

# $J/\psi + \gamma$ simulation at SPD

Alimov L. E.

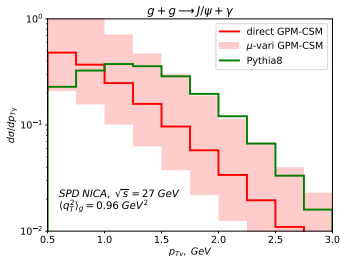
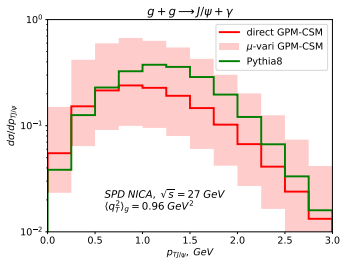
SPD Collaboration meeting 2023 r.

# Introduction

## Motivation:

- In leading order it can only be produced via gluon fusion  $\rightarrow$  can serve as a very clean probe of the gluon densities inside the proton
- Sensitive to the intrinsic transverse momentum of partons  $\rightarrow$  serve as a microscope on parton behaviour in the transverse plane
- (Daniël Boer, NICA SPD talk 2020) Clear probe TMD f-type Sivers gluon fuction

## Estimation



- (left image) Calculating in gpm and pythia has good coincidence.
- Number of events per year estimation:

$$\sigma = 0.33 \text{ nb}$$

$$Br(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 0.06$$

$$L = 10^{32} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} =$$

$$0.1 \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ nb}^{-1}$$

$$N_{\text{year}} = \sigma * L * T * Br \sim 22200$$

# Modeling I

## Collinear model and leading order

$$i = 1, 2; q_i^\mu = x_i P_i^\mu; P_i^{x,y} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$(q_{J/\psi} + q_\gamma)_T = 0; \Delta\phi = \phi_{J/\psi} - \phi_\gamma = \pi \text{ rad}, |y_{J/\psi} - y_\gamma| = 0.$$

## Changing CPM correlations

- start particle  $q_T \neq 0$
- $k > 1$ ,  $n^k lo$  (we don't have)
- experimental error of the momentum ( $\sim 1.5\%$ ).

## In Pythia, distribution for last particles

$$s = x, y; f(q_T^s) = \exp[-(q_T^s)^2/(2\sigma^2)]/(\sigma\sqrt{2\pi})$$

$\sigma$  — internal computed width

## Not Back-To-Back

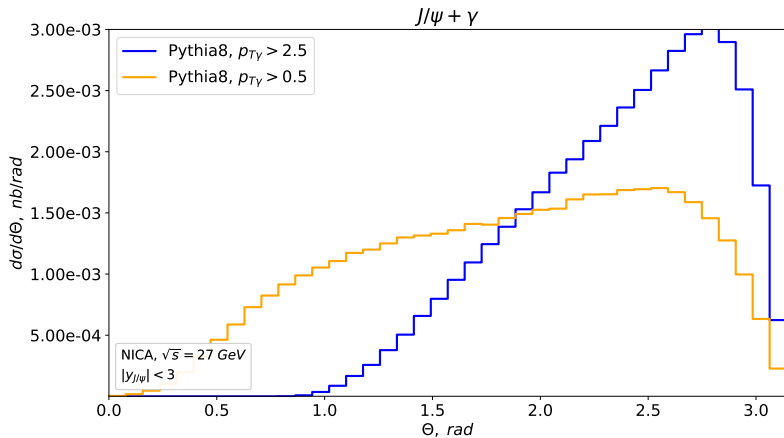


Рис.:  $\Theta$  - the angle between the final particles

# Modeling II

Signal:  $g + g \rightarrow J/\psi(^3S_1^{(1)}) + \gamma$  AND combinatorial background

Background 1:  $h + \bar{h} \rightarrow J/\psi(^3S_1^{(1)}, ^1S_0^{(8)}, ^3P_J^{(8)}) + g$ ,  $h = g, q$

