

Update of estimation of Core-Corona contribution to Global Polarization within mpdroot framework

Use of Centrality and evPlane wagon

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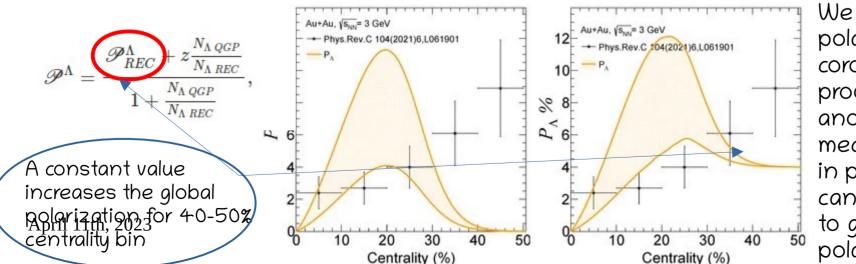


Content

- Motivation
- Implementation
- Results
- Summary

Motivation

 Core-Corona approach to describe main features of Hyperon global polarization but as a function of centrality fails, unless we consider polarization of particles in the corona, where the model suggest that QGP is not formed



We wonder if polarization in corona produced by another mechanism as in pp collisions can contribute to global 3 polarization.

Model Polarization in the corona

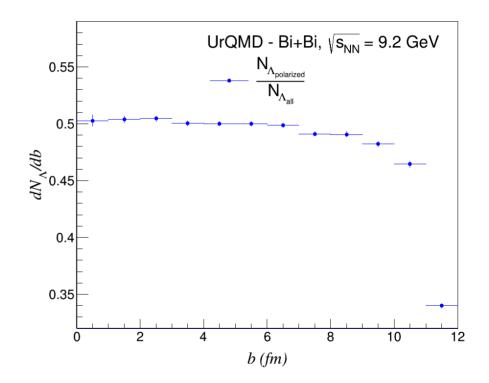
- With UrQMD we generate a small sample with core separation and assign an arbitrary polarization to the particles outside the core ~ 40% along the direction of production plane which corresponds to transverse polarization in pp collisions, and we use polarization transfer method implemented for PHSD data
- We extract transverse polarization with MC data and for comparison we repeat the exercise with request 25 and 30

Samples - Used

- Bi + Bi collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ =9.2 GeV
- Request 25 ~ 2.1M events
- Request $30 \sim 2.8M$ events
- Core-Corona ~150000 events with UrQMD and Core-Corona separation.

Corona + Secondary

 Ratio between polarized Λ s produced in the corona with respect all Λ s, including those secondary produced by decays



Task follows examples of pairKK and photon wagon

- MpdVOAnalysisTask preliminary analysis done with MCTracks, because the low statistics in core-corona sample
 - Implements Event Plane angle to get polarization with flow method
 - Implements Centrality to get Polarization as a function of centrality

RunAnalises.C macro

- To know time and memory consumption you can add
 - At the begging of macro
 - TStopwatch timer;
 - timer.Start();
 - ProcInfo_t proc;
 - MemInfo_t memory;
 - At the end of macro
 - timer.Stop();
 - Double_t rtime = timer.RealTime(), ctime = timer.CpuTime();
 - printf("RealTime=%f seconds, CpuTime=%f seconds\n", rtime, ctime);
 - cout << "Macro finished successfully." << endl;

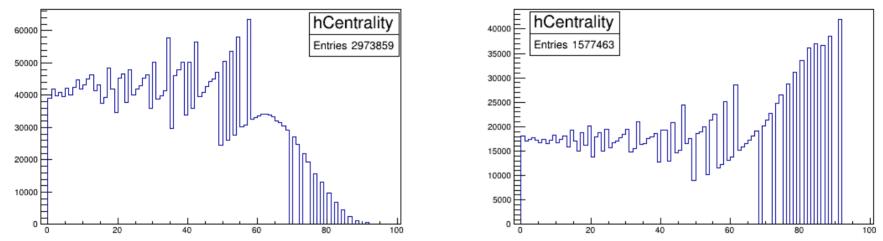
Tasks required for this analysis

- To get Centrality
 - MpdCentralityAll pCentr("pCentr","pCentr");
 - man.AddTask(&pCentr) ;
- To get Event Plane
 - MpdEventPlaneAll pEP("pEP","pEP");
 - man.AddTask(&pEP);
- To implement the task
 - MpdV0AnalysisTask MpdV0AnalysisTask("V0","V0");
 - man.AddTask(&MpdV0AnalysisTask);

