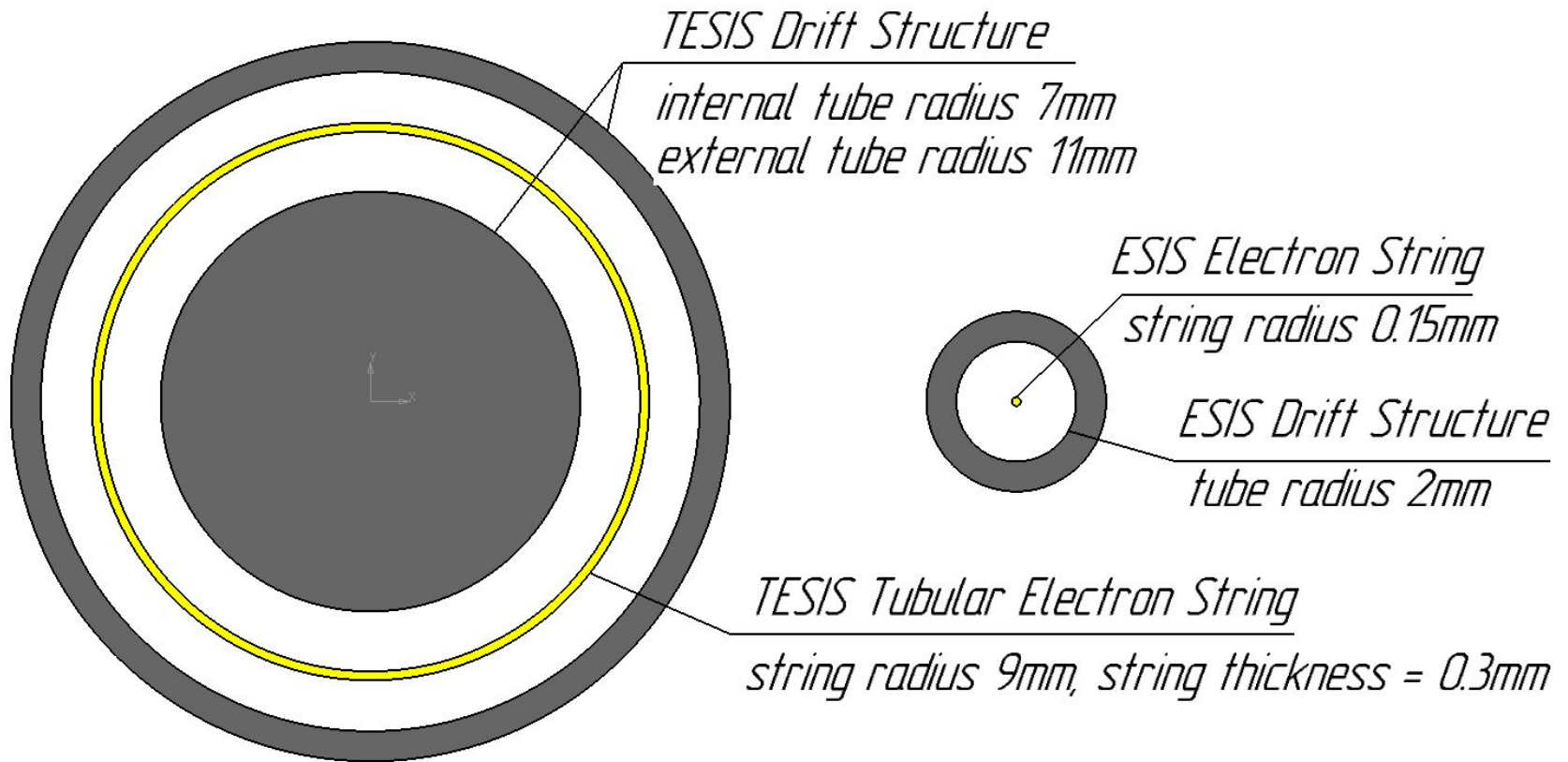




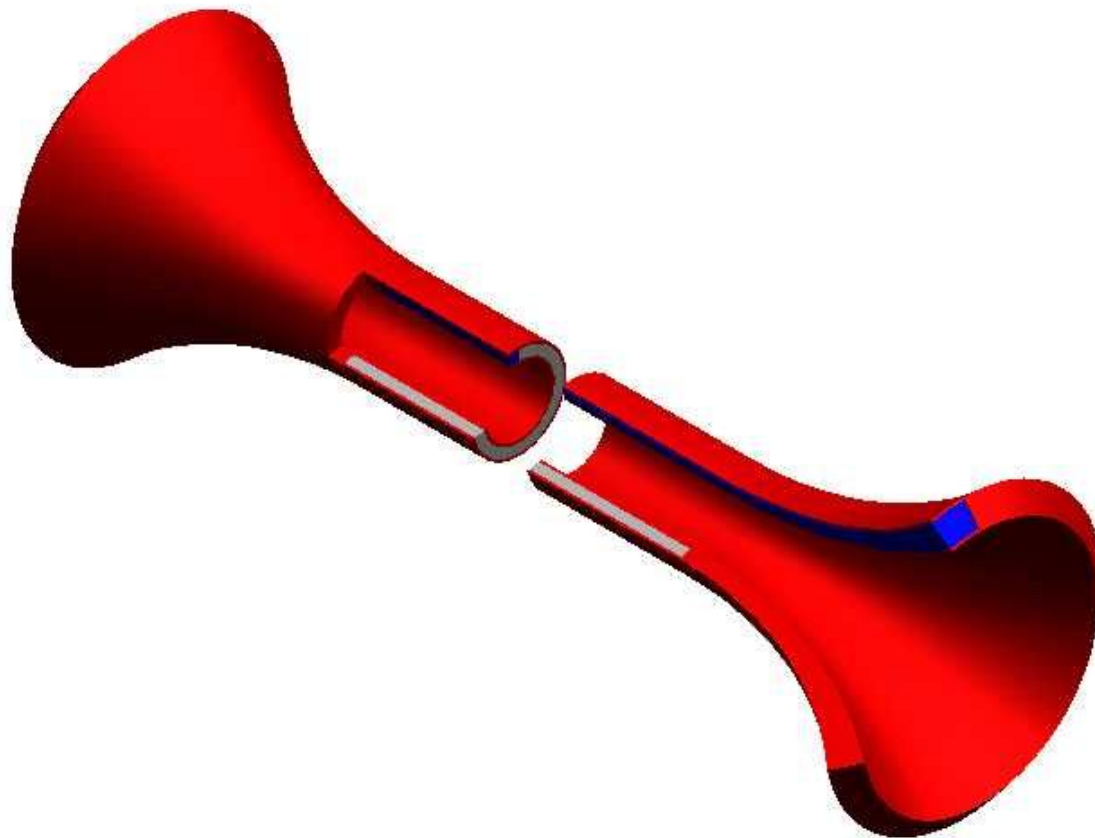
Tubular Electron String Ion Source development

Boytsov A.

