

JOINT INSTITUTE FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH



JINR in Figures:



19 Member States



1500 scientific publications



5260 staff members



over 70 international conferences and workshops per year



1200 researchers

1000 Doctors and



800

partner universities, educational and research centres in more than 70 countries



2000 engineers and technicians

Unique Park of Basic Facilities:

- World's Top Pulsed Neutron Source
- Heavy Ion Accelerators in a Wide Energy Range

Candidates of Sciences

Megascience Project: Superconducting Collider NICA

JINR Laboratories. each being comparable with a large research institute in the scale of investigations performed



Frank Laboratory of Neutron Physics



flnph.jinr.ru



Veksler and Baldin Laboratory of High Energy Physics



lhep.jinr.ru



Flerov Laboratory of Nuclear Reactions



flerovlab.jinr.ru



Dzhelepov Laboratory of Nuclear Problems



dlnp.jinr.ru



Meshcheryakov Laboratory of Information Technologies



lit.jinr.ru



Bogoliubov Laboratory of Theoretical Physics



theor.jinr.ru



Laboratory of Radiation Biology



Irb.jinr.ru



Laboratory of Radiation Biology

Irb.jinr.ru

- 1959 first radiobiological experiments (synchrocyclotron, LNP)
- 1978 Biological Research Sector
- 1988 Biological Division at DLNP
- 1995 The Department of Radiation and Radiobiological Research
- 2005 Laboratory of Radiation biology

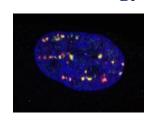


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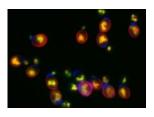


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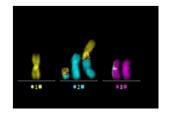
Molecular Radiobiology



Radiation Genetics

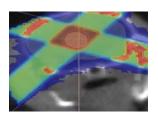


Radiation Cytogenetics



Clinical

MAIN RESEARCH FIELDS:

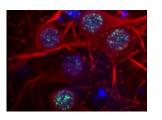


Radiobiology

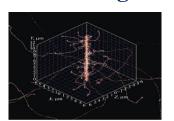
Radiation Physiology



Radiation Neuroscience



Mathematical Modeling



Radiation Research



Astrobiology



Interlaboratory Cooperation



Dzhelepov Laboratory of Nuclear Problems

- Proton therapy of cancer
- Genetics
- Detectors and Tomography





Laboratory of Radiation Biology

- Fundamental Radiobiology
- Radiation Neuroscience
- Clinical Radiobiology
- Mathematical Modeling
- Radiation Research
- Astrobiology

Infrastructure for molecular, cellular and animal research







Veksler and Baldin Laboratory of HEP





 Heavy ion beamlines for space radiobiology, technologies for beam therapy



Frank Laboratory of Neutron Physics

- Analysis in the structural biology and pharmacology
- Ecology



Mecheryakov Lab. of Information Technologies



- High performance computing
- System for biological data storage and processing
- Bioinformatics, Machine Learning



Flerov Laboratory of Nuclear Reactions

- Ion beams for cellular research
- Radionuclides synthesis for radiation medicine

JINR Research Infrastructure

U-400M cyclotron heavy ions 50 MeV/u





Infrastructure for cellular and animal research

Microscopy Tomography OMICS



Vivarium



Nuclotron heavy ions 0.15-1 GeV/u BM@N (Detector) (Detector) **Extracted beam** SHINE **ISCRA & SIMBO** (Detector) Ion source Heavy Ion Booster Nuclotron Internal **ARIADNA** target stations **SOCHI**

MSC230 cyclotron protons 230 MeV



Linac200 electrons 20-200 MeV



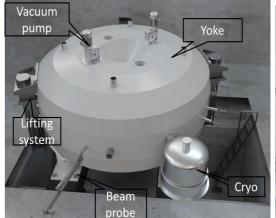






SARRP X-ray











Basic facility of the LRB: SARRP (Small Animal Radiation Research Platform)



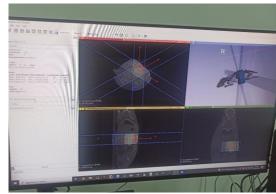
SARRP imitates modern X-ray radiation therapy systems for animal research



The 360° gantry and motorized stage allow for non-coplanar beam delivery from any angle.

Techniques utilizing planar static beams, parallel opposed beams, continuous arc therapies, multiple isocenter treatments, and nonplanar arcs can all be planned, evaluated, and delivered with SARRP









Experiments on mice tumor irradiation at SARRP

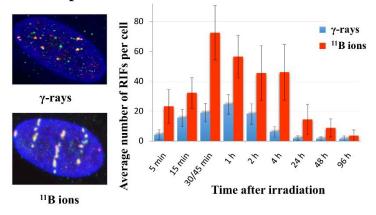
Molecular Radiobiology

DNA double strand break formation and repair

Molecular radiobiology

DNA damage, repair and regulatory mechanisms in normal and tumor cells, **Super-resolution microscopy**