Lego Train helps to parallelize analysis

- Analysis split in 56 nodes (PHSD) and 38 nodes (UrQMD)
- For each 50000 PHSD events
 - RealTime=16731.950305 seconds, CpuTime=15284.050000 seconds
- For each 54900 UrQMD events
 - RealTime=7696.981067 seconds, CpuTime=7006.290000 seconds

Centrality Distribution obtained



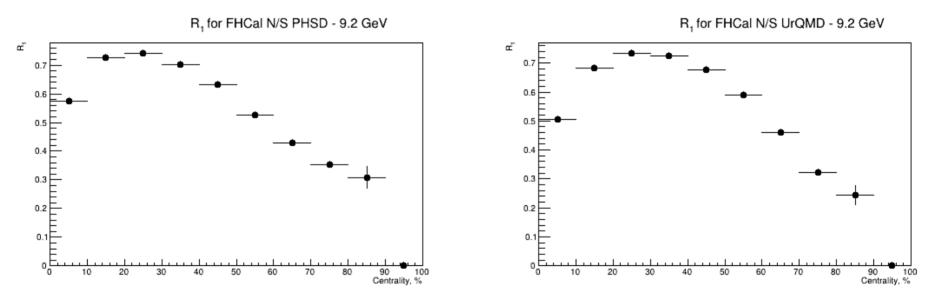
Centrality distribution PHSD - 9.2 GeV

 Histograms from Centrality task - file pCentr.root for PHSD(left) and UrQMD(right) samples

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Centrality distribution UrQMD - 9.2 GeV

Event Plane Resolution obtained



• Histograms from Event Plane task – file pEP.root for PHSD(left) and UrQMD(right) samples obtained with April MMARZERO getResolution.C

Call Centrality – as in pairKK

- In the header file MpdV0Analysistask.h
 - float cen;
 - int anaBin;
- In the implementation file MpdVOAnalysistask.cxx
 - In the function selectEvent, get the centrality and select bin with:

```
\begin{array}{l} {\rm cen} = {\rm event.getCentrTPC}();\\ {\rm AnaBin} = -1;\\ {\rm If}\;({\rm cen} >= 0\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 10)\; {\rm anaBin} = 0;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 10\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 20)\; {\rm anaBin} = 1;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 10\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 20)\; {\rm anaBin} = 1;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 20\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 30)\; {\rm anaBin} = 2;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 30\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 30)\; {\rm anaBin} = 3;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 30\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 40)\; {\rm anaBin} = 3;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 40\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 50)\; {\rm anaBin} = 4;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 50\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 50)\; {\rm anaBin} = 5;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 60\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 70)\; {\rm anaBin} = 5;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 70\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 80)\; {\rm anaBin} = 7;\\ {\rm if}\;({\rm cen} >= 80\;\&\&\; {\rm cen} < 90)\; {\rm anaBin} = 8;\\\\ {\rm April}\;11th,\;2023 \end{array}
```

- To Fill histograms for each centrality bin
 - In the header File

TH1F *h[10];

 In the implementation file, describe the histogram in the UserInit function

```
for(Int_t k=0;k<10;++k){
```

h[10]=new TH1F(Form("h_%d",k),Form("Cent. Bin %d",k),100,0,10);

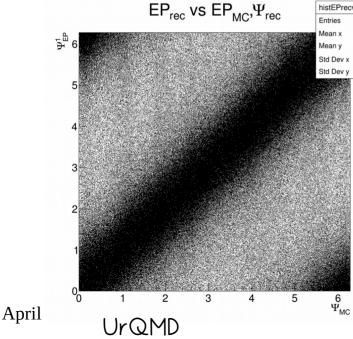
}

- In the ProcessEvent function in the corresponding loop of you analysis fill the histogram for each bin

h[anaBin]->Fill(my_variable);

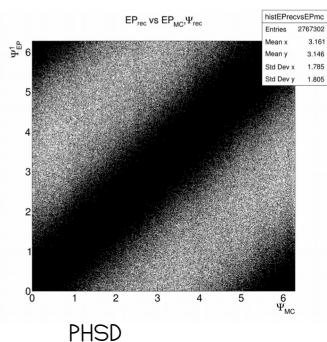
Call Event Plane

- In the function ProcessEvent, get the angle and write in the interval (0,2 π) with:
 - Double_t EPtrain = event.fMpdEP.GetPhiEP_FHCal_F_all() + TMath::Pi();





