

Preliminary Test Beam Results for the Muon Range System Prototype

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for the SPD Muon System Group

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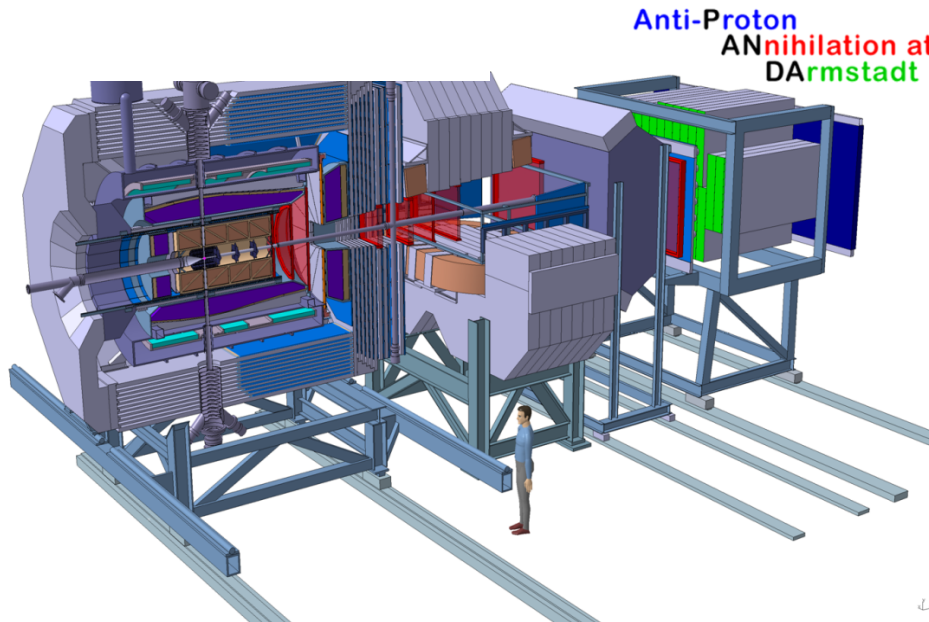
Outline

- PANDA experiment and Muon System Detector
- SPD Muon System Design
- Results for the Muon System Prototype at CERN

PANDA/FAIR Setup

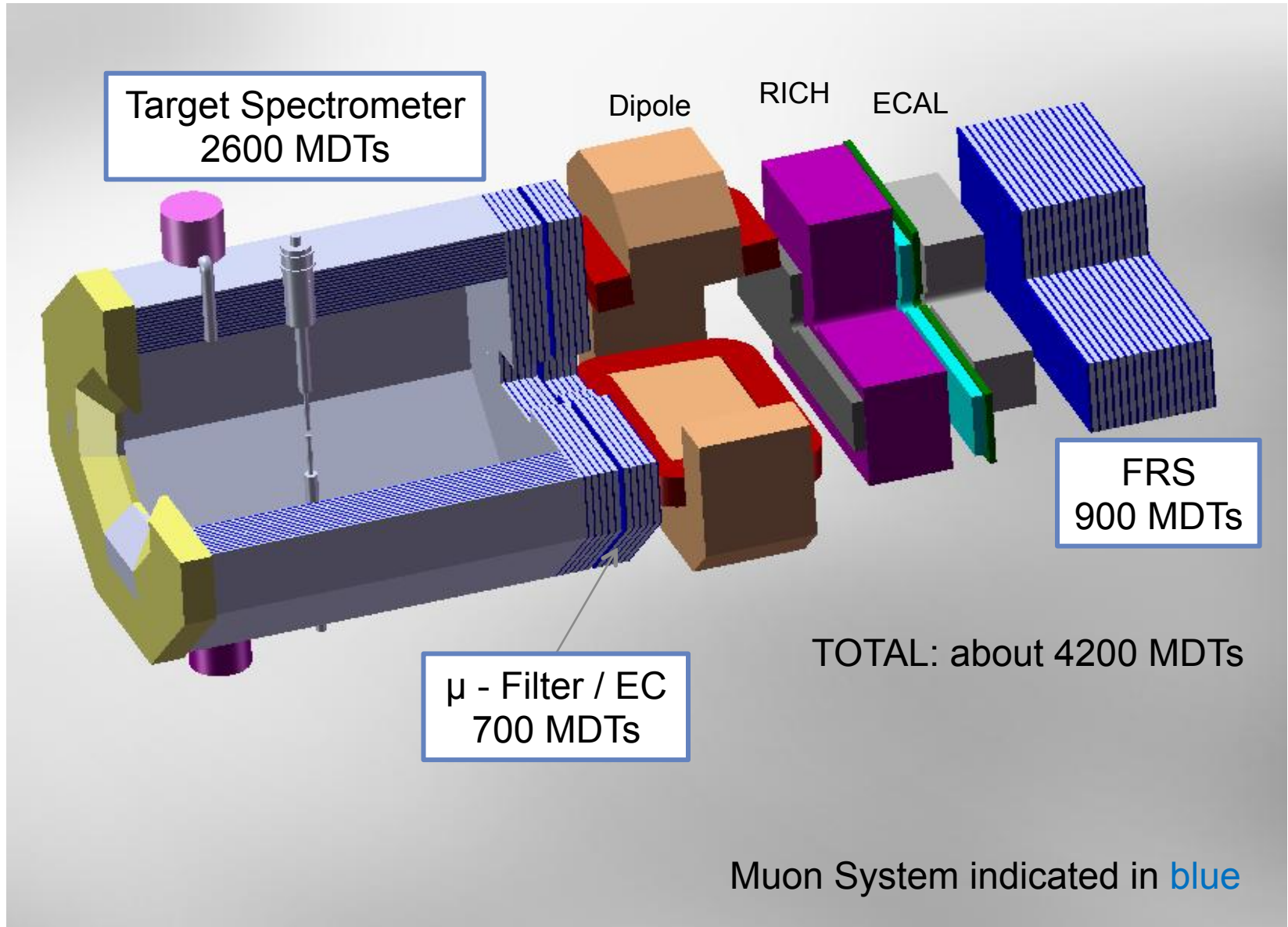


Topics of research: hadron structure and spectroscopy, strange and charm physics, hypernuclear physics with anti-proton beams.



- ppbar, pbarA collisions
 $p = 1.5 - 15 \text{ GeV}/c$,
(\sqrt{s} from 2.25 up to 5.46 GeV)
- Luminosity up to
 $2 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Nearly 4π solid angle for large acceptance
- Tracking : $\sim 50 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$ vertex resolution
- Different PID techniques for π^\pm , K^\pm , e^\pm , μ^\pm , γ identification, good momentum resolution

PANDA/FAIR Setup



Muon System as PID

- PANDA/FAIR ([SPD/NICA](#)) Muon System based on range system technique is a good PID system for muon-to-hadron separation.
- It works in full energy range of secondary particles at PANDA (0.5 ÷ 10 GeV).
- It resolves muons and hadrons with ~ 100% efficiency (zero hadron contamination) above ~ 1 GeV by obviously different response pattern.
- Separation of muons vs pions (the main rival) below 1 GeV is less efficient and requires test beam measurements for calibration.
- Important feature of range system is possibility to be used as coarse sampling (30 mm to 60 mm of Fe in our case)
hadron calorimeter – > very important for neutron registration!

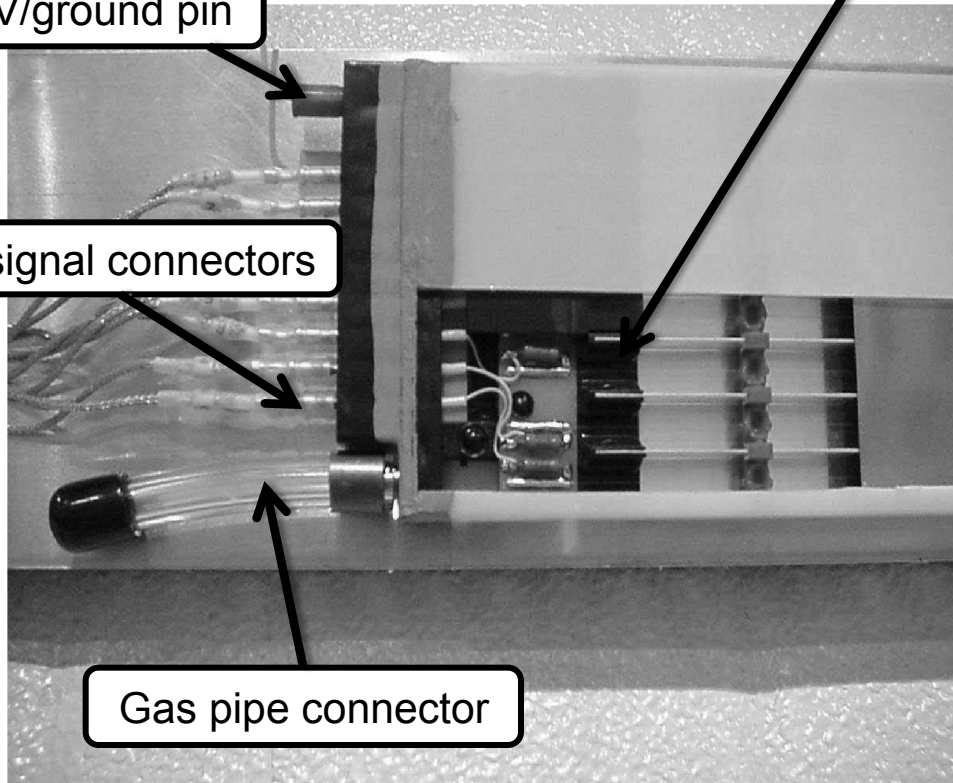
Mini-Drift Tube (MDT) Detector as Basis for the Muon System