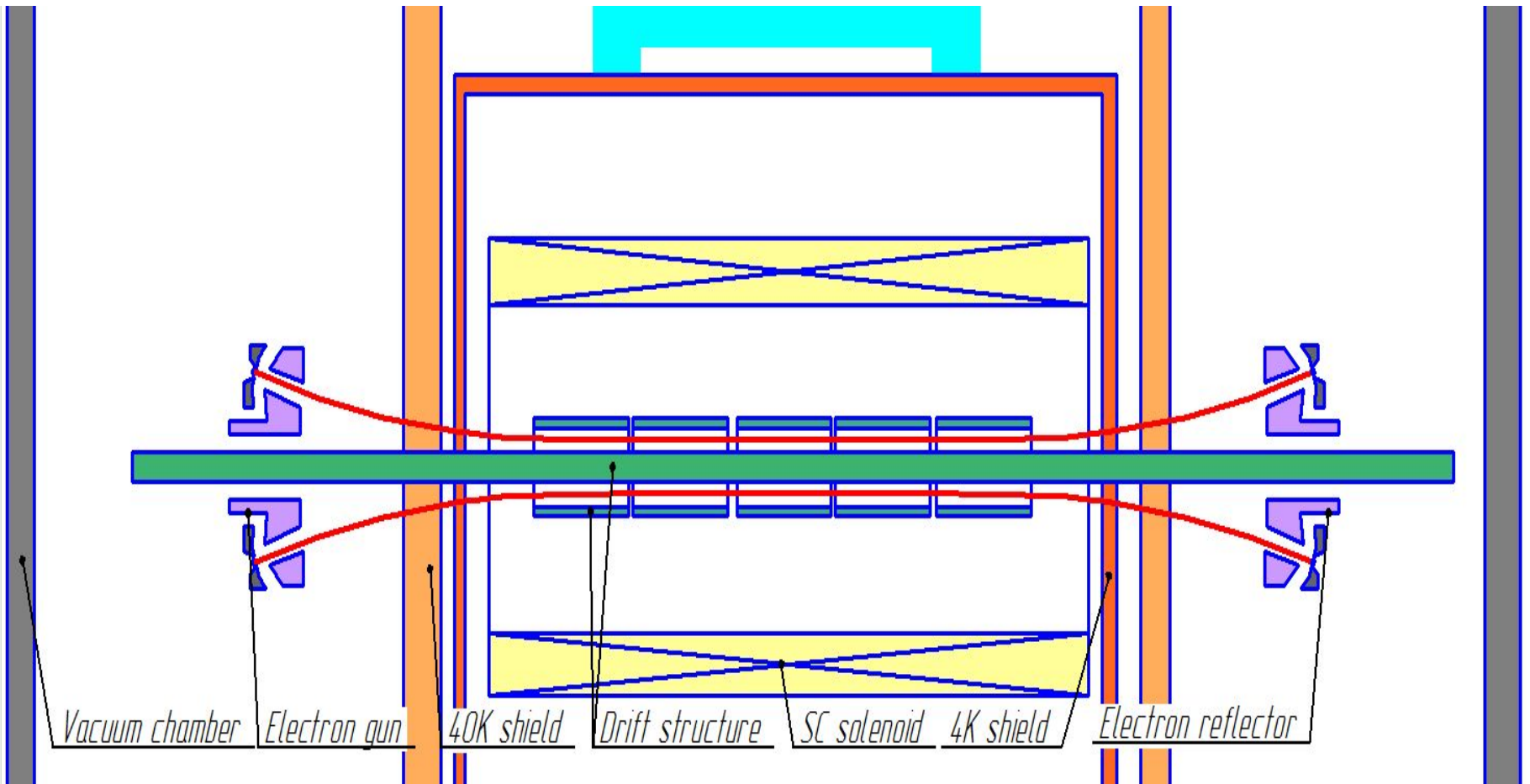
Main idea



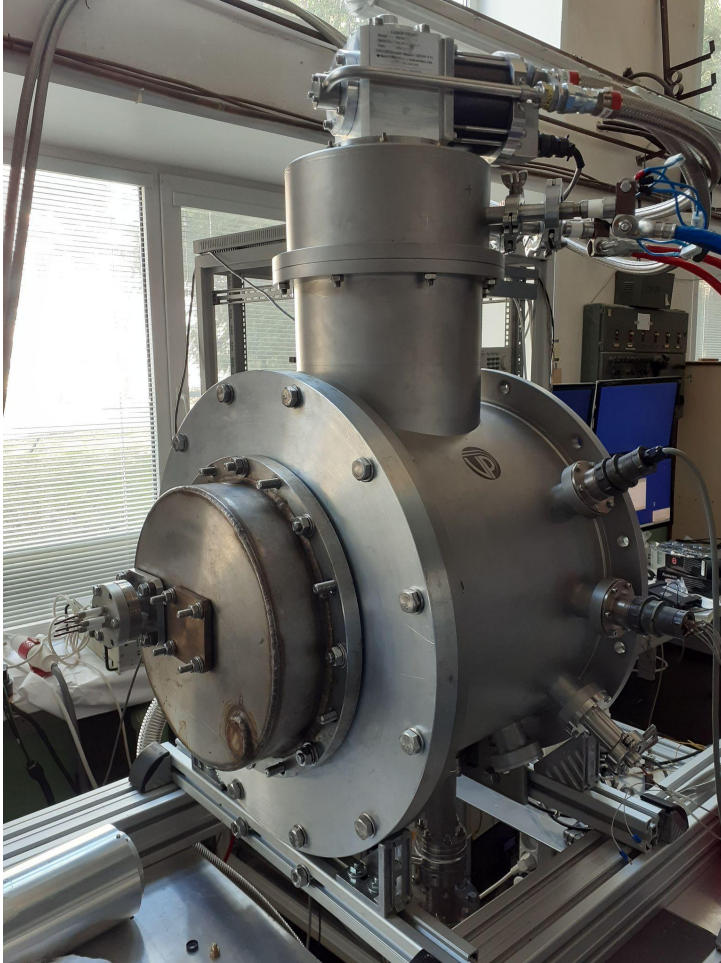
Electron beam volume



Scheme

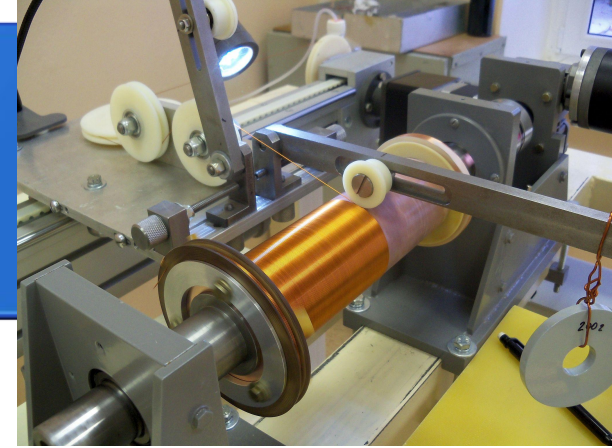


Facility

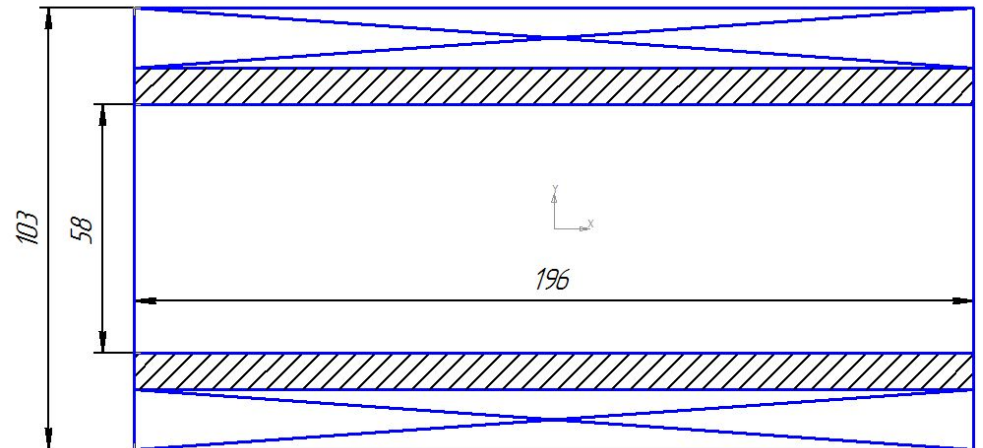


Operating pressure = $7e-8$ mbar
Cryocooler Sumitomo RDK 415 1.5W
Solenoid temperature = 4.2K
HTSC current leads (4mm tape) SuperOx
Pumping and cooling time = 48h

