

# Small- $p_T$ $J/\psi$ production in the TMD parton model and NRQCD

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# Outline

- ▶ NRQCD
- ▶ Soft gluon resummation approach
- ▶ Spectator model for gluon TMD PDF
- ▶  $J/\psi$  production at low- $p_T$
- ▶ Polarized  $J/\psi$  production
- ▶ Conclusions

## Hadronization model: NRQCD

- ▶  $J/\psi$  wave function as a series with respect to relative constituent quarks velocity  $v$ :

$$|J/\psi\rangle = \mathcal{O}(v^0) |c\bar{c}[{}^3S_1^{(1)}]\rangle + \mathcal{O}(v^1) |c\bar{c}[{}^3P_J^{(8)}]g\rangle + \mathcal{O}(v^2) |c\bar{c}[{}^3S_1^{(1,8)}]gg\rangle + \\ + \mathcal{O}(v^2) |c\bar{c}[{}^1S_0^{(8)}]g\rangle + \mathcal{O}(v^2) |c\bar{c}[{}^1D_J^{(1,8)}]gg\rangle + \dots$$

- ▶ Hard cross section factorization:

$$d\hat{\sigma}(ab \rightarrow CX) = \sum_n d\hat{\sigma}(ab \rightarrow c\bar{c}[n]X) \langle \mathcal{O}^C[n] \rangle,$$

$\langle \mathcal{O}^C[n] \rangle$  – long distance matrix elements (LDME):

color singlet (CS) LDMEs — potential models,

color octet (CO) LDMEs — lattice QCD calculation or experimental data fitting

## General remarks on our approximations in calculations of prompt $J/\psi$ production

- ▶ Direct production:  $g + g \rightarrow J/\psi + X$ , feed-down contributions from  $\psi(2S) \rightarrow J/\psi + X$  and  $\chi_{cJ} \rightarrow J/\psi + \gamma$   
Prompt = Direct + Feed-down contributions
- ▶ We study here only the direct production. At the  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV (PHENIX data), feed-down contribution is about 30 %, at the  $\sqrt{s} = 27$  GeV – about 20 % for the total cross sections (Our theoretical estimation).
- ▶ We study here only the gluon-gluon fusion taking in mind that quark-antiquark annihilation contribution may be about 30% for the total cross section [Saleev, Chernyshev, 2022]
- ▶ Our preliminary calculations were done in the LO approximation of the pQCD in  $\alpha_S$

## Factorizations and initial parton transverse momenta

► **Collinear parton model (CPM):**  $q_T \ll k_T \sim \mu_F$ ,

- parton distribution functions  $f(x, \mu_F) \Rightarrow$  **DGLAP** equations,

$$q_1^\mu = x_1 p_1^\mu, \quad q_2^\mu = x_2 p_2^\mu,$$

- leading order (LO) processes are  $2 \rightarrow 2$ , the relevant for our study process is  $g + g \rightarrow J/\psi + g$

► **Transverse Momentum Dependent (TMD) factorization:**  $q_T, k_T \ll \mu_F \sim M$ ,

- TMD parton distribution functions  $F(x, \vec{q}_T, \mu_F, \zeta) \Rightarrow$  two-scale **Collins-Soper** equations,

$$q_1^\mu = x_1 p_1^\mu + y_1 p_2^\mu + q_{1T}^\mu, \quad q_2^\mu = x_2 p_2^\mu + y_2 p_1^\mu + q_{2T}^\mu,$$

- preserving  $\mathcal{O}(q_T/M)$  terms, neglecting  $\mathcal{O}(q_T^2/M^2)$  terms and, therefore, assuming  $y_{1,2} \rightarrow 0$ :

$$q_1 \approx \left( \frac{x_1 \sqrt{s}}{2}, \mathbf{q}_{1T}, \frac{x_1 \sqrt{s}}{2} \right), \quad q_2 \approx \left( \frac{x_2 \sqrt{s}}{2}, \mathbf{q}_{2T}, -\frac{x_2 \sqrt{s}}{2} \right),$$

