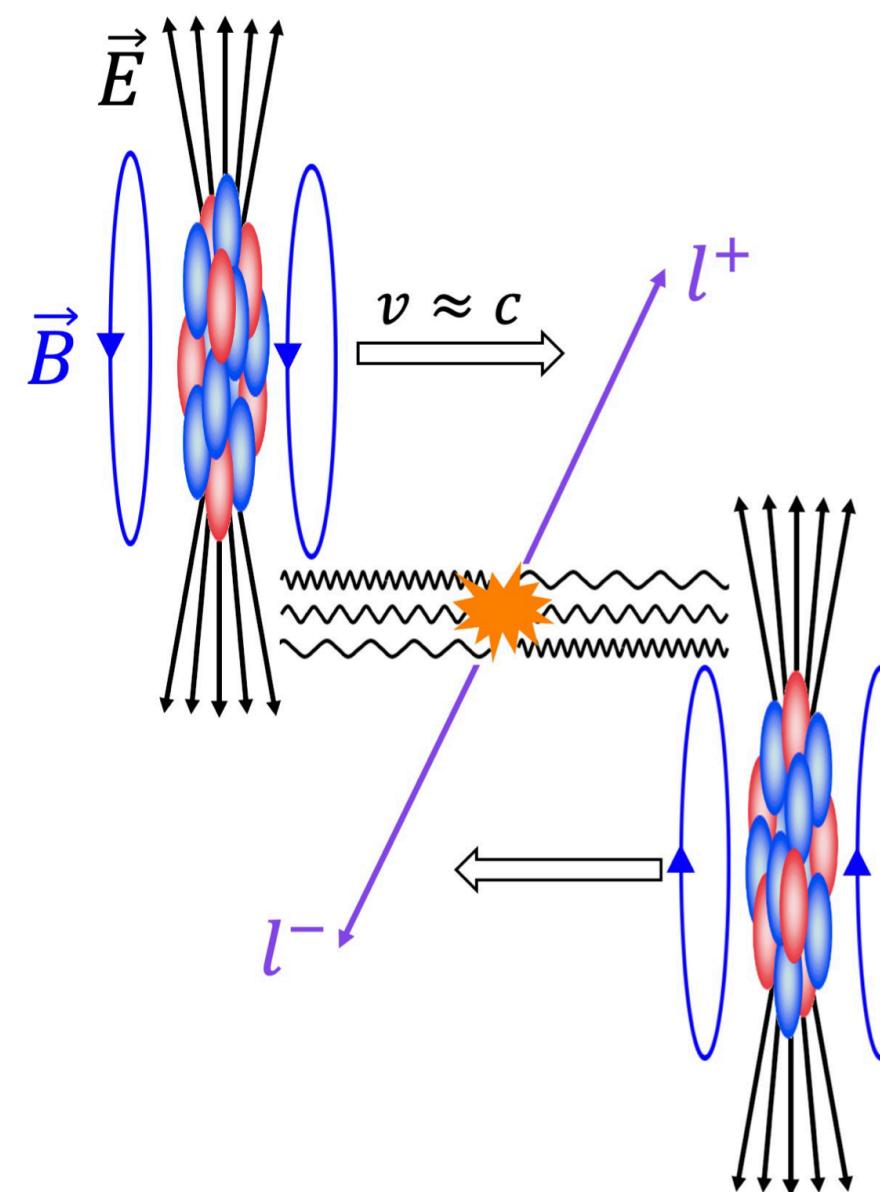
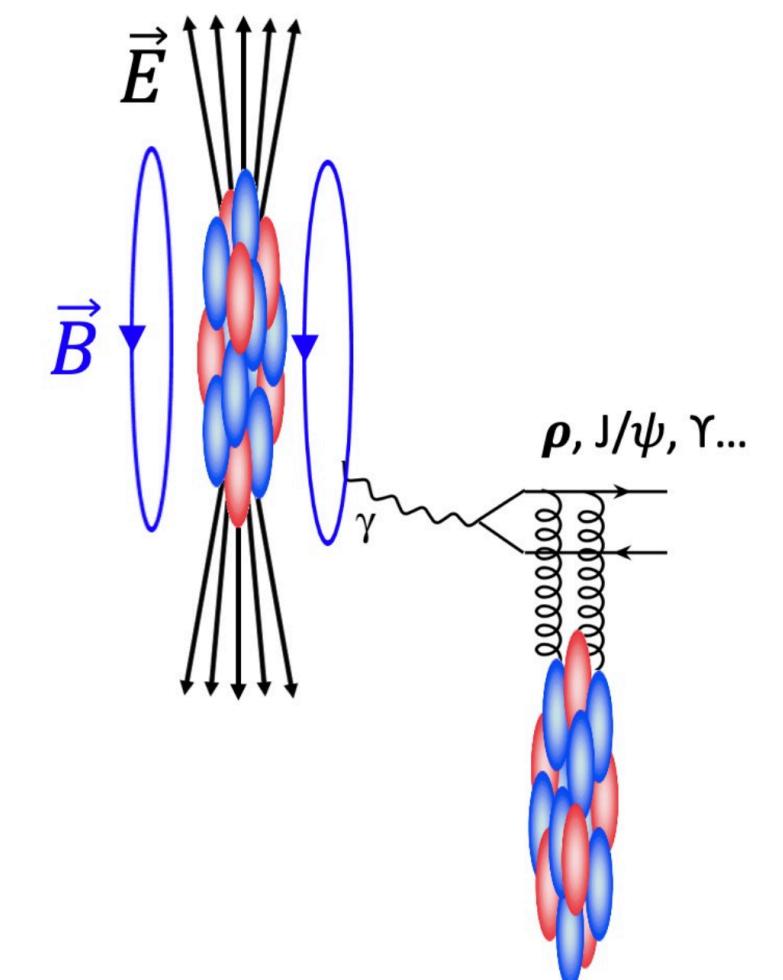




The recent measurements of ultra-peripheral collisions



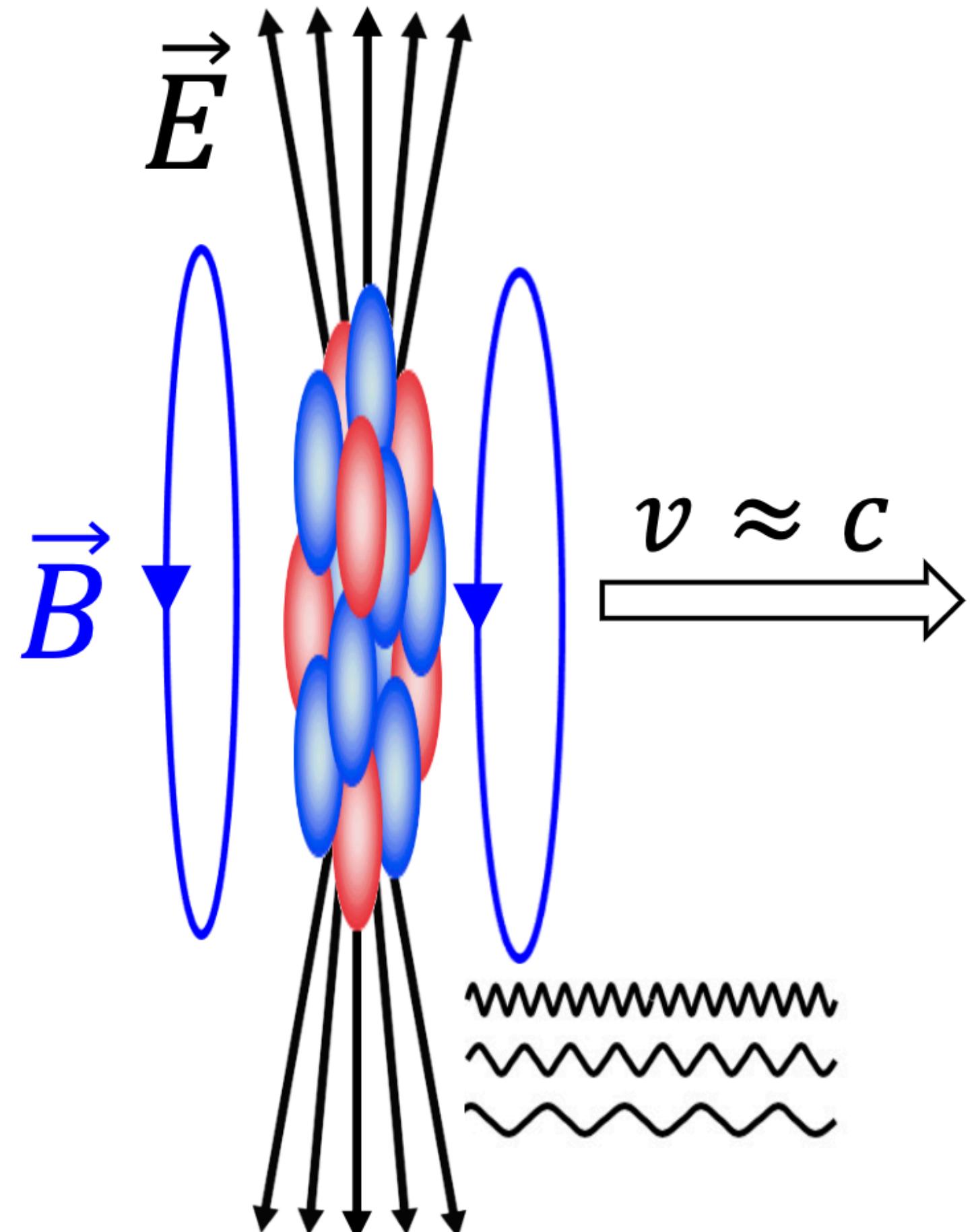
Shuai Yang (杨 帅)
South China Normal University



Equivalent photon

○ Equivalent Photon Approximation

- Photon Flux $\propto Z^2$
- $Q^2 \sim 0$ (quasi real photon)

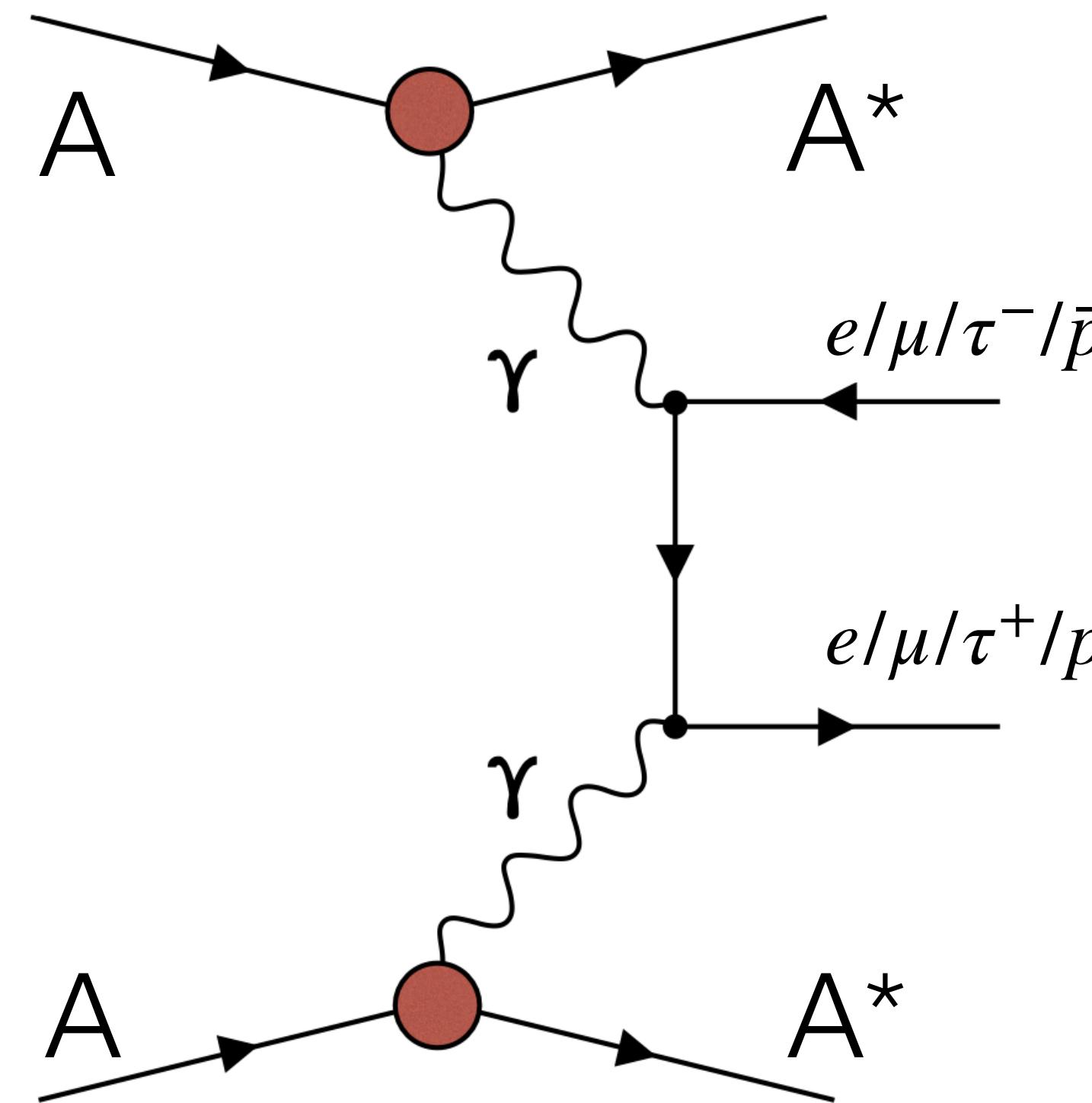
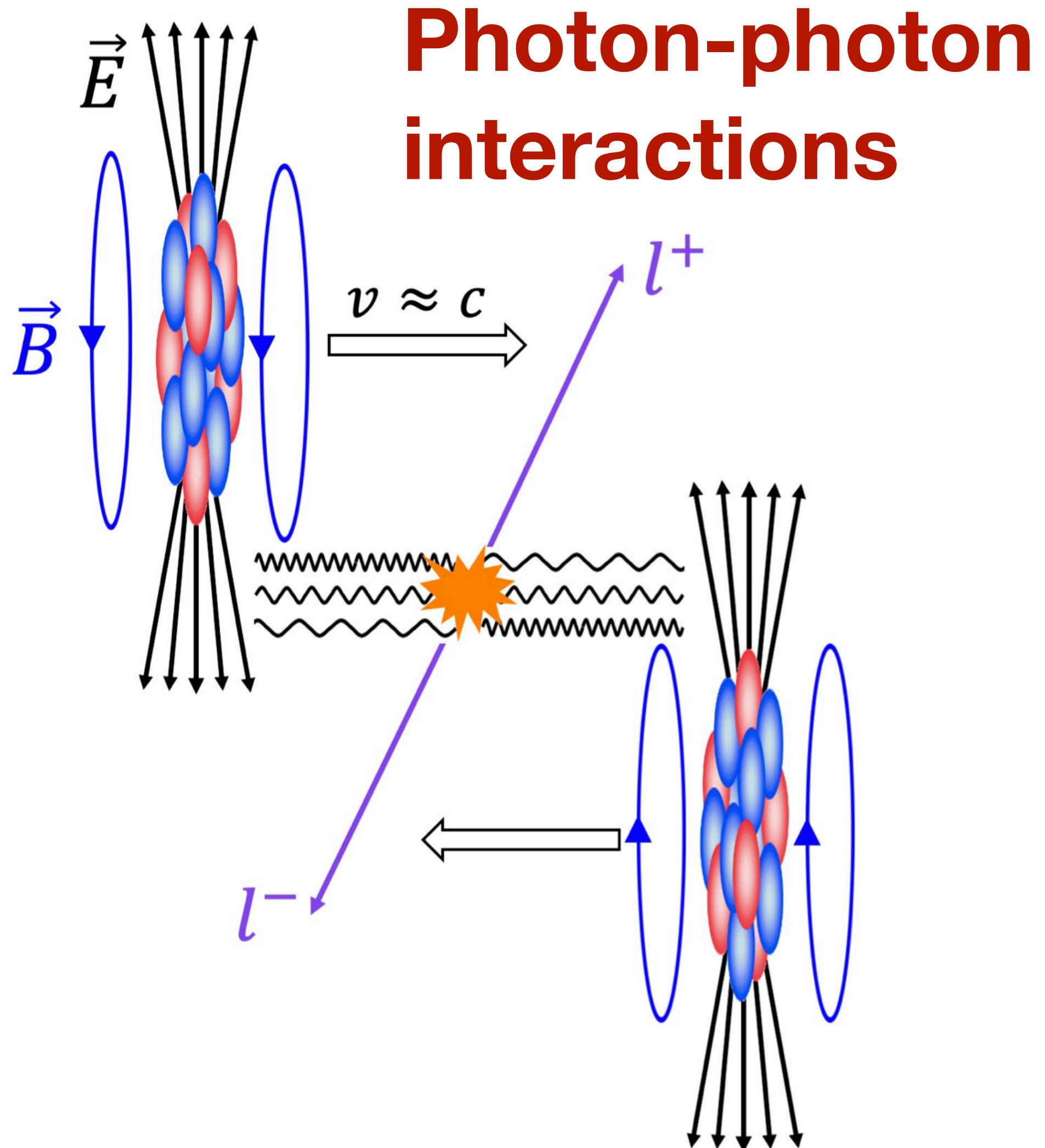


Fermi, Z. Phys. 29 (1924) 315
Williams, Phys. Rev. 45 (1934) 729
Weizsäcker, Z. Phys. 88 (1934) 612

○ Photon kinematics

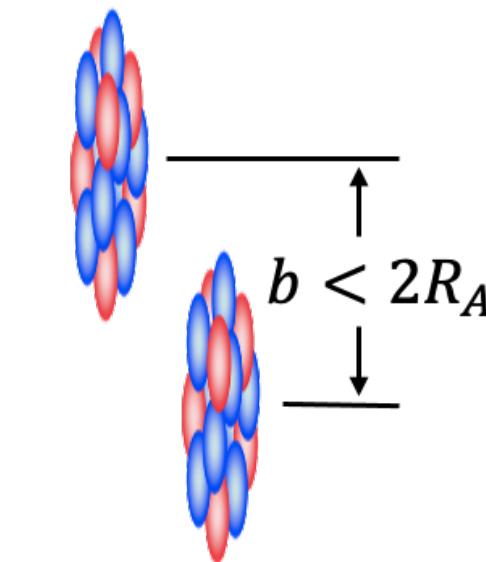
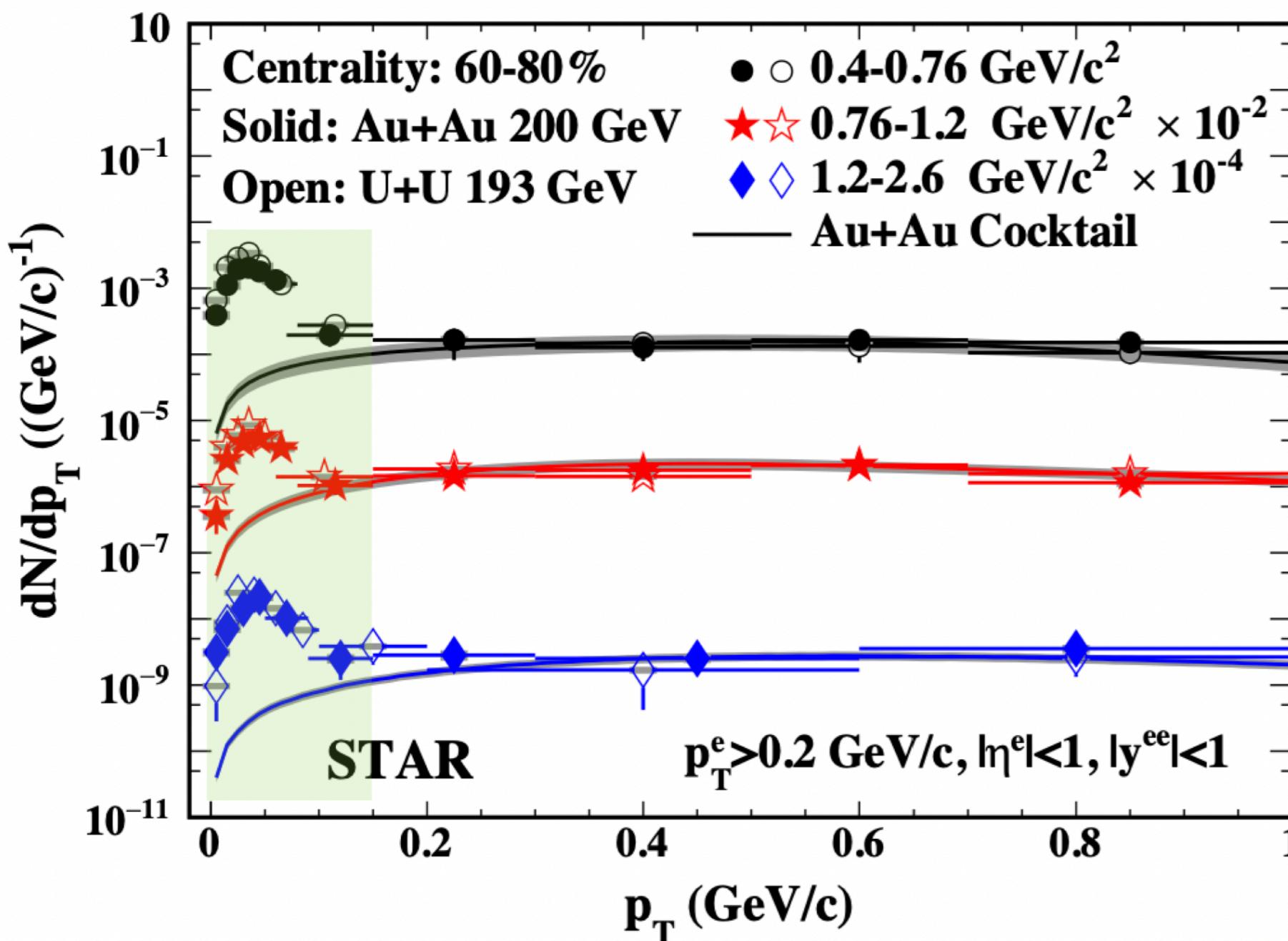
maximum energy $E_{\gamma,\text{max}} \sim \gamma(\hbar c/R)$	80 GeV in Pb+Pb@LHC 3 GeV in Au+Au@RHIC
typical p_T (& virtuality) $p_{T\text{max}} \sim \hbar c/R$	O(30) MeV @ RHIC & LHC
Coherent strengths (rates) scale as Z^2 : nuclei \gg protons	Flux of photons on other nucleus $\sim Z^2$, flux of photons on photons $\sim Z^4$ (45M!)

