The role of IT in the scientific program of the Laboratory of radiation biology

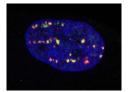
A.N. Bugay



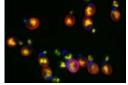
Research at the Laboratory of Radiation Biology

- 1. Establishment of integrative interrelations of radiationinduced effects at different levels of biological organization:
- 2. Identification of the mechanisms of the radiations effects on brain and the development of neurodegenerative diseases.
- 3. Assessment of radiation risks for various scenarios of manned space flights and mixed radiation fields of nuclear physics facilities.
- 4. Development of new methods to improve the **effectiveness** of radiation and radionuclide therapy of cancer.
- 5. Development of **new** mathematical models and computational approaches for radiobiology, bioinformatics, and radiation medicine
- 6. Identification of mechanisms and pathways of catalytic synthesis of prebiotic compounds under the action of radiation.
- 7. Development of **new research protocols**, including omics technologies, bio-imaging, automated processing of biological data.

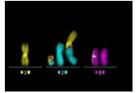
Molecular **Radiobiology**



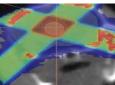
Radiation Genetics



Radiation Cytogenetics



Clinical **Radiobiology**





Mathematical

Radiation **Protection**

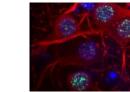


Radiation

Neuroscience

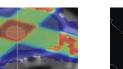


Astrobiology



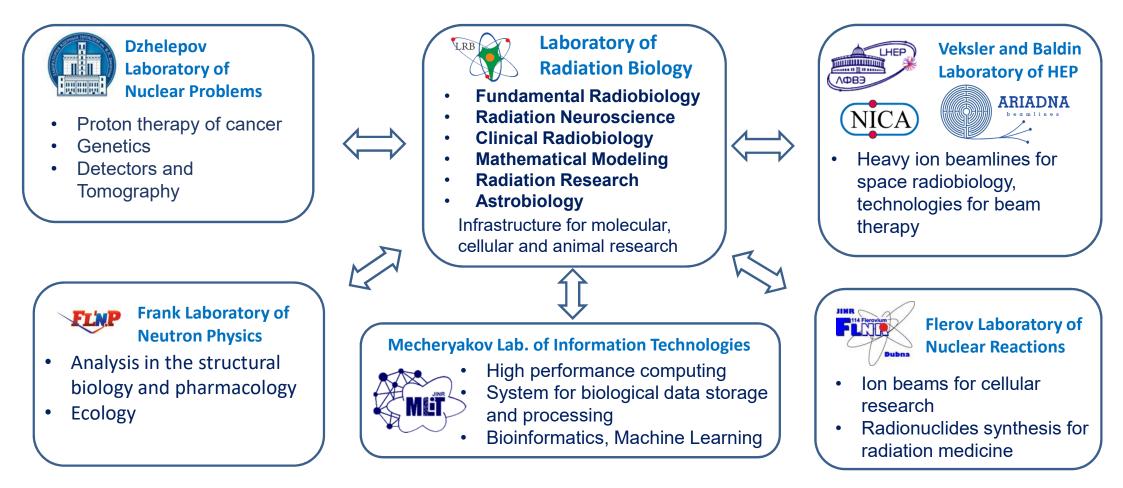


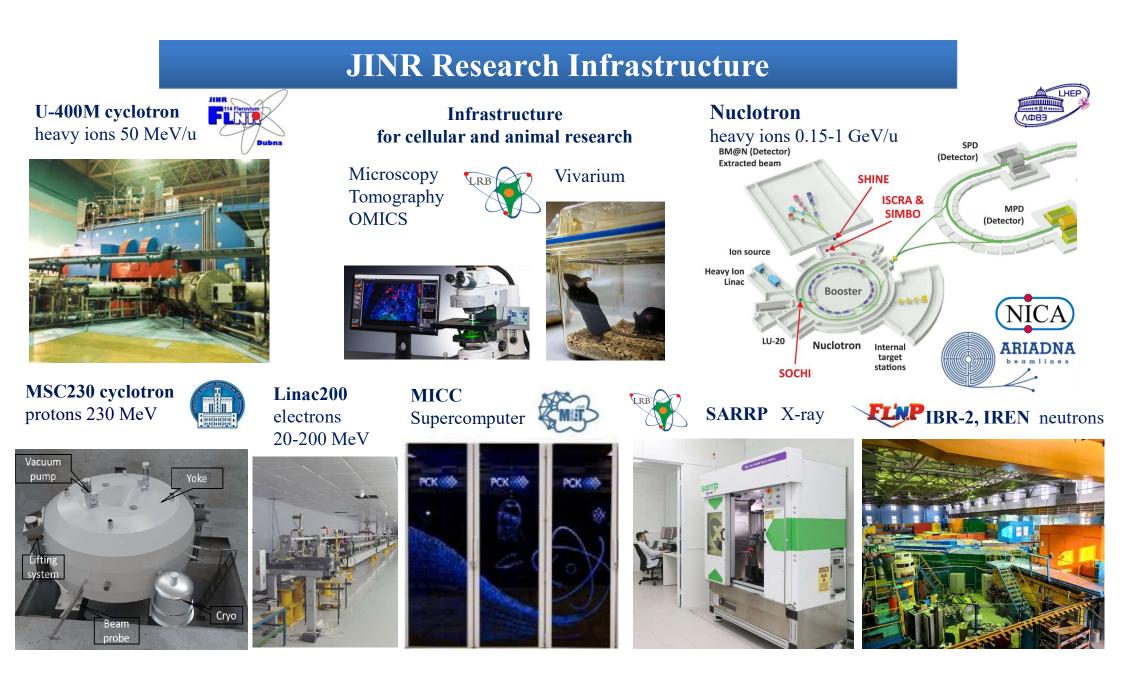
http://lrb.jinr.ru



Radiation **Physiology**

Interlaboratory cooperation





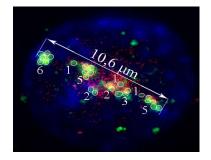
Molecular Radiobiology

DNA double strand break formation and detection

Molecular radiobiology

DNA damage, repair and regulatory mechanisms in normal and tumor cells, **Super-resolution microscopy**

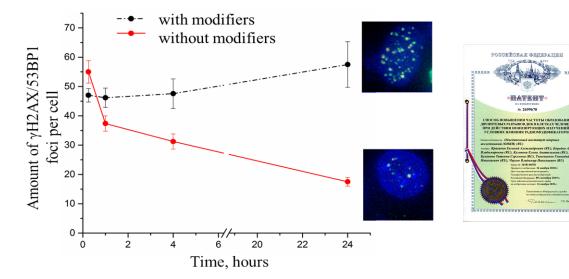




Glioblastoma tumor cells (U87) irradiated by medical proton beam (1.25 Gy)

Mechanisms of radiomodification

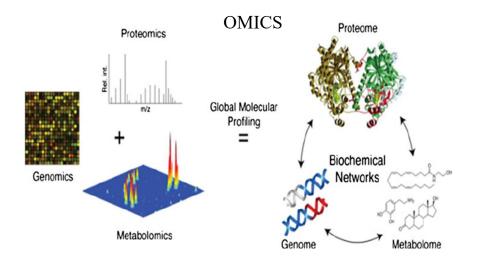
molecular agents for radiation therapy of cancer molecular mechanisms of radioprotection

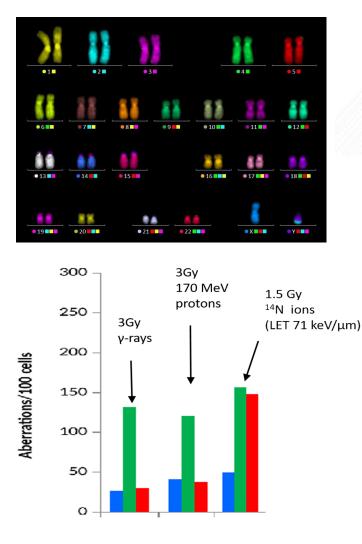


Radiation Genetics

Genetic and cytogenetic effects of

radiation: gene mutations, complex chromosome aberrations, genome instability, long-term effects of radiation, biodosimetry





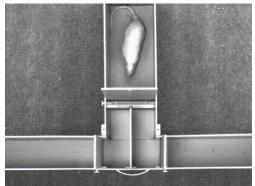


Complex chromosome aberrations (≥3 breaks)