Comparison with Generated event plane EPMC = MCHeader->GetRotZ();



To check the Task we calculate

• Transverse local polarization with the angular distribution

 $\mathcal{P}_{\Lambda} =$

 $\frac{dN}{d\Omega} = \frac{N}{4\pi} (1 + \alpha \cos \theta')$

With the angle Θ ' of decay proton measured with respect the normal to production plane given by $\hat{n} \equiv \frac{\vec{p}_{beam} \times \vec{p}_{\Lambda}}{|\vec{p}_{beam} \times \vec{p}_{\Lambda}|}$

 Global Polarization with the same method as in local polarization but now the angle measured with respect the Total angular Momentum

$$\hat{L} = \hat{b} \times \hat{p_{beam}} = (\sin \Psi_{EP}, -\cos \Psi_{EP}, 0)$$

• Global Polarization with the Flow Method

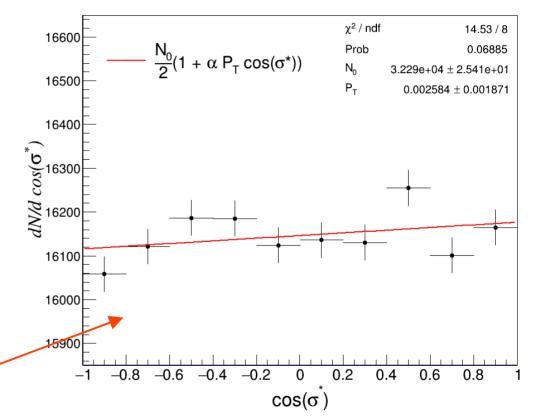
$$\frac{-\frac{8\langle\sin\left(\phi_p - \Psi_{RP}\right)\rangle}{\pi\alpha}}{\pi\alpha}$$
 For each centrality bin

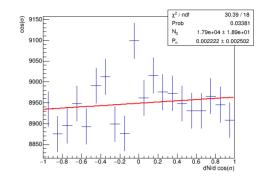
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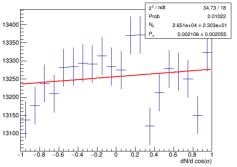
Results with MCTracks Fits to histograms

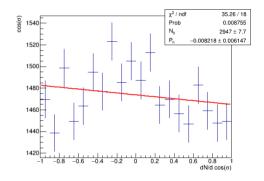
Fit to extract polarization

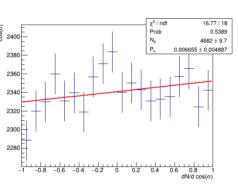
- Distribution of decay proton with respect to:
 - Normal to production plane
 - Transverse polarization
 - Angular momentum
 - Global Polarization
- On the plot w.r.t normal to production plane