Photon-photon interactions



- QED
- BSM physics

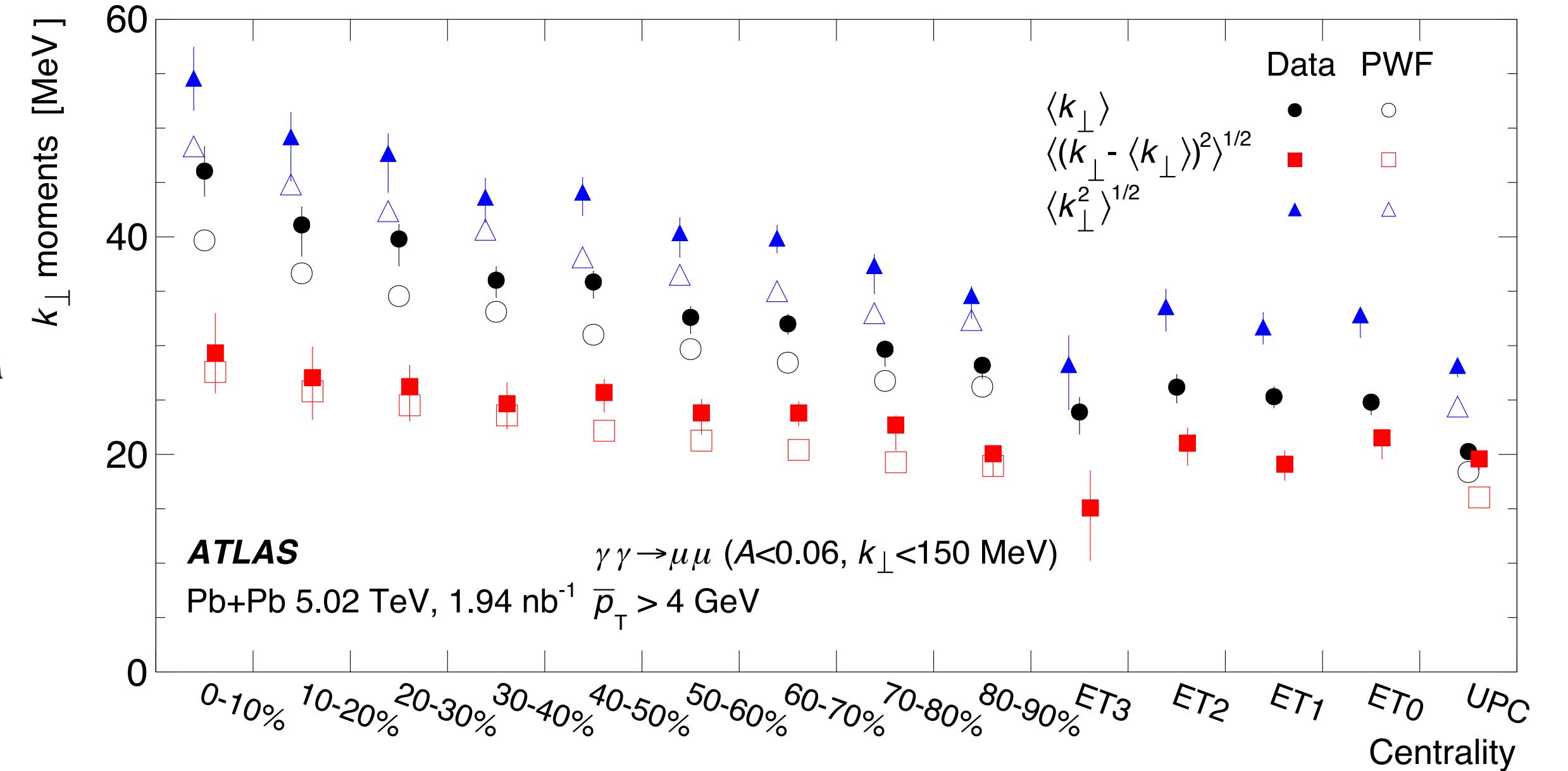
Observed Breit-Wheeler process in non-UPC



STAR, PRL 121 (2018) 132301

ATLAS, PRL 121 (2018) 212301

ATLAS, PRC 107 (2023) 054907

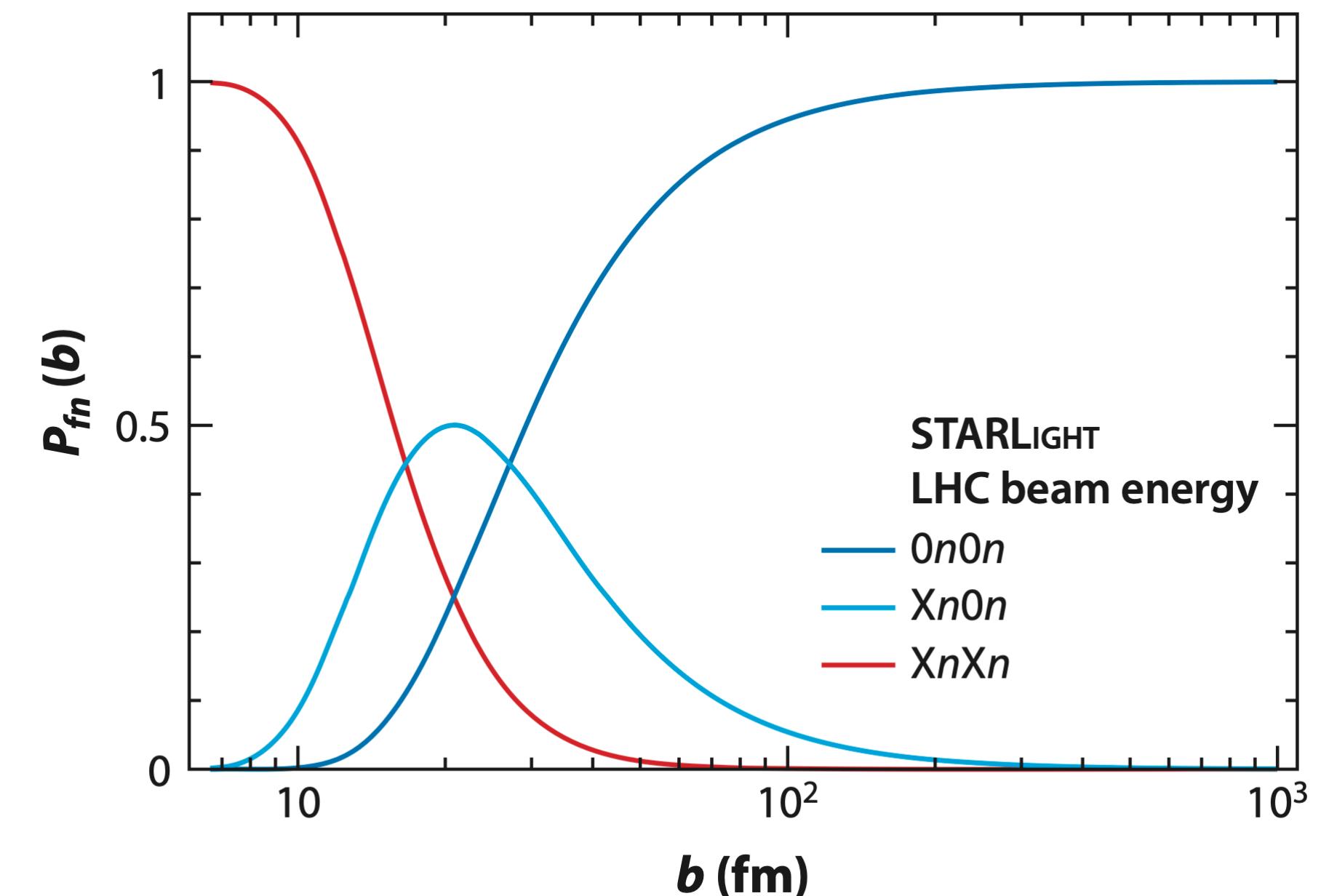
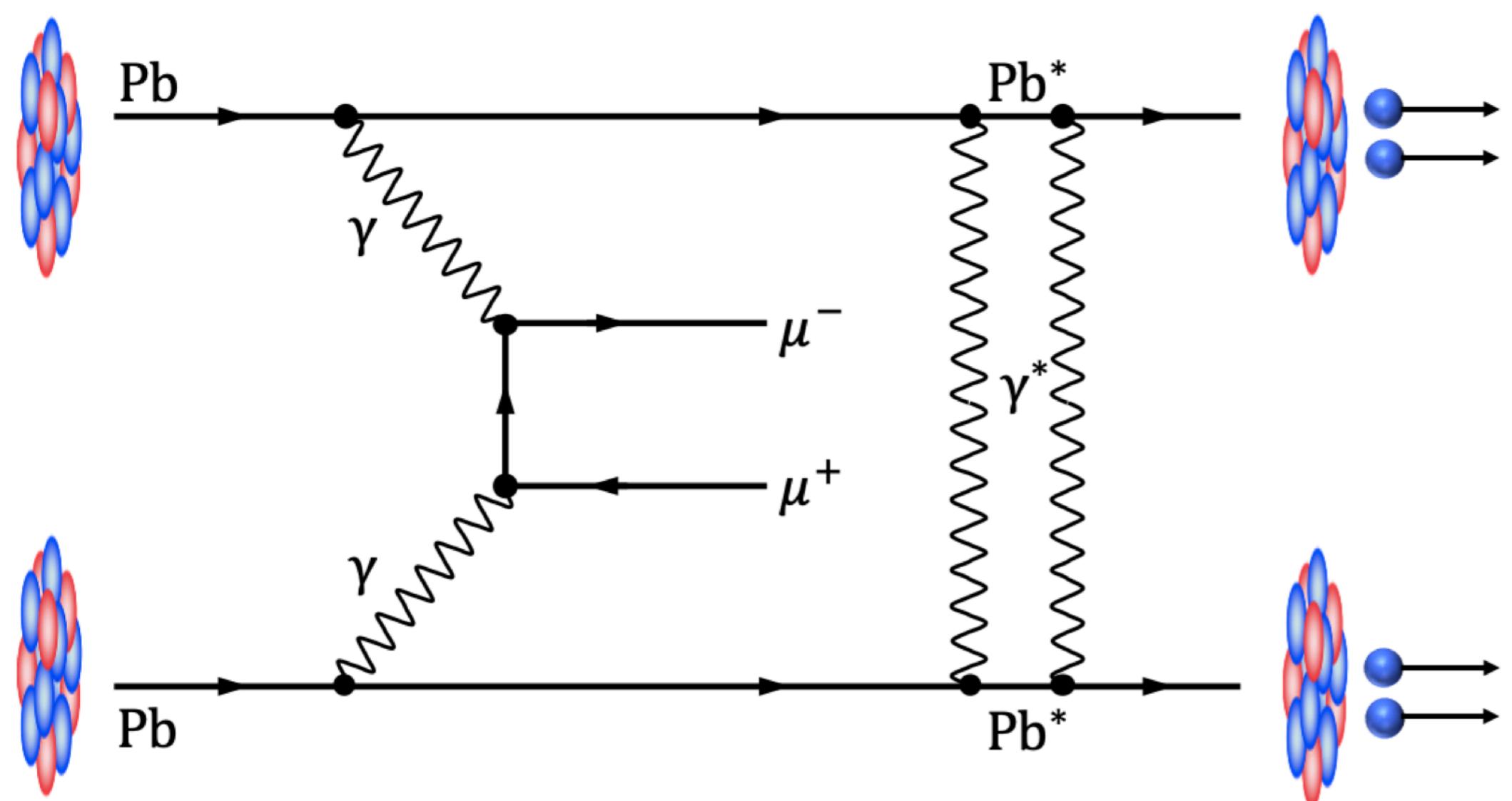


smaller b ← larger b

- Observed Breit-Wheeler process in non-UPC
- Broadening of pair p_T towards central collisions
 - QGP EM properties vs. initial photon p broadening

Control impact parameter in UPC

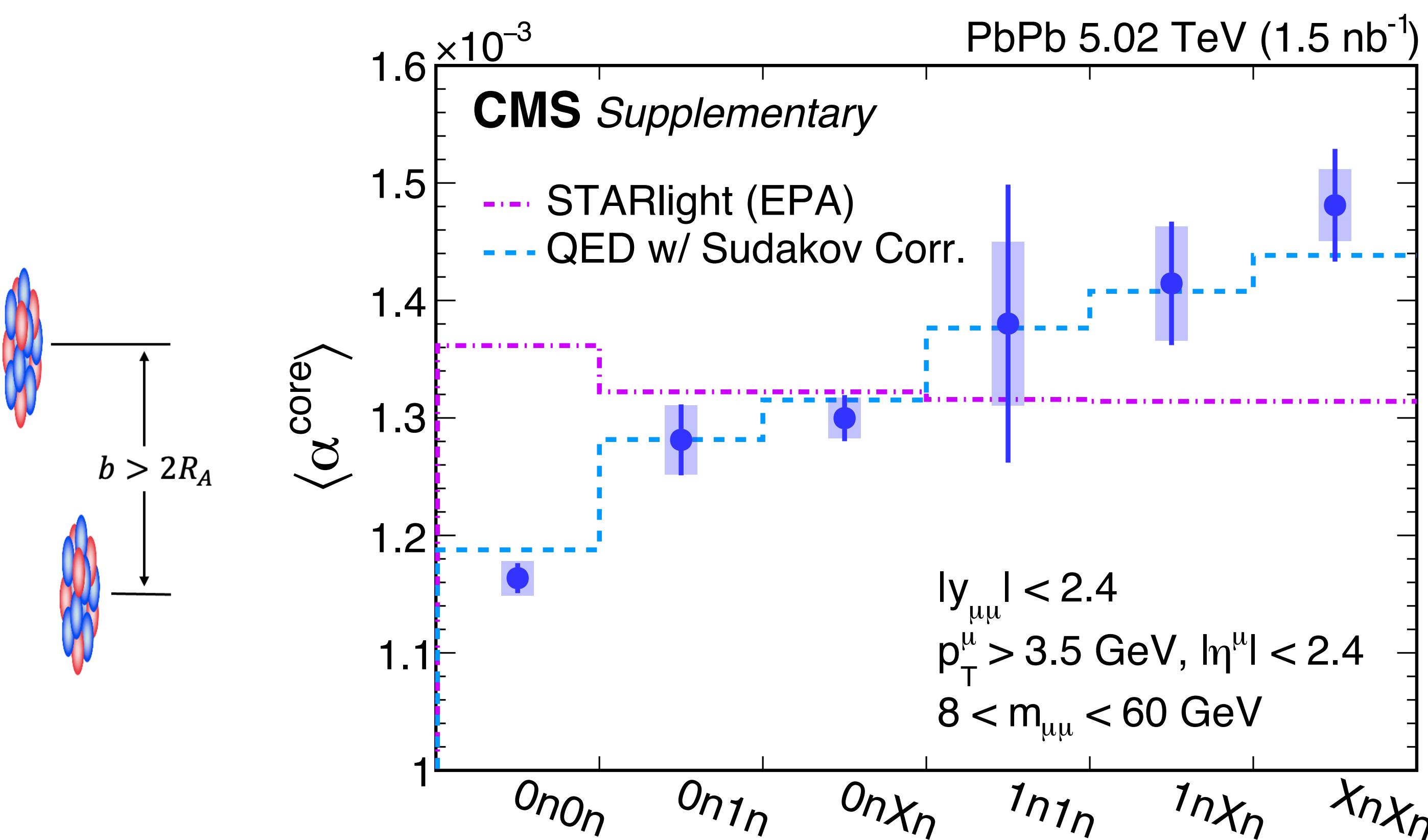
Nuclei **may** exchange soft photon(s) \Rightarrow nuclear dissociation



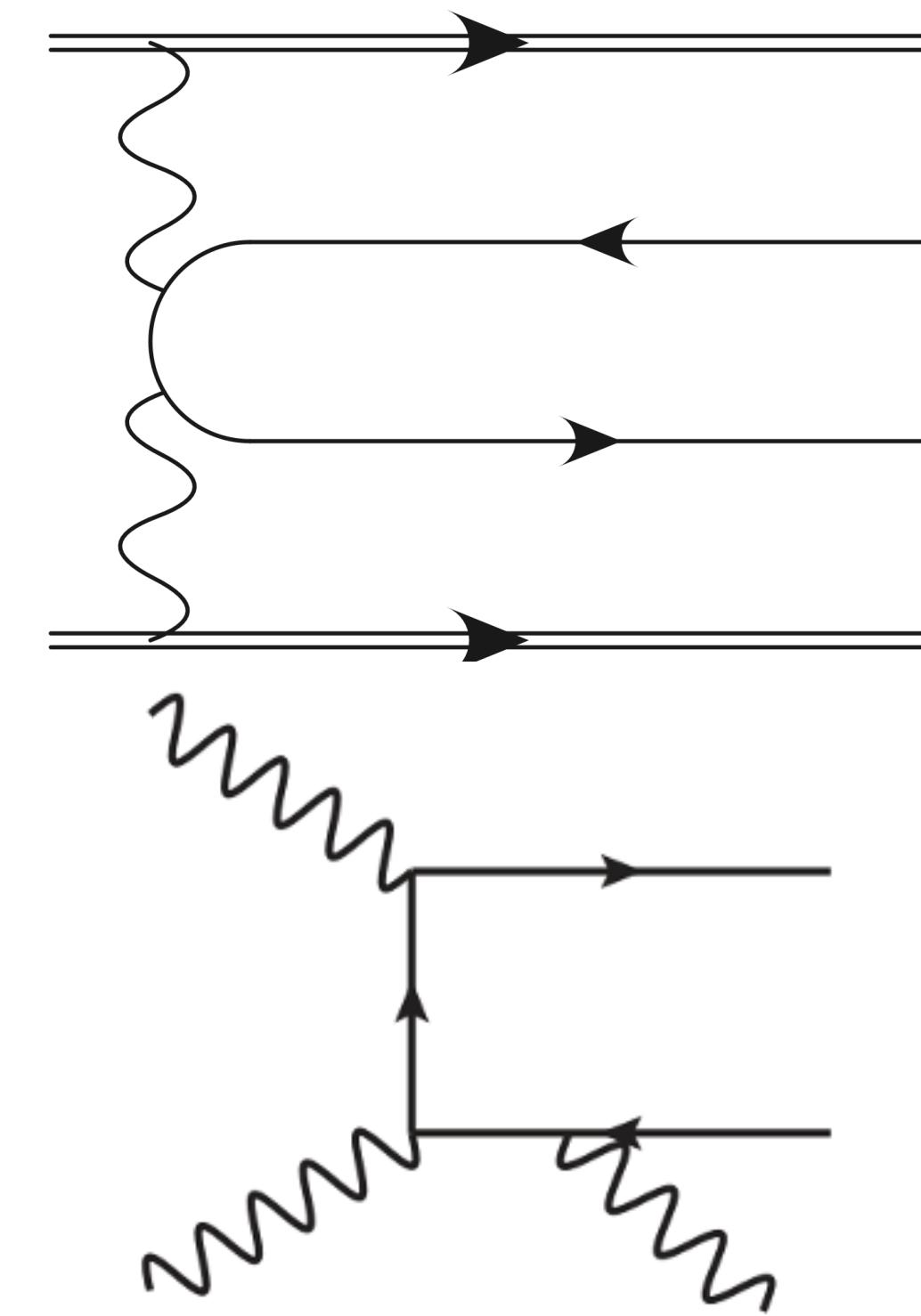
Klein and Steinberg, Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 70 (2020) 323

