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University  
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# COMPARISON OF EXPLICIT AND NOT EXPLICIT MATHEMATICAL METHODS OF FINANCIAL FORECASTING

ALEXEY STANKUS



- Exponential Moving Average (EMA)
- Triple EMA (TEMA)
- Bollinger Bands
- TensorFlow



$EMA[k, n] = EMA[k-1, n] + (2/(n+1)) \cdot (P - EMA[k-1, n])$ , where

- $EMA[k, n]$  — exponential moving average of period  $n$  at time  $k$
- $P$  — current price

$TEMA(i) = 3 \cdot EMA(i) - 3 \cdot EMA(EMA(i)) + EMA(EMA(EMA(i)))$ ,



1. **The middle line ML** (the usual moving average) is calculated as follows:

**$ML = \text{SUM}(\text{CLOSE}, N) / N = \text{SMA}(\text{CLOSE}, N)$** , where:

- SUM (... , N) - the sum for N periods;
- CLOSE - the closing price;
- N - the number of periods used for the calculation;
- SMA - simple moving average.

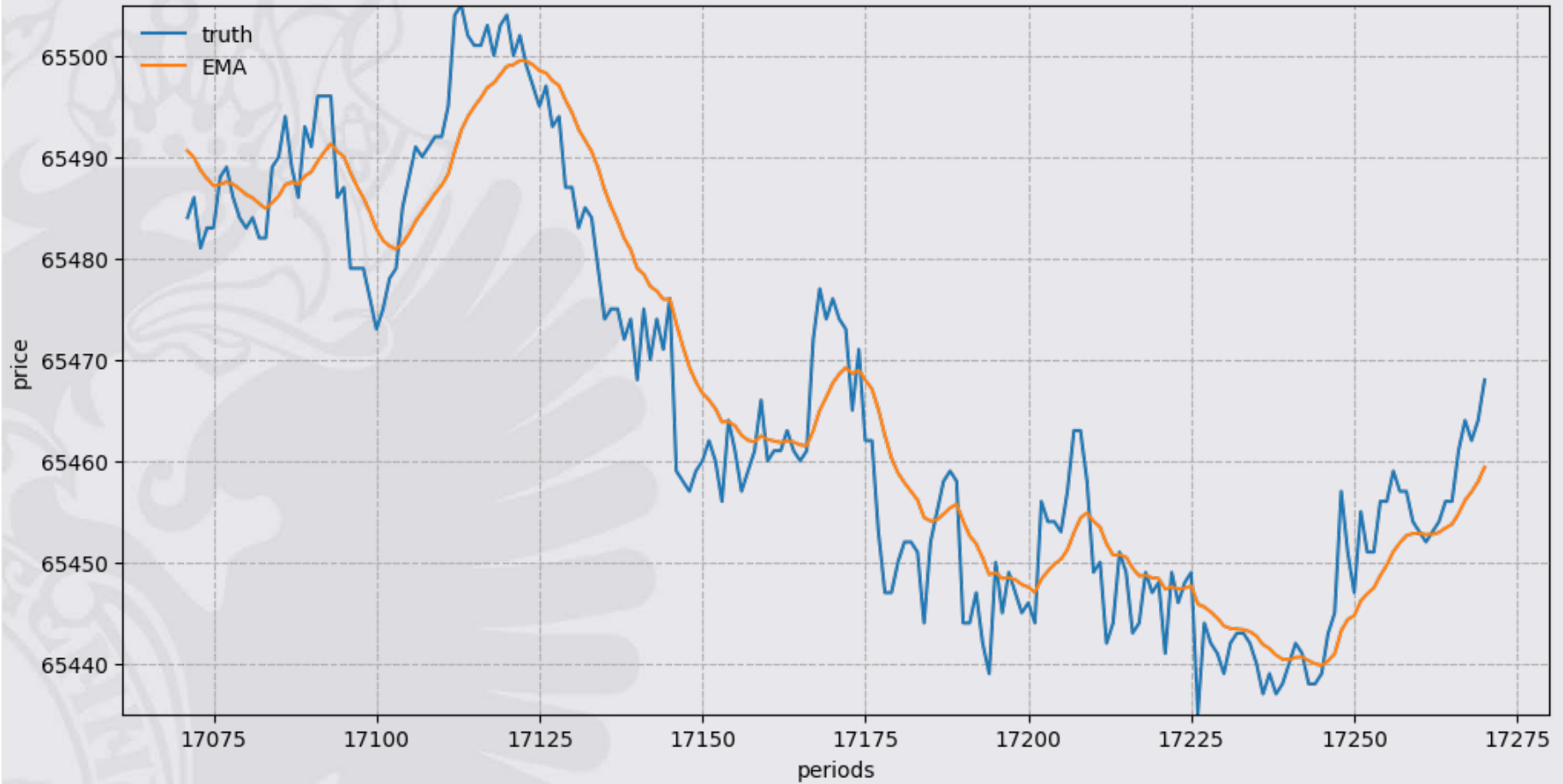
2. **The upper line TL** (the average line ML, shifted up by a certain number D of standard deviations StdDev) is calculated by the formula:

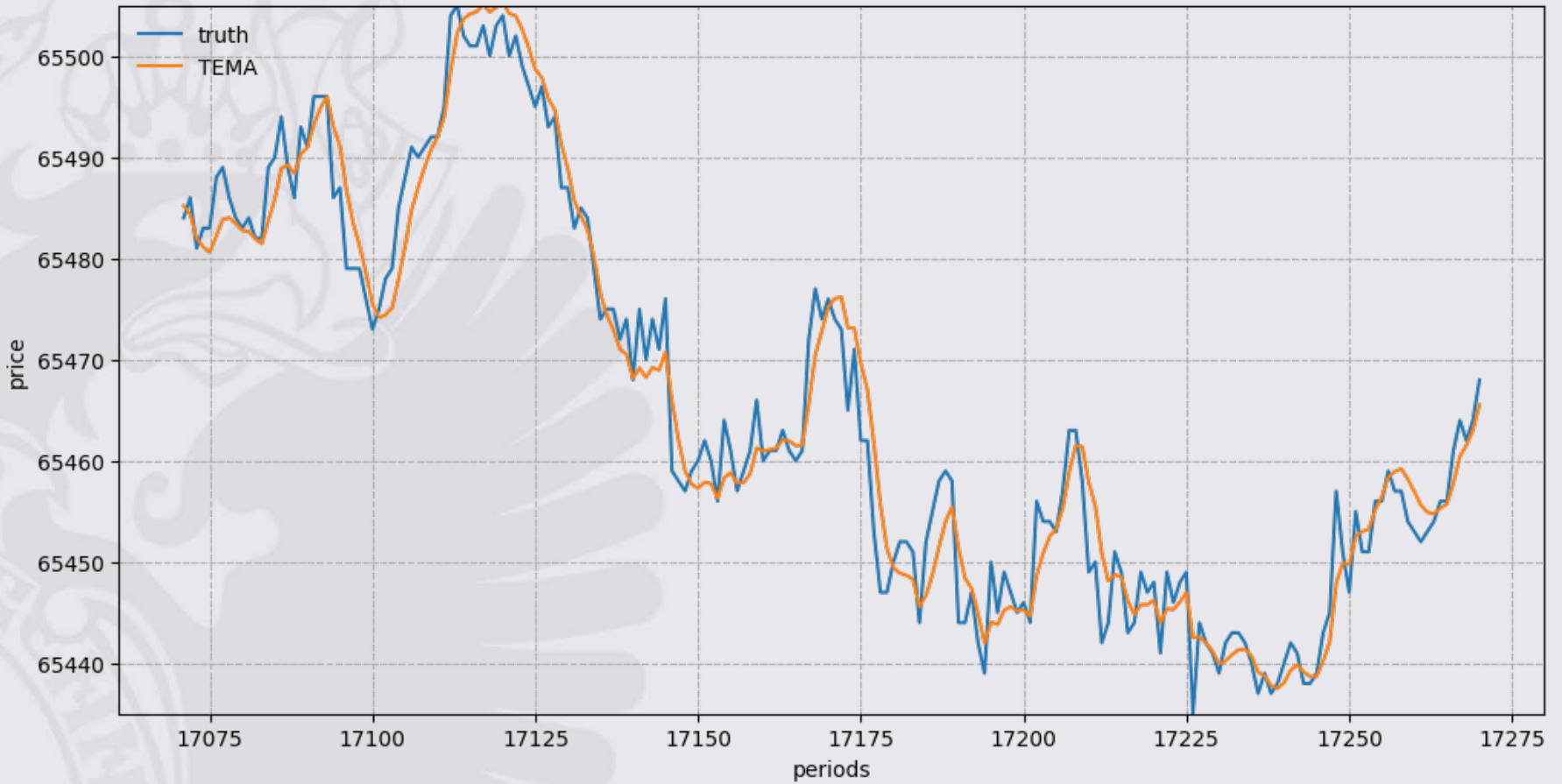
**$TL = ML + (D * \text{StdDev})$**

3. **The bottom line BL** (the middle line ML, shifted down by the number of standard D deviations StdDev) is calculated by the formula:

**$BL = ML - (D * \text{StdDev})$** .

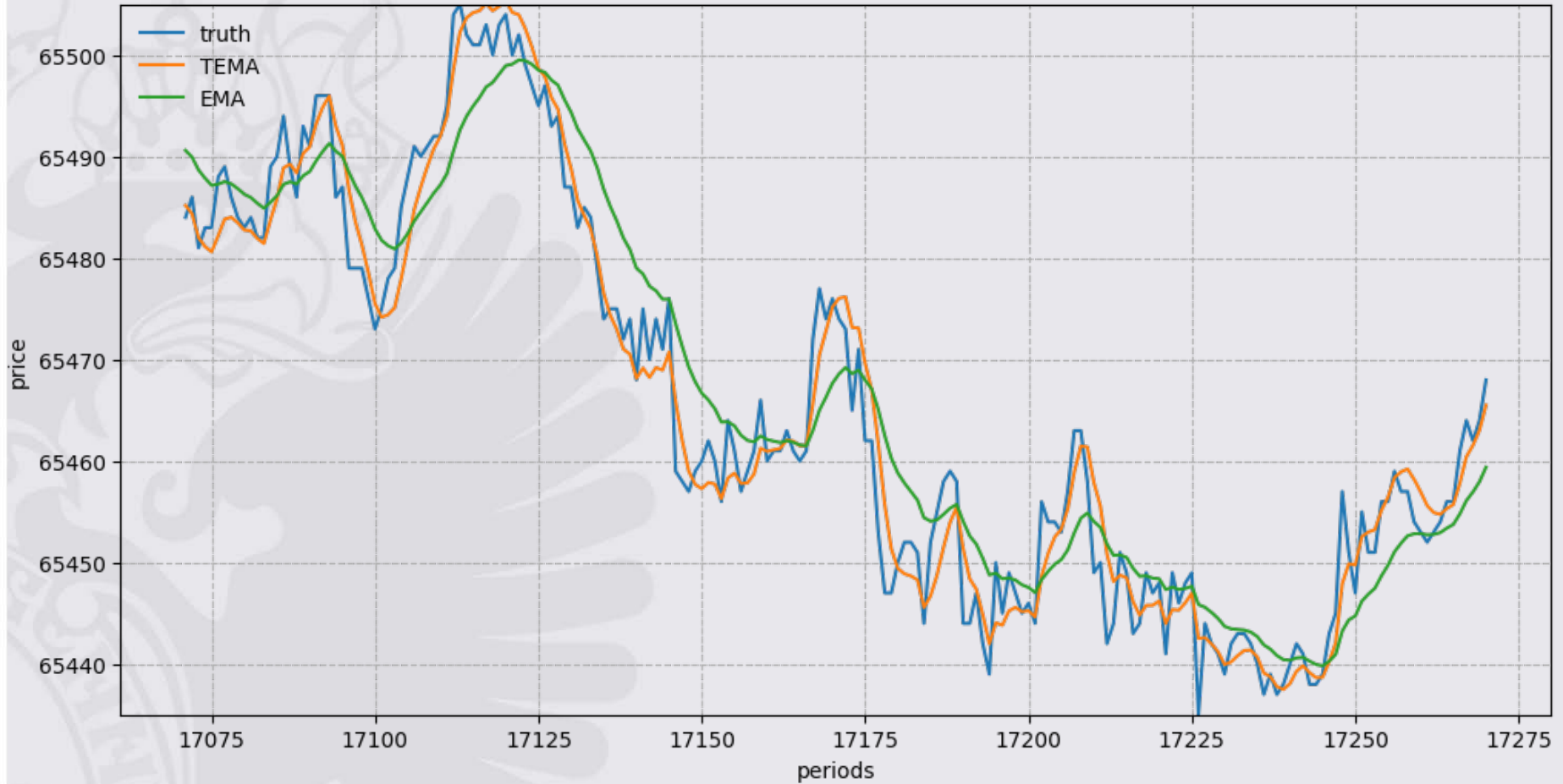
- StdDev - standard deviation is calculated as:
- $\text{StdDev} = \text{SQRT}(\text{SUM}((\text{CLOSE} - \text{SMA}(\text{CLOSE}, N))^2, N) / N)$ ,
- where SQRT is the square root.





