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## **Evolution of neutron shell structure of N = 14, 16** isotones

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The evolution of neutron single-particle characteristics of isotones with N = 14, 16 was studied in the dispersive optical model /1/ in Z region from 7 to 20. The calculation was performed with the parameters both extrapolated in accordance with the global parameters KD (KDUQ) /2, 3/ and with the diffuseness parameter  $a_{HF}$  depending on the neutron excess. With an increase in the neutron excess, the energy gap N = 14 and N = 16 is reduced and widens respectively. In addition, the deviation  $\Delta_F = |\langle E_{1d_{5/2}}, E_{2s_{1/2}} \rangle - E_F|$  of the middle between the  $1d_{5/2}$  and  $2s_{1/2}$  energies from the Fermi energy  $E_F$  increases for N = 14 isotones. It reflects the disappearance of N = 14 magicity when approaching the neutron drip line. While, the deviation  $\Delta_F = |\langle E_{2s_{1/2}}, E_{1d_{3/2}} \rangle - E_F|$  for isotones with N = 16 decreases. An increase in the  $a_{HF}$  parameter for unstable isotones enhances this effect. The obtained results are consistent with the double magicity of  $^{24}$ O (N = 16) and  $^{34}$ Ca (N = 14) nuclei. As an example, Fig.1 shows the evolution of neutron single-particle energies  $E_{nlj}$  near the Fermi energy of isotones with N = 14. The deviation  $\Delta_F$  is represented relative to the value of particle-hole energy gap G.

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## References

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## **Section**

Nuclear structure: theory and experiment

**Primary author:** BESPALOVA, Olga (Scobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State Unoversity)

**Co-authors:** KLIMOCHKINA, Anna (Physics Department of Lomonosov Moscow State University; Scobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics of Lomonosov Moscow State University); MOSUNOV, Maxim (Physics Department of Lomonosov Moscow State University; Scobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics of Lomonosov Moscow State University)

**Presenter:** BESPALOVA, Olga (Scobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State Unoversity)

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