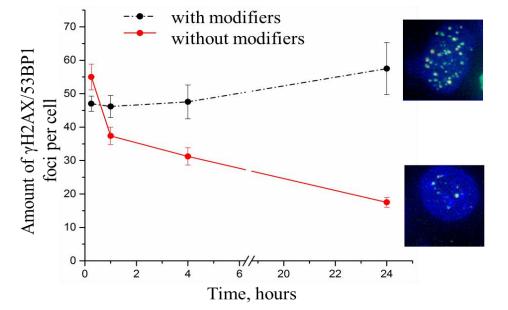




Glioblastoma tumor cells (U87) irradiated by medical proton beam (1.25 Gy)

Mechanisms of radiomodification

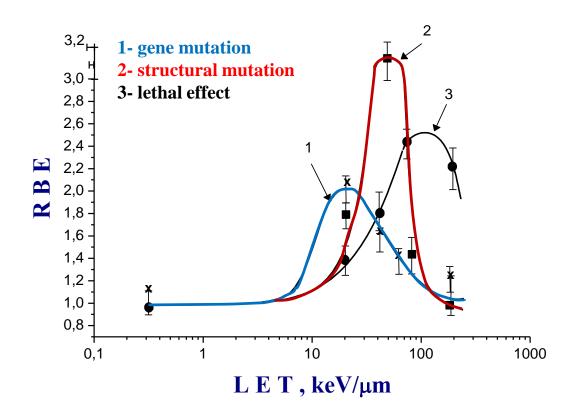
molecular agents for radiation therapy of cancer molecular mechanisms of radioprotection

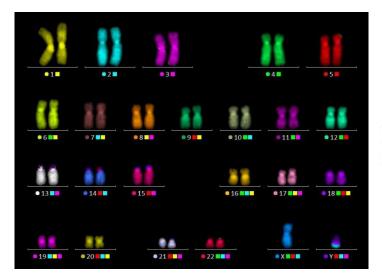


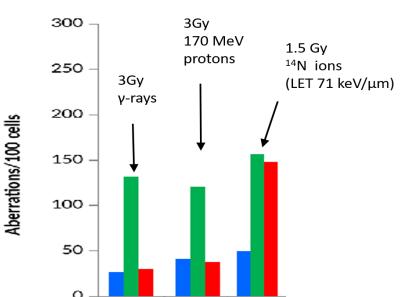


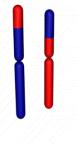
Radiation Genetics

Genetic and cytogenetic effects of radiation: gene mutations, complex chromosome aberrations, genome instability, long-term effects of radiation, biodosimetry









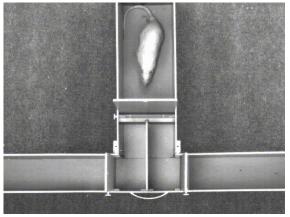


Complex chromosome aberrations (≥3 breaks)

Radiation Physiology and Neuroscience

Radiation physiology: tissue and organismal pathologies, animal behavior





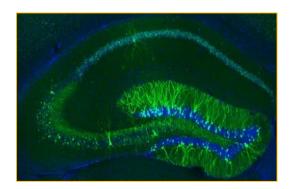
Behavioral tests

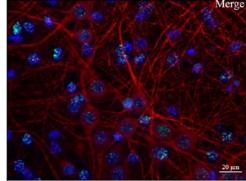




EEG records after irradiation

Radiation neuroscience: mechanisms of brain diseases and radiation-induced neurodegeneration



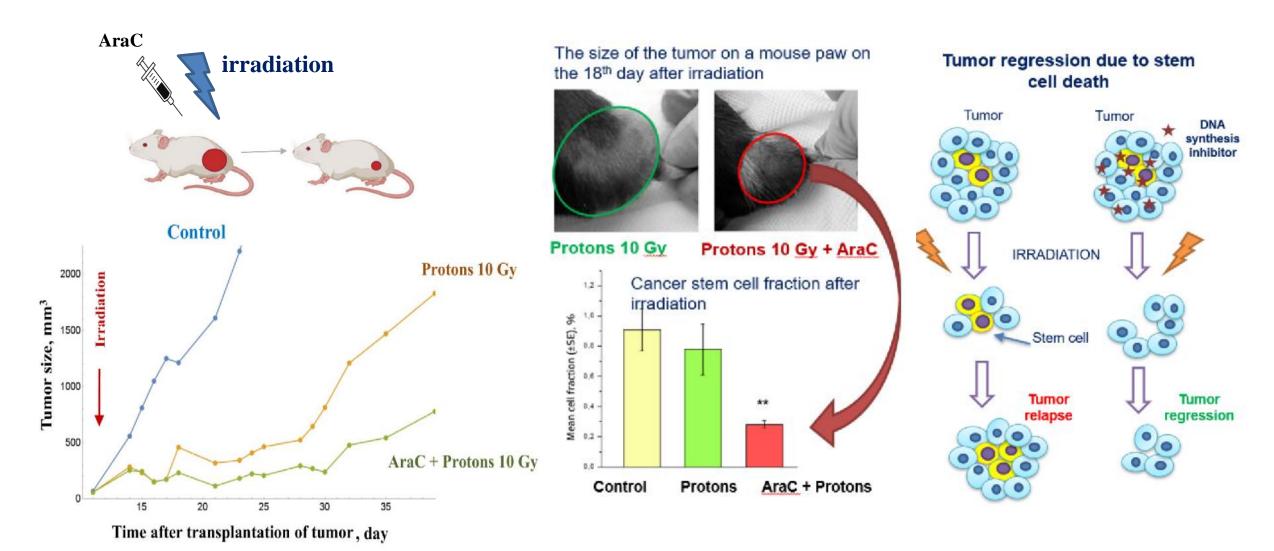


visualization of cell viability in hippocampal slice (right) and DNA damage in hippocampal cell culture (left)

