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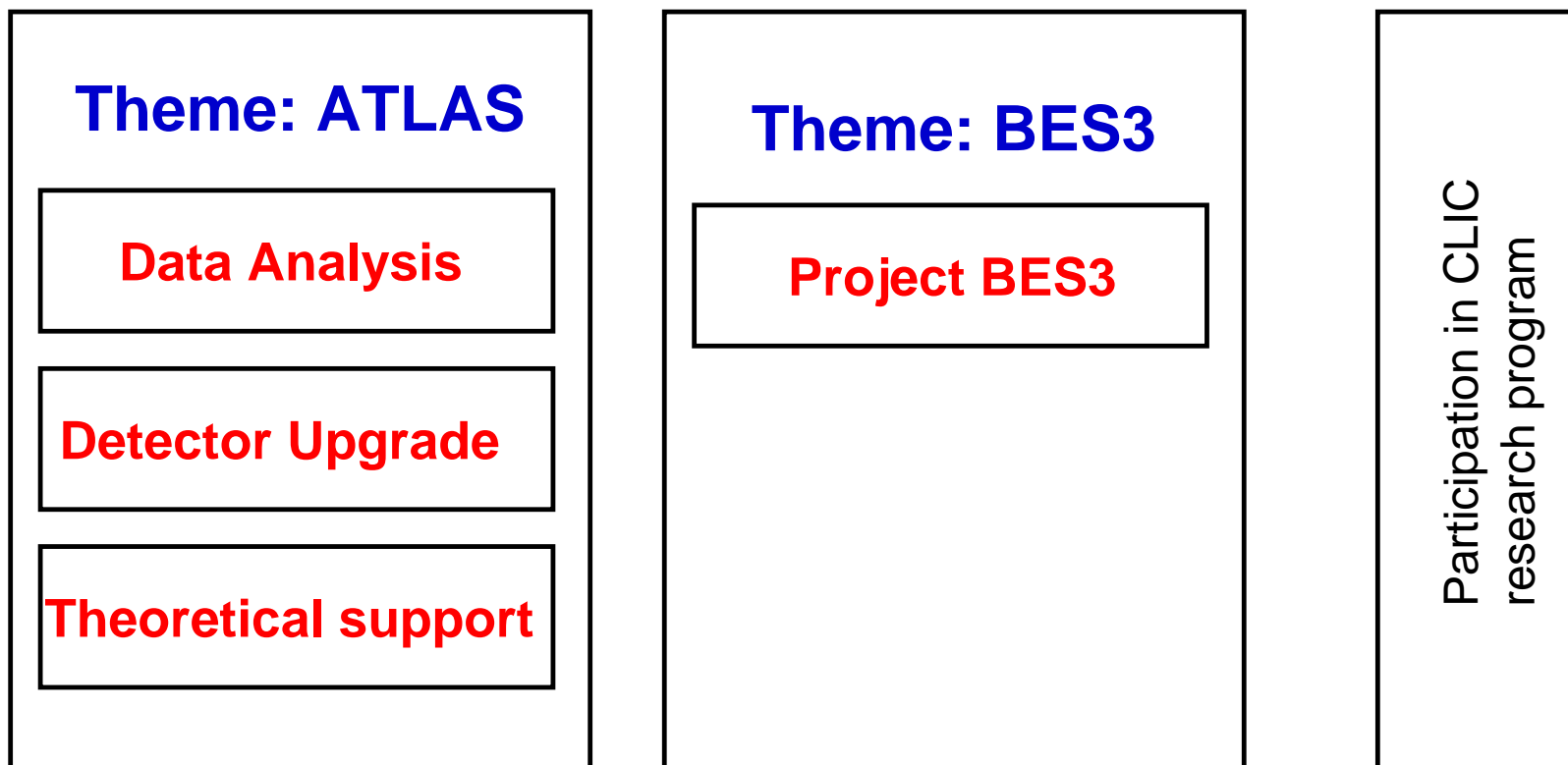
Physics at future e^+e^- colliders

