

Update on the inclusive π^0 analysis for online polarimetry on the ECAL endcaps

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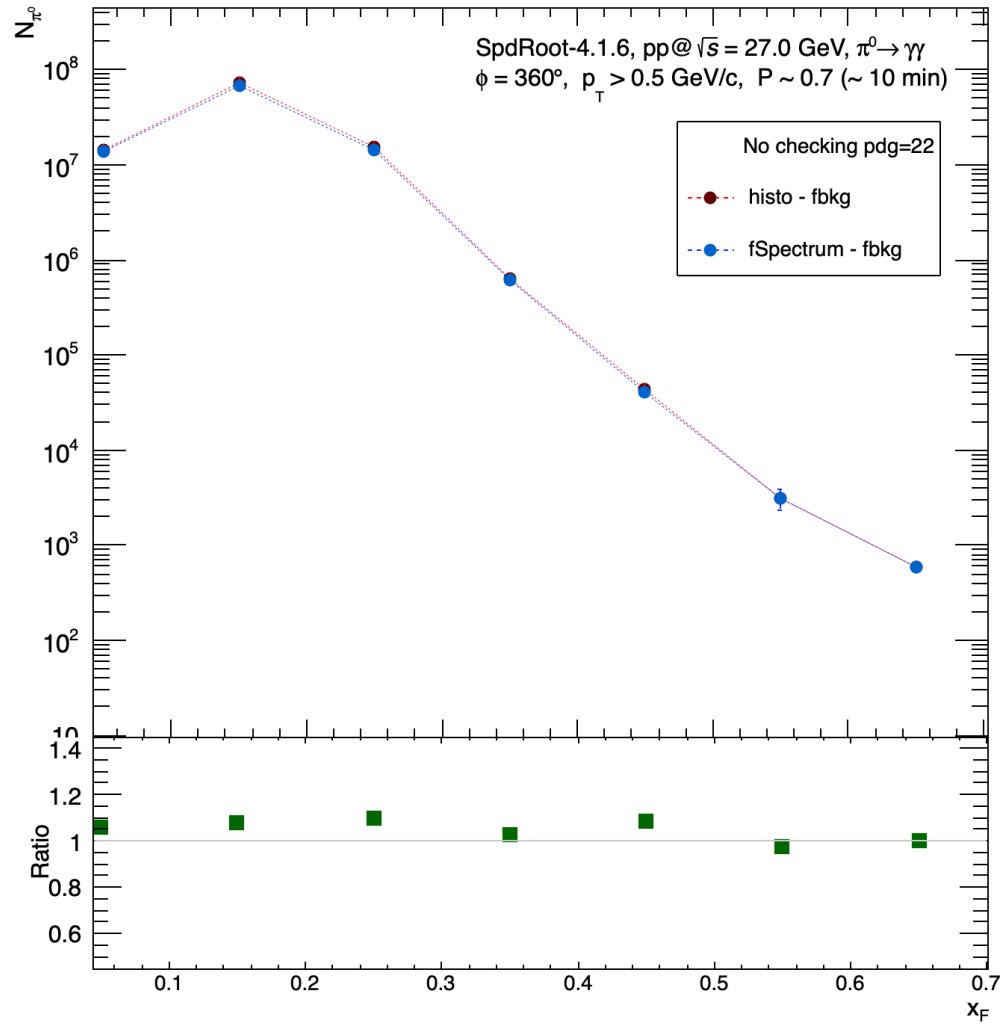
Generation

- SpdRoot version 4.1.6
- $pp @ \sqrt{s} = 27 \text{ GeV}$
- Particle generator: Pythia 8 (number of events: $\sim 200\text{M}$) \leftarrow using DIRAC platform
- Minimum Bias
- Vertex assumed at $(0, 0, 0) \rightarrow$ Gaussian smeared: $\sigma_z = 30 \text{ cm}$ and $\sigma_{x,y} = 0.1 \text{ cm}$

