

## Functional studies of archaeal cysteine-less LOV domain

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### Functional studies of archaeal cysteine-less LOV domain

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LOV (Light Oxygen Voltage) domains are sensor modules of photosensitive proteins widespread in bacteria, archaea and eukaryotes. Flavin-binding fluorescent proteins (FbFPs), derived from LOV domains with site directed mutagenesis, can be used as genetically encoded reporters in optogenetics [1] and microscopy [2]. Moreover, oxygen-independent fluorescence of FbFPs and their smaller size represent substantial advantages over green fluorescent protein (GFP). Consequently, FbFPs inclusion in the fluorescence reporter toolbox can be beneficial for imaging in anaerobic biological systems [3].

Conserved cysteine, that forms a covalent adduct with flavin chromophore, plays a crucial role in LOV domains signal transduction [4]. Hence, cysteine knock-out mutants are often used as negative controls in LOV photoreceptor studies. However, recent research [5] specifies that there are biologically active native cysteine-less LOV domains and their signaling mechanism is based on flavin chromophore reduction to the neutral semiquinone radical state.

In this work previously uncharacterized natural cysteine-less LOV domain of BAT (bacterio-opsin activator) protein from thermophilic haloarchaea *Halanaeroarchaeum sulfurreducens* was successfully cloned and expressed in *E.coli*, purified and loaded with excess of chromophore. Eventually we studied the photophysics of this LOV domain and verified photoinduced one electron reduction of flavin cofactor to the neutral semiquinone radical state.

#### Literature list

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