Физика на будущих e^+e^- коллайдерах

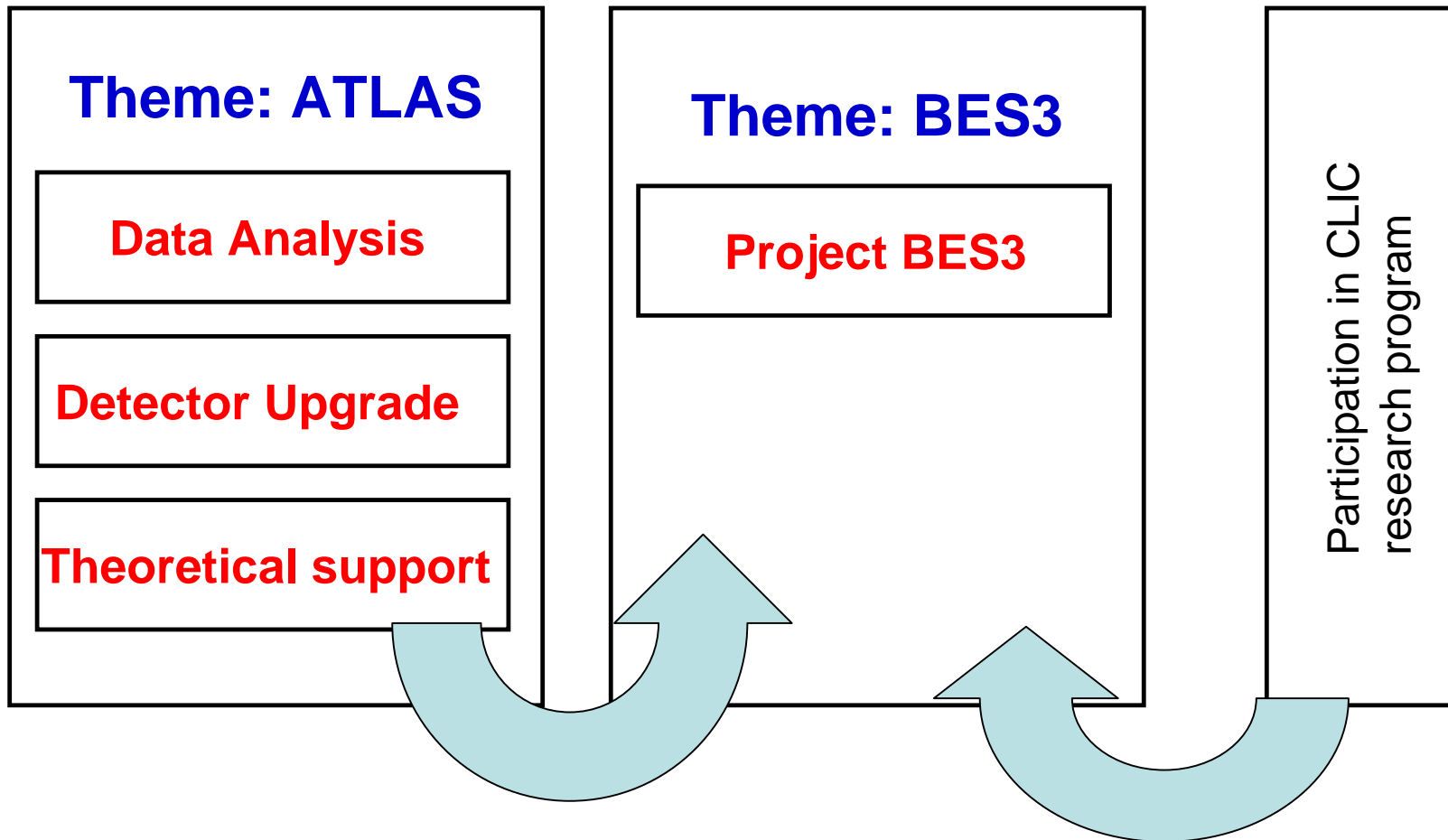
Project leader: L.V. Kalinovskaya

Deputy: I.R. Boyko

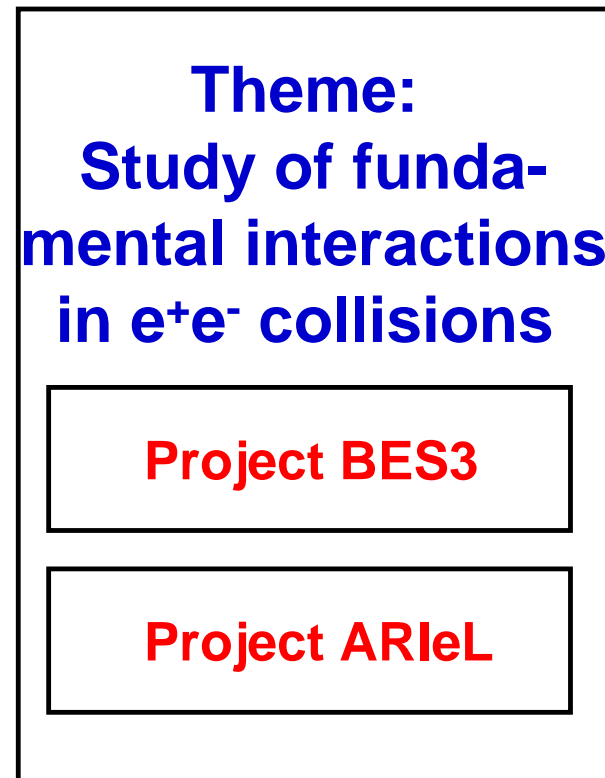
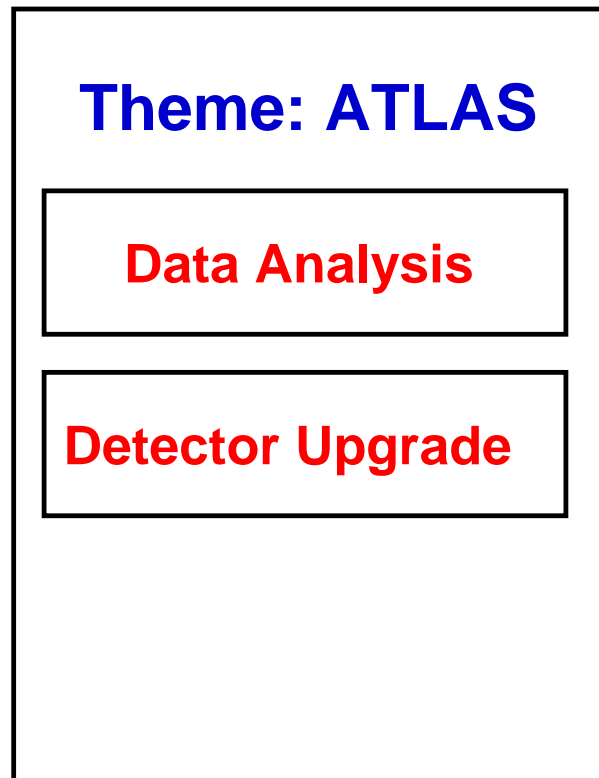
Organizational matters



Organizational matters



Organizational matters



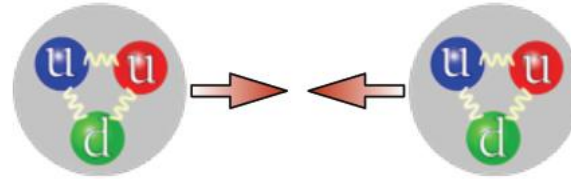
Why ARLeL?

- **A**dvanced
- **R**esearch of
- **I**nteractions in
- **e⁺e⁻**
- **coL**lisions

What we will do

- Preparation of CLIC research program
 - $ee \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 - Higgs mass
 - $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ and quartic coupling
 - Top quark polarization
- Theoretical support of experiments at e^+e^- colliders
 - Create e^+e^- generator at more than 1 loop with polarization
 - Interfacing NLO EW RC to PYTHIA
 - Develop single-resonance approach to complex processes
 - Elaborate a standard procedure for $2 \rightarrow 4$ helicity amplitudes
 - Create building blocks for complete weak 2-loops and QCD 3-loops, plus leading weak 3-loops and QCD 4-loops