- Control the impact parameter via forward neutron multiplicity
 - $b_{XnXn} < b_{0nXn} < b_{0n0n}$

Concluded the b dependence of photon p_T



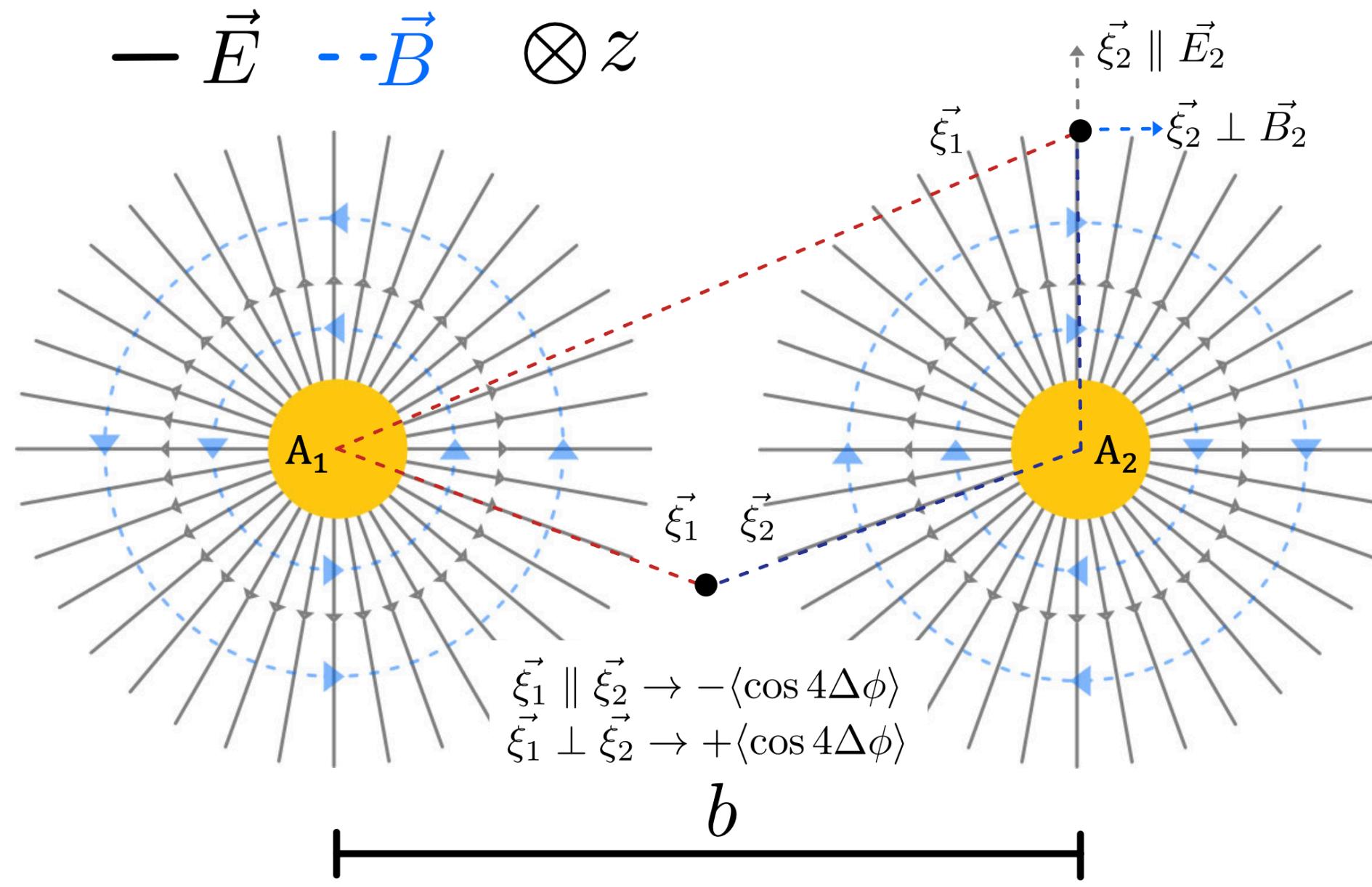
CMS, PRL 127 (2021) 122001
Brandenburg et al., arXiv:2006.07365



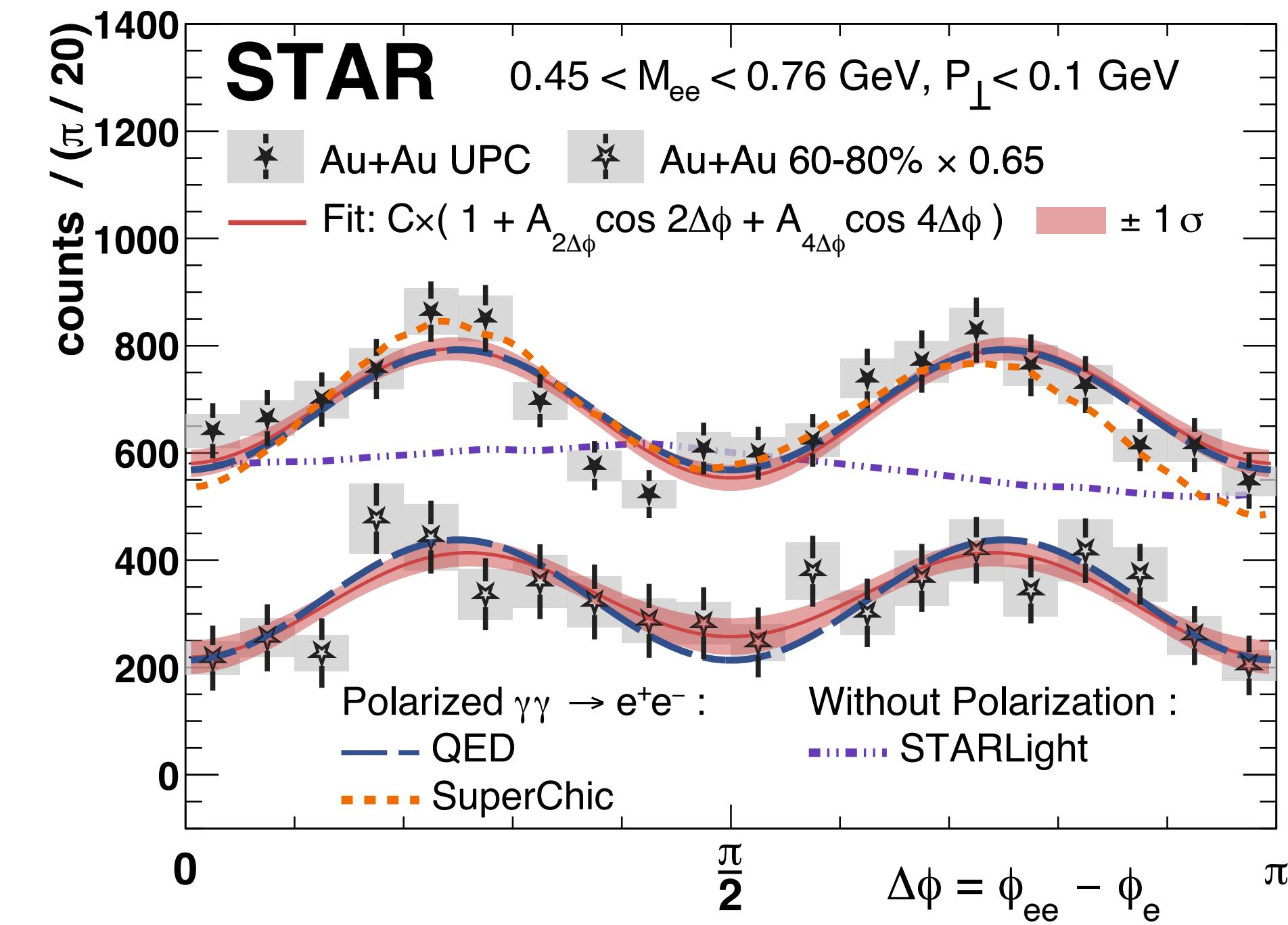
- Qualitatively described by a leading order QED model
- Demonstrated the b dependence of photon p_T
 - Precise reference for probing QGP EM effects

Experimental signature of linearly polarized photons

Li, Zhou, and Zhou, PLB 795 (2019) 576



STAR, PRL 127 (2021) 052302



- Different helicity amplitude combinations for linearly polarized photons lead to a splitting of angular modulation
- Experimentally observe that photons are linearly polarized
 - **UPC: $A_{4\Delta\phi}$ observed with $> 6\sigma$**
 - **non-UPC: $A_{4\Delta\phi}$ observed with $> 4\sigma$**

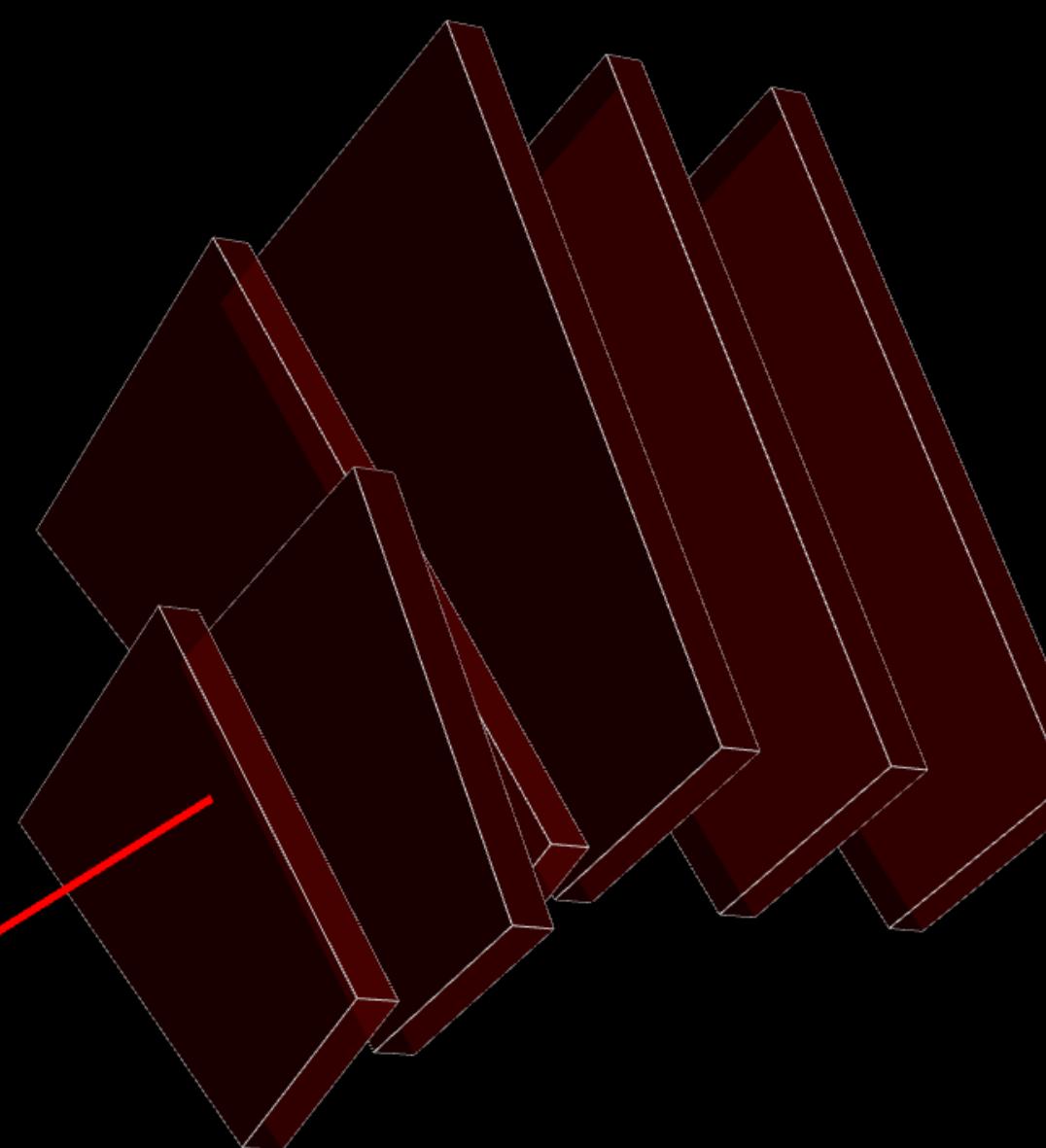
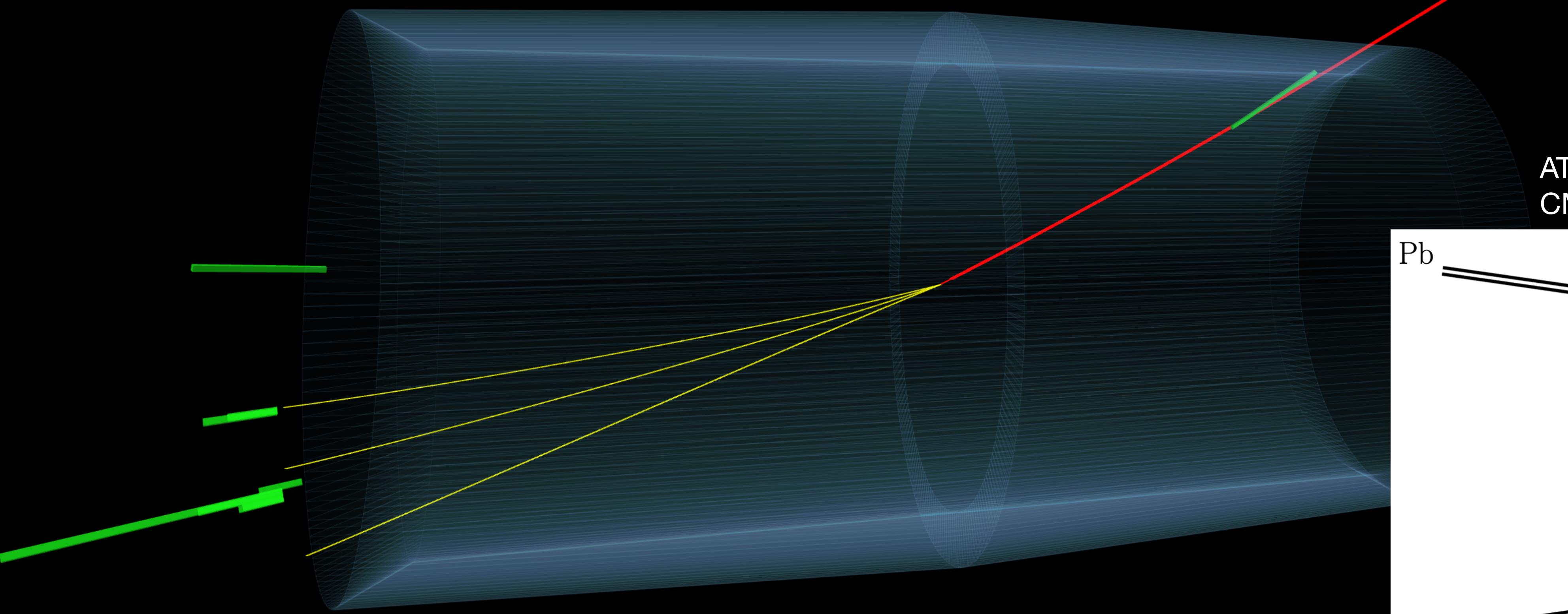


Observation of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \tau\tau$ in AA