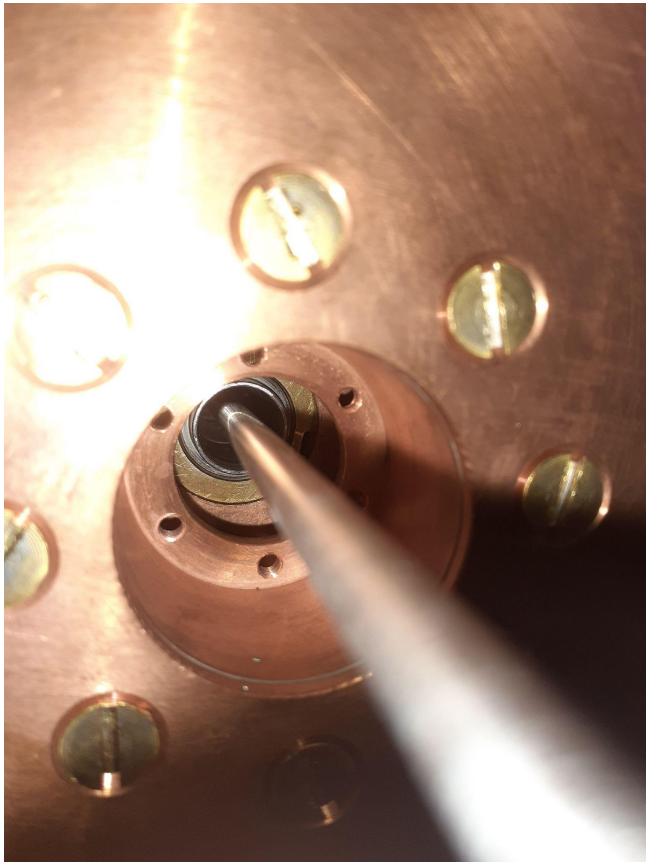
Superconducting solenoid



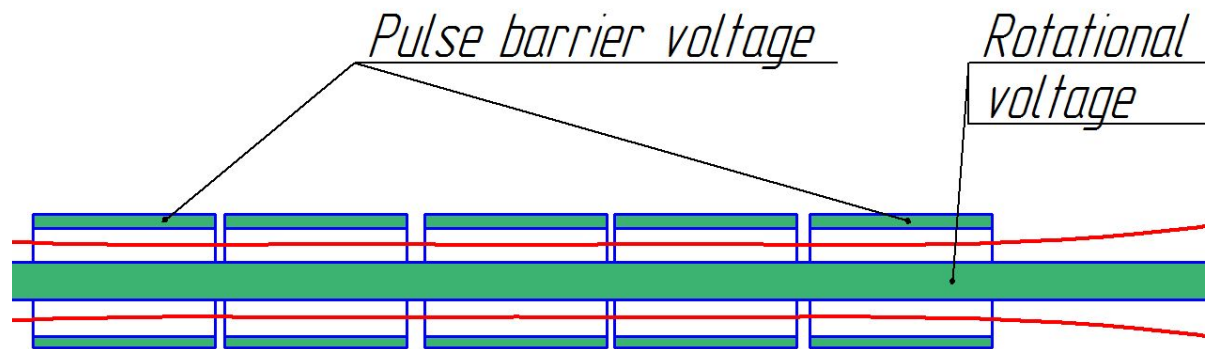
Solenoid temperature = 4.2K
NbTi wire diameter = 0.7mm
20 layers
Operating magnetic field = 3T (100A)



Drift structure



5 external tubes, diameter 16mm, length 30mm
1 central rod, diameter 6 mm
Collecting charge signal from every tubes
Pulse voltage near +1kV control for ion motion
Rotational voltage up to 500V

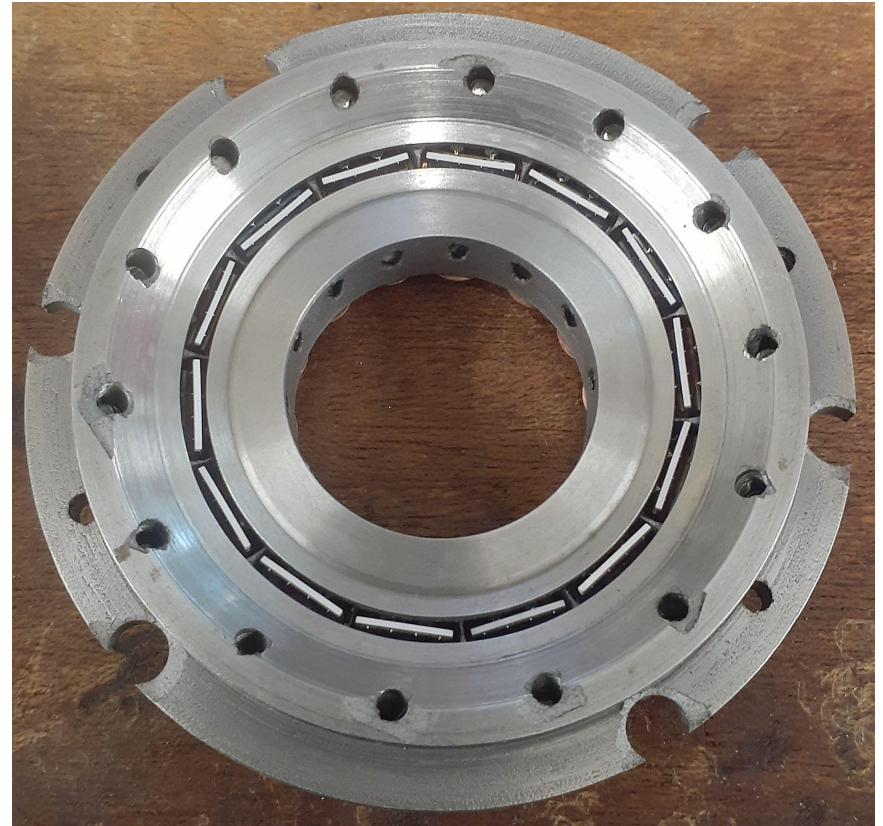
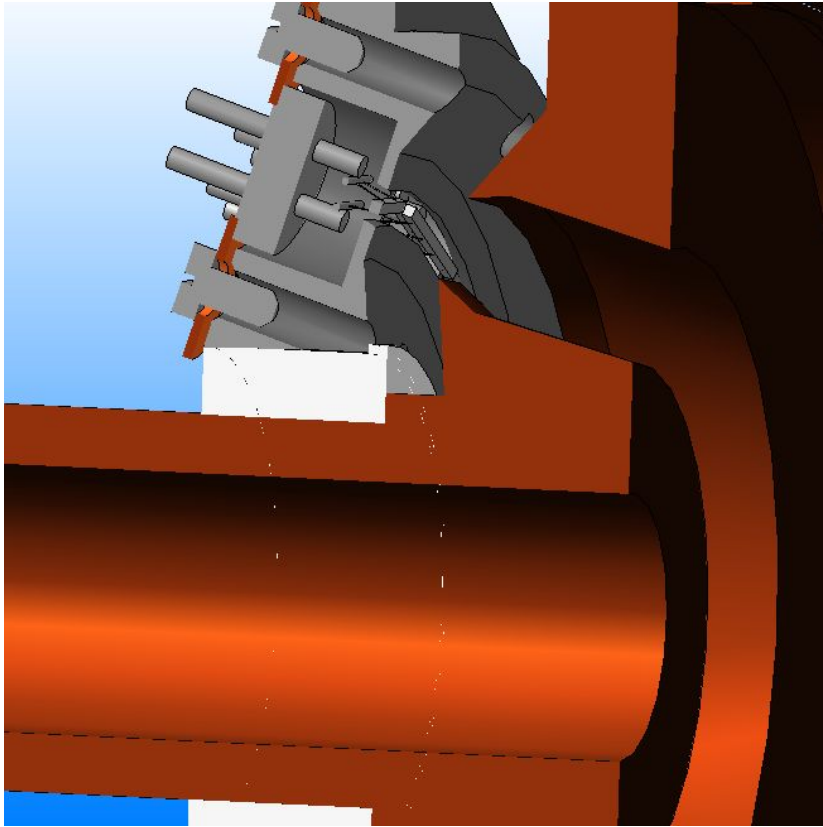


