

Quantum spin correlations in $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ pairs production

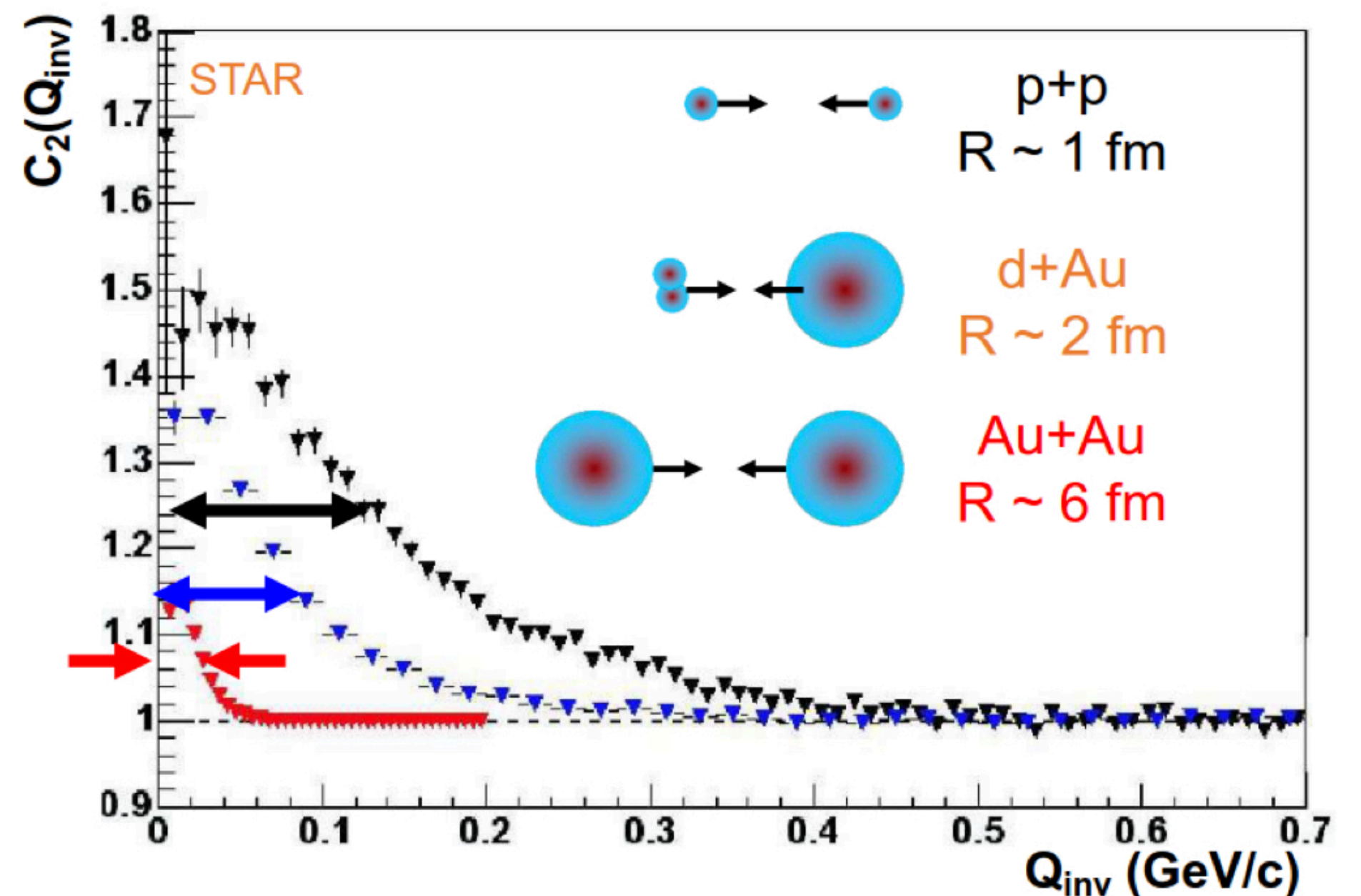
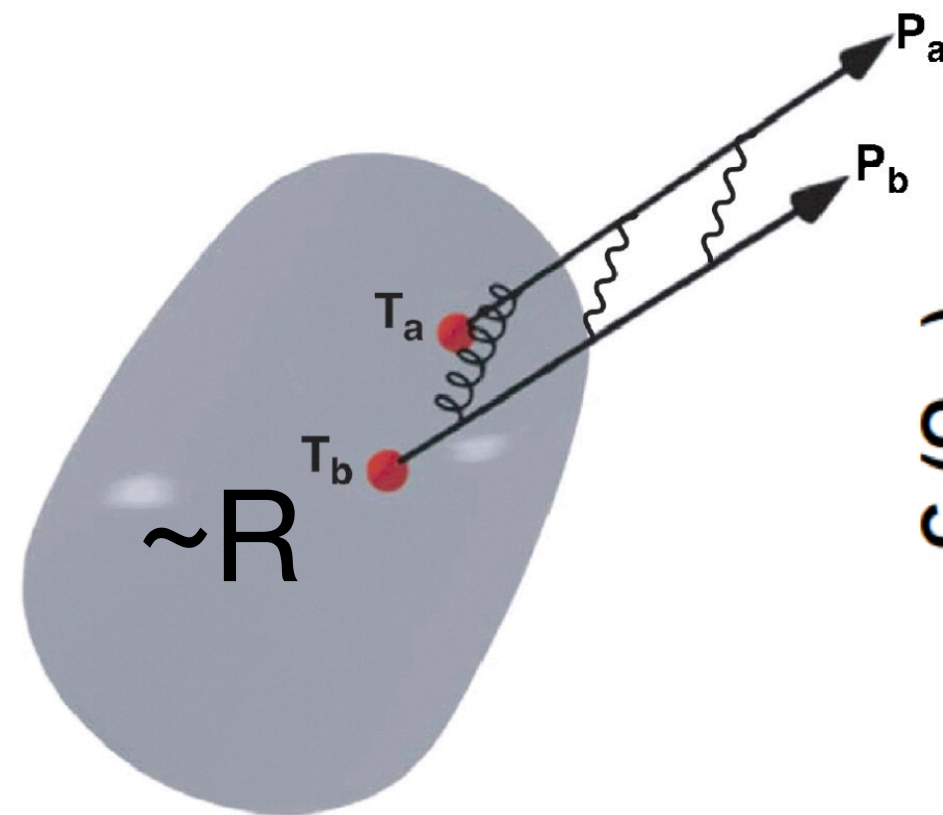
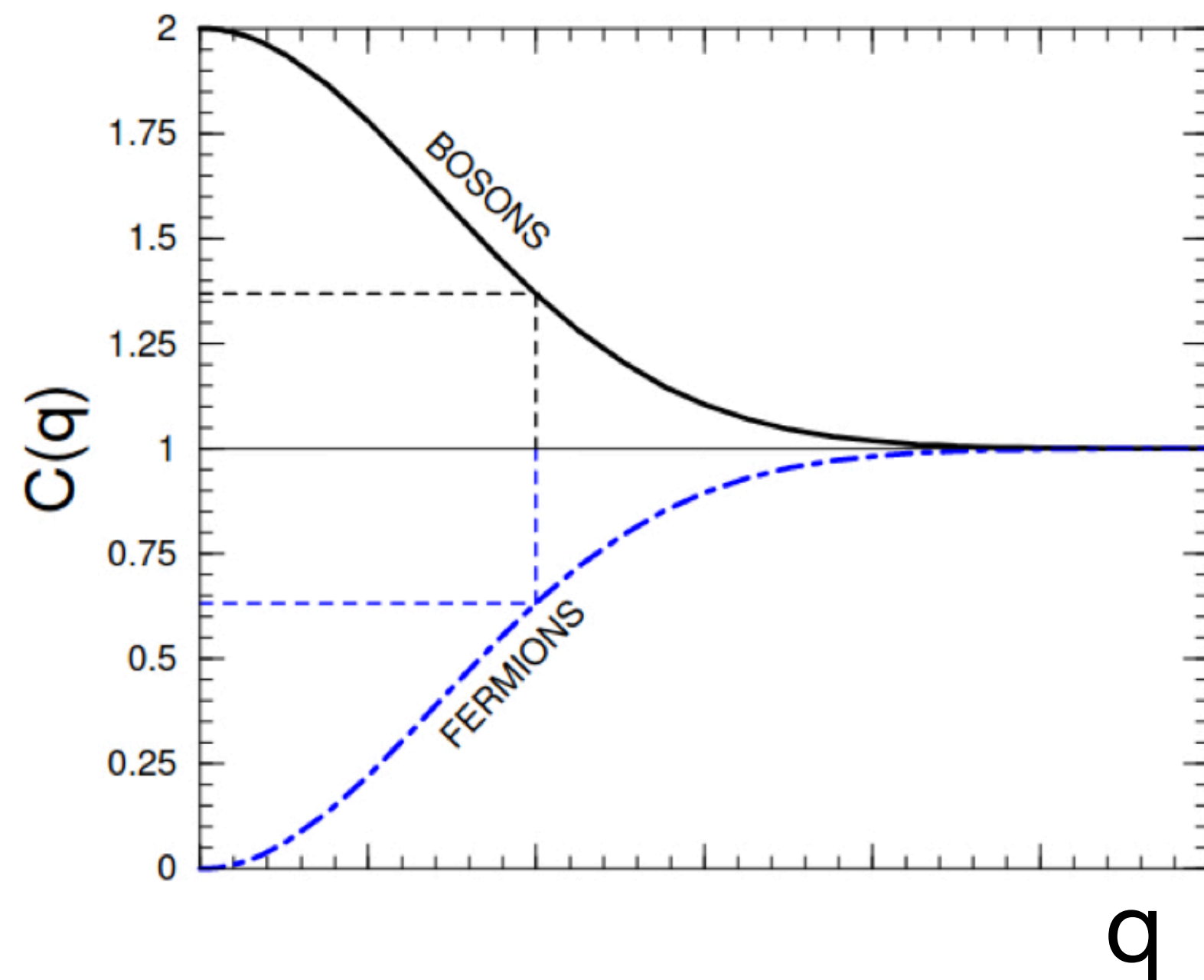
at NICA SPD