- relevant processes only  $2 \rightarrow 1$ ,  $g + g \rightarrow J/\psi$  and intermediate  $c\bar{c}$ -state must be color-octet  $^1S_0^{(8)}$  or  $^3P_{0,2}^{(8)}$

## TMD factorization and TMD PDFs

- ▶ General formula of TMD factorization [TMD Handbook, arXiv:2304.03302]:

$$d\sigma(J/\psi) \sim \int dx_1 dx_2 \int d\mathbf{q}_{1T} d\mathbf{q}_{2T} f(x_1, \mathbf{q}_{1T}, \mu_F, \zeta_1) f(x_2, \mathbf{q}_{1T}, \mu_F, \zeta_2) \delta(\mathbf{q}_{1T} + \mathbf{q}_{2T} - \mathbf{k}_T) d\hat{\sigma}$$

- ▶ To implement **CS** evolution, the transfer to impact parameter  $\mathbf{b}_T$  space by 2D Fourier transform is done:

$$d\sigma(J/\psi) \sim \int dx_1 dx_2 \int d\mathbf{b}_T e^{i\mathbf{p}_T \mathbf{b}_T} \tilde{f}(x_1, \mathbf{b}_T) \tilde{f}(x_2, \mathbf{b}_T) d\hat{\sigma}(x_1, x_2, s)$$

$d\hat{\sigma}(x_1, x_2, s)$  is calculated as series in small  $\alpha_S$

## Soft gluon resummation approach

- ▶ Soft and collinear gluon resummation approach by [J. Collins, D. Soper, 1981]:

$$d\sigma(J/\psi) \sim \int_0^\infty db_T b_T J_0(p_T b_T) e^{-S_P(b_T, \mu_F, Q)} e^{-S_{NP}(b_T)} \hat{F}(x_1, \mu'_{b^*}, b_T^*) \hat{F}(x_2, \mu'_{b^*}, b_T^*) d\hat{\sigma}$$

Note,  $\hat{F}(x, \mu'_{b^*}, b_T^*)$  is not conventional TMD PDF !

- ▶ Sudakov factor in LL-LO perturbative calculations [J. Collins, D. Soper (1982)]:

$$S_P(b_T, \mu_F, Q) = \frac{C_A}{\pi} \int_{\mu_b^2}^{Q^2} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \alpha_s(\mu') \left[ \ln \frac{Q^2}{\mu'^2} - \left( \frac{11 - 2N_f/C_A}{6} + 1 \right) \right] + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$$

- ▶ Sudakov factor expression is valid only on region  $b_0/Q \leq b_T \leq b_{T, \max}$  which is being controlled with [D. Boer, W. J. den Dunnen (2014); J. Collins, D. Soper, G. Sterman (1985)]

$$\mu_b \rightarrow \mu'_b = \frac{Qb_0}{Qb_T + b_0} \quad \text{and} \quad b_T^*(b_T) = \frac{b_T}{\sqrt{1 + (b_T/b_{T, \max})^2}}$$

## Soft gluon resummation approach

- ▶ Master formula for soft gluon resummation [J. Collins (2011)]:

$$d\sigma(J/\psi) \sim \int_0^\infty db_T b_T J_0(p_T b_T) e^{-S_P(b_T, \mu_F, Q)} e^{-S_{NP}(b_T)} \hat{F}(x_1, \mu_{b^*}, b_T^*) \hat{F}(x_2, \mu_{b^*}, b_T^*) d\hat{\sigma}$$

- ▶ **Nonperturbative** quark factor obtained in SIDIS data fitting should be scaled by  $C_A/C_F$  for gluons [S. Aybat, T. Rogers (2011)]:

$$S_{NP}(b_T, Q) = \frac{C_A}{C_F} \left[ g_1 \ln \frac{Q}{2Q_{NP}} + g_2 \left( 1 + 2g_3 \ln \frac{10xx_0}{x_0 + x} \right) \right] b_T^2$$