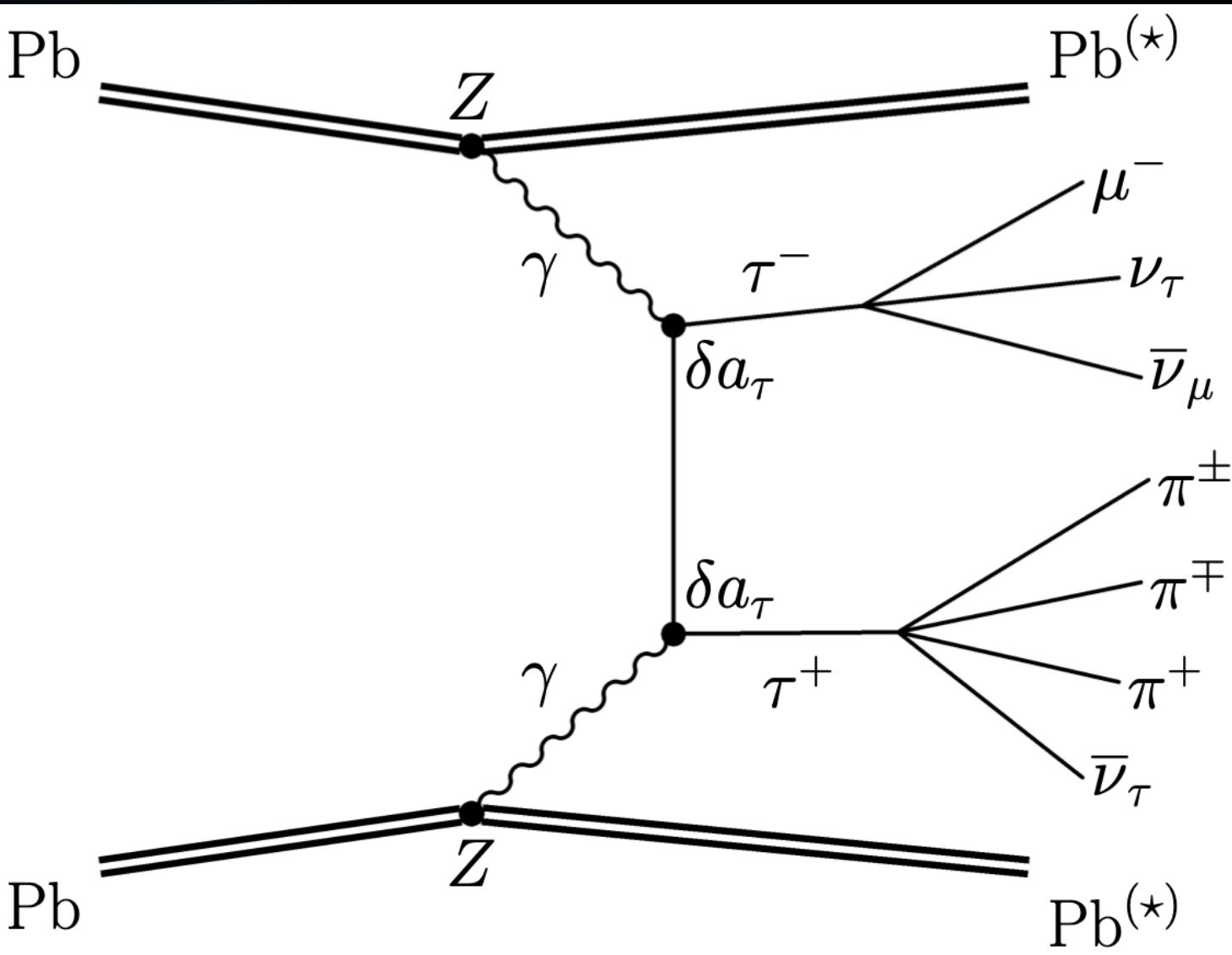
CMS Experiment at the LHC, CERN

Data recorded: 2015-Dec-06 21:41:27.033612 GMT

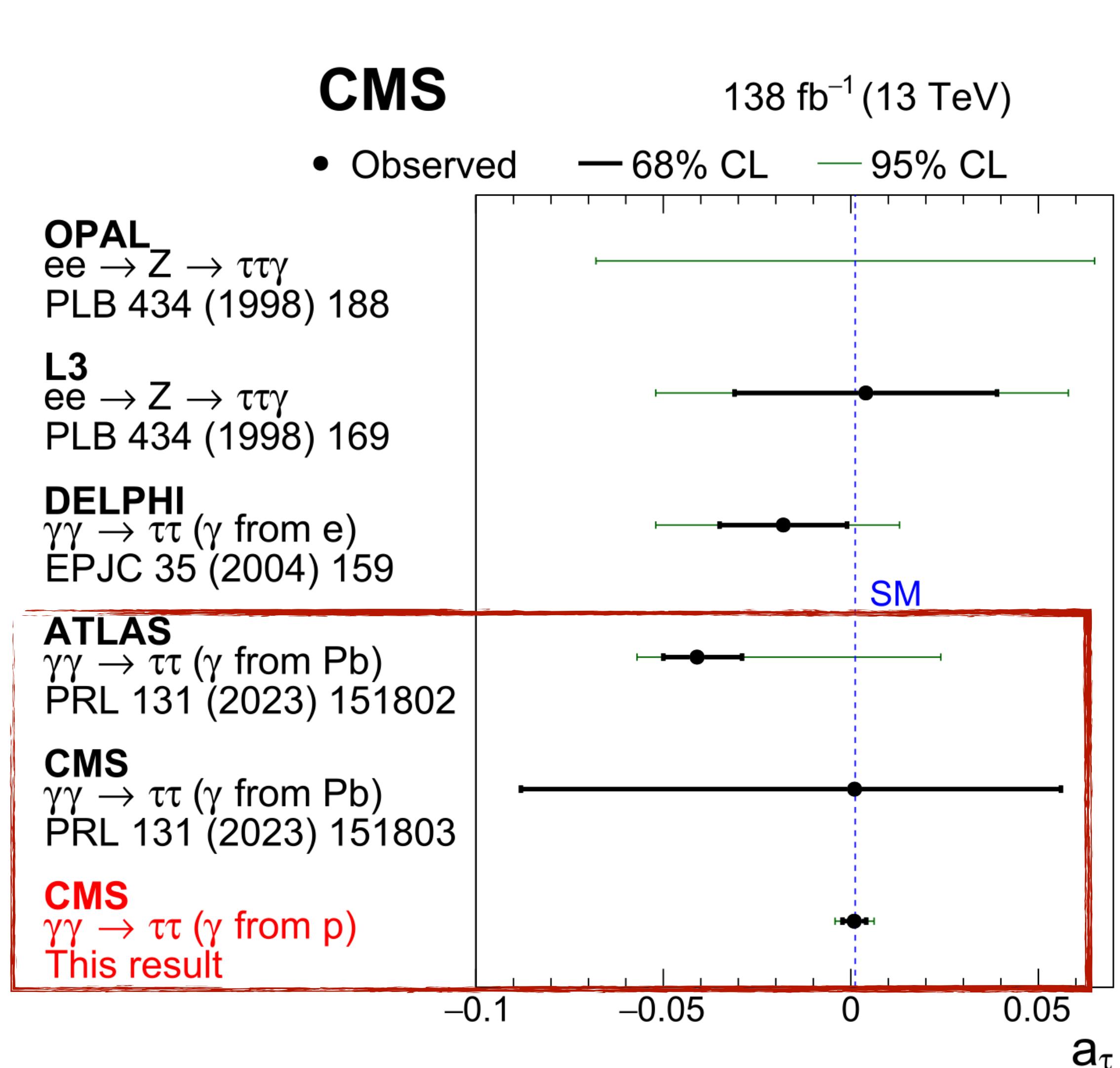
Run / Event / LS: 263400 / 88515785 / 849



ATLAS, PRL 131 (2023) 151802
CMS, PRL 131 (2023) 151803



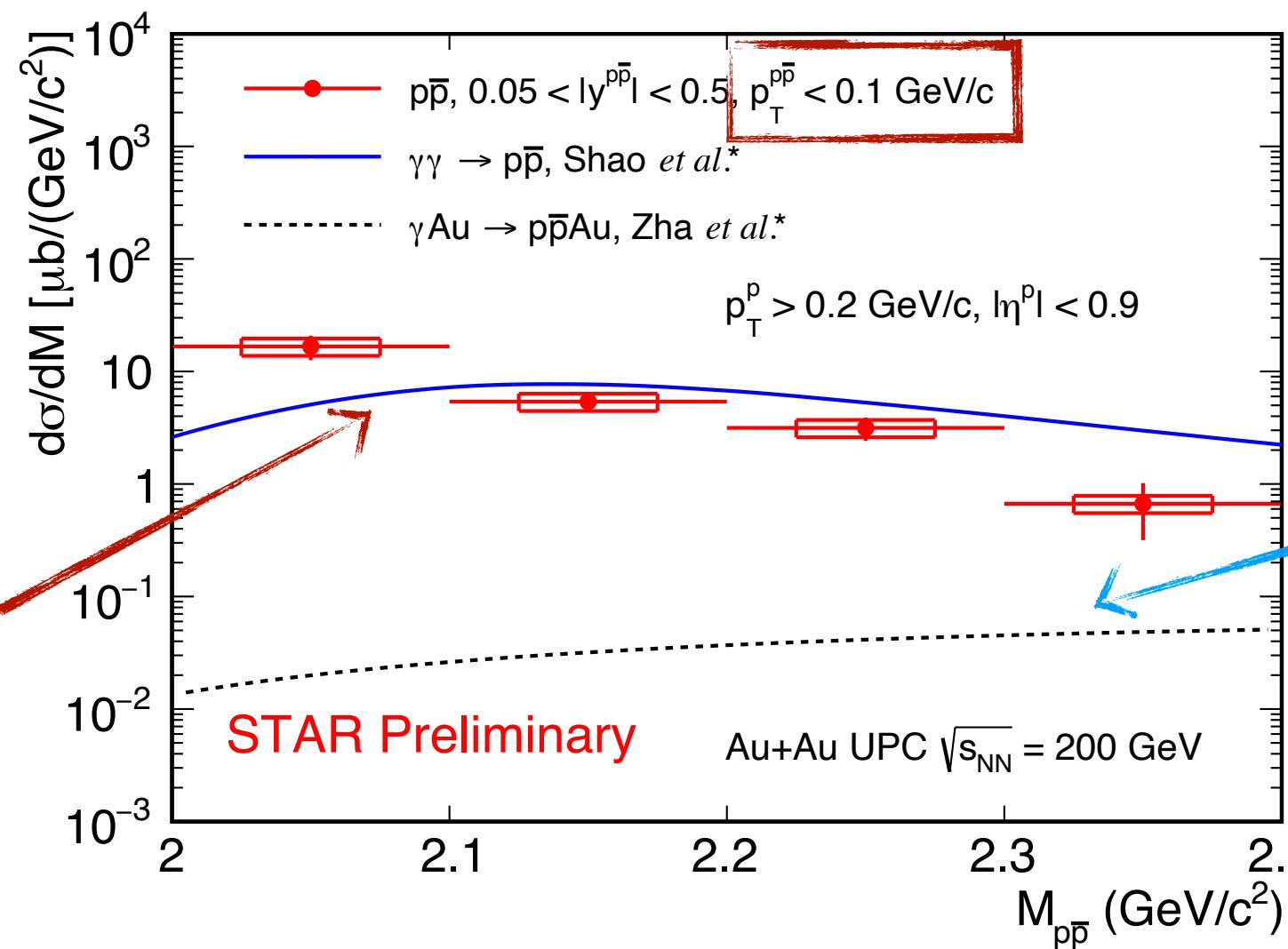
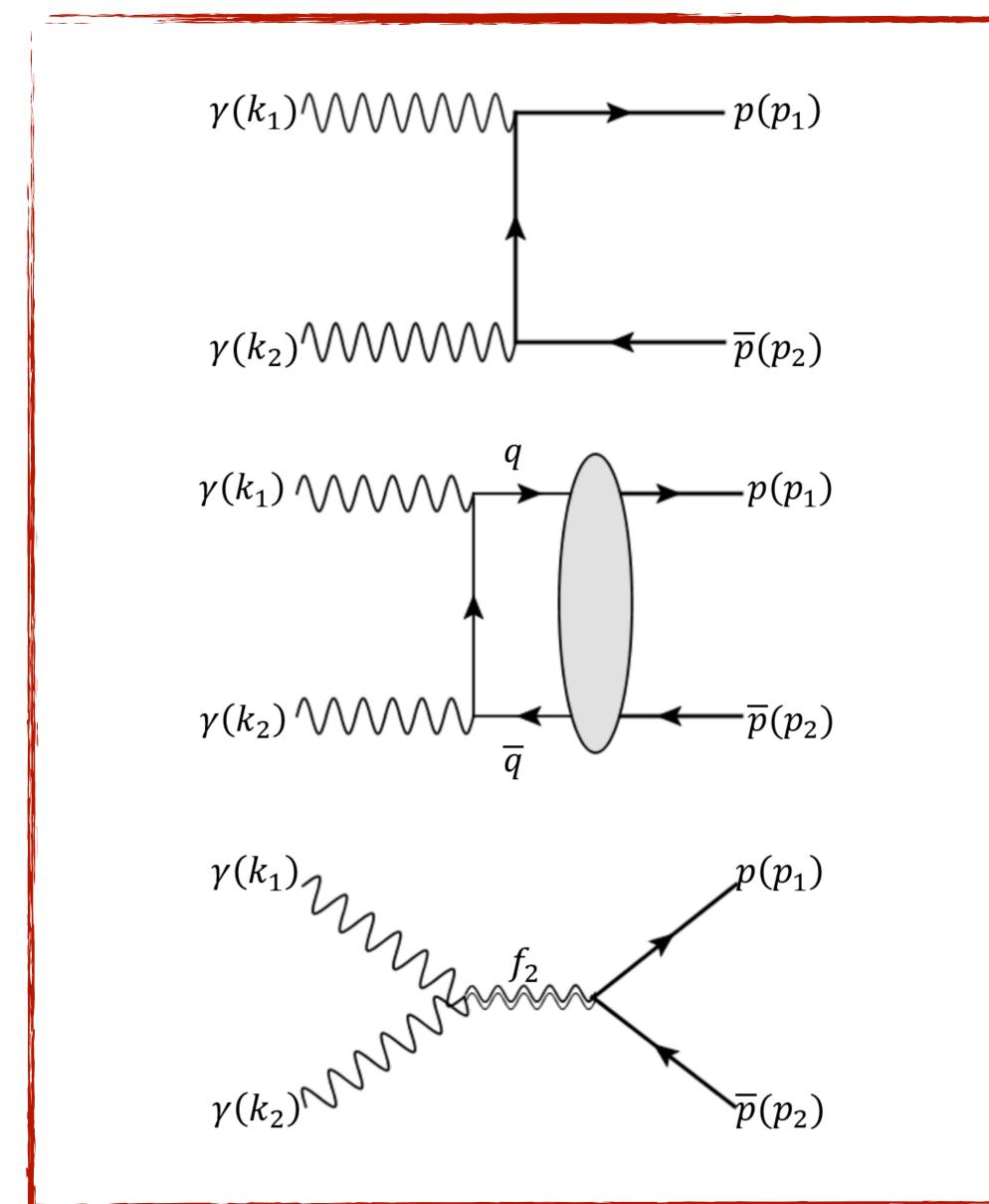
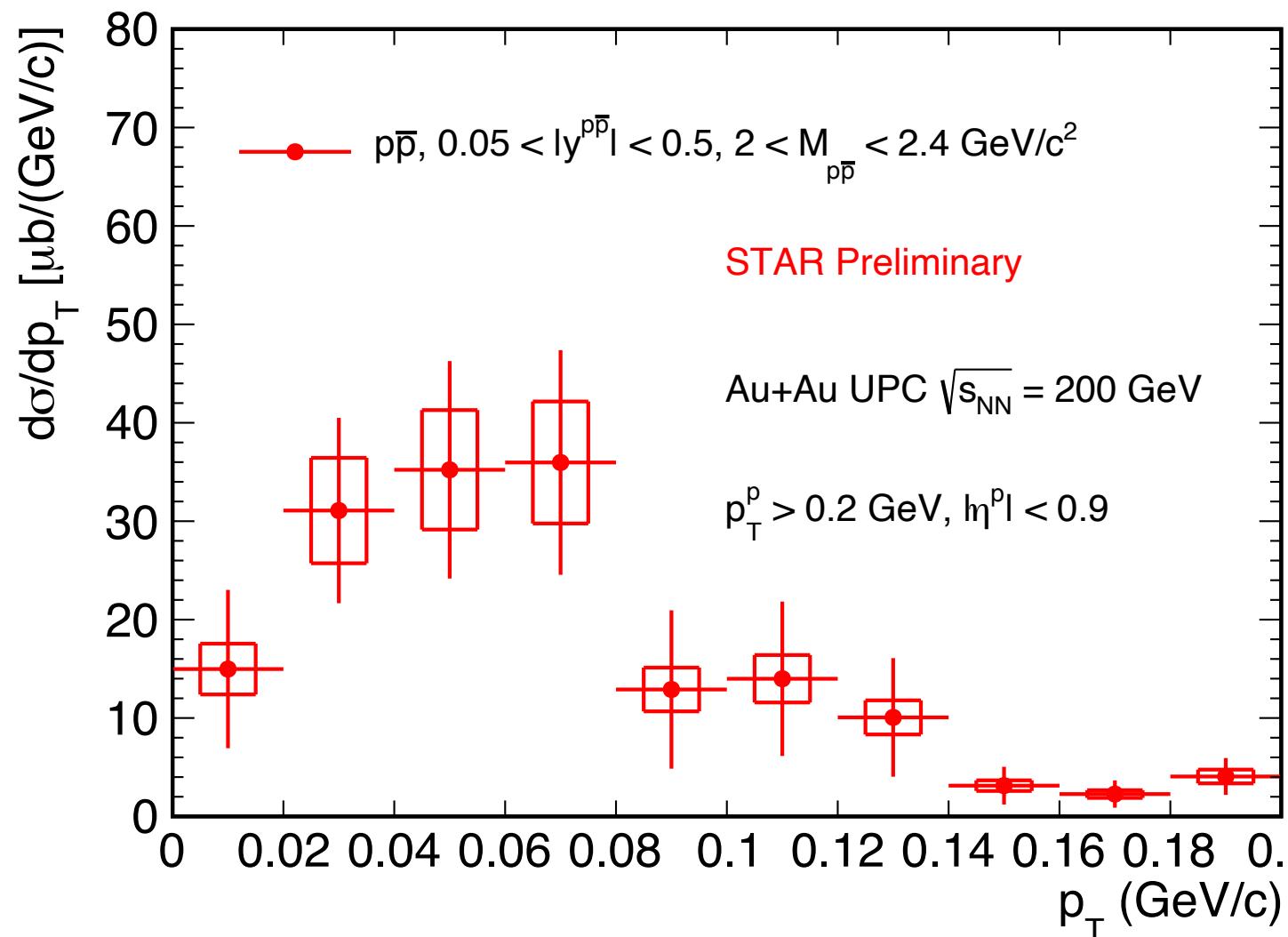
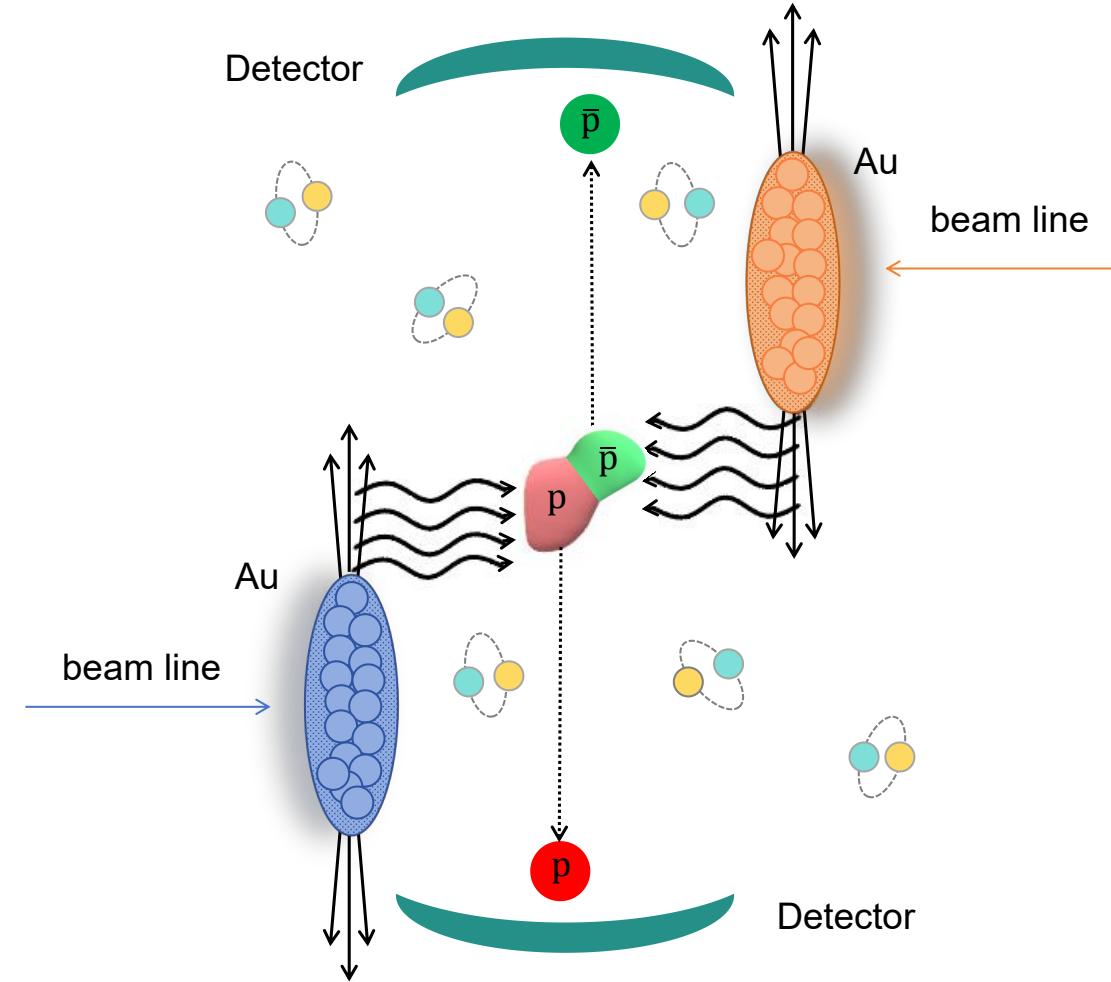
Constrain $a_\tau = (g_\tau - 2)/2$



ATLAS, PRL 131 (2023) 151802
CMS, PRL 131 (2023) 151803
CMS, ROPP 87 (2024) 107801

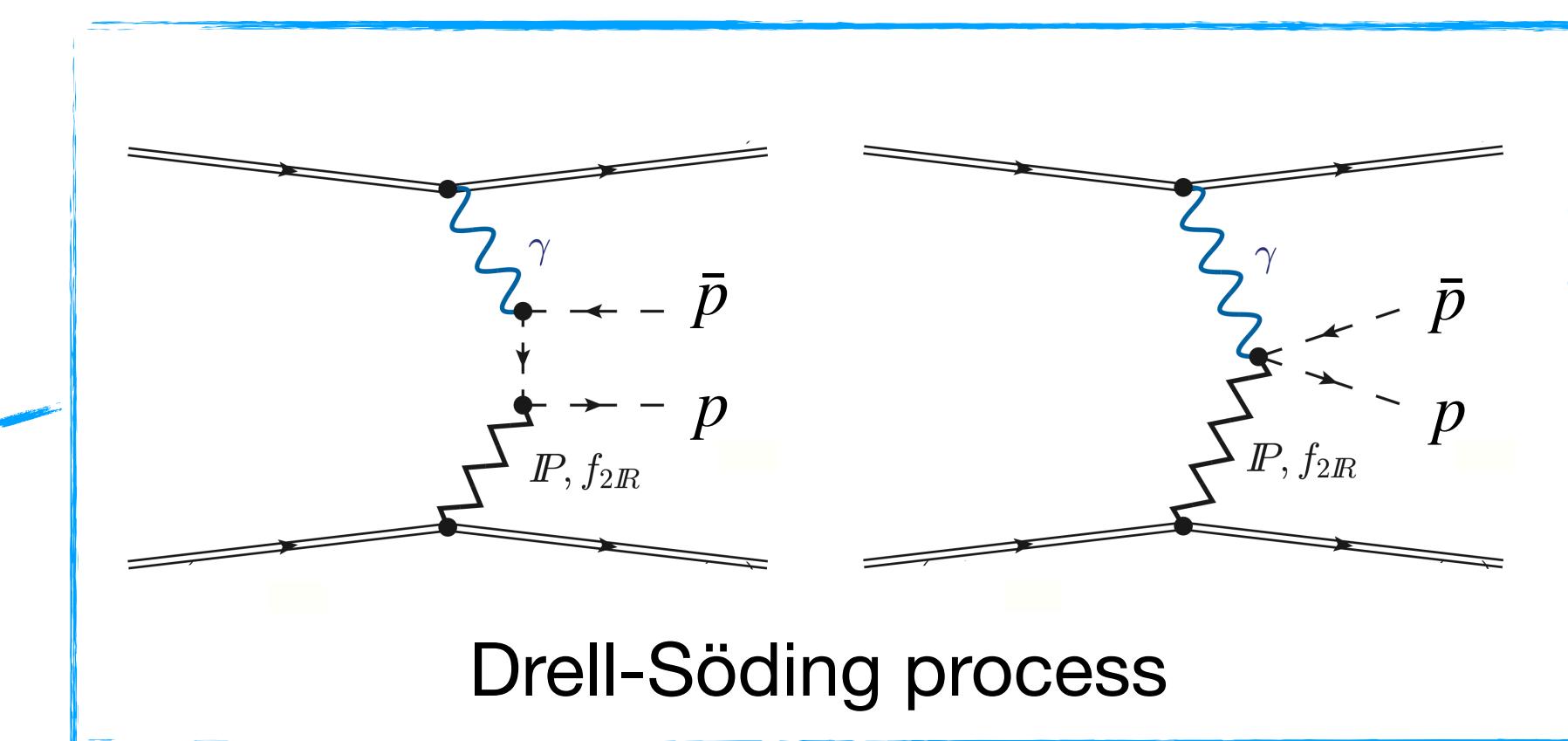
- Sensitivity to the BSM physics
 - Model-dependent value of a_τ
 - Much better precision compared to DELPHI result

