





# **Particle Identification in SPD**

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#### **Particle identifications in SPD**



### **PID in SPD: past status**

#### **Straw tracker**



### Outline

- 1) PID in new TOF geometry
- 2) FARICH
- 3) DIRC
- 4) Conclusion

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### SPD geometry 2023



# **TOF geometry: changes**

previous geometry geometry 2023



### **TOF** analysis

Magnetic field





 $p \in [0.1; 8.0, step = 0.01 GeV]$ 

m<sup>2</sup> vs p



### **PID in SPD: changes**

**Old geometry/New geometry** 



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#### **DIRC - Detection of Internally Reflected** Cherenkov Light

Separate kaons and pions with at least 3 standard deviations for momenta up to 3.5 GeV/c

The PANDA Barrel DIRC Detector at FAIR



### **DIRC in SpdRoot: geometry**



### **DIRC in SpdRoot: material**

#### Number of module: 32

#### **Module size** = 77 (T) x 15 (W) x 3400 (L) mm

#### **Material**: SiO<sub>2</sub> fused Silica ("Quartz")

#### Atomic and nuclear properties of materials: Silicon dioxide (fused quartz) (SiO<sub>2</sub>)

Quantity	Value	Units	Value	Units
<z a=""></z>	0.49930			
Density	2.20	g cm <sup>-3</sup>		
Minimum ionization	1.699	MeV g <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>2</sup>	3.737	MeV cm <sup>-1</sup>
Nuclear collision length	65.2	g cm <sup>-2</sup>	29.64	cm
Nuclear interaction length	97.8	g cm <sup>-2</sup>	44.47	cm
Pion collision length	91.9	g cm <sup>-2</sup>	41.77	cm
Pion interaction length	128.8	g cm <sup>-2</sup>	58.56	cm
Radiation length	27.05	g cm <sup>-2</sup>	12.29	cm

#### // fused material

TGeoElement \*elSi = new TGeoElement("Silicon", "Si", 14., 28.09); TGeoElement \*elO = new TGeoElement("Oxygen", "O", 8., 16.00);

Double\_t density = 2.200; // fused quartz
TGeoMixture \*fusedsilica = new TGeoMixture("Quartz", 2, density);
fusedsilica->AddElement(elSi, 1);
fusedsilica->AddElement(el0, 2);

TGeoMedium \*medfusedsilica = new TGeoMedium("medfusedsilica", 0, fusedsilica);

### **DIRC in SpdRoot: length**



#### In Barrel

# Study



SpdEcalRCParticle \*part = (SpdEcalRCParticle \*)EcalParticlesRC\_→EcalParticlesRC\_→At(ip); Ereco = part->GetEnergy();

#### Generated two samples: 1) with DIRC 2) without DIRC

**TOTAL NUMBER OF RAD.L.** L = 110 cm, 85 degree With DIRC = 0.28 Without DIRC = 0.16

 $\Theta \in [40 - 160]$  degree  $E \in [0.1; 3.0, step = 0.01 \, GeV]$ 

In Barrel

### (E<sub>true</sub> - E<sub>reco</sub>)/E<sub>true</sub>

#### Without DIRC

With DIRC



# Mean and Sigma

#### electron

In Barrel



### Xlast vertex VS Ylast vertex

In Barrel



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## Efficiency



#### photon







**96%** → **86%** 

### (E<sub>true</sub> - E<sub>reco</sub>)/E<sub>true</sub>

#### photon

electron



R<sub>last vertex</sub> in [89 - 92]

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#### Focusing Aerogel RICH (FARICH) detector

center, mm

Y-Y

**Purpose**: identification of high momentum particles (p≥1.5 GeV)

**Requirement**:  $\pi/K$  separation at 6 GeV/c up to 3.5 $\sigma$ 



#### Principle of detector operation

1006 GeV 80604020-20 -40 -60 -80 -100-80 -100-60 100 -40 4060 80

X-X center, mm

Accumulated xy distribution of hits

### **FARICH in SpdRoot**

Current situation



# FARICH in SpdRoot: plan

#### Implement to SpdRoot

The first meeting with the Novosibirsk team took place on 26/09/2023

Based on stand-alone GEANT4 based simulation program from team Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, Novosibirsk Thanks to *A.Yu. Barnyakova, V.S. Bobrovnikov* 





### **FARICH in SpdRoot: first steps**



## Conclusion

#### TOF

• TOF PID parametrizations for geometry 2023 is updated.

#### DIRC

 The influence of the DIRC detector material on particle reconstruction in ECAL was examined. 10% of photons stop in DIRC. But for them DIRC works as a preshower

#### <u>FARICH</u>

• Work on implementation FARICH in SpdRoot is started. Stand-alone GEANT4 based simulation program from Novosibirsk team is taken as the starting point.