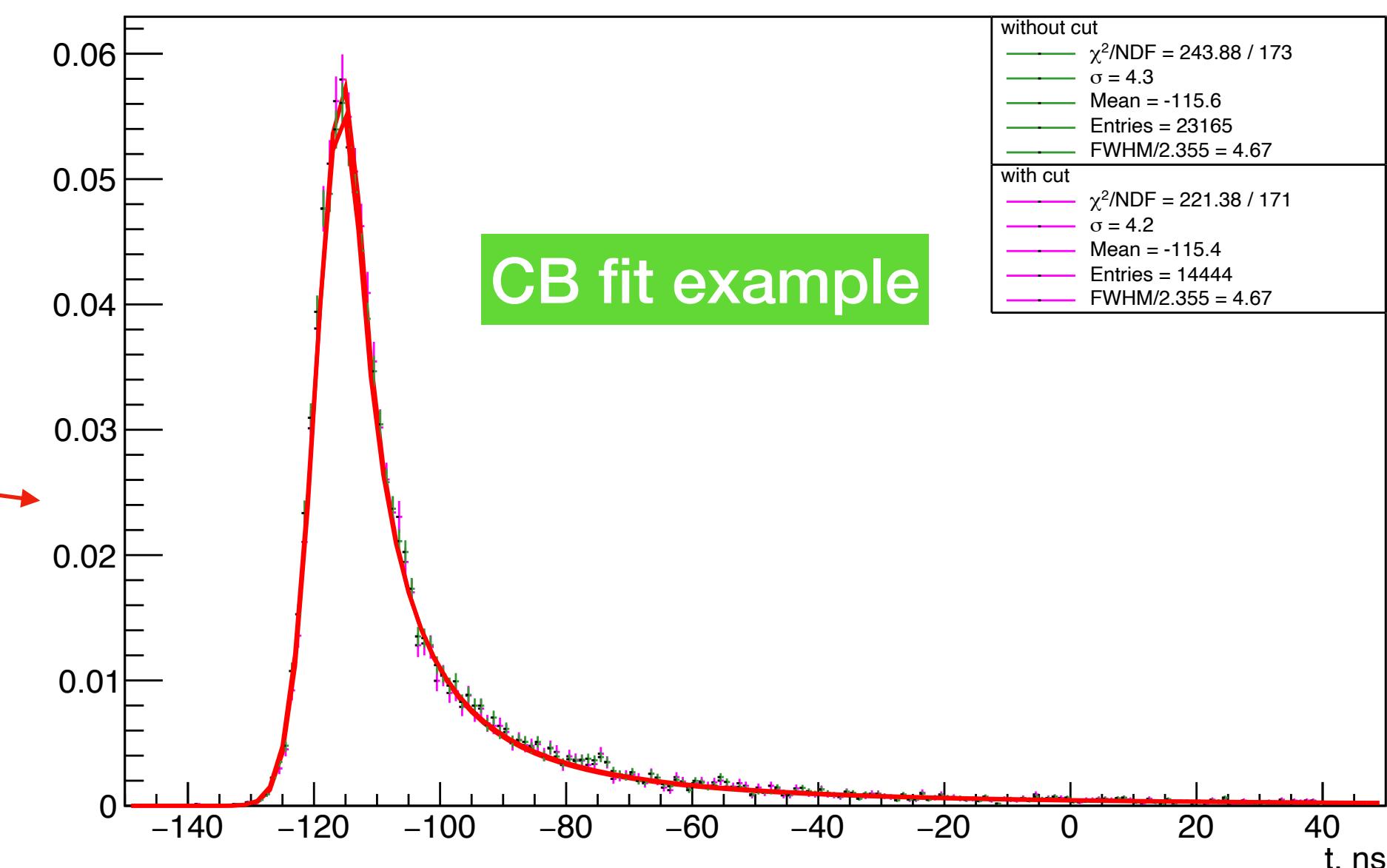
U bin = $100\mu\text{m}$

Time distribution is fitted for the every U bin
 σ_T of the fit – Time resolution

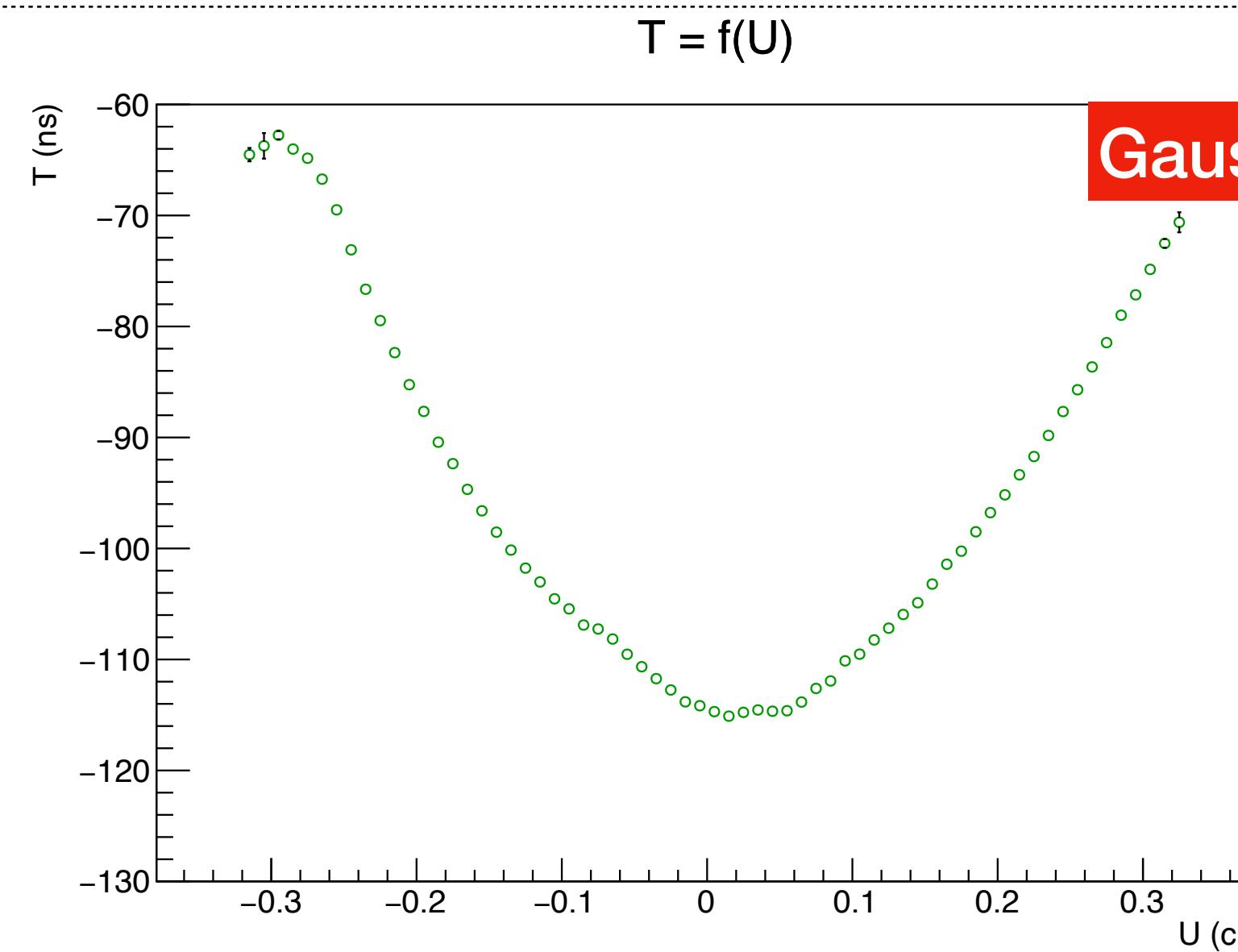
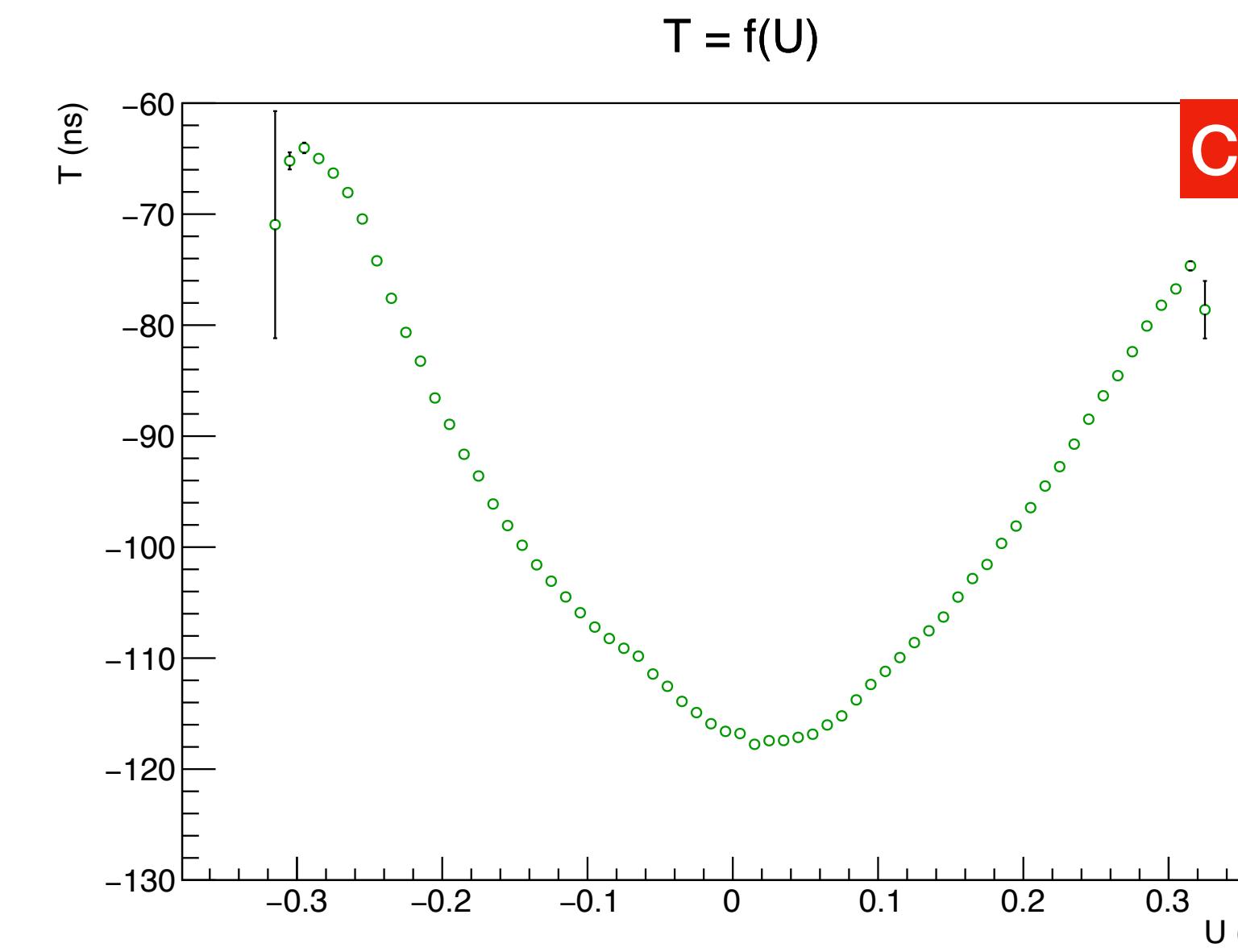
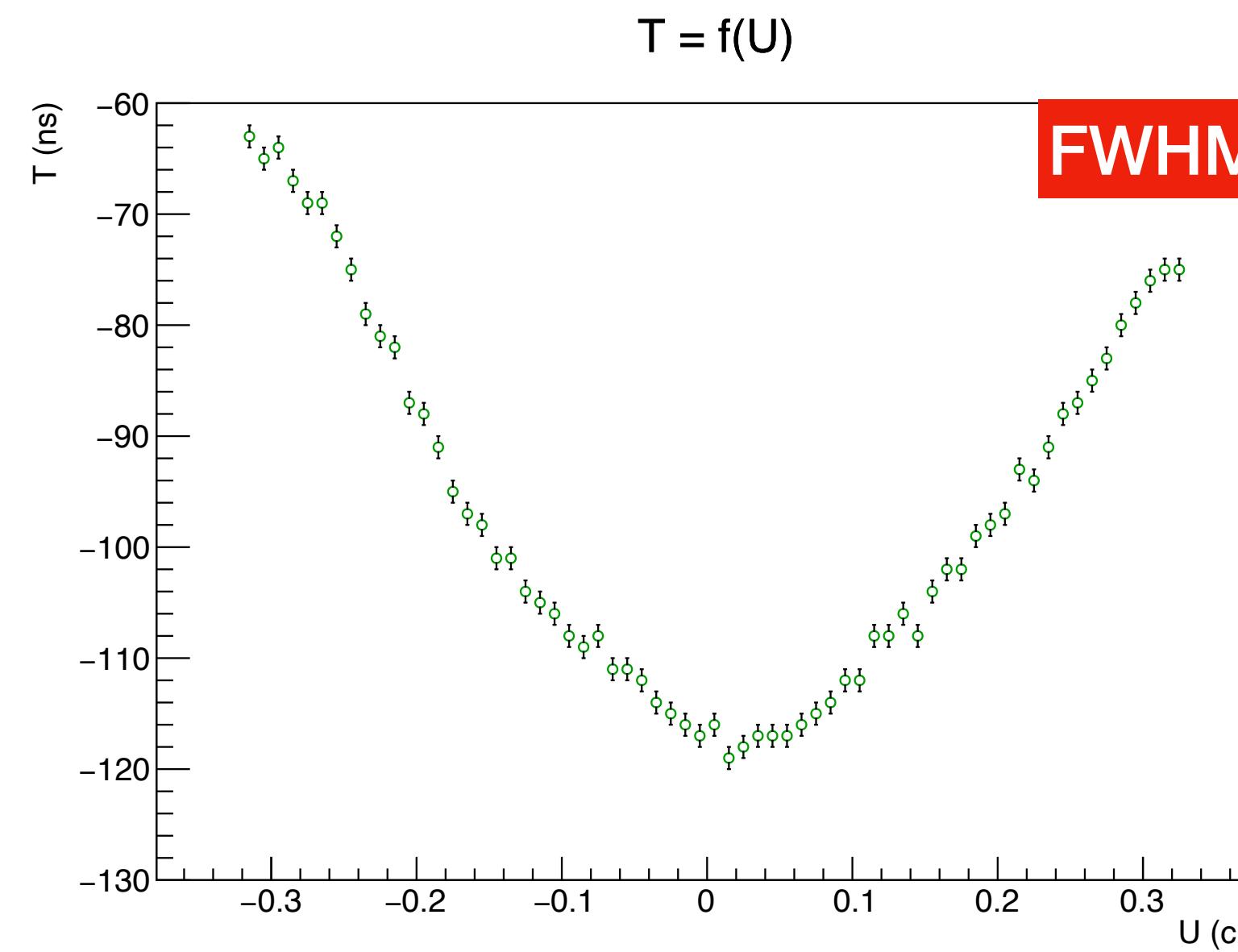
0 mm from the apex



CB fit example



MEAN



The Crystal Ball function is given by:

$$f(x; \alpha, n, \bar{x}, \sigma) = N \cdot \begin{cases} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\bar{x})^2}{2\sigma^2}\right), & \text{for } \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma} > -\alpha \\ A \cdot (B - \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma})^{-n}, & \text{for } \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma} \leq -\alpha \end{cases}$$

where

$$A = \left(\frac{n}{|\alpha|}\right)^n \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right),$$

$$B = \frac{n}{|\alpha|} - |\alpha|,$$

$$N = \frac{1}{\sigma(C + D)},$$

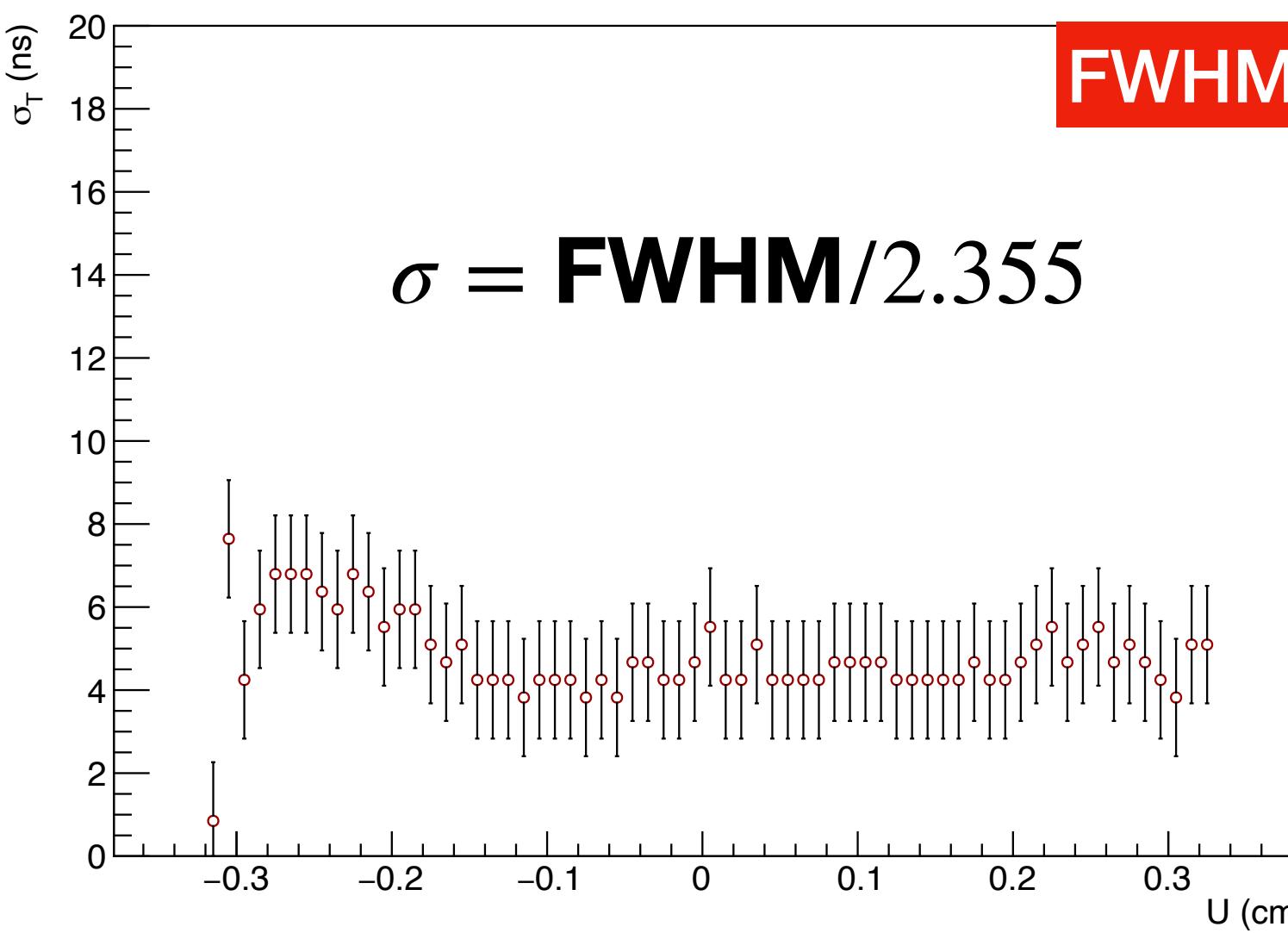
$$C = \frac{n}{|\alpha|} \cdot \frac{1}{n-1} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right),$$

$$D = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(1 + \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{|\alpha|}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right).$$