A. Guskov

Quantum correlations in hadronic interactions

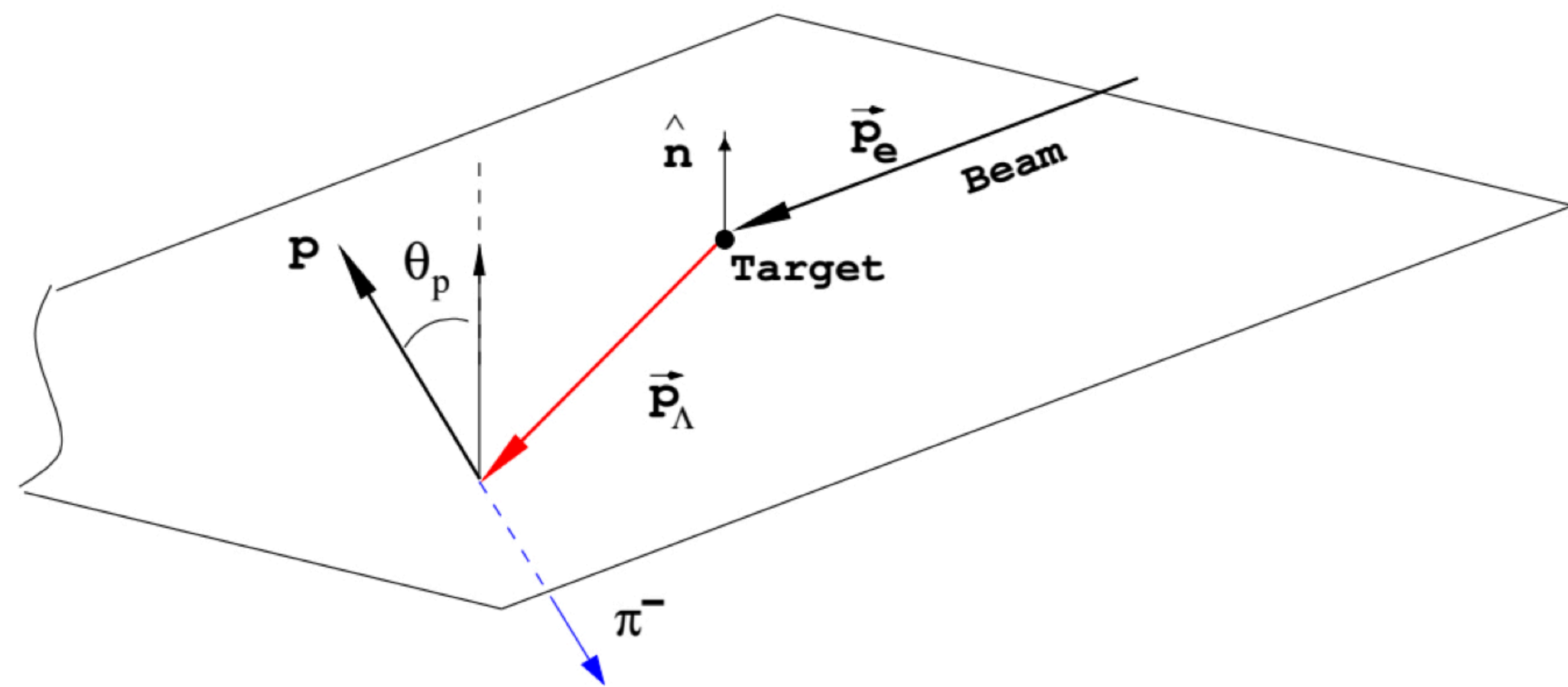
Correlation femtoscopy

$$C(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2) \equiv \frac{\mathcal{P}_2(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2)}{\mathcal{P}_1(\vec{p}_1)\mathcal{P}_1(\vec{p}_2)} = 1 + \frac{|\int d^3x e^{-i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{x}} \rho(\vec{x})|^2}{|\int d^3x \rho(\vec{x})|^2} = C(\vec{k}, \vec{q}) \quad - \text{correlation function}$$