MDT with cut/"window" in plastic sleeve

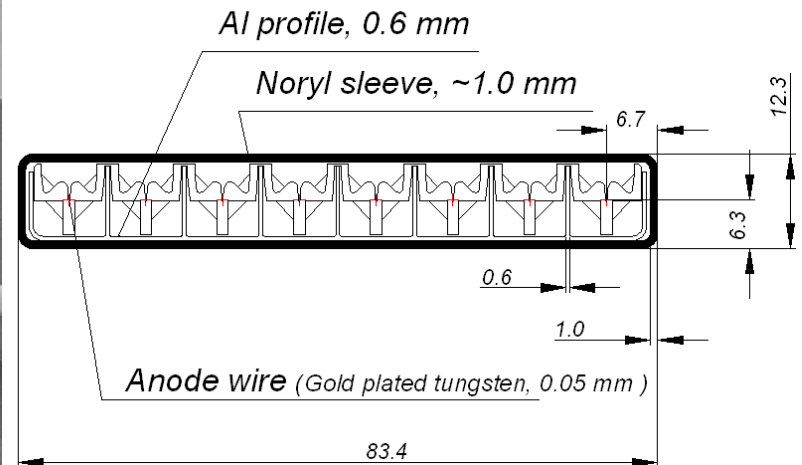
HV/ground pin

8 signal connectors

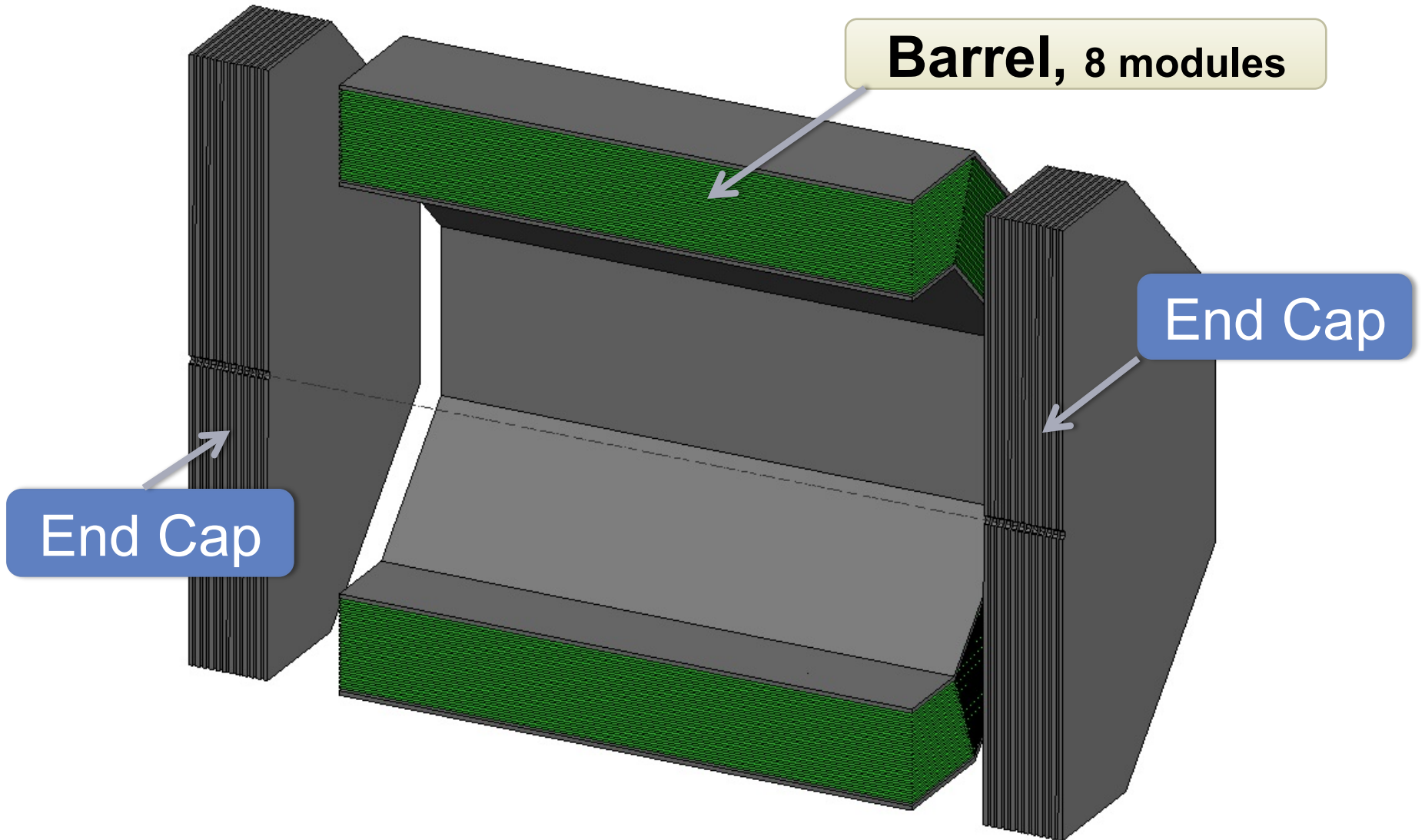
Gas pipe connector



Panda cross-section MDT

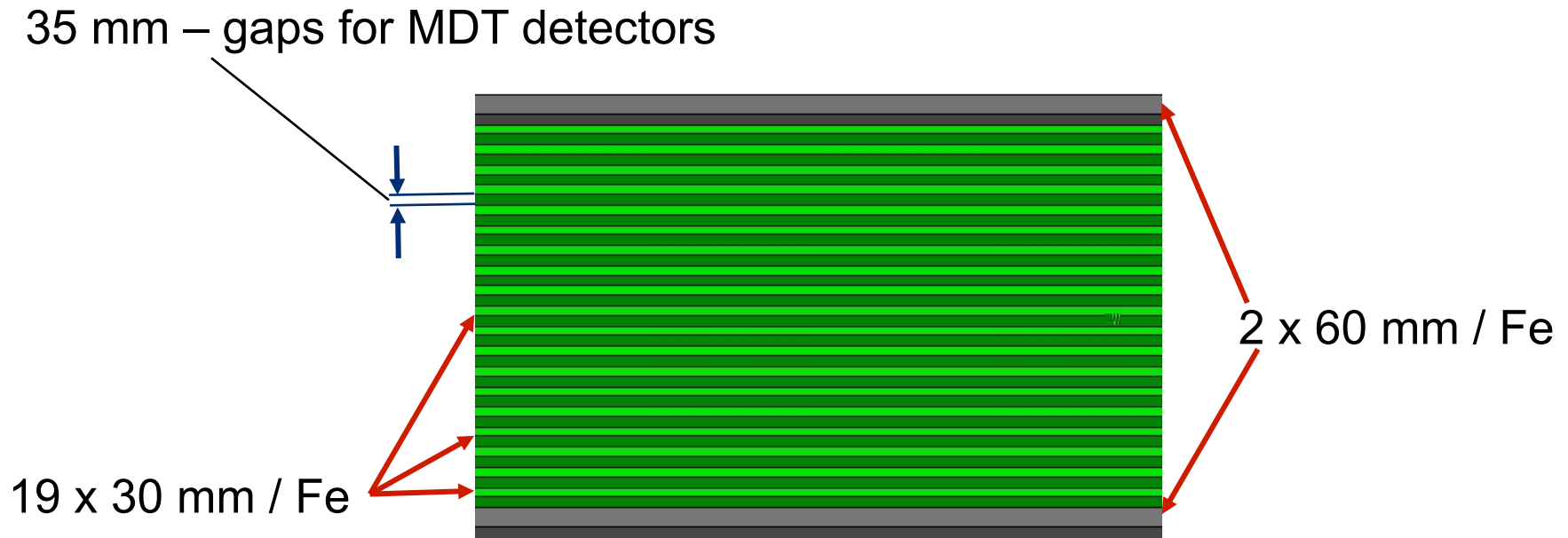


SPD/NICA Range System



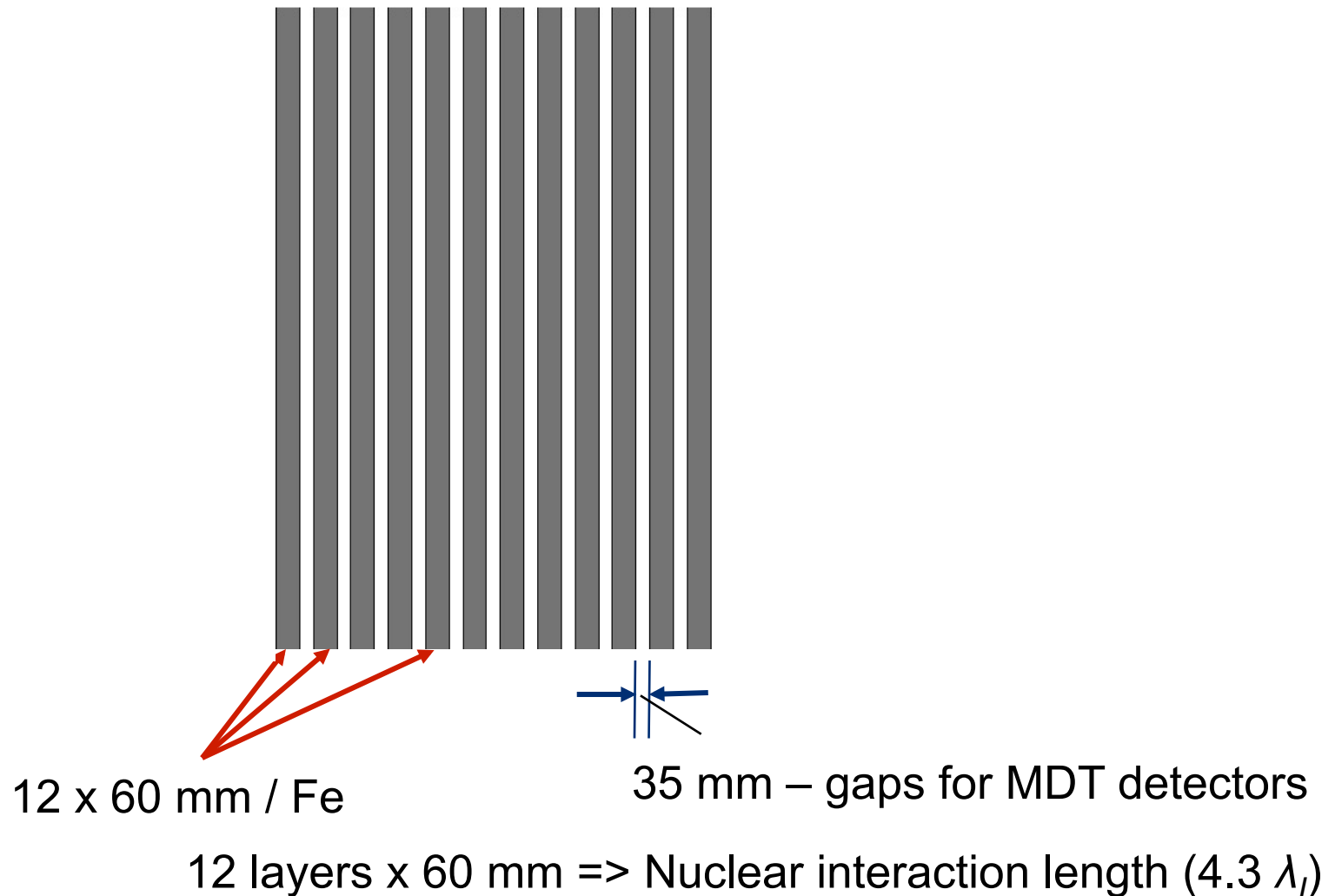
3D model, vertical cross section

SPD Barrel Structure (Cross Section)



2 layers x 60 mm + 19 layers x 30 mm => Nuclear interaction length ($4.1 \lambda_I$)

SPD End Cap Structure (Cross Section)

