## Simplified PID for $\pi/K/p$ in BiBi@9.2 GeV

M. Malaev, D. Ivanishchev, V. Riabov

## Outline

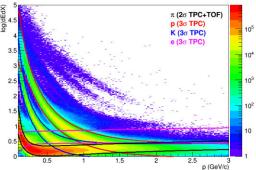
- Need  $\pi/K/p$  results for the second collaboration paper
- Simplified approach based on n-sigma method for TPC/TOF:
  - $\checkmark$  limited  $p_T$  range at higher momenta
  - ✓ minimization of model-dependent corrections
  - $\checkmark$  robust  $\rightarrow$  most appropriate for the first-day analysis & results
- Today:
  - ✓ analysis details for Request 25 mass production (UrQMD, BiBi@9.2, 50M events)

## **PID strategy**

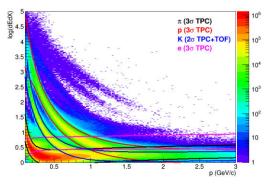
- Event selection: |z-vertex| < 100 cm; centrality 0-92%
- Track selection:
  - ✓ TPC-hits > 24
  - ✓ DCA-to-PV  $\leq 2\sigma_{x,y,z}$
  - ✓ |y| < 0.5
- Two quasi-independent measurements for  $\pi/K/p$ :
  - 1<sup>st</sup>: (**TPC-TOF**)
    - ✓ TPC 2 $\sigma$ -PID selection for a given specie ( $\pi$ /K/p)
    - ✓ If track is 2 $\sigma$ -matched to TOF then TOF 2 $\sigma$ -PID selection for a given specie ( $\pi/K/p$ )
    - ✓ TPC 3 $\sigma$ -veto-PID for other species (for  $\pi$  e/K/p veto, for K e/ $\pi$ /p veto, for p e/ $\pi$ /K veto)
  - 2<sup>nd</sup>: (**TOF-TPC**)
    - ✓ TOF 2 $\sigma$ -PID selection for a given specie ( $\pi/K/p$ )
    - ✓ TPC 2 $\sigma$ -PID selection for a given specie ( $\pi$ /K/p)
    - ✓ TOF 3 $\sigma$ -veto-PID for other species (for  $\pi$  e/K/p veto, for K e/ $\pi$ /p veto, for p e/ $\pi$ /K veto)
- Spectra are reconstructed while purity > 95%:
  - ✓ spectra are corrected for impurities → impose 50% uncertainty for the correction value = 0.5 \* 5% = 2.5%p<sub>T</sub>-correlated systematic uncertainty for spectra
- **TPC-TOF** and **TOF-TPC** spectra are combined for final results for minimum total uncertainties