Radiation Physiology and Neuroscience

Radiation physiology: tissue and organismal pathologies, animal behavior





Behavioral tests

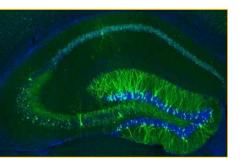


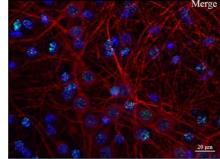


EEG records after irradiation

Radiation neuroscience: mechanisms

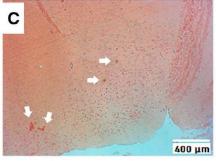
of brain diseases and radiation-induced neurodegeneration





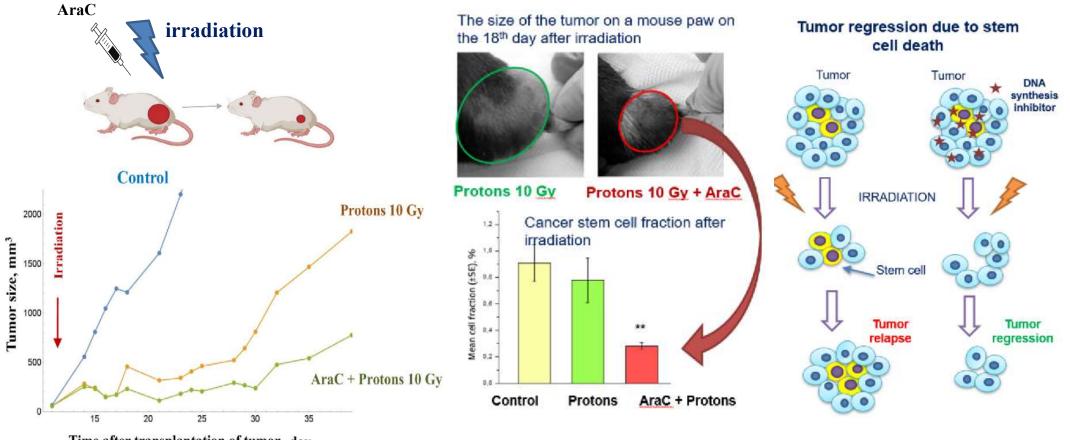
visualization of cell viability in hippocampal slice (right) and DNA damage in hippocampal cell culture (left)

Amyloid plaques in the forebrain of rats after 170 MeV proton irradiation



Radiation Medicine

Novel methods to improve the efficiency of radiation therapy of cancer

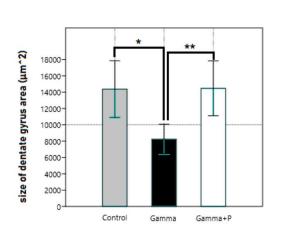


Time after transplantation of tumor, day

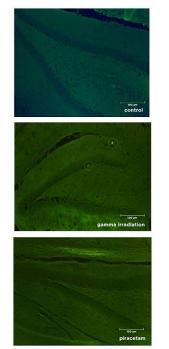
Radiation Protection

Radioprotectors:

regulatory mechanisms and pharmacological modulations of radiation effects

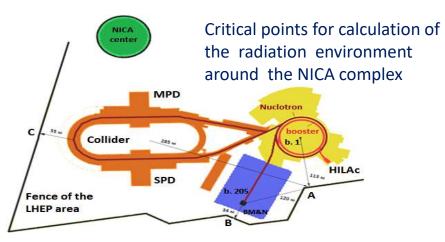


The effect of 2 week - piracetam injection after irradiation on size of DG area of hippocampus



Radiation Research:

evaluation of radiation risks at nuclear objects, accelerator complexes, and spacecraft

