Flerov Laboratory of Nuclear Reactions, JINR



Experiments on the physical and chemical properties of SHE at FLNR: status and plans

Andrey Isaev

PhD, SHELS separator group leader

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Introduction

Factory Activities:

- The Heart of SHE Factory DC-280 Cyclotron
- The synthesis of heaviest nuclei with DGFRS-2
- Spectroscopy of SHE with GABRIELA
- The 480 mm diameter target on GRAND
- Neutron and Gamma Backgrounds
- Spontaneous Fission of SHE with SFiNx
- SHE Mass Measurements
- Chemistry of SHE on GRAND
- Chemistry of SHE with GASSOL

The Heart of SHE Factory – DC-280 Cyclotron

Current status: • > 8 pµA of ⁴⁸Ca of extracted beam have been achieved

• Long-term stable **5 pµA** of ⁴⁸Ca on GRAND separator target with **stable** energy



The synthesis of heaviest nuclei with DGFRS-2



FLNR Sector #1: V.K. Utenkov. et al.

Spectroscopy of SHE with GABRIELA

(Gamma Alpha Beta Recoil Investigation with the Electromagnetic Analyzer)

DSSD	FWHM [keV]	Thresholds [keV]
Focal plane 100x100 mm ² 128x128 strips Thickness: 500 µm	10.8±0.6 keV - 320 keV electrons; 16.5±0.8 keV - 7.92 MeV alphas	40-60
8 Tunnel 50x60 mm ² 16x32 strips Thickness: 700 μm (CE)	14.4±1.2 keV - 320 keV electrons 120±11 keV - 7.92 MeV alphas	60-100







The 480 mm diameter target on GRAND

- Year: 2025
- Reactions: ²⁴²Pu(⁴⁸Ca, 3-4n)²⁸⁷⁻²⁸⁶Fl
- PuO₂ target: 697±50 μg/cm² on 1.5 μm Ti backing
- Wheel diameter: 480 mm
- Total area: 141 cm²
- Segments: 24
- Beam: 5 pµA
- Gas on separator: He

Main result: the target is stable during several weeks of irradiation without any significant loss of the material! Data analysis is in progress...



FLNR Sector #3: A.V. Sabelnikov and G.K.Vostokin

Target module





FLNR Sector #2: O.N. Malyshev, E. Teymurov and Yu. A. Popov

Neutron and Gamma Backgrounds



Measured fluxes on detectors for 4 pµA: thermal neutron > 200 cm⁻² photon flux < 50 cm⁻²



Goals:

- prevent GABRIELA setup Ge-detectors degradation
- reduce the random coincidences
- ability to use digital electronics for detectors



FLNR Sector #2: D.E. Katrasev, B. Sailaubekov and A.V. Isaev

Current status:

- the detection system is **partially** covered by a concrete wall
- a borated polyethylene shield near the beam stopper was added
- the Cu beam stopper was replaced with Ta (x2 reduction of neutron background)

Neutron and Gamma Backgrounds



4 pμA of ⁴⁸Ca

(~ 7 kHz per counter)



FLNR Sector #2: Yu. A. Popov

Neutron and Gamma Backgrounds

Plans:

- the detector cave is planned to be built in 2026
- creation of a more complex shield is under discussion
- cast stopper made of Cu and W alloy
- more beam diagnostics tools development are needed...

Separator **GRAND** Gas-filled Recoil Analyzer and Nuclei Detector



A.V. Yeremin, et al. Universal GRAND Gas-Filled Separator: First Experimental Results. PEPAN Letters, Vol. 21, No. 3, pp. 518–525 (2024)

Spontaneous Fission of SHE with SFiNx

- SF is a common process in the SHE region and it defines the boundaries of the existence of elements
- The dynamic of SF is unknown in this area of nuclides, so pioneering experiments could be made...



Heßberger F. P. Spontaneous fission properties of superheavy elements. Eur. Phys. J. A (2017) 53: 75



Yu. Ts. Oganessian et. al, New isotope ²⁸⁶Mc produced in the ²⁴³Am + ⁴⁸Ca reaction, Phys. Rev. C 106, 064306 (2022) 10

Spontaneous Fission of SHE with SFiNx





Isaev A. V. et al. The SFiNx detector system PEPAN Letters 19 (2022) P. 37-45

$\varepsilon_n = 55 \pm 1\%$

704 mm



The legend:

- 1 evaporation residues
- 2 focal-plane 128×128-strip DSSD
 - 3 8 side 32×16-strip DSSD
 - 4 116 ³He-counters (7 atm)
 - 5 9 CLLBC scintillators
 - 6 vacuum chamber
 - 7 moderator
 - 8 shield

0,35 0,30 0,25 0,25 0,20 0,15 0,10 0,05 0,00 0,1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 Number of neutrons

²⁸²Cn

Calculations with an additional version of the ISP model made by BLTP JINR: A. V. Andreev, T. M. Shneidman and A. Rahmatinejad

Spontaneous Fission of SHE with SFiNx



FLNR Design Bureau: M.A. Bychkov FLNR Sector #2: A.V. Isaev and A.I. Svirikhin

480 mm rotating target and 5 pμA of ⁴⁸Ca SHE Factory, April 2024 1 SF/s of ²⁵²No

1.5 pμA of ⁴⁸Ca, December 2022 2 Fl decays/day

Plans: the first data about SF dynamic for SHE nuclei

²⁴²Pu + ⁴⁸Ca



SHE Mass Measurements

Part of the nuclear chart, showing direct mass spectrometry carried out with the **RIKEN MR-ToF MS**, **TRIGATRAP**, and **SHIPTRAP**.