### Momentum coverage with veto cuts

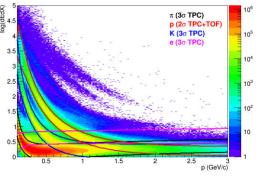
• **Pions:** ~ 0-1 GeV/c

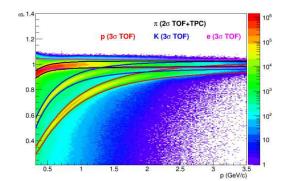


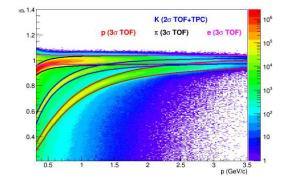
• Kaons: ~ 0-1.5 GeV/c

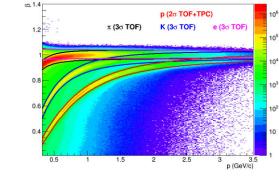


• **Protons:** ~ 0-4.5 GeV/c





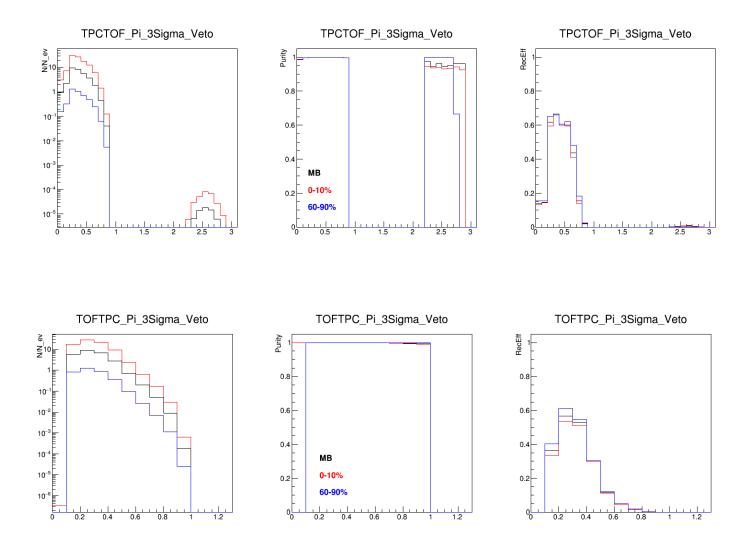




V. Riabov, Cross-PWG Meeting, 17.09.2024

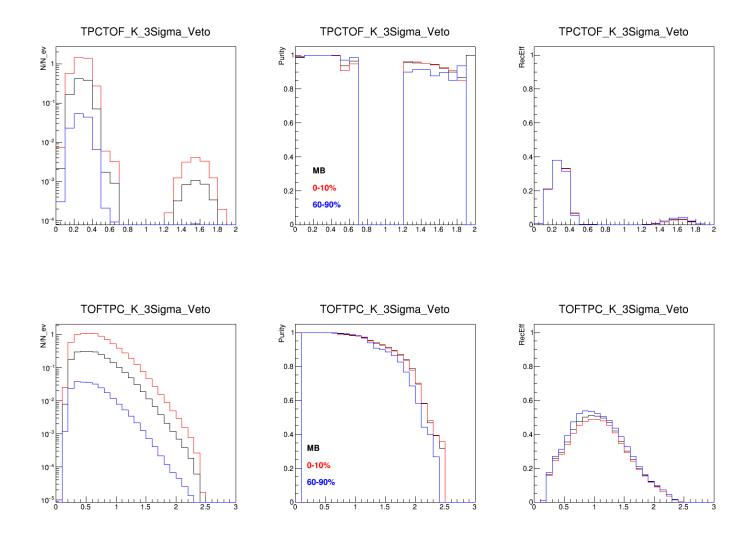
#### **Pions**

• Accepted  $p_T$  range is defined by purity > 95%  $\rightarrow$  whole range is fine



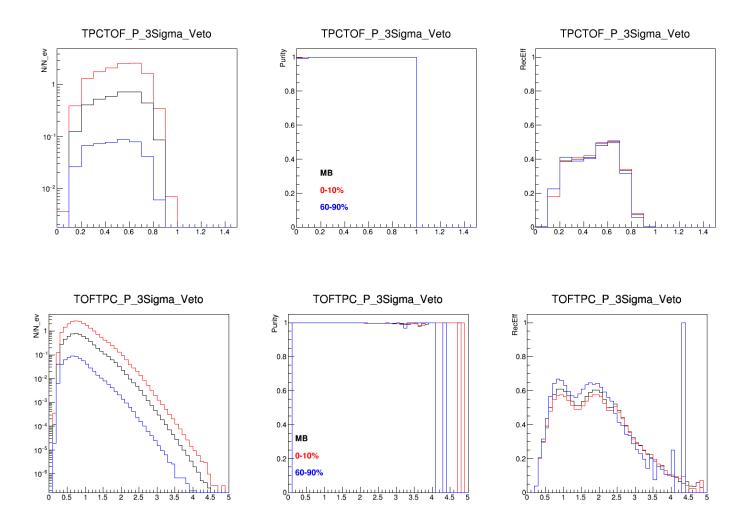
#### Kaons

• Accepted  $p_T$  range is defined by purity > 95%  $\rightarrow$  limits  $p_T$  range to ~ 1.4 GeV/c