Higher excitation of QED vacuum



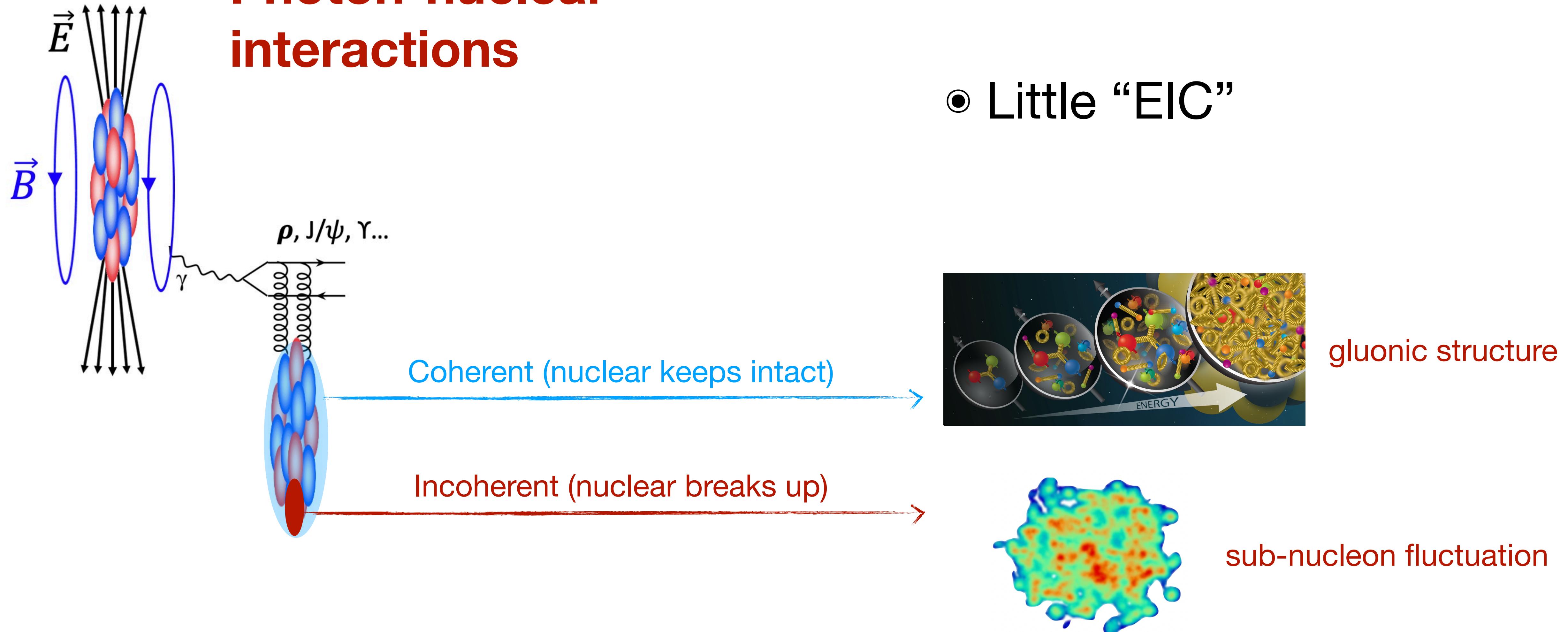
Zhang, Zhang, and Shao, arxiv: 2406.05618

- First observation of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$ dibaryon production in UPC
 - Contribution of Drell-Söding process is significantly lower than data
 - Consistent with $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow p\bar{p}$ production



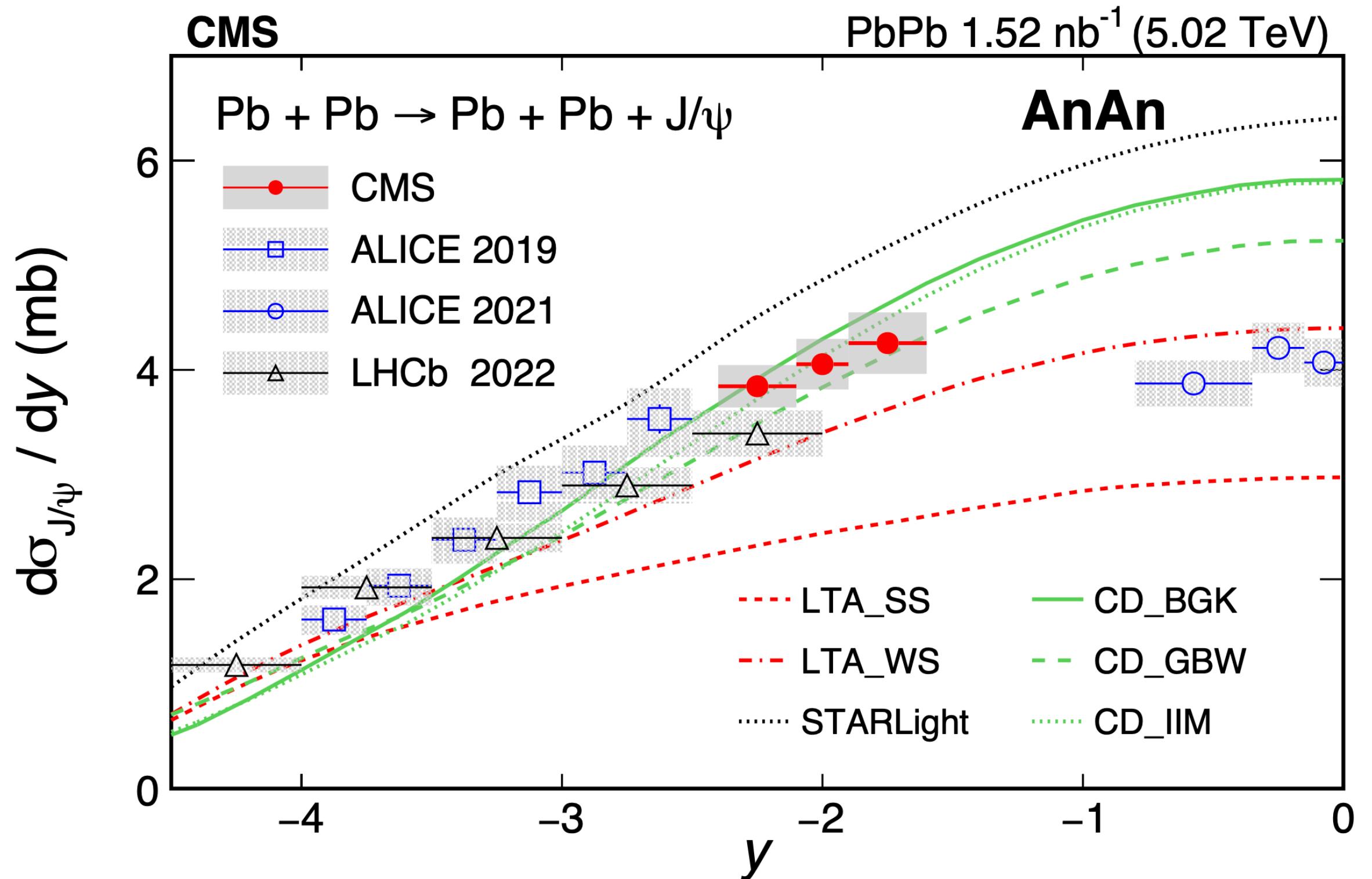
Photon-nuclear interactions

Photon-nuclear interactions



Imaging heavy nuclear with coherent J/ ψ

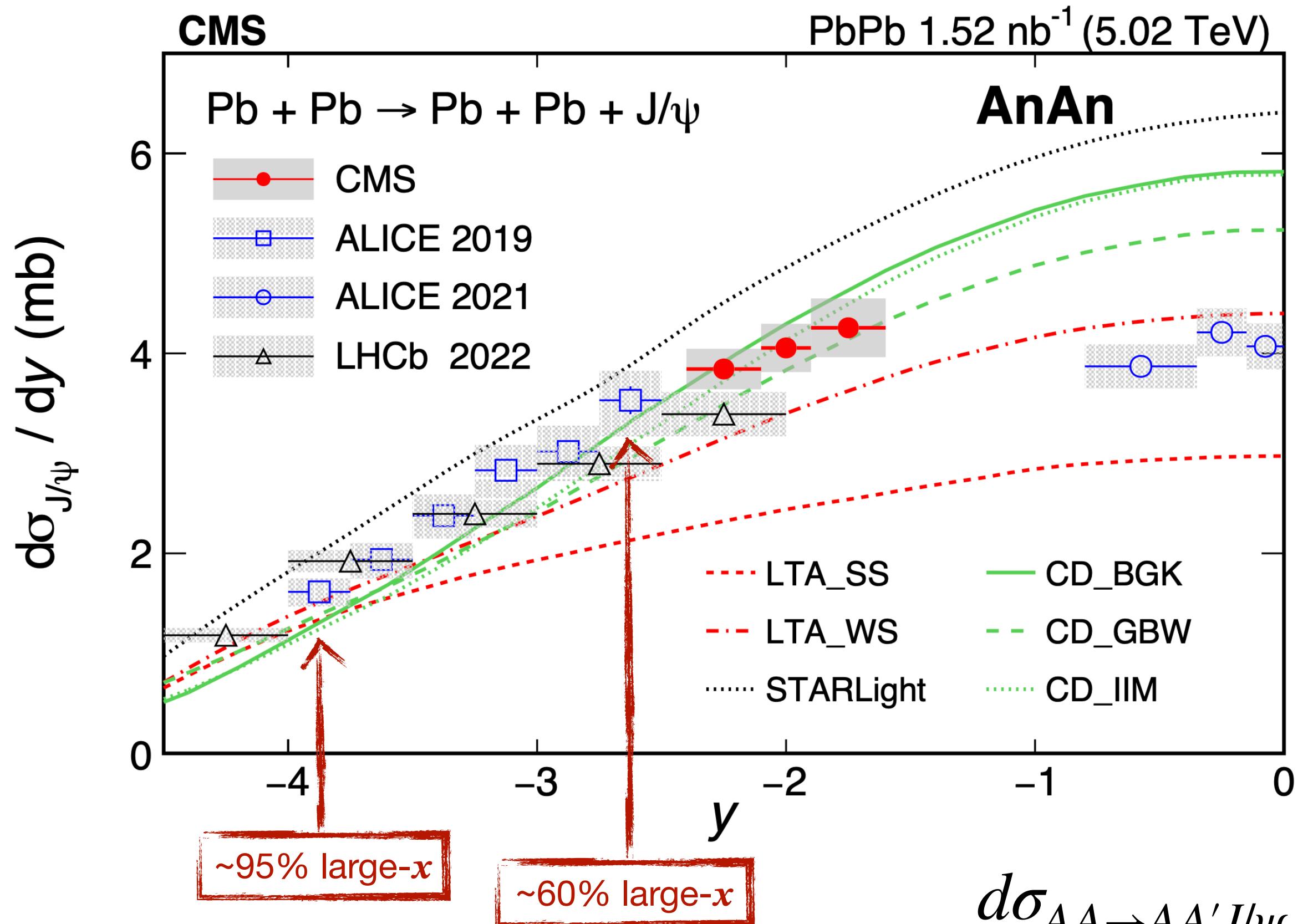
ALICE, EPJC 81 (2021) 712
CMS, PRL 131 (2023) 262301
LHCb, JHEP 06 (2023) 146



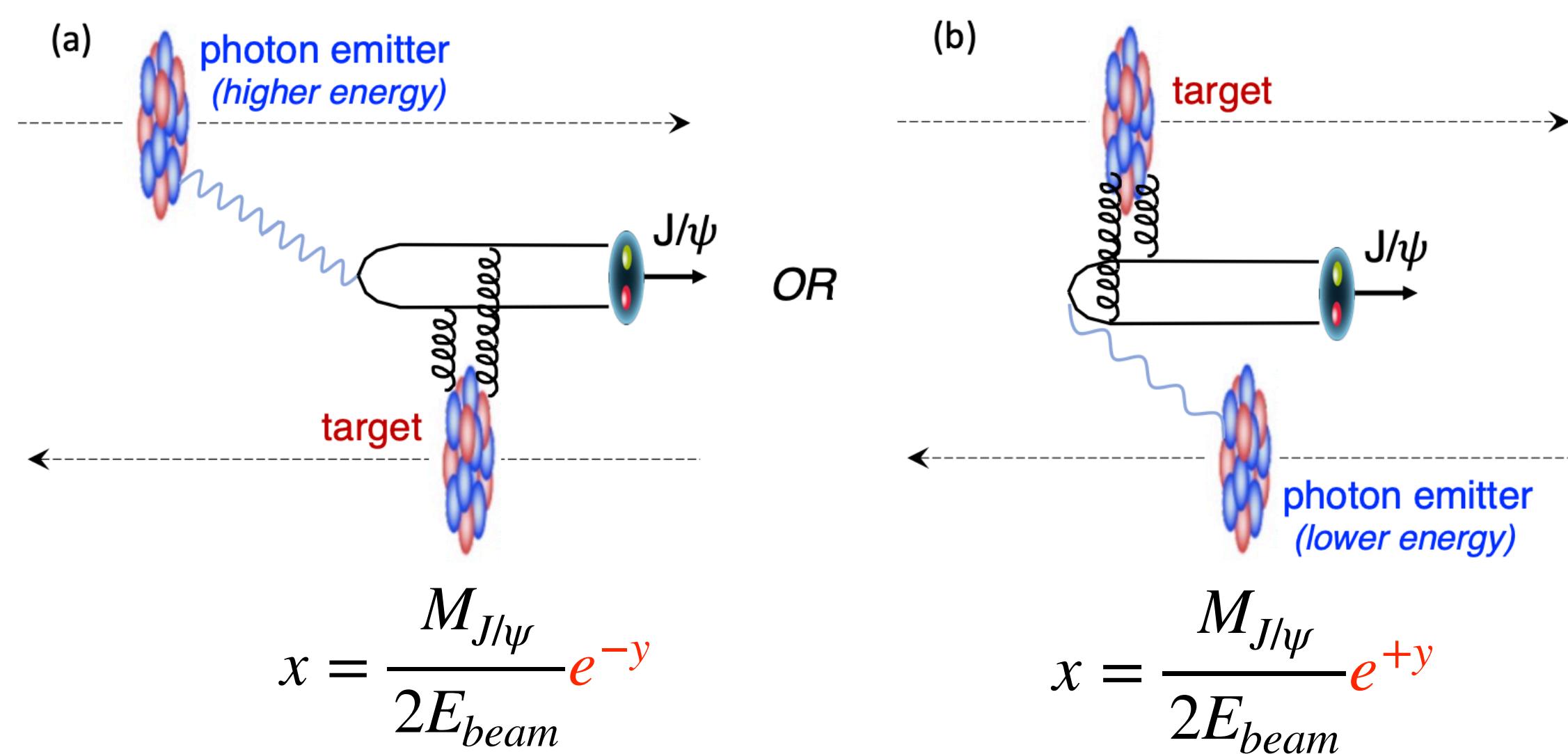
- LHC experiments complement each other over a wide range of y region
 - $R_g^{Pb} = 0.64 \pm 0.04$ at $x \sim 10^{-3}$ ($y=0$)

Imaging heavy nuclear with coherent J/ ψ

ALICE, EPJC 81 (2021) 712
 CMS, PRL 131 (2023) 262301
 LHCb, JHEP 06 (2023) 146



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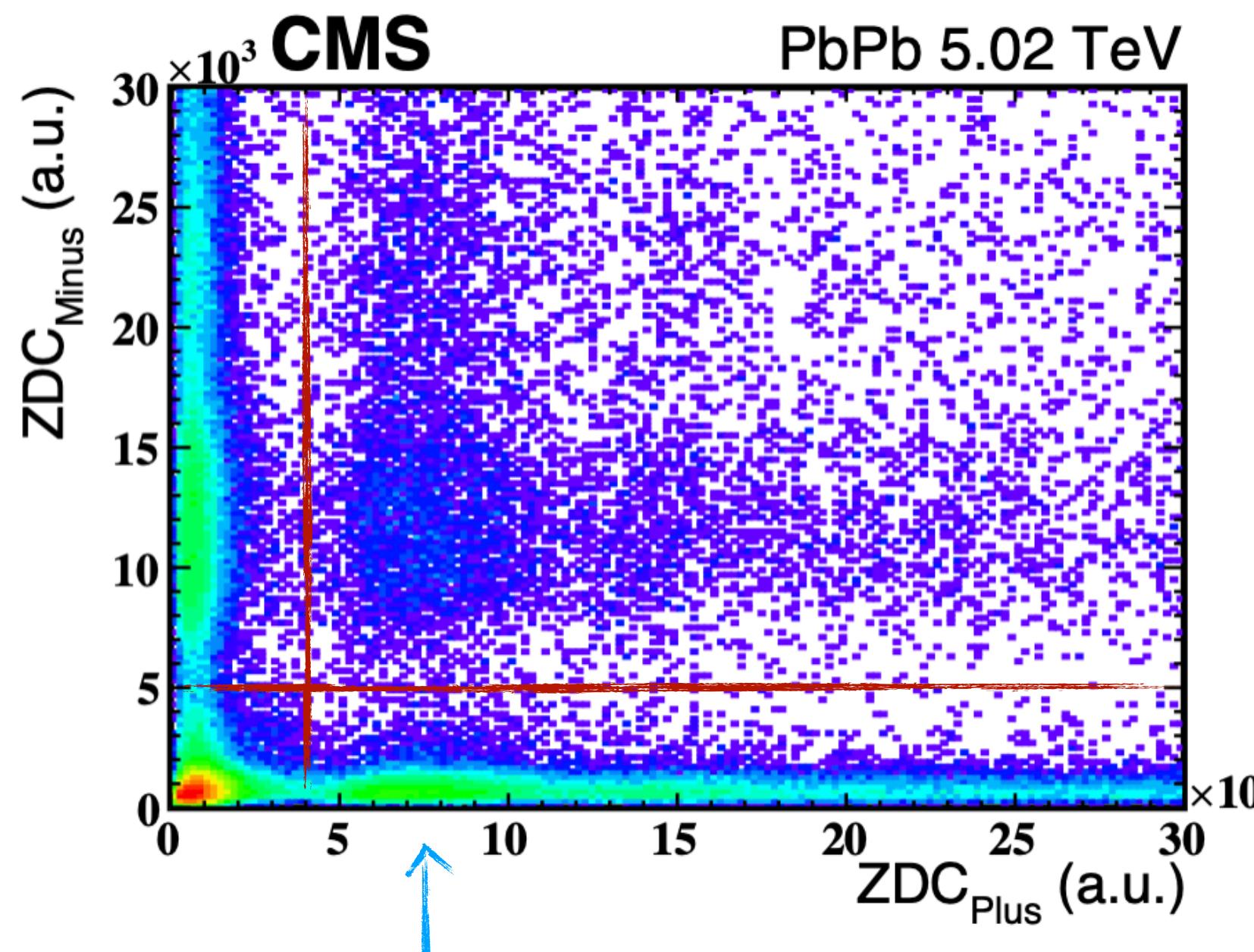


$$\frac{d\sigma_{AA \rightarrow AA' J/\psi}}{dy} = N_{\gamma/A}(\omega_1) \cdot \sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi A'(\omega_1)} + N_{\gamma/A}(\omega_2) \cdot \sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi A'(\omega_2)}$$

A solution to the “two-way ambiguity”

CMS, PRL 127 (2021) 122001

Guzey et al., EPJC 74 (2014) 2942



Experimental measurements

$$\frac{d\sigma_{AA \rightarrow AA' J/\psi}^{0n0n}}{dy} = N_{\gamma/A}^{0n0n}(\omega_1) \cdot \sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi A'(\omega_1)}$$
$$\frac{d\sigma_{AA \rightarrow AA' J/\psi}^{0nXn}}{dy} = N_{\gamma/A}^{0nXn}(\omega_1) \cdot \sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi A'(\omega_1)}$$
$$\frac{d\sigma_{AA \rightarrow AA' J/\psi}^{XnXn}}{dy} = N_{\gamma/A}^{XnXn}(\omega_1) \cdot \sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi A'(\omega_1)} + N_{\gamma/A}^{XnXn}(\omega_2) \cdot \sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi A'(\omega_2)}$$
$$+ N_{\gamma/A}^{0n0n}(\omega_2) \cdot \sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi A'(\omega_2)}$$
$$+ N_{\gamma/A}^{0nXn}(\omega_2) \cdot \sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi A'(\omega_2)}$$
$$+ N_{\gamma/A}^{XnXn}(\omega_2) \cdot \sigma_{\gamma A \rightarrow J/\psi A'(\omega_2)}$$

Single neutron peak

What we need!

