Update on photon and neutral pion spectra and flow

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Reminder

- Two possibilities for photon reconstruction:
 - Signal in EMC
 - e⁺e⁻ pairs from TPC for converted photons
- Three methods for π^0 reconstruction:
 - Calorimeter (both photons reconstructed with EMC)
 - Hybrid (EMC + converted photon)
 - Conversion (two converted photons)

Conversion method gives significantly higher momentum resolution but much lower reconstruction efficiency.



Analysis details

- UrQMD, Bi+Bi @ 9.2 GeV (request 25)
- Analysis procedure implemented in MpdConvPi0 class
- Output from EP, PID and V0Maker wagons is used
- Results are shown for the analysis train request #3

Changes since the previous report

- Flow of inclusive photons
- Use of EMC cluster core energy to reduce effects of cluster overlap
- Prevented the use of one track in several V0s
- Updated cluster and V0 selection criteria using both conventional and MVA approaches aimed to improve photon and π^0 reconstruction efficiency. Five configurations tested:
 - Loose
 - Default
 - Tight
 - BDT (Boosted Decision Tree) selection for V0
 - BDT + momentum correction for V0
- Other smaller changes

Spectra of neutral pions

Comparison of different selection criteria



Cut dependence summary



- Tight/loose cut does not change pion peak parameters.
- Tight cut strongly (factor 1.5-2) increases S/Bg ratio, as expected
- Loose cuts increase calo/hybrid/conv efficiency by 16%/21%/27% at 1 GeV respectively
- BDT cuts increases efficiency at low-p_T by factor > 10, but introduce correlated background (see further)

Problems found

Hybrid, loose



Conversion, BDT

Strongly correlated background in Real at low m appears in BDT case. Requirement to not share tracks between V0 did not help. Investigating selection criteria

Strange kink in Real/Mixed ratio in pi0 mass region. Makes pi0 extraction hard, investigating the reason



Gamma cuts



Histogram for cluster cut efficiency is has too many bins ant is not properly filled. The error could not be reproduced.

Flow of inclusive photons and neutral pions

Notations at flow plots

- Primary photon photon produced in the vicinity of the primary vertex (DCA_{vtx}<1cm)
- **MCprim** primary photons
- **Calo TrueVtx** clusters with the main contribution from a primary photon
- **Conv TrueVtx** track pairs descending from a primary photon
- **Calo True** clusters with the main contribution from a photon
- **Conv True** track pairs descending from a photon

Directed flow of photons



MCprim - primary photons Calo TrueVtx - clusters with the main contribution from a primary photon

Conv TrueVtx - track pairs descending from a primary photon

Calo True - clusters with the main contribution from a photon

Conv True - track pairs descending from a photon

Results are similar for different sets of conventional (upper row) and MVA (lower row) selection

Directed flow of photons



- Calorimeter method is consistent with generator values
- BDT selection of V0 produces a hump at the intermediate p_T with conversion method irregular efficiency?

Directed flow of photons



- Calorimeter method is consistent with generator values
- BDT selection of V0 gives lower v_1 with conversion method

Elliptic flow of photons



- Both calorimeter and conversion methods agree with the values for true photon detector signals (only at lower p_T for conversion)
- Hump at intermediate p_{T} with BDT selection (like for v_{1})

Elliptic flow of photons



- Both calorimeter and conversion methods agree with the values for true photon detector signals (only at midrapidity for conversion)
- Flow of photons registered with ECAL differs from the flow of primary photons - efficiency corrections could probably help
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Reconstruction of π^0 flow

Fit v_n dependence on the invariant mass of photon pair with the following function below. v_{sig} and v_{bg} are free parameters, n_{sig} and n_{bg} are obtained from the fits of pair distributions.



$$v_{all}(M_{inv}) = rac{n_{sig}(M_{inv})v_{sig} + n_{bg}(M_{inv})(v_{bg}^{const} + v_{bg}^{lin} * M_{inv})}{n_{sig}(M_{inv}) + n_{bg}(M_{inv})}$$
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Directed flow of π^0



- Calorimeter method had a bug in train #3 and is not shown for π^0
- Good agreement with MC for the hybrid method
- Not high enough statistics for both methods even with BDT selection

Directed flow of π^0



- Good agreement with MC for the hybrid method except for the low p_{τ}
- Not high enough statistics for both methods even with BDT selection

Elliptic flow of π^0



- Good agreement with MC for the hybrid method (true pairs)
- Not high enough statistics for both methods even with BDT selection

Elliptic flow of π^0



- Reasonable agreement with MC for the hybrid method (true pairs)
- Not high enough statistics for both methods even with BDT selection

Summary

- EMC analysis is developing with the help of analysis trains
- For the calorimeter method π^0 spectra and flow measurements seem to be viable with 20M selected collisions of Bi+Bi @9.2 GeV.
- Hybrid and conversion methods will likely require higher statistics.

Nearest plans

- Investigate the effect of cluster and V0 selection on photon and neutral meson reconstruction efficiency and improve the procedure
- Look for the sources inconsistencies with MC curves for the photon flow (limit the MC particles to EMC acceptance, introduce efficiency corrections)

Backup

Peak width & signal/background (default cuts)



Calo, tight cut, Real to mixed ratio



Cluster cut efficiency histogram magic

Train #3

Manual