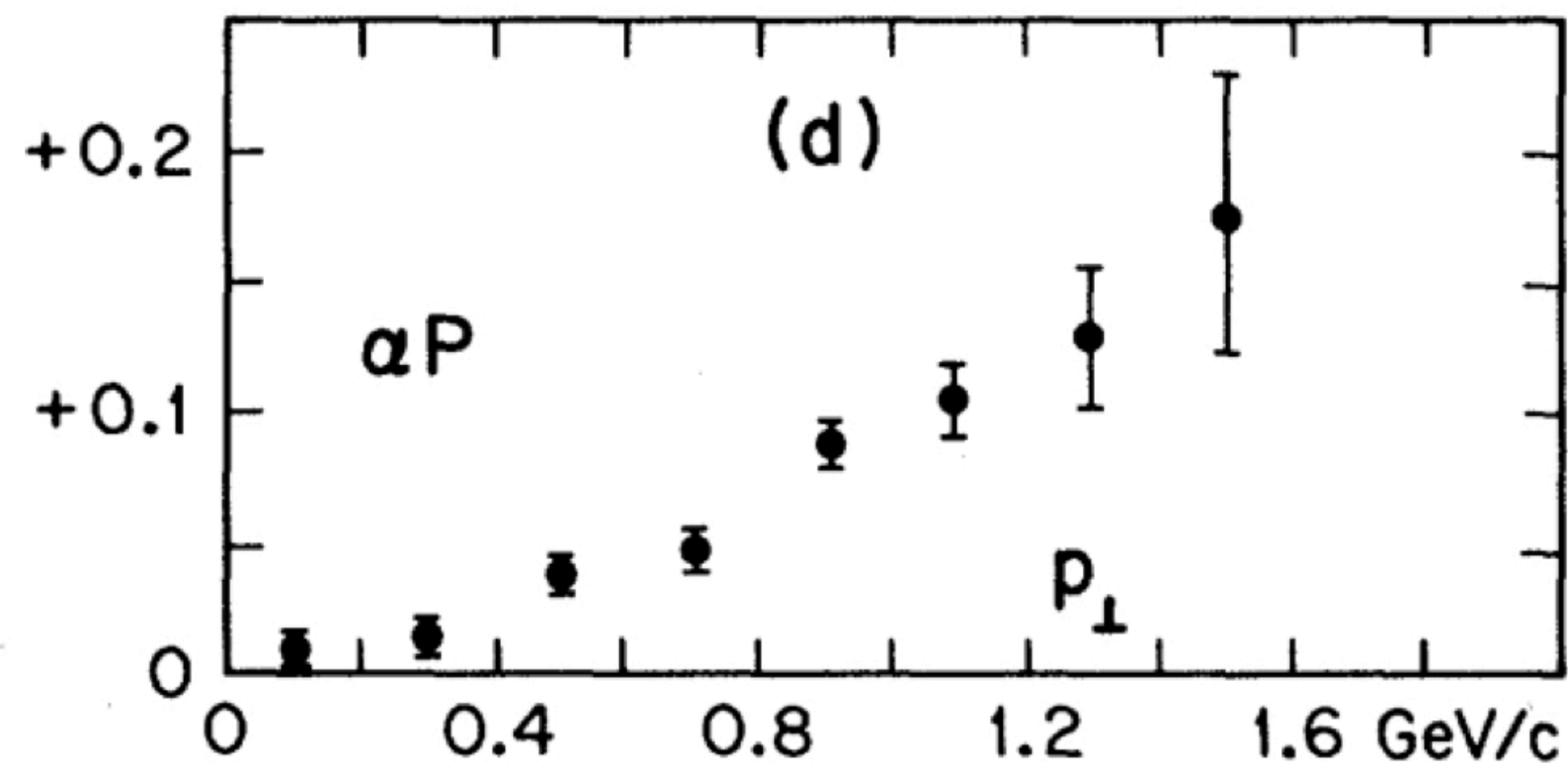


Λ polarization

If you don't know what to measure, measure Λ polarization!



