

Effect of material in front of ECAL on energy resolution

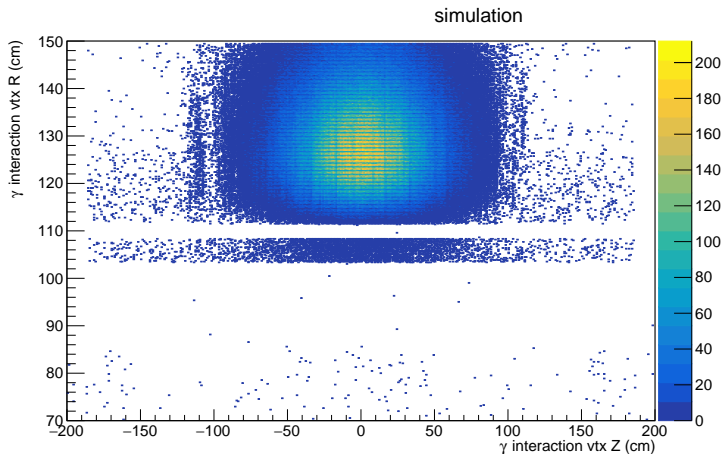
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The task and the setup

- ▶ Structural material in front of ECAL (preliminary carbon fiber): ~ 5 cm
- ▶ Task: consider different materials (carbon, iron, etc.) and different thicknesses to see impact on energy resolution of ECAL
- ▶ SPDR00T version 4.1.6 (using docker jemtchou/spdroot:4.1.6)
- ▶ This exercise \rightarrow photons hitting perpendicularly to ECAL (to do: investigate case of larger angles)
- ▶ Three photon energies: 0.5 GeV, 1 GeV, 6 GeV

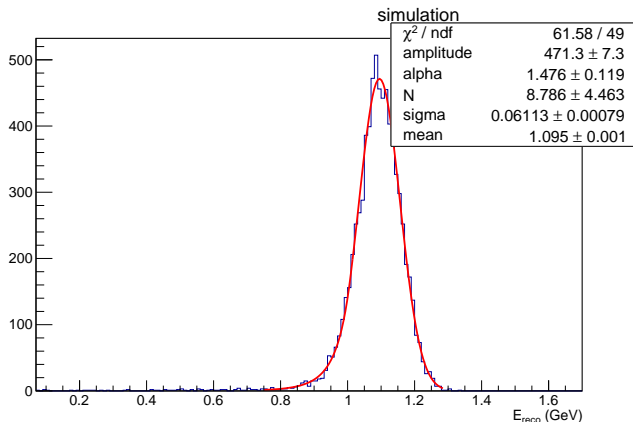
The methodology



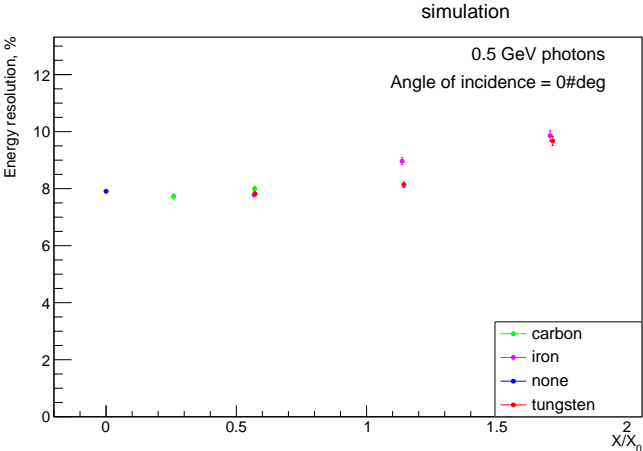
- ▶ material with given density placed ≈ 10 cm before ECAL barrel

Obtaining energy resolutions

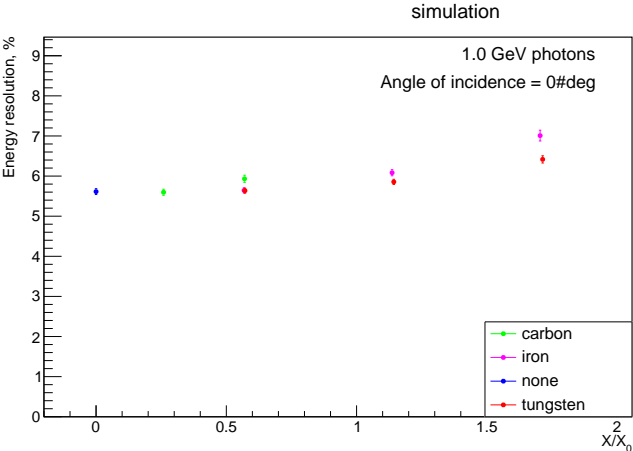
- ▶ Gaps in azimuthal angle \rightarrow non-gaussian tail towards lower energies \rightarrow fitting the gaussian part to get energy resolution
- ▶ Energy resolution = (width of peak) / (position of peak), no postprocess calibrations applied
- ▶ 5 cm carbon, 1 GeV