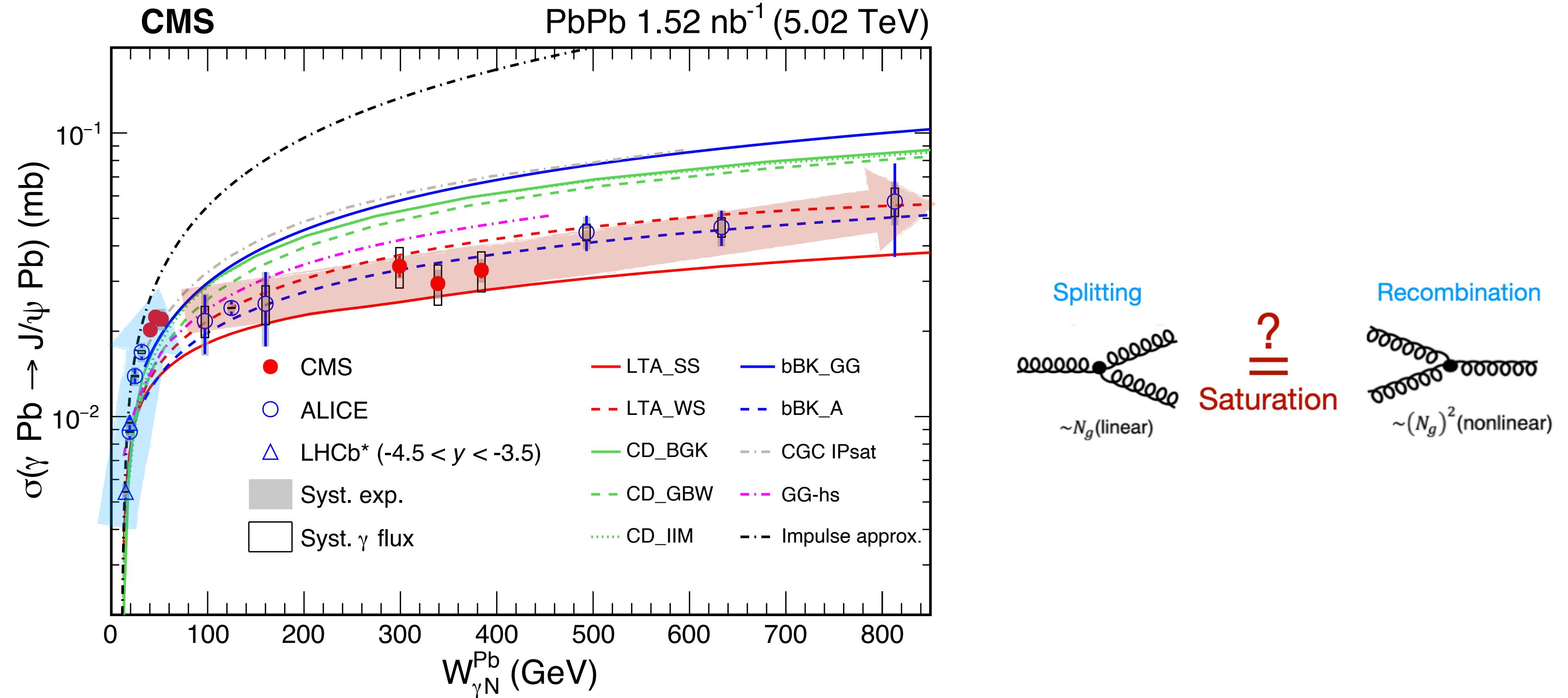
Solve the “two-way ambiguity”

Probe gluons at $x \sim 10^{-5}-10^{-4}$ in heavy nucleus!

Imaging heavy nuclear with coherent J/ ψ

CMS, PRL 131 (2023) 262301
ALICE, JHEP 10 (2023) 119

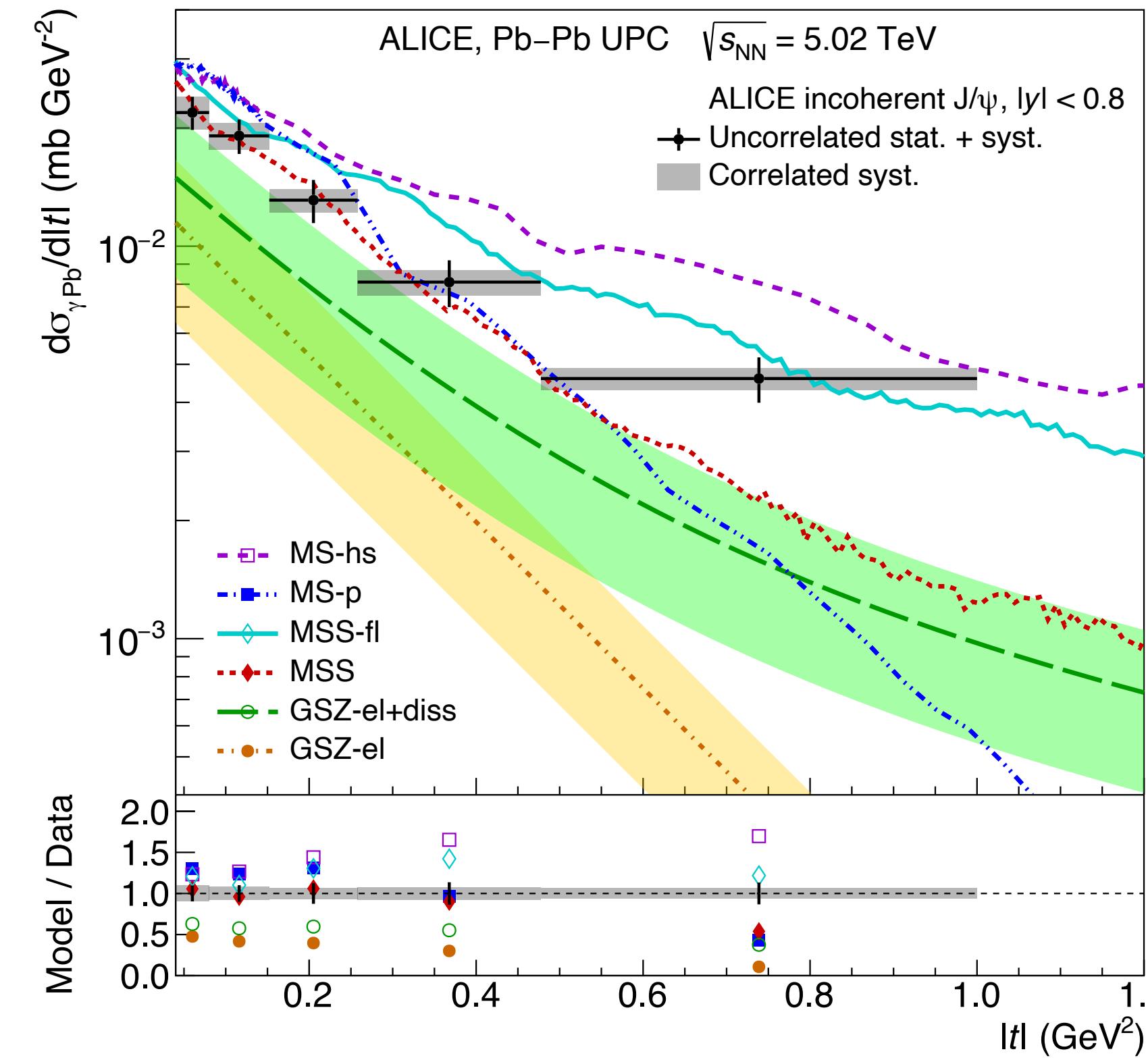
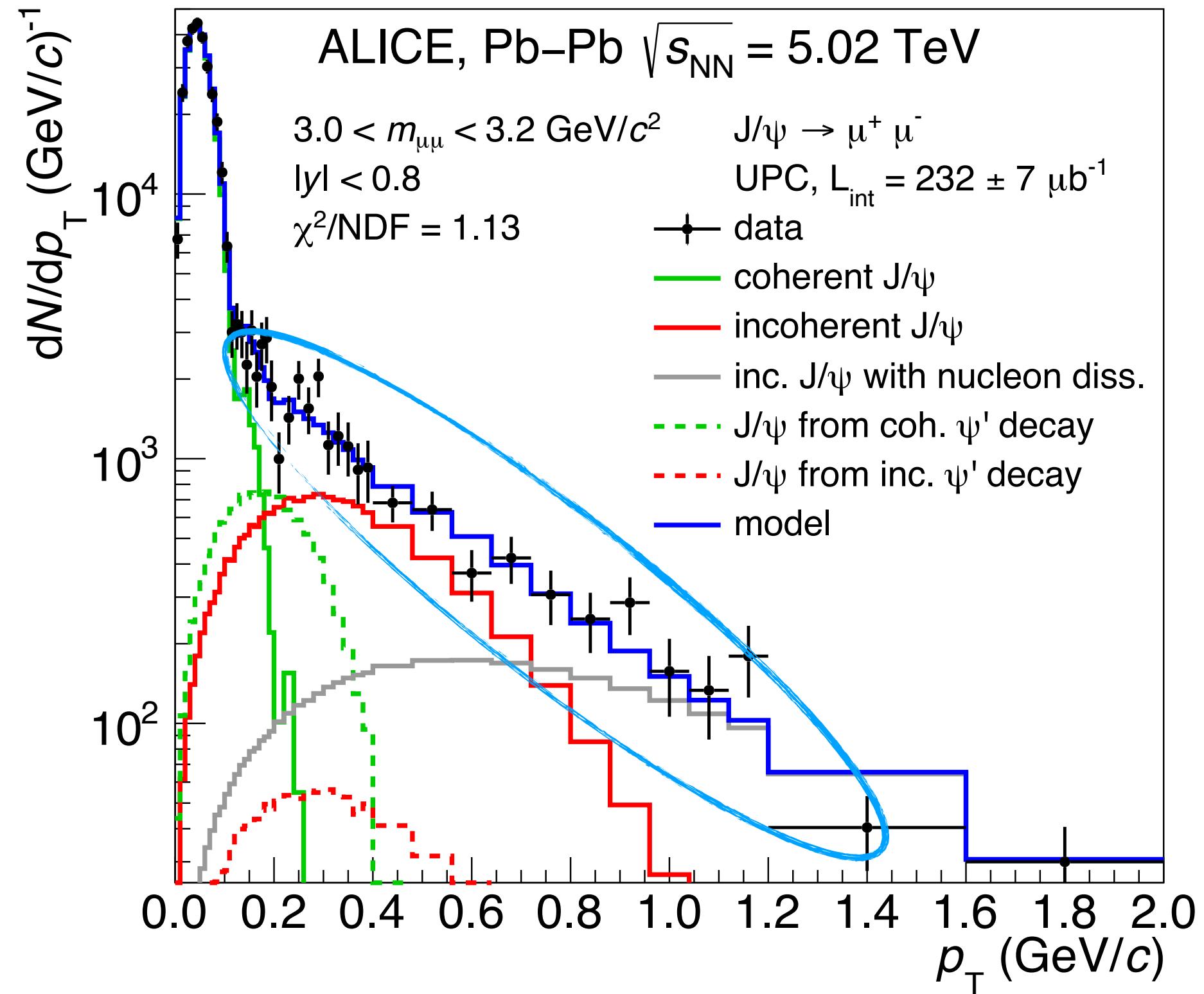
LO pQCD:
 $\sigma^{VM} \propto [xG(x)]^2$



- Forward neutron tagging is employed to solve the “two-way” ambiguity
- Direct evidence of gluon saturation inside heavy nuclei?
 - $W_{\gamma N}^{\text{Pb}} < 40 \text{ GeV}$: rapidly rising
 - $40 < W_{\gamma N}^{\text{Pb}} < 800 \text{ GeV}$: nearly flat with a much slower rising

Incoherent J/ ψ production at LHC

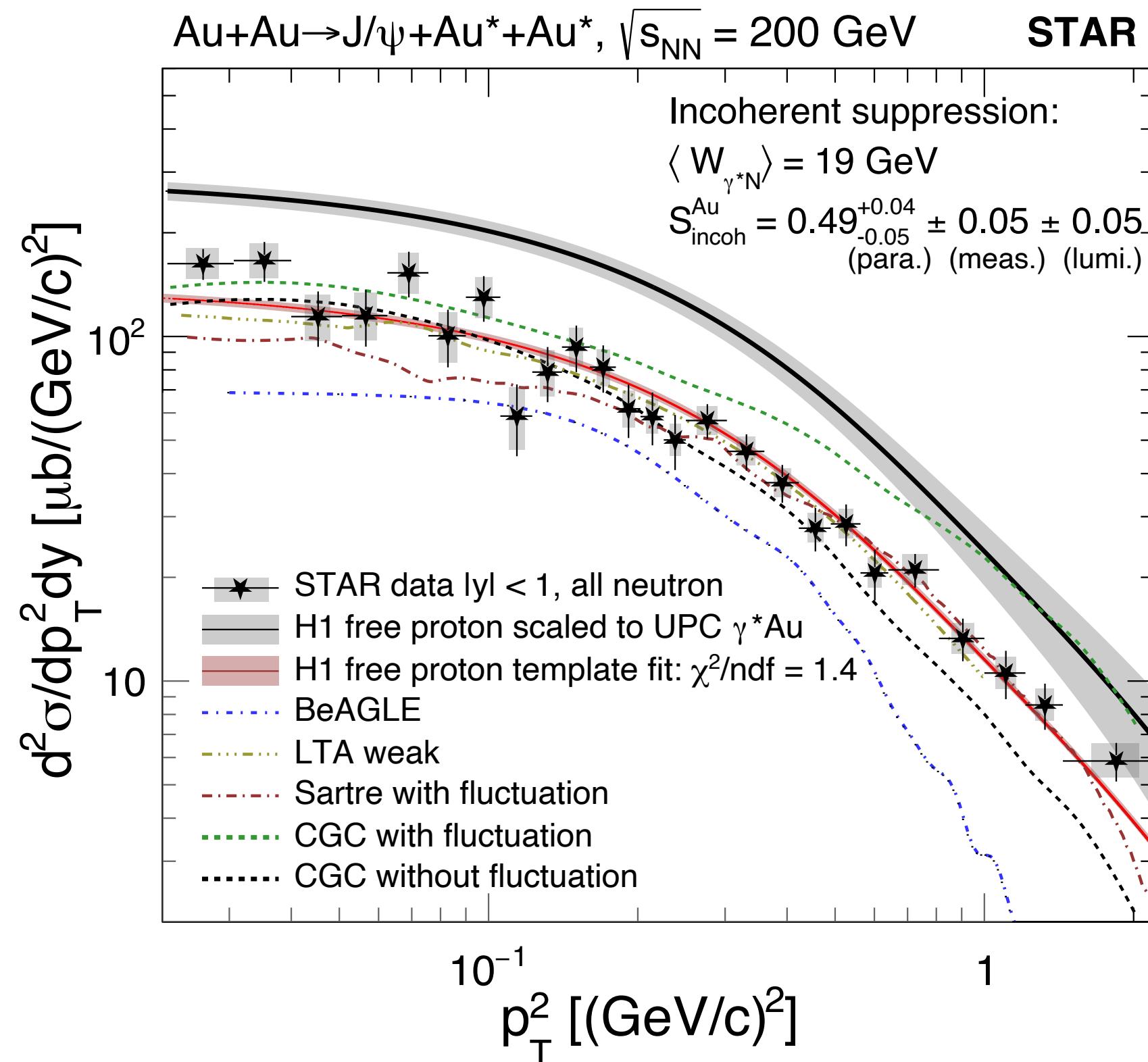
ALICE, PRL 132 (2024) 162302



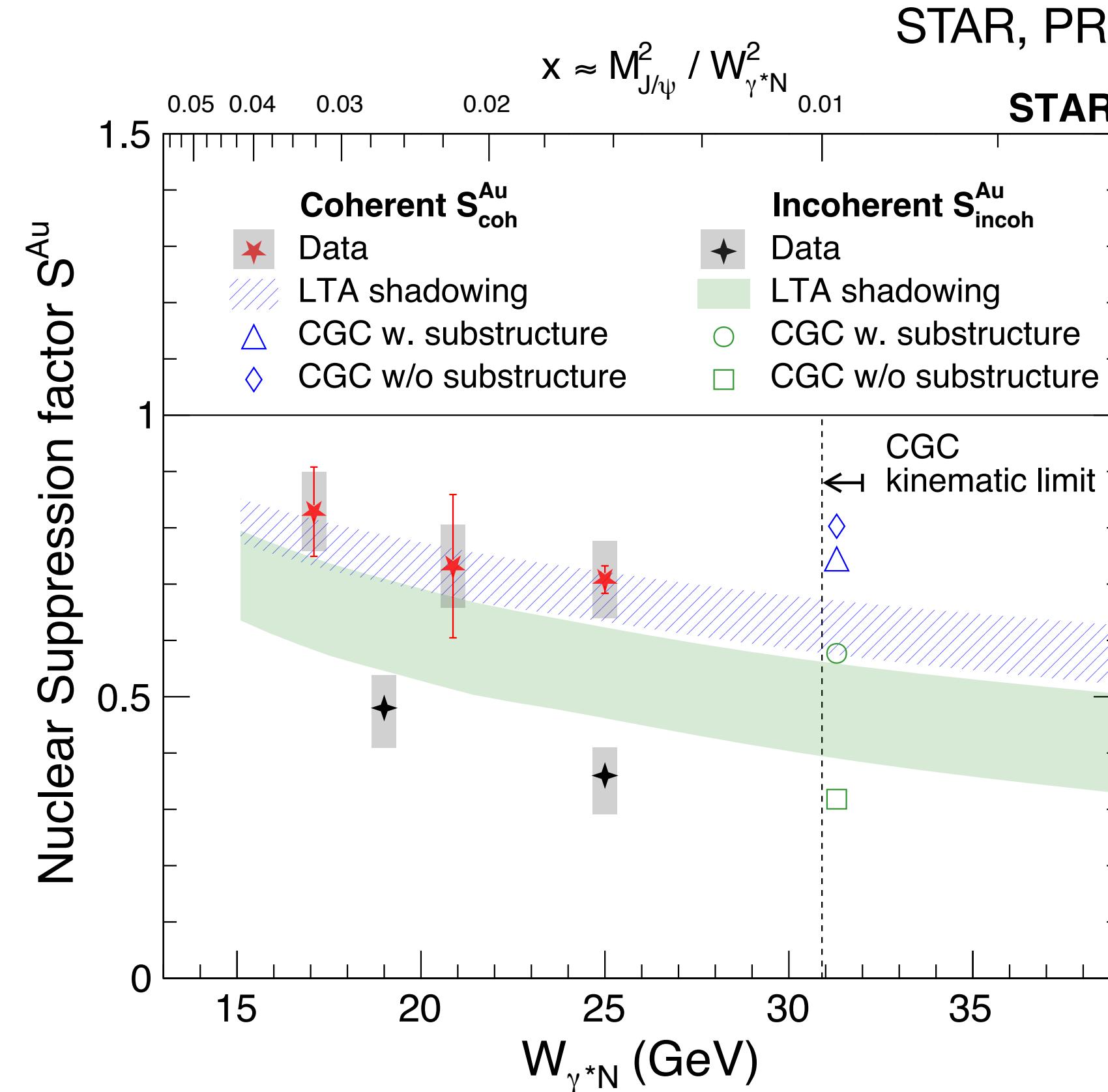
- The first measurement of $|t|$ spectrum of incoherent J/ ψ
 - No model describes both the absolute yield and the shape of $|t|$ spectrum
 - A reasonably good description of the $|t|$ spectrum is achieved when models incorporate sub-nucleon fluctuation

