

XI Collaboration Meeting of the MPD Experiment at the NICA Facility

Implementation of MiniBeBe detector in the MPD setup

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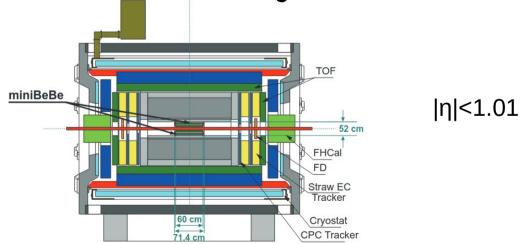


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Introduction

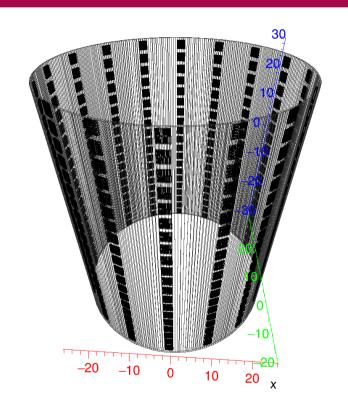
 Its main goal is to contribute with an additional wake-up trigger signal for the TOF, particularly for low multiplicity events.



Geometry

Characteristics

- Length = 60 cm
- Radius = 25 cm
- 320 Scintillators 2X2 cm
- 16 strips with 20 scintillators each



List of classes used for transport

- MbbDetector.h (.cxx)
- MbbPoint.h (.cxx)
- MbbGeo.h (.cxx)
- MbbGeoPar.h (.cxx)

- It runs in v22.12.22
- Name of classes not in new format MpdDetector.h(.cxx)
- ProcessHits
 - only considers eloss along all the steps of particle in sensitive volume
 - Light output for scintillators is not implemented

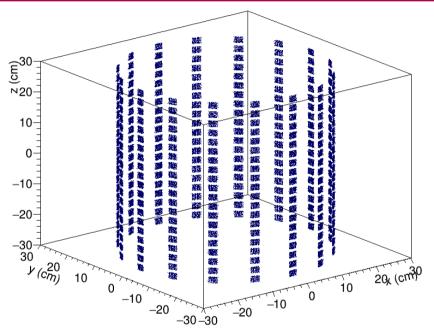
http://er.jinr.ru/howto.html

Sample used for test

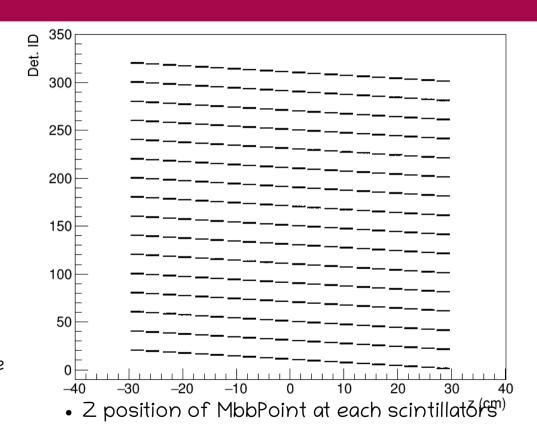
- MC DCM-QGSM-SMM
- BiBl @ 4GeV
- ~100k Events
- Not a full transport
 - MCTrack
 - MbbPoint
 - FHCal
 - FFDPoint
 - MCEventHeader
 - GeoTracks

- Data asociated to request 21
- Simulation considers NO smearing of primary vertex
- Analysis should be done for small systems:
 - pp, dd, CC, ...

Results



MbbPoint Position - at the first step in sensitive volume



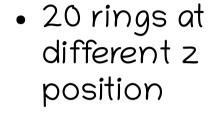
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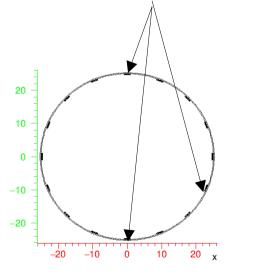
Probability - 1 hit per event

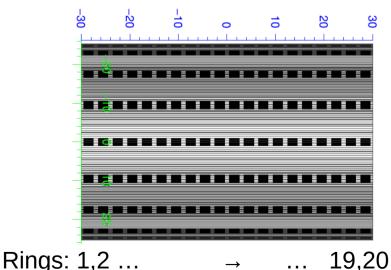
Details of selection

 We consider the probability that exist at least 1 MbbPoint at each ring, that means can be detected by any of 16 scintillators at each ring (each z position)