Amyloid plaques in the forebrain of rats after 170 MeV proton irradiation

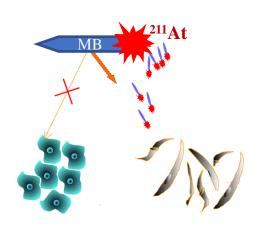
Radiation Medicine

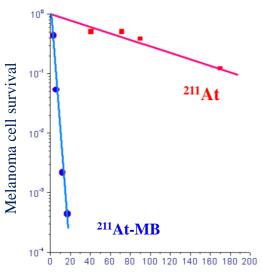
Novel methods to improve the efficiency of radiation therapy of cancer



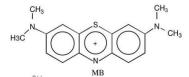
Radiation Medicine

Targeted therapy of melanoma

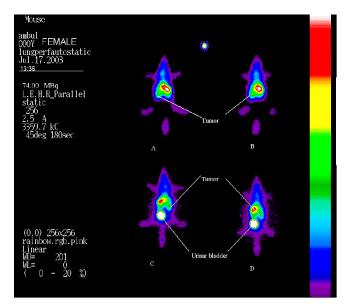




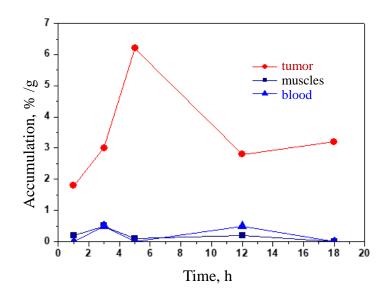
Volumetric activity of the isotope, kBq/mL



Methylene blue (MB)



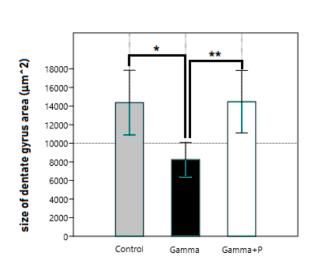
Visualization of ¹³¹I-MB accumulation in tissues of animals with inoculated melanoma



Radiation Protection

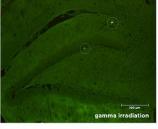
Radioprotectors:

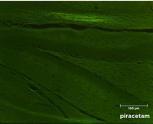
regulatory mechanisms and pharmacological modulations of radiation effects



The effect of 2 week - piracetam injection after irradiation on size of DG area of hippocampus

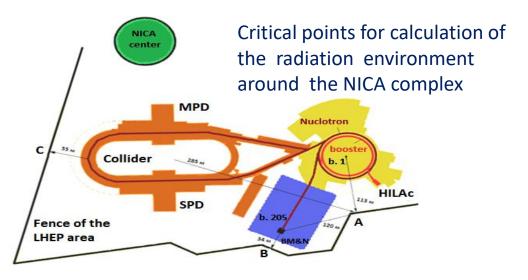






Radiation Research:

evaluation of radiation risks at nuclear objects, accelerator complexes, and spacecraft



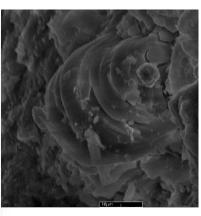
Instruments for neutron dosimetry and nuclear planetology

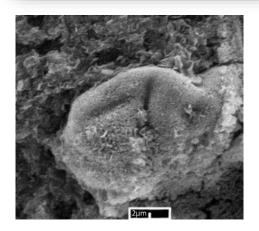


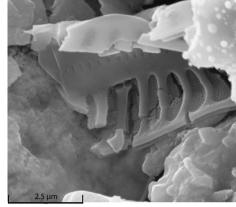
Astrobiology

search for biofossils in cosmic matter

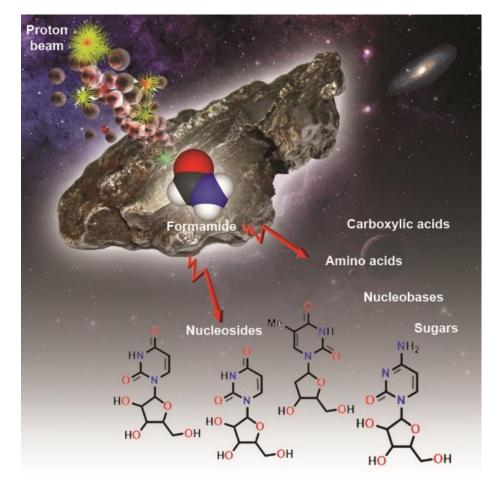








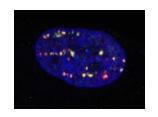
accelerator-based simulation of prebiotic compounds synthesis



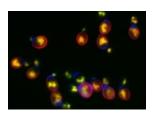
Research Program of the Laboratory of Radiation Biology

- 1. Establishment of integrative interrelations of radiation-induced effects at different levels of biological organization:
- 2. Identification of the mechanisms of the **radiations effects on brain** and the development of neurodegenerative diseases.
- 3. Assessment of **radiation risks** for various scenarios of manned space flights and mixed radiation fields of nuclear physics facilities.
- 4. Development of new methods to improve the **effectiveness of radiation and radionuclide therapy** of cancer.
- 5. Development of **new mathematical models** and computational approaches for radiobiology, bioinformatics, and radiation medicine.
- 6. Identification of mechanisms and pathways of **catalytic synthesis of prebiotic compounds** under the action of radiation.
- 7. Development of **new research protocols**, including omics technologies, bio-imaging, automated processing of biological data.