- ▶ In the leading order in  $\alpha_s$ , the perturbative tail of TMD PDF is expressed with collinear PDF :

$$\hat{F}(x, b_T^*) = f(x, \mu_{b^*}) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$$



## Soft gluon resummation approach

- ▶ C. D. Davies, W.J. Stirling, Nucl. Phys. B244, 337 (1984) – **DY**
- ▶ P. Arnold, R. Kauffman, Nucl. Phys. B349, 381 (1991) – **W, Z**
- ▶ S. Catani et al., Phys. Lett. B211, 335 (1988) – **H**
- ▶ T. Han, R. Meng, J. Ohnemus, Nucl. Phys. B384, 59 (1992) – **ZZ**
- ▶ E.L. Berger and R.B. Meng, Phys. Rev. D49, 3248 (1994) –  $Q\bar{Q}$
- ▶ .....

## Spectator model for gluon TMD PDF

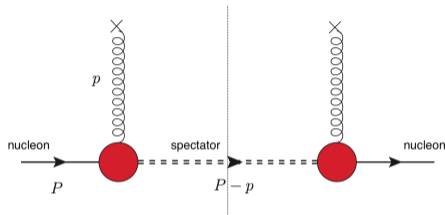
- ▶ Spectator Model for gluon PDF by  
[A. Bacchetta, F. Conti, M. Radici (2008);  
A. Bacchetta, F. Celiberto, M. Radici, P. Taelis (2020)]
- ▶ Expressions for unpolarized TMD  $f_1$ , helicity  $g_L$ ,  
worm-gear  $g_T$  and Boer–Mulders  $h_{\perp g}$  functions
- ▶ TMD PDF as a superposition of spectator's PDFs (at the fixed  $M_X$ )  
weighed on the spectral function:

$$f_g(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2) = \int_M^{\infty} dM_X \rho_X(M_X) \tilde{f}_g(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2, M_X), \quad \rho_X(M_X) = \mu^{2a} \left[ \frac{A}{B + \mu^{2b}} + \frac{C}{\pi\sigma} e^{-\frac{(M_X - D)^2}{\sigma^2}} \right]$$

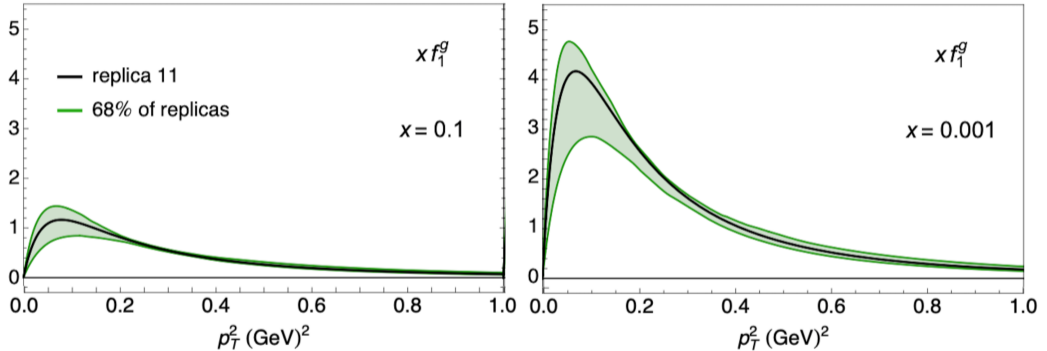
- ▶ Formula for Spectator Model TMD calculations, neglecting TMD evolution of PDF:

$$d\sigma(J/\psi) \sim \int dx_1 dx_2 \int d\mathbf{p}_{1T} d\mathbf{p}_{2T} f_g(x_1, \mathbf{p}_{1T}^2) f_g(x_2, \mathbf{p}_{2T}^2) \delta(\mathbf{p}_{1T} + \mathbf{p}_{2T} - \mathbf{k}_T) d\hat{\sigma},$$

We take  $f_g(x, \mathbf{p}_T^2)$  at the initial scale  $\mu_F = \zeta = 1.6$  GeV.