Cathode



IrCe cathode
Emission rectangle surface 0.5x8mm
WRe heater

Electron gun



14 IrCe cathodes, ring diameter = 40mm

Electron gun test bench



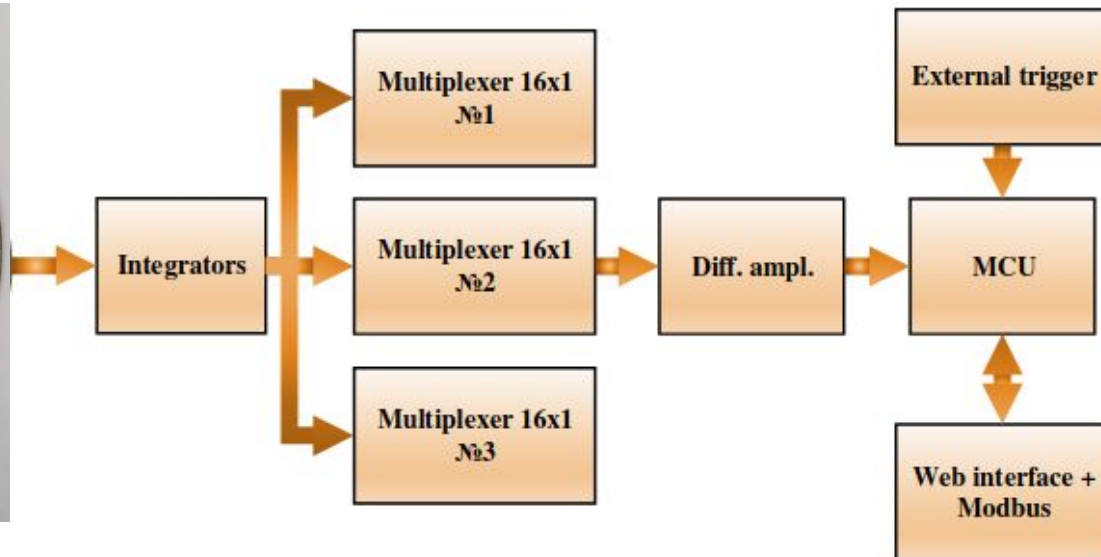
7 heating power supply for every 2 serial connected cathodes

Every cathode in pair has similar U/I characteristic

Copper connection reduce voltage drop on wire

Cathode heating under high voltage of false cathode

Tracing beam



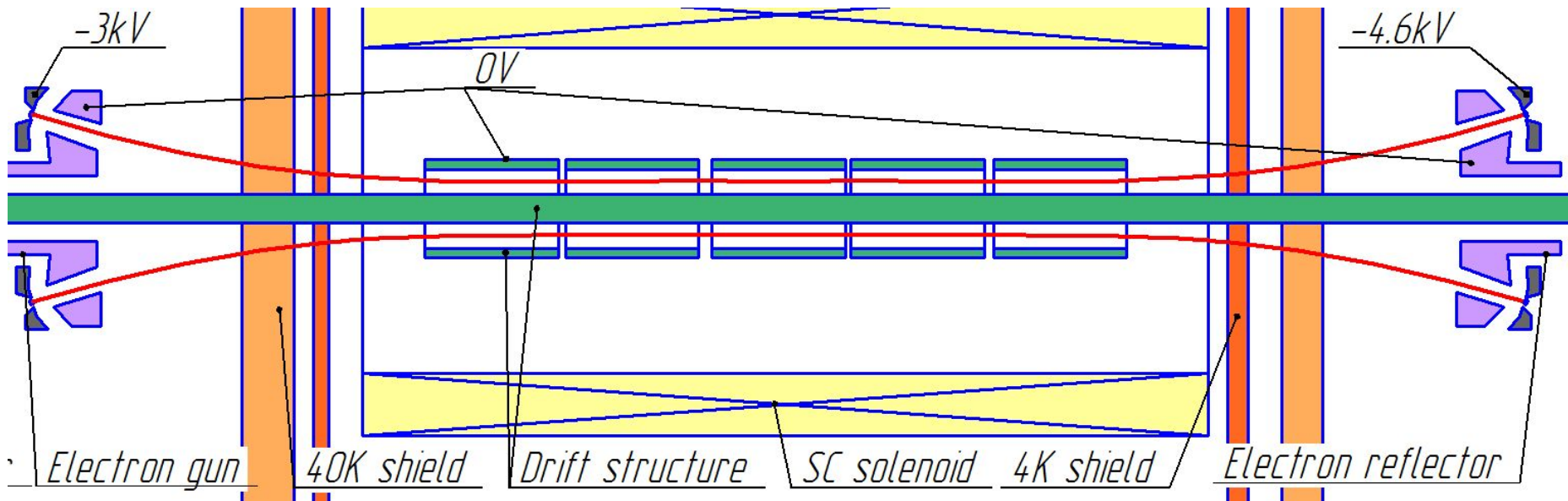
Copper PCB for new
electron gun
Installed after electron
reflector