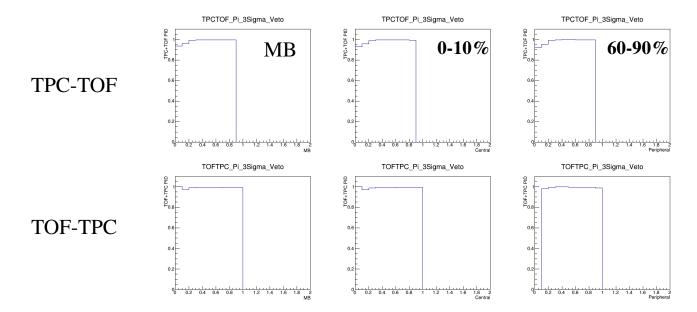
### **Protons**

• Accepted  $p_T$  range is defined by purity > 95%  $\rightarrow$  whole range is fine

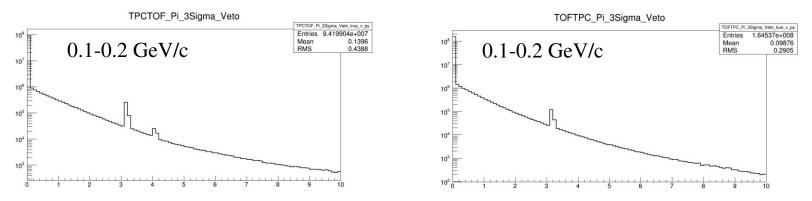


## **Particle sources - Pions**

• Fraction of primaries in the measured spectrum (primaries – produced at a distance < 1 cm from PV)



• Production radius of soft pions

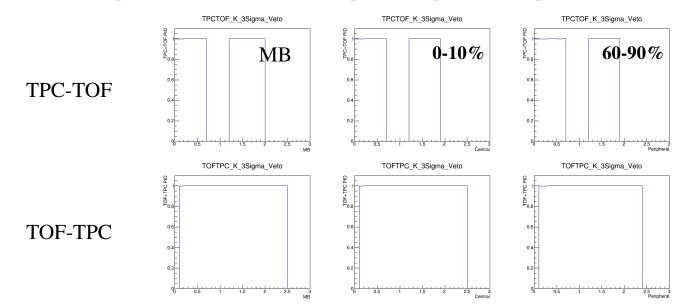


• Most of pions are primary (>95%), small admixture of decay pions and secondary from the beam pipe

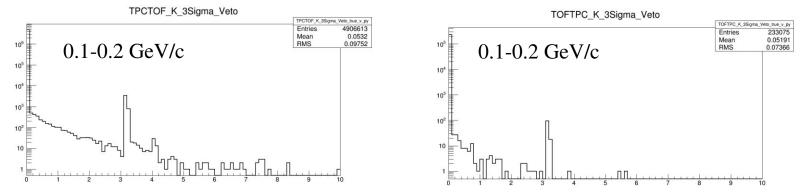
V. Riabov, Cross-PWG Meeting, 17.09.2024

## **Particle sources - Kaons**

• Fraction of primaries in the measured spectrum (primaries – produced at a distance < 1 cm from PV)



