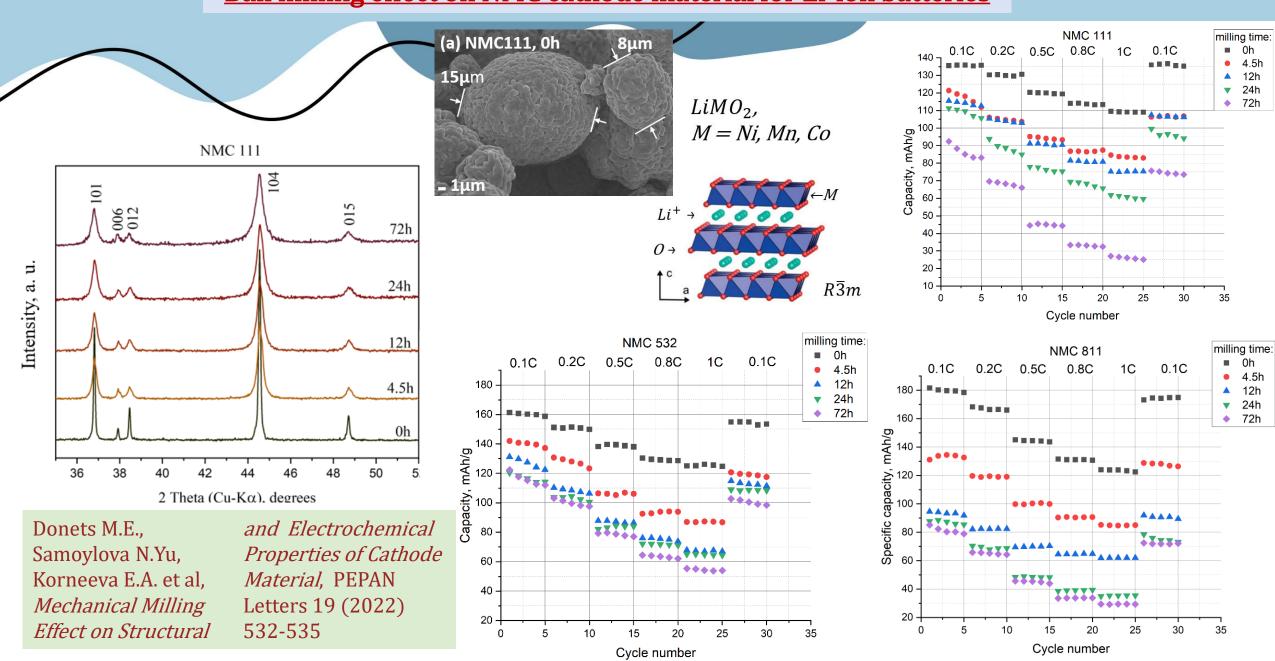


Ball Milling Treatment Effects on the Electrochemical Capacity of the P2-Na0.7MnO2 cathode material

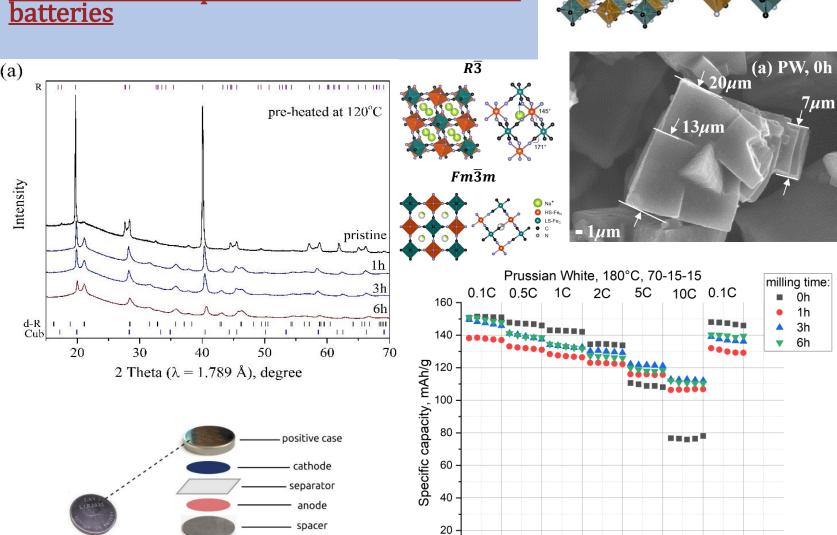
M.E. Donets, O.Yu. Ponomareva, S.V. Sumnikov, R.N. Vasin, E.A. Korneeva, N.Yu. Samoylova