String mode

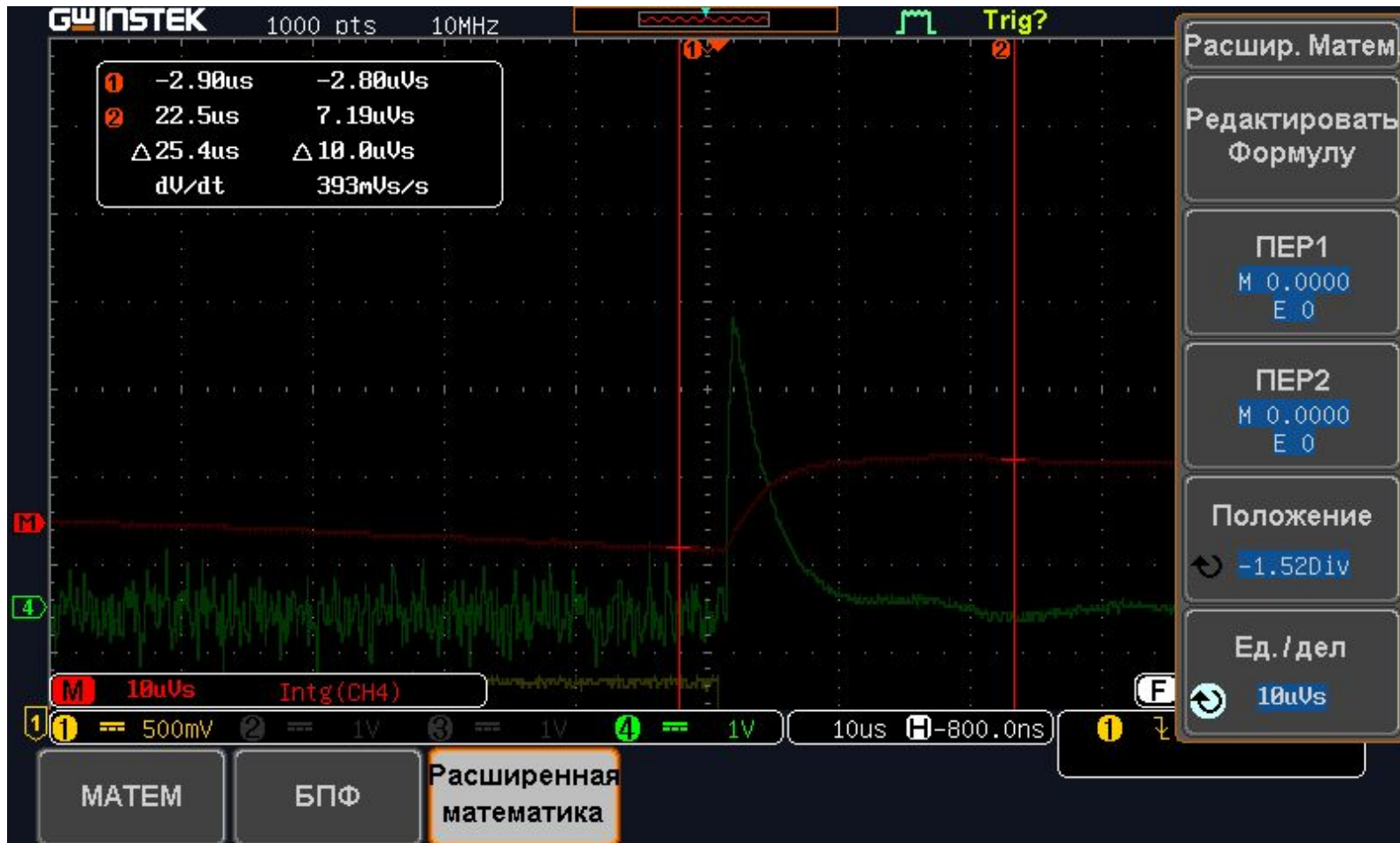
Pulse time = 300us

Time period = 1s

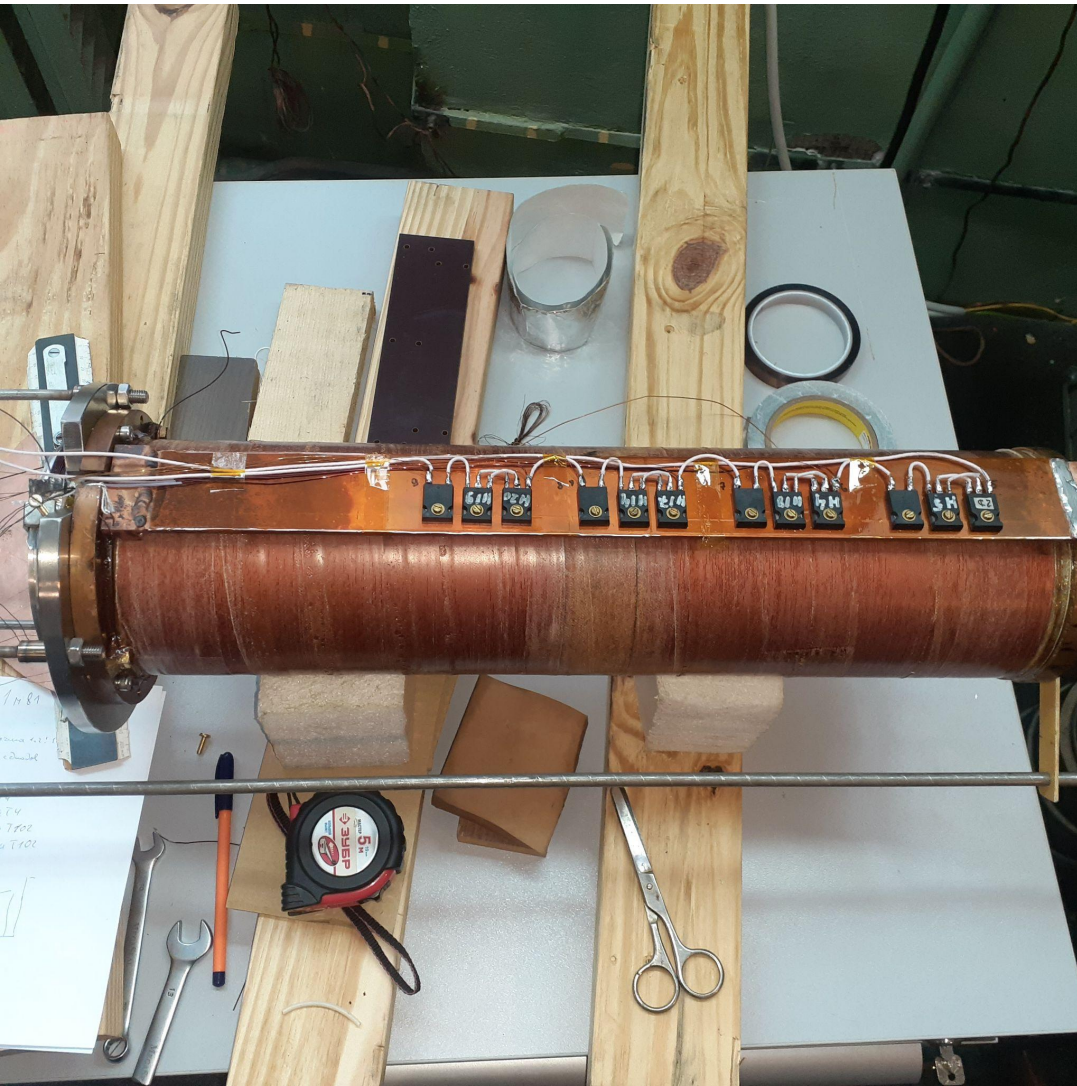