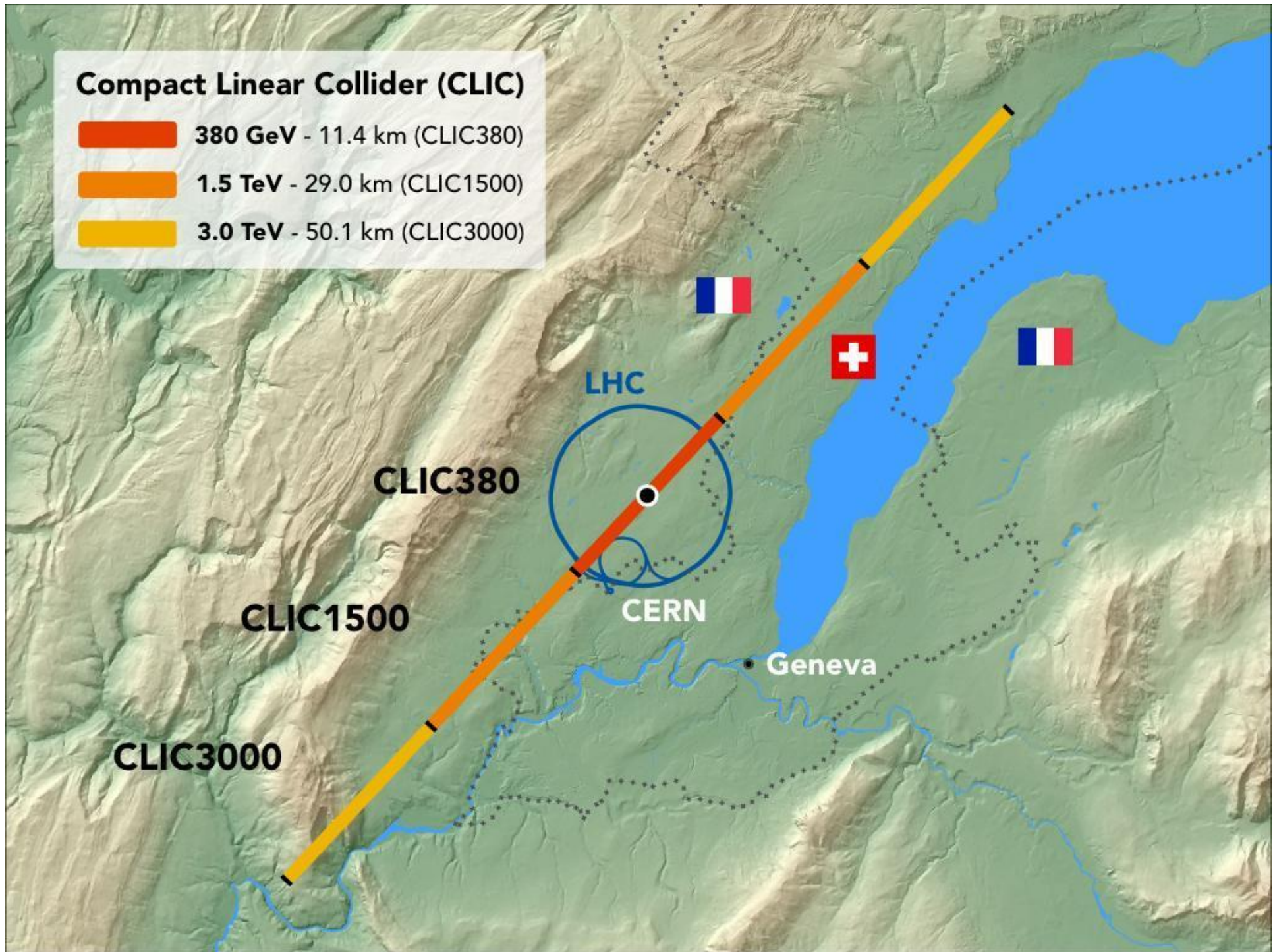
Future collider candidates



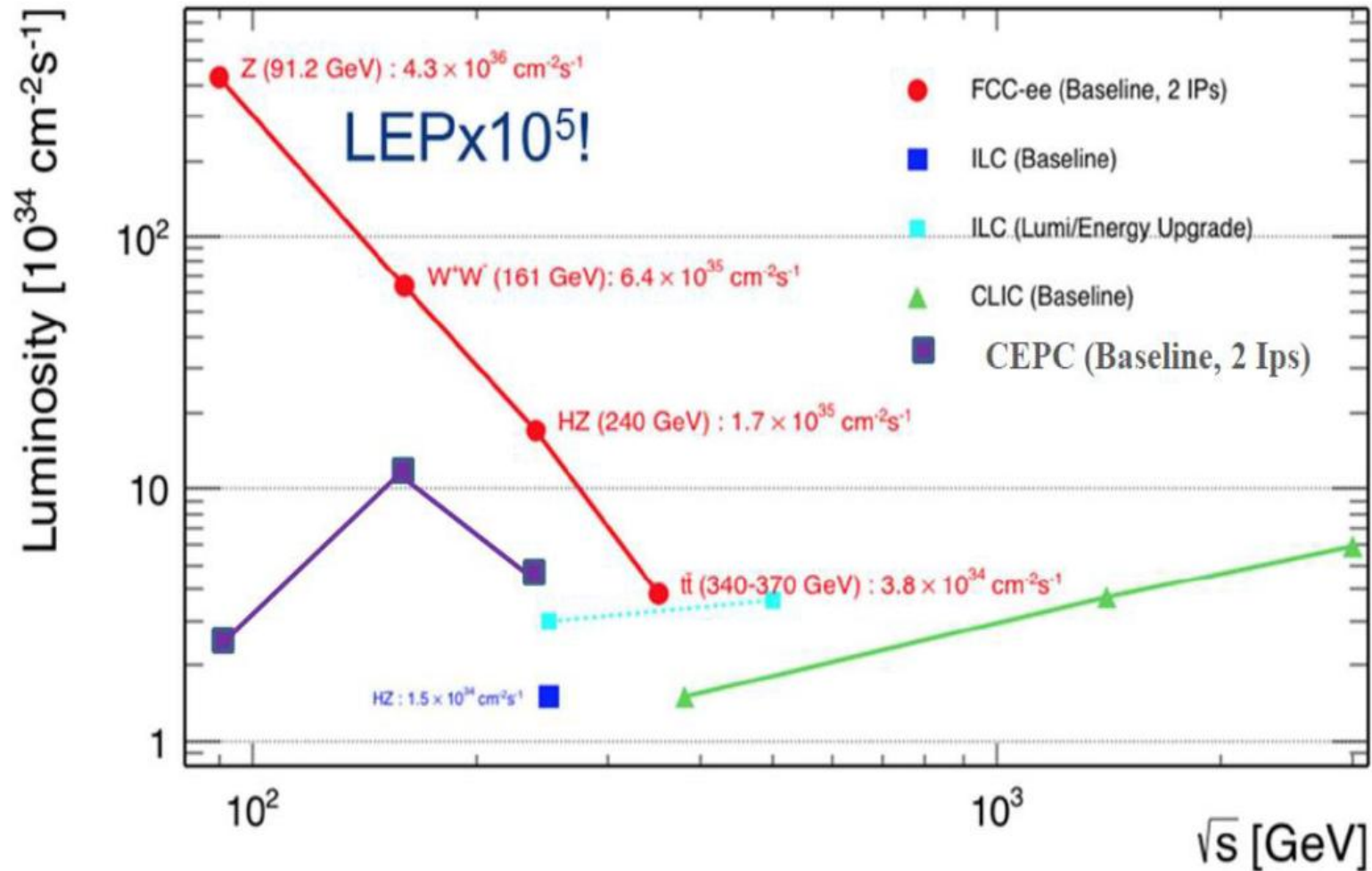
- **ILC:** 20 (30?) km, 250 (500?) GeV, Higgs factory
- **CLIC:** 50 km, 3000 GeV, Higgs, Top, discoveries
- **CEPC:** 100 km, 250 GeV, Higgs physics
- **FCC:** 100 km, 350 GeV, Higgs + Top
- **HL LHC:** 14 TeV, 3 ab⁻¹
- **HE-LHC:** 33 TeV, 2 ab⁻¹
- **CEPC-pp:** 70 TeV, 10 ab⁻¹
- **FCC-pp:** 100 TeV, 5 ab⁻¹