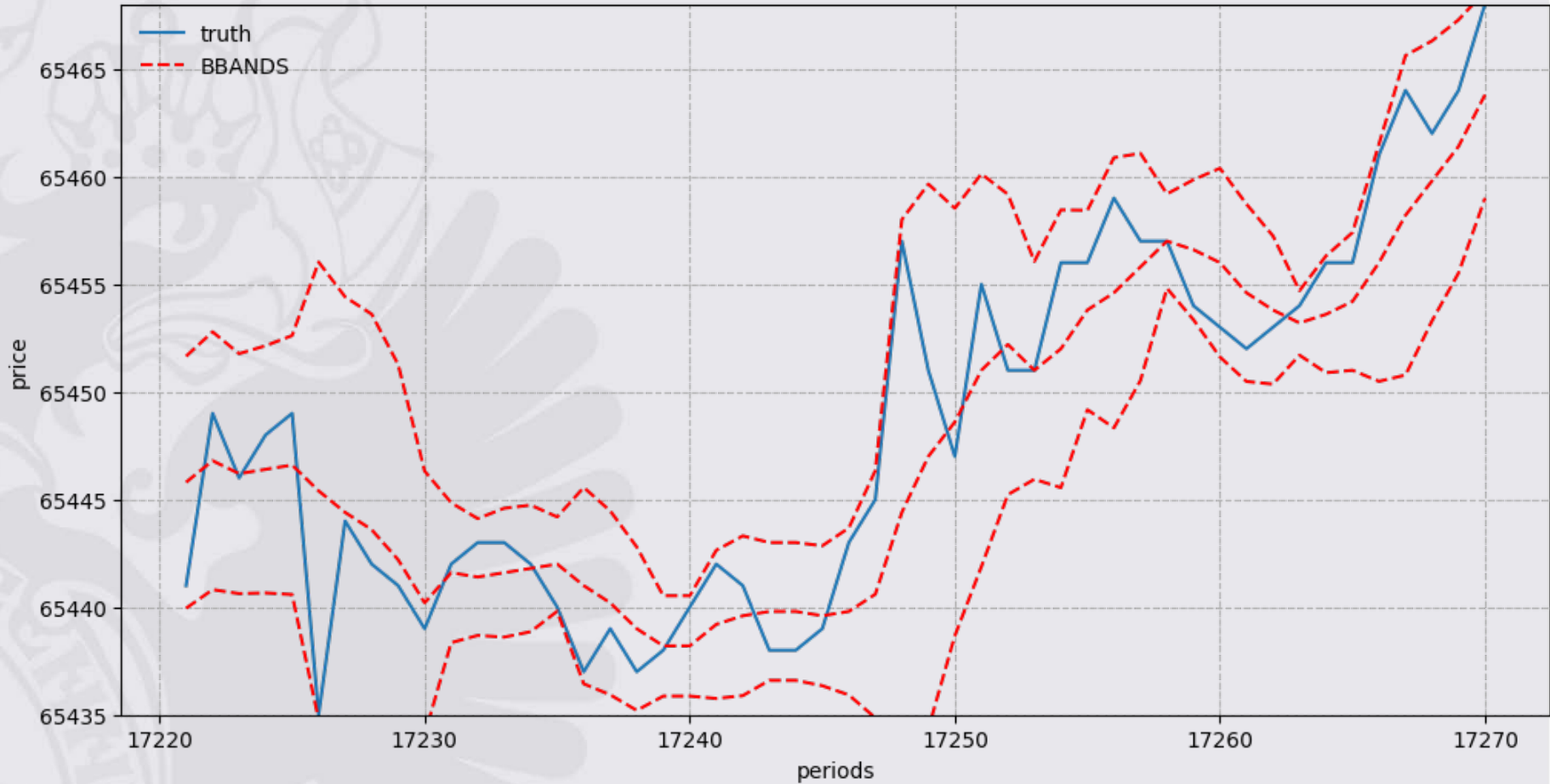


# TEMA & EMA

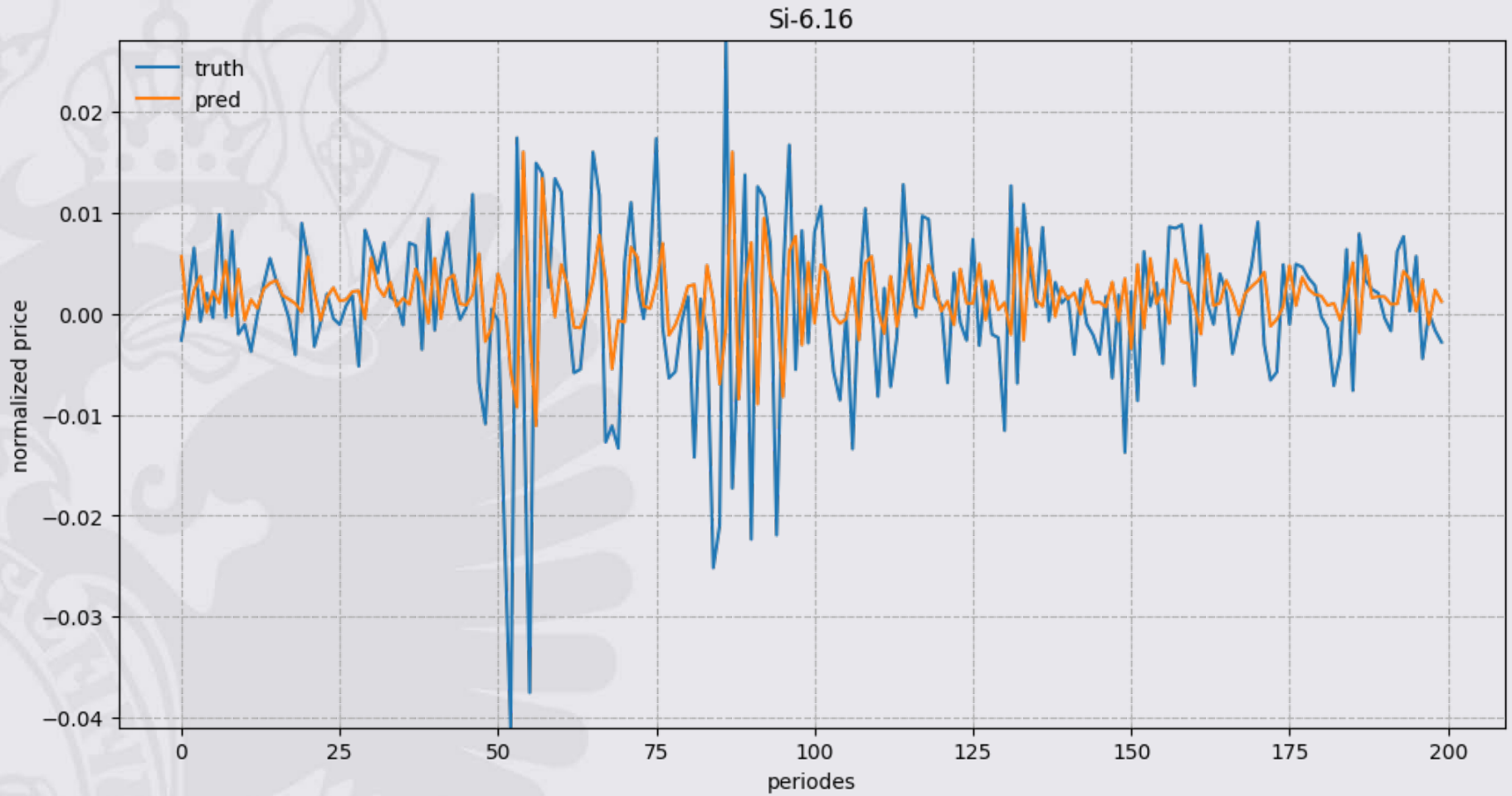




# Bollinger Bands









Average accuracy (of a single instrument):

- RNN – 62+ %
- set of indicators – 70+ %



**Any questions?**

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