## Spectator model for gluon TMD PDF



The figures are from [A. Bacchetta, F. Celiberto, M. Radici, P. Taelis (2020)]. There are 100 replicas, we are waiting another ones from F.C.

## Matching of low- $p_T$ and large- $p_T$ regions with Inverse-Error Weighting Scheme

- ▶ Matched cross-section as a weighed sum of CPM and TMD terms [M. Echevarria, T. Kasemets, J.-P. Lansberg, C. Pisano, A. Signori (2018)]:

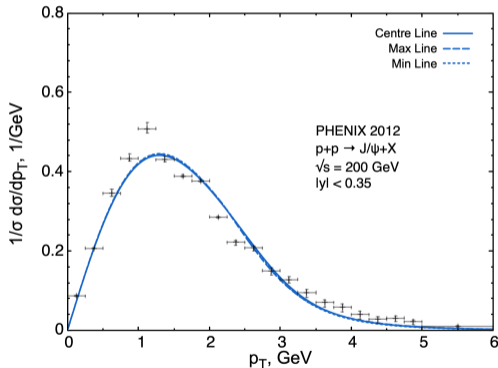
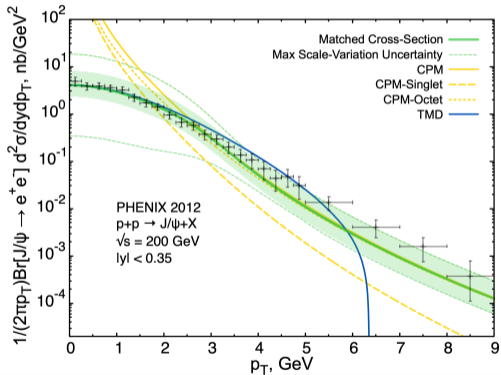
$$d\sigma = \mathcal{W} d\sigma^{\text{TMD}} + \mathcal{Z} d\sigma^{\text{CPM}}$$

- ▶ Normalized weights for each of the two terms are

$$\mathcal{W} = \frac{\Delta\mathcal{W}^{-2}}{\Delta\mathcal{W}^{-2} + \Delta\mathcal{Z}^{-2}}, \quad \mathcal{Z} = \frac{\Delta\mathcal{Z}^{-2}}{\Delta\mathcal{W}^{-2} + \Delta\mathcal{Z}^{-2}},$$

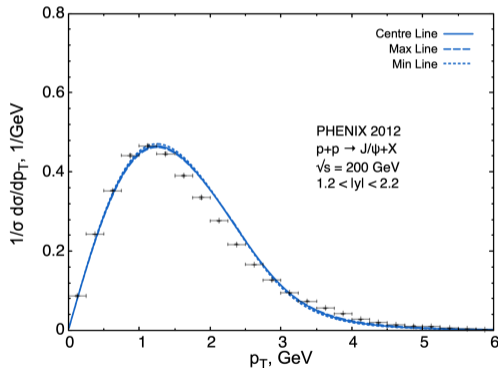
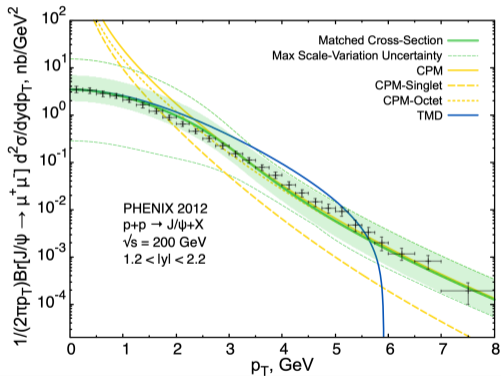
$$\Delta\mathcal{W} = \left(\frac{p_T}{Q}\right)^2, \quad \Delta\mathcal{Z} = \left(\frac{M}{p_T}\right)^2$$