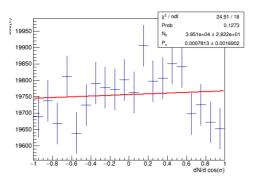


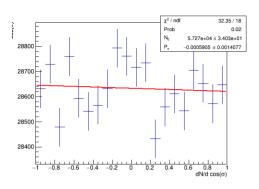


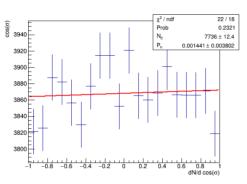












 χ^2 / ndf

Prob No

Р

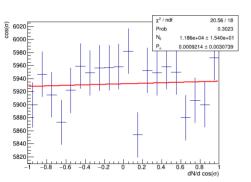
16.92 / 18

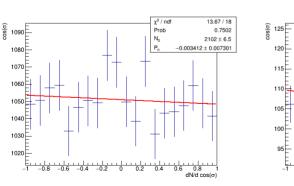
 211.6 ± 2.1

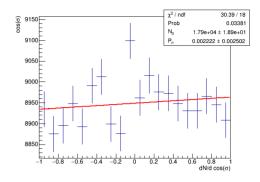
-0.05078 ± 0.02300

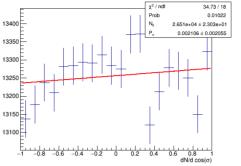
dN/d cos/a

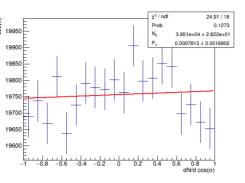
0.5288

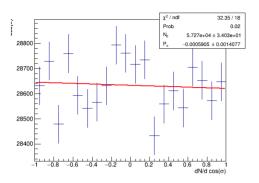


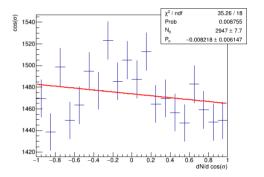


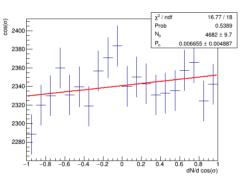


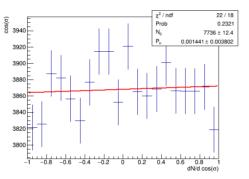


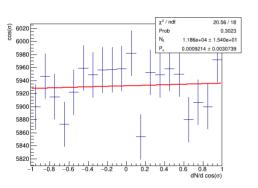




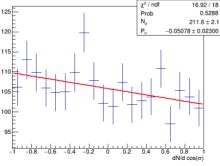


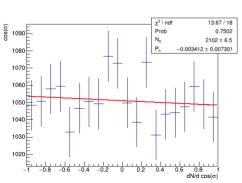




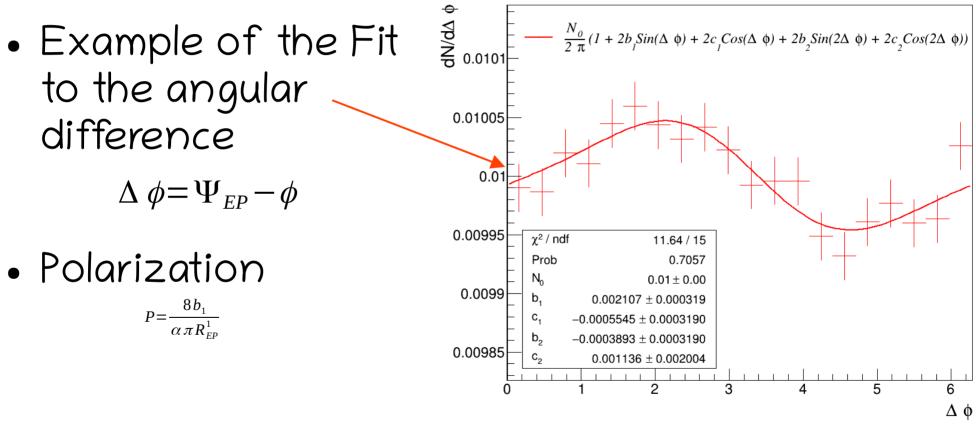




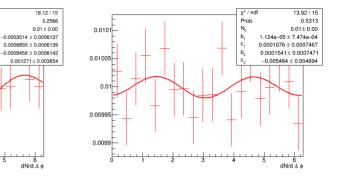


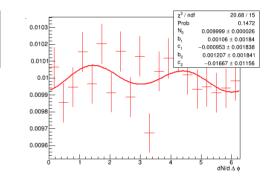


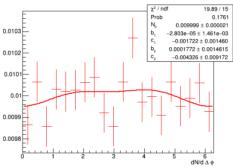
Fit to extract polarization



April 11th, 2023







 γ^2 / ndf

Prob

N.

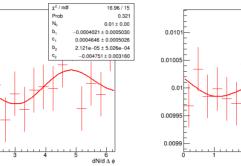
h.