$$\sigma \sim 1 + \alpha_0 P_\Lambda \cos \theta_p$$

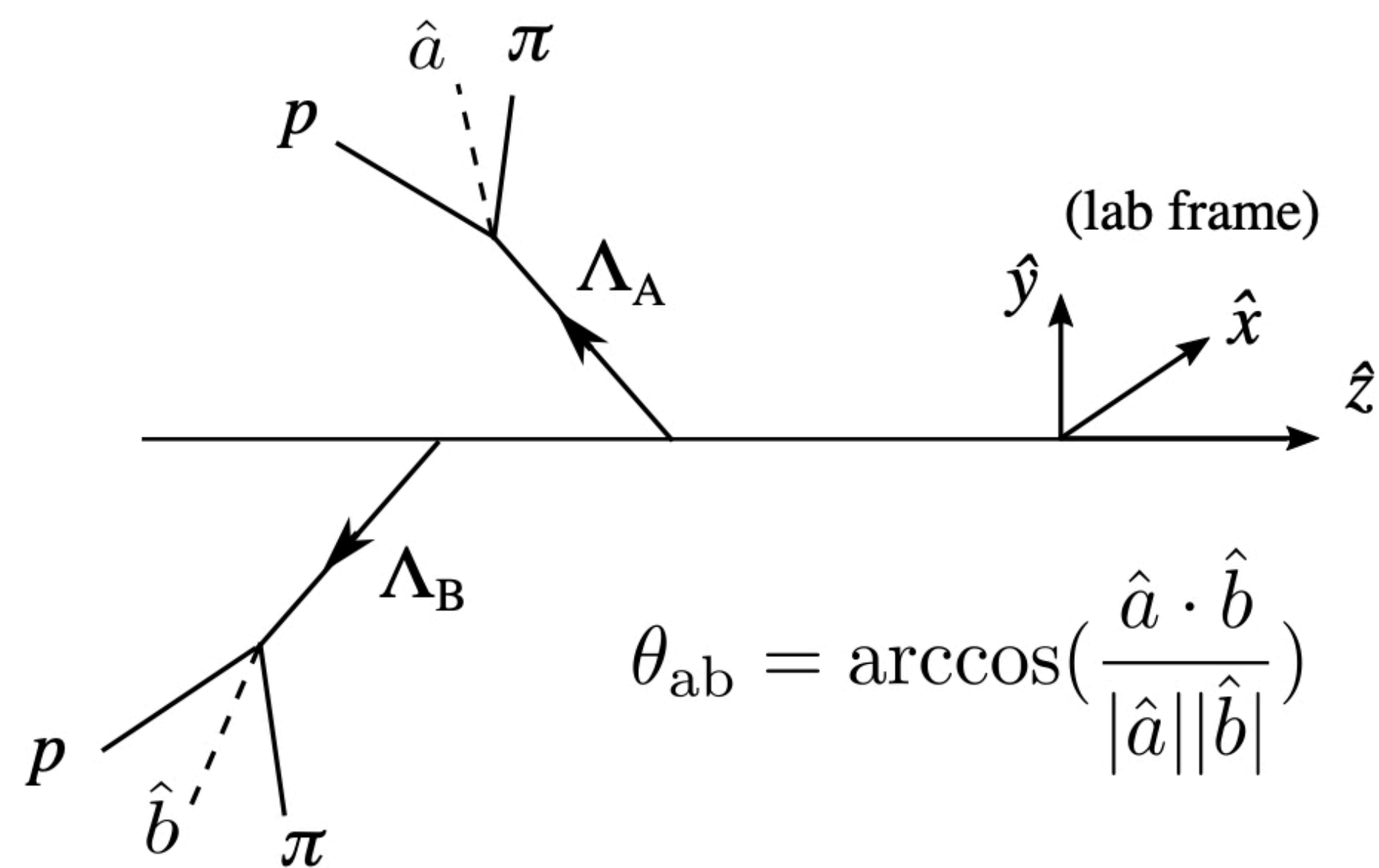


Unpolarized p-Be collisions at $\sqrt{s}=24$ GeV

$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ pair production

Spin correlations

Measurement of Bell-type inequalities and quantum entanglement from Λ -hyperon spin correlations at high energy colliders
 Wenjie Gong, Ganesh Parida, Zhoudunming Tu, and Raju Venugopalan *Phys.Rev.D* 106 (2022) 3, L031501
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.13007>



$$\frac{P(\hat{\mathbf{a}}, \hat{\mathbf{b}})}{P(\hat{\mathbf{a}})P(\hat{\mathbf{b}})} = 1 + (\lambda_{11} - \lambda_{44}) \cos(\theta_a - \theta_b)$$

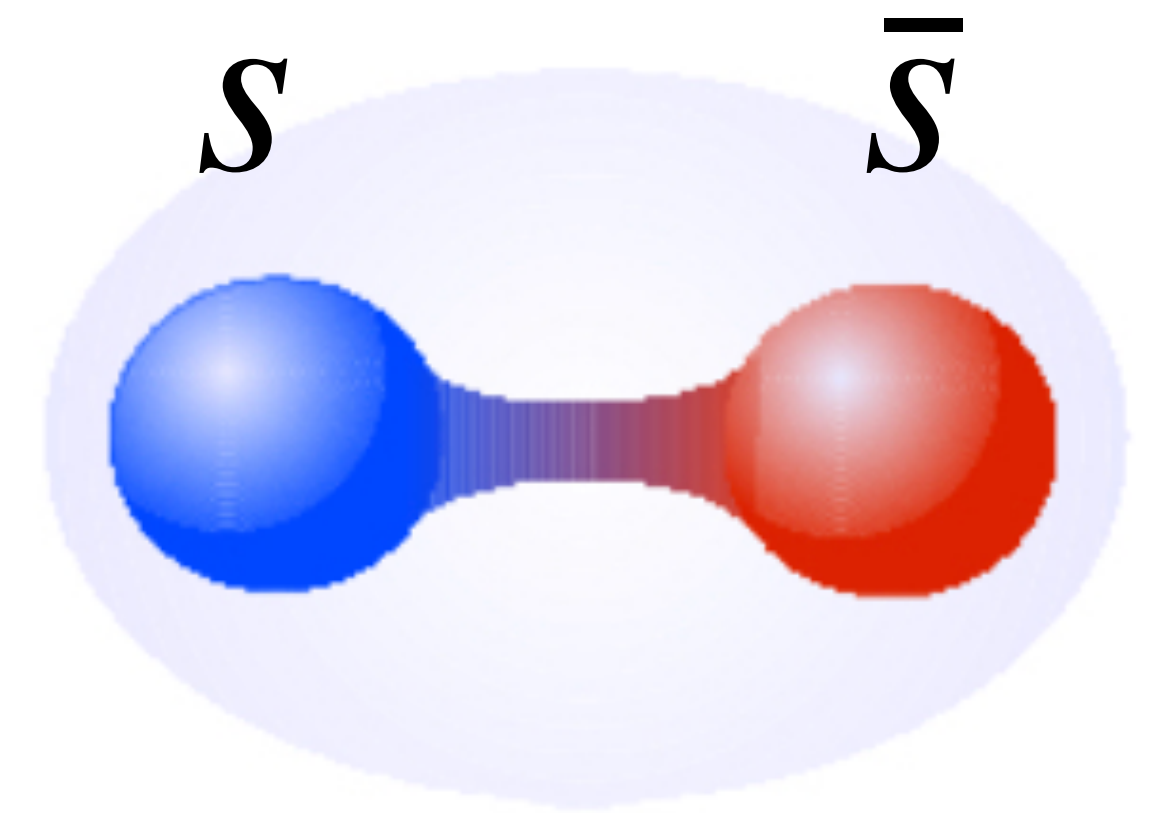
rotational invariance
nonlocality

if $> 1/2$ the $\rho(\hat{\mathbf{a}}, \hat{\mathbf{b}})$ is entangled state
 (sufficient but not necessary condition)

$$\sigma \sim 1 + \alpha^2 P_{\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}} \cos \theta_{ab}$$