Ball milling effect on NMC cathode material for Li-ion batteries

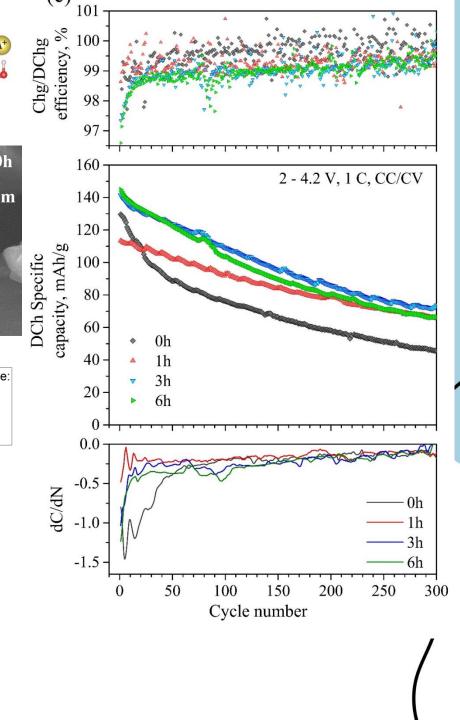


Microstructure modification of the Prussian White cathode material and its effect on the electrochemical performance of sodium-ion batteries

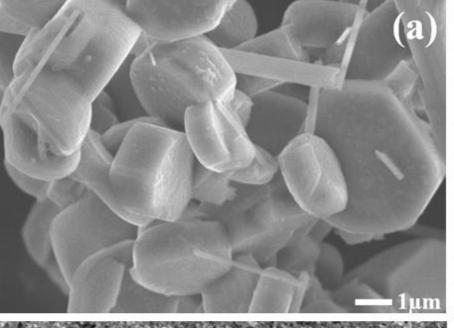


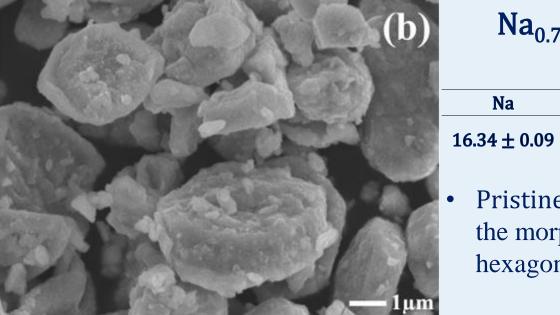
negative case

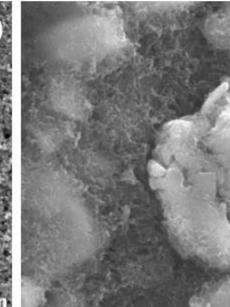
Cycle number



SEM-images of pristine and milled NMO samples







Na_{0.7}MnO₂, or NMO

 36.6 ± 0.1

Na

content, at%			
	Mn	0	

 47.1 ± 0.2

- Pristine NMO material has the morphology of a regular hexagonal prism.
- Milling program in a planetary mill: 15min at 200 rpm and 30min at 600 rpm.
- Milling was carried out both for powder and for slurry.
- The destruction of prismshaped particles occurs as milling time increases.