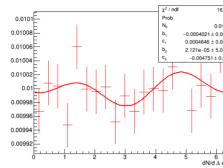
с,

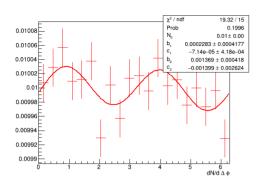
b,

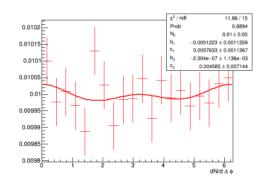
dN/d Δ φ

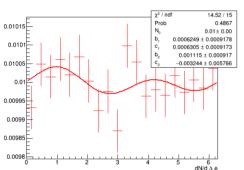


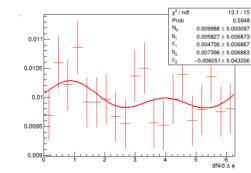


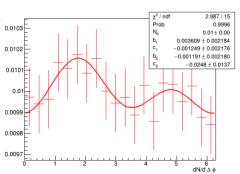




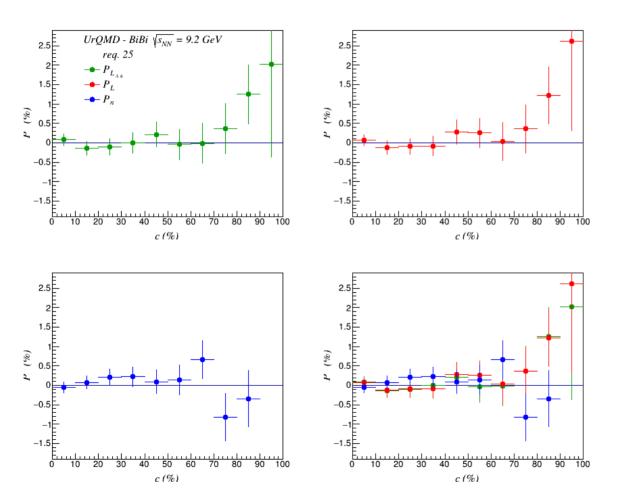




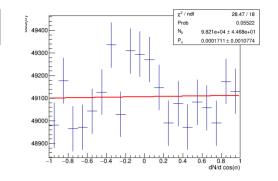


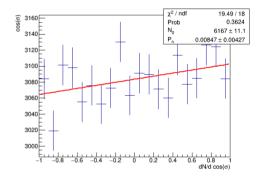


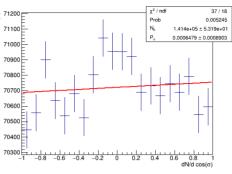
Comparison of Results



- Most peripheral bins shows a global polarization - even sample was not generated with polarization
- Projection method and Flow method shows similar results
- Transverse polarization is consistent with zero except the most peripheral bins from positive change to negative value 5% in c(90.100)21







10050

10000

9950

9900 F

9850 F

9800

 γ^2 / ndf

Prob

No

P

28.17/18

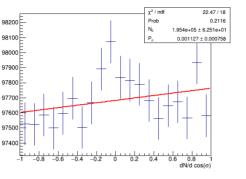
0.05945

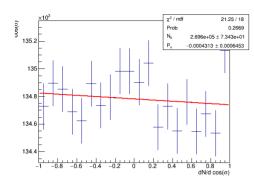
1.988e+04 ± 1.994e+01

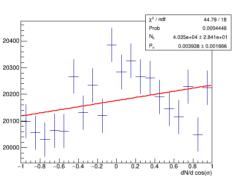
-0.002162 ± 0.002374

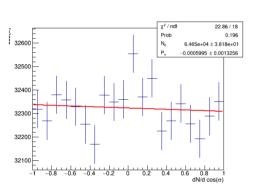
0.8

dN/d cos(o)

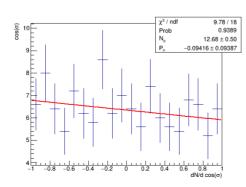


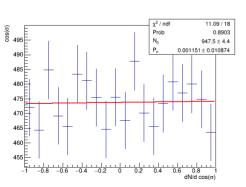


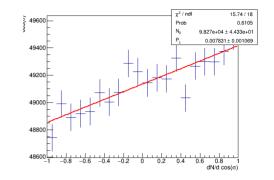


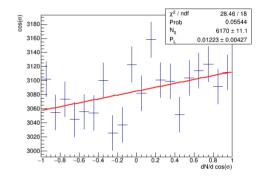


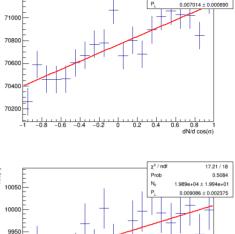












1 -0.2 0

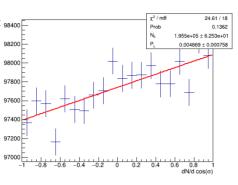
-0.4

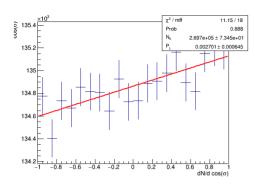
71200

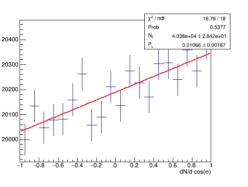
9900

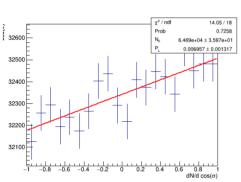
9850

9800











20.68/18

1.415e+05 ± 5.320e+01

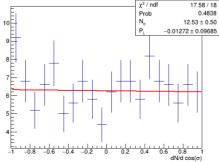
dN/d cos(o)