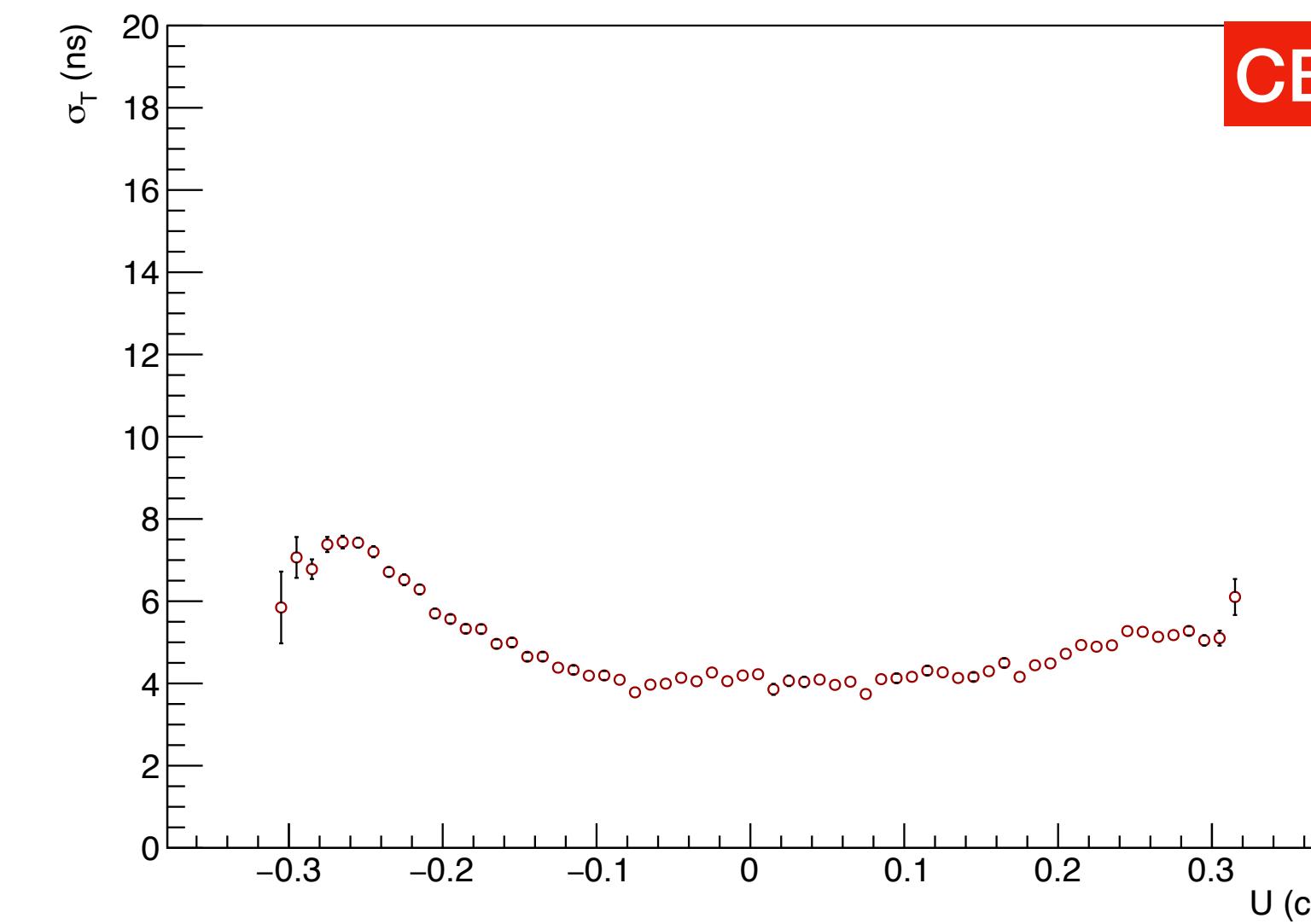
*it is for the 'left-sided'
we use the 'right-sided'

SIGMA

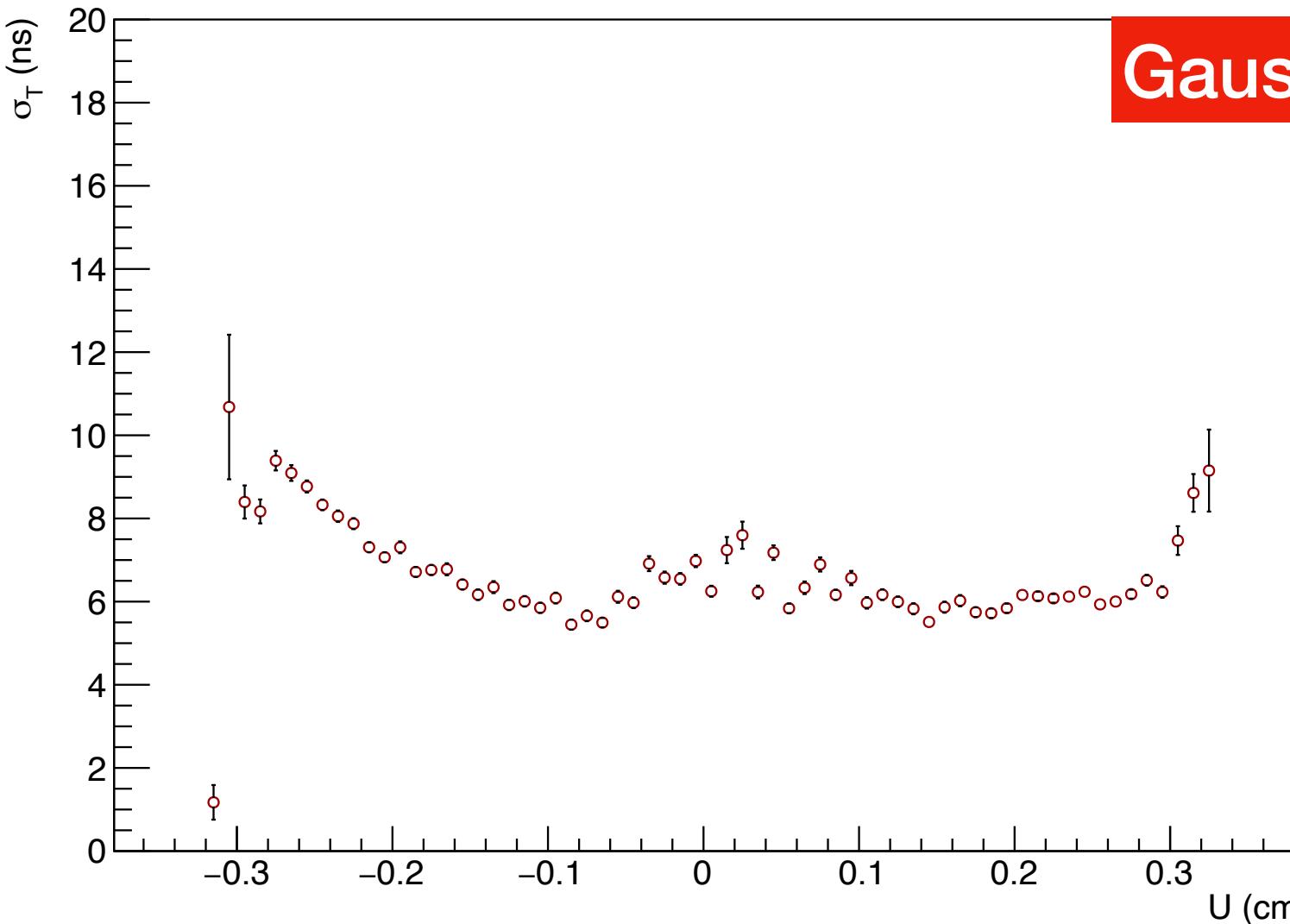
$\sigma_T = f(U)$



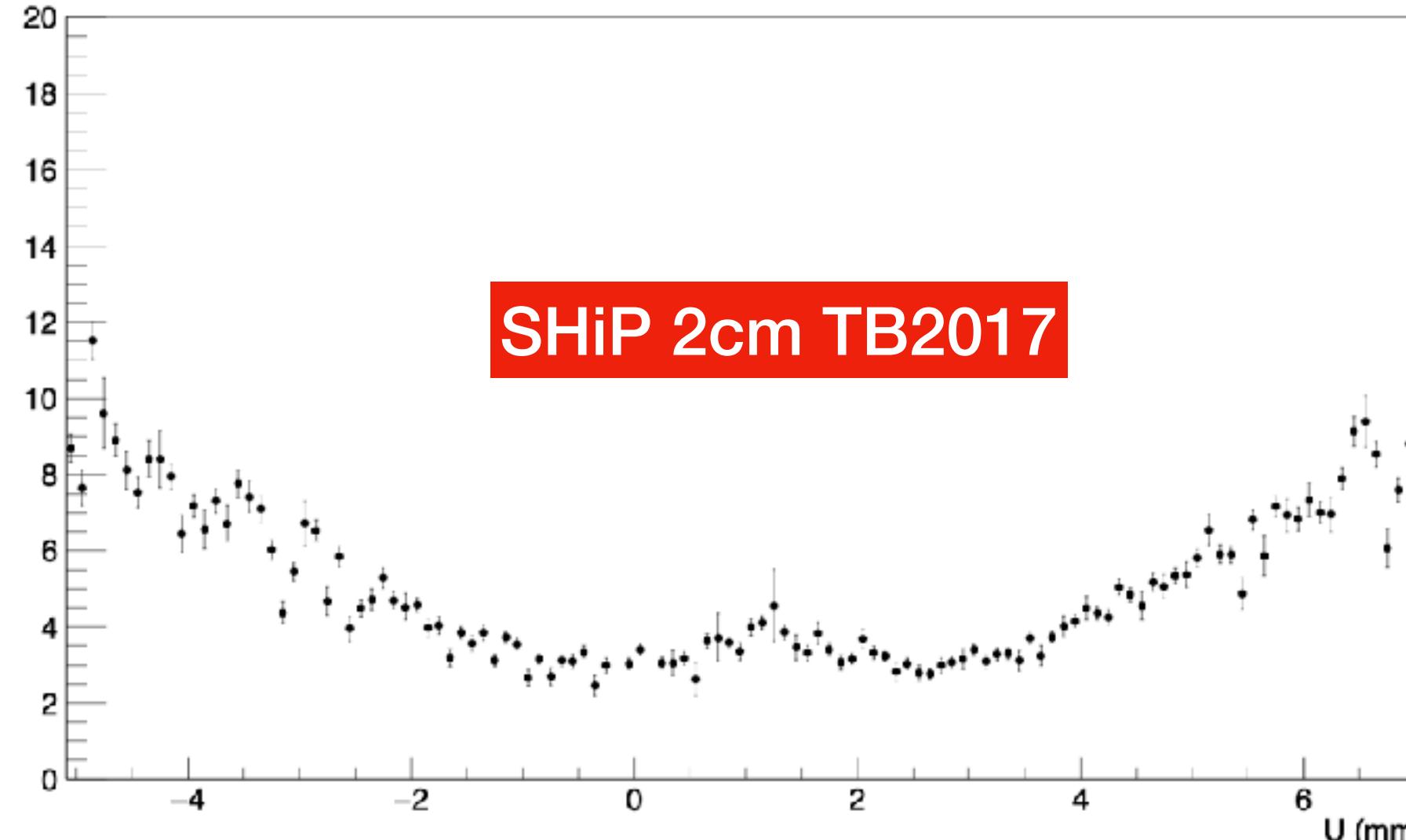
$\sigma_T = f(U)$



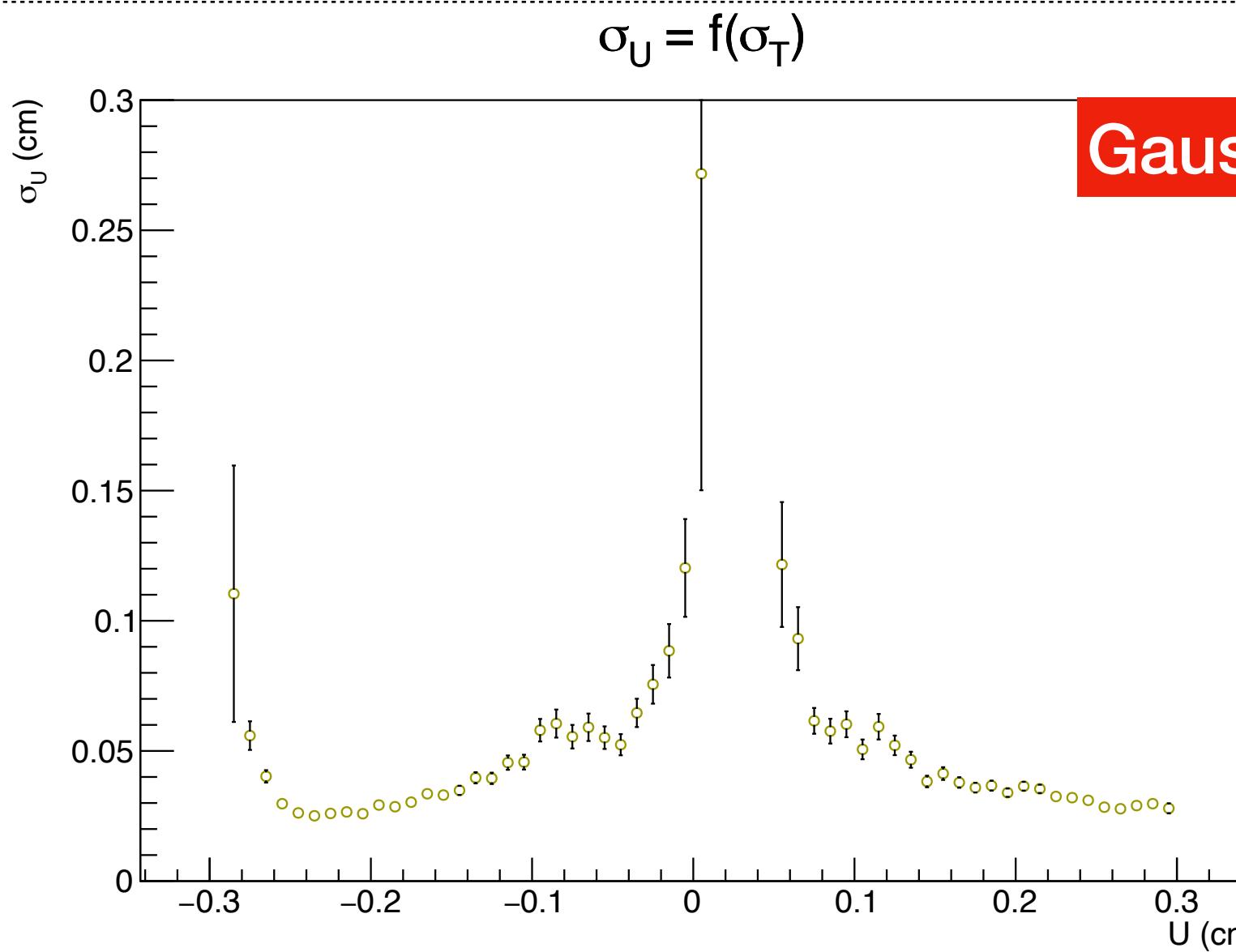
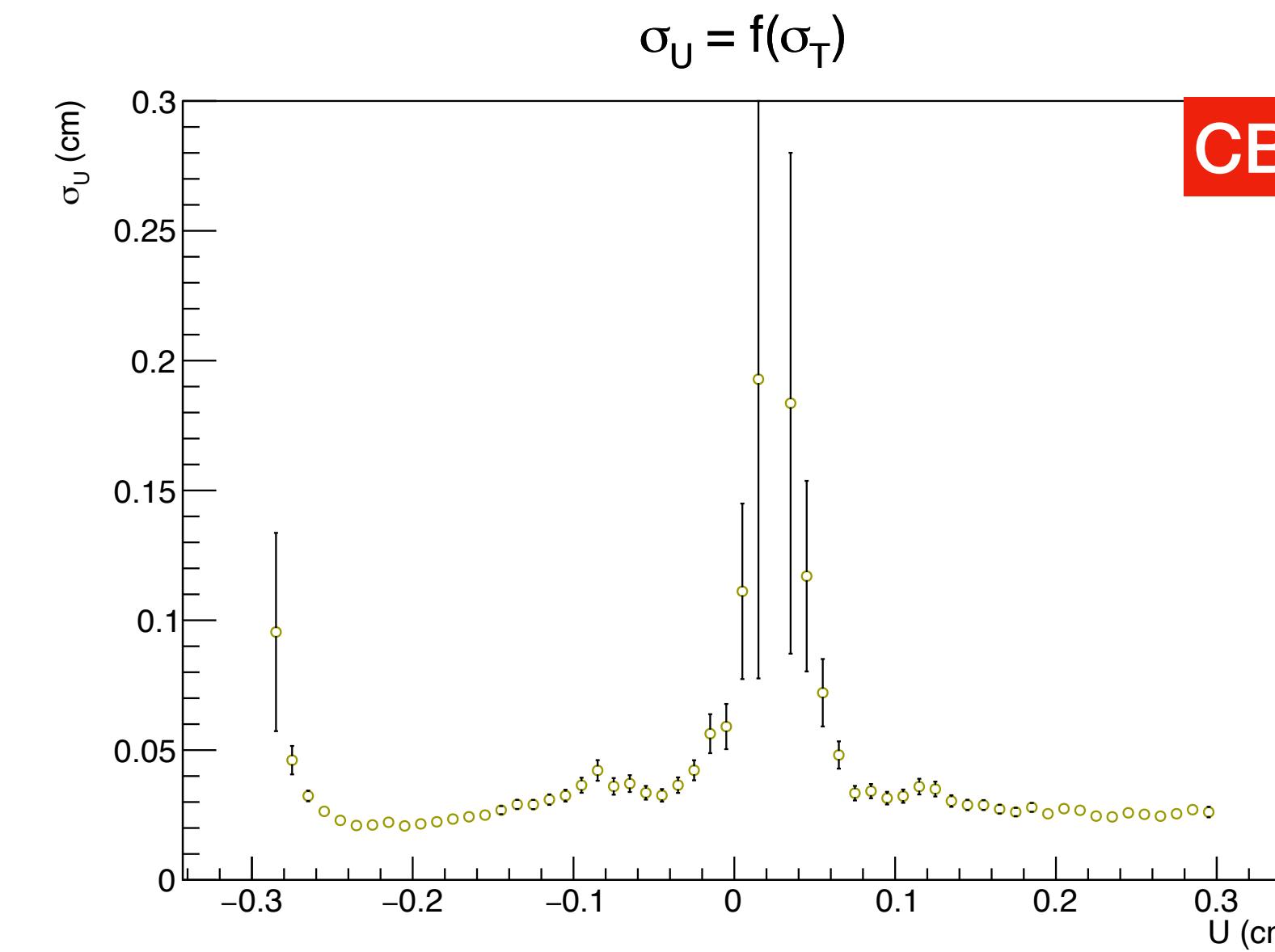
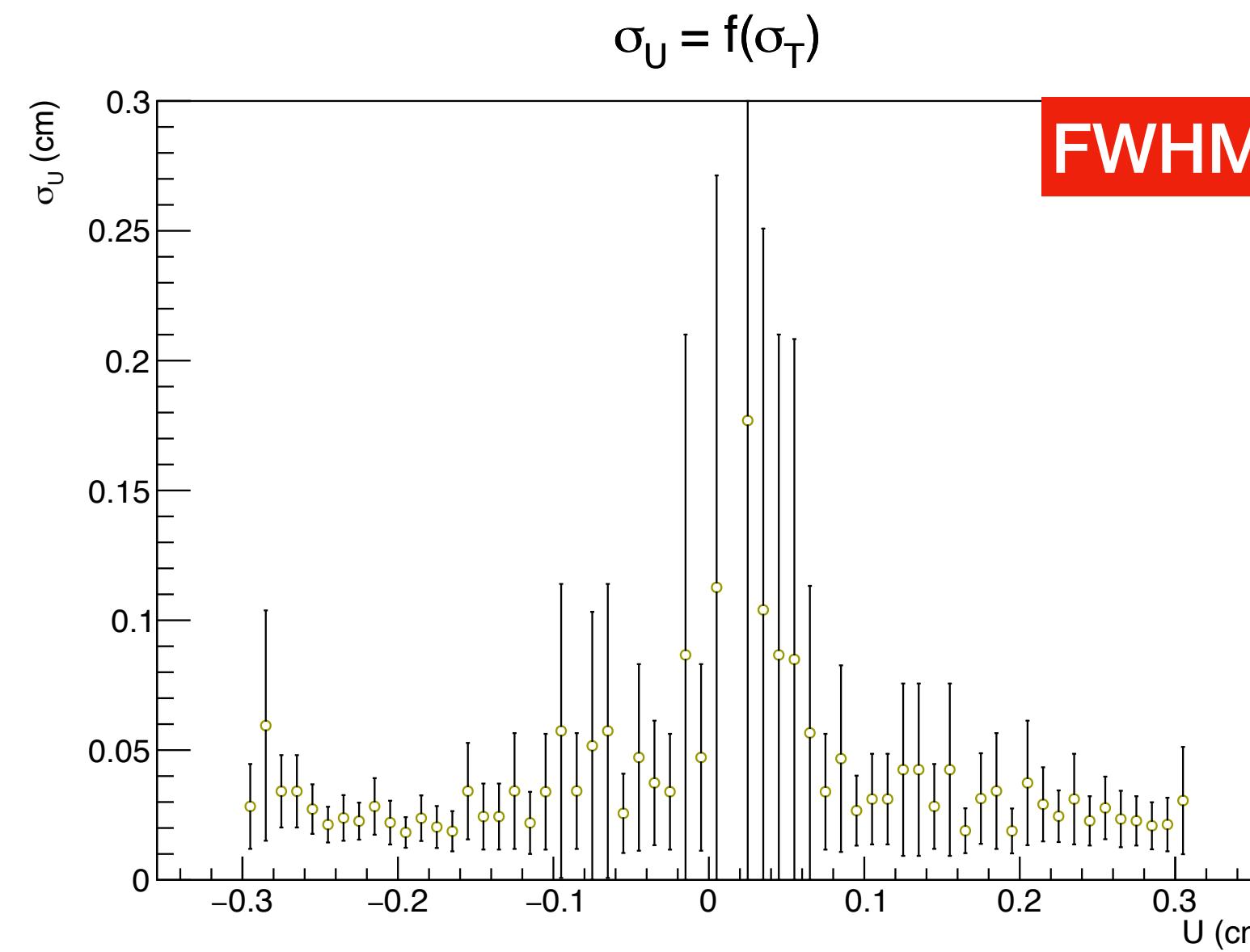
$\sigma_T = f(U)$



