<u>Detection of neutrons at 0 degrees from the dissociation of</u> <u>Xe @3.8 AGeV nuclei</u>

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The aim of this work is the interaction of ¹²⁴Xe⁺⁵⁴ ions with a CsI target with neutron emission at zero degrees in laboratory system.

In the nuclear electromagnetic interaction, the parity and spin of the system are preserved.

Expected reactions:

¹²⁴Xe (0⁺)
$$\rightarrow$$
 ¹²³Xe (1/2⁺) + **n**(1/2⁺)
¹²⁴Xe (0⁺) \rightarrow ¹²²Xe (0⁺) + **2n**(0⁺,1⁺)

There are **no experimental data** for the presented reactions in the energy range 1-4 AGeV



Schematic illustration of the electric field created by a relativistic heavy ion traveling on a straight line. There is an interaction with the charge of the target nucleus and the deflection of protons relative to the center of mass.

This electric field may excite the giant dipole mode.

(G.P. Baur and C.A. Bertulani, Phys. Rep. 163

(1988) 299)



time

mode

Shematic picture of the GDR in the Steinwedel and Jensen model. (H.Steinwedel and J.H.D. Jensen, Z. Nat. 5a (1950) 413)

Nuclei exitation



Spectrum of 92.5-MeV electrons scattered at 105°

I.A. Pshenichnov, U.A. Dmitrieva

"Emission of forward nucleons by 129Xe in UPC at $\sqrt{\text{SNN}} = 5.44$ TeV: Preliminary data vs RELDIS"

| Production of ^{126,127,128} ₅₄ Xe ^{RELDIS:} Total single EMD: 50.6 b Mutual EMD: 0.69 b | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|--|--------------------------------|--------|
| | Residual nucleus from beam C | ZNC | ZNA | $\sigma \pm \sigma_{\text{fit_err}} \pm \sigma_{\text{stat_err}}$ (barns) normalized to RELDIS | σ _{RELDIS} (barns) | |
| | ¹²⁸ Xe | ln | Xn | $22.51 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.06 = 22.51 \pm 0.08$ | 21.44 ± 0.05 | (0+) |
| | ¹²⁷ Xe | 2n | Xn | $6.04 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.03 = 6.04 \pm 0.05$ | 4.65 ± 0.02 | (1/2+) |
| | ¹²⁶ Xe | 3n | Xn | $2.64 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.02 = 2.64 \pm 0.04$ | 1.2 ± 0.01 | (0+) |

Errors are only from fitting procedure (e.g. due to parameter correlations) and purely statistical $(1/\sqrt{n_{events}}$ for each neutron peak), same for RELDIS.

No corrections for acceptance or detection efficiency yet ...

Private message from the Doctor of Sciences in Physics and Mathematics I.A. Pshenichnov



Schematic view

Position 0 degree



Forward Quarz Hodoscope

16 quartz strips 10x4x160mm³

High Granularity Neutron detector

15 layers Veto + 5 Pb + 9 Cu Scintillator cell 40 x 40 x 25 mm³ 135 readout channels



| Trigger statistics | Beam time 30 min was allocated Beam position x=-7mm y=-14mm | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| | Target CsI(2%) | Target Empty | | |
| Special runs | All triggers: 893752 BT trigger: 662453 | All triggers: 121177 BT trigger: 113959 | | |
| Only BEAM TRIGGER for analysis | 2 data sets due to the deflection of the beam in targe Beam position x=-12.4mm y=-12.2mm | | | |
| | Target Csl(2%) | Target Empty | | |
| Additionally removed events with the remaining triggers from the analysis | All triggers: 373967 BT trigger: 275616 | All triggers: 105959 BT trigger: 99861 | | |

Fragments charge distribution in FQH



Simulation Xe beam in HODO with neutron emission



Beam position in hodoscope

| | Beam position in hodoscope | | | | Diff target - non target | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Beam position in target | Csl(2%) Target | | EMPTY Target | | A(moon) | Λ (fit) |
| | MEAN | FIT | MEAN | FIT | Δ(mean) | Д(III) |
| x= -7 mm y= -14 mm | 8.714 | 9.208 | 8.424 | 8.923 | 0.290 cm | 0.285 cm |
| x= -12.4 mm y= -12.2 mm | 8.285 | 8.777 | 7.977 | 8.472 | 0.308 cm | 0.305 cm |

The presence of target leads to relative beam deflection of 0.3 cm associated with ionization energy losses in the target at 1.15 GeV

Clusterization in HGN



by empty layer and number of cells > 1

Simulation

Box generator Only neutrons 100k events

The efficiency of a neutron detector for two neutron events is lower than for single neutron events due to the specific of the selection algorithm



Experimental data

Neutron kinetic energy by the fastest cell in the cluster



Experimental data

No correlation between the number of clusters and the beam deflection.

