VECTOR POLARIZATION OF THE DEUTERON BEAM ON NUCLOTRON AT THE ENERGIES FROM 200 TO 650 MeV/N

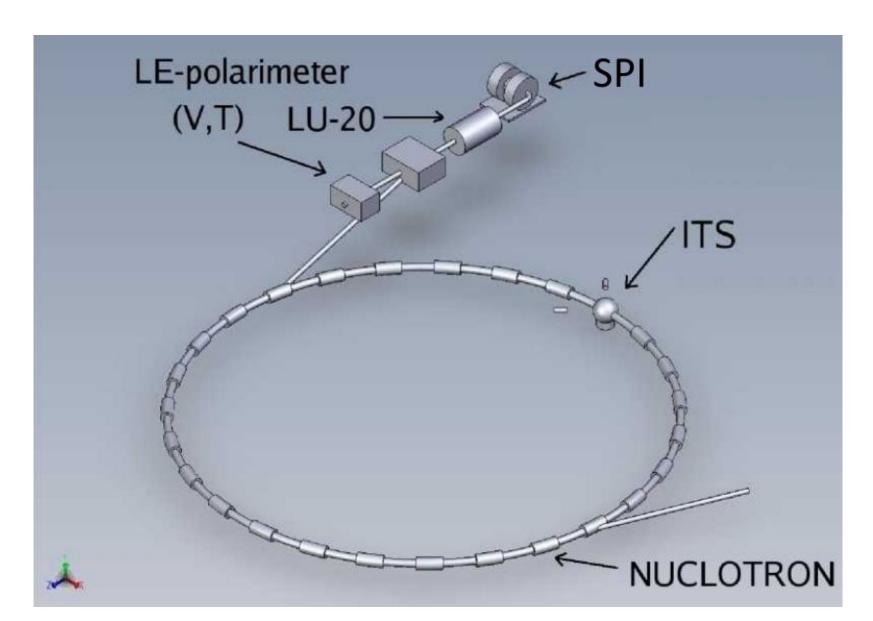
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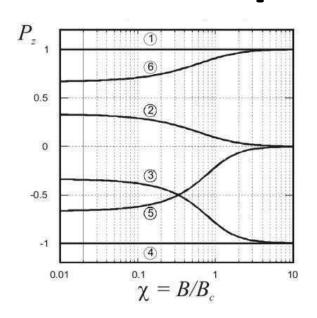
Motivation

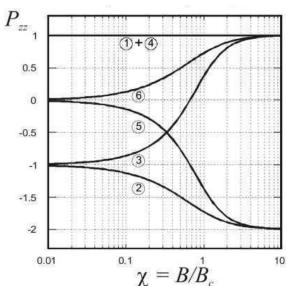
- The measurement of vector polarization of the polarized deuteron beam at energies up to 650 MeV/n using quasi-elastic proton-proton scattering;
- 2. Preparation of the polarimetry for the run with polarized proton beam.

Scheme of the experiment at NUCLOTRON



Beam polarization





3 modes of the ion source were used:

$$(P_z, P_{zz})$$

"2-6"	"+"	(1/3, +1)	
"3-5"	"_"	(1/3, -1)	
Unpolarized	"0"	(0, 0)	

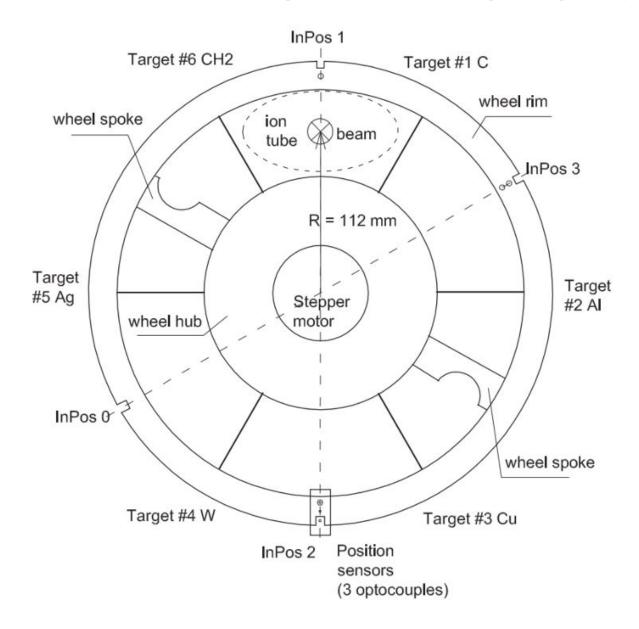
Vector polarization values obtained with dp elastic scattering at 135 MeV/n