 Each ring consisting in 16 scintillators

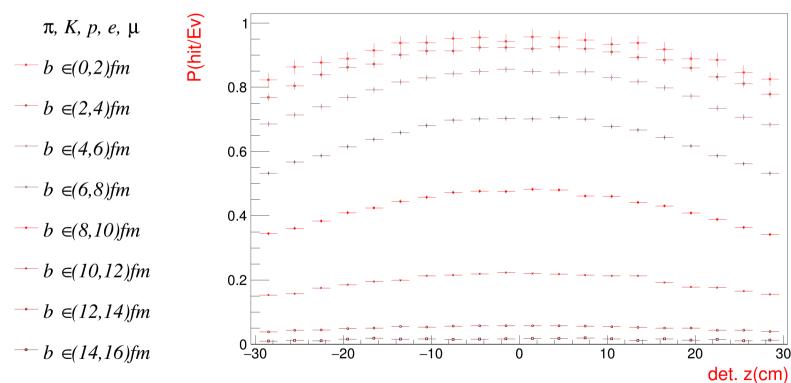






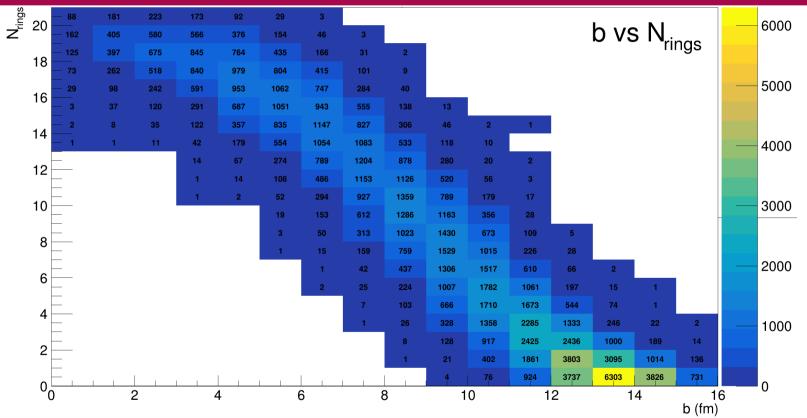
Probability - 1 one hit per event

DCM-QGSM-SMM - BiBi $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 4 GeV$



- ullet At least one charged MbbPoint at each ring without any other consideration. $_9$
 - The probability in average at each scintillator should the value divided by 16

Number of rings fired per event



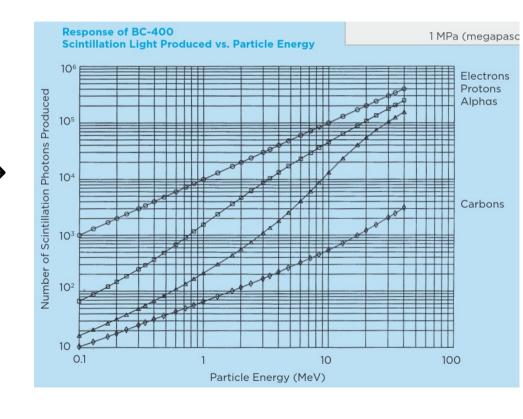
- Vertical axis shows the number of rings with at least 1 MbbPoint at each event
 - There are $\sim 15\%$ of events without MbbPoints. That corresponds to b>9 fm