Compact Linear Collider (CLIC)

-  380 GeV - 11.4 km (CLIC380)
-  1.5 TeV - 29.0 km (CLIC1500)
-  3.0 TeV - 50.1 km (CLIC3000)



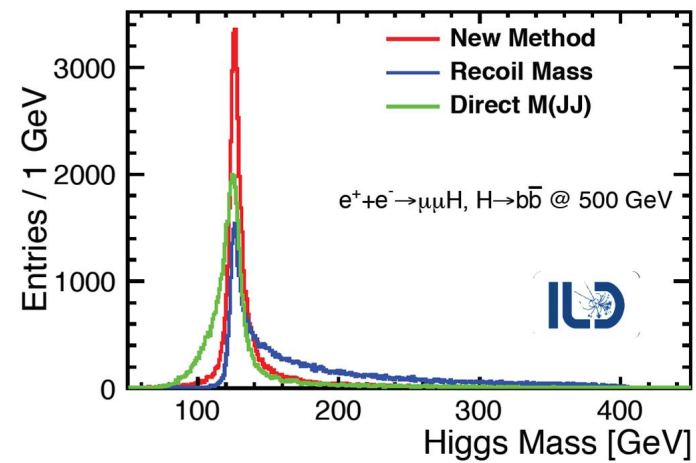
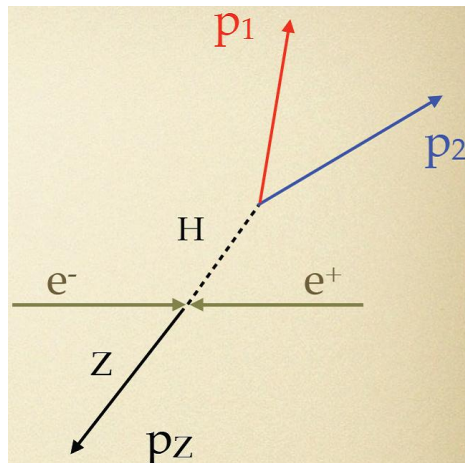
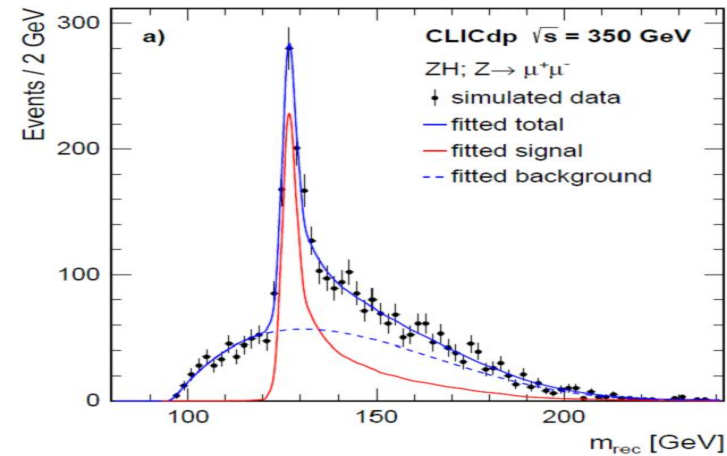
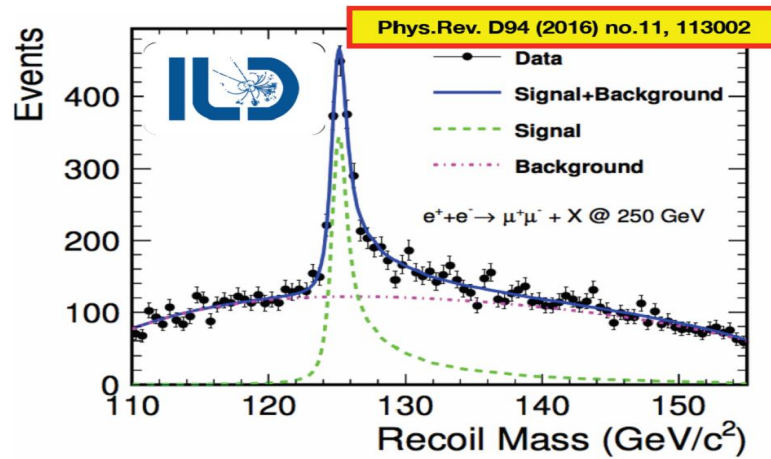
Comparison of e^+e^- projects