$\sigma_T = f(U)$



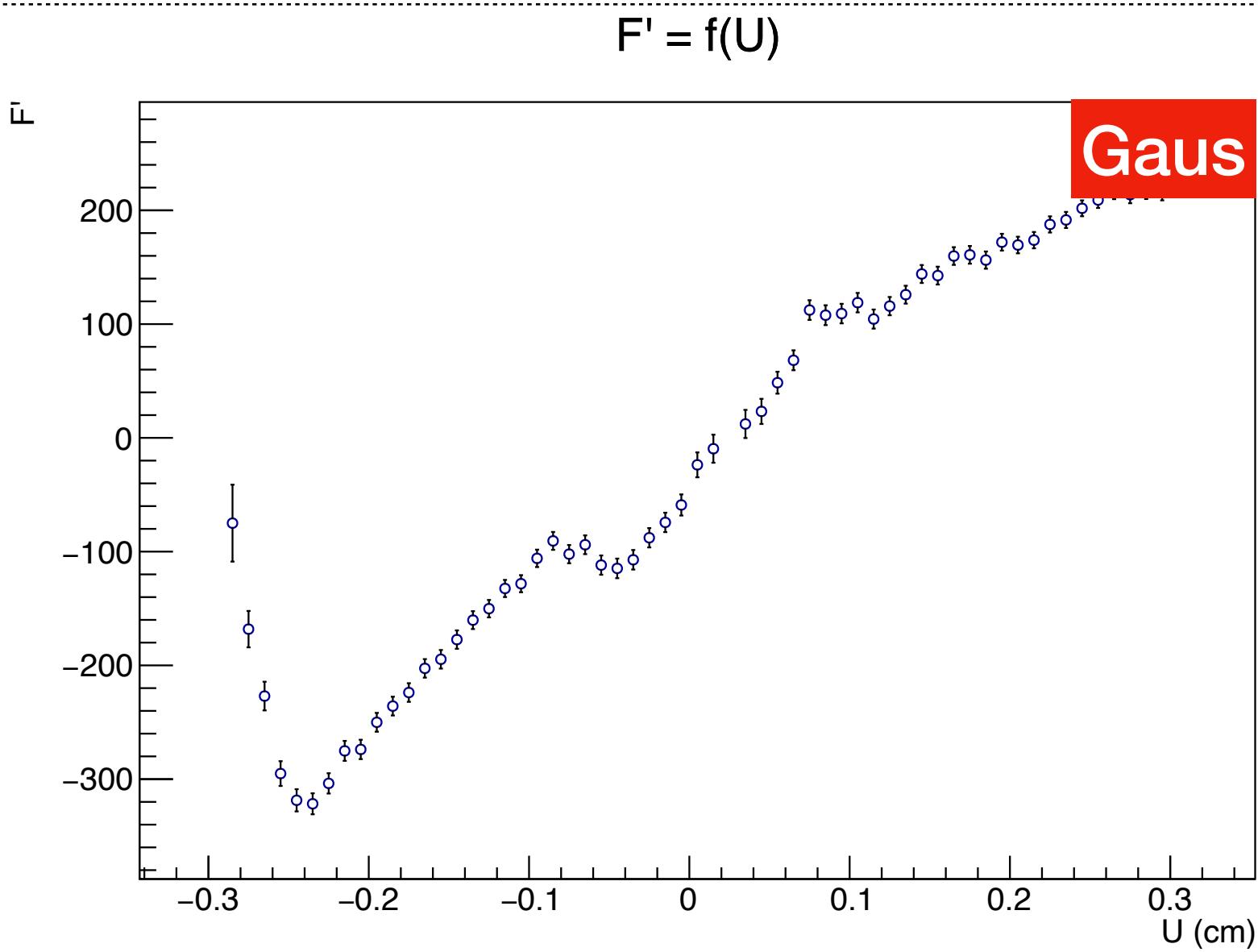
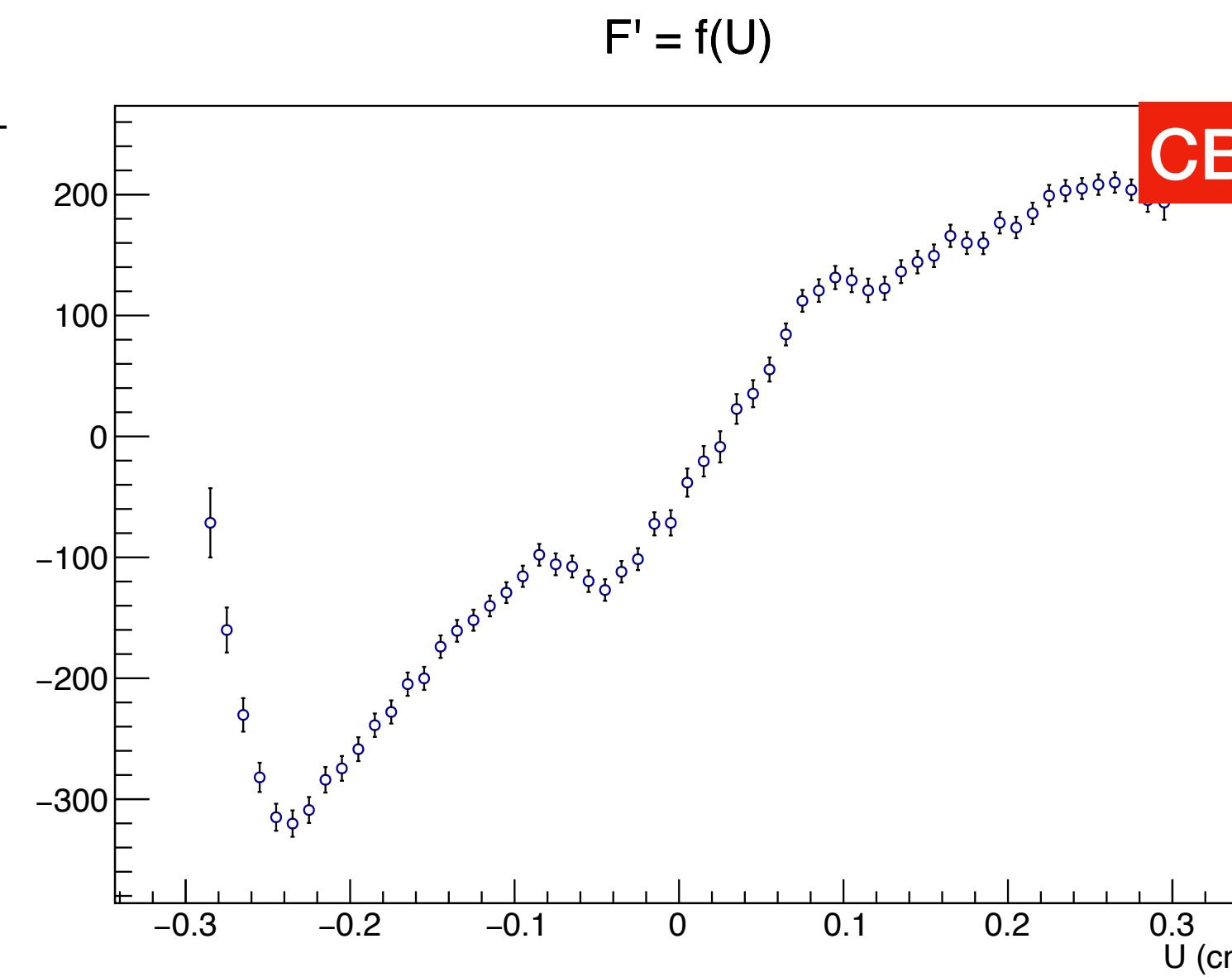
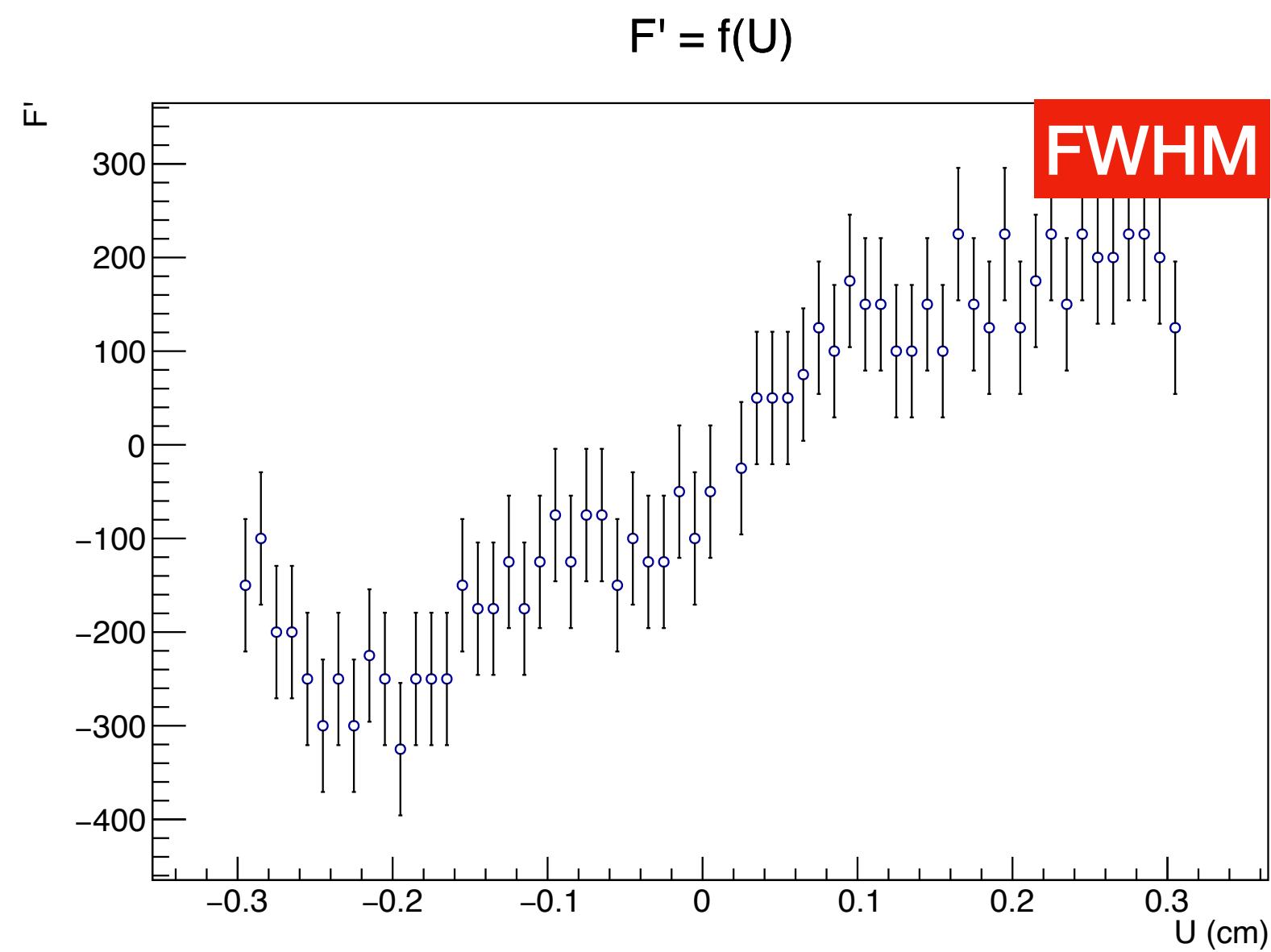
COORD RESOLUTION



FWHM: $(243 \pm 16) \mu\text{m}$
CB: $(253 \pm 2) \mu\text{m}$
Gaus: $(311 \pm 2) \mu\text{m}$

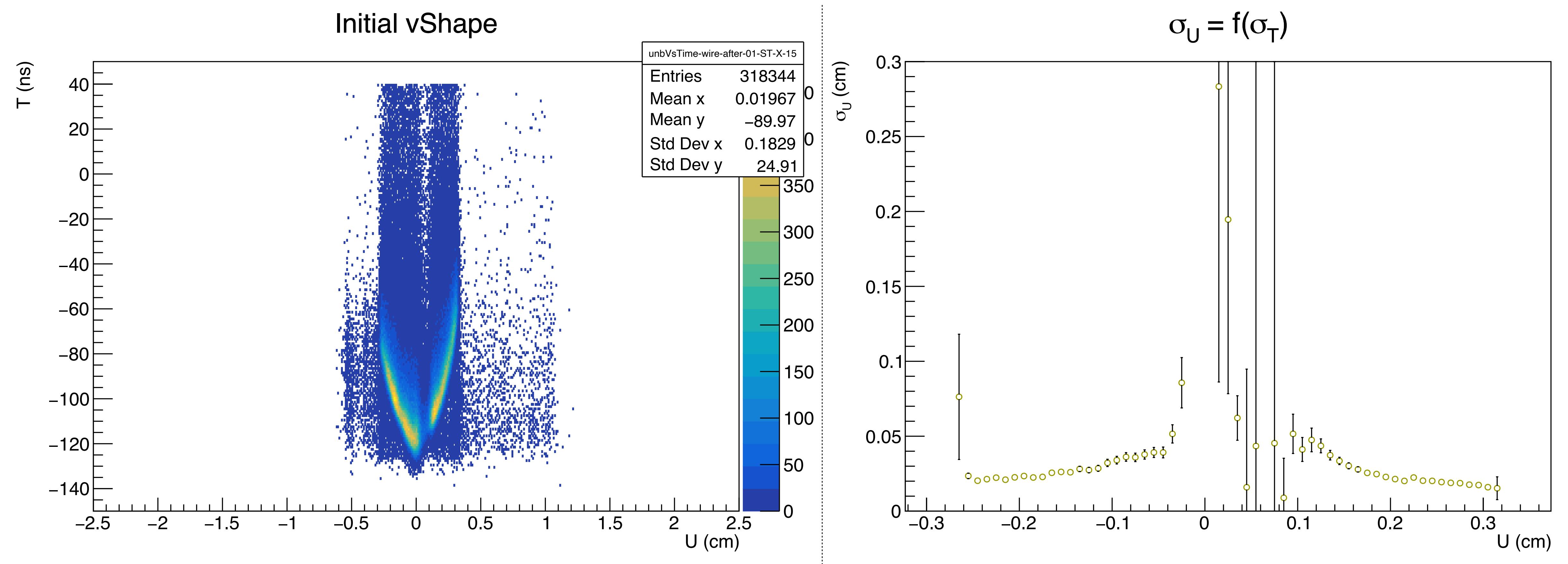
**Resolution is a weighted mean
of such σ_U distributions**