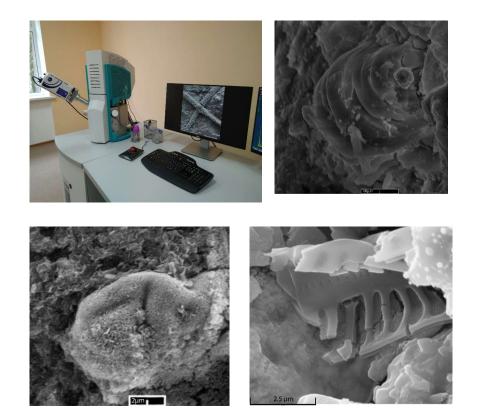


Instruments for neutron dosimetry and nuclear planetology

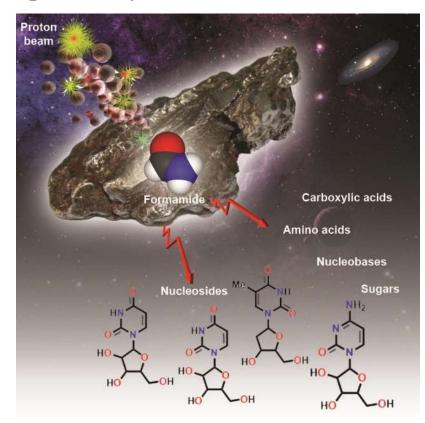


Astrobiology

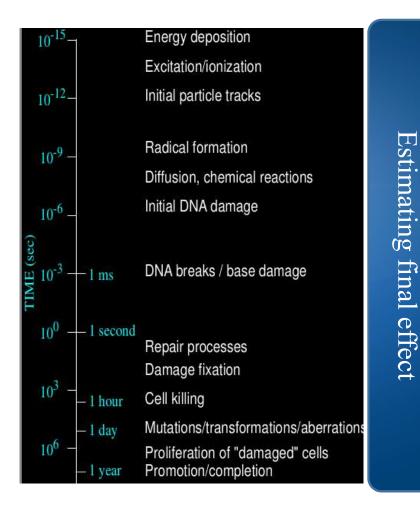
search for biofossils in cosmic matter



accelerator-based simulation of prebiotic compounds synthesis

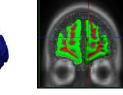


Mathematical modeling and data processing

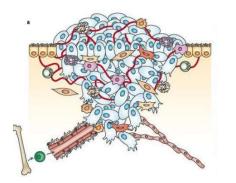


Radiation neuroscience: Brain neural networks



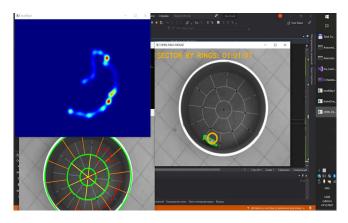


Clinical radiobiology: Complex models of tumor growth



IT ecosystem for automated processing of histological data and animal behavior utilizing machine learning





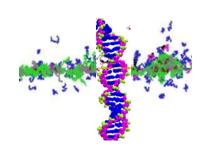
Mathematical Modeling

Problems:

- formation of DNA damage and its repair
- induction of mutations and chromosome aberrations ۲
- prediction of structure and functions of mutant proteins
- molecular and cellular mechanisms of radiomodification
- simulations of tumor growth dynamics after treatment with medical radiation beams or radionuclides
- theoretical evaluation of radiation-induced disorders of the • **CNS**

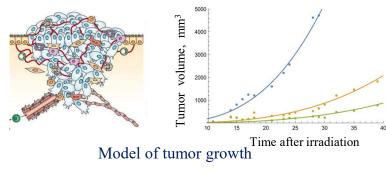
Effect of mutations on brain electric activity