• Production radius of soft kaons

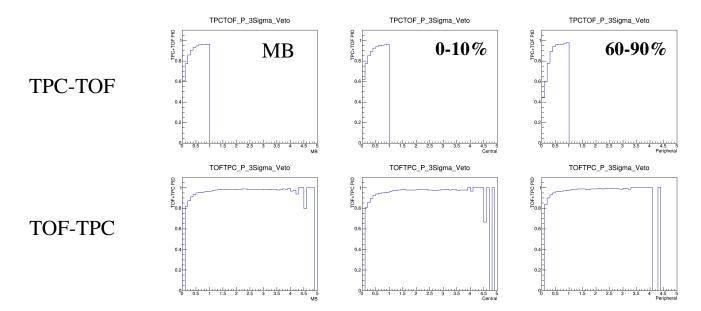


• All kaons are primary (>99%), tiny admixture of secondary particles

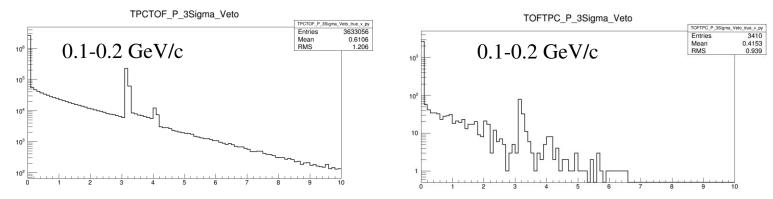
V. Riabov, Cross-PWG Meeting, 17.09.2024

## **Particle sources - Protons**

• Fraction of primaries in the measured spectrum (primaries – produced at a distance < 1 cm from PV)



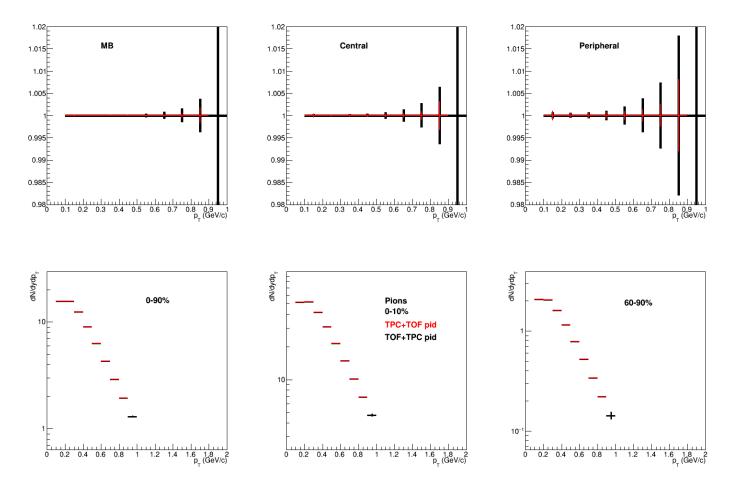
• Production radius of soft protons



• Significant admixtures at low  $p_T$  (~30%), mostly from hyperon decays + up to ~ 5-10% of protons from the beam pipe in the first bin(s) V. Riabov, Cross-PWG Meeting, 17.09.2024

## **Combined spectra - Pions**

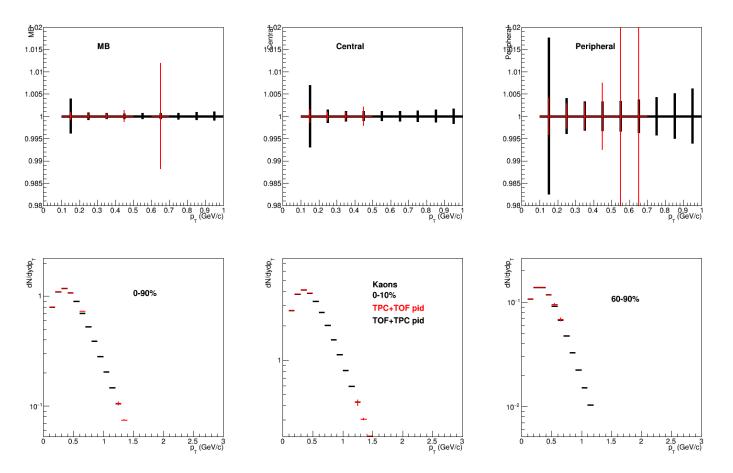
• Relative statistical uncertainties for **TPC-TOF** and **TOF-TPC** spectra