Quantum correlations in hadronic interactions

two flavor spin chain model

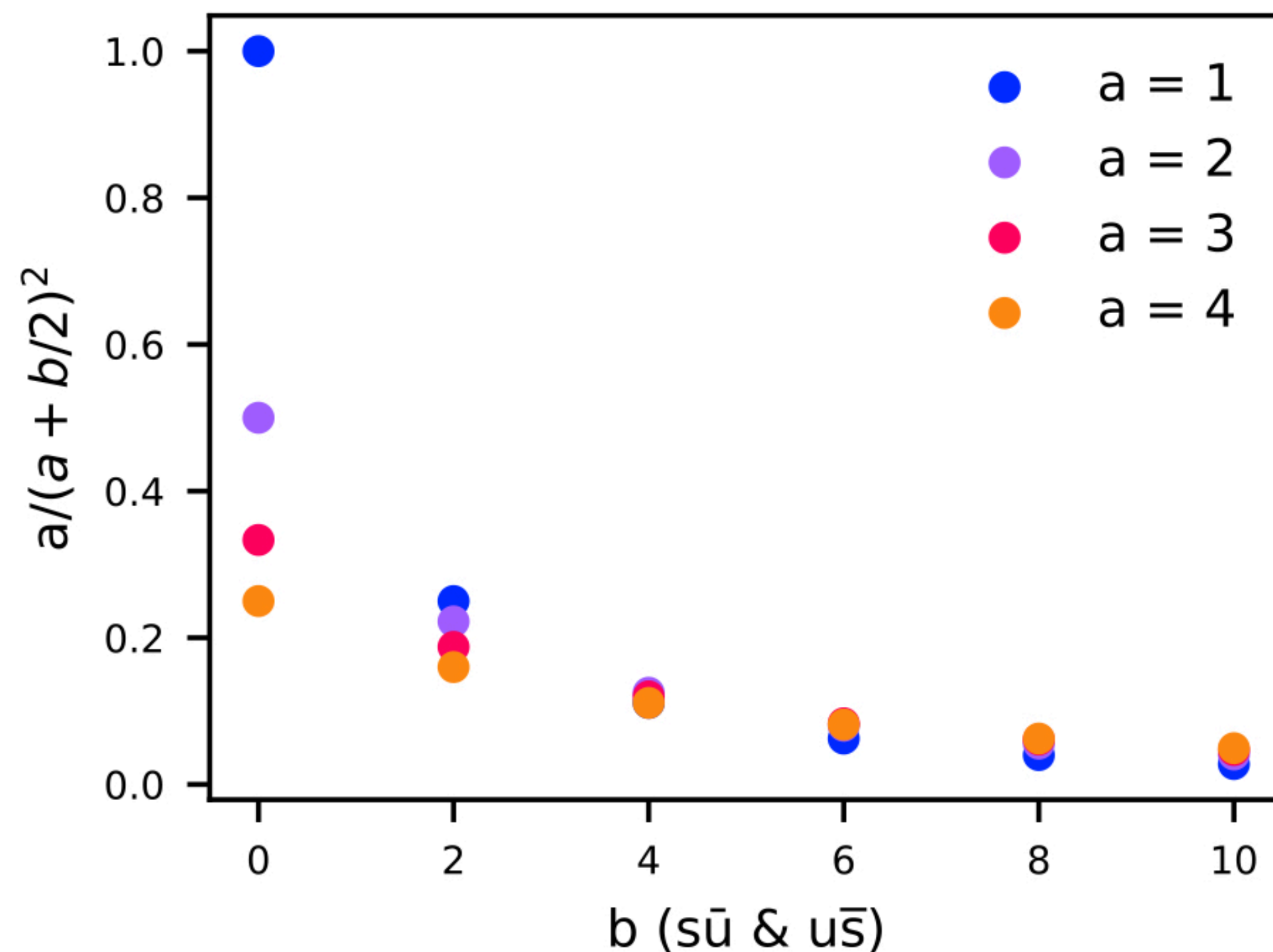


String hadronization into **a** $s\bar{s}$ and **b** $s\bar{u}, u\bar{s}$ singlets

modulation:

$$1 - \frac{a}{(a + b/2)^2} \cos(\theta_2 - \theta_1)$$

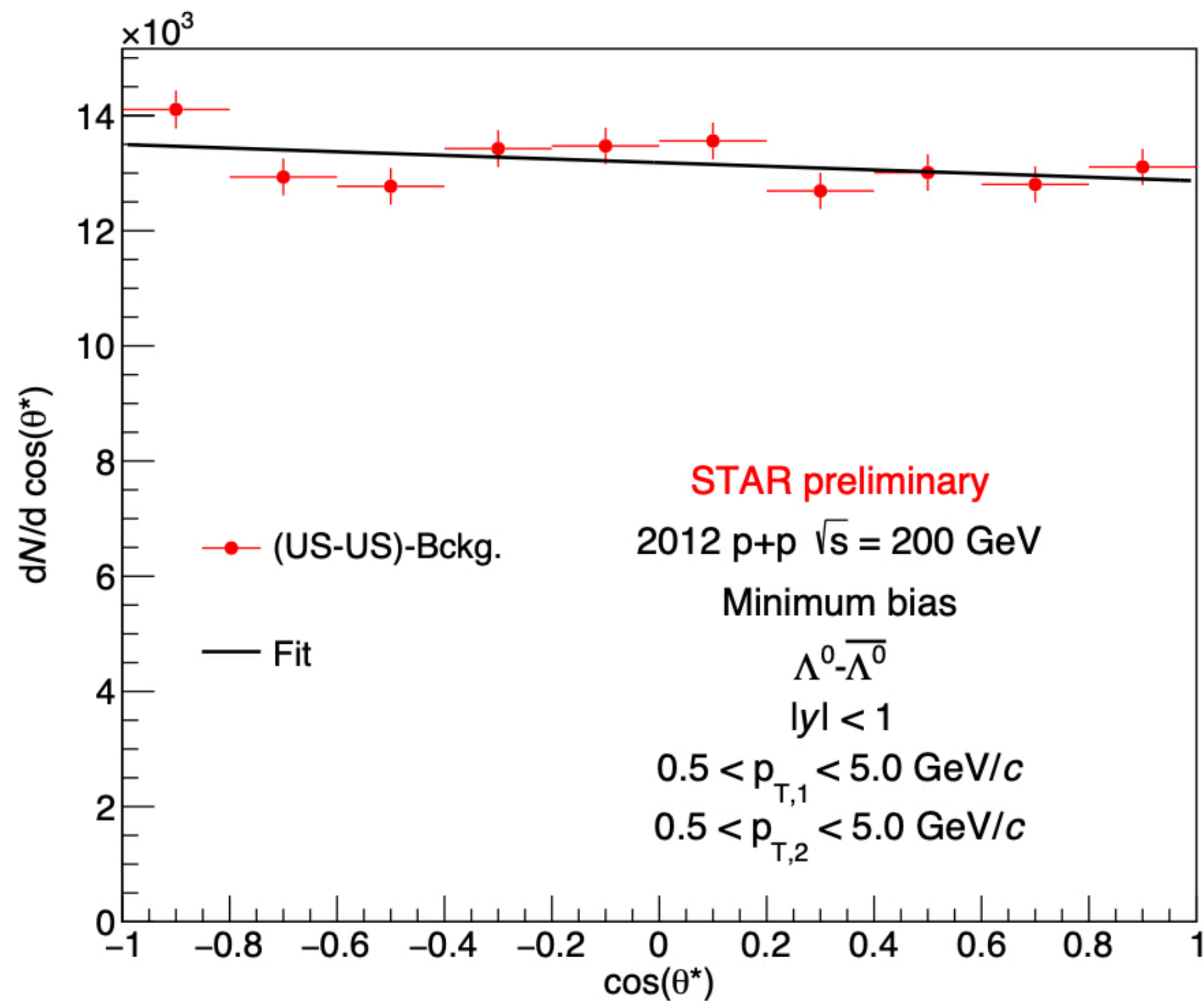
Higher modulation at lower multiplicity!