Preparation of CLIC research program

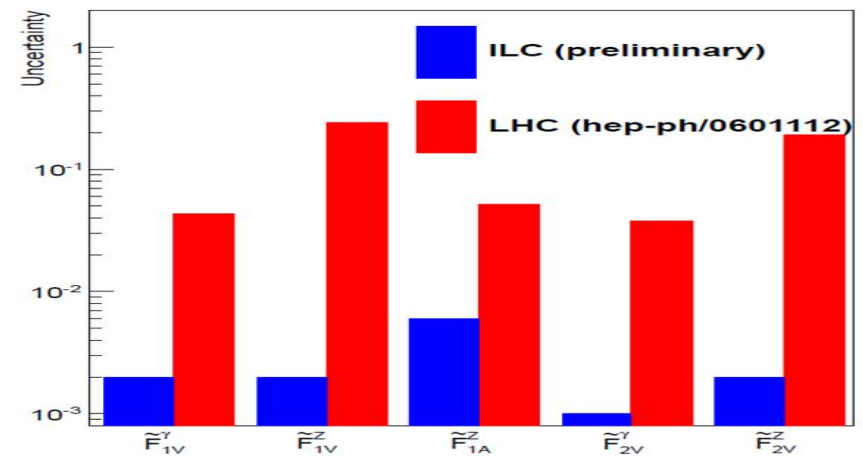
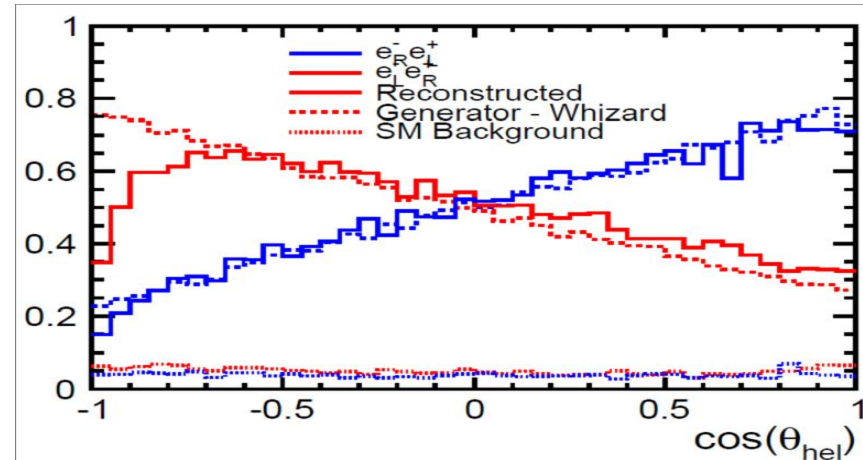
- Obviously, only 1 (may be 2) e^+e^- collider(s) will be built
- At some stage one will have to choose and decide
- We will provide input on CLIC physics potential
 - With $ee \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (electron radius) and $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ (quartic coupling) CLIC is unique and unbeatable, thanks to ultra-high energy
 - With **top physics** CLIC is similar to ILC and FCC, **if** they reach data taking at the top pair domain (unlikely!)
 - **Higgs mass** measurement is currently a weak side of CLIC (ILC/FCC/CEPC are 5 times better). We will try a new method which promises to improve CLIC precision a lot

Higgs mass measurement

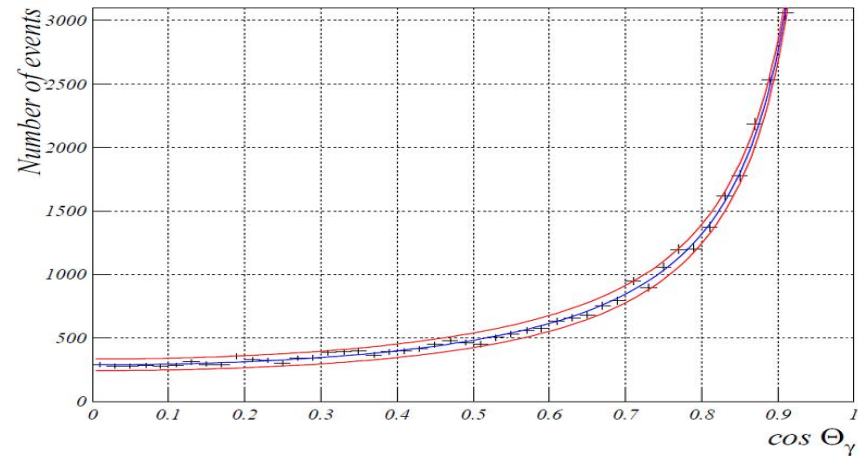
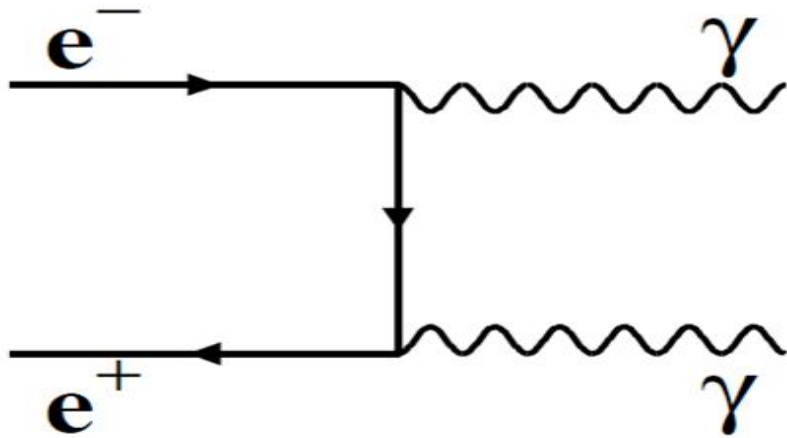


Top polarization at $E \geq 380$ GeV

- Fermion pair production described by 3 observables: cross-section σ , asymmetry A_{FB} , polarization P
- $P = (N_R - N_L) / (N_R + N_L)$
- Only accessible via distribution of decay products
- Only available for τ and t