Background 2: softQCD

Background: (100% of non- $J/\psi$ 's  $\mu^\pm$ ) + (1% of  $\pi^\pm$ )

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{Weight} & 0.01 & 1 & 1 & \dots \\ \text{Particle} & \pi^+ & \mu^+ & \mu^+ & \dots \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} \text{Weight} & 1 & 0.01 & 0.01 & \dots \\ \text{Particle} & \mu^- & \pi^- & \pi^- & \dots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{Weight}(\text{product}) & 0.01 & 1 & 1e-4 & \dots \\ \text{Pair} & (\pi^+, \mu^-) & (\mu^+, \mu^-) & (\pi^+, \pi^-) & \dots \end{pmatrix}$$

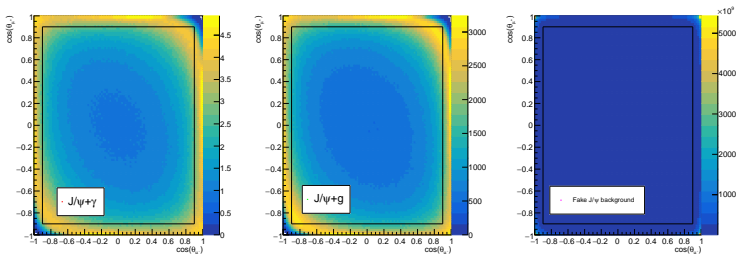
momentum error ( $\sim 1.5\%$ )

$\vec{p} = \vec{p} * \xi$ ,  $\xi$  - gaussian random variable ( $\sigma = 0.015$ , mean=1)

$$|\cos(\theta_{\mu^+, \mu^-})| < 0.9$$

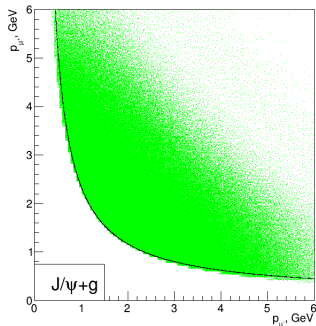
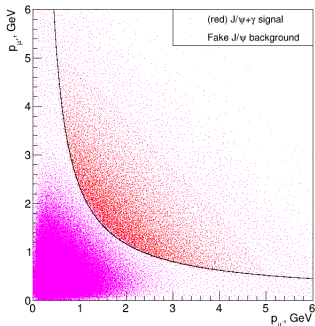
was generated	$J/\psi + \gamma$	$J/\psi + g$	Minimal bias
$N_{event}$	$5 \times 10^7$	$5 \times 10^7$	$10^9$

Further, all histograms are normalized by the number of events per year.



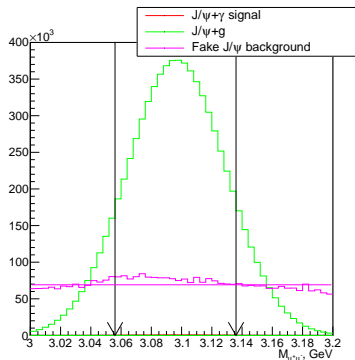
Standart cut for  $J/\psi$  reconstruction:  $|\cos(\theta_{\mu^+})|, |\cos(\theta_{\mu^-})| < 0.9$

# Pair $(p_{\mu^+}, p_{\mu^-})$ cut



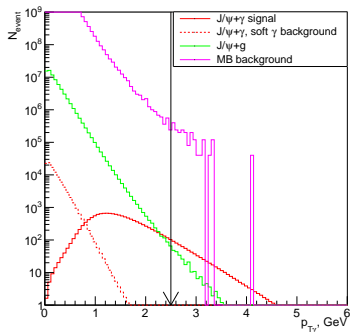
Add non standart cut:  $f(p_{\mu^-}) = 2/(p_{\mu^-} - a) + a$ ,  $a = 0.11$