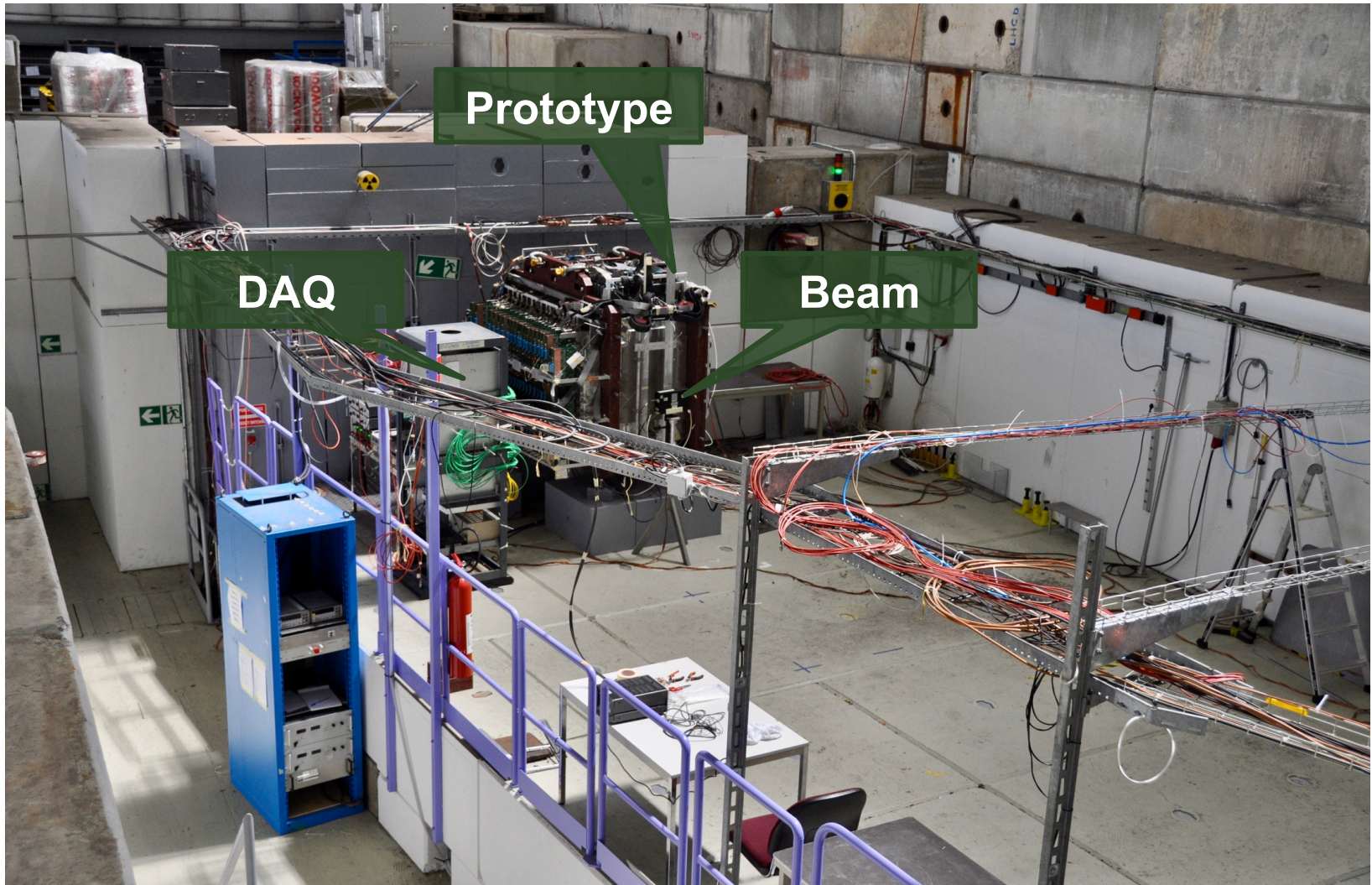


PANDA Range System Prototype

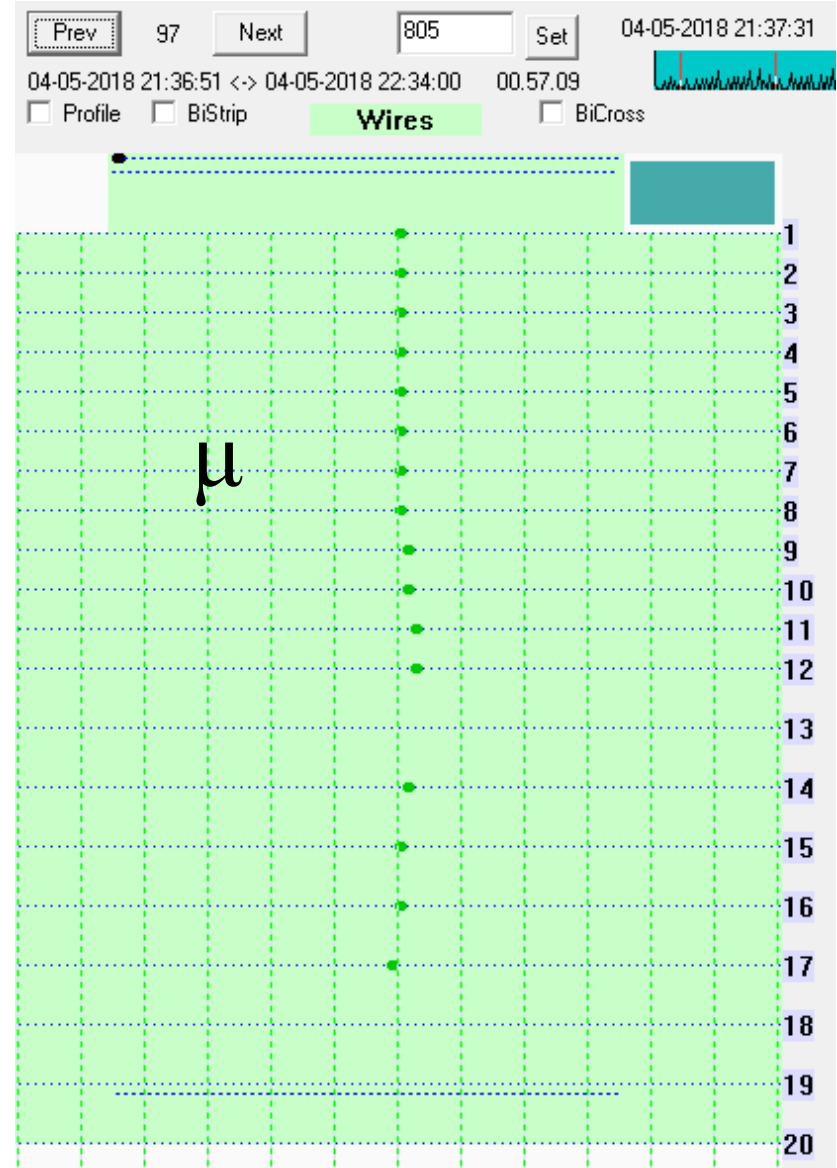
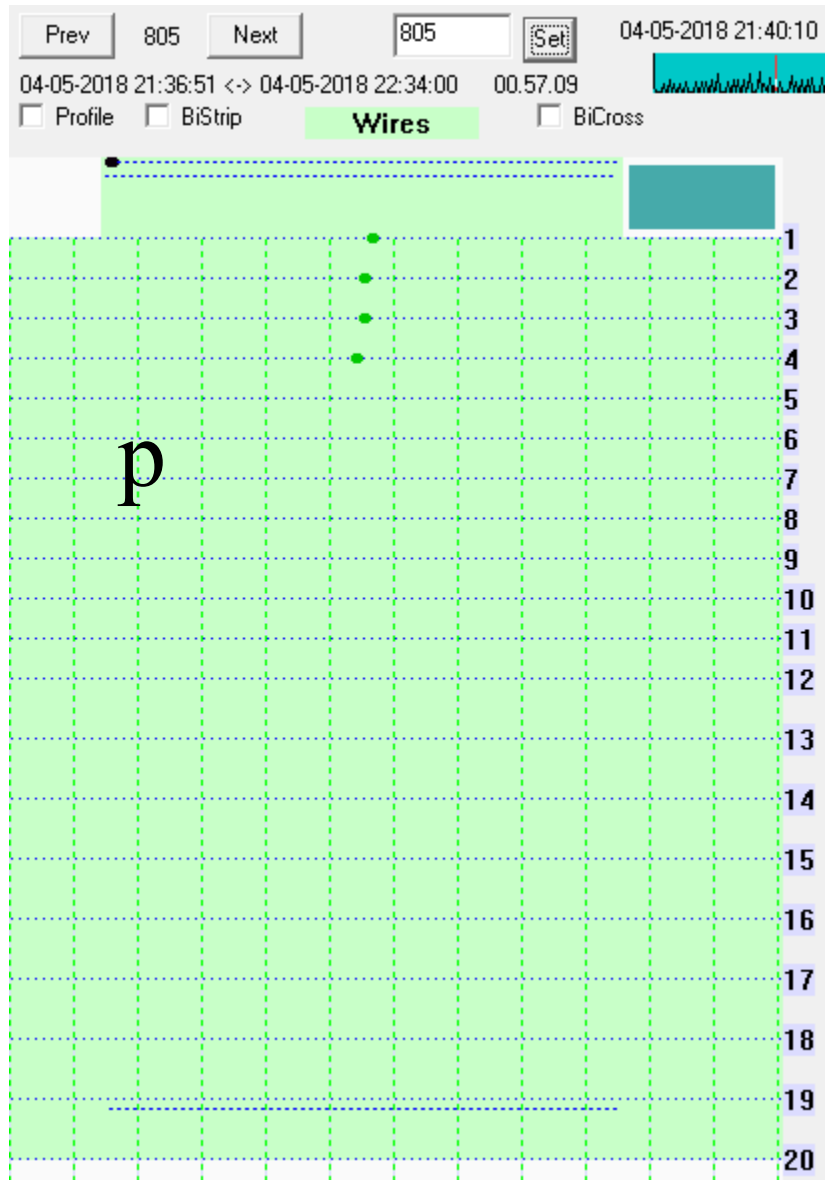


The absorber structure in horizontal position

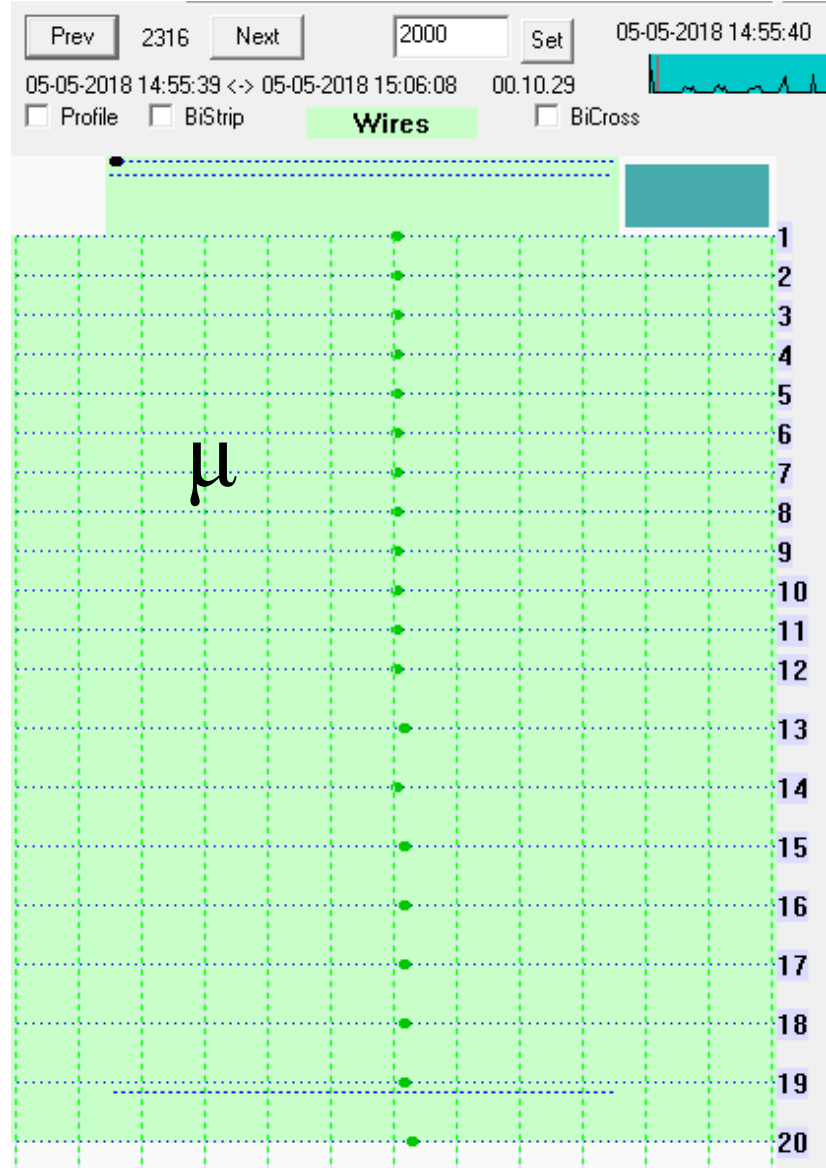
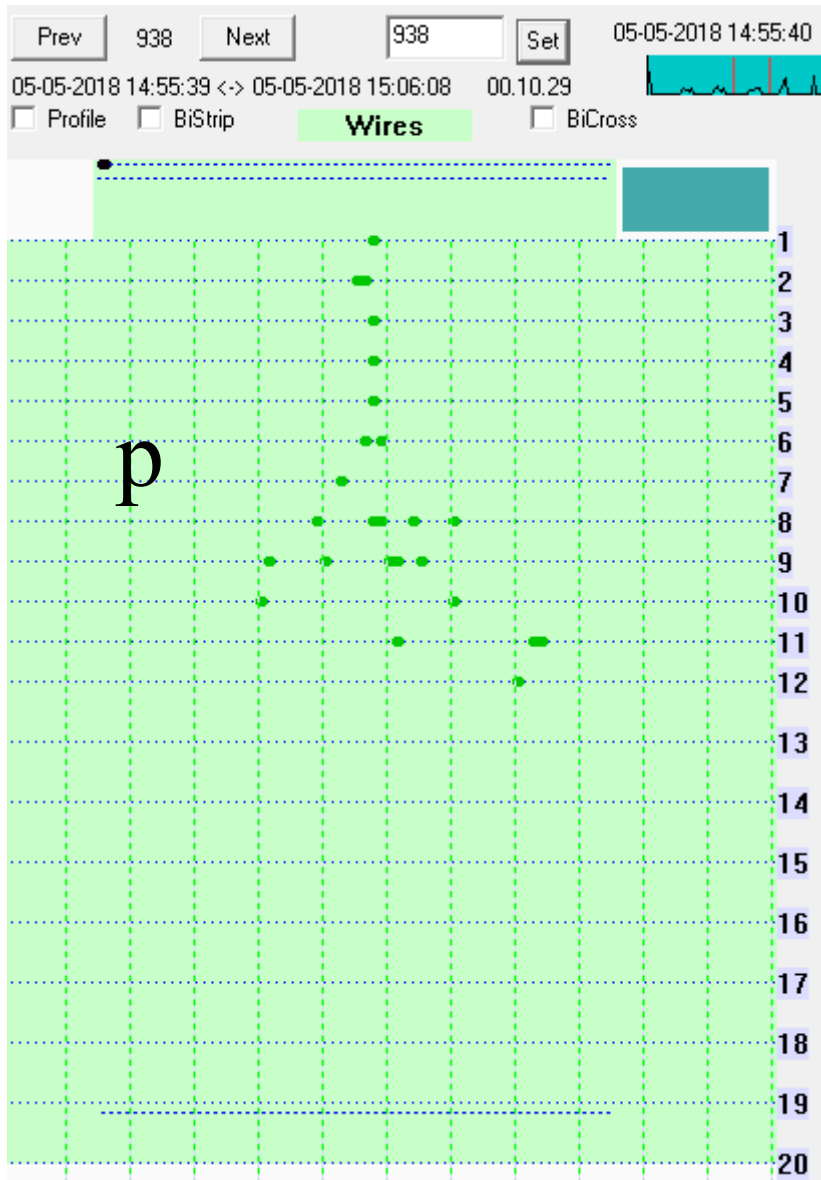
PANDA Muon System Prototype @ PS/T9/CERN Beam Line