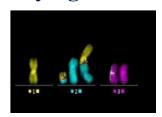
Molecular Radiobiology



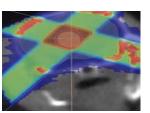
Radiation Genetics



Radiation Cytogenetics



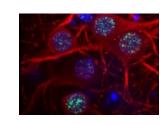
Clinical Radiobiology



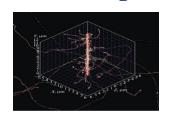
Radiation Physiology



Radiation Neuroscience



Mathematical Modeling



Radiation Protection



Astrobiology



http://lrb.jinr.ru

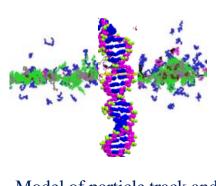
1. Mathematical Modeling

Problems:

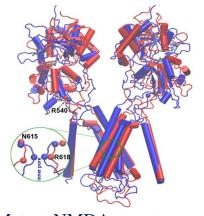
- formation of DNA damage and its repair
- induction of mutations and chromosome aberrations
- prediction of structure and functions of mutant proteins
- molecular and cellular mechanisms of radiomodification

• simulations of tumor growth dynamics after treatment with medical radiation beams or radionuclides

theoretical evaluation of radiation-induced disorders of the CNS

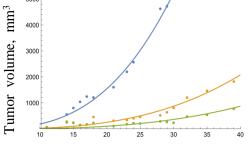


Model of particle track and DNA damage induction



Mutant NMDA receptor protein





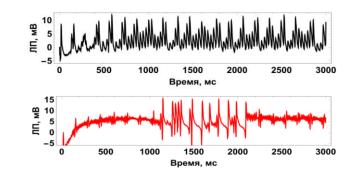
Time after irradiation Model of tumor growth

Native

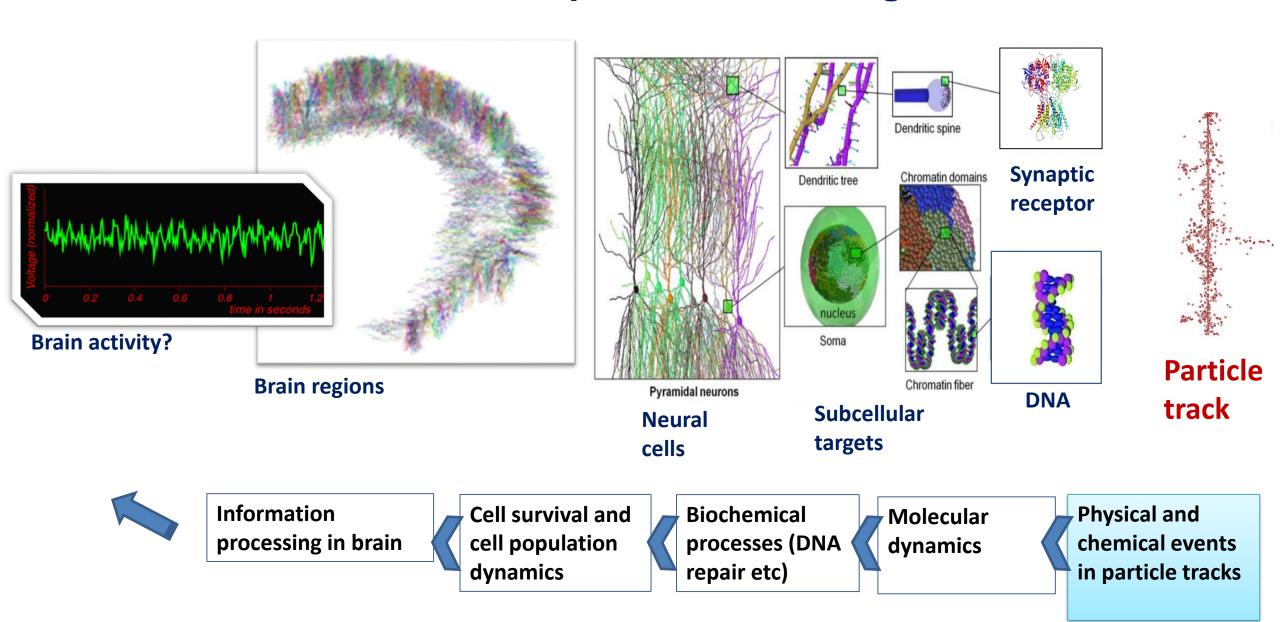
Effect of mutations on brain electric activity