$M_{(\mu^+\mu^-)}$ 

- Inclusive  $J/\psi$  should be reconstructed well
- For  $J/\psi + \gamma$  reconstruction we need to study correlations
- For  $J/\psi + \gamma$  and  $J/\psi + g$  separation, consider the  $\gamma$  transverse momentum
- Will add candidate invariant mass cut to estimate background:

$$|M_{(\mu^+\mu^-)} - m_{J/\psi}| < 40 \text{ MeV}$$

$p_{T\gamma}$ 

- The  $J/\psi + \gamma$  combinatorial background is completely removed
- unsatisfactory MB background statistics

Рис.: Cuts at the moment

$$|\cos(\theta)| < 0.9, f(p_{\mu^-}) < p_{\mu^+},$$

$$|M_{(\mu^+\mu^-)} - m_{J/\psi}| < 40 \text{ MeV}$$

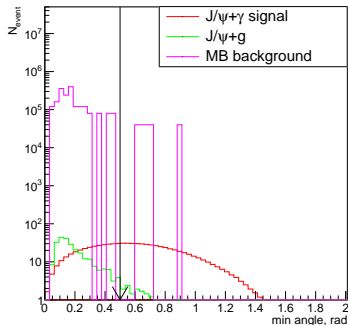
$\gamma$ -isolation

Рис.: After the requirement  
 $p_{T\gamma} > 2.5 \text{ GeV}$

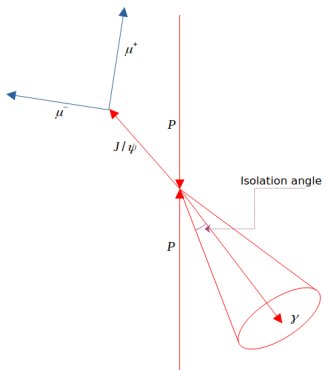
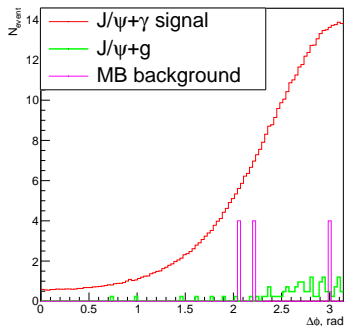


Рис.: There are no photons and tracks in some solid angle

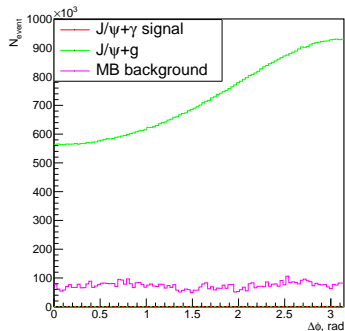
## Rates

rate	$J/\psi + \gamma$	$J/\psi + g$	MB
$ \cos(\theta)  < 0.9$	0.67	0.65	0.75
$f(p_{\mu^-}) < p_{\mu^+}$	0.986	0.987	0.07
$ M_{(\mu^+\mu^-)} - m_{J/\psi}  < 40 \text{ MeV}$	0.78	0.78	0.01
$p_{T\gamma} > 2.5 \text{ GeV}$	0.06	$4 \times 10^{-5}$	$10^{-4}$
Isolation cut	0.6	0.07	0.4
efficiency	$1.8 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.1 \times 10^{-6}$	$2 \times 10^{-8}$

# $\Delta\phi$ -correlation



- $J/\psi + \gamma_{\text{soft}}$  (from  $J/\psi + g$ ) and  $J/\psi + \gamma$  signal are correlated
- It may be possible to delete jpsi+g remnants event like in prompt photon reconstruction algorithm.
- **unsatisfactory background statistics**

$\Delta\phi$ -correlation

- actually MB background expects uncorrelated !!

- The number of events taking into account the efficiency of determining  $J/\psi$  ( $\sim 40\%$ ):  $N_{year} \sim 190$ .
- Signal and  $J/\psi + g$  background are correlated.
- There are potential problem: additional background from the fact that we can take  $\pi^0$  for a high-energy photon.
- We could not conduct a realistic simulation in the spd nica package because there is not enough laptop capacity and there is no access to the supercomputer.