Accumulated charge

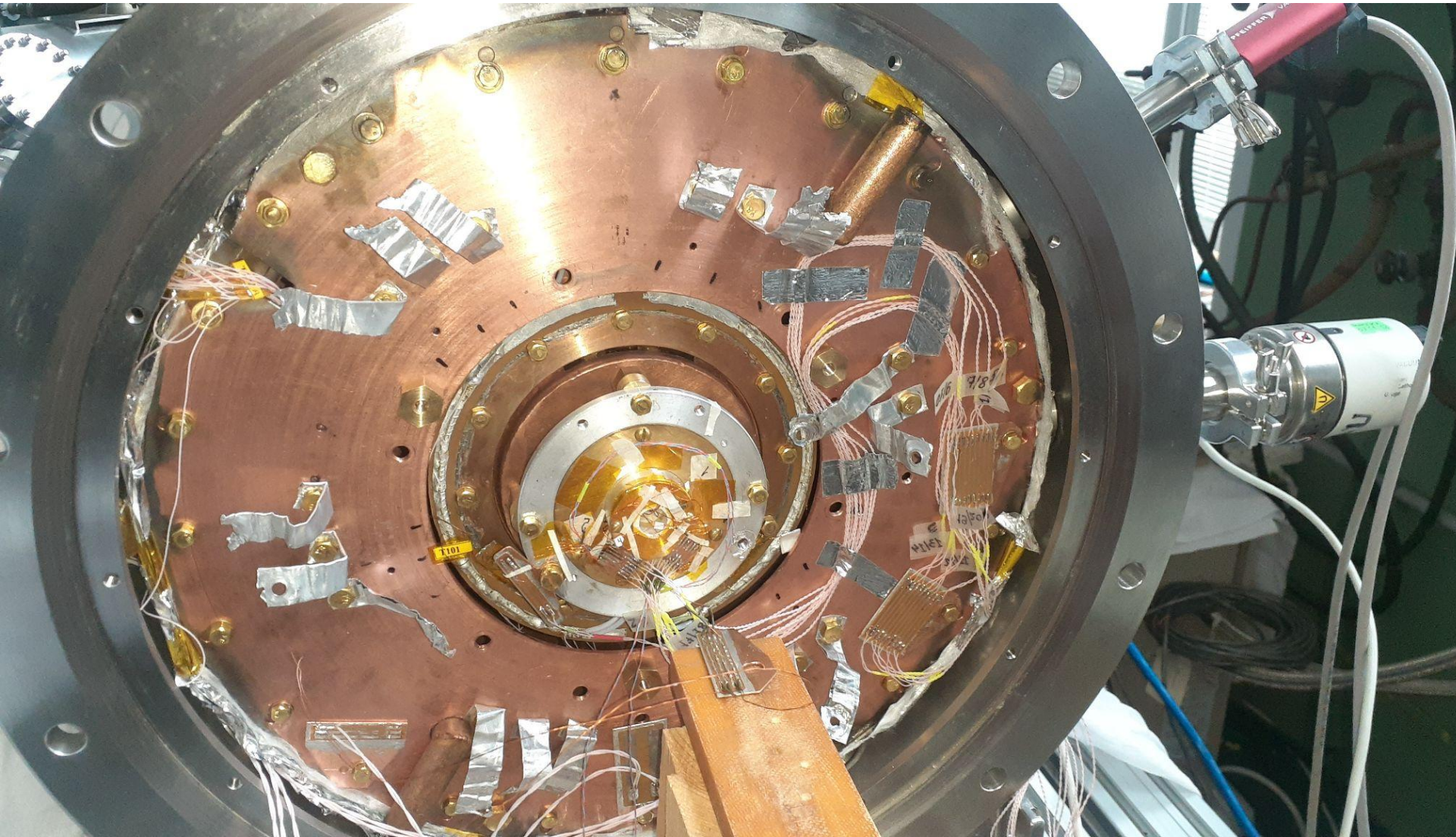
$Q_e = 10\text{nC}$



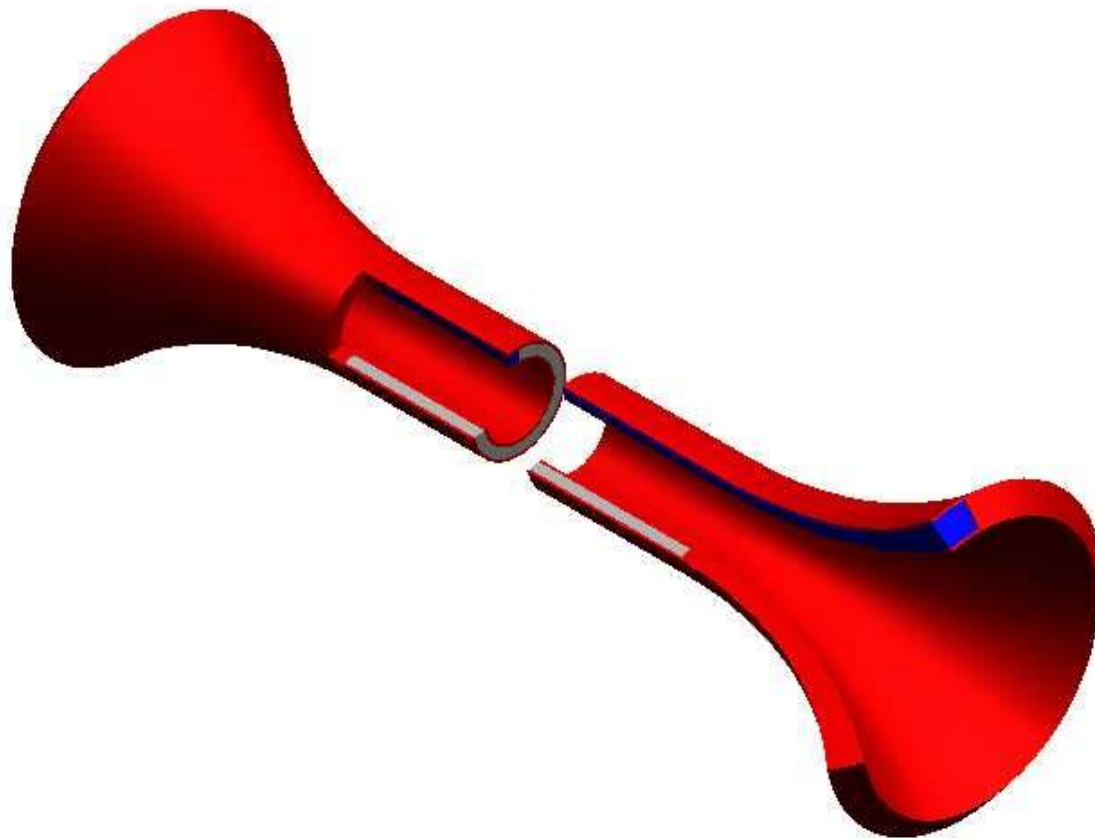