500, 650 MeV/n 200, 550 MeV/n

	P _Z ⁺	ΔP_{z}^{+}	P _z	ΔP _Z
า	0.231	0.008	0.245	0.006
า	0.211	0.007	0.239	0.005

~70% of the ideal values!

Target Changing System

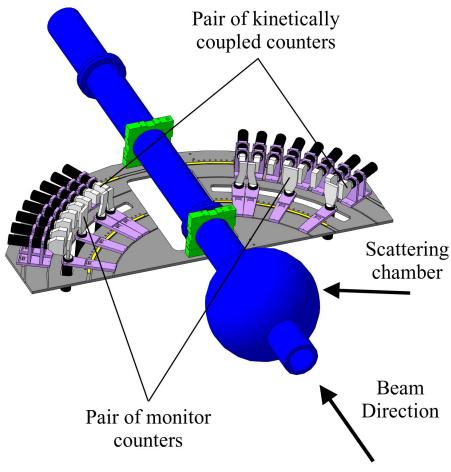


In the experiment were used:

- Target #6 CH2.
 Film with
 10 μm thickness.
- Target #1 C.
 Filament from
 10 threads with
 each
 8 µm thickness.

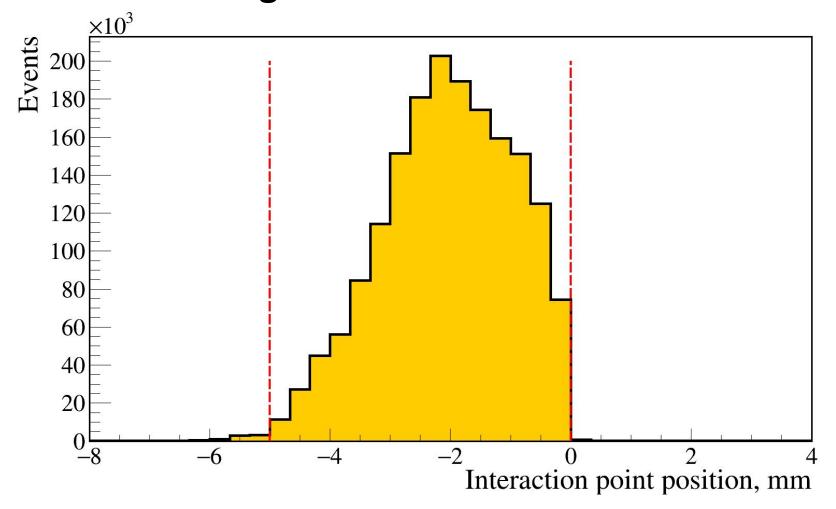
The DSS Setup





- 6 pairs to the left, 6 pairs to the right; from 55° to 85° in the CM system;
- 1 pair to 90° in CM.

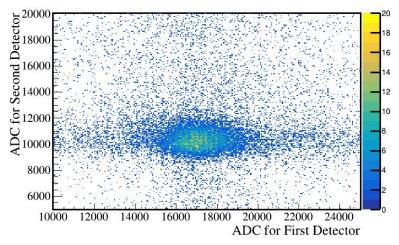
Selection of useful data by the event position of the target inside the ion tube

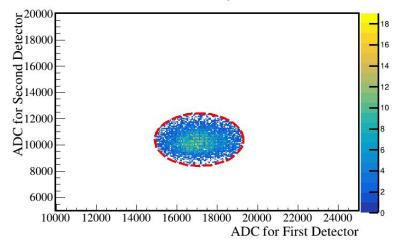


Based on the rotation of the target changing system wheel. Data from the stepper motor.