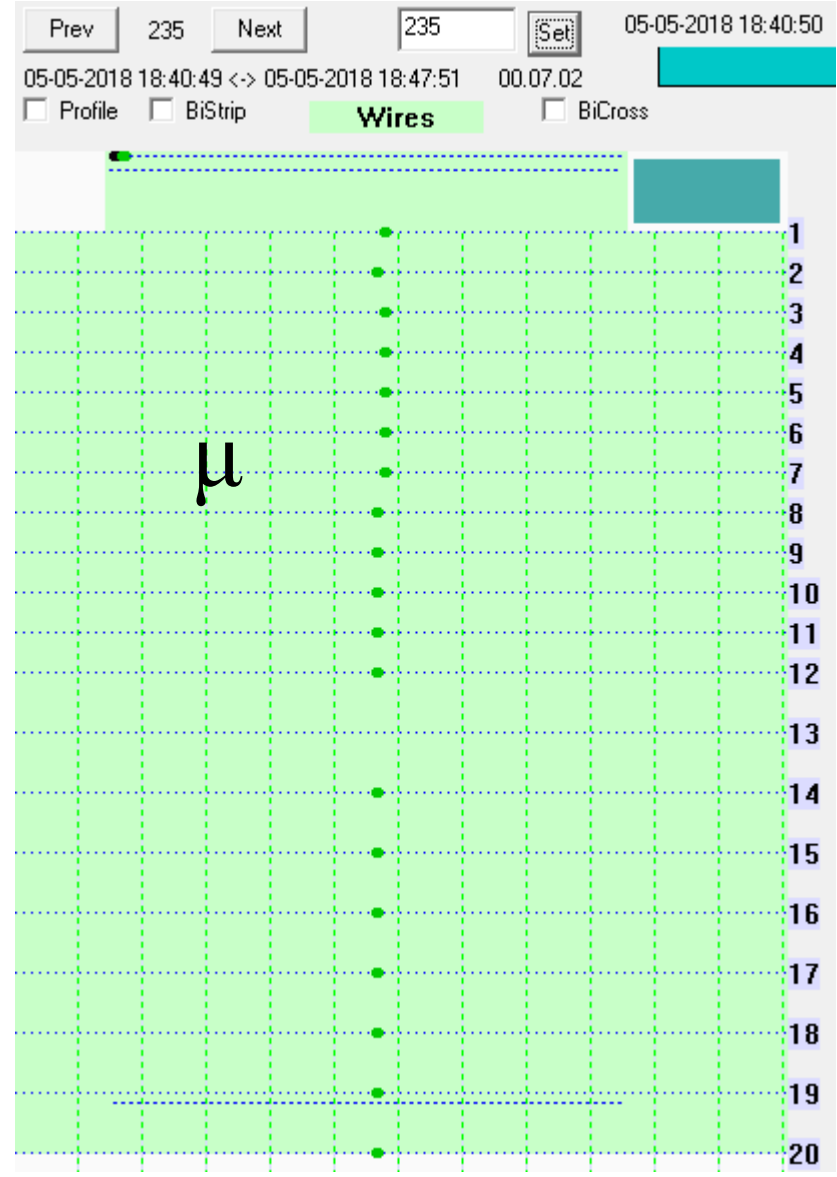
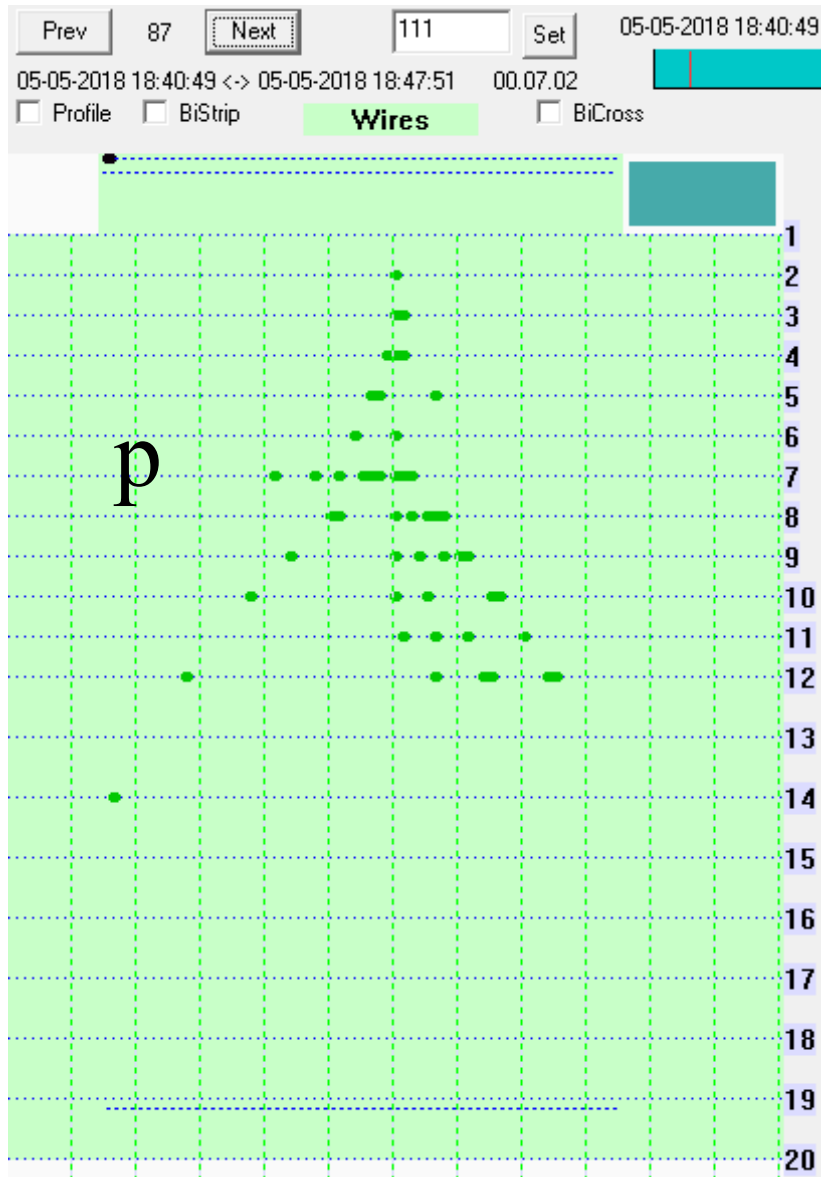
Event Examples (Run 822, $P = 1 \text{ GeV/c}$)



Event Examples (Run 829, $P = 5 \text{ GeV/c}$)



Event Examples (Run 835, $P = 10 \text{ GeV/c}$)

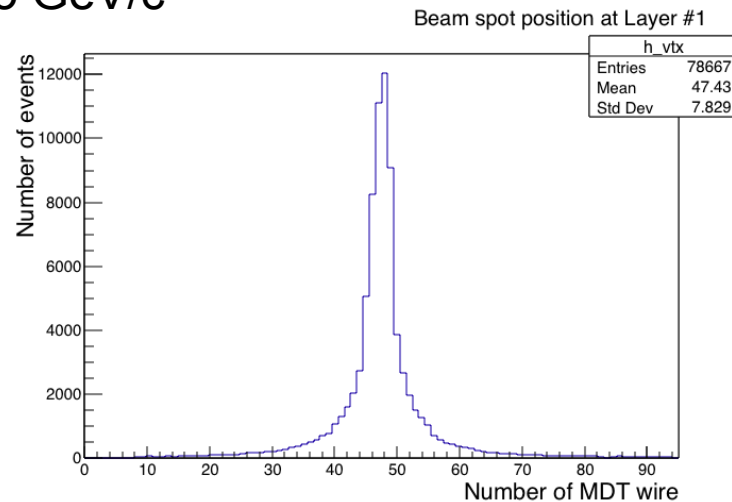
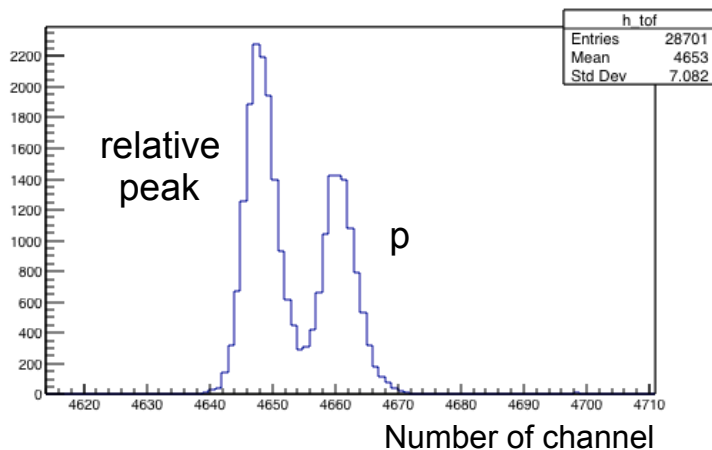