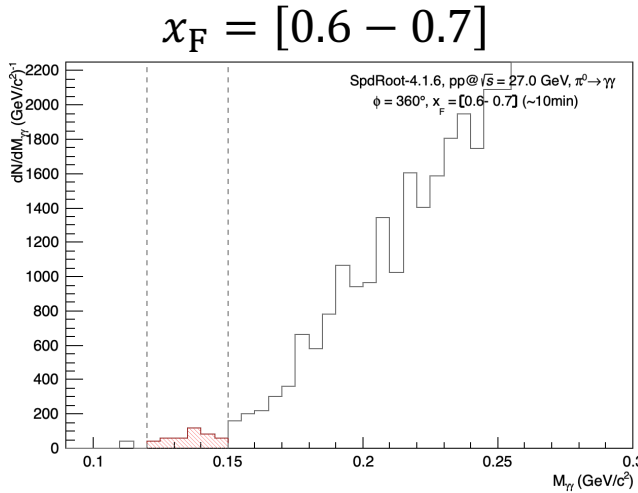
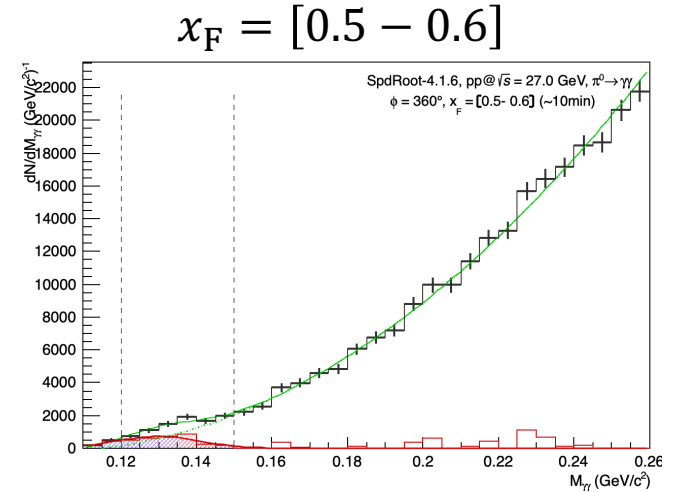
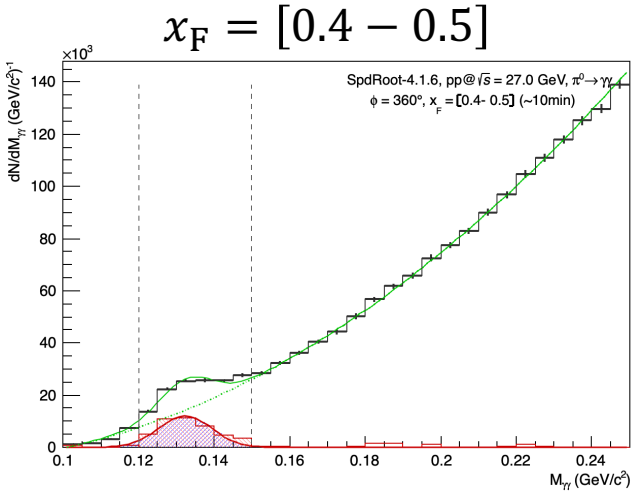
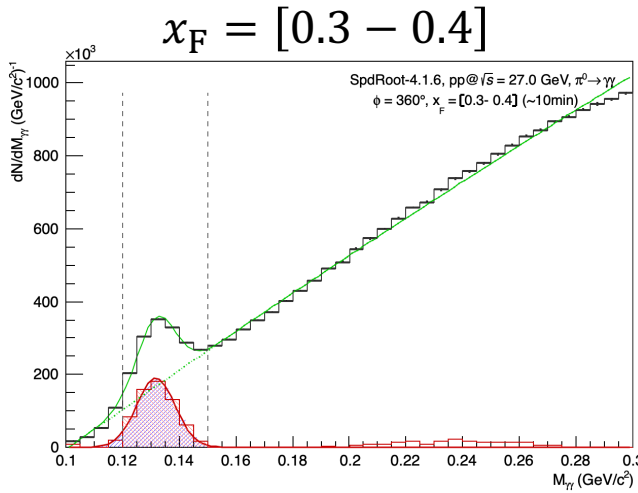
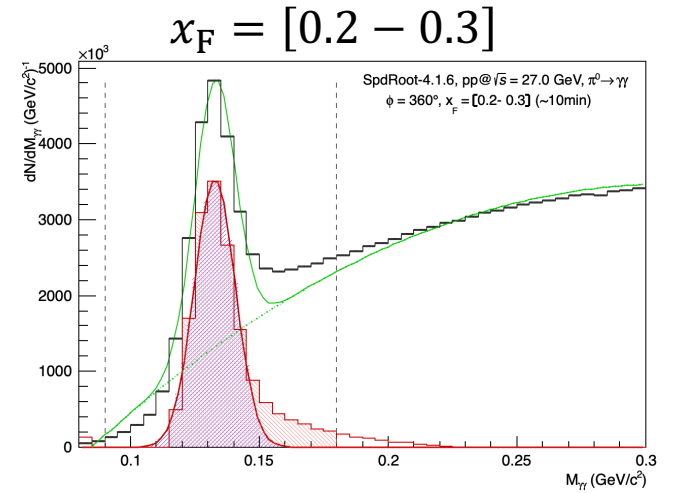
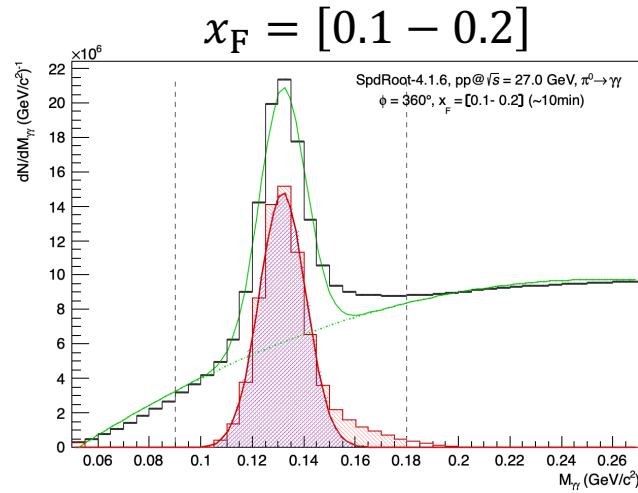
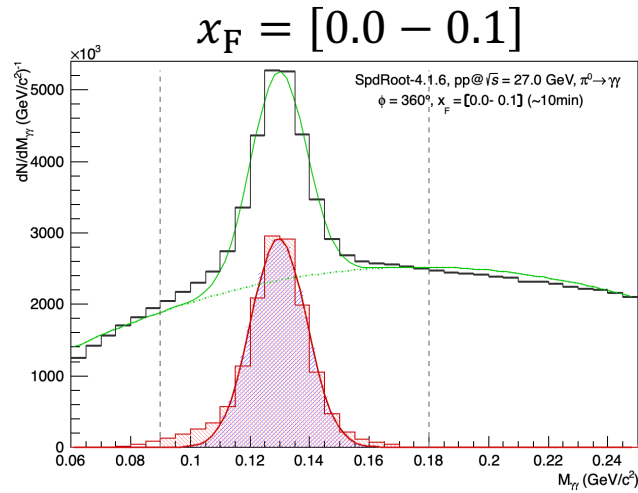
Realistic reconstruction