Model of particle track and DNA damage induction

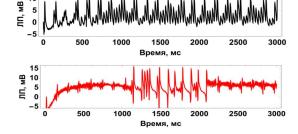
Mutant NMDA receptor protein



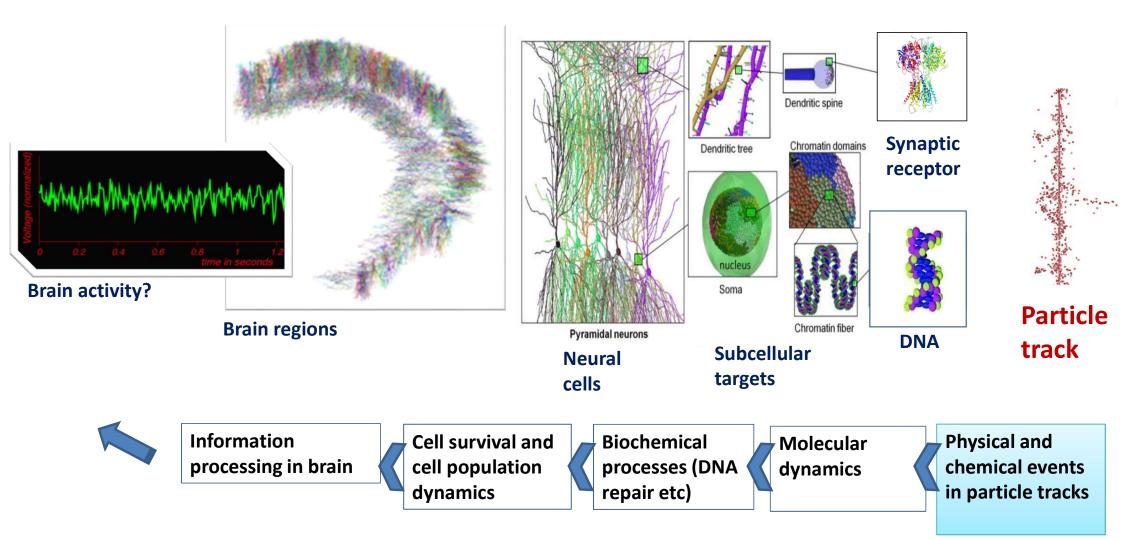
Native

p.ASN615LEU

Epileptic seizure



Multiple scale modeling

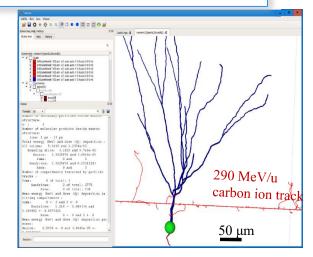


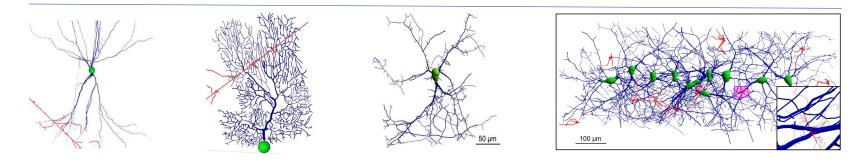
Monte Carlo simulations particle interactions with cells

«Neuron» — new application of **GEANT4-DNA**

 The Geant4 « neuron » extended/medical/dna example shows how to simulate a neural network including physics and radiolysis.





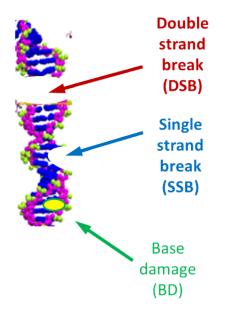


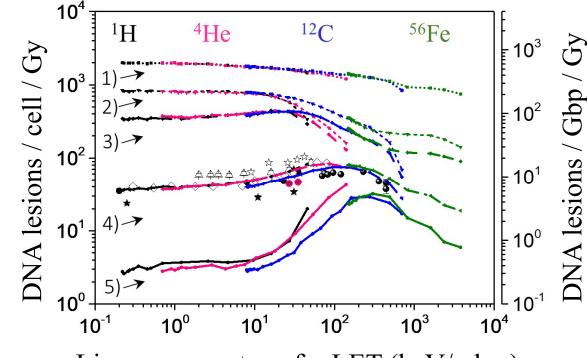
Monte Carlo simulations particle interactions with cells Amount of DNA damage

Computer simulations

- 1) Base damage BD
- 2) Single strand breaks SSB
- 3) Clustered SSB
- 4) Double strand breaks DSB
- 5) Clustered DSB

DNA lesions

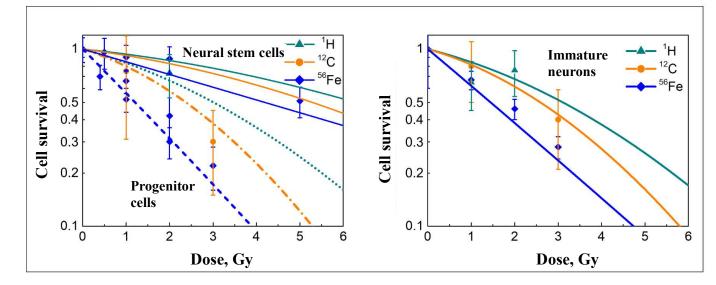




Linear energy transfer LET (keV/mkm)

Survival of radiosensitive cells

Calculated survival of radiosensitive cells (neural stem cells, neural progenitor cells, immature neurons) after action of 1000 MeV protons, 290 MeV/u carbon ions, 600 MeV/u iron ions as compared with experimental data [Rola 2004, 2005, Tseng 2014].