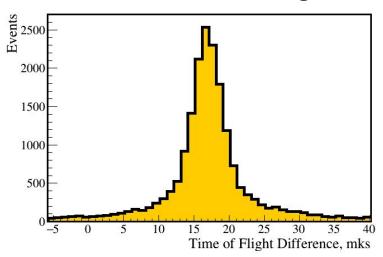
Selection of useful data

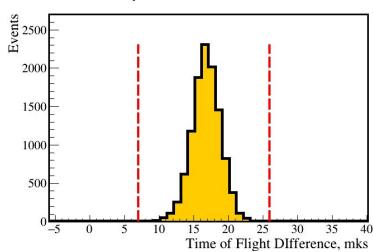
Ionization loss correlation for the counters pair





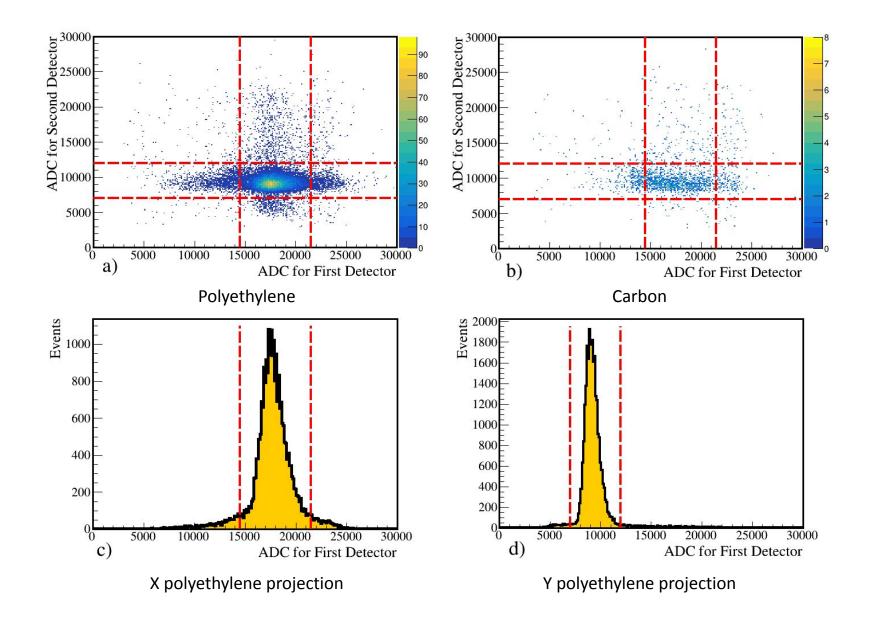
Time-of-flight difference for the pair



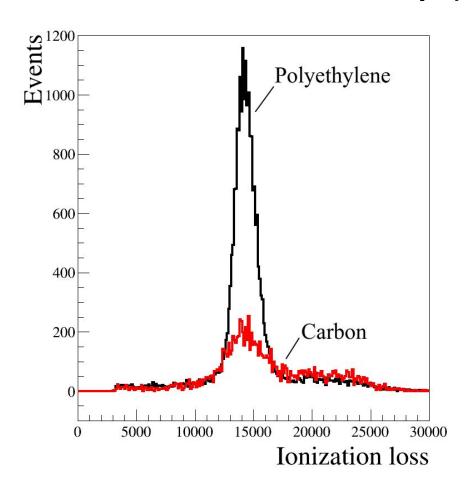


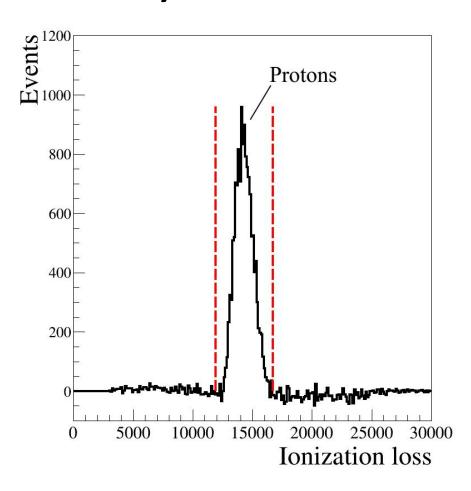
Cuts
applied one
after
the other
for better
result