Deflection in each selection is 1cm

The number of clusters is close to the simulation predictions, and one neutron is emitted



Cluster

15

Cluster

Beam position in hodoscope



The values for the two cluster events are underestimated due to the selection criteria Two clusters events have large errors, so more detailed study is required.

Beam position in hodoscope

| | | Beam position in hodoscope | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|--------|--------------|--------|---------------|
| Beam position | in | CsI(2%) Target | | EMPTY Target | | Δ(mean) |
| target | | MEAN (cm) | EVENTS | MEAN (cm) | EVENTS | |
| | 0 cluster | 8.296 ±0.003 | 63800 | 7.963 | 10960 | |
| x= -7 mm y= -14 mm | 1 clusters | 8.741 ±0.018 | 3820 | 8.202 | 410 | 0.45 ±0.02 cm |
| - | 2 clusters | 8.618 ±0.250 | 39 | - | - | 0.32 ±0.25 cm |
| | 0 cluster | 8.727 ±0.004 | 27230 | 8.411 | 9530 | |
| x= -12.4 mm y= -12.2 mm | 1 clusters | 9.128 ±0.027 | 1610 | 8.711 | 380 | 0.4 ±0.03 cm |
| - | 2 clusters | 8.92 ±0.158 | 21 | - | - | 0.19 ±0.16 cm |

The difference in the beam position between events without cluster allocation and

single cluster events is 0.44 ±0.02 cm

double clusters events is 0.28 ±0.22 cm

The beam deflection is the same in both cases within the error limits

Evaluation of the cross section

В.С.Барашенков «Сечения взаимодействия частиц и ядер с ядрами», Дубна 1993.

$$\sigma_{tot}(T,A_b,A_t) = \sigma_0(T)(A_b^{-1/3} + A_t^{-1/3})$$

$$\sigma_0(T) = 34.5T^{0.06} \text{ (mb)}$$

$$T = 3.896 \times 124 = 483,1 \text{ GeV}$$

Evaluation of the total cross section ¹²⁴Xe+CzI(2%) (3.9GeV/nuc) $\sigma_{tot}(T,A_b,A_t)=34.5*483.1^{0.06}*(124^{1/3}+130^{1/3})=497.9mb$

> Beam trigger with target 938069 $N_{tot} = 18651$ c >=1 cluster 5490 $\sigma_{tot}(dA>1)\sim147mb$

> w/o target 213820
> $N_{tot} = 4251$
>
> c >=1 cluster 790
> $\sigma_{tot}(dA>1) \sim 92mb$

The cross sections in relation to the total nuclear cross section

σ (dA>1)~147±92mb

No corrections for acceptance or detection efficiency yet ...

Conclusions

Analysis based on the beam deflection in FQH shows that the ¹²⁴Xe⁺⁵⁴ disintegration reaction proceeds with the emission of single neutron. The average number of experimental measured clusters is 1.1 and from simulation is 1.06

Analysis based on the number of clusters shows that the $^{124}Xe^{+54}$ disintegration reaction proceeds with the emission of single neutron. The deflection for one cluster is **0.44 ±0.02 cm**, and for two clusters is **0.28 ±0.22 cm**. The beam deflection is the same in both cases within the error limits.

Apparently, we are registering one type of reaction and most likely it is the emission of 1 neutron.

The nuclear cross-section estimate with **no correction** for acceptance and efficiency of the neutron detector is $\sigma(dA>1)\sim147\pm92mb$, where 92mb is a systematic error estimate from empty target. This result very preliminary.

Information about the cross-section can be used for the BM@N trigger system and for the luminosity determination in the NICA collider.

Thanks for your attention