# Extraction of CO LDME in the CPM (at $p_T > M$ ) and TMD (at $p_T < 1$ GeV) using the soft gluon resummation approach



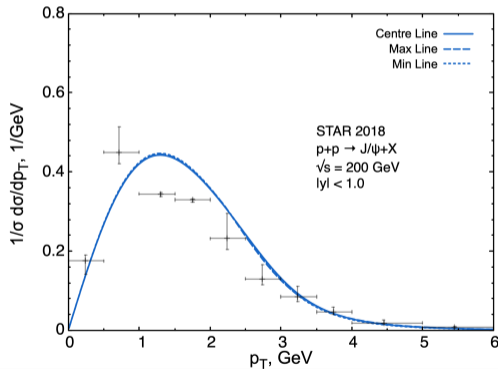
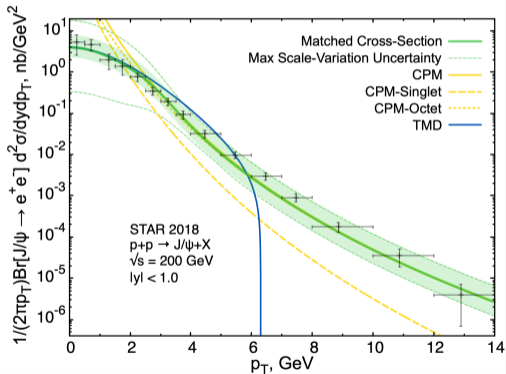
We may reduce scale uncertainties of theoretical calculations in study of normalized distributions !

## Extraction of CO NME in the CPM (at $p_T > M$ ) and TMD (at $p_T < 1$ GeV) using the soft gluon resummation approach



In the study of normalized distributions we may neglect dependence from unknown CO LDMEs !

# Extraction of CO LDME in the CPM (at $p_T > M$ ) and TMD (at $p_T < 1$ GeV) using the soft gluon resummation approach



In the study of normalized distributions we may neglect dependence from feed-down contributions !

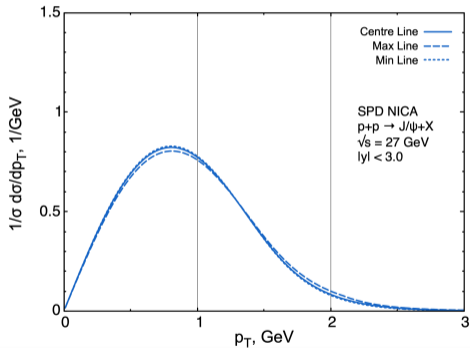
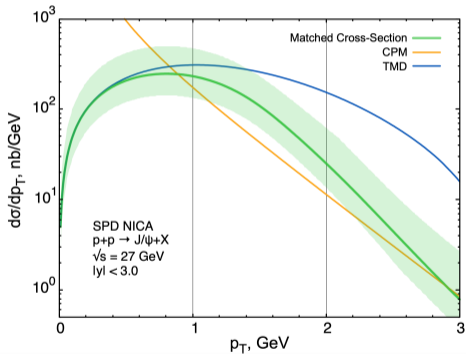
## Extraction of CO LDME in the CPM (at $p_T > M$ ) and TMD (at $p_T < 1$ GeV) using the soft gluon resummation approach