Selection Criteria for protons and antiprotons

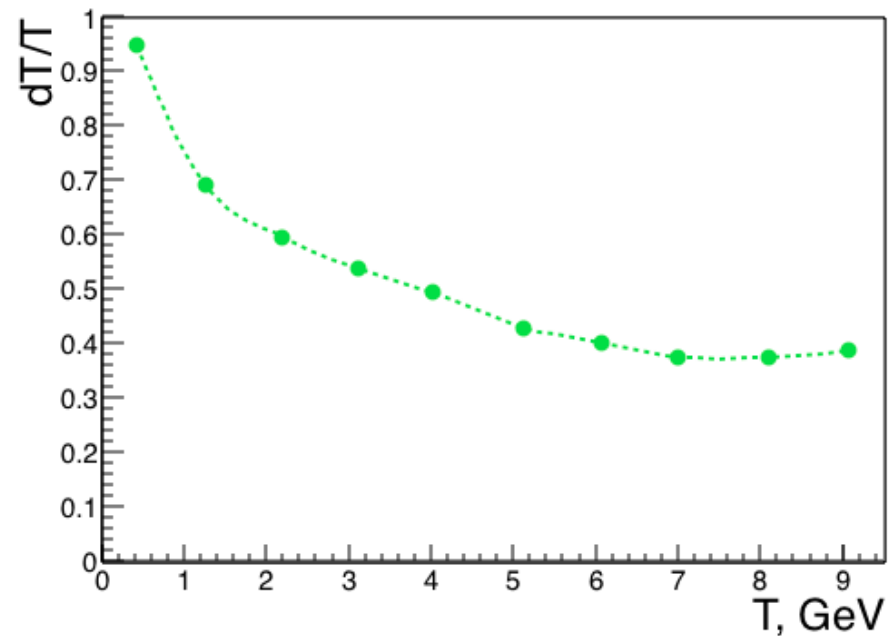
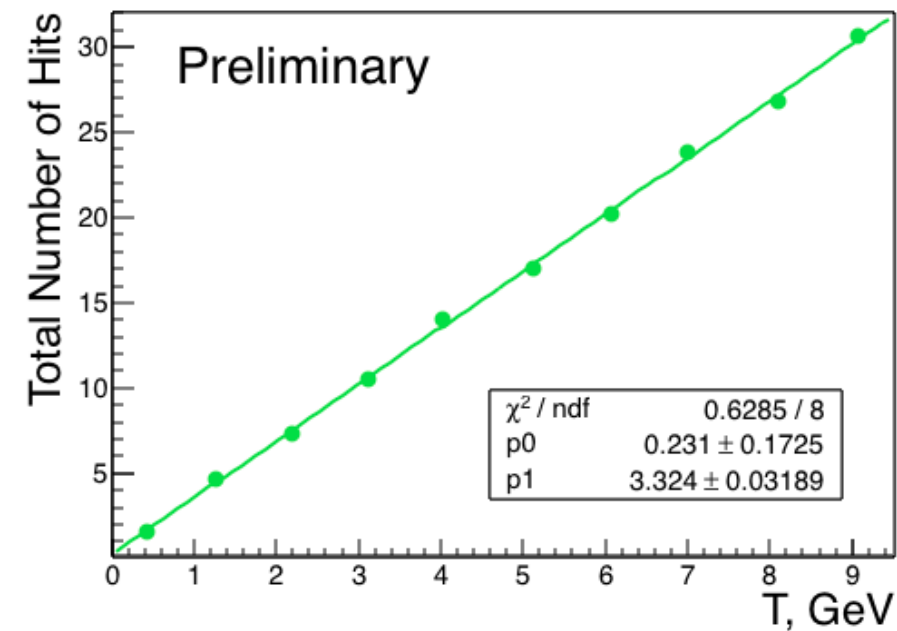
For Calorimetry we estimate the energy of protons (antiprotons) by measuring the number of hits in event

- 1) Two scintillation counters of the TOF system (up to 5 GeV/c)
- 2) Cherenkoff counters (> 5 GeV/c)
Cher(A): 2 bar of CO_2 \leftrightarrow reject electron/pion/muon
- 3) Beam entrance spot

Run 829, $P = 5$ GeV/c

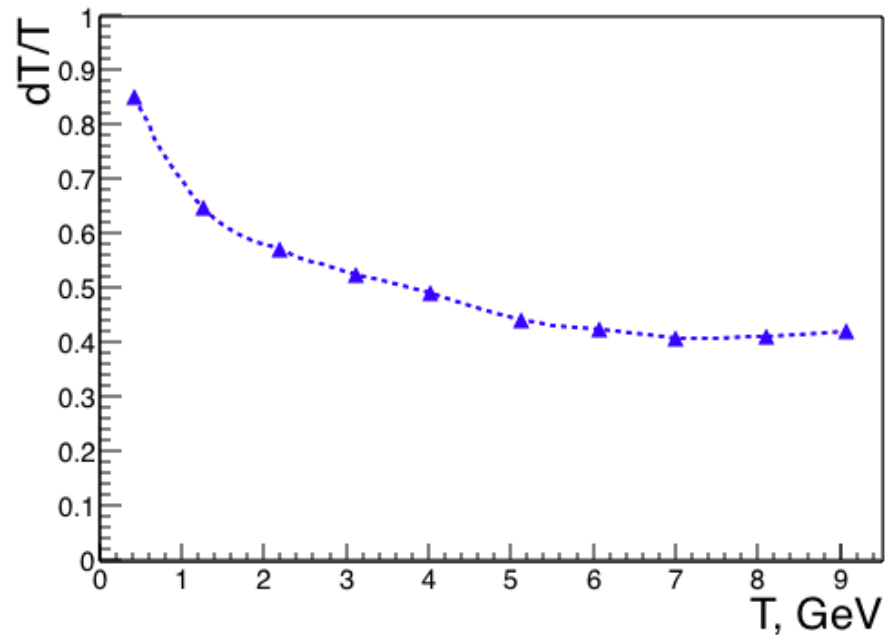
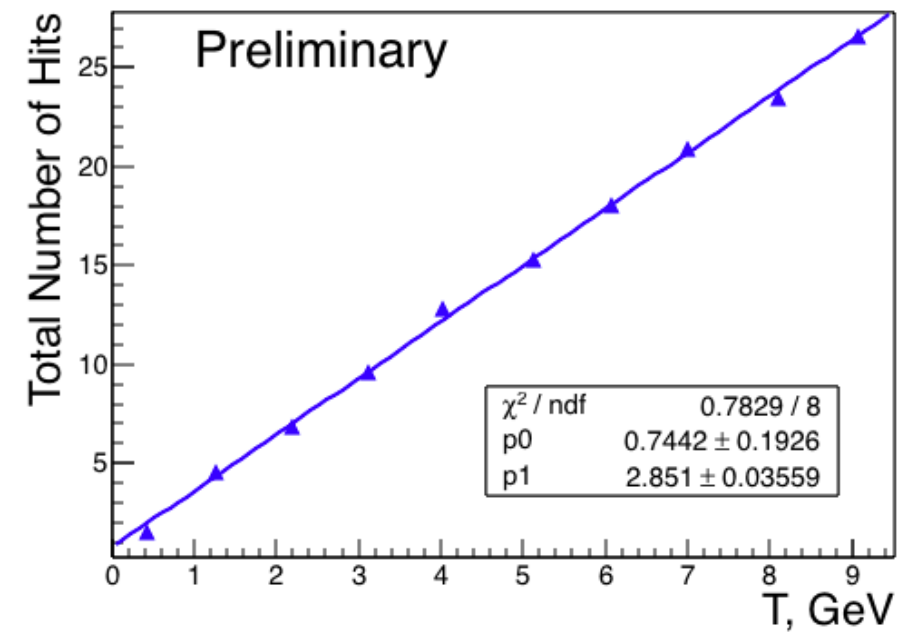


Calorimetry: PANDA FRS Structure



Sampling: 60 mm / Fe
Nuclear interaction length $\lambda_I \approx 5.2$

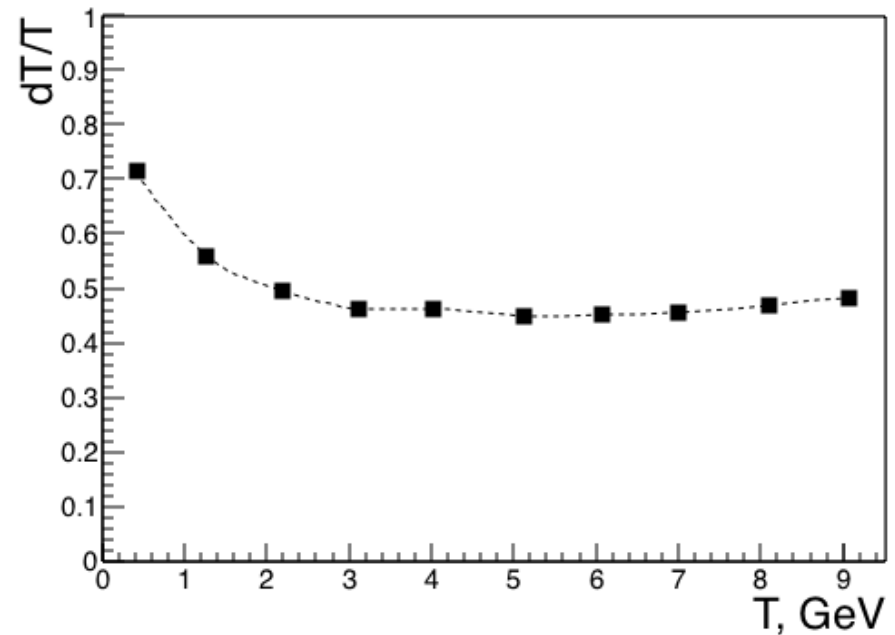
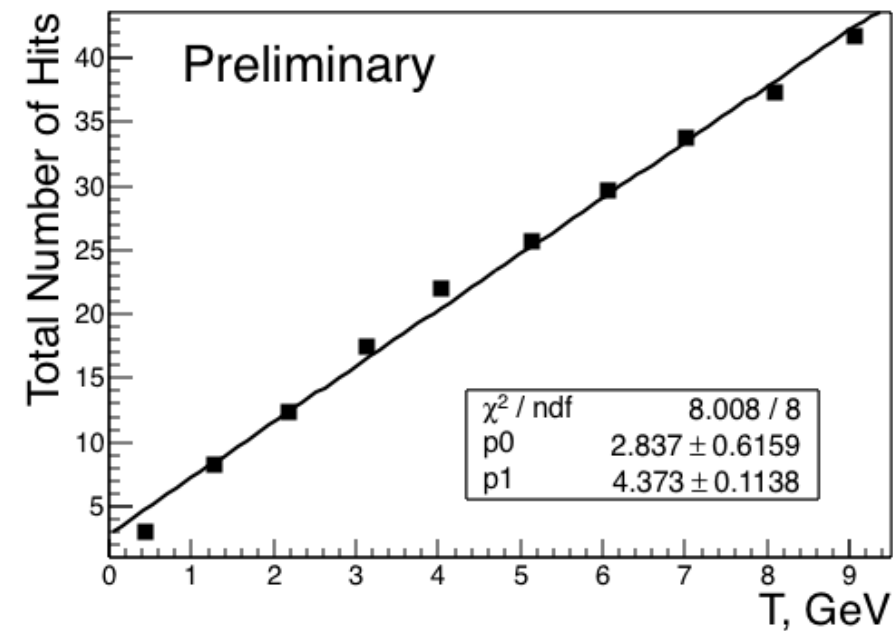
Calorimetry: PANDA MF+EC Structure



Sampling: 60 mm / Fe

Nuclear interaction length $\lambda_I \approx 3.4$

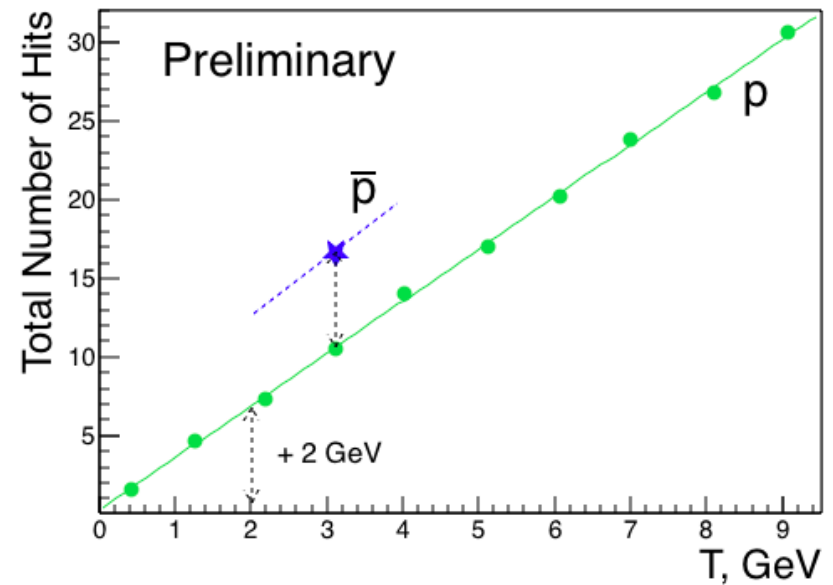
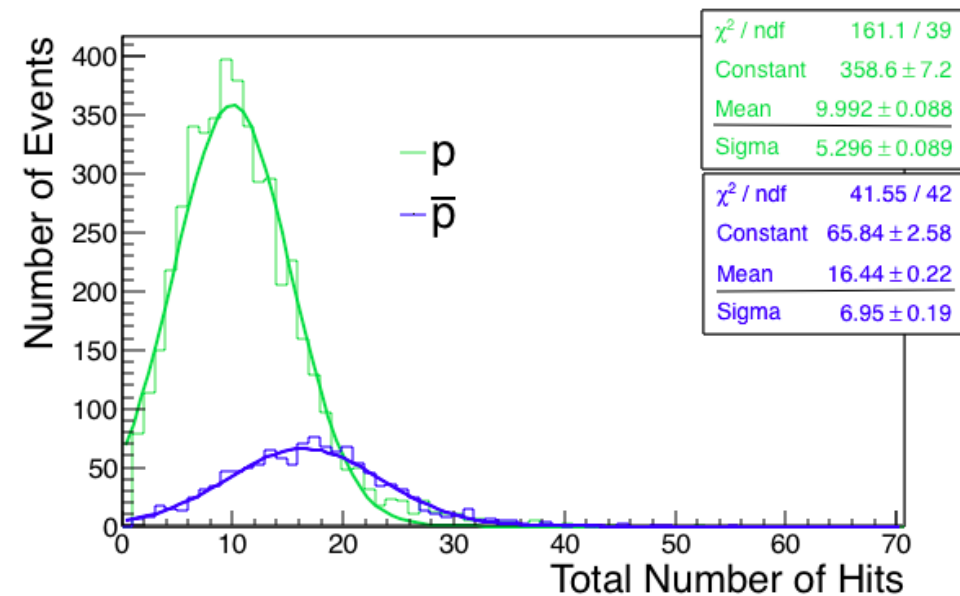
Calorimetry: PANDA Barrel Structure