p.ASN615LEUEpileptic seizure

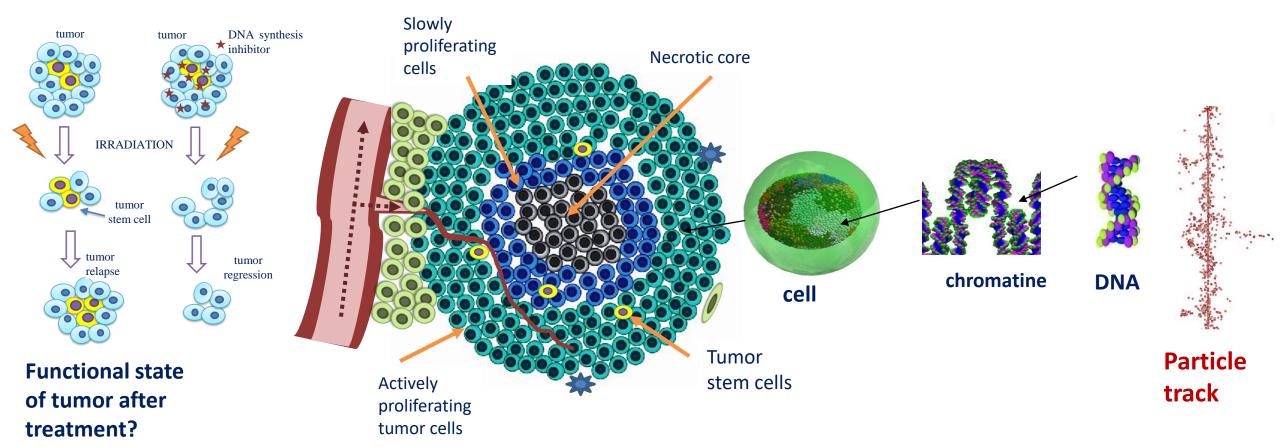


Multiple scale modeling



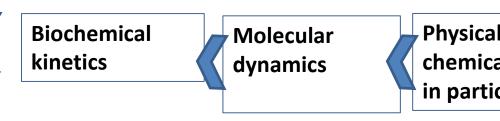
Multiple scale modeling

Tumor regression due to stem cell death





- PDE-based modeling
- Single-cell based modeling



Physical and chemical events in particle tracks

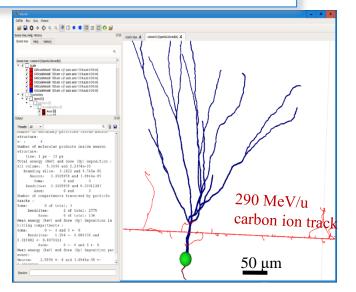
Monte Carlo simulations particle interactions with cells

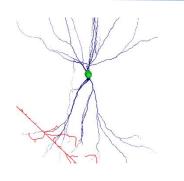
«Neuron» — new application of

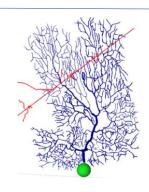


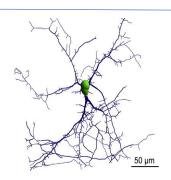
 The Geant4 « neuron » extended/medical/dna example shows how to simulate a neural network including physics and radiolysis.