DERIVATIVE



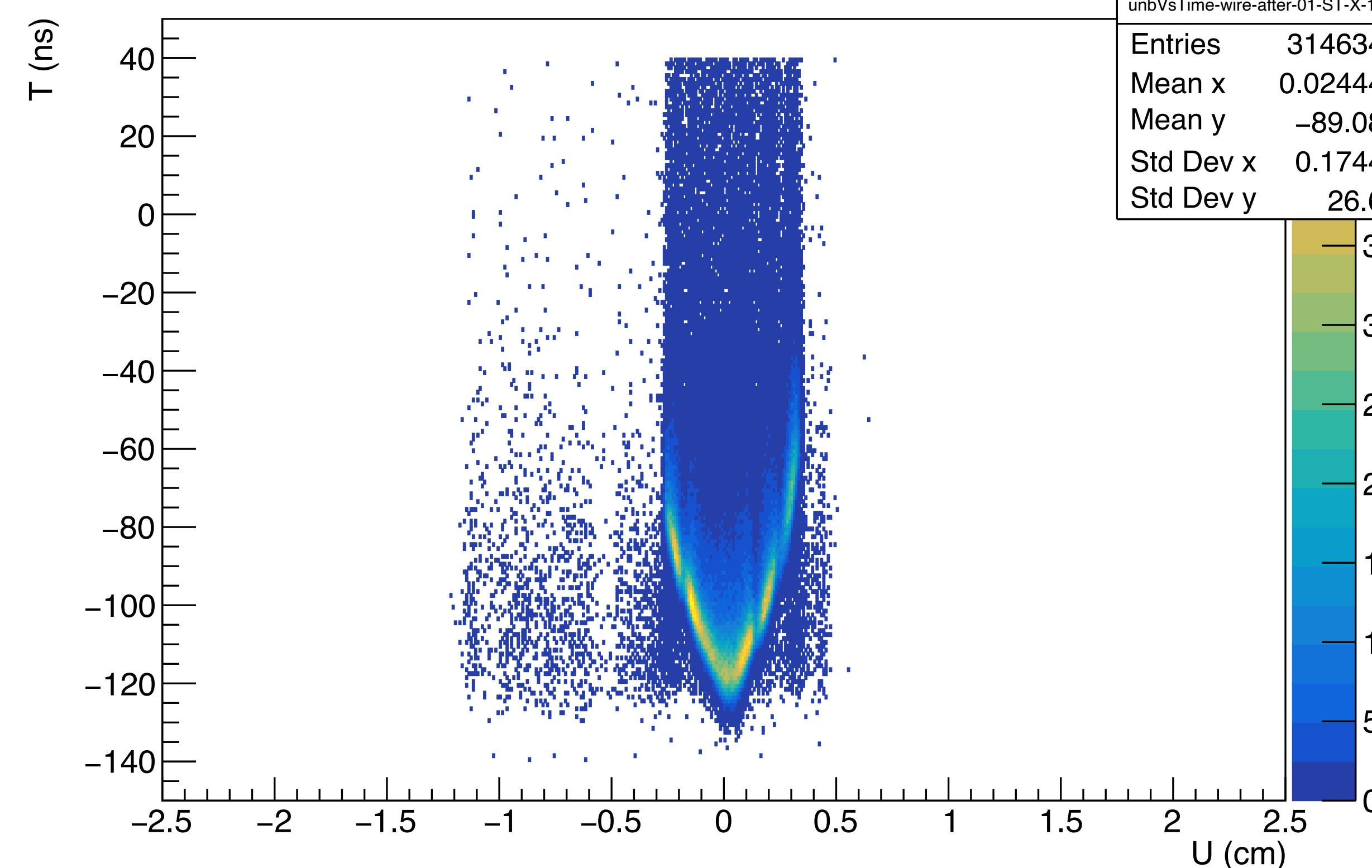
$$\sigma_U = \frac{\sigma_T}{|f'(U)|}$$

ST 01: straw 15

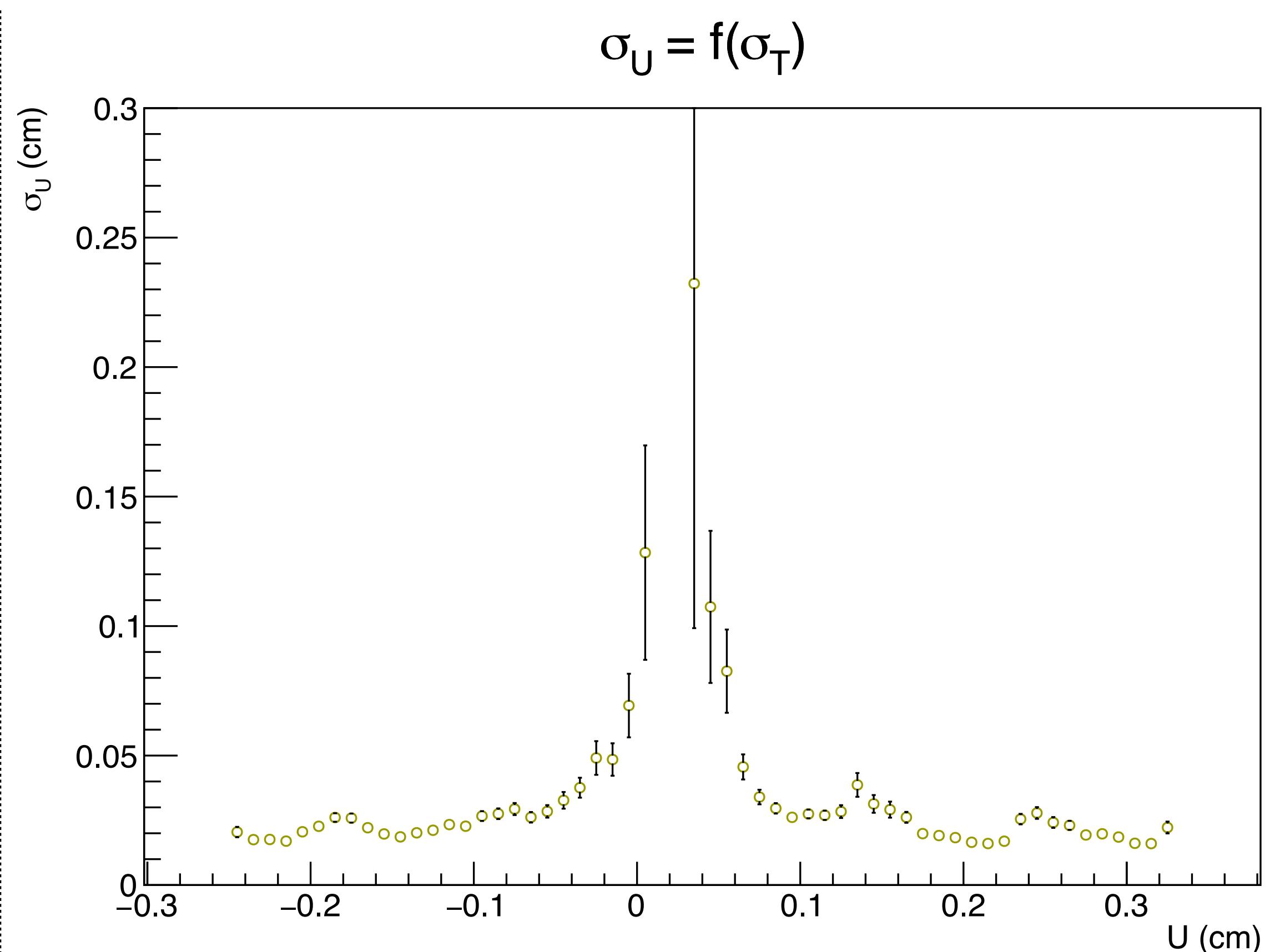


ST 01: straw 16

Initial vShape



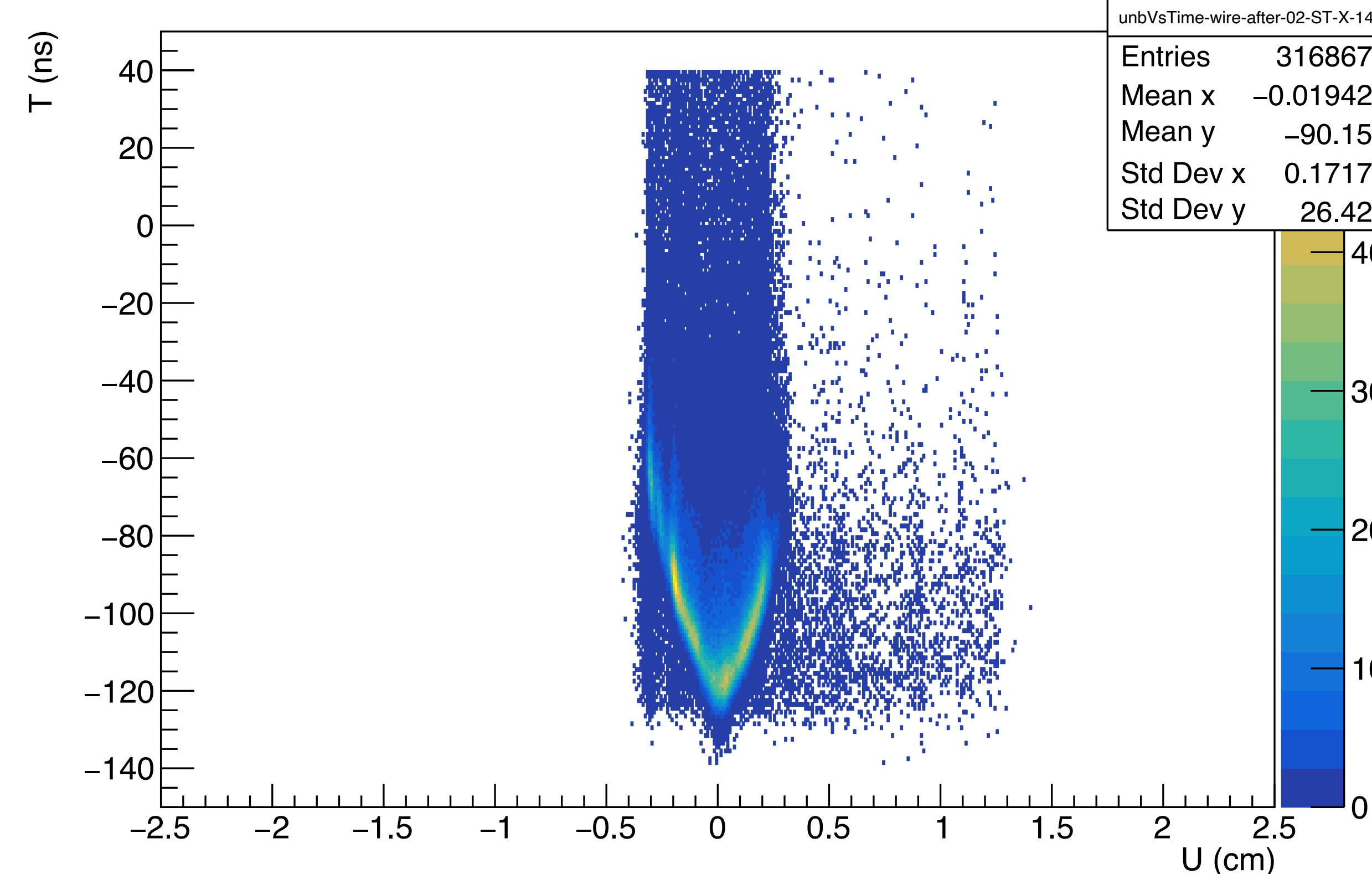
$\sigma_U = f(\sigma_T)$



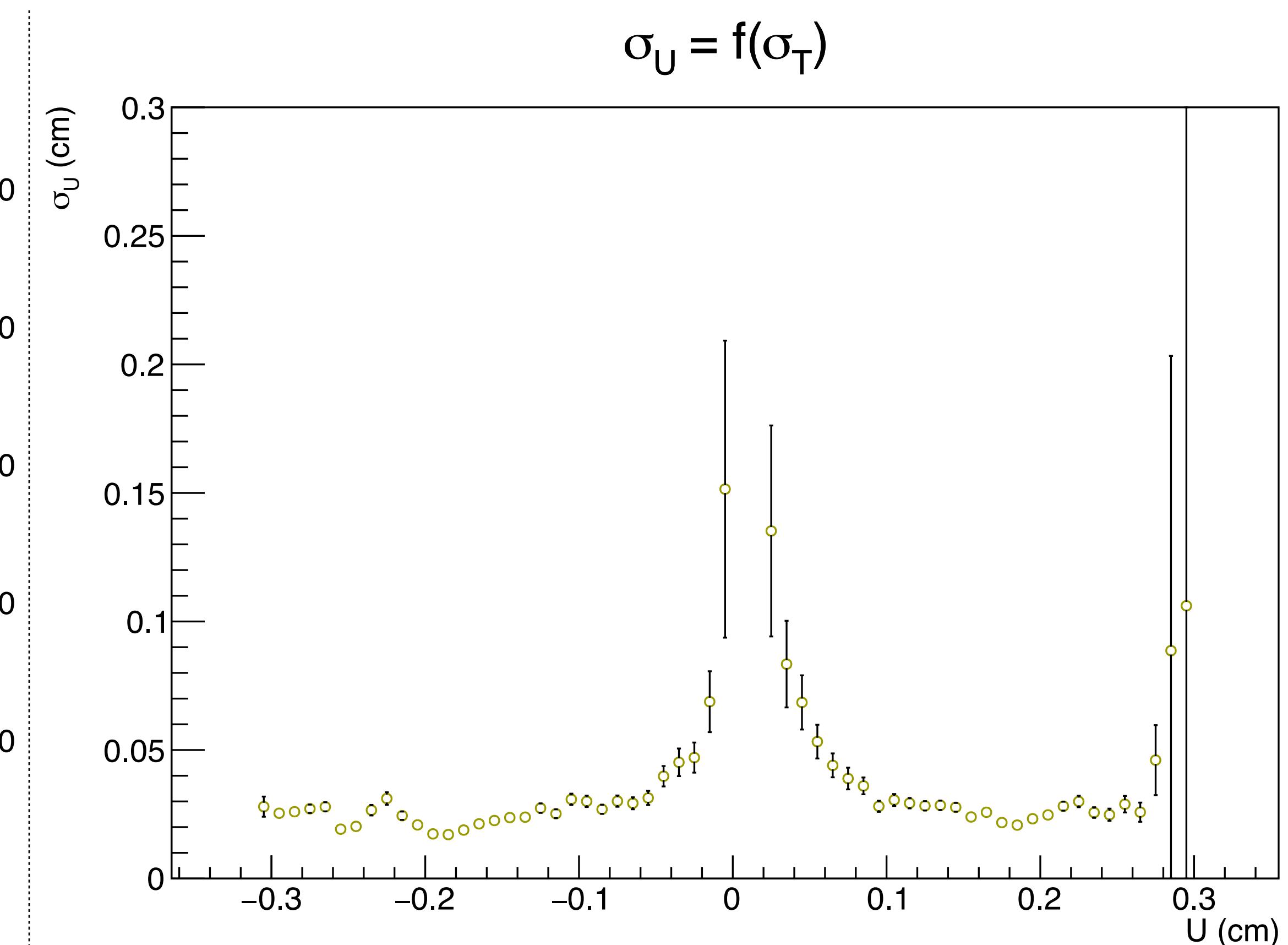
Resolution (198 ± 2) μm

ST 02: straw 14

Initial vShape



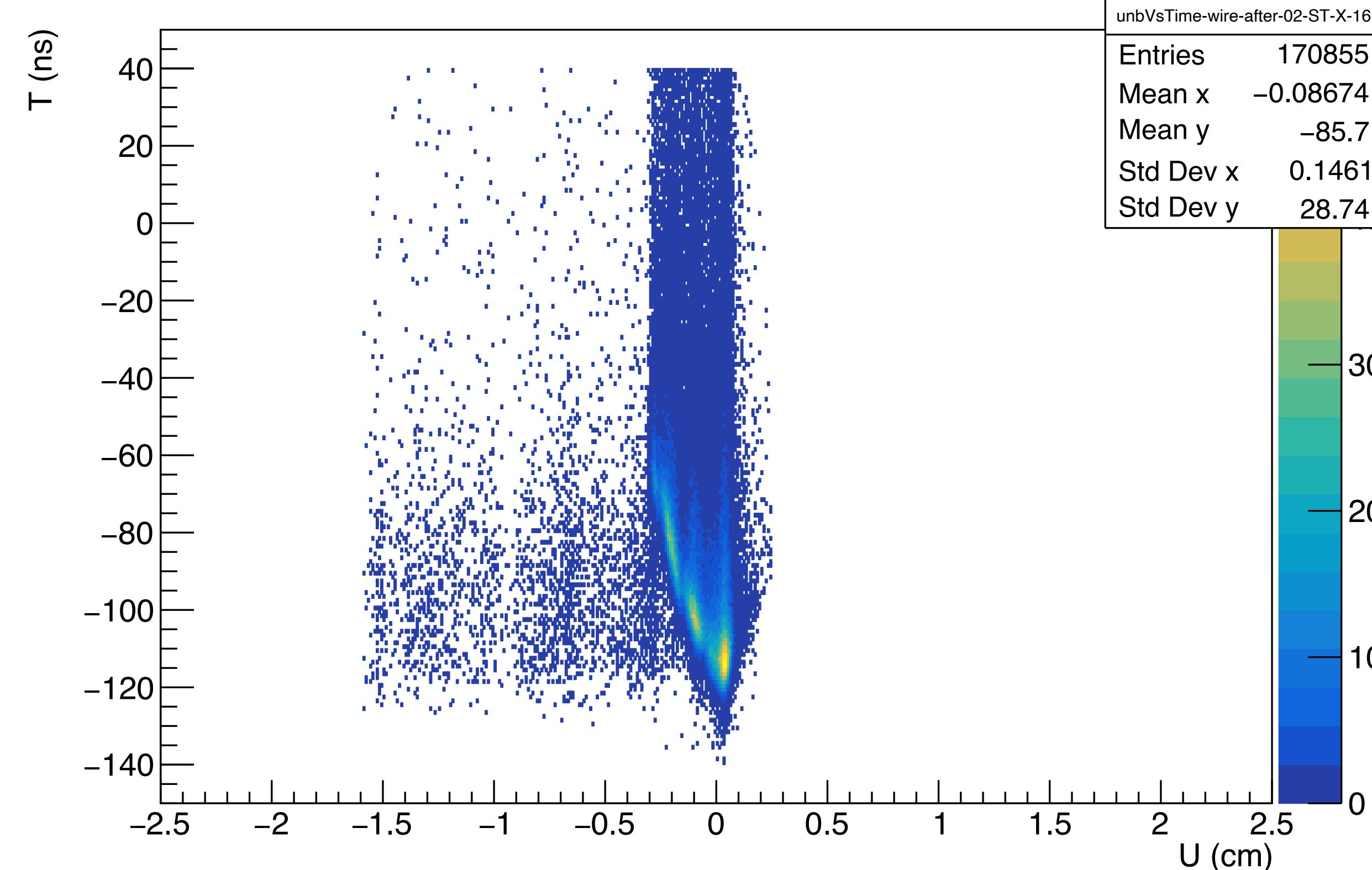
$$\sigma_U = f(\sigma_T)$$



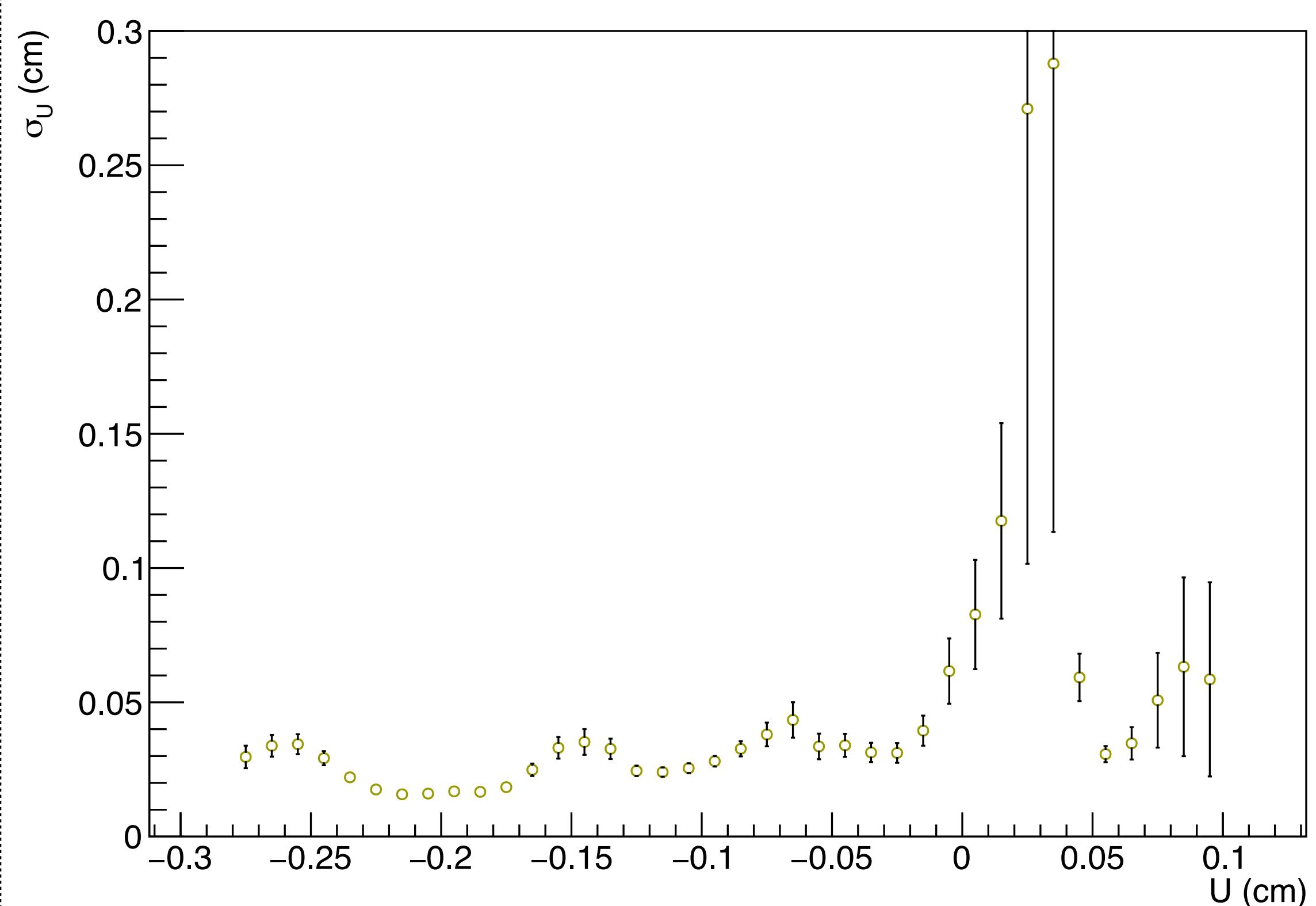
Resolution (223 +/- 2) μ m

ST 02: straw 16

Initial vShape



$$\sigma_U = f(\sigma_T)$$



Resolution (192 +/- 3) μm

July (APV+VMM)
clustering with strips ($\text{maxQ} > 1600$)