Solenoid testing

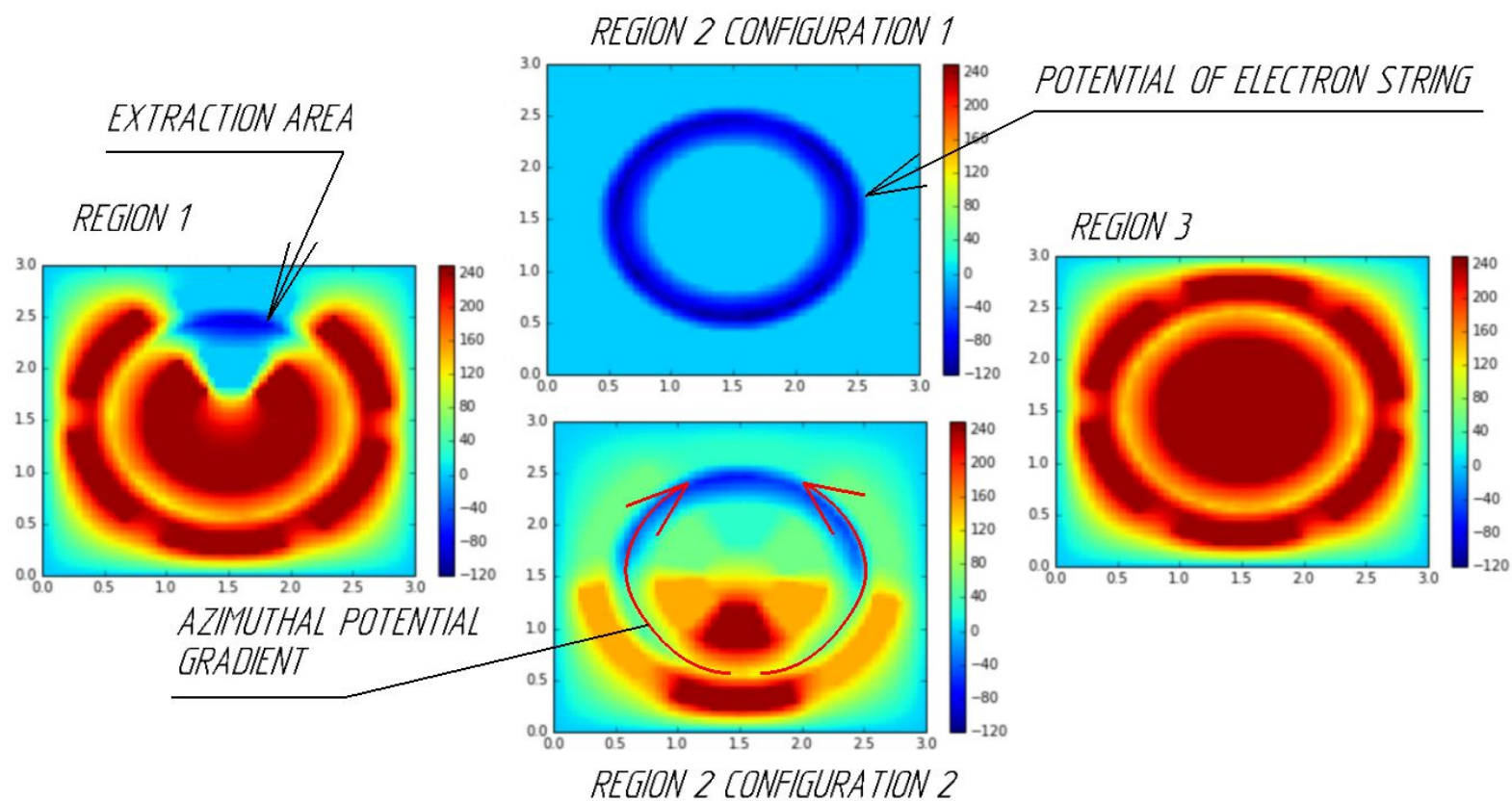
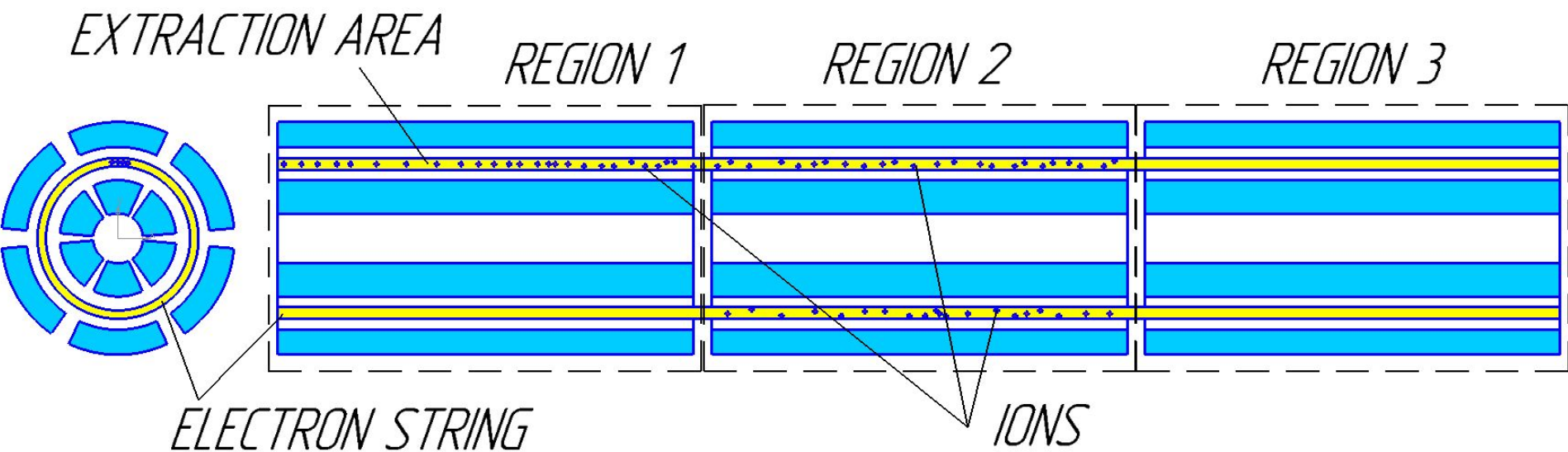