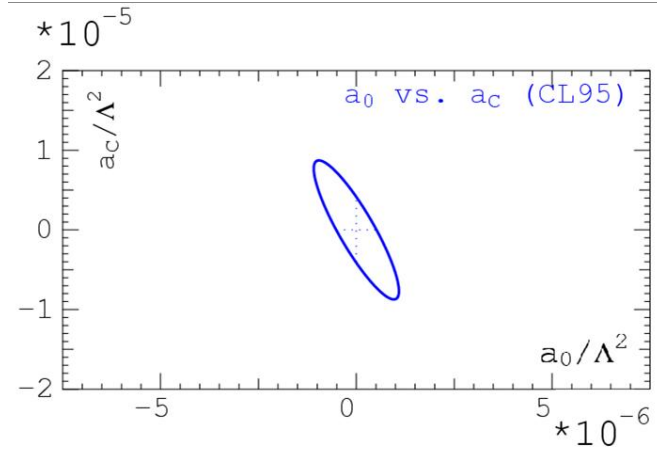
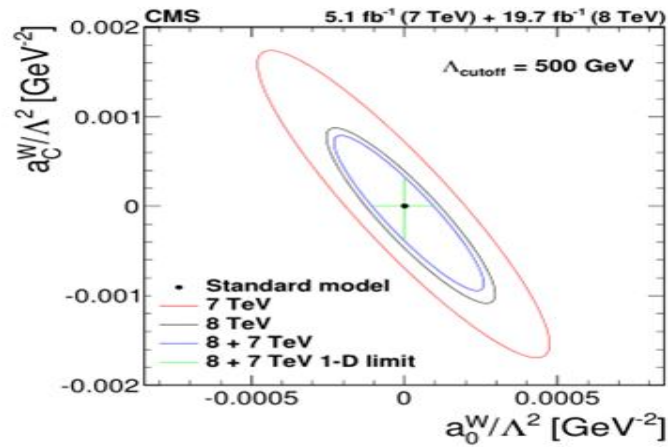
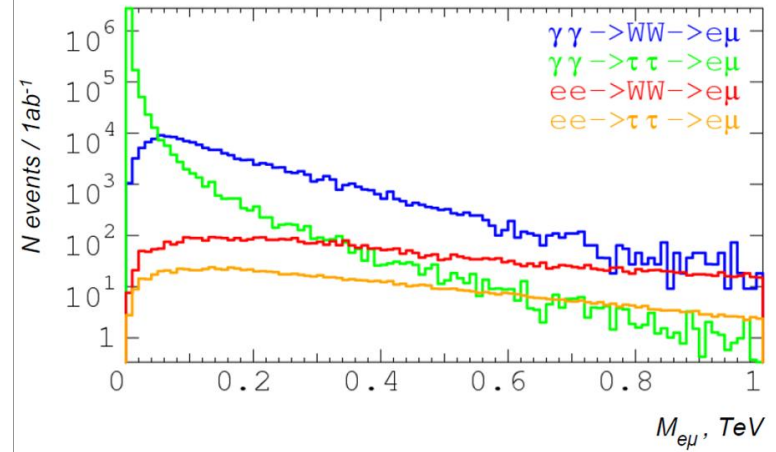
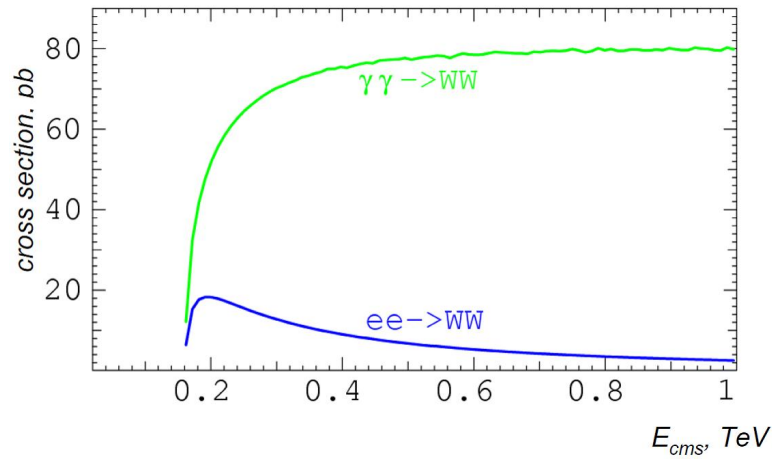


Electron radius from $ee \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



| | LEP limit | CLIC expectation |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Λ_{\pm} (QED cut-off) Electron radius | 364 GeV 4.6×10^{-17} cm | 6-6.5 TeV $(3 - 3.5) \times 10^{-18}$ cm |
| Λ' (contact interactions) | 831 GeV | 18-20 TeV |
| M_s (extra dimensions) | 933 GeV | 15-17 TeV |
| M_{e^*} (excited electron) | 248 GeV | 4.5-5.0 TeV |

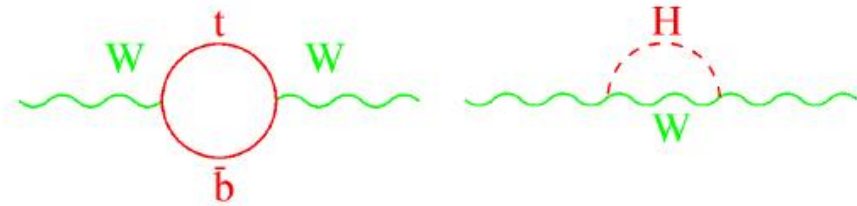
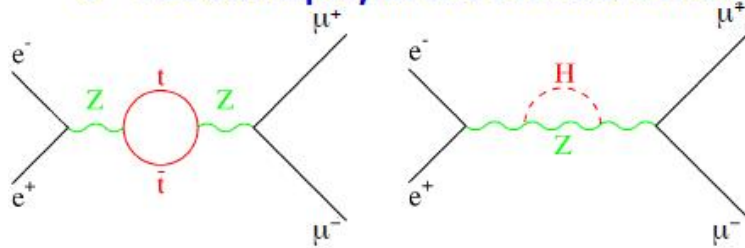
$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ at 3000 GeV



Precision means discovery!