Sampling: 30 mm / Fe

Nuclear interaction length $\lambda_I \approx 2.3$

Protons vs Antiprotons



PANDA FRS Structure, T = 3.1 GeV

Summary and Plans

- SPD Muon system design is suggested.
- Calorimetry of PANDA Muon System Prototype for protons is performed using test beam data.

Plans:

- Developing 3D mechanical model of Muon System (detector geometry).
- Transferring the detector geometry from Computer-Aided Design system to particle transport Monte Carlo code like GEANT4 / ROOT.
- Digitization / pattern recognition of hadrons and muons.
- Calibration of the SPD system's response to the different particles and energies.
- Test of algorithms for μ/π separation (at low energies ~ 0.5 GeV).

Backup Slides

SPD/NICA Range System

Barrel/Fe: $60 + 19 \times 30 + 60 \text{ mm } (4.1 \lambda_I);$

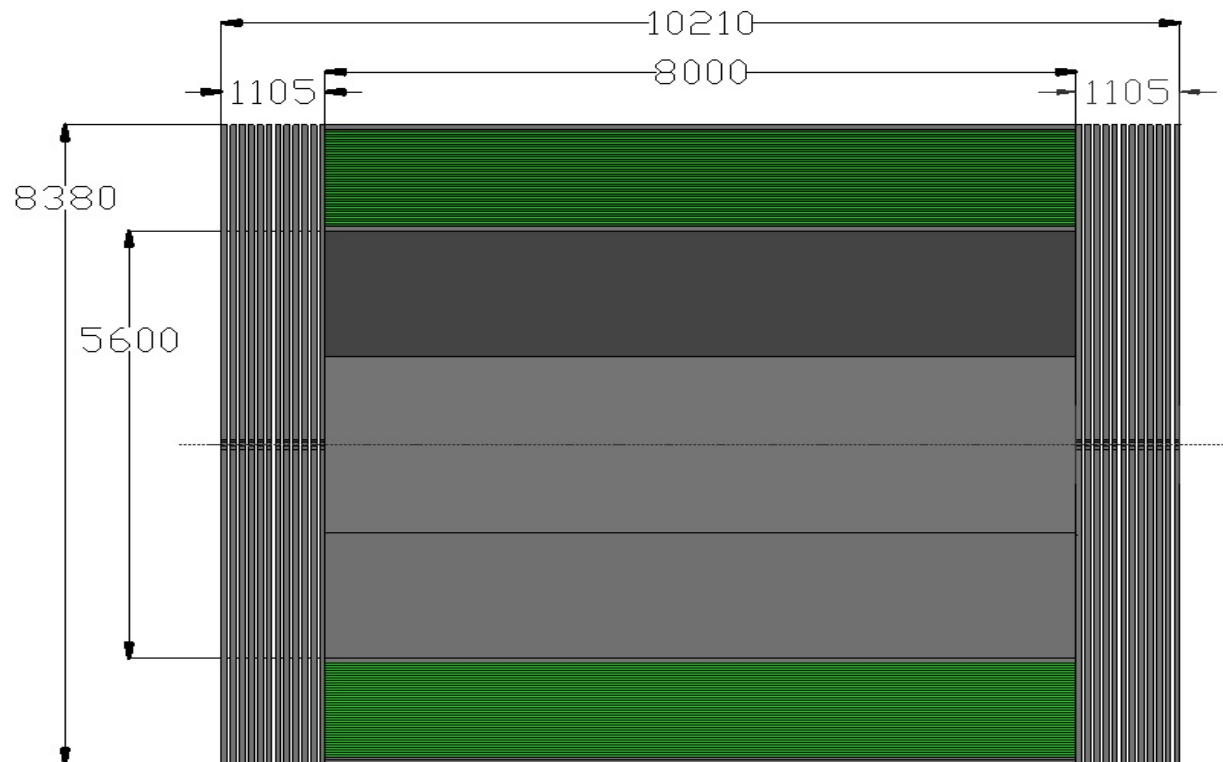
End Caps/Fe : $12 \times 60 \text{ mm } (4.3 \lambda_I);$