Incoherent J/ ψ production at RHIC

STAR, PRC 110 (2024) 14911



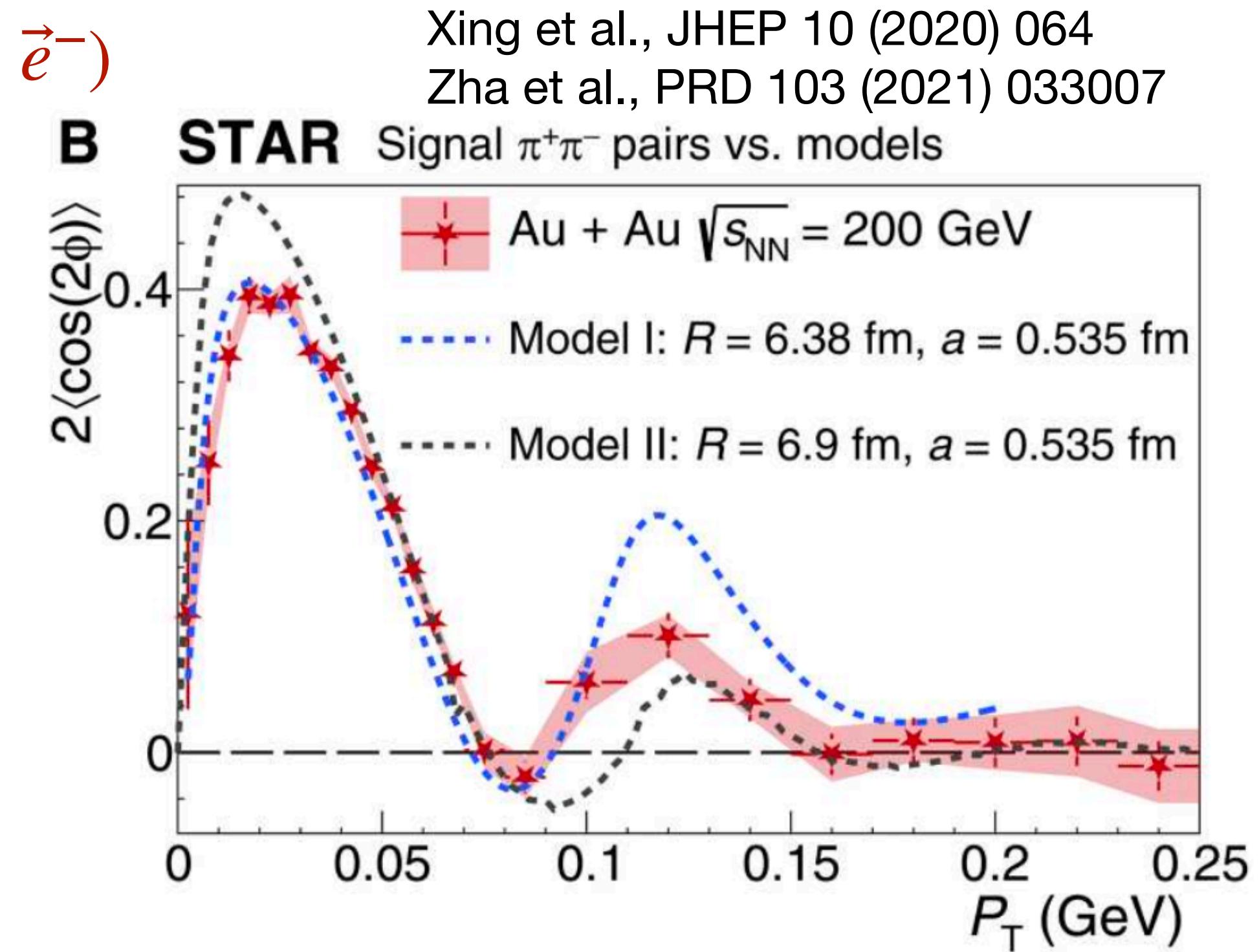
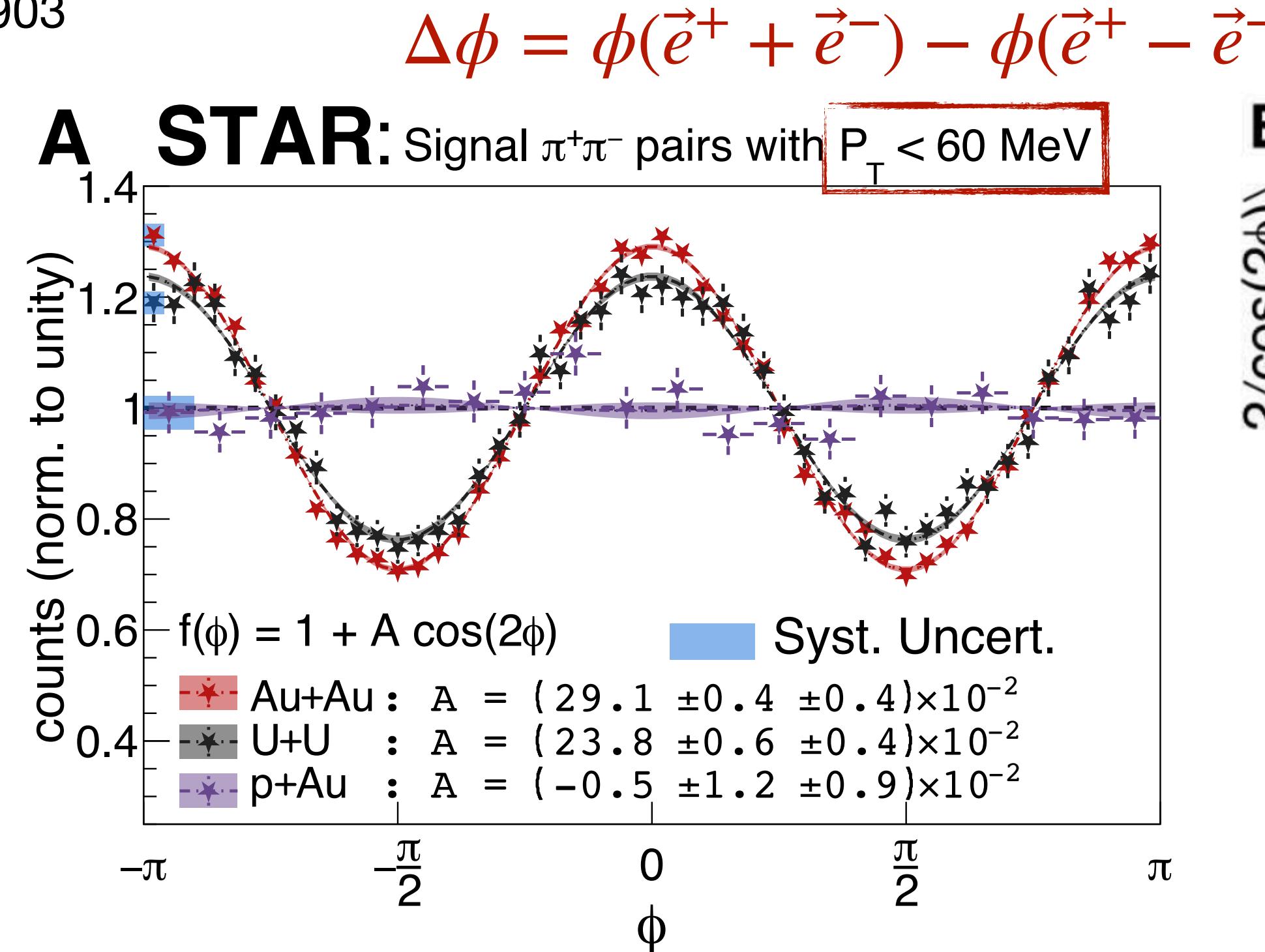
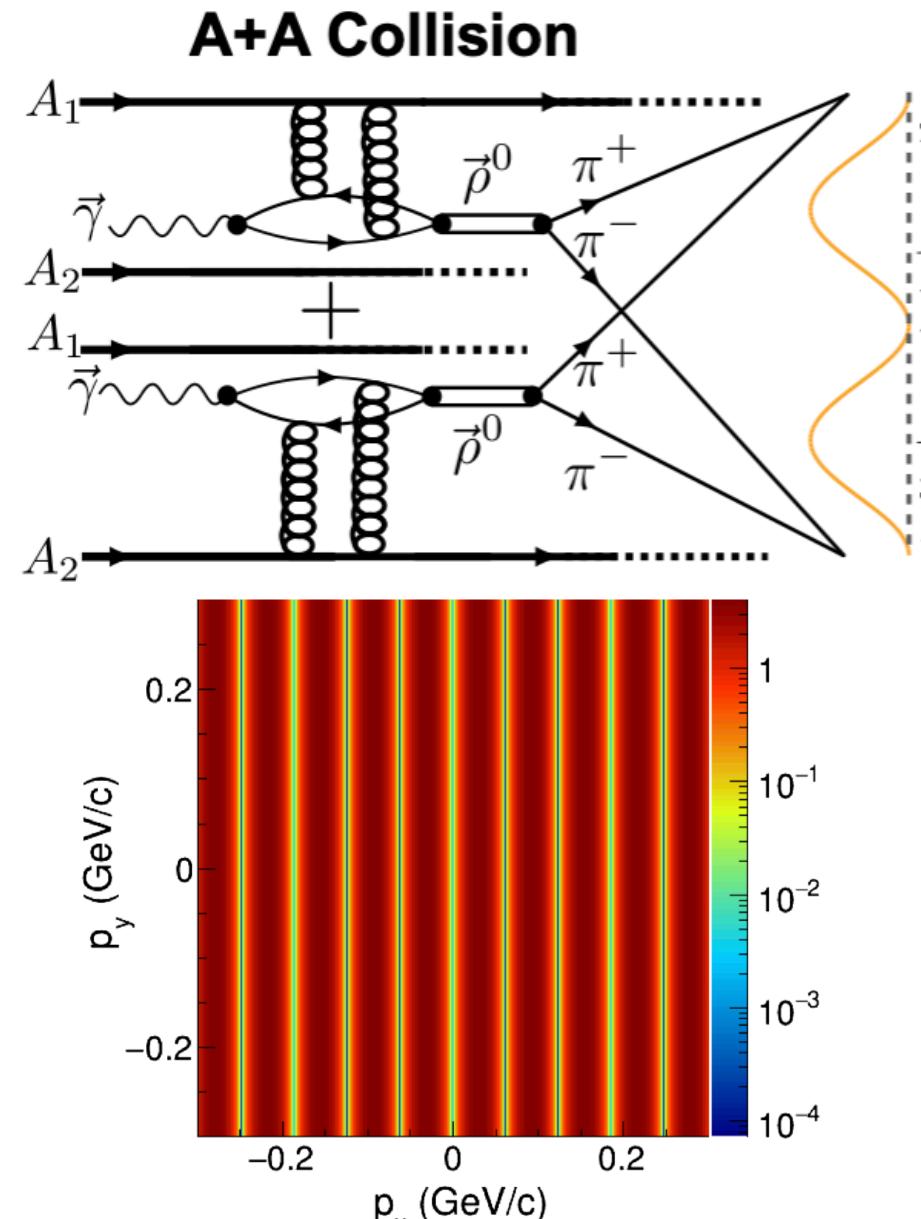
STAR, PRL 133 (2024) 523



- The $|t|$ shapes of incoherent J/ ψ are similar between bound and free nucleons
- The incoherent suppression factor is less than that of the coherent production
 - Cannot conclude if sub-nucleon fluctuation is present in the incoherent photoproduction

Spin-interference for photoproduced ρ^0

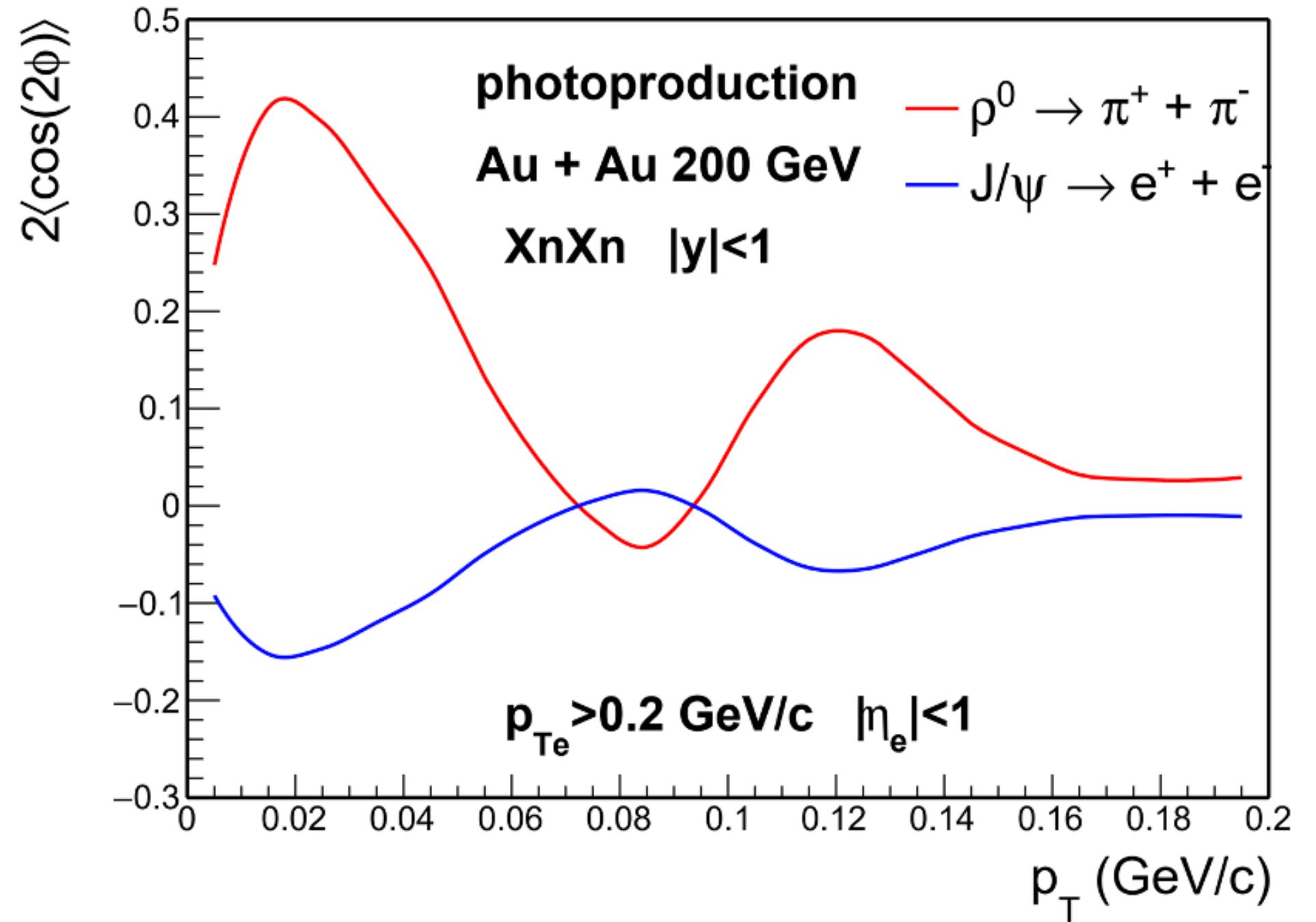
STAR, Sci. Adv. 9 (2023) eabq3903



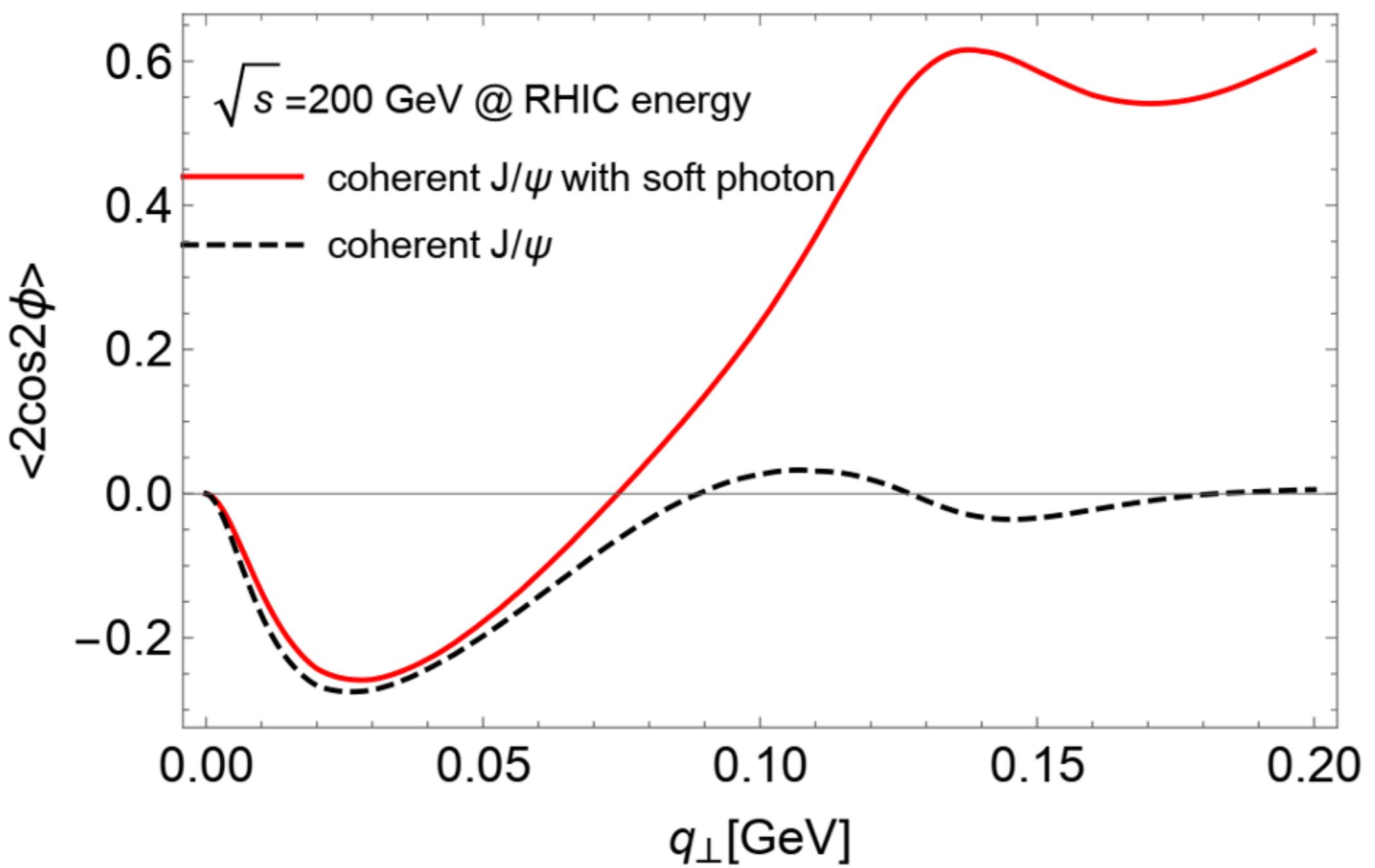
- Strong $\cos 2\Delta\phi$ modulations due to photon polarization
 - “Double-slit” interference is critical to this observable
- Sensitive to nuclear geometry \rightarrow strong interaction radius
 - New techniques for multidimensional imaging of nuclei