Electroweak observables are sensitive to heavy particles in “loops”

- ◆ For example, in the standard model: $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ or m_W



$$\Gamma_{ll} = \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{m_Z^3}{24\pi} \left(1 + \left[\frac{1}{4} - \sin^2 \theta_W^{eff} \right]^2 \right) \times (1 + \Delta\rho)$$

$$m_W^2 = \frac{\pi \alpha_{QED} (m_Z^2)}{\sqrt{2} G_F \sin^2 \theta_W^{eff}} \times \frac{1}{1 - \Delta r}$$

$$\Delta\rho = \frac{\alpha m_t^2}{\pi m_Z^2} - \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \text{Log} \frac{m_H^2}{m_Z^2} + \dots \approx 1\%$$

$$\Delta r = -\frac{\cos^2 \vartheta_W}{\sin^2 \vartheta_W} \Delta\rho + \frac{\alpha}{3\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\sin^2 \vartheta_W}{1 - \tan^2 \vartheta_W} \right] \text{Log} \frac{m_H^2}{m_Z^2} + \dots \approx 1\%$$

- ◆ With precise measurements of the Z mass, Z width, and Weinberg angle [+ $\alpha_{QED}(m_Z)$]
 - LEP was able to predict m_{top} and m_W (with uncertainty for unknown m_H)
- ◆ With the discovery of the top (Tevatron) at the right mass
 - LEP was able to predict m_H

Precision of theory

- At the next-generation e^+e^- colliders the experimental precision will be improved by 1-2 orders of magnitude
- The measurements must be confronted to theoretical calculations
- Corresponding improvement of calculations is an absolute necessity

♦ After LEP

$$M_W = 80.3593 \pm 0.0056_{m_t} \pm 0.0026_{M_Z} \pm 0.0018_{\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}} \\ \pm 0.0017_{\alpha_S} \pm 0.0002_{M_H} \pm 0.0040_{\text{theo}}$$

$$\sin^2\theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell = 0.231496 \pm 0.000030_{m_t} \pm 0.000015_{M_Z} \pm 0.000035_{\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}} \\ \pm 0.000010_{\alpha_S} \pm 0.000002_{M_H} \pm 0.000047_{\text{theo}}$$

Precision of theory

- At the next-generation e^+e^- colliders the experimental precision will be improved by 1-2 orders of magnitude
- The measurements must be confronted to theoretical calculations
- Corresponding improvement of calculations is an absolute necessity

◆ After FCC-ee

$$M_W = 80.3593 \pm \underset{0.0005}{0.0002} m_t \pm 0.0001 I_Z \pm 0.0004 \Delta\alpha_{\text{had}} \pm 0.0001 \alpha_S \pm 0.0000 M_H \pm \textcircled{0.0040}_{\text{theo}}$$

$$\sin^2\theta_{\text{eff}}^{\ell} = 0.231496 \pm \underset{0.000006}{0.0000015} m_t \pm 0.000001 M_Z \pm \textcircled{0.000006} \Delta\alpha_{\text{had}} \pm 0.0000014 \alpha_S \pm 0.000000 M_H \pm \textcircled{0.000047}_{\text{theo}}$$

Beam polarization

Consider s-channel processes ($ee \rightarrow ff$)

| | e^- | e^+ | Contribution due to polarization |
|-----------|---------------|-------|---|
| $J_Z = 0$ | σ_{RR} | | $\frac{1+P_{e^-}}{2} \frac{1+P_{e^+}}{2}$ |
| | σ_{LL} | | $\frac{1-P_{e^-}}{2} \frac{1-P_{e^+}}{2}$ |
| $J_Z = 1$ | σ_{RL} | | $\frac{1+P_{e^-}}{2} \frac{1-P_{e^+}}{2}$ |
| | σ_{LR} | | $\frac{1-P_{e^-}}{2} \frac{1+P_{e^+}}{2}$ |

$P_{e^-} = -1$:
100% left-polarized e-
 $P_{e^+} = -1$:
100% right-polarized e+

$$\sigma_{ij}^{\text{meas}} = \sigma_0 (1 - P_{e^-} P_{e^+}) (1 + A_{LR} P_{\text{eff}})$$

σ_0 - unpolarized cross section

$$P_{\text{eff}} = \frac{P_{e^-} - P_{e^+}}{1 - P_{e^-} P_{e^+}}$$

Most sensitive to weak mixing angle: A_{LR}

$$A_{LR} = \frac{A_{LR}^{\text{meas}}}{P} = A_e = \frac{2v_e a_e}{v_e^2 + a_e^2} \quad (\text{independent of the final state})$$

$$\frac{v_e}{a_e} = 1 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lept}}$$

Full treatment of polarization

$$\begin{aligned}
 |\mathcal{M}|^2 = \frac{1}{4} \bigg\{ & (1 - P_{e^-}^{\parallel})(1 + P_{e^+}^{\parallel})|\mathcal{H}_{-+}|^2 + (1 + P_{e^-}^{\parallel})(1 - P_{e^+}^{\parallel})|\mathcal{H}_{-+}|^2 \\
 & + (1 - P_{e^-}^{\parallel})(1 - P_{e^+}^{\parallel})|\mathcal{H}_{--}|^2 + (1 + P_{e^-}^{\parallel})(1 - P_{e^+}^{\parallel})|\mathcal{H}_{++}|^2 \\
 & - 2P_{e^-}^T P_{e^+}^T \left[\cos(\phi_- - \phi_+) \operatorname{Re}(\mathcal{H}_{++}\mathcal{H}_{--}^*) + \cos(\phi_- + \phi_+ - 2\phi) \operatorname{Re}(\mathcal{H}_{-+}\mathcal{H}_{+-}^*) \right. \\
 & \left. + \sin(\phi_- + \phi_+ - 2\phi) \operatorname{Im}(\mathcal{H}_{-+}\mathcal{H}_{+-}^*) + \sin(\phi_- - \phi_+) \operatorname{Im}(\mathcal{H}_{++}\mathcal{H}_{--}^*) \right] \\
 & + 2P_{e^-}^T \left[\cos(\phi_- - \phi) \left((1 - P_{e^+}^{\parallel}) \operatorname{Re}(\mathcal{H}_{+-}\mathcal{H}_{--}^*) + (1 + P_{e^+}^{\parallel}) \operatorname{Re}(\mathcal{H}_{++}\mathcal{H}_{-+}^*) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. + \sin(\phi_- - \phi) \left((1 - P_{e^+}^{\parallel}) \operatorname{Im}(\mathcal{H}_{+-}\mathcal{H}_{--}^*) + (1 + P_{e^+}^{\parallel}) \operatorname{Im}(\mathcal{H}_{++}\mathcal{H}_{-+}^*) \right) \right] \\
 & - 2P_{e^+}^T \left[\cos(\phi_+ - \phi) \left((1 - P_{e^-}^{\parallel}) \operatorname{Re}(\mathcal{H}_{-+}\mathcal{H}_{--}^*) + (1 + P_{e^-}^{\parallel}) \operatorname{Re}(\mathcal{H}_{++}\mathcal{H}_{+-}^*) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \sin(\phi_+ - \phi) \left((1 - P_{e^-}^{\parallel}) \operatorname{Im}(\mathcal{H}_{-+}\mathcal{H}_{--}^*) + (1 + P_{e^-}^{\parallel}) \operatorname{Im}(\mathcal{H}_{++}\mathcal{H}_{+-}^*) \right) \right] \bigg\},
 \end{aligned}$$