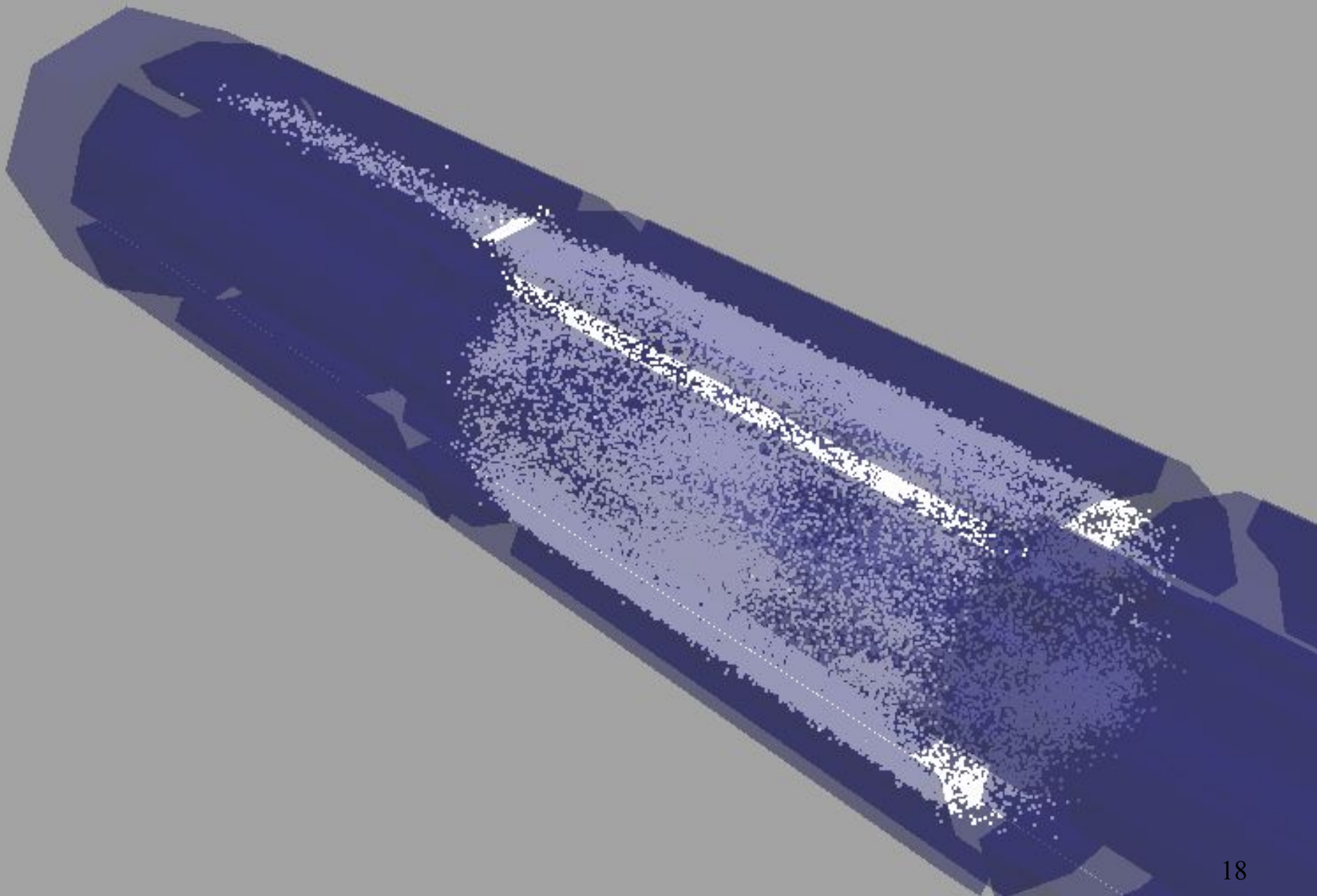
HTSC screen



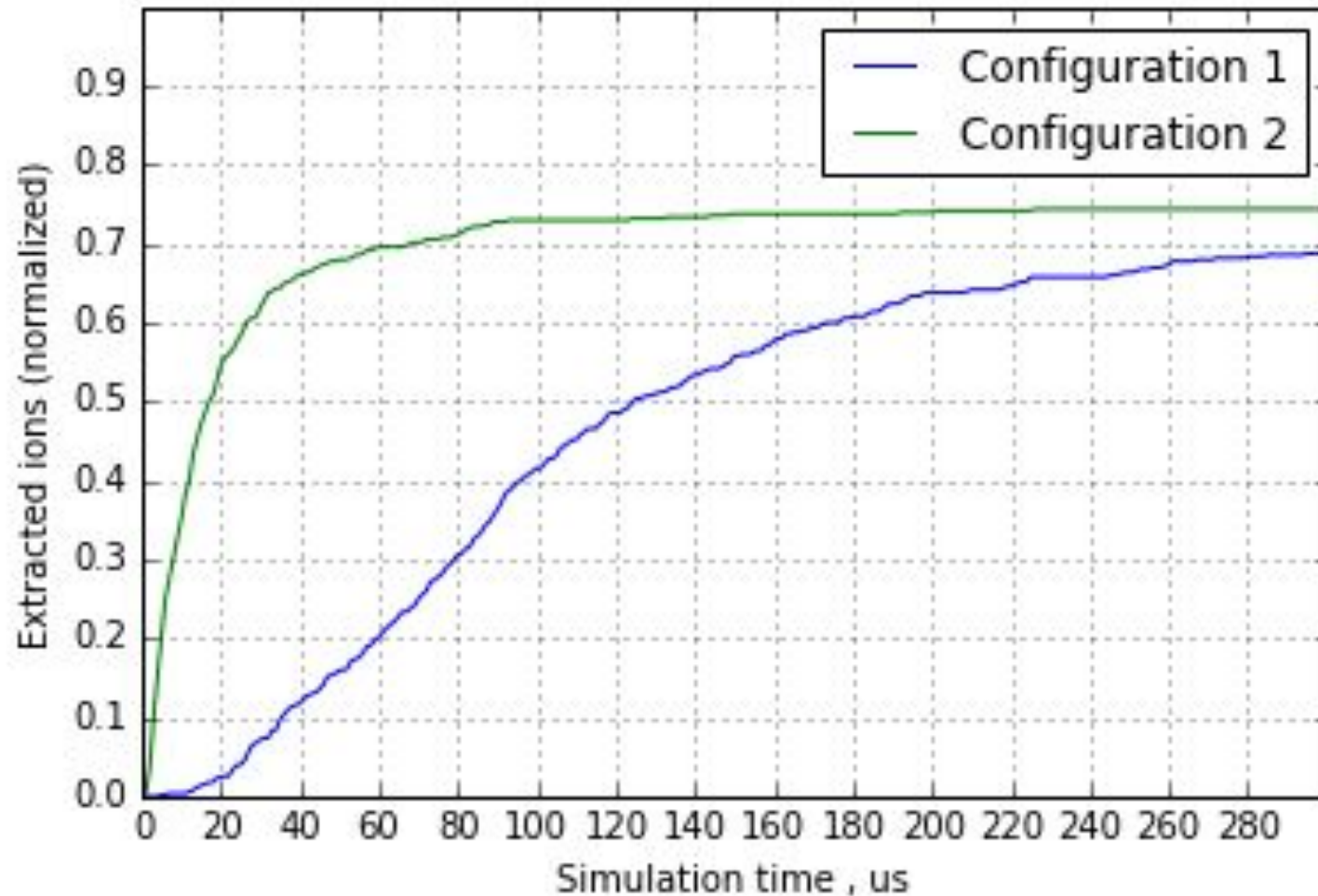
Tubular beam

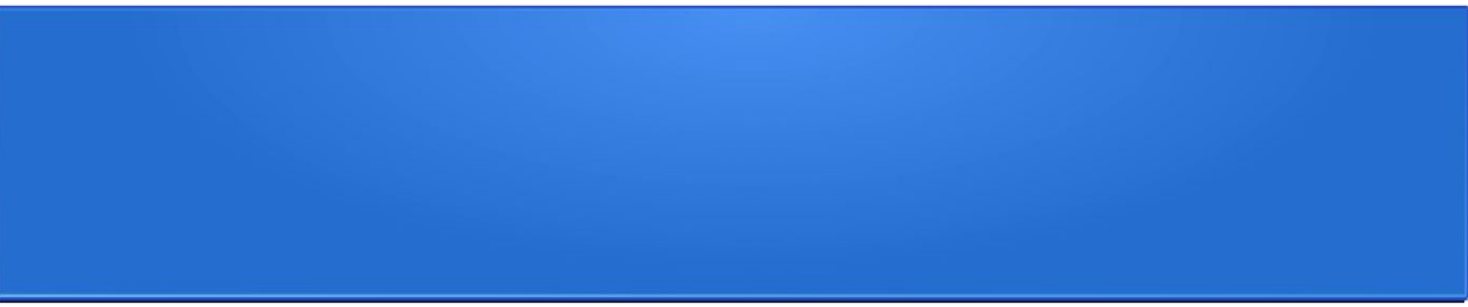






Results





Thank you for attention