- Focus on the “ECAL” reconstructed particle
- Identified the cluster to which the particle belongs
- Position and energy taken from cluster
- Selected clusters that belong to the ECAL endcaps
- No especial constraint is applied to select photons (i.e. pdg code)**
- Candidates to π^0 selected from all possible $\gamma\gamma$ combinations (invariant mass)

Yield N_{π^0} vs. x_F , $\Delta\phi = 360$ deg



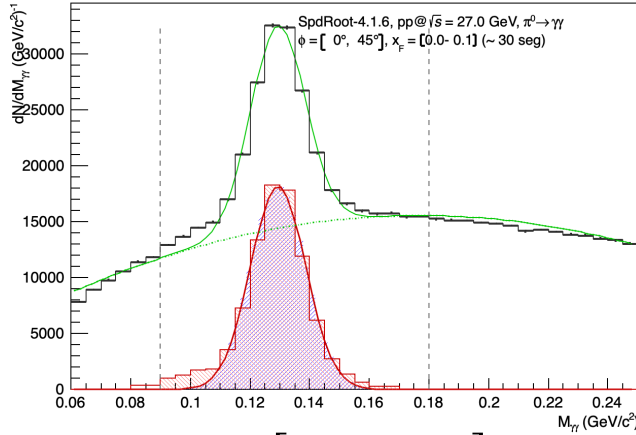
$$f(x) = [p0] \cdot \exp(-0.5 \cdot ((x - [p1])/[p2]) \cdot ((x - [p1])/[p2])) / (\text{sqrt}(2\pi) \cdot [p2]) + [p3] + [p4] \cdot x + [p5] \cdot \text{pow}(x, 2)$$



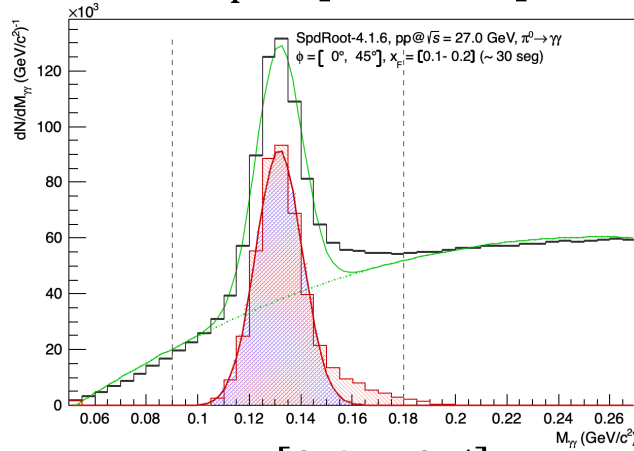
Fit: *gausn + pol2*

$$f(x) = [p0] \cdot \exp(-0.5 \cdot ((x - [p1])/[p2]) \cdot ((x - [p1])/[p2])) / (\text{sqrt}(2\pi) \cdot [p2]) + [p3] + [p4] \cdot x + [p5] \cdot \text{pow}(x, 2)$$