Energy threshold to fire a scintillator

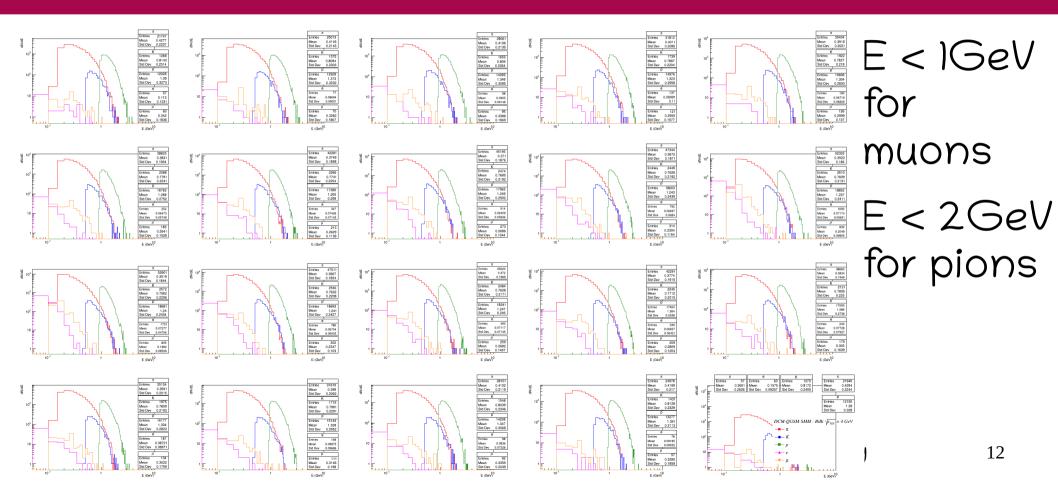
 We need to introduce the scintillation efficiency

$$R = \frac{Energy \ of \ emitted \ photons}{Energy \ absorbed}$$

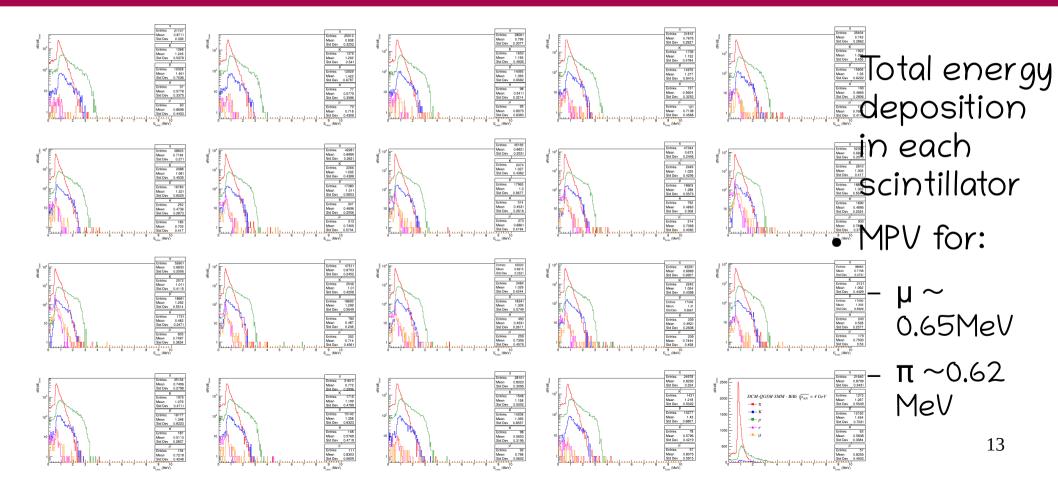
- Because change of BC404 → EJ232(BC422)
 - λ of Max. Emission changes 408nm → 370nm
- Energy cut for fire the ring will change



MC association with each MBBPoint mcTr→GetEnergy();



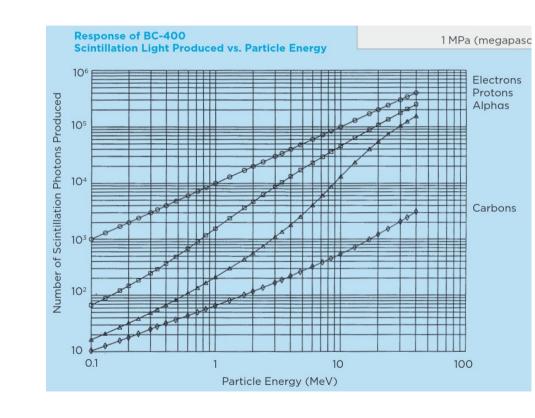
Eloss for each MBBPoint mbbpoint→GetELoss();