Background subtraction procedure



The result of the background subtraction. For 500 MeV/n, 85° in CM system

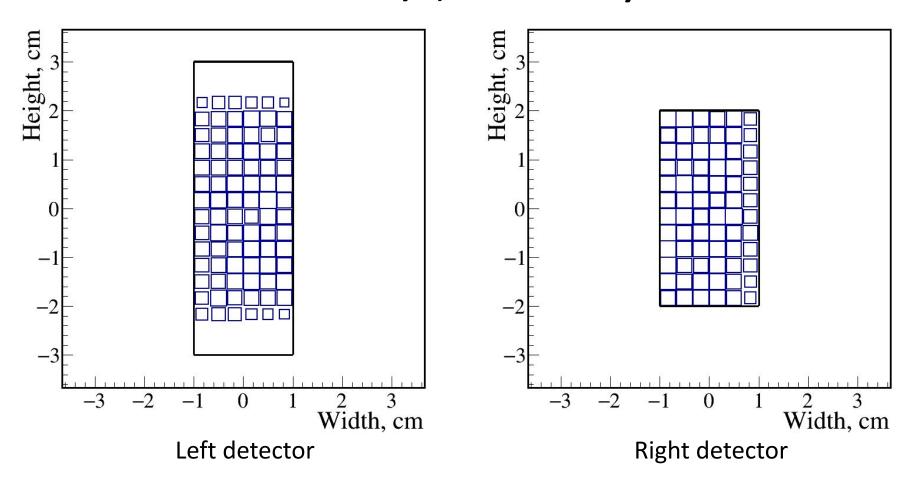




~50% of events is background.

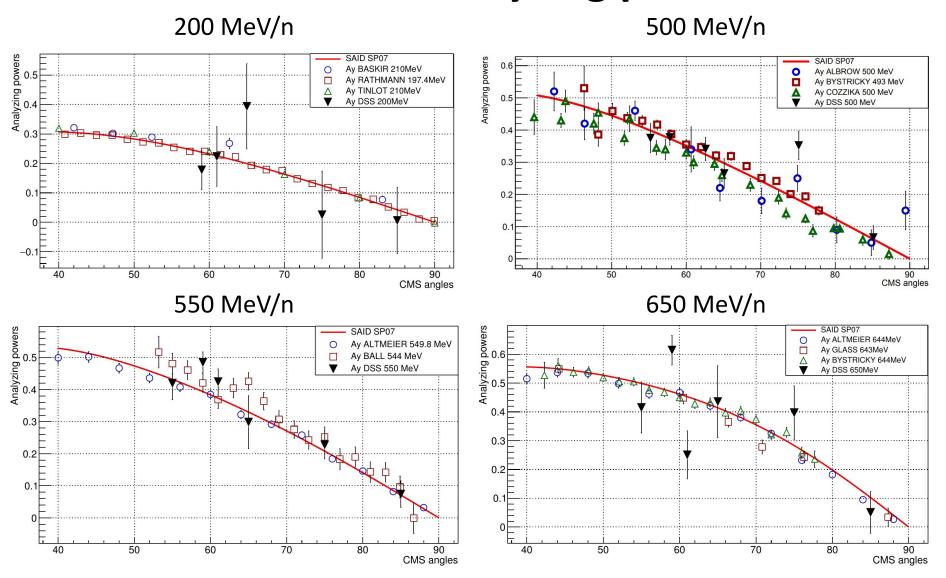
Red lines - cut on ADC.

Hits distribution in the detectors from the simulation. For 500 MeV/n, 85° in CM system



It needs to correct detector angles via the beam shift. Pluto Generator for ROOT Framework was used. *pp* elastic scattering has been simulated.