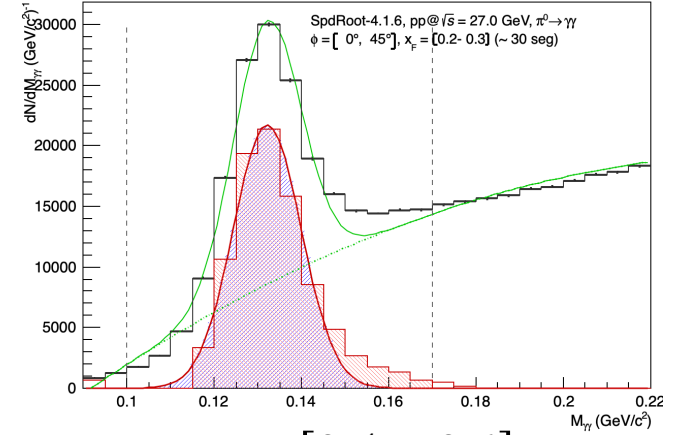
$x_F = [0.0 - 0.1]$



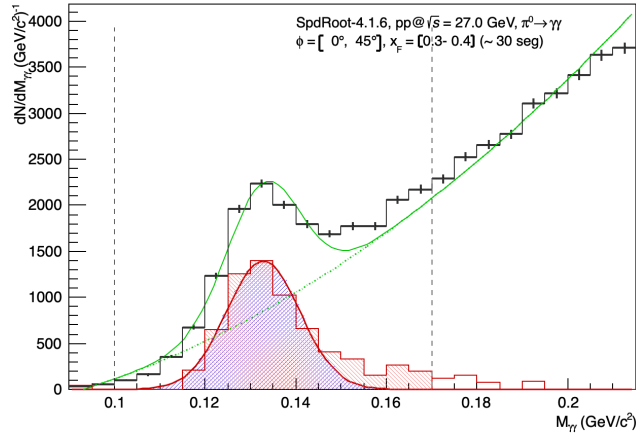
$x_F = [0.1 - 0.2]$



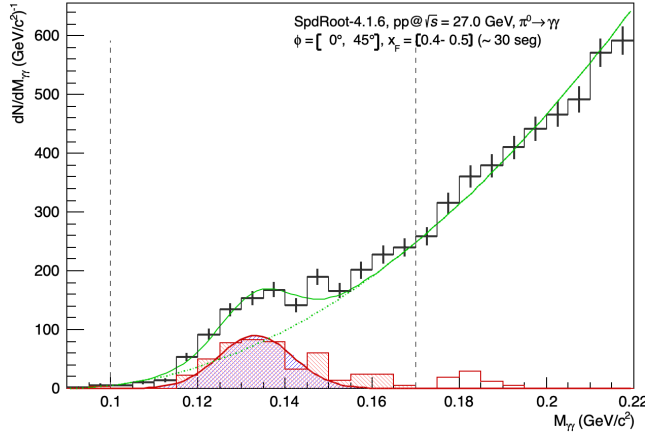
$x_F = [0.2 - 0.3]$



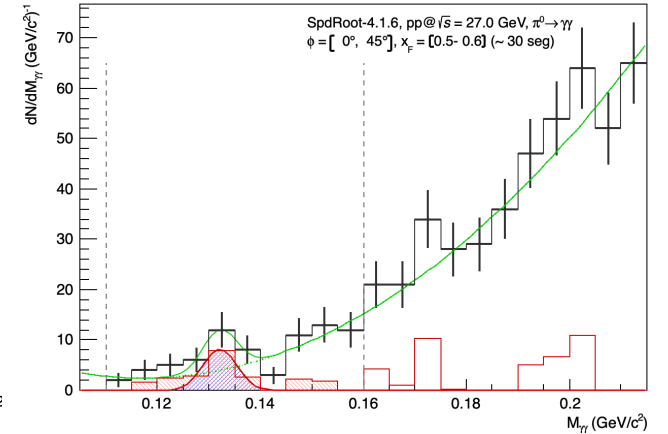
$x_F = [0.3 - 0.4]$



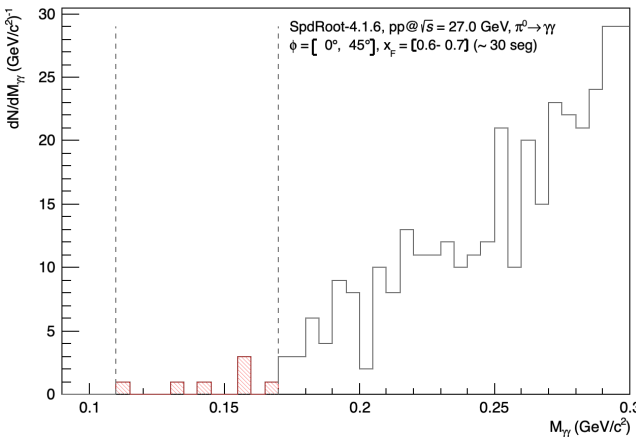
$x_F = [0.4 - 0.5]$