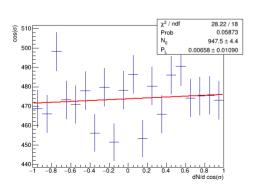
0.2959

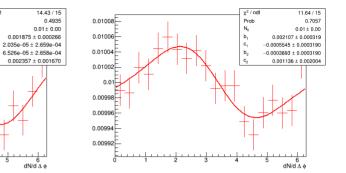
 x^2 / ndf

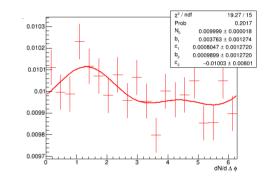
Prob

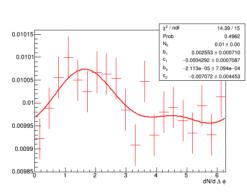
No











 γ^2 / ndf

Prob

N.

b,

c,

b,

с.

dN/d Δ ø

0.01006

0.01004

0.01002

0.00998

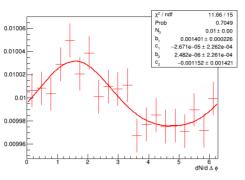
0.00996

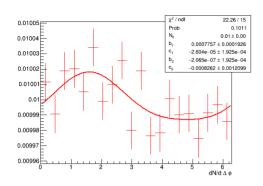
0.00994

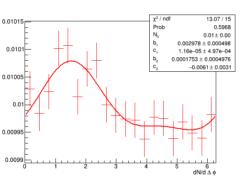
0.00992

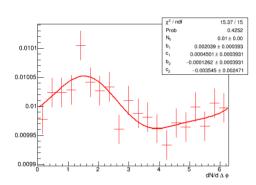
0.01

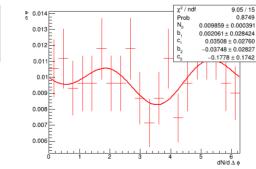


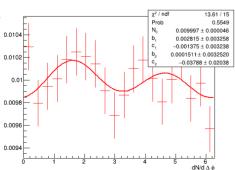




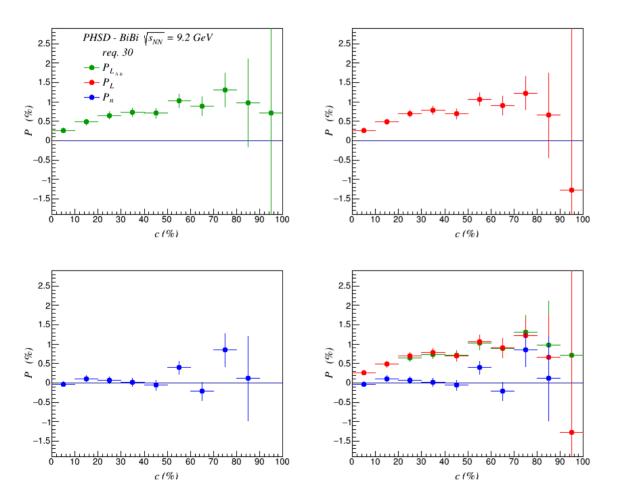








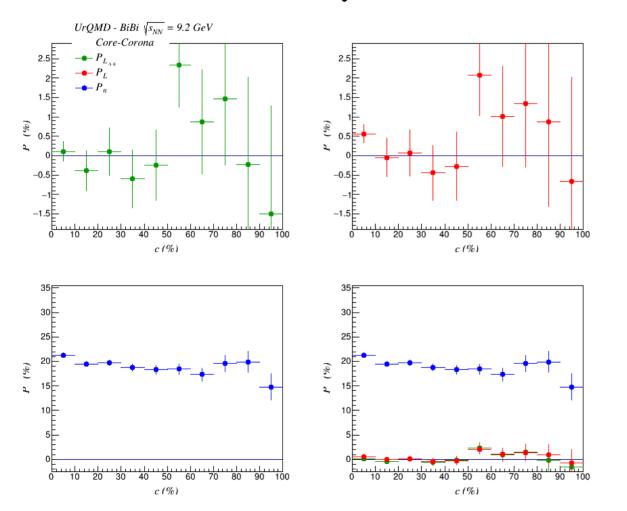
Comparison of Results



- Most peripheral bin require more statistics
- Projection method and Flow method shows similar results (green and red)
- Transverse polarization is consistent with zero except the most peripheral bins from positive change to negative value 9% in c(90,100) higher wrt UrQMD 25

Similar for Core - Corona

Comparison of Results



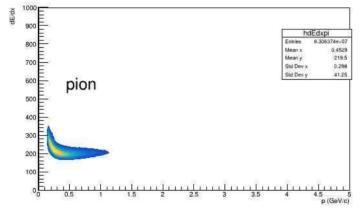
- Poor statistics for global polarization
- Projection method and Flow method shows similar results (green and red) as in previous
- Transverse polarization measured is 20% assuming only ~50% of particles are polarized dilutes original polarization by half

Results with MpdGlobalTracks Requires particle ID and VO reconstruction

Select protons and pions

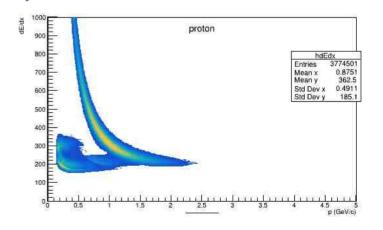