Air gaps: $35 \text{ mm};$

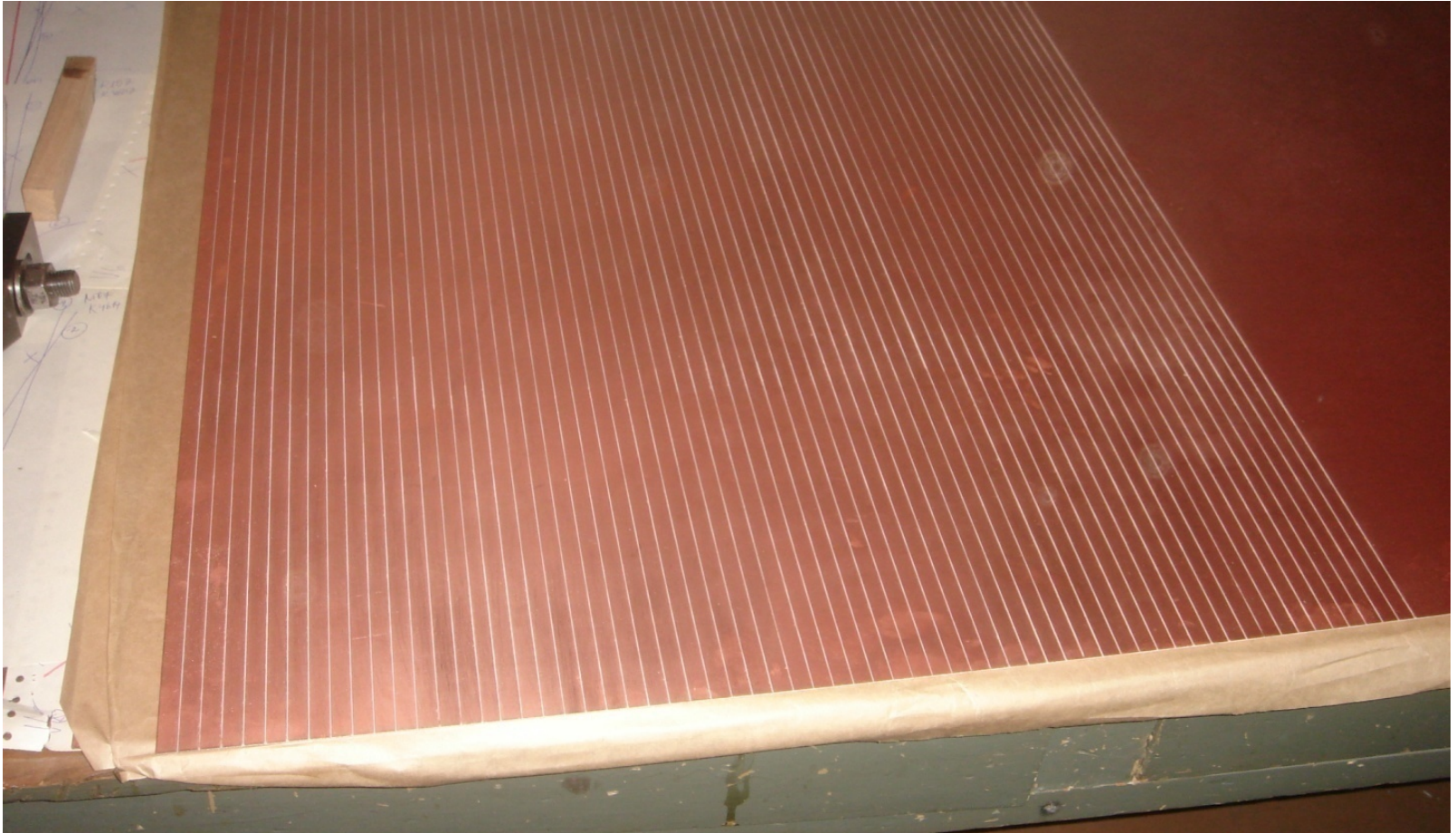
L/barrel: $8000 \text{ mm};$

$W = 997.3 + 2 \times 326.6 = 1650.5 \text{ ton}$

Version : 06.2018

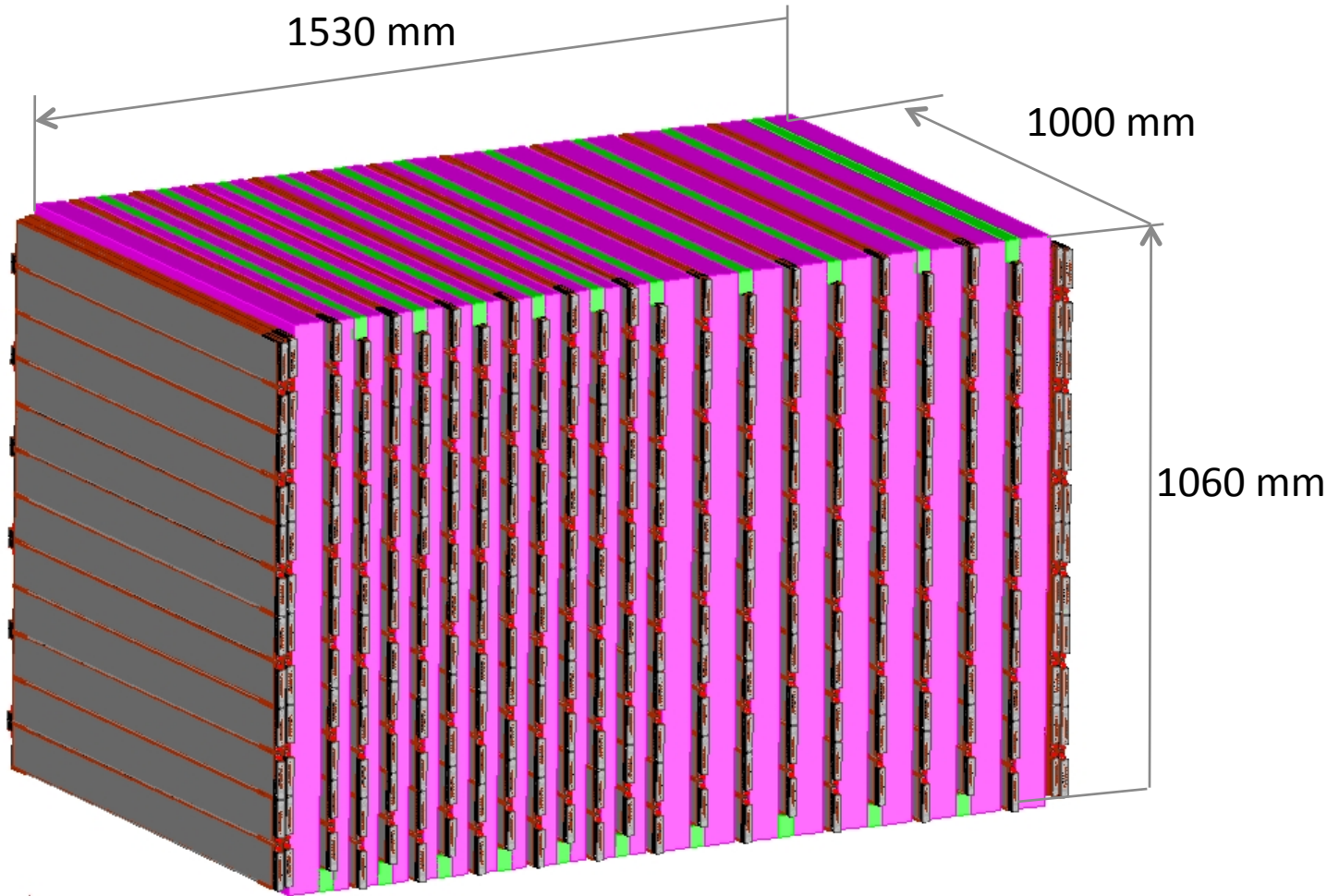


G10 Fiberglass Strip Board



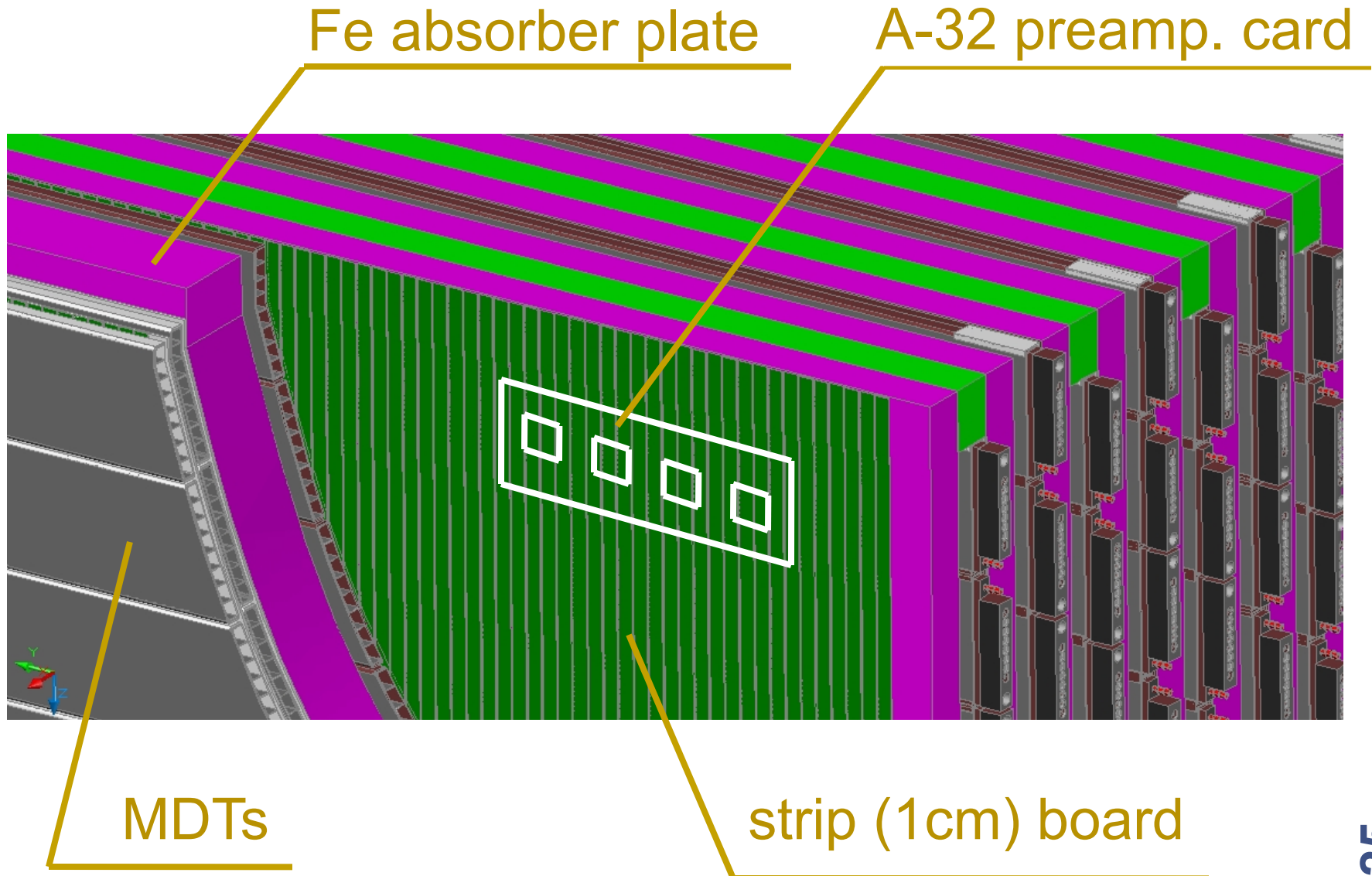
1 cm wide strips

RS Prototype for Beam Test

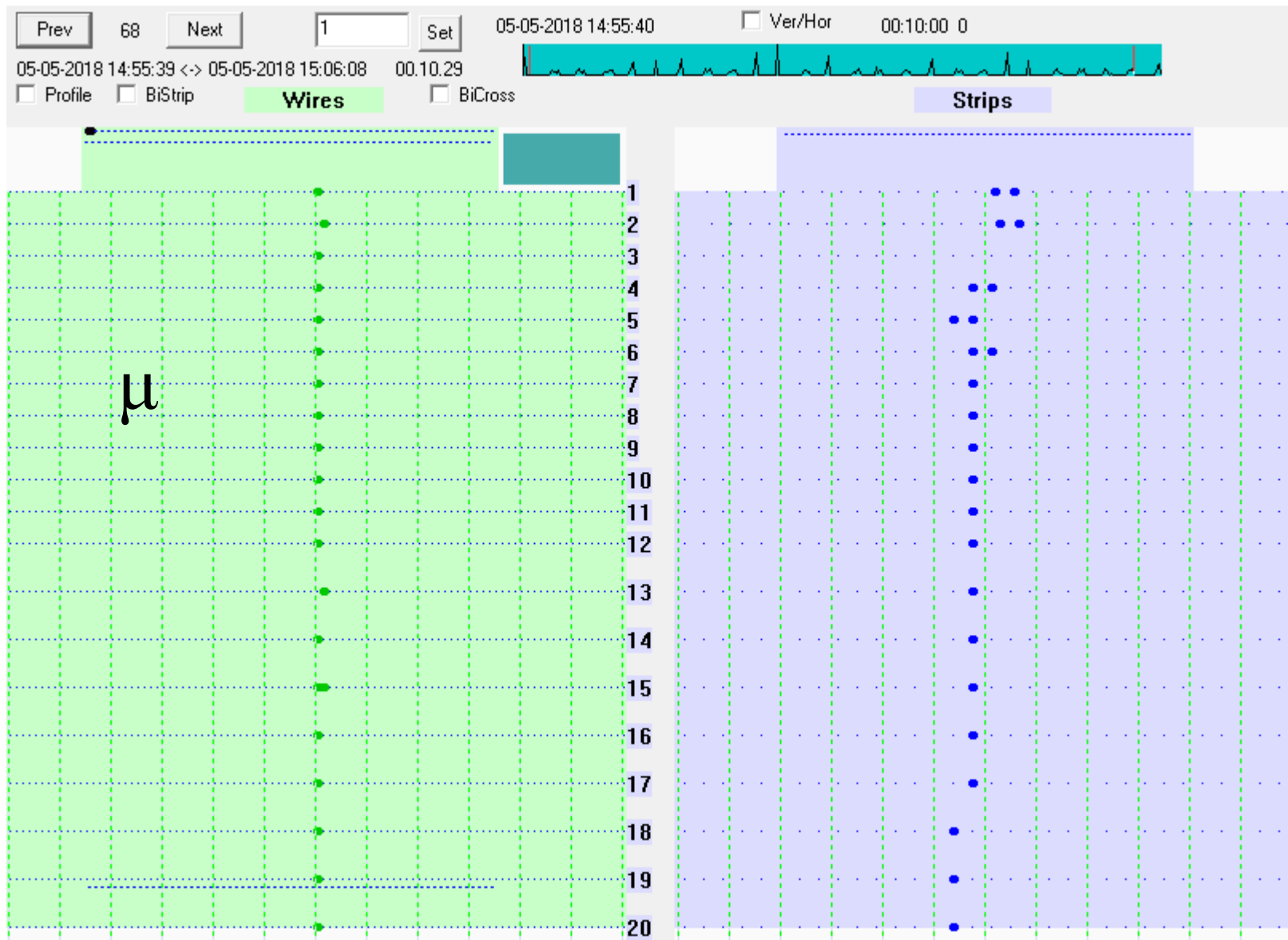


Fe volume $\sim 1 \text{ m}^3$ ($\sim 10 \text{ t}$), 288 MDTs 1 m long
2000 channels of wire R/O + 2000 channels of strip R/O

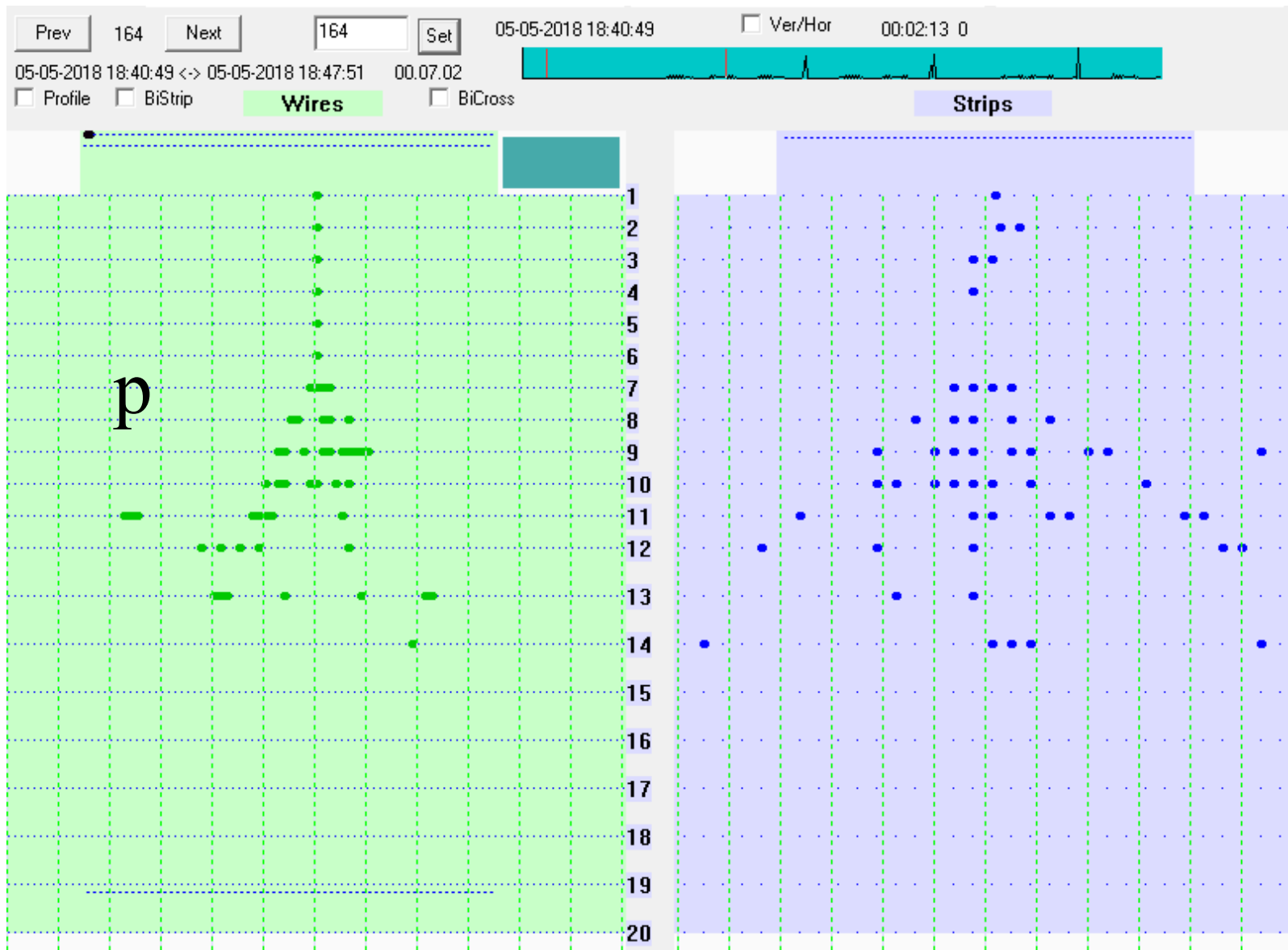
Strip R/O from RS Prototype



Event Examples (Run 829, $P = 5 \text{ GeV/c}$)