$x_F = [0.5 - 0.6]$



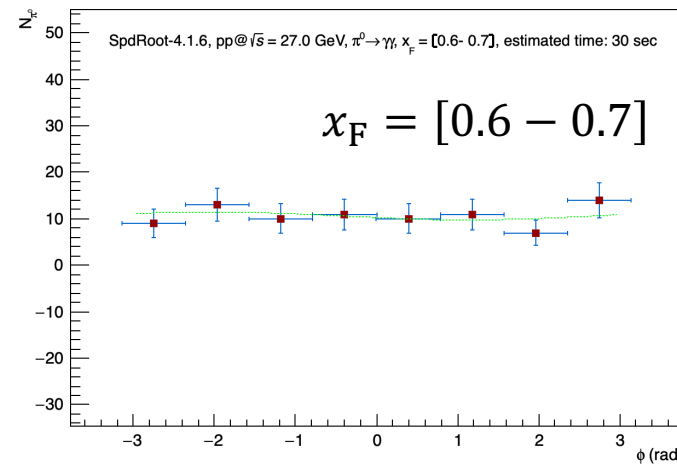
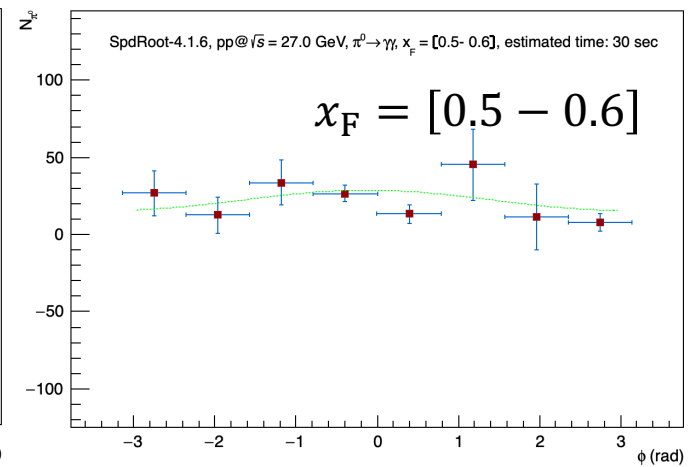
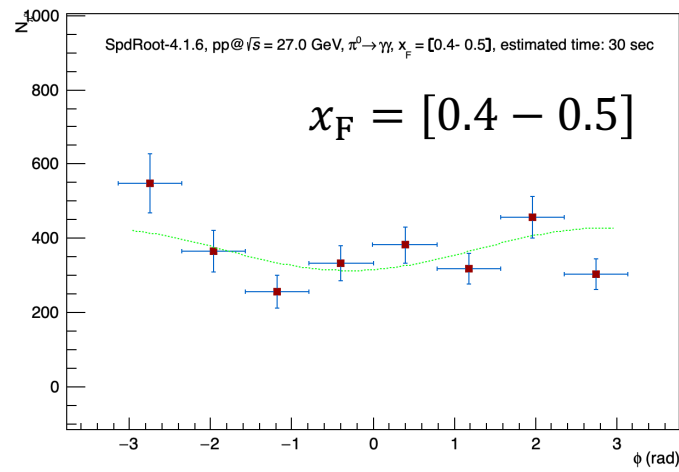
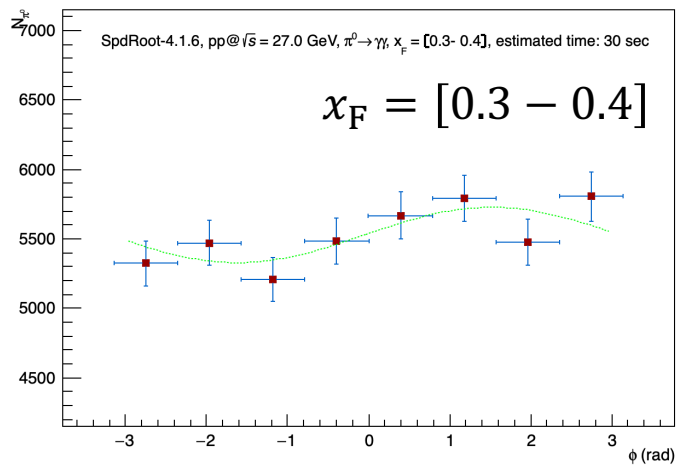
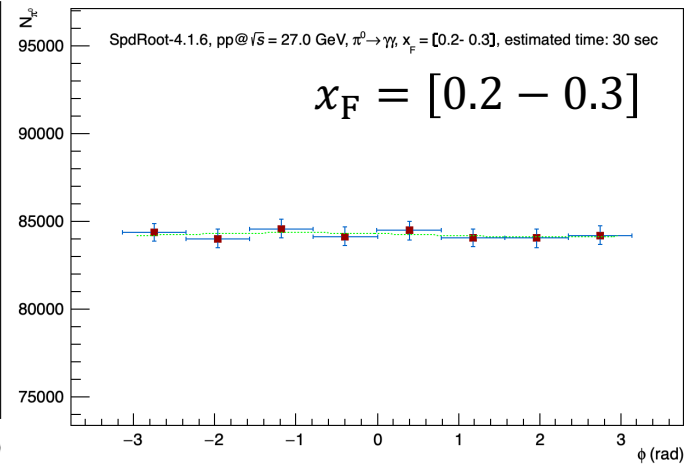
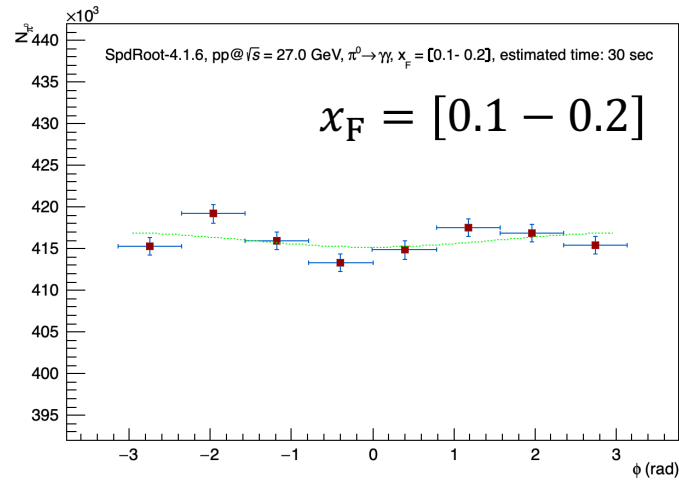
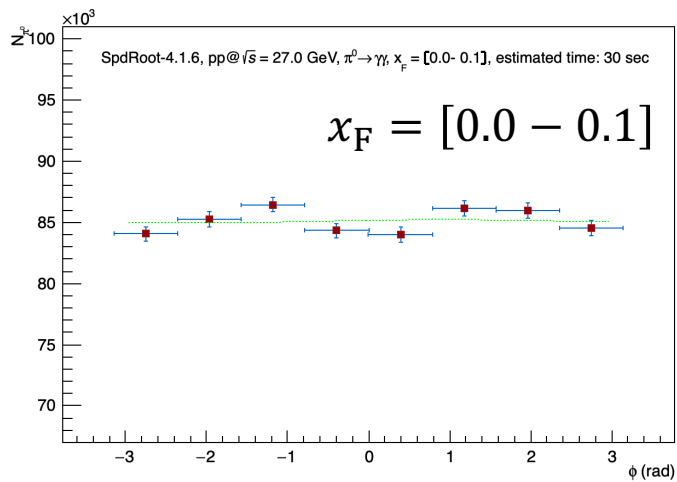
$x_F = [0.6 - 0.7]$