Three types of cluster optimisation

- “Before” – find the last Time bin with $Q < 1600$ **before** the $T_{\max Q}$
- “After” – find the first Time bin with $Q < 1600$ **after** the $T_{\max Q}$
- “Without” – just **drop out** the strip(s) with $Q > 1600$ from the cluster

Cluster min size = 3, $Q_{min} = 100$

Residuals (L1 vs L2) for the chosen method of cluster optimisation

14

L1 cluster center calculated as a **weighted mean**
without the overflow strip(s)

VS

L2 cluster center calculated as a **weighted mean**
without the overflow strip(s)

ideal

L1 cluster center calculated as a **weighted mean**
without the overflow strip(s)

VS

L2 cluster center calculated as a **weighted mean**
with the overflow strip(s) *optimised*

L1 cluster center calculated as a **weighted mean**
without the overflow strip(s)

VS

L2 cluster center calculated as a **geom mean**
without the overflow strip(s)

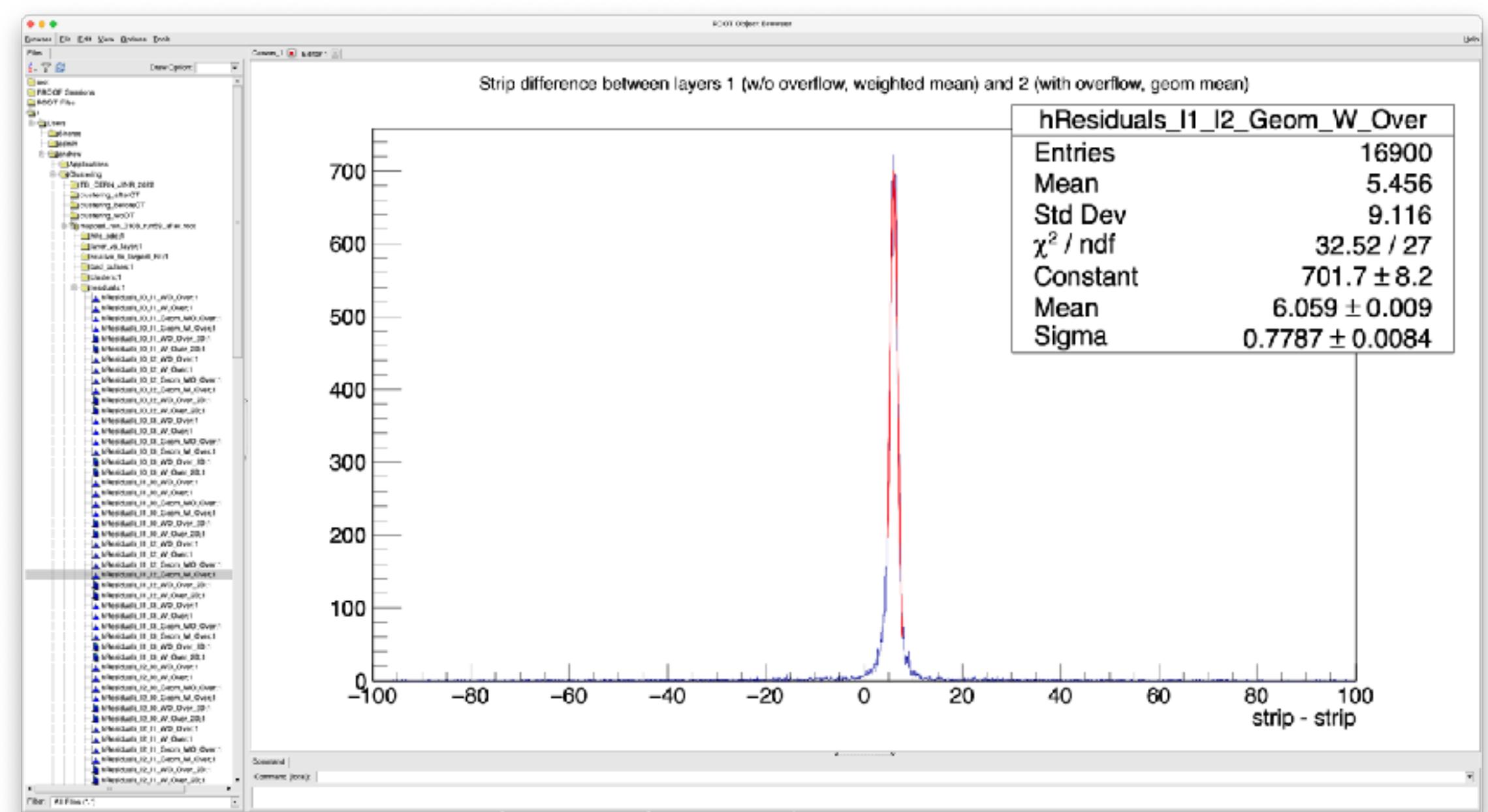
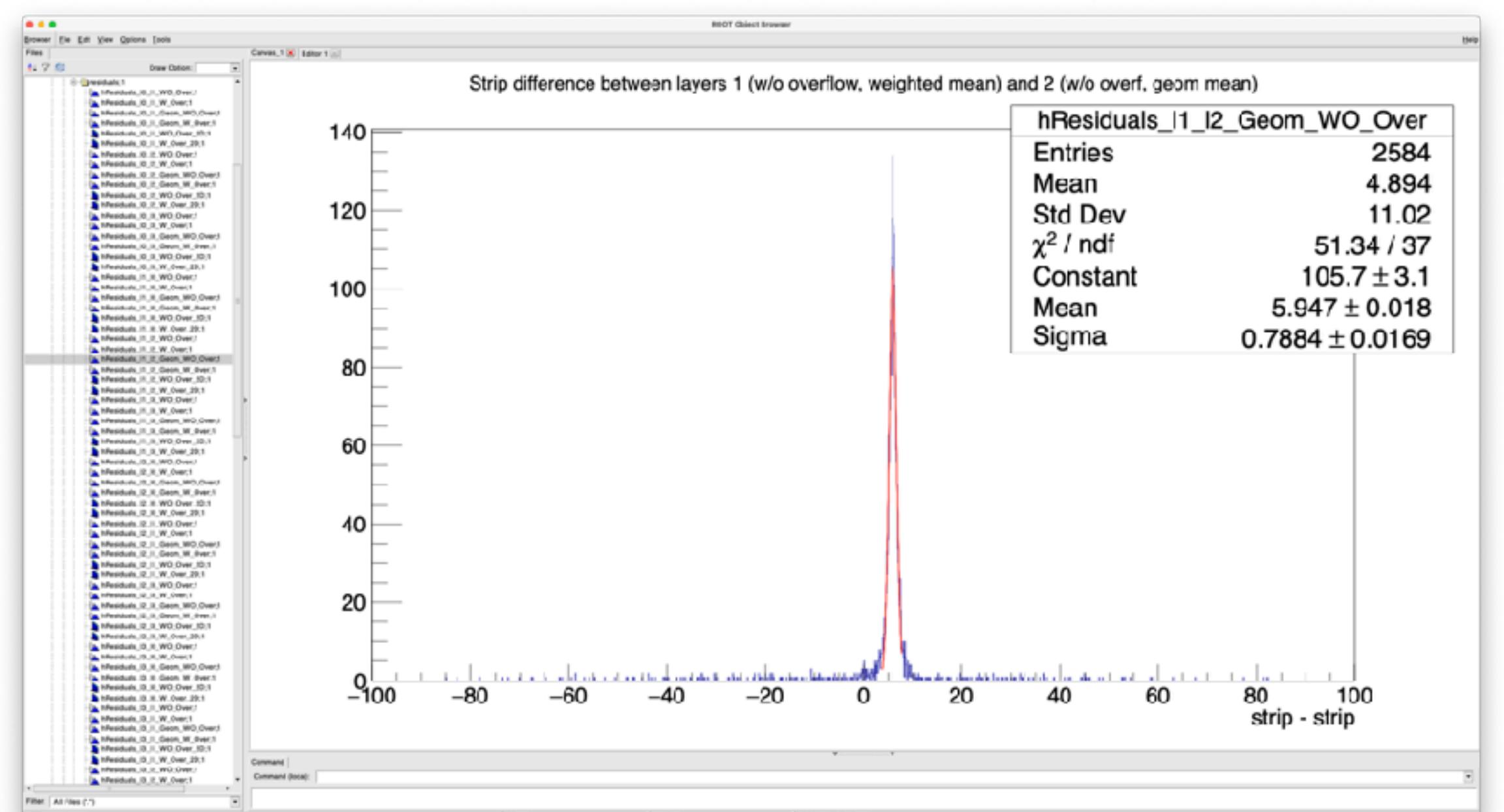
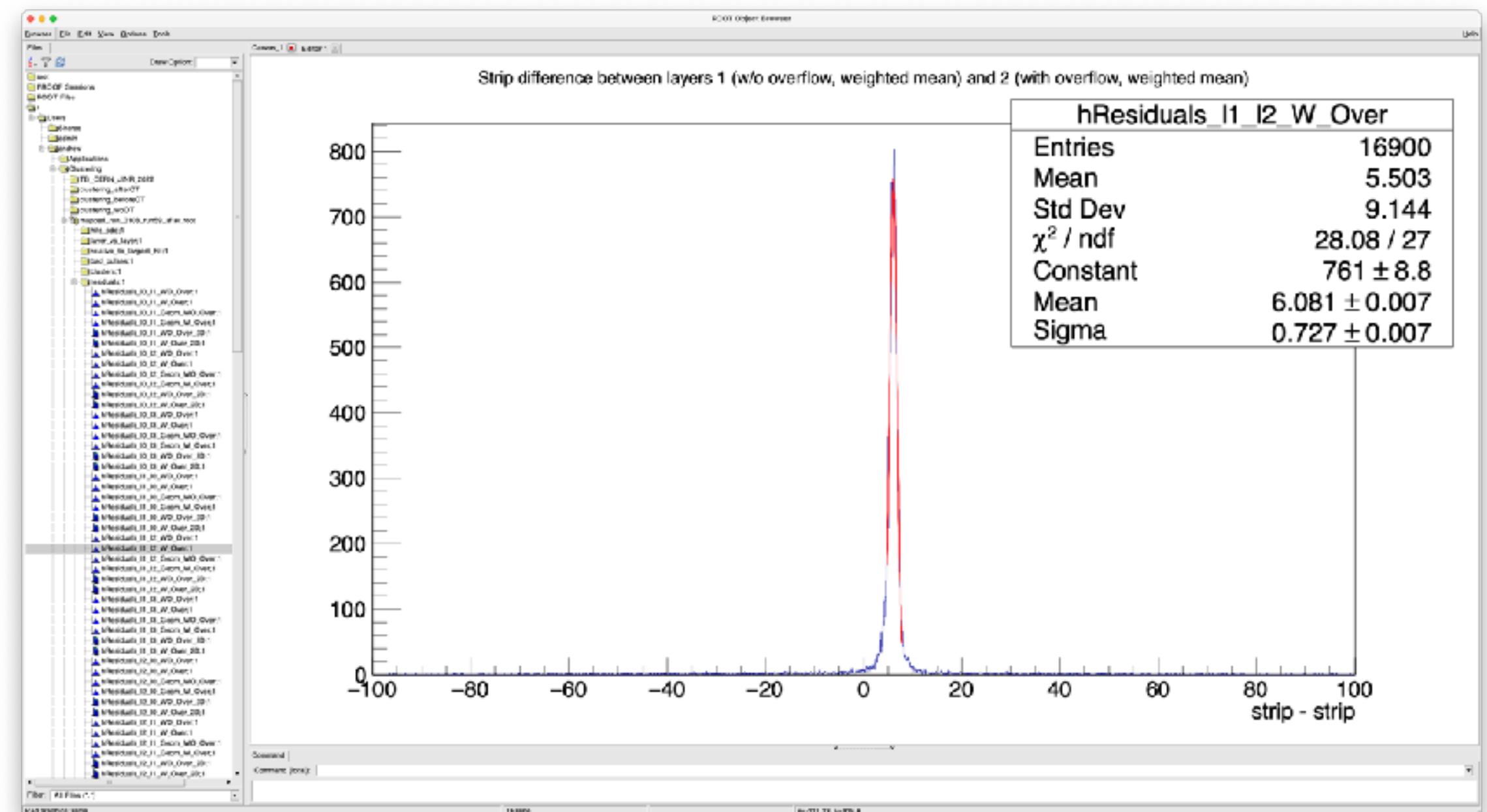
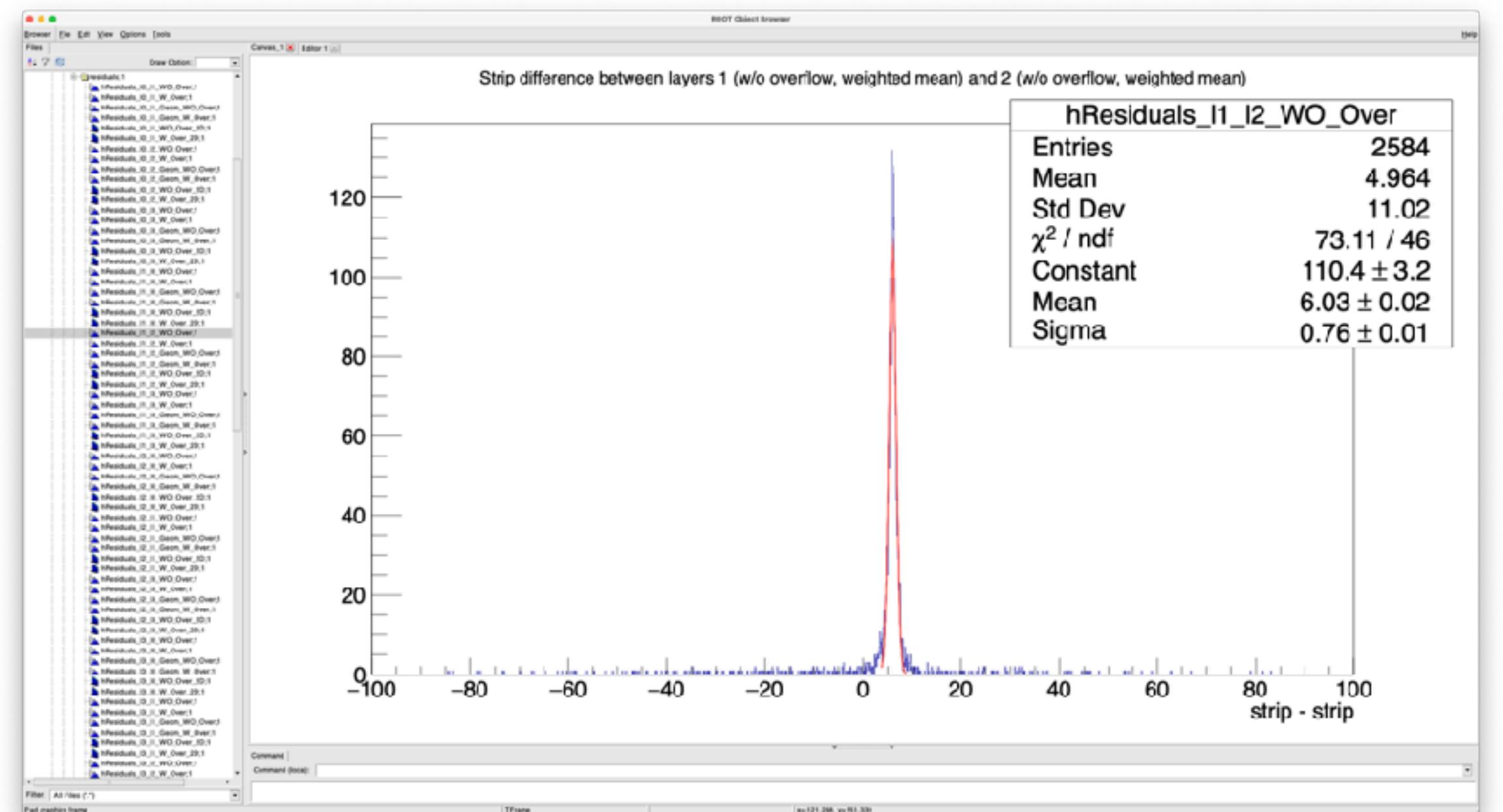
ideal, but not so accurate

L1 cluster center calculated as a **weighted mean**
without the overflow strip(s)