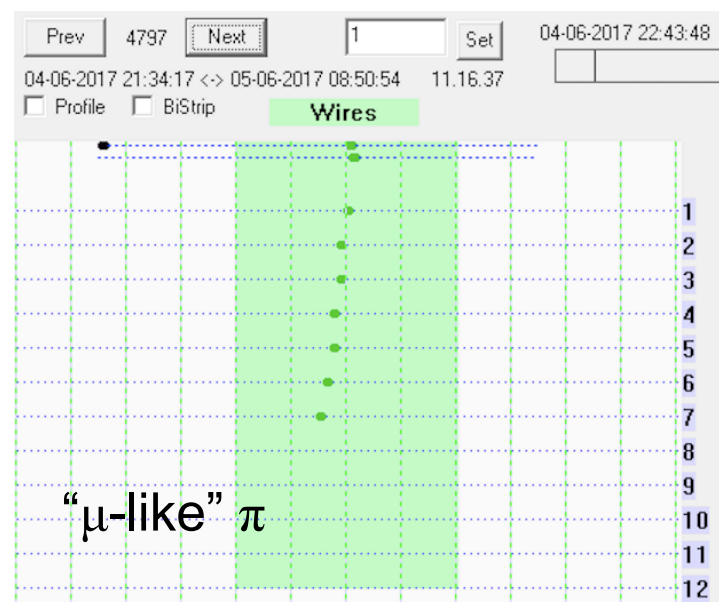
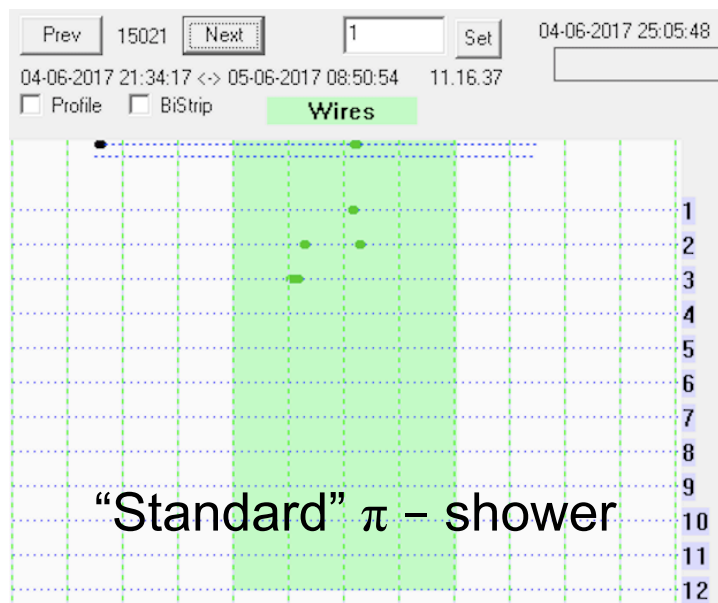
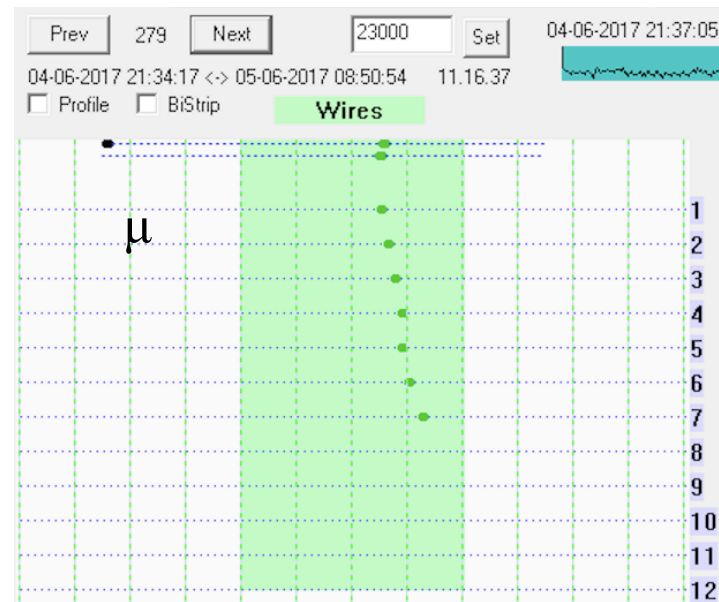
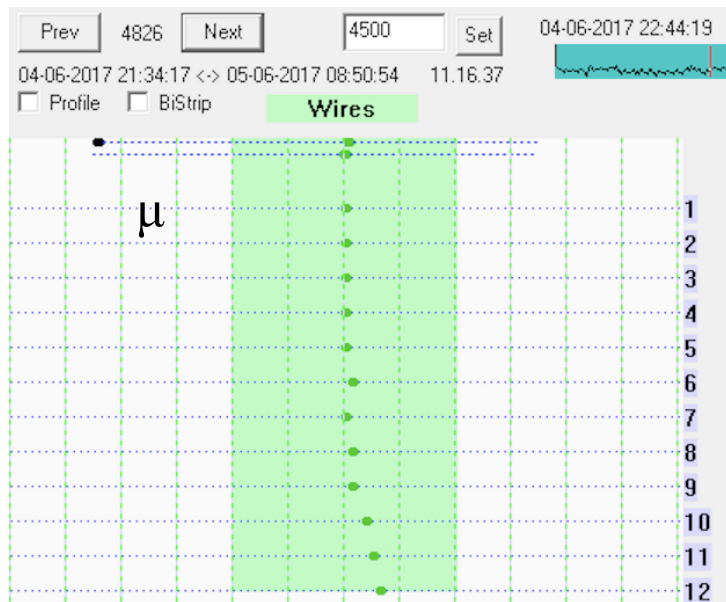


Event Examples (Run 835, $P = 10 \text{ GeV/c}$)



Prototype Data (μ vs π)

Run 605
P = 0.5 GeV/c



Test Beam Results (Preliminary)

EPJ WoC, Volume 177 (2018) 04001

Run 605, autumn 2017
momentum = 0.5 GeV/c

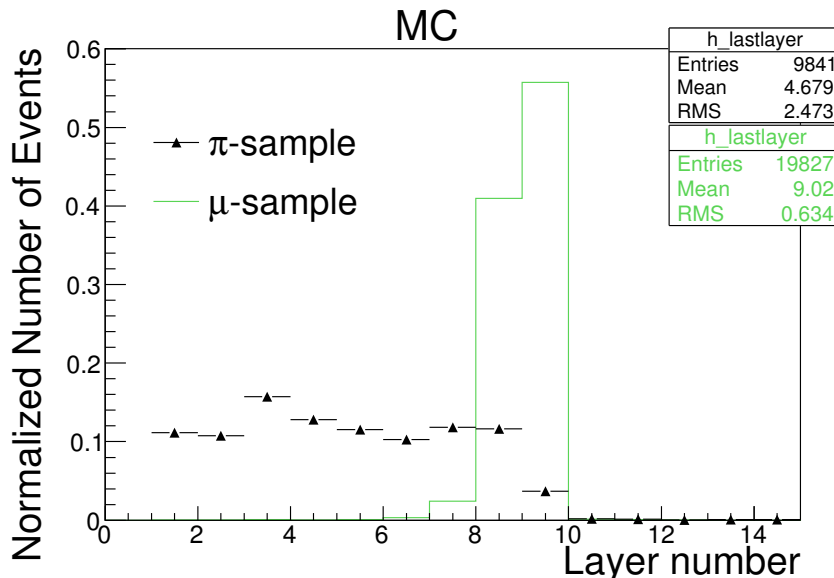
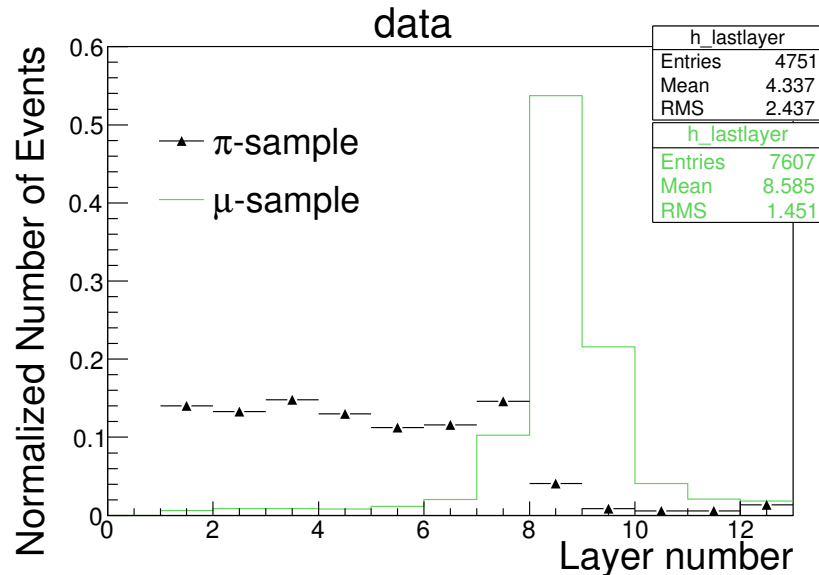
Selection -> after layer #7:

22% - pion contamination and
93% - muon efficiency

FairBoxGenerator, PandaROOT
P = 0.5 GeV/c

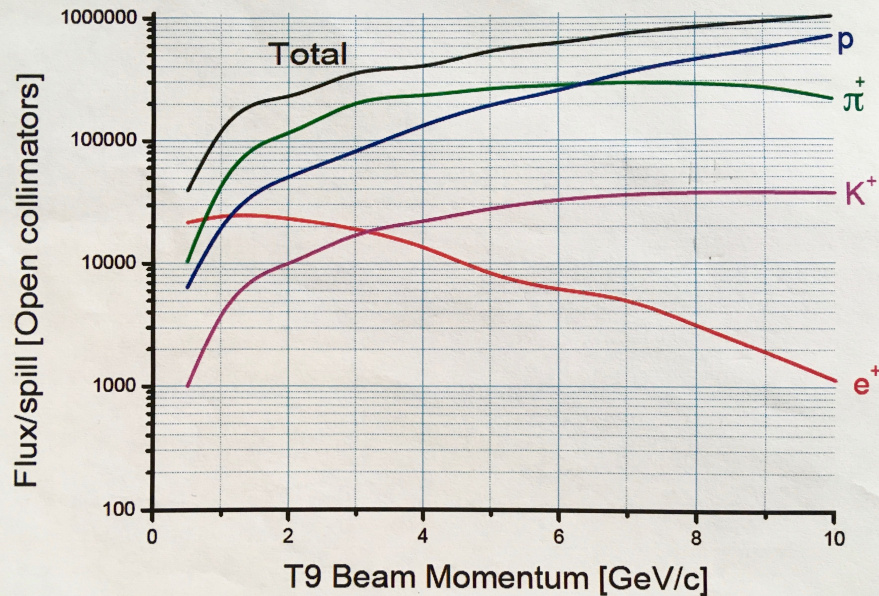
Selection -> after layer #7:

27% - pion contamination and
99% - muon efficiency



Estimated maximum flux in beam @ T9

Estimated maximum flux in positive beam



Estimated maximum flux in negative beam