- ▶ TMD:  $M_7^{J/\psi} = \langle \mathcal{O}[^1S_0^{(8)}] \rangle + 7 \cdot \langle \mathcal{O}[^3P_0^{(8)}] \rangle / m_c^2 = 1.7 \cdot 10^{-1} \text{ GeV}^3$ ,  
 $\chi^2/\text{d.o.f.} = 2.61/9$
- ▶ CPM:  $M_3^{J/\psi} = \langle \mathcal{O}[^1S_0^{(8)}] \rangle + 3 \cdot \langle \mathcal{O}[^3P_0^{(8)}] \rangle / m_c^2 = 7.7 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ GeV}^3$ ,  $\langle \mathcal{O}[^3S_1^{(8)}] \rangle = 6.5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ GeV}^3$ ,  
 $\chi^2/\text{d.o.f.} = 118.15/33$

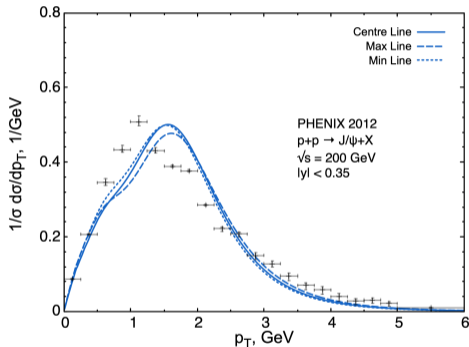
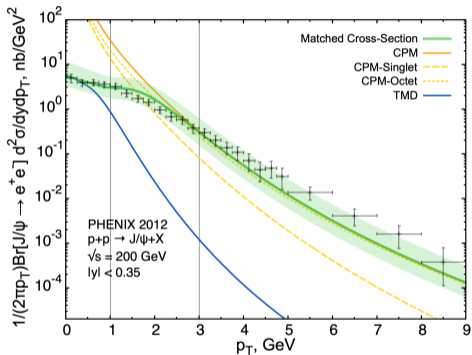
CO LDME	LO CPM [Cho, Leibovich (1996)]	NLO CPM [Butenschön, Kniehl (2011)]	NLO CPM [Ma, Wang, Chao (2011)]
$M_3^{J/\psi}$	$(6.6 \pm 1.5) \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ GeV}^3$	$(1.83 \pm 0.56) \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ GeV}^3$	$(-1.18 \pm 2.94) \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ GeV}^3$
$\langle \mathcal{O}[^3S_1^{(8)}] \rangle$	$(6.6 \pm 2.1) \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ GeV}^3$	$(1.68 \pm 0.46) \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ GeV}^3$	$(8.86 \pm 3.91) \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ GeV}^3$



# Predictions for SPD NICA using the soft gluon resummation approach

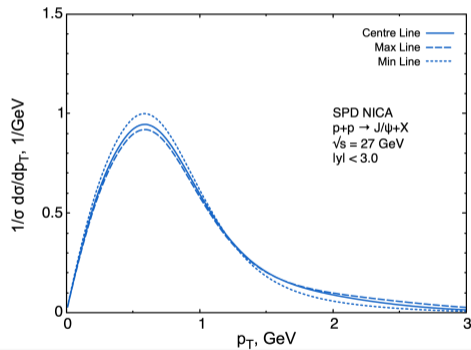
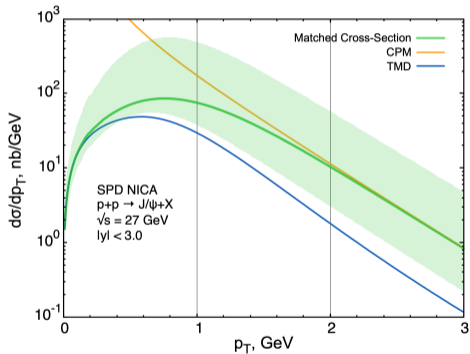