• Set transition point to  $p_T = 0.95 \text{ GeV/c}$ 

## **Combined spectra - Kaons**

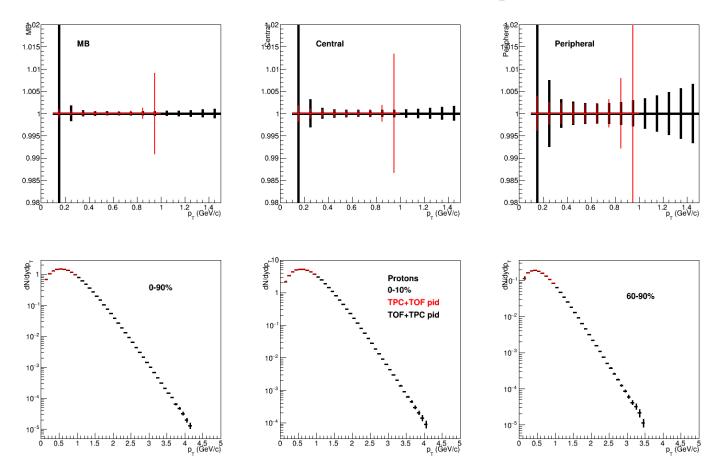
• Relative statistical uncertainties for **TPC-TOF** and **TOF-TPC** spectra



• Set transition point to  $p_T = 0.45 \text{ GeV/c}$ 

### **Combined spectra - Protons**

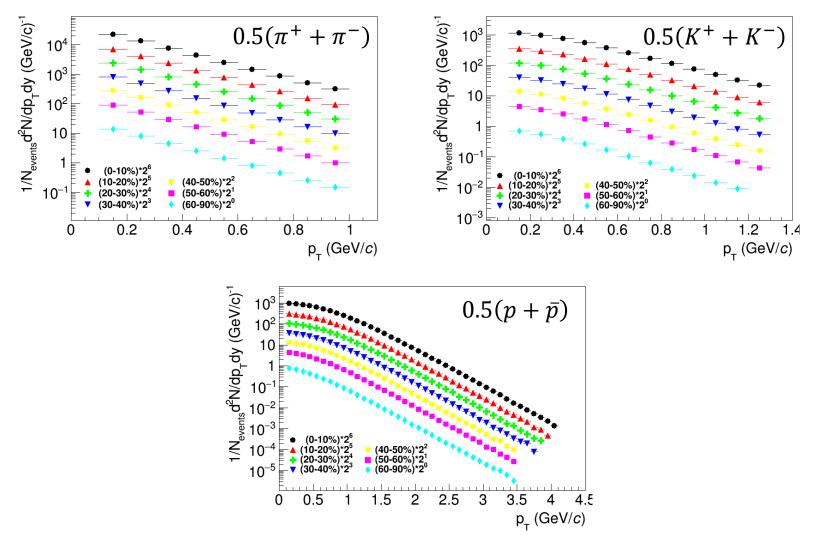
• Relative statistical uncertainties for **TPC-TOF** and **TOF-TPC** spectra



• Set transition point to  $p_T = 0.75 \text{ GeV/c}$ 

### Final spectra, $(h^+ + h^-)/2$

• Combined, centrality-dependent spectra for  $\pi/K/p$ 



• Missing high- $p_T$  tails contribute ~ 3.7%, 3.5% and 0% of the total yield for  $\pi$ , K and p, respectively

# Summary

- A very straightforward approach for  $\pi/K/p$  measurements is proposed  $\rightarrow$  probably most appropriate approach for the first-day measurements
- Provides good enough coverage for integrated yield measurements, uncovered high- $p_T$  range contributes < 4% of the total yields, uncovered low- $p_T$  range is as small as possible given current track reconstruction techniques & methods
- The approach needs to be extended to charge-dependent case  $\rightarrow$  1-2 weeks