Fit: gausn + pol2

$$f(x) = [p0] \cdot \exp(-0.5 \cdot ((x - [p1])/[p2]) \cdot ((x - [p1])/[p2])) / (\text{sqrt}(2\pi) \cdot [p2]) + [p3] + [p4] \cdot x + [p5] \cdot \text{pow}(x, 2)$$

Azimuthal cosine modulation of π^0 yields in x_F intervals

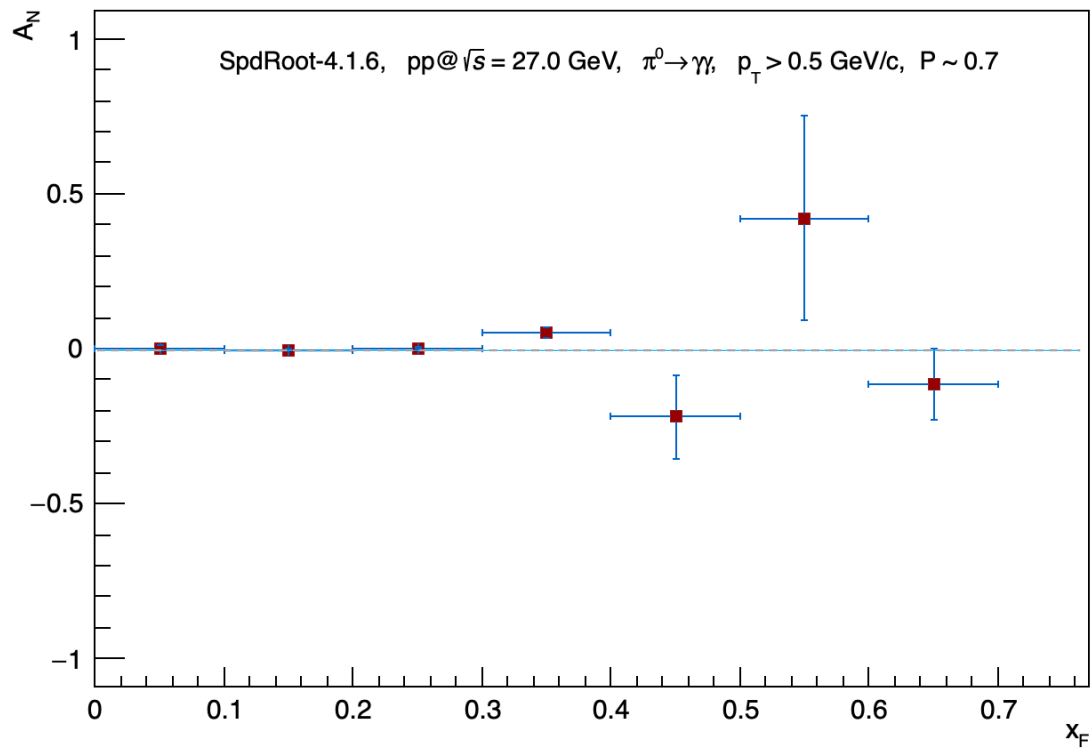


Azimuthal cosine modulation:

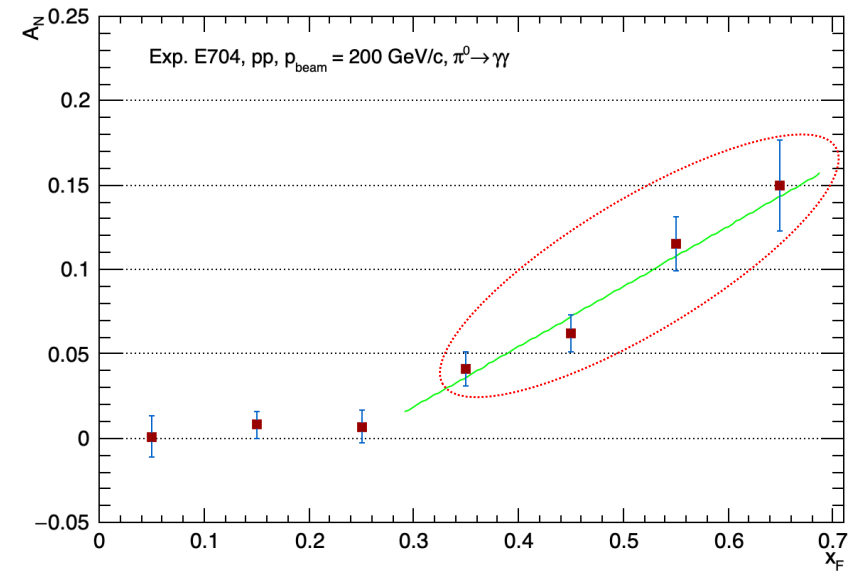
$$[p0] \cdot (1 + [p1] \cdot \cos([p2] + x))$$

$$\underbrace{P \cdot A_N}_{(P \sim 0.7)}$$

A_N vs. x_F (spdroot)