Energy threshold to fire a scintillator

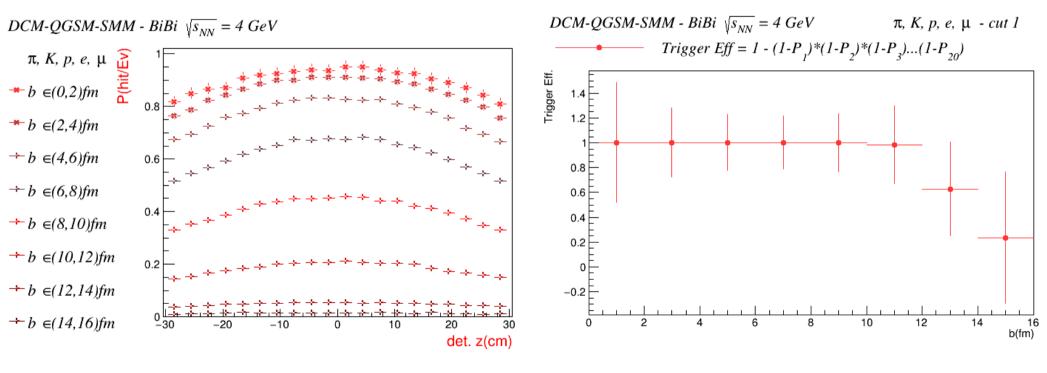
• We need to introduce the scintillation efficiency $R = \frac{Energy \ of \ emitted \ photons}{Energy \ absorbed}$

- Because change of BC404 → EJ232(BC422)
 - λ of Max. Emission changes 408nm → 370nm
- Energy cut for fire the ring will change. The number of photons decrease for the same