- For now only for Lambda
- Follows the function selectTrack as in pairKK and photons
- It select events that pass cuts on l&etal, pT, nhits and dca and applies PID selection with MpdPID class in

https://git.jinr.ru/nica/mpdroot/-/tree/dev/core/mpdPid



• Is implemented with the following lines

 $\label{eq:solution} \begin{array}{l} \text{isGoodPID} = \\ \text{mPID} \rightarrow \text{FillProbs}(\text{TMath::Abs}(\text{pt})^{*}\text{TMath::CosH(eta),track} \\ \rightarrow \text{GetdEdXTPC}()^{*}6.036\text{e-}3, \text{track} \rightarrow \text{GetTofMass2}(), \text{-}1); \\ \text{if (isGoodPID && (mPID->GetProbPi() < 0.75)) } \\ \text{return false;} \end{array}$



April 11th, 2023

Example of output histograms

VO reconstruction

• Follows photons task to build Lambda with trp and trn MpdTpcKalmanTracks

MpdTpcKalmanTrack trCorK1(*trp); MpdHelix helixp = MakeHelix(trCorK1); MpdParticle pr(trCorK1, 0); if(chargep > 0)pr.SetPdg(2212); if(chargep < 0)pr.SetPdg(-2212); pr.SetMass(0.938272);

MpdTpcKalmanTrack trCorK2(*trn); MpdHelix helixn = MakeHelix(trCorK2); MpdParticle pi(trCorK2, 0); if(chargen > 0)pi.SetPdg(211); if(chargep < 0)pi.SetPdg(-211); pi.SetMass(0.139570);

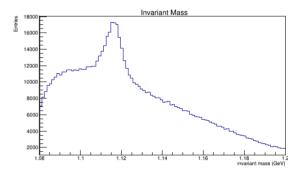
mPartV0.clear(); mPartV0.emplace_back(&pr); mPartV0.emplace_back(&pi);

MpdParticle V0La;

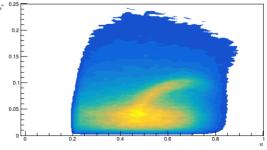
float chi2La = Tmath::Abs(V0La.BuildMother(mPartV0)); float ptLa = V0La.Pt();