Experiment E704 (1991)



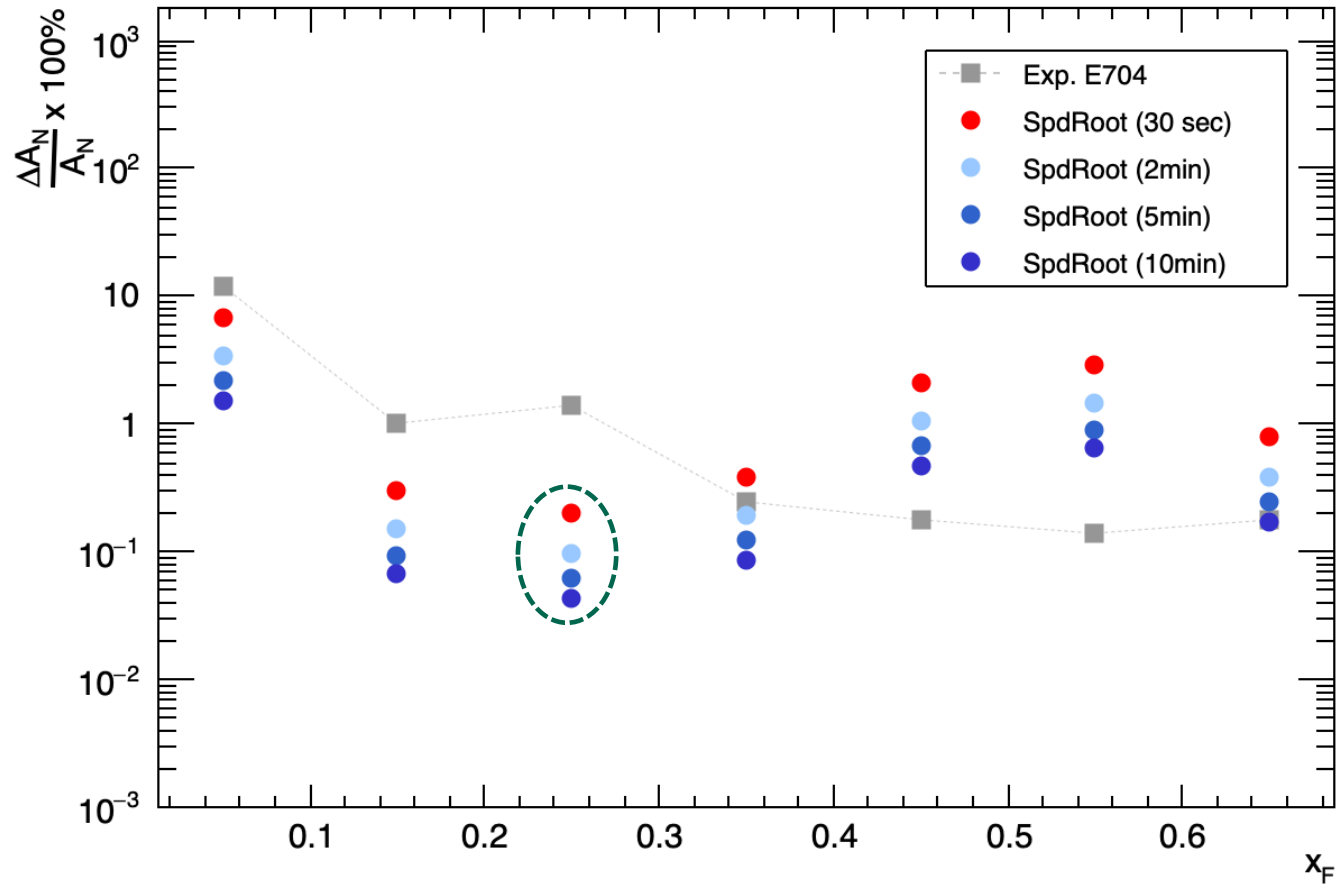
$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N}$ \rightarrow SpdRoot
 A_N \rightarrow E704

$$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N} \sim \frac{\Delta P}{P}$$

$$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N} \text{ vs. } x_F$$

$$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N} \begin{matrix} \nearrow \text{SpdRoot} \\ \searrow \text{E704} \end{matrix}$$