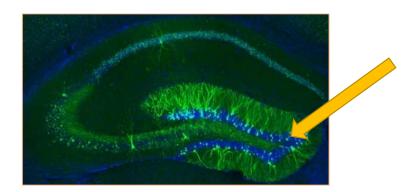
$$S (D, Y_{DSB}, N_{particle}) = \exp(-\alpha D - \beta D^{2})$$

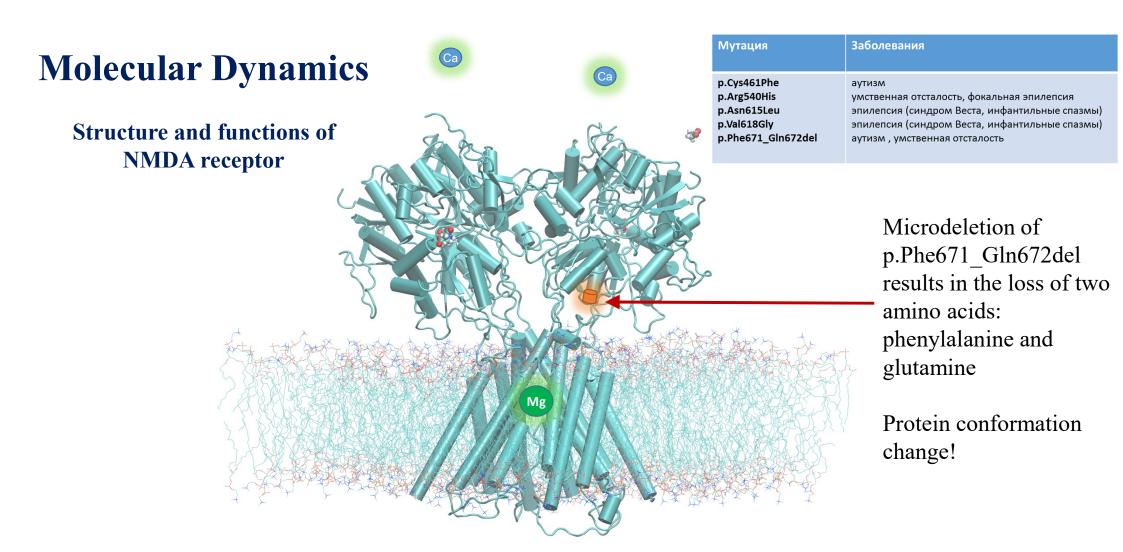
$$\alpha = Y_{DSB} \cdot P_{contrib} \cdot (1 - P_{correct})$$

$$\beta = 0.5 \cdot Y_{DSB} \cdot P_{contrib} \cdot Y_{DSB} \cdot P_{correct} / N_{particle}$$

$$P_{contrib} = 1 - \exp(-Y_{DSB})$$

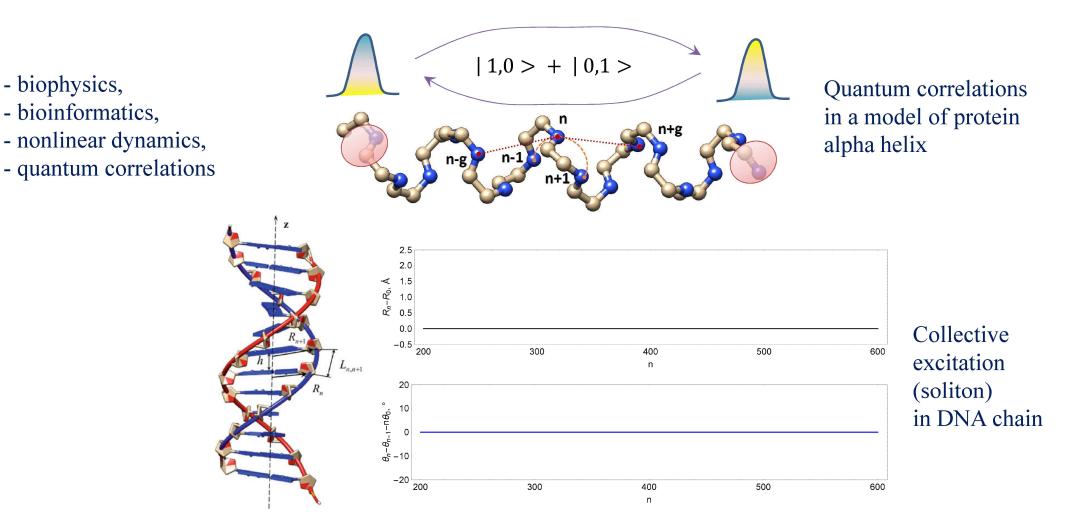
 $P_{\text{correct}} = [1 - \exp(-N_{\text{particle}})] \cdot [1 - \exp(-Y_{DSB})]$