where $\mathcal{H}_{++}, \mathcal{H}_{--}, \mathcal{H}_{+-}, \mathcal{H}_{-+}$ — helicity amplitudes.

G. Moortgat-Pick et al. Phys. Rept. 460 (2008) 131–243

MC generator with polarization

- Currently there is no MC generator with polarization at complete 1-loop level
- Our group plans to create a generator with polarization for the most important e^+e^- processes at complete 1-loop EW level, with leading EW contributions up to 3 loops and leading QCD contributions up to 4 loops
- For Bhabha this work is already at a rather advanced stage

$$\sigma^{1\text{-loop}} = \sigma^{\text{Born}} + \sigma^{\text{virt}}(\lambda) + \sigma^{\text{soft}}(\lambda, \omega) + \sigma^{\text{hard}}(\omega)$$

Our background

- We participated in the following precision calculation projects:
 - ZFITTER (LEP1, LEP2)
 - HECTOR (HERA)
 - SANC (LHC)
- We participate(d) in the following HEP experiments:
 - DELPHI (LEP1, LEP2)
 - BES3 (BEPCII)
 - ATLAS and CMS (LHC)
- 2 doctoral and 9 candidate dissertations defended
- More than 50 publications by our group alone (and more than 1000 within collaborations)

Our manpower

| NN. | full name | status | FTE(%) | place of work |
|-----|----------------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------|
| 1. | Boyko Igor Romanovich | cs | 50 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 2. | Dydyshka Yahor Vyacheslavovich | r | 100 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 3. | Zhemchugov Alexei Sergeevich | cs | 25 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 4. | Kalinovskaya Lydia Vladimirovna | d | 100 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 5. | Lutsenko Evgenii Olegovich | s | 100 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 6. | Nefedov Yuri Anatolievich | cs | 50 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 7. | Novikov Ivan Igorevich | s | 50 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 8. | Pukhaeva Nelly Efimovna | cs | 30 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 9. | Rzaeva Sevda Sabir Qizi | cs | 100 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 10. | Rumyantsev Leonid Alexandrovich | cs | 100 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 11. | Rymbekova Ayerke | r | 50 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 12. | Sadykov Renat Rafailovich | cs | 50 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 13. | Sapronov Andrey Alexandrovich | cs | 50 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 14. | Shvydkin Pavel Valerievich | ps | 50 | NEOVP, DLNP, JINR |
| 15. | Arbuzov Andrey Borisovich | d | 50 | BLTP, JINR |
| 16. | Bondarenko Sergey Grigorievich | cs | 70 | BLTP, JINR |
| 17. | Pelevanyuk Igor Stanislavovich | ps | 30 | LIT, JINR |
| 18. | Sklyarov Igor Konstantinovich | s | 30 | Uni. "DUBNA" |
| 19. | Fedotovich Gennadii Vasilievich | d | | RAN, Novosibirsk |
| 20. | Makarenko Vladimir Vladimirovich | cs | | INP BSU, Minsk, Belarus |
| 21. | Yermolchik Vitalii Leonidovich | r | | INP BSU, Minsk, Belarus |
| 22. | Nanova Gizo | cs | | Uni. Hannover, Germany |
| 23. | Veretin Oleg | cs | | Uni. Hamburg, Germany |
| 24. | Kniehl A. Bernd | d | | Uni. Hamburg, Germany |
| 25. | Amoroso Simone | r | | DESY, Hamburg, Germany |
| 26. | Glazov Aleksandr Alimovich | d | | DESY, Hamburg, Germany |
| 27. | Riemann Sabina | cs | | DESY, Zeuthen, Germany |
| 28. | Riemann Tord | cs | | DESY, Zeuthen, Germany |
| 29. | Torbjorn Sjostrand | d | | Lund University, Sweden |
| 30. | Gluza Janusz | cs | | INP, Katowice, Poland |
| 31. | Was Zbignev | d | | INP, Krakow, Poland |
| 32. | Jadach Stanislav | d | | INP, Krakow, Poland |

- Total **32** persons
- **18** from Dubna
- Equivalent FTE: **11** persons (Dubna only)
- Doctor nauk / professor: **8**
- PhD/candidat: **15**
- Researcher: **4**
- Postgraduates: **2**
- Students: **3**

Our spendings

- At current stage, our main hardware tool is a computer.
 - We plan to buy $\frac{1}{2}$ PC per 3 years per 1 FTE (Dubna people only)
- At current stage, our main activity is computation and data analysis, that must be widely presented and discussed. So, our main spendings:
 - Travels to collaboration meetings
 - Visiting our colleagues and co-authors in Hamburg, Cracow, Minsk, Novosibirsk, etc
 - Participations in international conferences
 - Hosting our colleagues here in Dubna

Requested budget

| Expenditures (\$) | 3 years | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Computer equipment | 9000 | 3000 | 3000 | 3000 |
| Foreign travels | 93000 | 31000 | 31000 | 31000 |
| Travels in Russia | 12000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 |
| | | | | |
| Total | 114000 | 38000 | 38000 | 38000 |

Summary

- We are building a powerful team of experimentalists and theoreticians that will prepare the physics research at the next generation e^+e^- collider
- We are seeking for your approval of our project