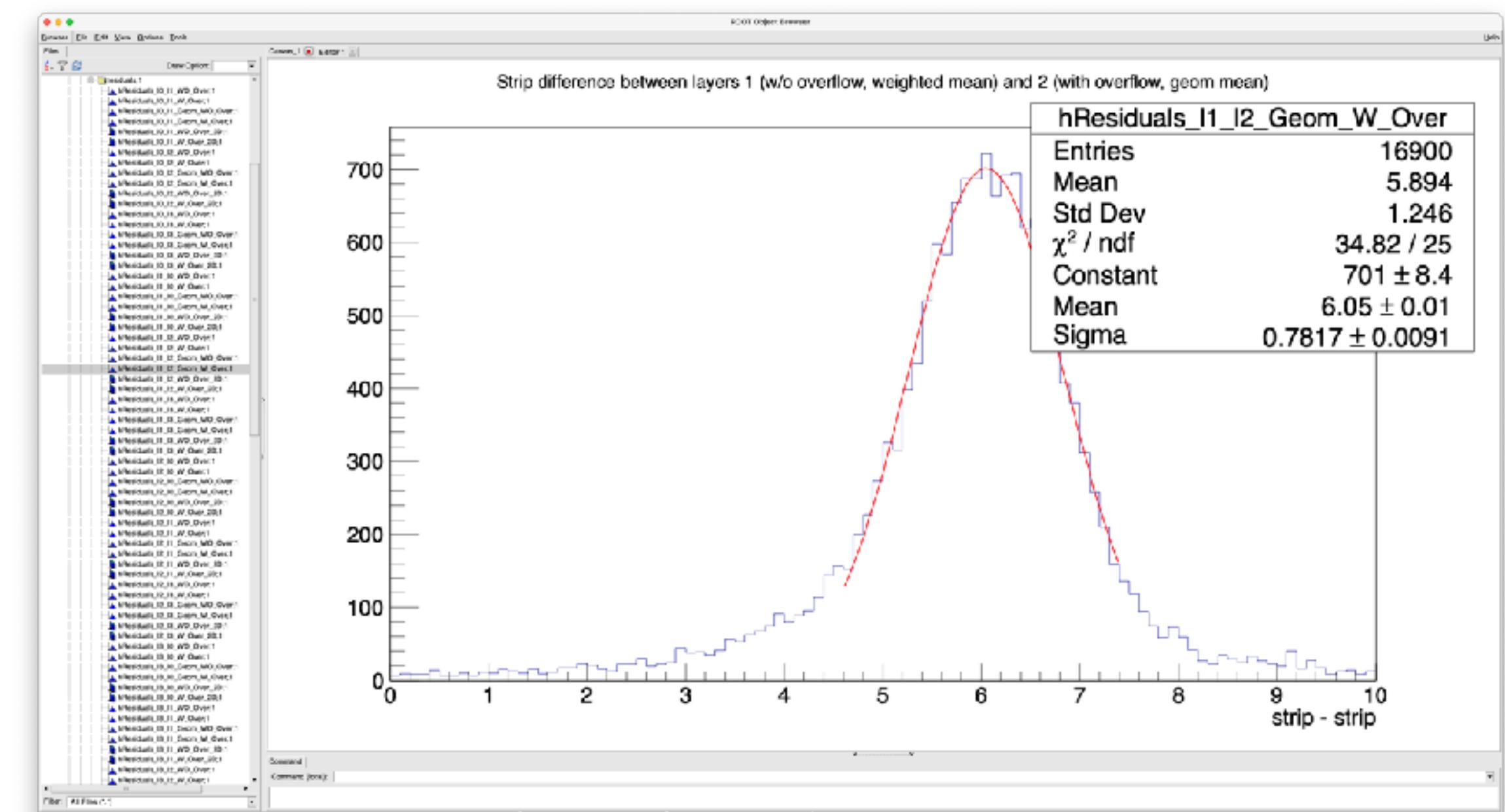
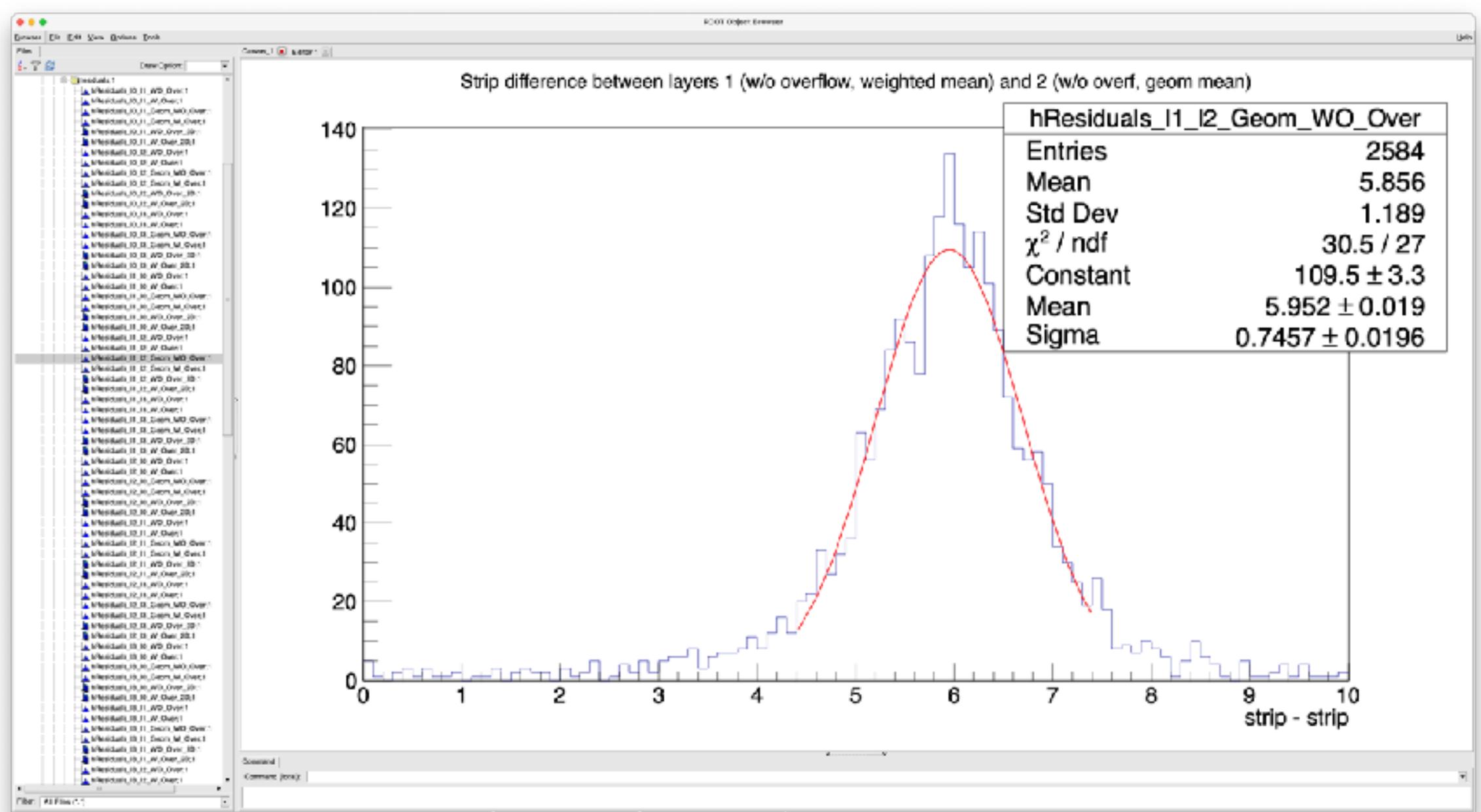
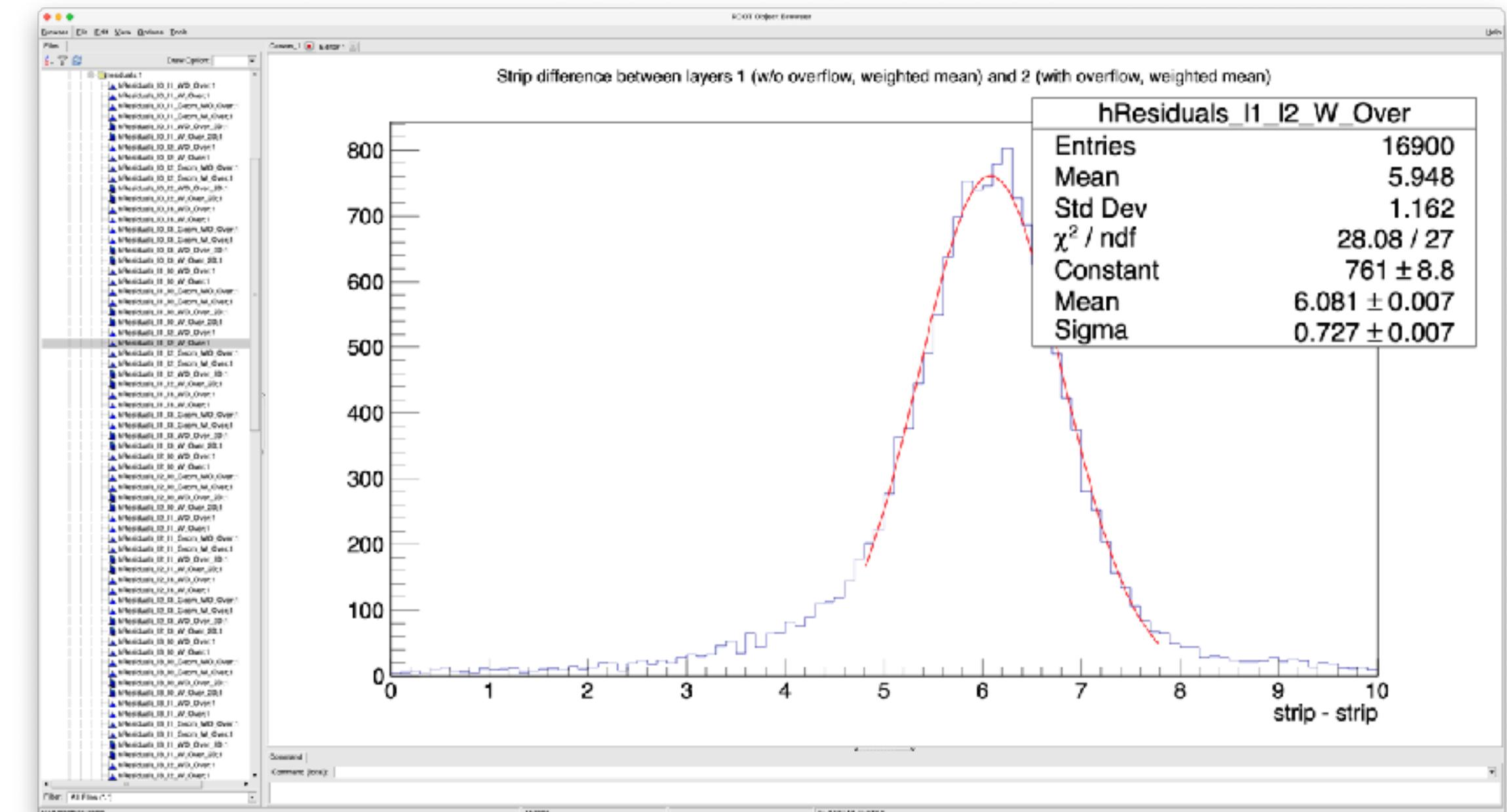
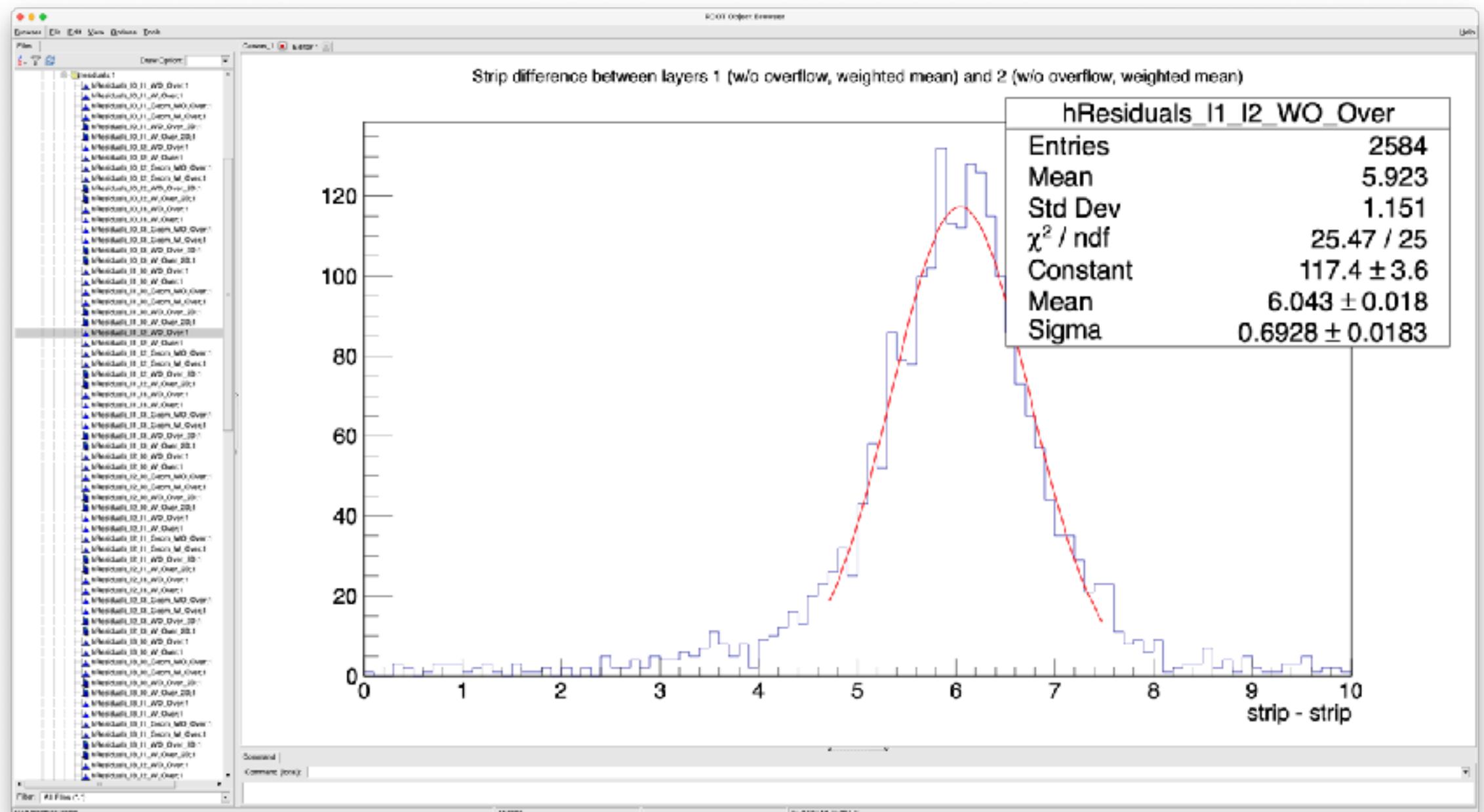
VS

L2 cluster center calculated as a **geom mean**
with the overflow strip(s) *optimised*