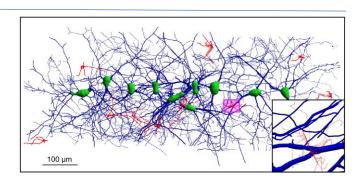










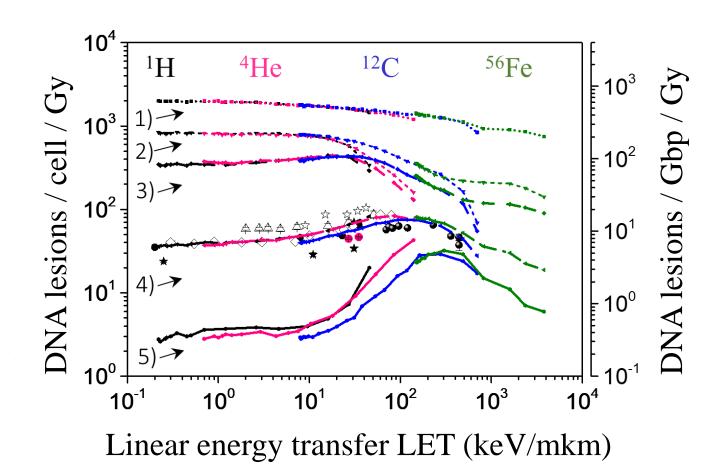


Monte Carlo simulations particle interactions with cells Amount of DNA damage

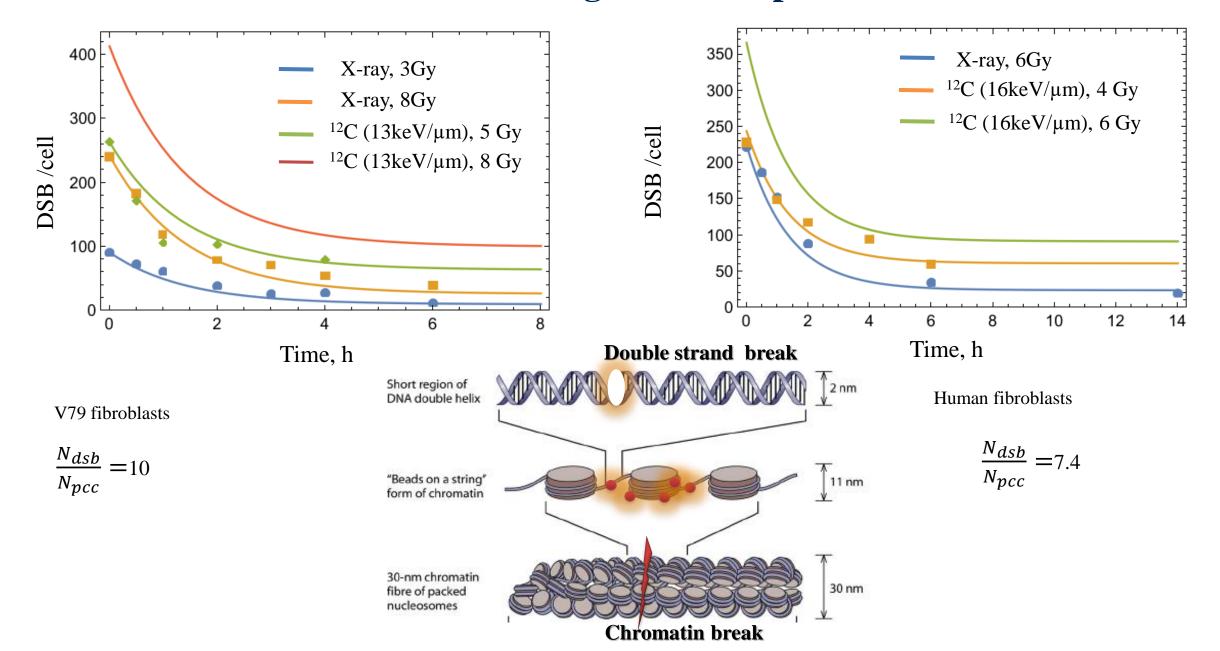
Computer simulations

- 1) Base damage BD
- 2) Single strand breaks SSB
- 3) Clustered SSB
- 4) Double strand breaks DSB
- 5) Clustered DSB

Double strand break (DSB) Single strand break (SSB) Base damage (BD)

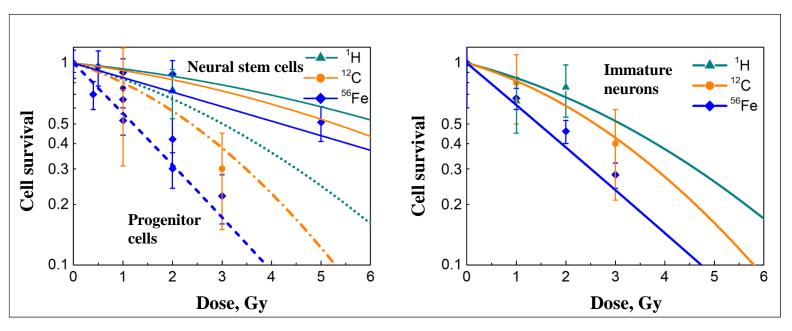


Modeling of DNA repair



Survival of radiosensitive cells

Calculated survival of radiosensitive cells (neural stem cells, neural progenitor cells, immature neurons) after action of 1000 MeV protons, 290 MeV/u carbon ions, 600 MeV/u iron ions as compared with experimental data [Rola 2004, 2005, Tseng 2014].



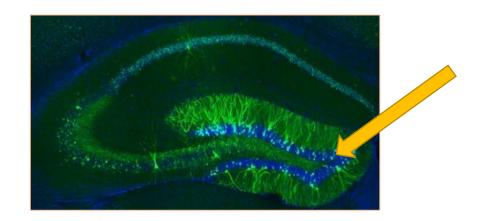
S (D,
$$Y_{DSB}$$
, $N_{particle}$) = exp($-\alpha D - \beta D^2$)