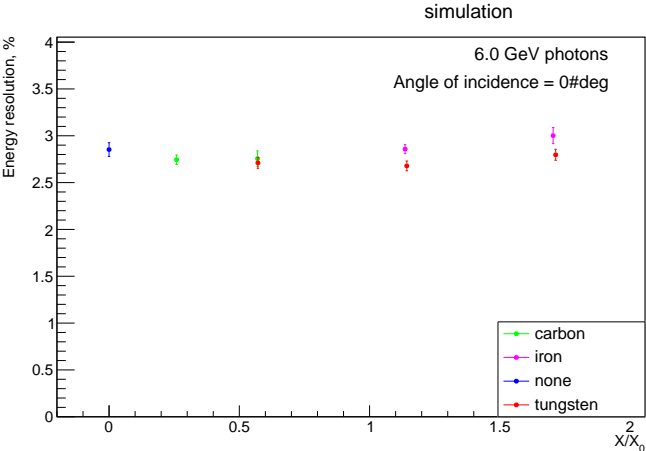
Results



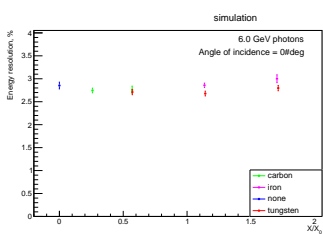
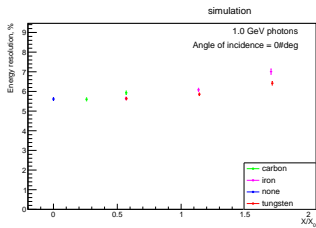
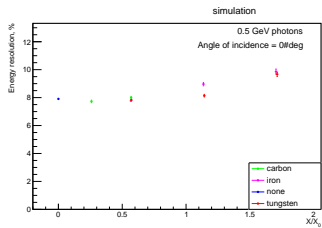
Results



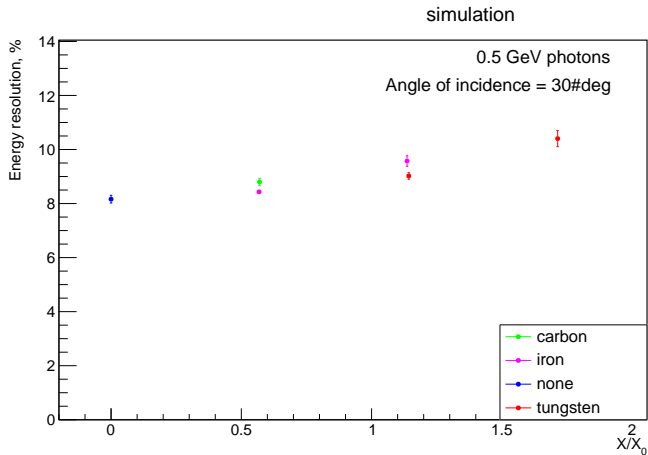
Results



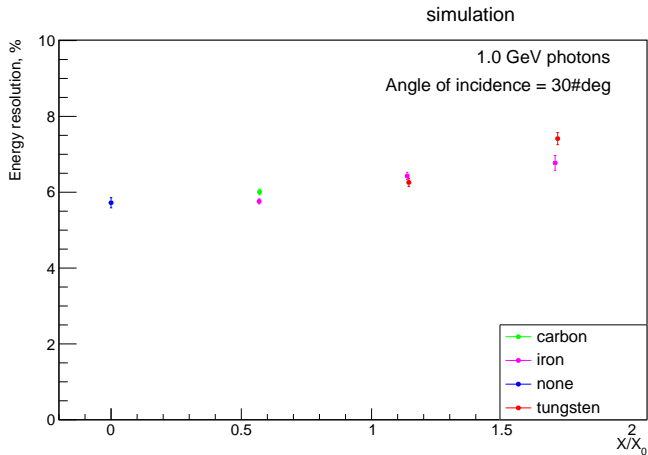
Results



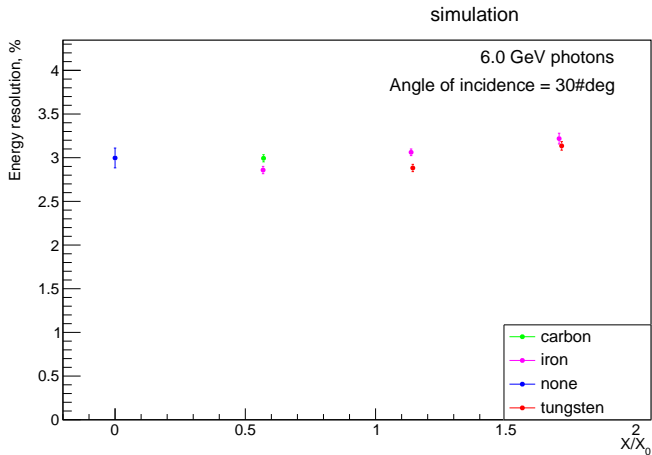
Results (30 degrees)



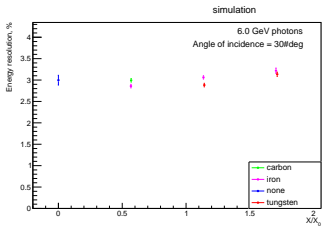
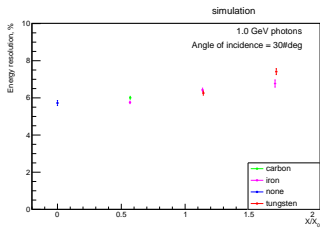
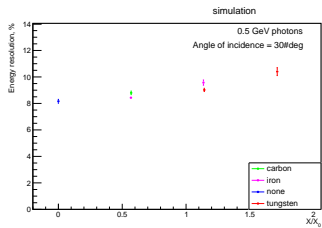
Results (30 degrees)



Results (30 degrees)



Results (30 degrees)



Conclusions/next steps

Conclusions:

- ▶ Material below $0.25 X_0$: no significant impact on energy resolution
- ▶ $0.5 X_0$ of extra material: energy resolution at low energies worse by 0.2 – 0.3%
- ▶ With more material, heavier material seems to be preferable

Next steps:

- ▶ Impact of slices in Z/sectors in ϕ : efficiency, energy/position resolution