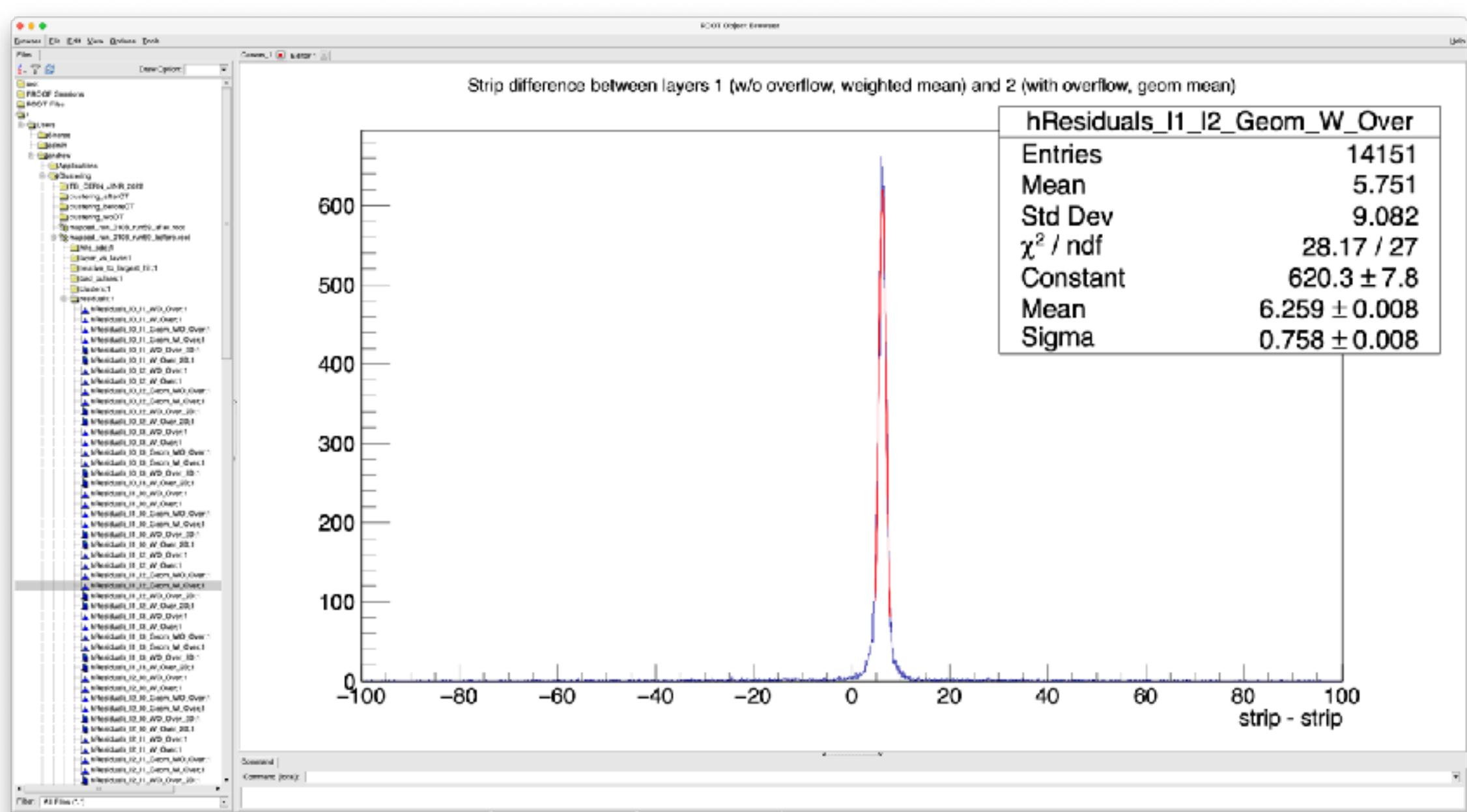
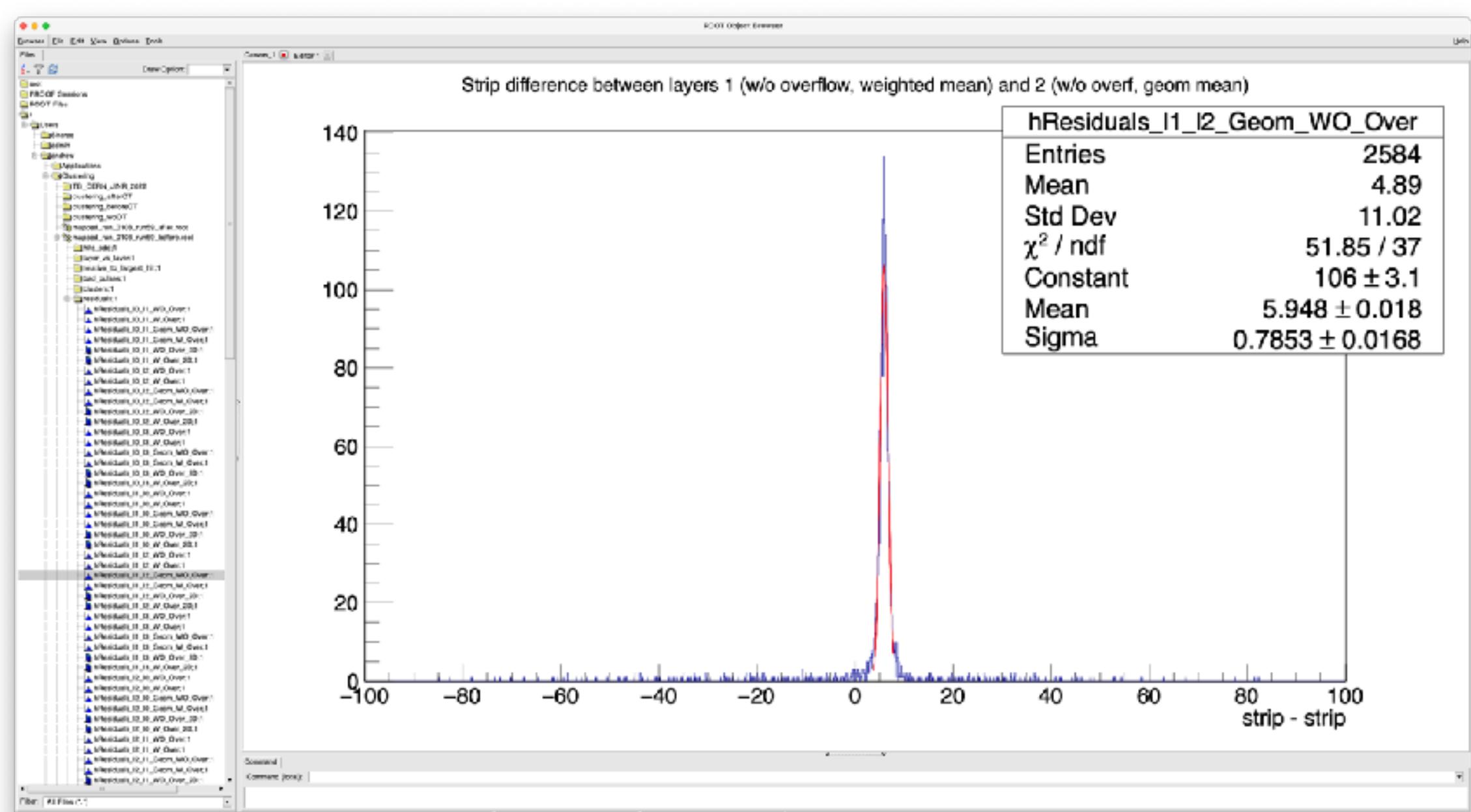
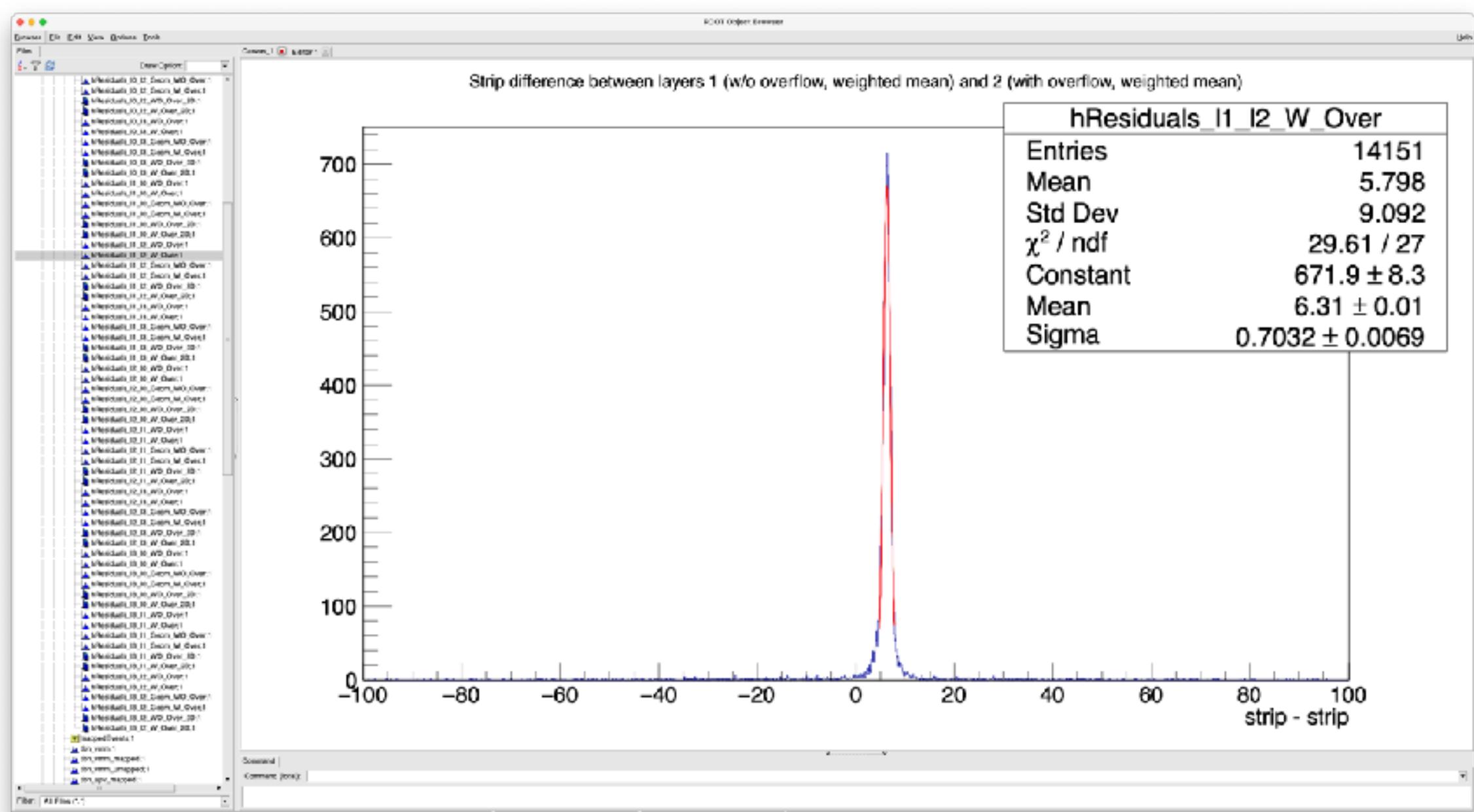
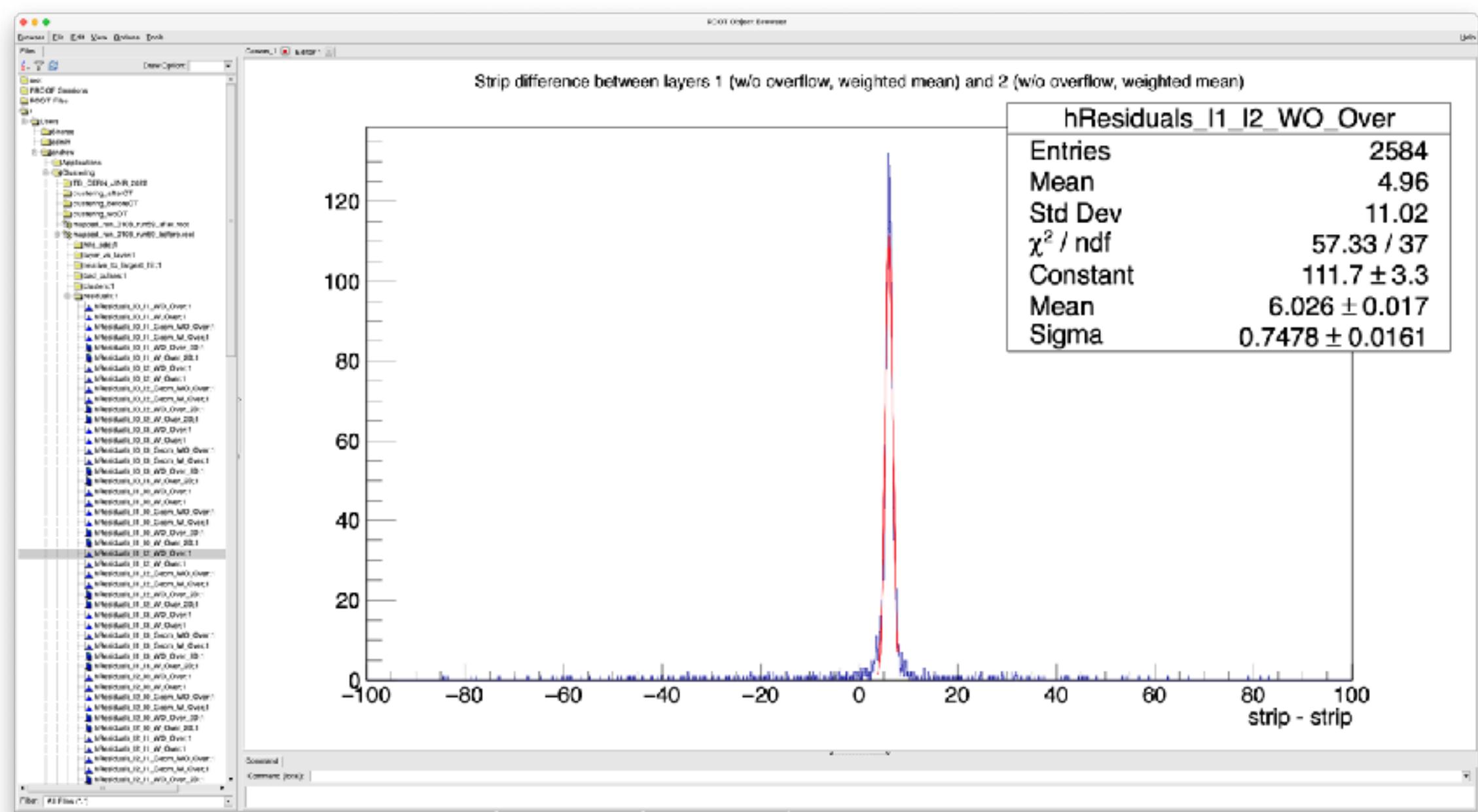
'AFTER' (first TimeBin after Tmax with no overflow Q)



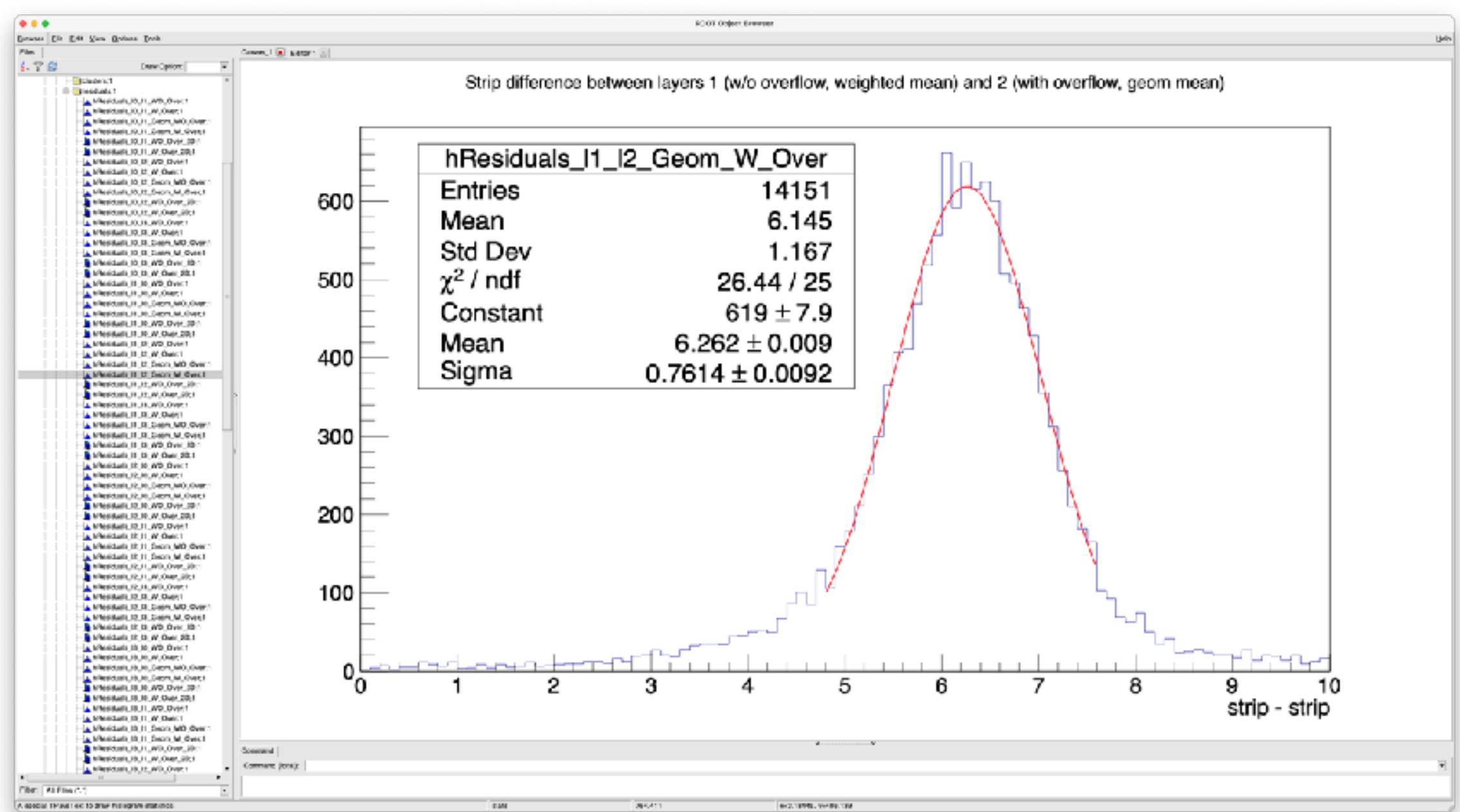
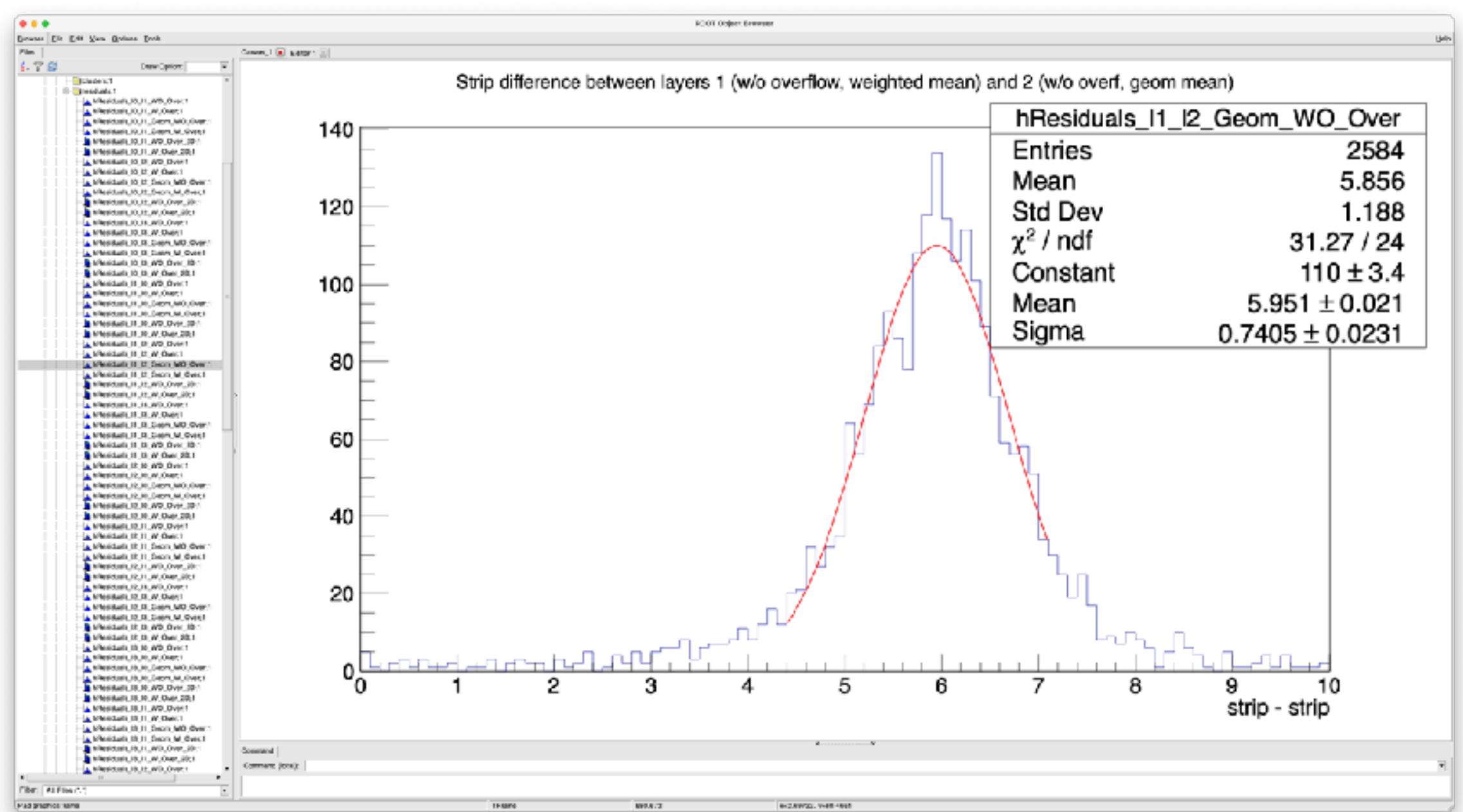
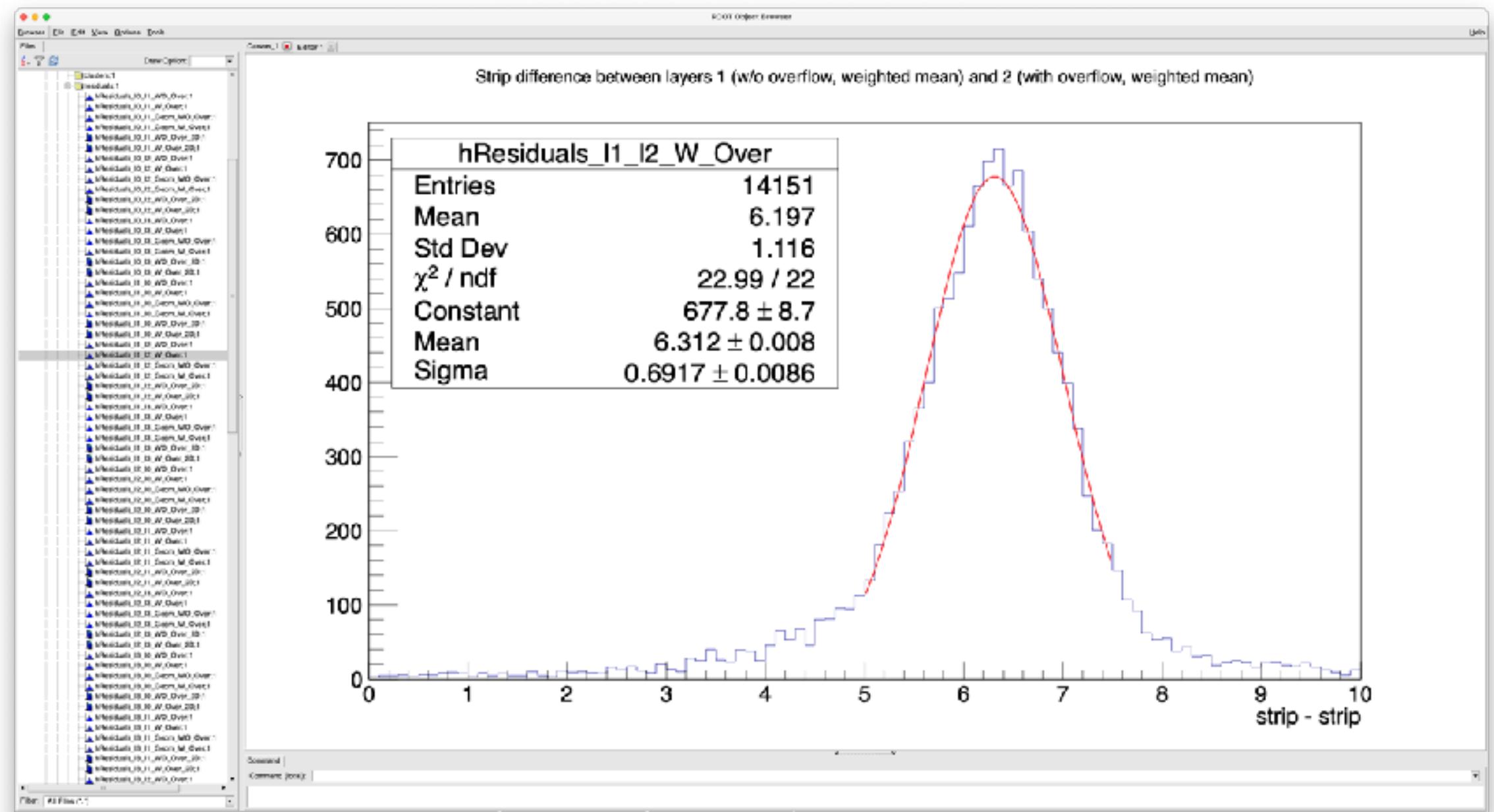
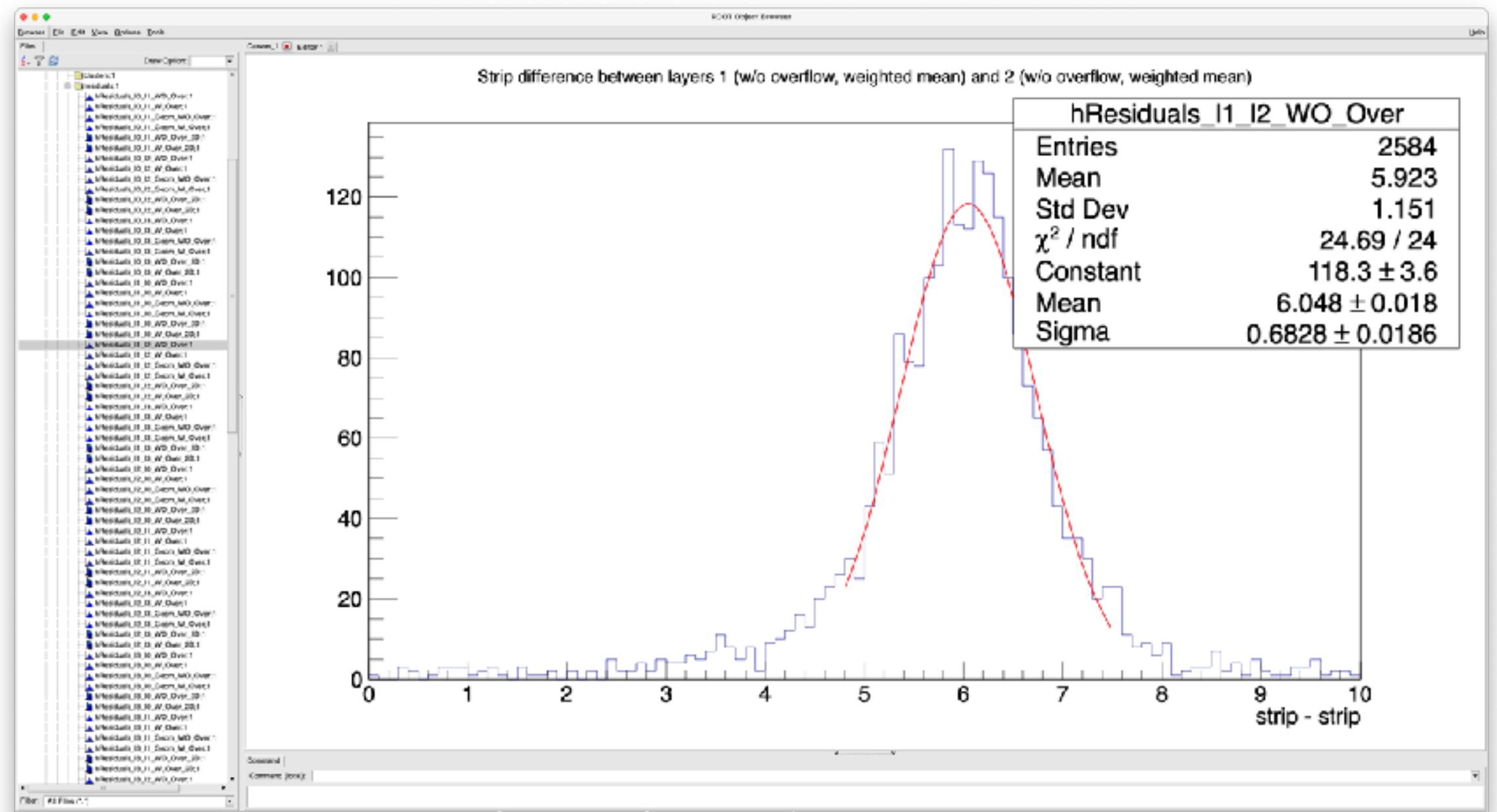
'AFTER' (first TimeBin after Tmax with no overflow Q)



