Performance studies towards flow measurements in the recent BM@N physical run

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Anisotropic flow & spectators

The azimuthal angle distribution is decomposed in a Fourier series relative to reaction plane angle:



$$arphi(arphi-\Psi_{RP})=rac{1}{2\pi}(1+2\sum_{n=1}^\infty v_n\cos n(arphi-\Psi_{RP}))$$
Anisotropic flow:

$$v_n = \langle \cos \left[n (arphi - \Psi_{RP})
ight]
angle$$

Anisotropic flow is sensitive to:

- Time of the interaction between overlap region and spectators
- Compressibility of the created matter



Discrepancy is probably due to non-flow correlations

Describing the high-density matter using the mean field Flow measurements constrain the mean field

HADES: dv_1/dy scaling with collision energy and system size



- Scaling with collision energy is observed in model and experimental data
- Scaling with system size is observed in model and experimental data
- We can compare the results with HIC-data from other experiments(e.g. STAR-FXT Au+Au

The BM@N experiment (GEANT4 simulation for RUN8)



Analysis setup

- The whole L1 production was analysed
- Event selection criteria (~40M events selected)
 - CCT2 trigger
 - 10^4 < Integral BC1 < 4×10^4
 - Number tracks for vertex > 1
- Track selection criteria

 $\circ M_{p}^{2} - 2\sigma < m^{2} < M_{p}^{2} + 2\sigma$

Proton identification



Proton candidates were selected with fitting the m^2 vs p\q

Selection criteria: <m>±2*o*

See the talk of T.Kuimov for more details

Proton p_T -y acceptance



Centrality with MC-Glauber for RUN8



(See the talk of I.Segal)

Flow vectors

From momentum of each measured particle define a u_{n} -vector in transverse plane:

$$u_n=e^{in\phi}$$

where φ is the azimuthal angle

Sum over a group of u_n -vectors in one event forms Q_n -vector:

$$Q_n = rac{\sum_{k=1}^N w_n^k u_n^k}{\sum_{k=1}^N w_n^k} = |Q_n| e^{in \Psi_n^{EP}}$$

 Ψ_n^{EP} is the event plane angle



10²

10

 $p_{\tau} > 0.2 \text{ GeV/c}$

Flow methods for v_n calculation

Tested in HADES:

M Mamaev et al 2020 PPNuclei 53, 277–281 M Mamaev et al 2020 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 1690 012122

Scalar product (SP) method:

$$v_1 = rac{\langle u_1 Q_1^{F1}
angle}{R_1^{F1}} \qquad v_2 = rac{\langle u_2 Q_1^{F1} Q_1^{F3}
angle}{R_1^{F1} R_1^{F3}}$$

Where R_1 is the resolution correction factor

$$R_1^{F1}=\langle \cos(\Psi_1^{F1}-\Psi_1^{RP})
angle$$

Symbol "F2(F1,F3)" means R₁ calculated via (3S resolution):

$$R_1^{F2(F1,F3)} = rac{\sqrt{\langle Q_1^{F2}Q_1^{F1}
angle \langle Q_1^{F2}Q_1^{F3}
angle}}{\sqrt{\langle Q_1^{F1}Q_1^{F3}
angle}}$$

Method helps to eliminate non-flow Using 2-subevents doesn't



Symbol "F2{Tp}(F1,F3)" means R₁ calculated via (4S resolution):

$$R_1^{F2\{Tp\}(F1,F3)} = \langle Q_1^{F2}Q_1^{Tp}
angle rac{\sqrt{\langle Q_1^{F1}Q_1^{F3}
angle}}{\sqrt{\langle Q_1^{Tp}Q_1^{F1}
angle \langle Q_1^{Tp}Q_1^{F3}
angle}}$$

Azimuthal asymmetry of the BM@N acceptance



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SP R1: DCMQGCM-SMM Xe+Cs@4A GeV

SP gives unbiased estimation of v_n (root-mean-square) EP gives biased estimation (somewhere between mean and RMS)



Using the additional sub-events from tracking provides a robust combination to calculate resolution ¹³



R1: BM@N Run8 DATA: Xe+Cs@3.8A GeV





T-: all negatively charged particles with:

- 1.5 < η < 4
- p_τ > 0.2 GeV/c

T+: all positively charged particles with:

- 2.0 < η < 3
- p_T > 0.2 GeV/c

v1: BM@N Run8 DATA: Xe+Cs@3.8A GeV



Summary

- Resolution correction factor is calculated for RUN8 Xe+CsI collisions at beam energy of 3.8A GeV:
 - Using additional sub-events from tracking provides with a robust estimation
- Directed flow v₁ was calculated for RUN8 Xe+CsI collisions at beam energy of 3.8A GeV with respect to different spectator symmetry planes from FHCal
 - Good agreement between v_1 obtained with respect to different FHCal symmetry planes is observed for both y_{cm} and p_T dependencies
- Outlook:
 - The comparison with VF tracking results is ongoing
 - Rub-by-run systematics will be studied

Backup

FHCal Q-vector correlations (PLAIN)



FHCal Q-vector correlations (RECENTERED)



FHCal Q-vector correlations (RESCALED)



T- x F1 correlations



T- x F1 correlations (all steps)



Selecting the pseudorapididty window for T+ vector



Q-vector correlations (PLAIN)



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