STAR results

very fresh (DIS 2024 proceedings)

400M of unpolarized MB pp-events at $\sqrt{s}=200$ GeV (2012)

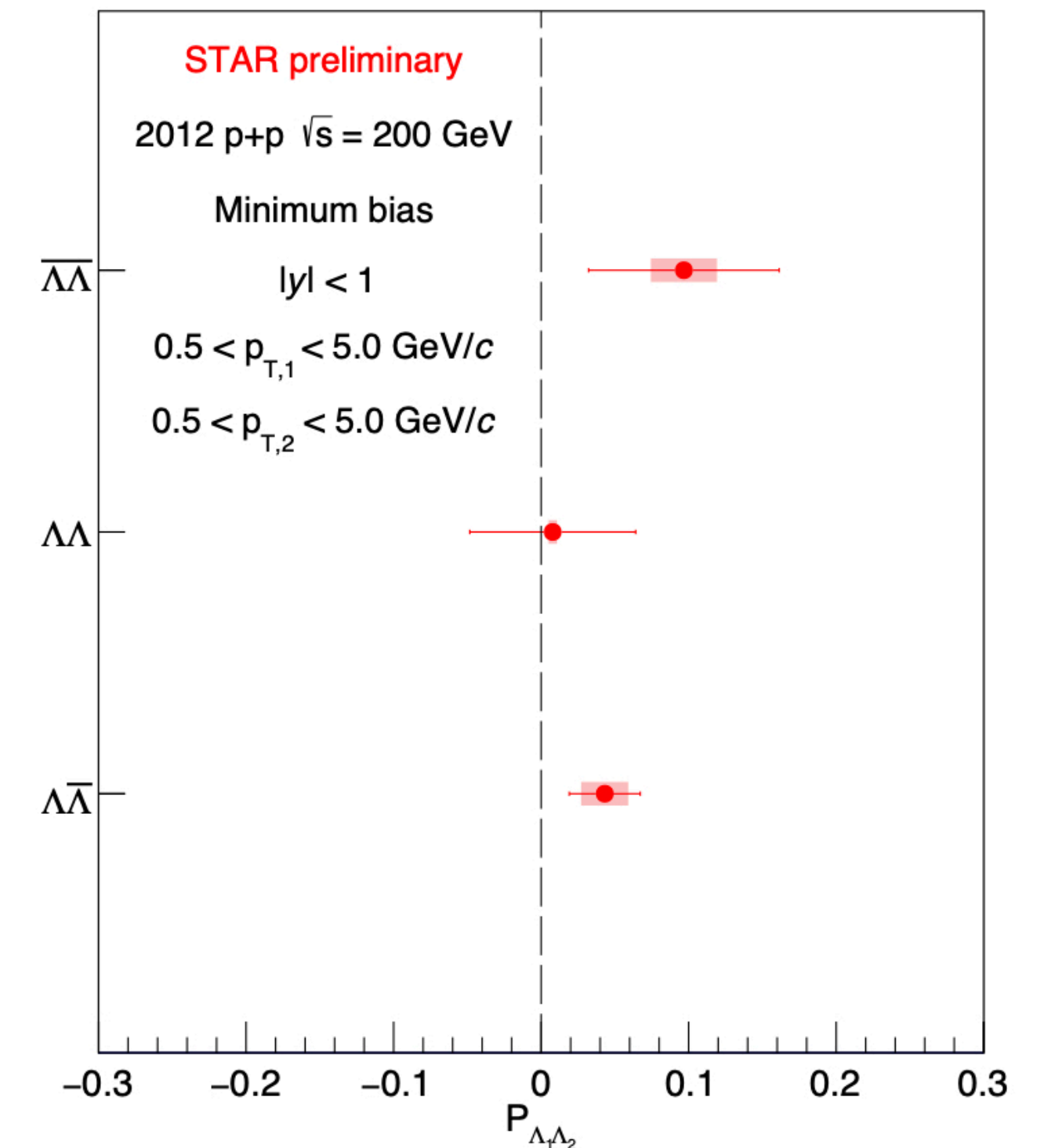


400M MB events

130k Λ -pairs

$|y| < 1$

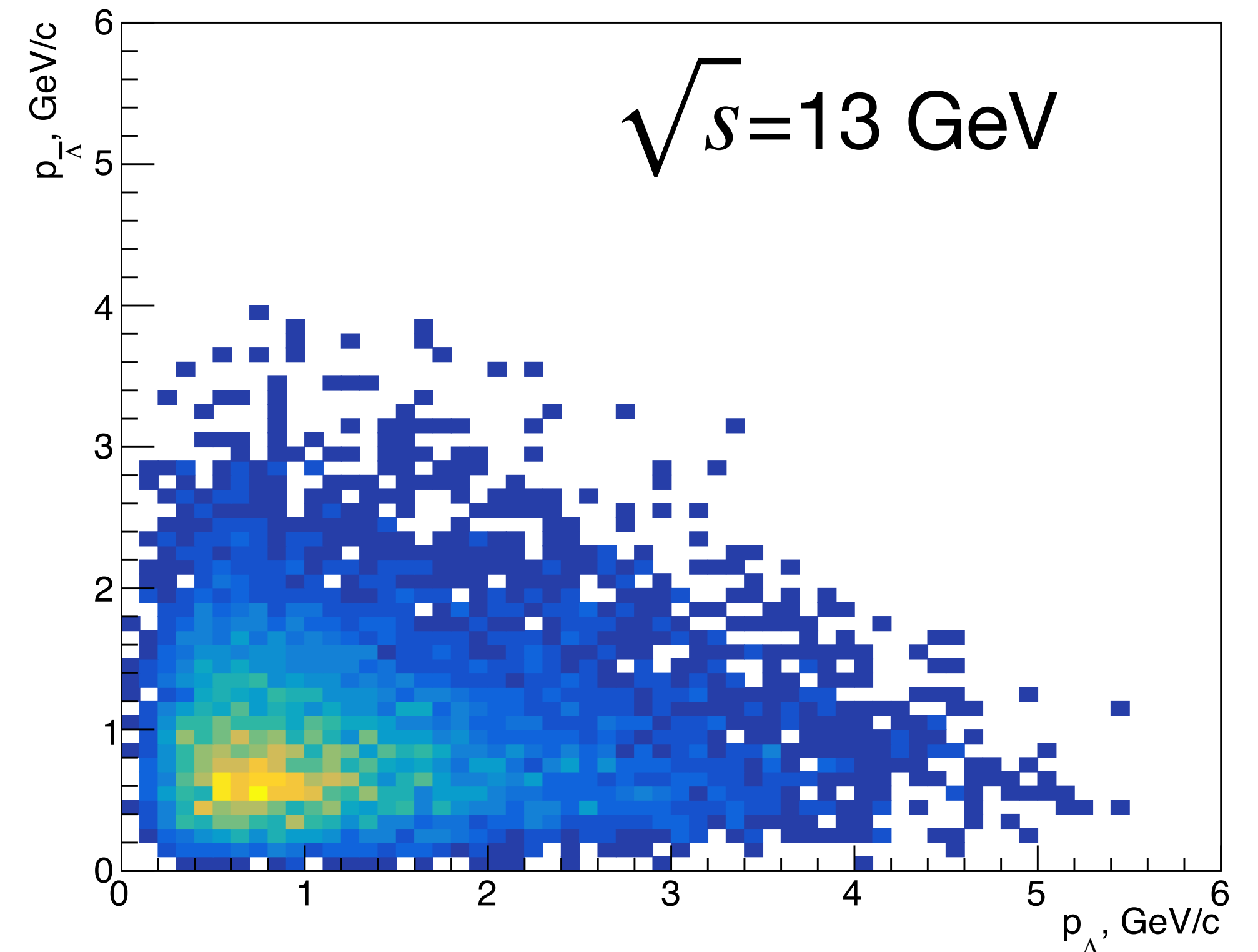
$0.5 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T < 5.0 \text{ GeV}/c$



<https://inspirehep.net/files/c9da0173bdf7ba5fb6e629f07b230682>

$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ -pairs at SPD

per 1 M of pp interactions	10 GeV	13 GeV	27 GeV
LaL events	5 200	8 800	20 800
LaL pairs	5 900	10 000	25 100
LL events	4 300	5 400	9 600
LL pairs	4 400	5 600	10 200
aLaL events	5	50	900
aLaL pairs	5	50	900



$L=10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$, p-p collisions

$A_{\Lambda}=0.2$

$\text{BF}(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi) = 0.64$

We reach the STAR statistics in 3 hours!

**16 $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ pairs decaying into $p\pi$
per second at 13 GeV**

Summary

- What do we study? The part of hadronization mechanism related to quantum entanglement and nonlocality
- Actual almost unexplored problem
- Task in line with the main program of the SPD project
- Popular keywords: “quantum entanglement, spin correlations, nonlocality, etc”
- Possibility, even in the first phase
- Quite a simple task for the first-stage setup
- Our project is competitive in this task

Predictions for EIC