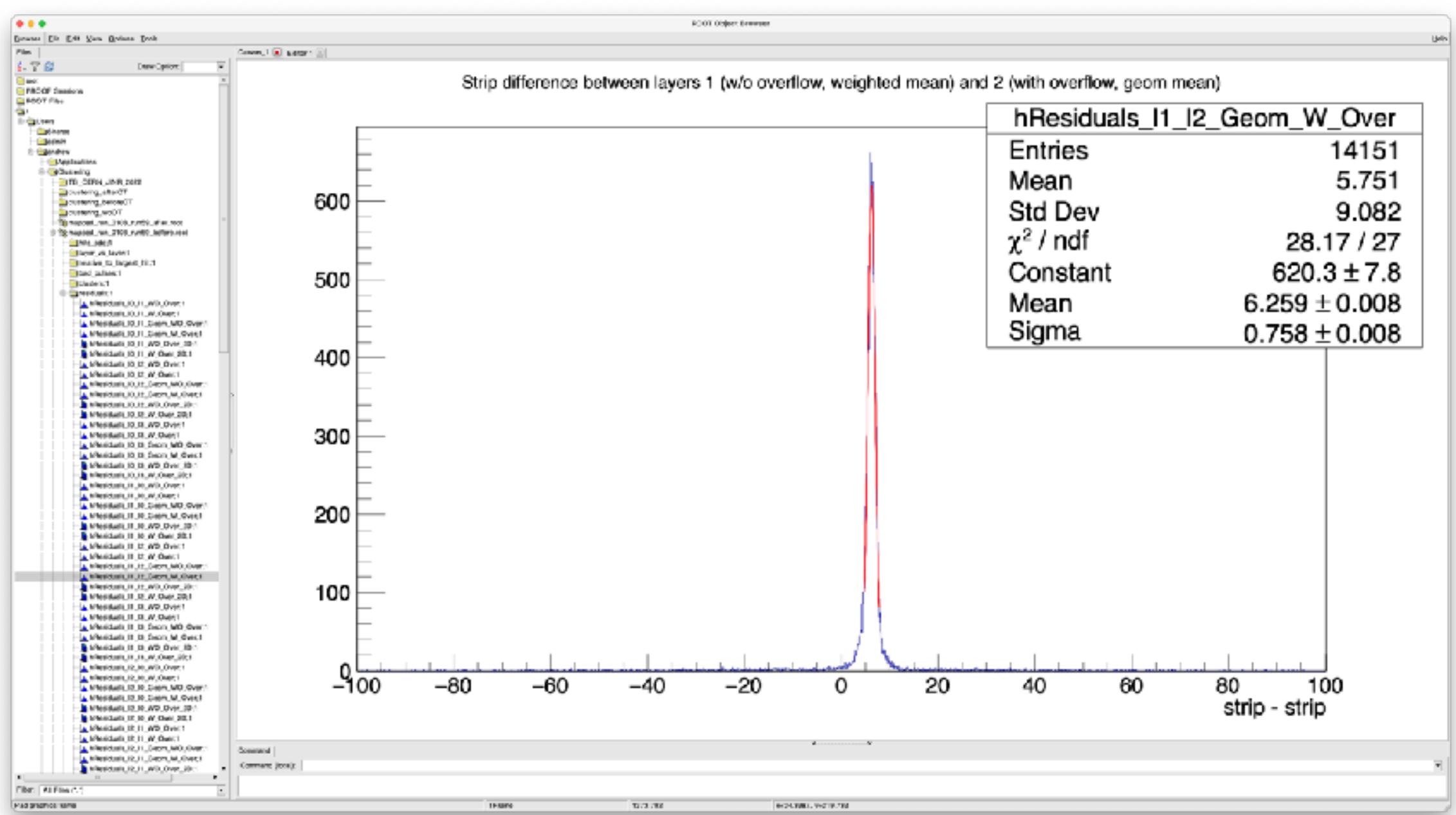
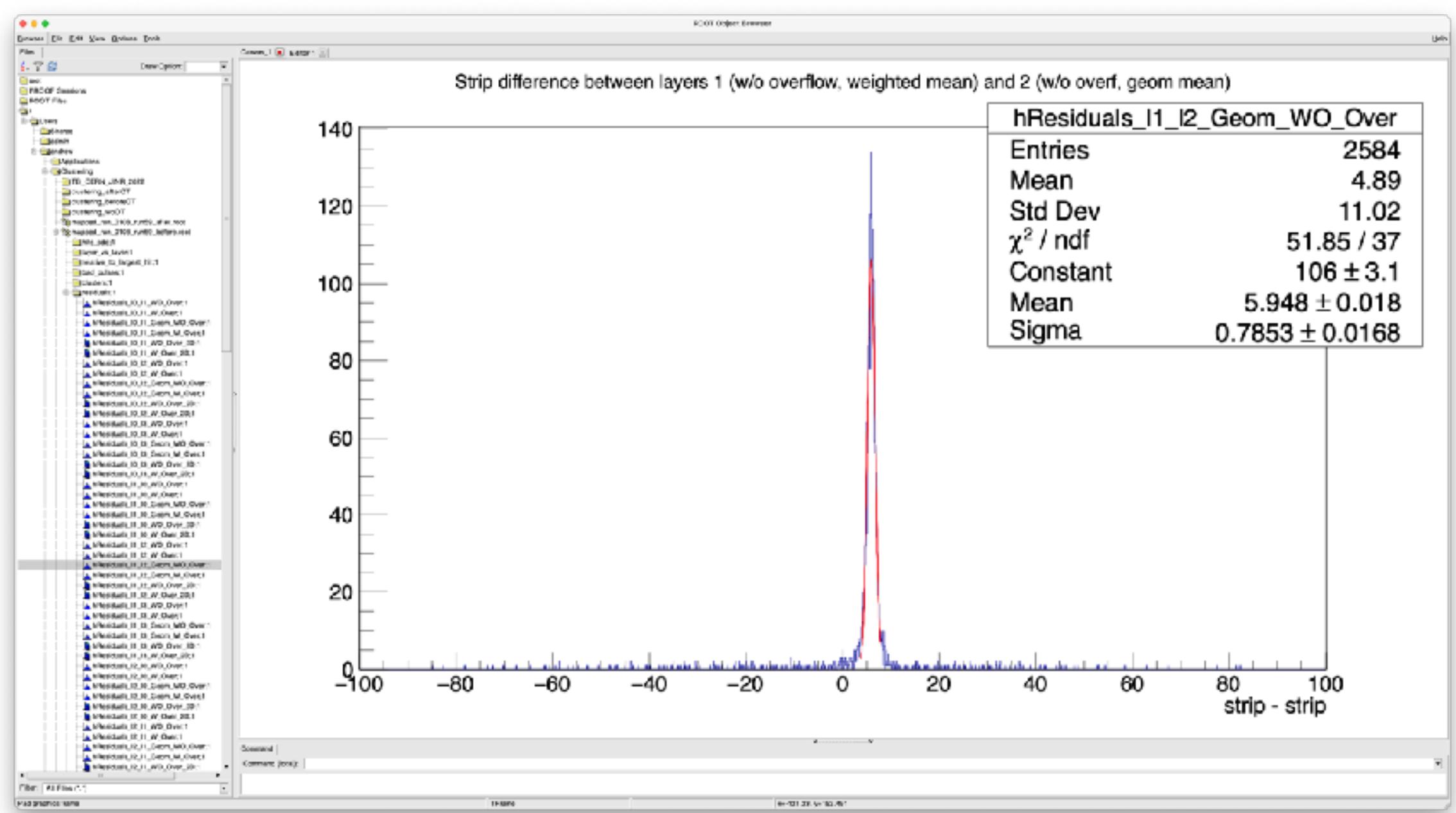
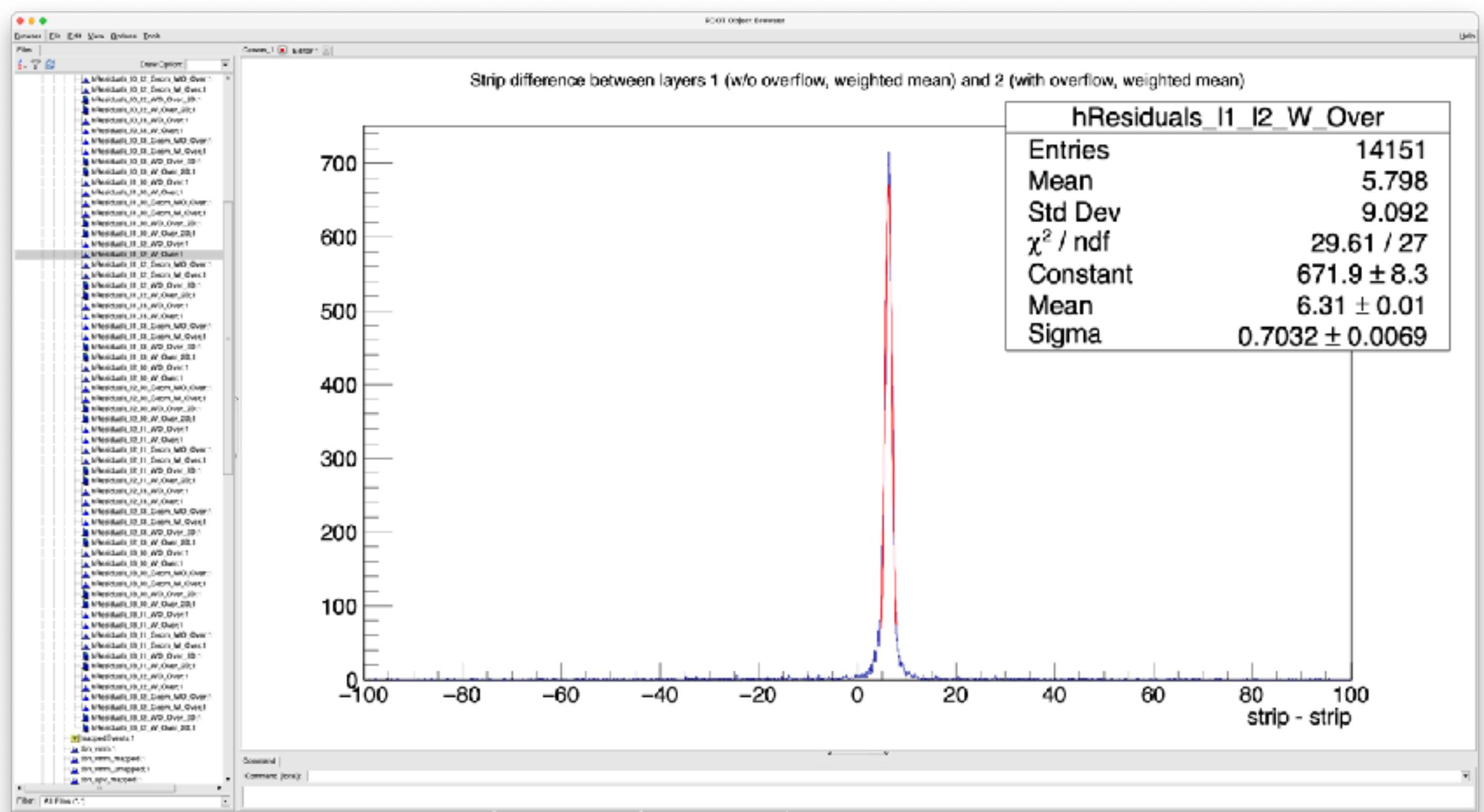
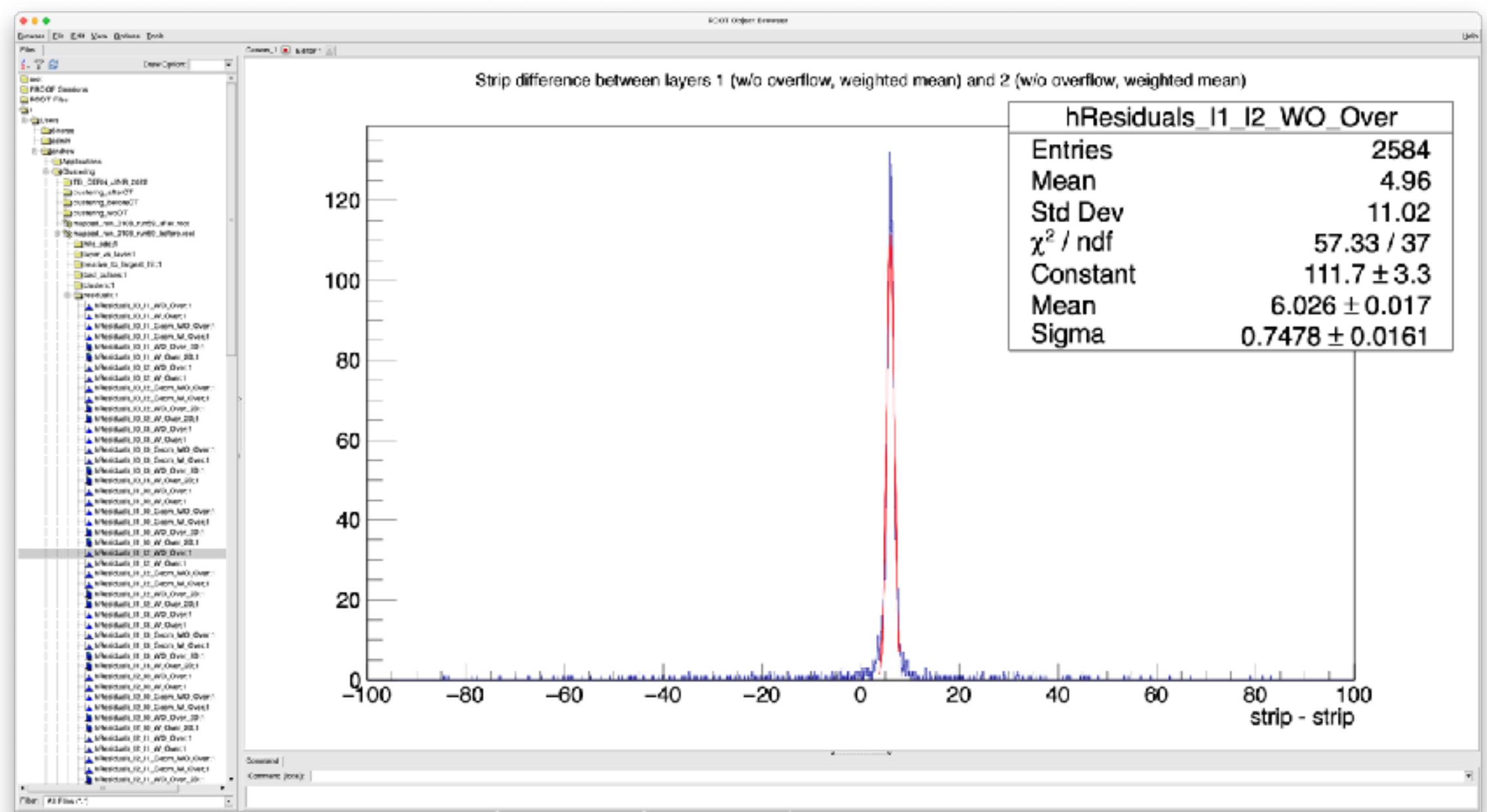
'BEFORE' (last TimeBin before Tmax with no overflow Q)



'BEFORE' (last TimeBin before Tmax with no overflow Q)



'WO' (Just drop out the strip with overflow)



'WO' (Just drop out the strip with overflow)