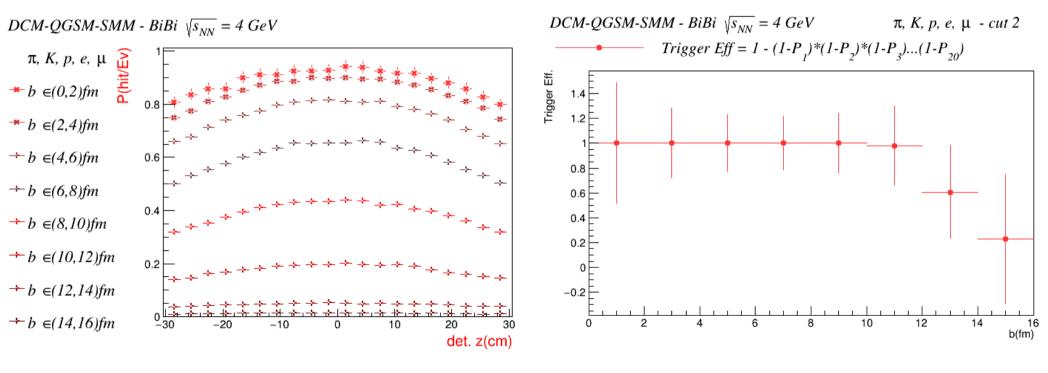
Cut in the KE of particle - 35 MeV

Ring



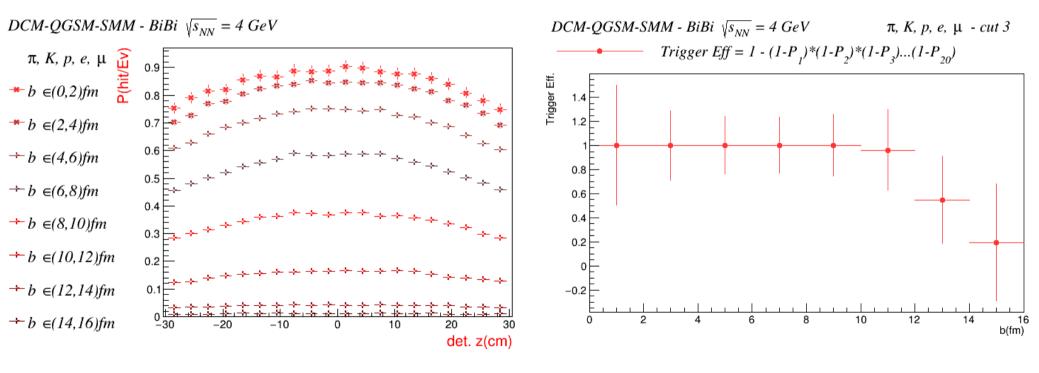
Cut in the KE of particle - 50 MeV

Ring

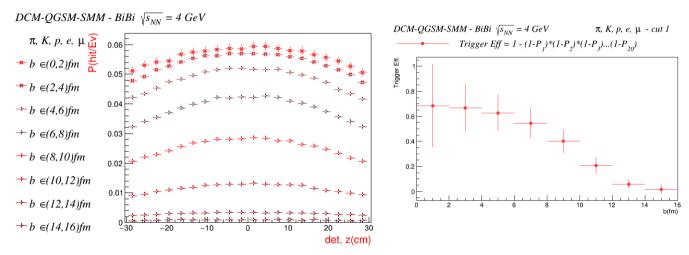


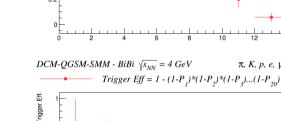
Cut in the KE of particle - 100 MeV

Ring

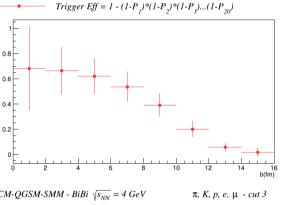


Trigger Efficiency - only 1 bar

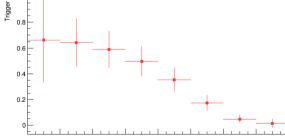




DCM-QGSM-SMM - BiBi $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 4 \ GeV$





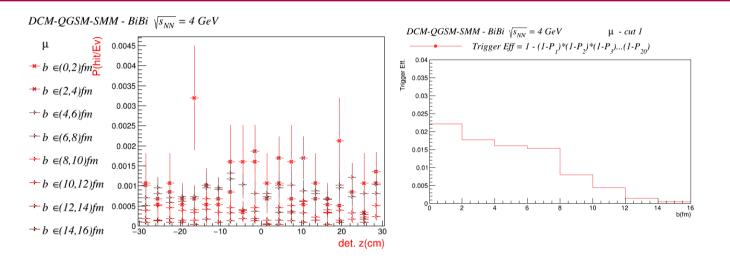


Trigger efficiency similar for three different cuts

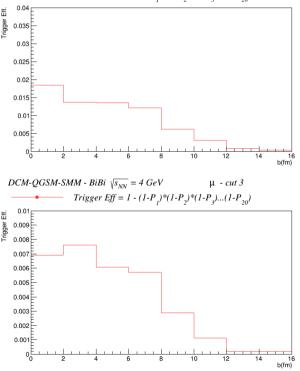
If consider the ring trigger efficiency ~ 1 for b <12 fm

 π , K, p, e, μ - cut 2

Trigger Efficiency - muons in the ring



Not enough statistics for muons → trigger efficiency changes specially for cut 3



Trigger Eff = $1 - (1-P_1)*(1-P_2)*(1-P_3)...(1-P_{20})$

u - cut 2

DCM-QGSM-SMM - BiBi $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 4 GeV$

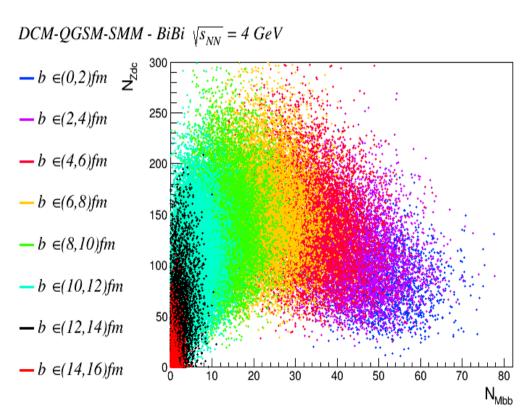
Summary

- Use of basic geometry and Mpdroot classes without include light output for Mbb detector was used to test BiBi at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 4$ GeV.
- Trigger efficiency for charged particles was calculated with different cuts in particle Energy to estimate scintillator response.
- For charged particles in each ring Eff \sim 1 for b < 12 fm
- For charged particles in each bar decreases from Eff ~ 0.6 to almost 0 in the most peripheral collisions
- For only muons Eff <~0.02 for any cut

For to do

- Improve the MbbPoint selection according the scintillator and SiPM response
- Test as function of energy and for another systems pp, dd, CC, ...
- Further studies → compare multiplicity with another detectors

Number of FHCalPoints vs MbbPoints



- Number of FHCal and Mbb points per event
- Each color corresponds to different impact parameter interval

Thank you