The vector analyzing power



Our data - filled triangles ▼

The vector polarization definition formulas

"2-6"
$$P_y^+ = \frac{\frac{N_L^+ M^0}{N_L^0 M^+} - \frac{N_R^+ M^0}{N_R^0 M^+}}{2A_y},$$

"3-5"
$$P_y^- = rac{rac{N_L^- M^0}{N_L^0 M^-} - rac{N_R^- M^0}{N_R^0 M^-}}{2 A_y}$$

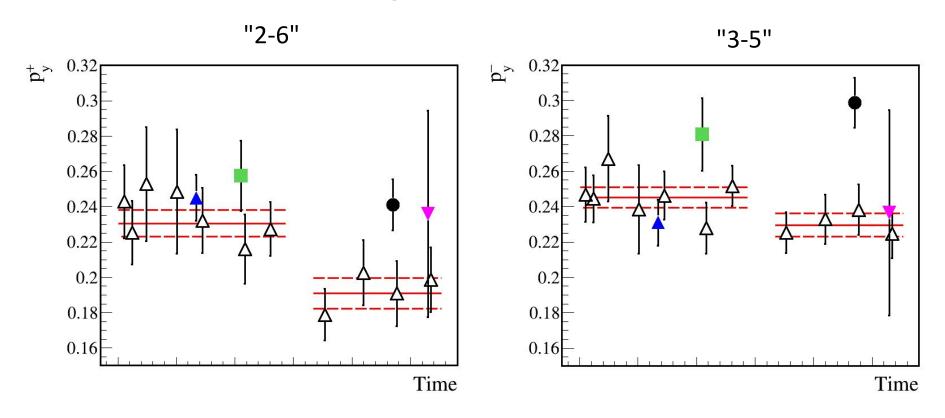
 P_v^+ and P_v^- - the vector polarization for the SPI mode "2-6" and "3-5".

N - number of events for the particular angle. L to the left, R to the right.

M - number of events in the monitor counters.

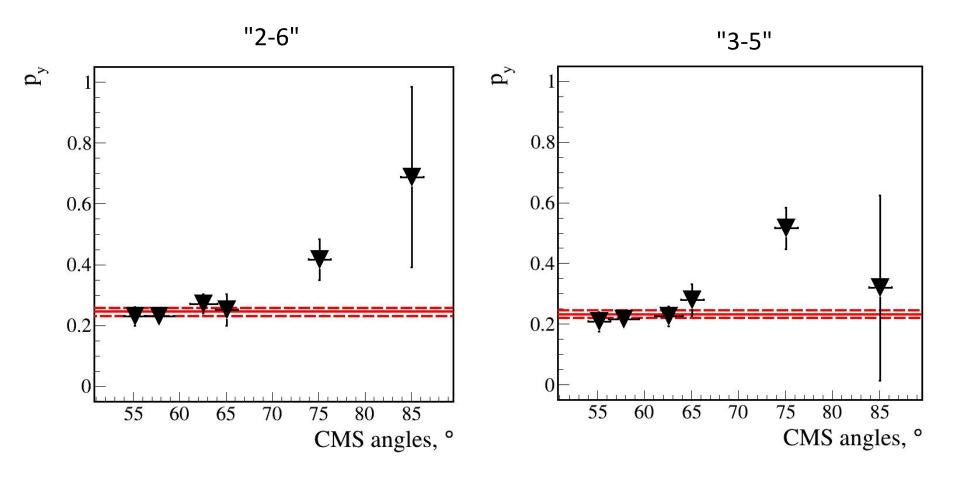
 A_{v} - vector analyzing power for the particular angle.

The beam polarization values



- Δ polarization values for dp elastic scattering (135 MeV/n)
- △ polarization values for pp quasi-elastic scattering (500 MeV/n)
- polarization values for pp quasi-elastic scattering (650 MeV/n)
- polarization values for pp quasi-elastic scattering (550 MeV/n)
- polarization values for pp quasi-elastic scattering (200 MeV/n)

The beam polarization values for 500 MeV/n



Values for each angle (detectors pair) in CM system. Red lines - weighted average.

Conclusion

- The vector polarization values of the deuteron beam were obtained at the beam energies of 200, 500, 550 and 650 MeV/n;
- The vector polarization values are in good agreement with the polarization values that were obtained using dp elastic scattering at the beam energy of 135 MeV/nucleon;
- The vector analyzing power values of the pp-quasielastic scattering reaction were obtained using the same asymmetry. They are in good agreement with the world data and SP07.
- The experimental setup is suitable for the deuteron and proton beam polarimetry.

Thank you for your attention!