• Clean the signal requires improve the cuts on VO reconstruction

Examples of output



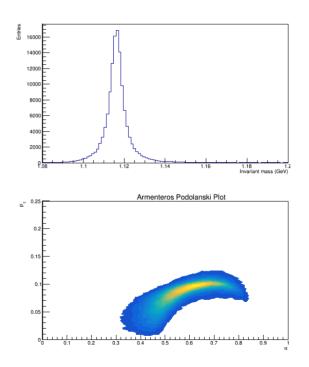
Armenteros Podolanski Plot

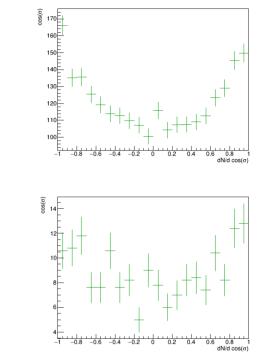


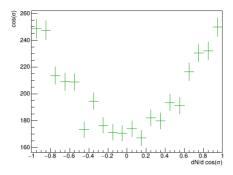
Starting with MC association

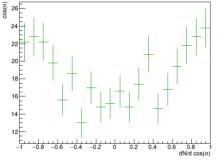
- To test the task, first attempt is with MC association
- Cleans the signal

Examples of output

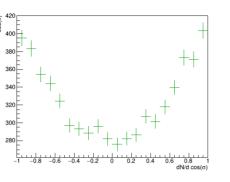


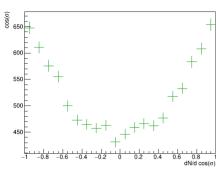


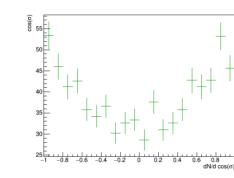


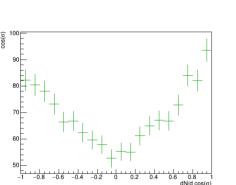


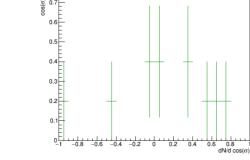


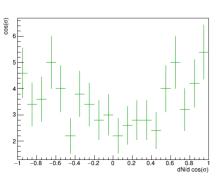


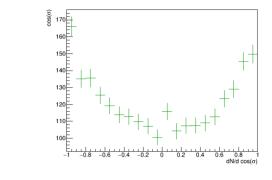


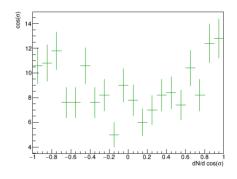






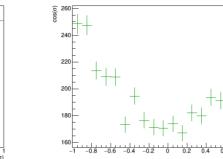


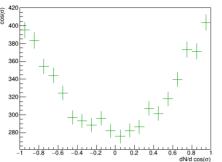


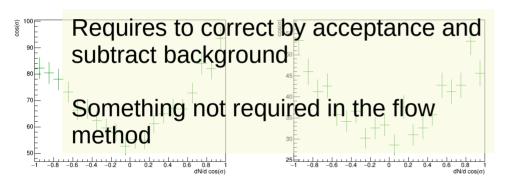


UrQMD Transverse Polarization - projection

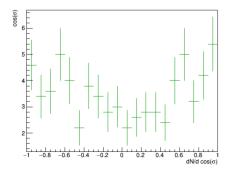
dN/d cos/c





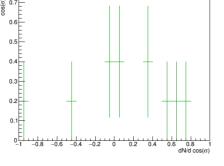


dN/d cos/c

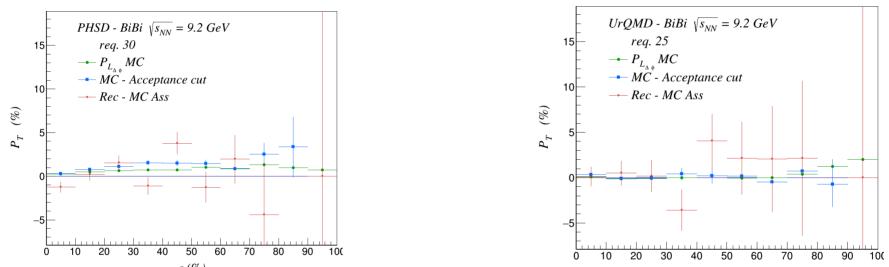


650

500



Global Polarization with Flow Method



- Selected tracks in acceptance of detector modifies the distribution, it looks to increase a little bit polarization (blue line)
- Reconstruction with association requires improve the selection on task April 11th, 2023

Summary

- It has been shown the implementation of analysis train, the task call centrality and event plane determination
- Results of polarization with MC tracks are shown for PHSD, UrQMD and Core-Corona
- This is work in progress it need to be improved to measure polarization contribution from corona
- Preliminary version https://github.com/iamaldonado/CoreCoronaTask