Spin-interference for photoproduced J/ ψ

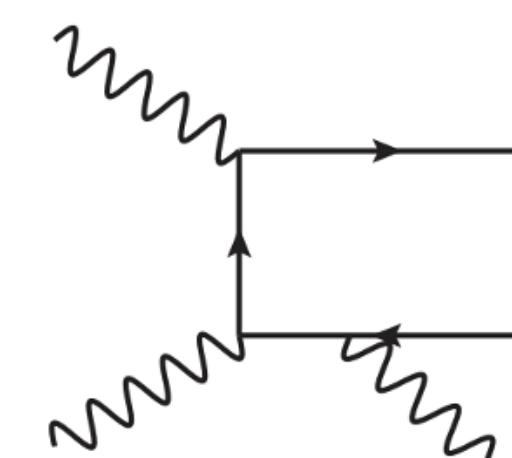
Zha et al., PRD 103 (2021) 033007



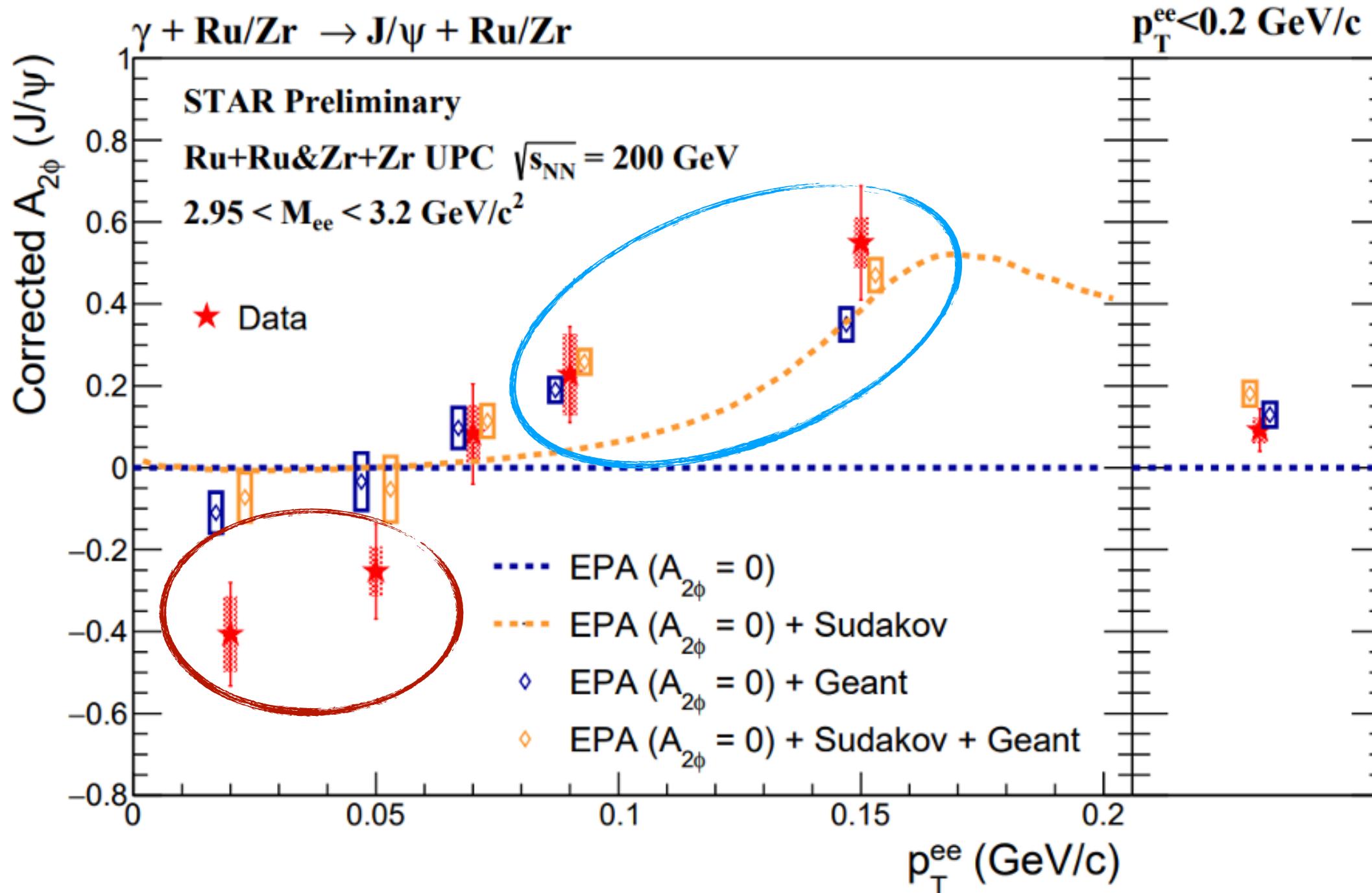
Brandenburg et al., PRD 106 (2022) 074008



- Negative modulation predicted for J/ψ
 - Decay daughters are fermions \rightarrow different angular momentum projection along z-axis
- Need to consider the effect of soft photon radiation



Spin-interference for photoproduced J/ ψ



○ Experimental challenges of photoproduced J/ ψ

- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ background
- Soft photon radiation
- Bremsstrahlung & detector effects

○ Indication of negative spin interference of photoproduced J/ ψ at low p_T

Summary

○ Significant experimental progress of two-photon interactions

- Demonstrated the b -dependence of photon p_T → baseline to probe QGP EM effects
- Experimental signal of linearly polarized photon → new techniques to image nuclear
- Observed $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \tau\tau$ in UPC and showed the sensitivity to BSM physics
- Observed $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow p\bar{p}$ production → higher excitation of QED vacuum

○ Multidimensional imaging of nuclei with photon-nuclear interactions

- Direct experimental evidence of gluon saturation?
- Observed spin interference of photoproduced vector meson → strong interactions radius
- First measurement of the $|t|$ -spectra of incoherent J/ψ → sub-nucleon fluctuation

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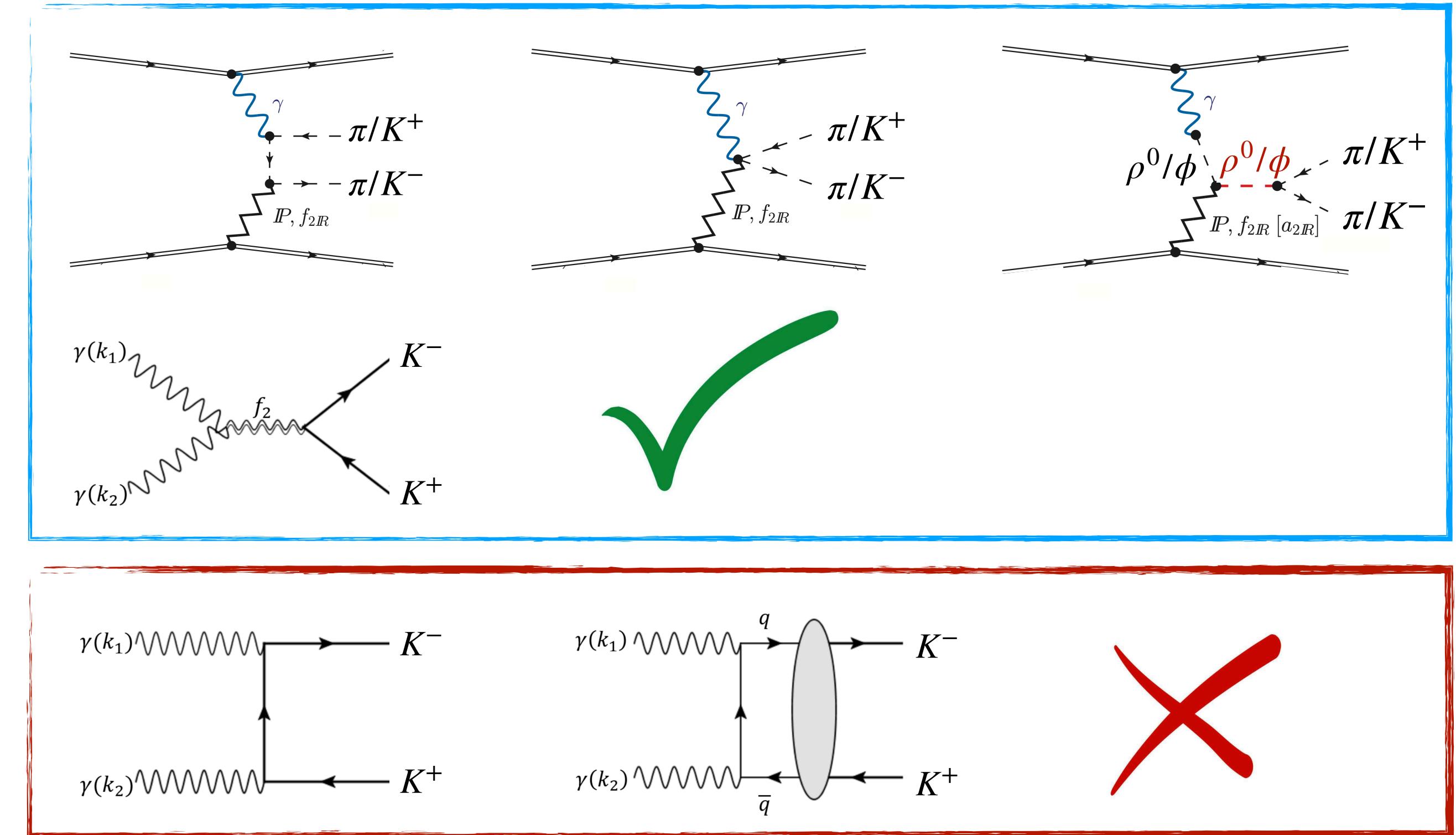
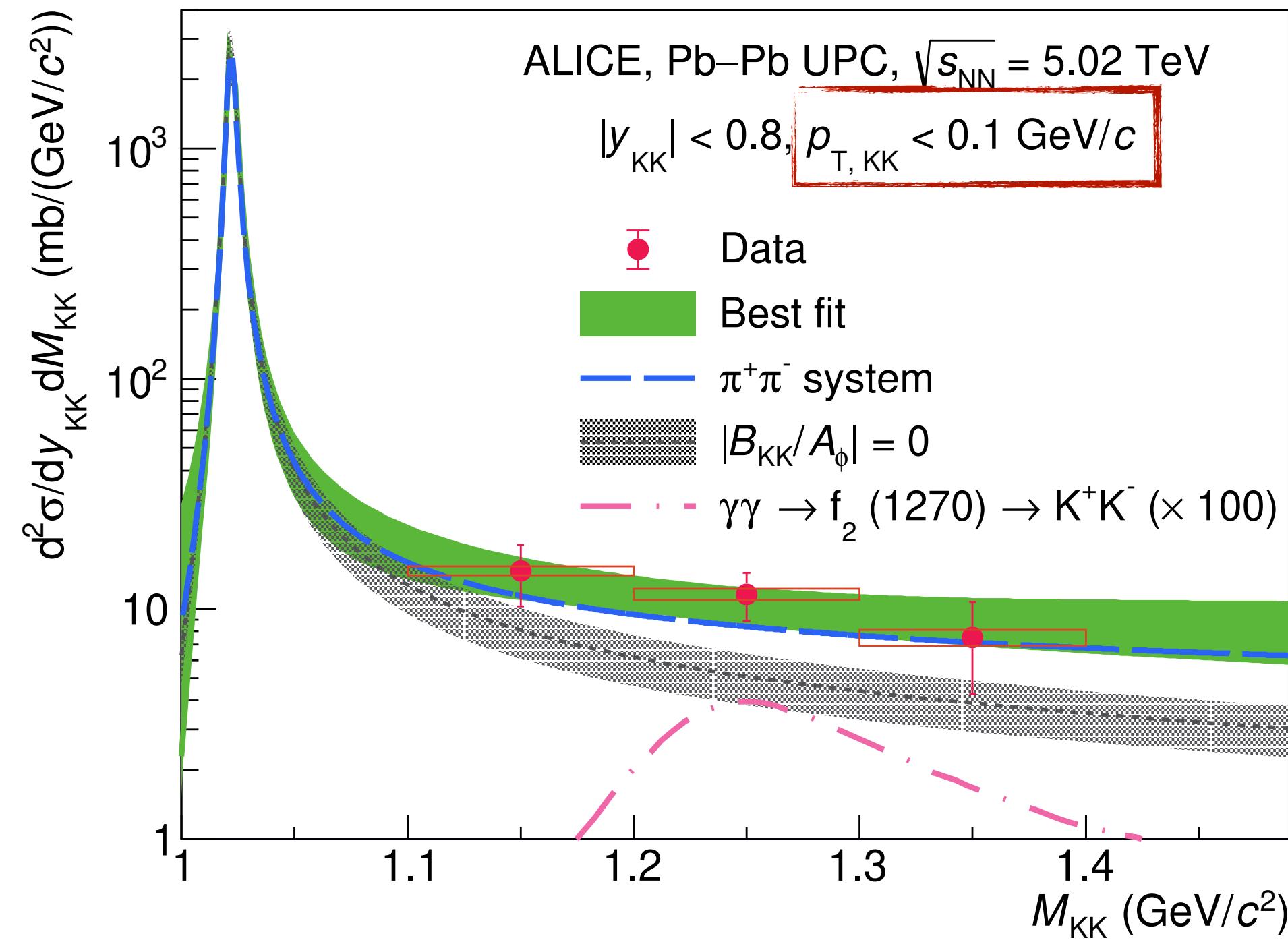
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Thank you for your attention!

Backups

Photoproduction of K^+K^- pairs

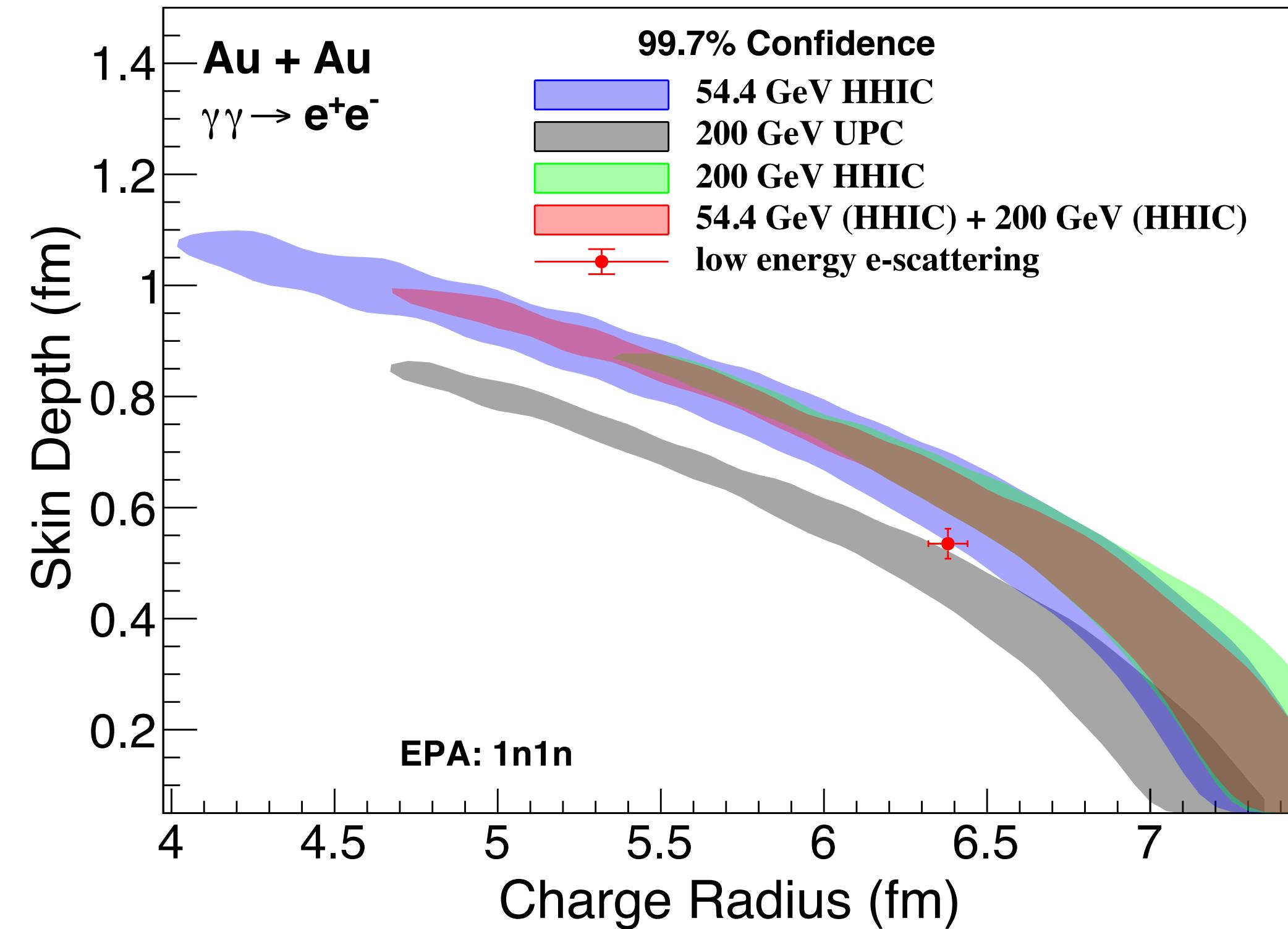
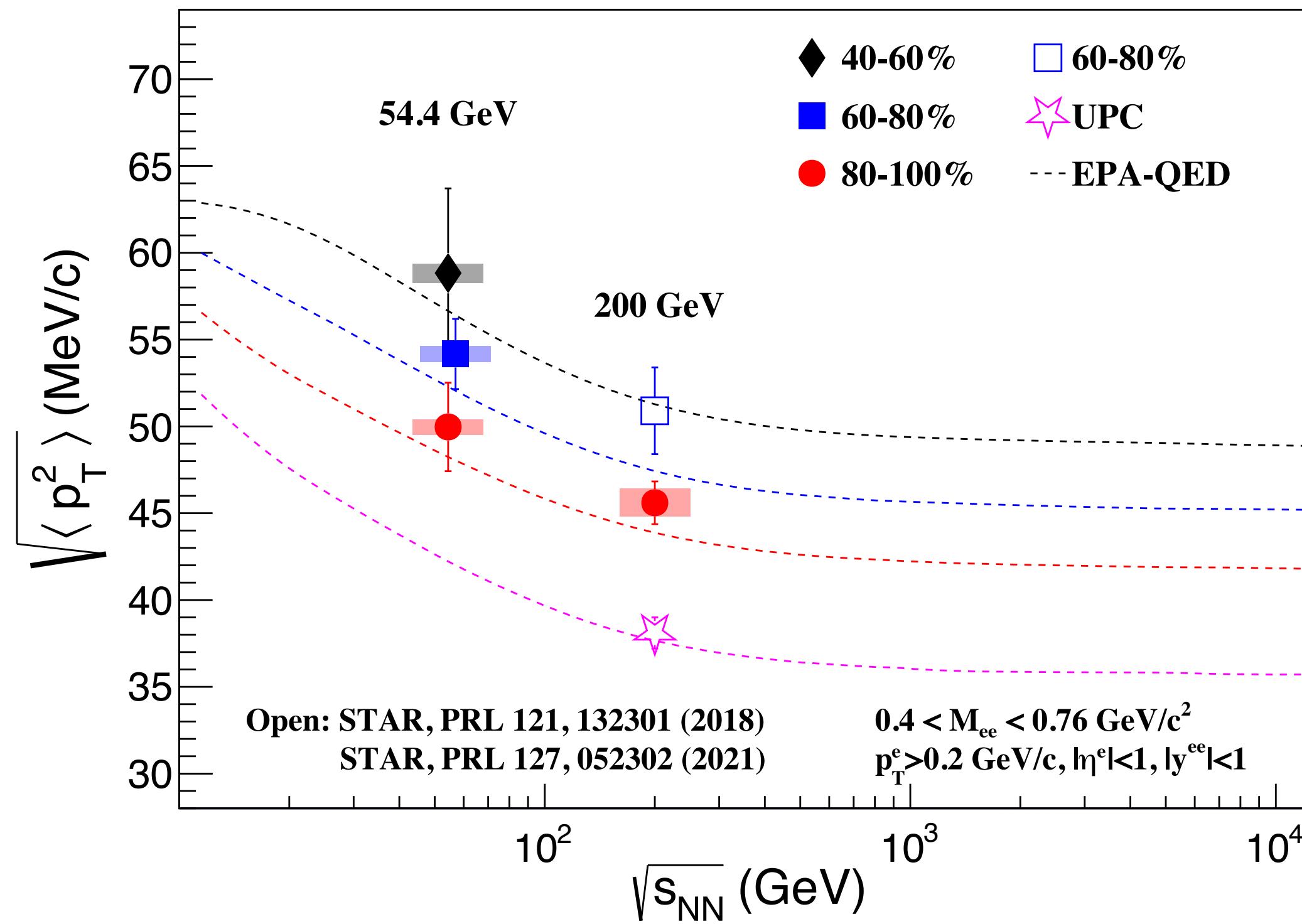
ALICE, PRL 132 (2024) 222303



- Data favor the coherent $\phi(1020) \rightarrow K^+K^-$ + direct K^+K^- photoproduction, with interference considered
 - The contribution of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^+K^-$ is not estimated

Energy dependence of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ production

STAR, arXiv:2407.14821



- Clear energy and centrality (b) dependence of $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ production
 - Consistent with EPA-QED baseline
- Constrain the nuclear charge distribution with $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ production

Coherent J/ ψ production vs. $W_{\gamma N}^{Pb}$

ALICE, JHEP 10 (2023) 119
 ALICE, EPJC 81 (2021) 712
 ALICE, PLB 798 (2019) 134926

CMS, PRL 131 (2023) 262301
 LHCb, JHEP 06 (2023) 146

ALICE, EPJC 79 (2019) 402