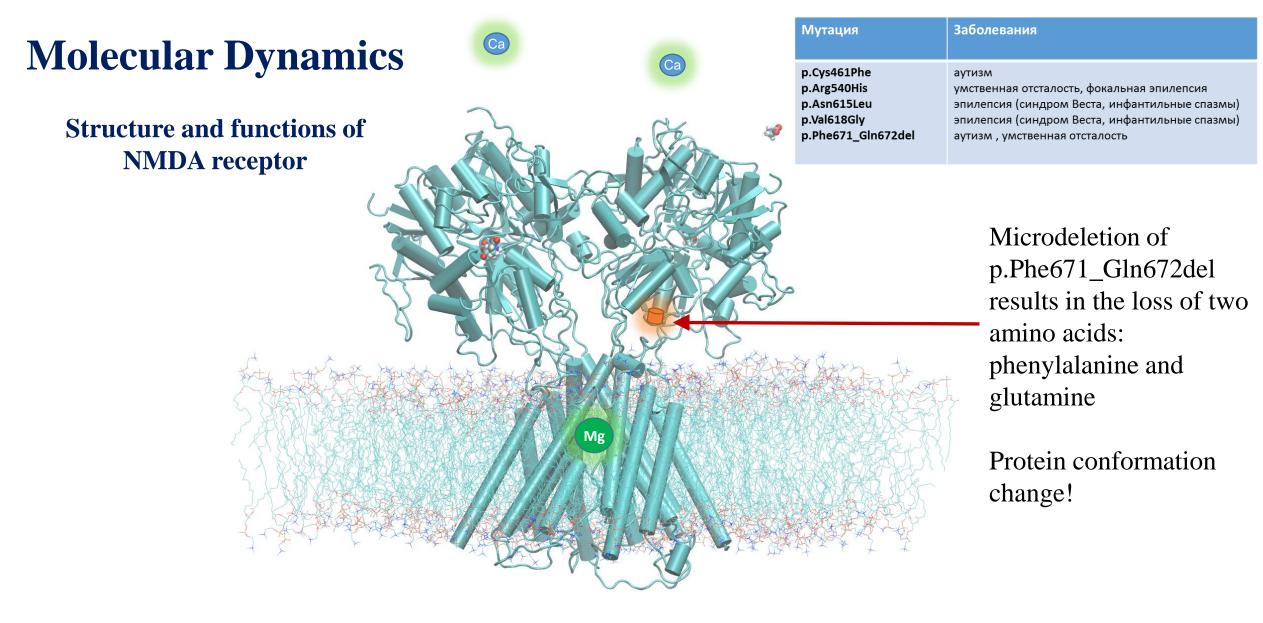
$$\alpha = Y_{DSB} \cdot P_{contrib} \cdot (1 - P_{correct})$$

$$\beta = 0.5 \cdot Y_{DSB} \cdot P_{contrib} \cdot Y_{DSB} \cdot P_{correct} / N_{particle}$$

$$P_{contrib} = 1 - \exp(-Y_{DSB})$$

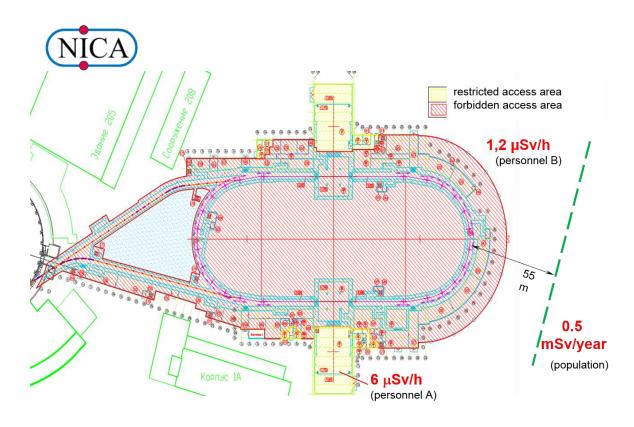
$$P_{correct} = [1 - \exp(-N_{particle})] \cdot [1 - \exp(-Y_{DSB})]$$





The function of synapses with a mutant receptor protein is impaired

Radiation protection and dosimetry

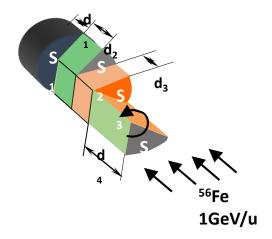


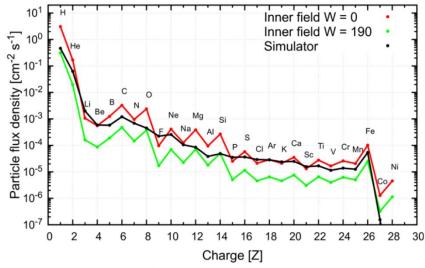
Radiation zoning around the collider

RaDAT: Radiation Dose Assessment Team

Calculations of radiation environment around NICA complex and other JINR high energy accelerators

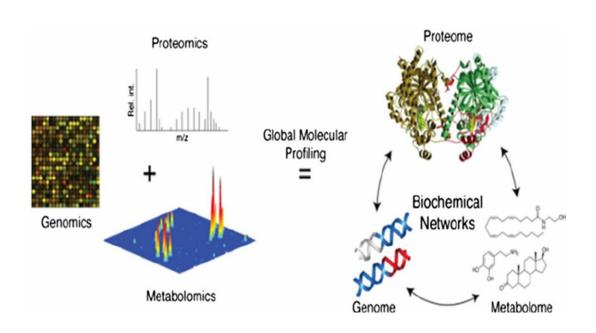
A scheme of
Space Radiation
Simulator target
to be installed at
SIMBO station





Comparison of space radiation charge spectra and simulator radiation field

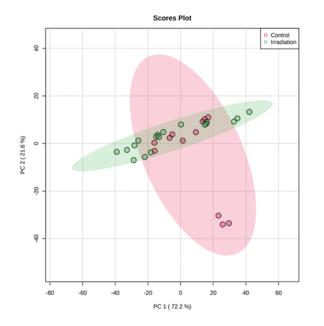
2. Data mining in OMICS

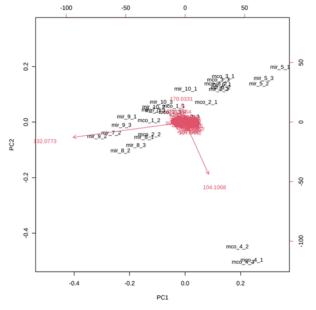


OMICS technologies:

Data-driven analysis of complex biological networks

Analysis of LS-MS data obtained from mouse brain metabolome after proton irradiation





3. Machine learning for automated biological data processing

The joint activity of MLIT and LRB aims to create an information system for analyzing behavioral and pathomorphological changes in irradiated animals

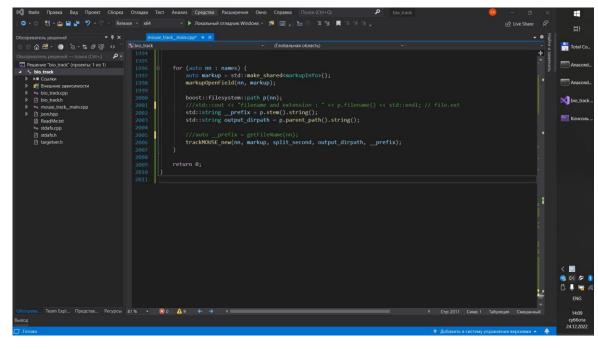
The information system is based on:

- computer vision algorithms based on machine learning and deep learning technologies;
- modern IT solutions for storage, processing and visualization data;

Main tasks

- Development of an information system;
- Development of protocols for labeling images and video materials;
- Testing of implemented algorithms and software designed for automated data processing.







JINR - Serbia Ongoing projects



Project

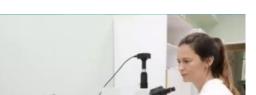
The Computer-Assisted Identification, Characterization, and Modeling of the Histological Data

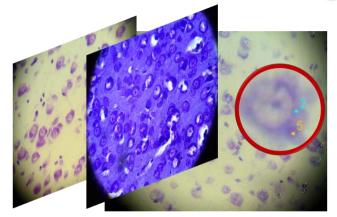


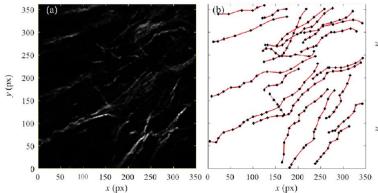


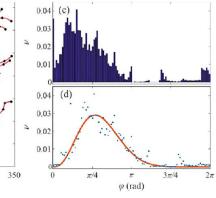
https://it4bio.jinr.ru

IT ecosystem for automated processing of histological data and animal behavior

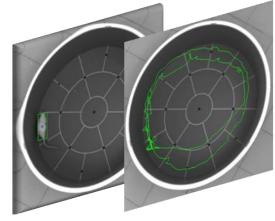






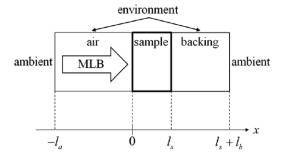






Project Heat transfer across biological systems: development in vivo

photothermal diagnostic

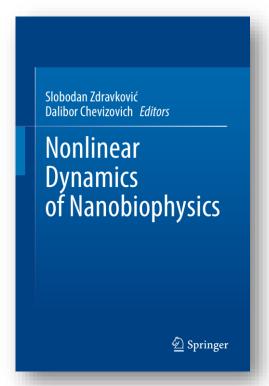


$$\frac{\partial^2 T_a(x,t)}{\partial x^2} - \frac{1}{D_a} \left[\frac{\partial T_a(x,t)}{\partial t} + \tau_a \frac{\partial^2 T_a(x,t)}{\partial t^2} \right] = 0$$



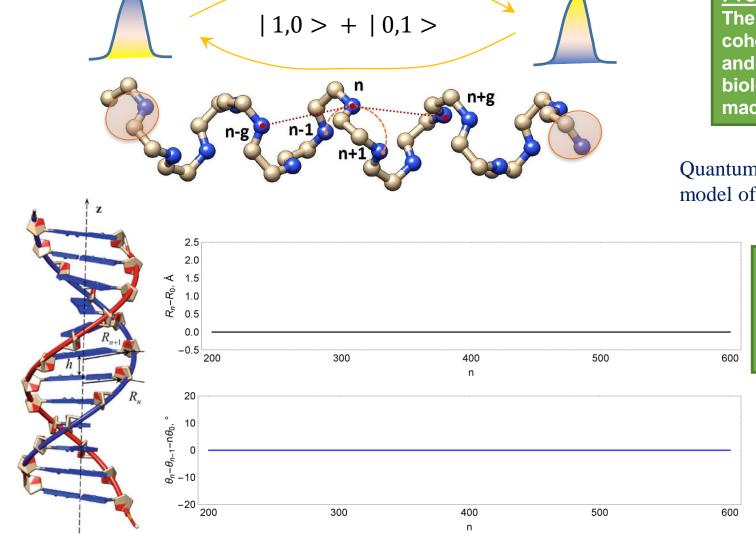
JINR - Serbia Ongoing projects





Monography on biomolecules, 2022:

- biophysics,
- bioinformatics,
- nonlinear dynamics,
- quantum correlations



Project

The role of quantum coherence in charge and energy transport in biological macromolecules

Quantum correlations in a model of protein alpha helix

Project
Solitons and
chaos in nonlinear
dynamics of
biomolecules

Collective excitation (soliton) in DNA chain