Electrochemical study

positive case

cathode

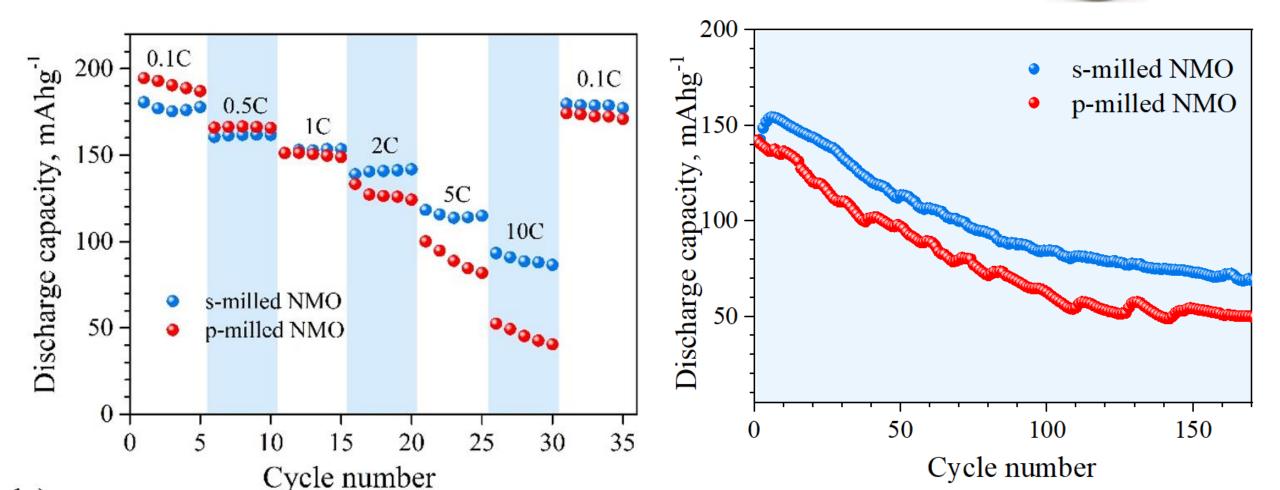
separator - anode

spacer

spring

negative case

Electrode composition: NMO / KetJen Black / PVDF Voltage window: $2 \div 4 \text{ V}$



O Na In-situ XRD patterns of the Na0.7MnO2/Na cell under a current rate of 0.1C Mn **o o** P-milled NMO S-milled NMO $8x10^3$ 1.4x10° $1.0x10^{4}$ $9x10^{3}$ $7x10^{3}$ 6.0×10^3 $5x10^3$ $4x10^3$ $3x10^3$ O2 OP4 P2' P2 I O2 OP4 P2' P2 DCH state: vs. Na⁺/Na 50 orthorhombic phase P'2. 40 -40 -CH: redox Time, hours 30 -Time, hours reaction 30 -Mn3+/Mn4+and P'2 \rightarrow P2. 20 -20 -S-milled: prolongation 10 -10 of P2 phase existing. 20 30 32 34 36 38 20 30 32 34 36 2 Theta (λ =1.5406 Å), degree Voltage, V 2 Theta (λ =1.5406 Å), degree Voltage, V

Results and conclusions

- Compared to p-milled, s-milled sample shows:
 - 1. prolongation of P2 phase existing.
 - 2. shortening of OP4 and O2 regions. $P2\rightarrow OP4\rightarrow O2$ appear at higher voltages.
- Both p- and s-milled NMO samples revealed higher electrochemical capacity than it is shown for pure and doped NMO in published articles.
- **0.1C 0.5C**: The capacity of p-milled NMO is higher than that of s-milled, but this difference decreases as the current increases from 0.1C to 0.5C.
- 1C: the capacities of both materials take approximately the same values.
- **2C-10C**: s-milled NMO shows a significantly higher capacity than p-milled and operates more stable.

1

S-milled NMO works better at high rates (2C, 5C, 10C) with capacities of 140mAh/g, 118 mAh/g and 90 mAh/g, respectively.

Thank You for Your Kind Attention!