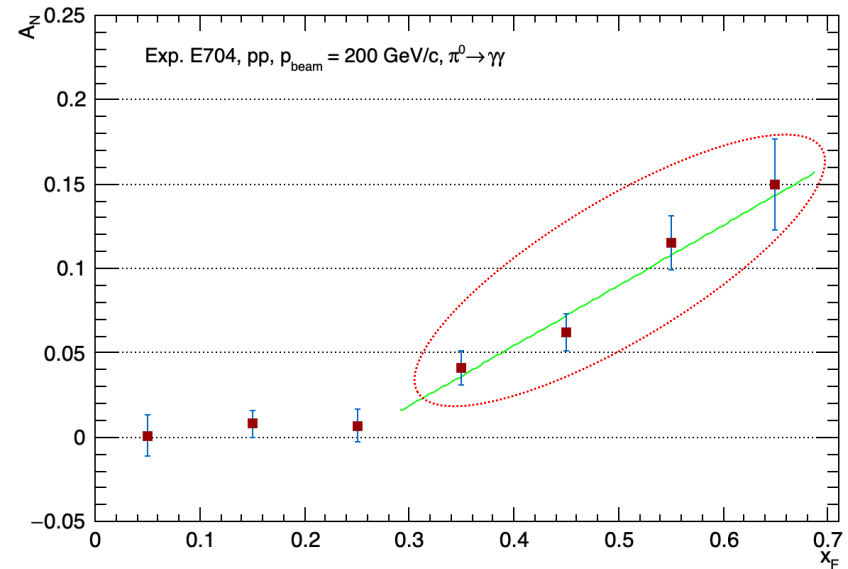
$$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N} \sim \frac{\Delta P}{P}$$



Better precision of the polarization measurement expected at:
 $0.2 < x_F < 0.3$ ($\sqrt{s} = 27$ GeV)

$$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N} \sim \frac{\Delta P}{P}$$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{P} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sum_i \left(\frac{A_{Ni}}{\Delta A_{Ni}}\right)^2}}$$



Taking three experimental 4 points ($0.3 \leq x_F < 0.7$): $\frac{\Delta P}{P} = 0.0998 \rightarrow 9.9\%$ (Experiment E704)

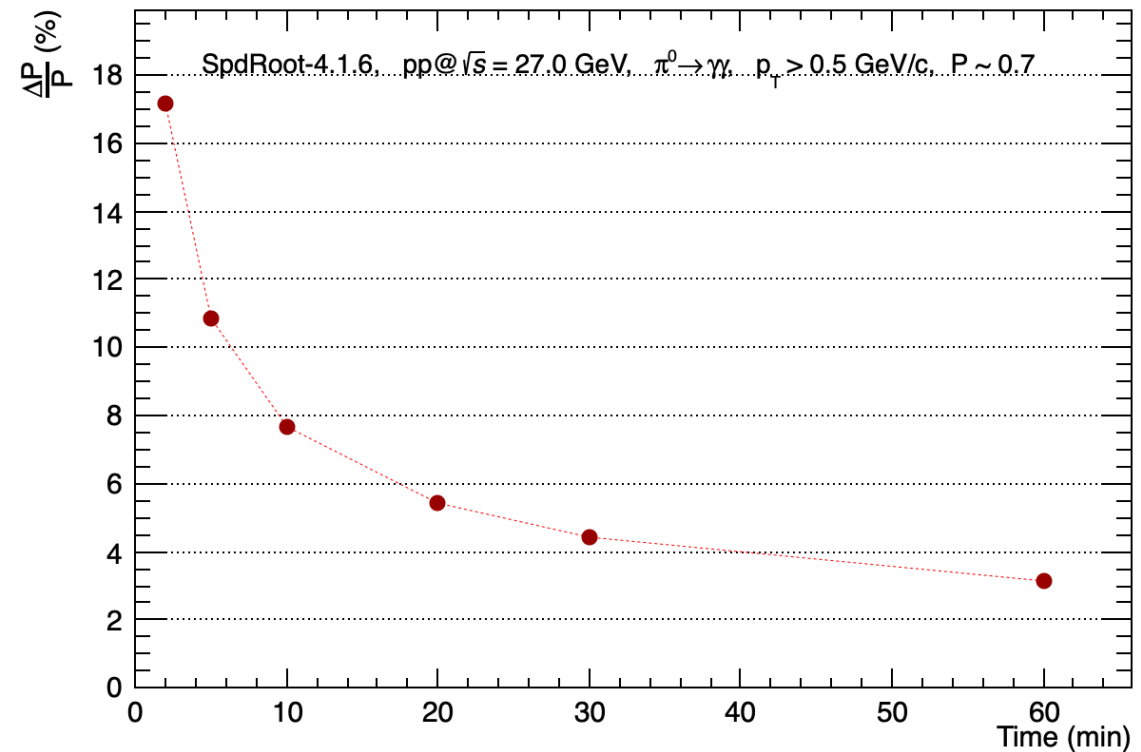
*The error of the beam polarization in the experiment **E704** is estimated in **10%***

(FERMILAB-Pub-91/15-E[E581,E704])

Estimation of the statistical accuracy of the beam polarization measurement, with $pp \rightarrow \pi^0 X$ at $\sqrt{s} = 27$ GeV, in SPD ECAL endcaps.

Realistic reconstruction

Estimated time	$\frac{\Delta P}{P}$ <i>Fitting and subtracting bkg</i>
2 min	17.14 %
5 min	10.84 %
10 min	7.67 %
20 min	5.42 %
30 min	4.43 %
1 h	3.13 %



- ✓ Explore the possibility of including skewed Gaussian functions.
- ✓ Identify photons originating from the same π^0 to better elucidate the π^0 signal, mostly at high x_F .