# Calculations using the Spectator Model for gluon TMD

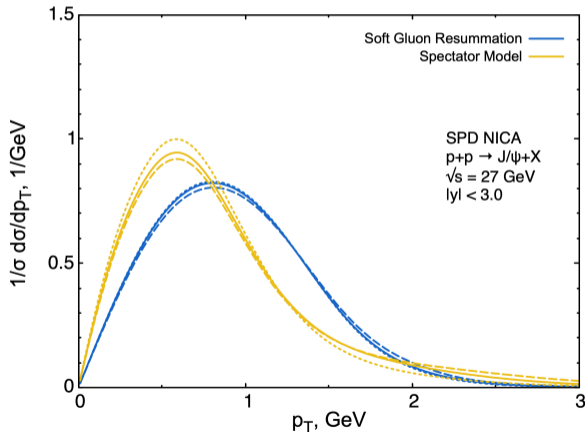


CO LDME	Soft Gluon Resummation	Spectator Model
$M_7^{J/\psi}$	$1.7 \cdot 10^{-1} \text{ GeV}^3$	$2.1 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ GeV}^3$

# Predictions for SPD NICA using the Spectator Model for gluon TMD



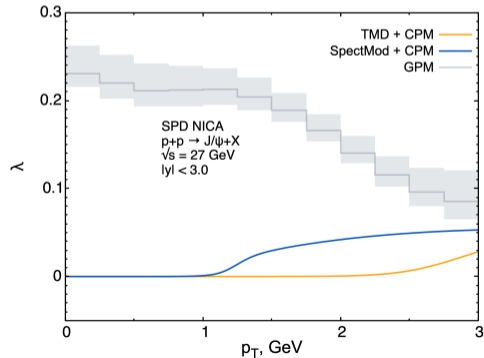
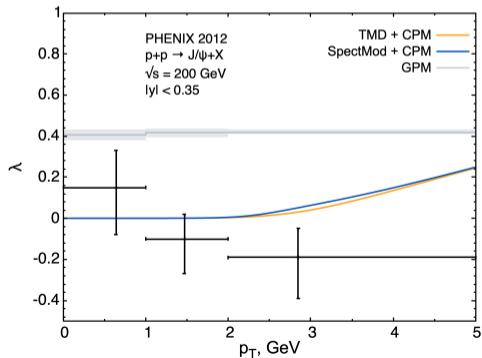
## Comparison of predictions for $J/\psi$ $p_T$ -spectra at SPD NICA energy



## Polarized $J/\psi$ production in TMD factorization

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \sim 1 + \lambda_{\theta} \cos^2 \theta + \lambda_{\varphi} \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\varphi + \lambda_{\theta\varphi} \cos \varphi$$

$$\lambda_{\theta} = \frac{\sigma_T - 2\sigma_L}{\sigma_T + 2\sigma_L} = \frac{\sigma - 3\sigma_L}{\sigma + \sigma_L}$$



## Conclusions

- ▶ We have analyzed two different approaches to calculate low- $p_T$   $J/\psi$  production in the TMD factorization
- ▶ CO LDMEs of NRQCD are necessary to describe  $J/\psi$  production using the CPM and especially using the TMD factorization, where they are given main contributions
- ▶ Both approaches, the soft gluon resummation and the Spectator Model for gluon TMD PDF, satisfyingly describe experimental data of unpolarized  $J/\psi$  production at the  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV in regions of TMD and CPM factorizations, and in the intermediate region as well
- ▶ Description of  $J/\psi$  polarization using TMD and NRQCD apparently doesn't controvert the experimental data of PHENIX, as opposed to our previous calculations based on Generalized Parton Model [A. Karpishkov, V. Saleev, K. Shilyaev, *Physics of Atomic Nuclei*, 4 (2024)]
- ▶ We estimate the perspective region for the extraction of gluon TMD PDF in the  $J/\psi$  production as  $p_T \leq 1$  GeV

## Plans

- ▶ To take into account factorization scale evolution in the Spectator Model
- ▶ To repeat calculations for all replicas in the Spectator Model
- ▶ To take correctly into account feed-down contributions
- ▶ To estimate quark-antiquark contribution in the  $J/\psi$  production
- ▶ To do calculations with different matching schemes

**THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!**