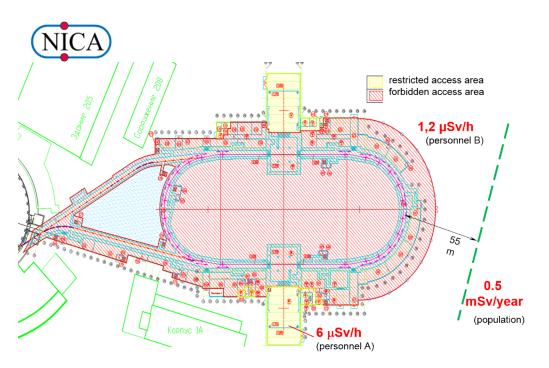


The function of synapses with a mutant receptor protein is impaired

Nonlinear dynamics and quantum information in biomolecules



Radiation protection and dosimetry

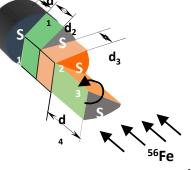


Radiation zoning around the collider

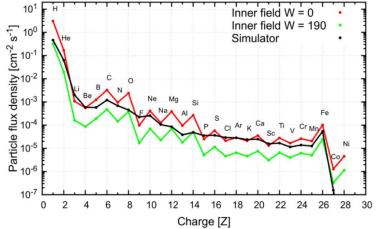
RADAT: Radiation Dose Assessment Team

Calculations of radiation environment around NICA complex and other JINR high energy accelerators



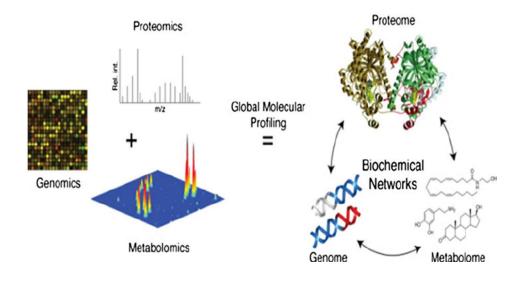






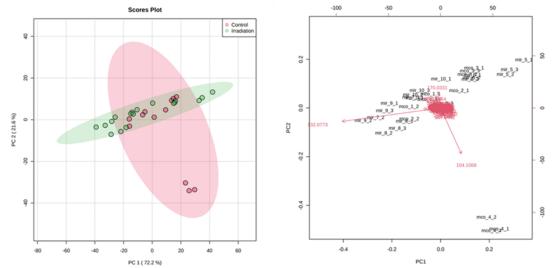
Comparison of space radiation charge spectra and simulator radiation field

Data mining in OMICS



OMICS technologies: Data-driven analysis of complex biological networks

Analysis of LS-MS data obtained from mouse brain metabolome after proton irradiation

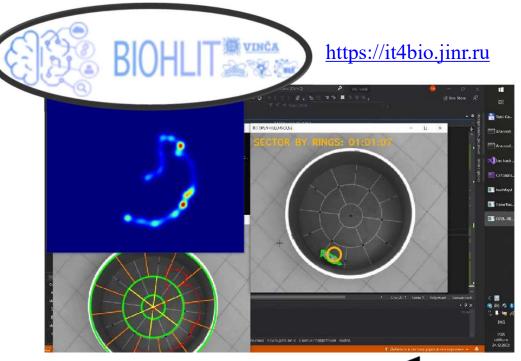


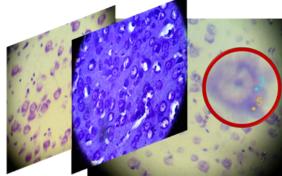
Machine learning for automated biological data processing

The joint activity of MLIT and LRB aims to create an information system for analyzing behavioral and pathomorphological changes in irradiated animals

The information system is based on:

- computer vision algorithms based on machine learning and deep learning technologies;
- modern IT solutions for storage, processing and visualization data;





Main tasks

- Development of an information system;
- Development of protocols for labeling images and video materials;
- Testing of implemented algorithms and software designed for automated data processing.

Thank you for the attention!