O. Kaleja, et al. Direct high-precision mass spectrometry of superheavy elements with SHIPTRAP. Phys. Rev. C 106, 054325 (2022)



SHE Mass Measurements



Legend: 1 – entrance window (3 microns of mylar); 2 – warm vacuum chamber; 3 – cold chamber; 4 – cylindrical cage with constant voltage electrodes; 5 – funnel of 76 electrodes; 6 – cryo refrigerator head; 7- Laval nozzle; 8 – gas-filled radio frequency quadrupole guide.

Cryogenic gas ion cooler motivation:

- Not influenced by any physical or chemical environment properties
- Significantly shorter separation and extraction time in comparison to solid or liquid states ion catchers (~30-40 ms)
- Extraction efficiency: ~30% (for ²⁵⁴No with Q=2)



FLNR Sector #4: A.M. Rodin, et al.

Gas catcher status:

- Mechanical design, vacuum, gas inlet, cryogenic, control system are done.
- Offline testing is in progress, the preliminary efficiency is ~50% (at room temperature)

SHE Mass Measurements

MR-TOF-MS status:

- Ion-opting system calculation done
- Draft mechanical design done

M.I. Yavor, et al. Development of a mass spectrometer for high-precision mass measurements of superheavy elements at JINR. JINST 17, P11033 (2022)

- Development of design documentation for mass-analyzer **done**
- Full design documentation for the spectrometer will be ready at the end of 2026
- The stand of the ion source on fullerene clusters with a mass filter will be ready in the middle of 2026



MR-TOF common scheme. T.Yamaguchi, H.Koura,Yu.A.Litvinov, M.Wang. Masses of exotic nuclei. Progress in Particle and Nuclear Physics 120 (2021) 103882.



FLNR Sector #3: N.V. Aksenov. et al.

- **Relativistic effects** can significantly affect the chemical properties of superheavy elements
- Theoretical calculations show that the volatility and chemical reactivity of SHEs can **differ from** the properties of the nearest light homologues
- Experimental studies of chemical properties are complicated - SHE nuclei have very short half-lives and low formation cross-sections
- The most-used experimental method • for studying the SHE's adsorption properties is gas chromatography

Is flerovium a metal or a noble gas?





A. Yakushev et al., Inorg. Chem. 53, 1624 (2014) From the distributions of atoms over the detectors:

- adsorption properties of Cn and Fl
- thermodynamic characteristics of Cn and Fl compared with their light homologs Hg and Pb
- experimental determination of the influence of relativistic effects on the chemical properties of the heaviest elements
- degree of compliance with the chemical behavior of the SHE with the law of periodicity of properties



Gas adsorption thermochromatography method



Predicted adsorption positions (schematic) of Cn, Nh, and Fl, with respect to their homologs and Rn, on the combined $SiO_2/gold$ surface detector system in gas-phase chromatography experiments.

V. Pershina, Relativistic effects on the electronic structure of the heaviest elements. Is the Periodic Table endless?. Comptes Rendus. Chimie, Variations around the Periodic Table, Volume 23 (2020) no. 3, pp. 255-265



- Separating foil thickness optimization
- Grid geometry optimization
- Optimal gas pressure
- Optimal Ar/He proportion

Test reactions: ²⁰⁸Pb(⁴⁸Ca, 2n)²⁵⁴No (E_{ER} ≈ 40 MeV) ¹⁴⁴Sm(⁴⁰Ar, xn)¹⁸⁴⁻ⁿHg (E_{ER} ≈ 47 MeV)













Gas adsorption thermochromatography method

Detection modules with gold surface





Gap = 2 mm



²⁴²Pu(⁴⁸Ca, 3n)²⁸⁷Fl

 $\begin{array}{l} T_{1/2} \sim 0.36 \text{ s, } \sigma_{max} = 10 \text{ pb} \\ h_t = 0.7 \text{ mg/cm}^2 \text{, } \emptyset_t = 480 \text{ mm} \\ \epsilon_{\text{GRAND}} = 0.4 \text{, } I_{\text{beam}} = 5 \text{ puA} \\ \text{several FI(Cn) per day } \times \epsilon_{\text{CRYO}} \end{array}$

December 2022:

Target – 240 mm, 0.7 mg/cm² Mean beam intensity – 2 pµA Integral – 1.6×10^{19} Result: 2 chains

June 2025:

Target – 480 mm Mean beam intensity – 5 pµA Integral – 3.4×10¹⁹ **Preliminary Result: 6 chains**



Chemistry of SHE with GASSOL

GASSOL – a new solenoidal pre-separator for studies of chemical properties of superheavy elements

Motivation and purpose:

- Pre-separation is needed high beam intensity or high background affects the quality of the experiment
- One of the most important things is the time of transport
- Time of transport depends on recoil transfer chamber size (depending on the image size of ER in the focal plane of the pre-separator
- We need a small image size a gas-filled solenoid seems like a good option!
- With the GASSOL it will be possible to move Beam_
 SHE chemistry research to the area of ms Targen half-lives (115-118 elements)





Chemistry of SHE with GASSOL

- Magnet produced by Xi'an Superconducting Magnet Technology Co. LTD (Xi'an, China)
- First cool down finished in April 2025, 4K achieved
- Magnetic tests of the separator are currently underway
- Delivery is planned for September 2025 (but several delays happened)
- Technical systems are under construction
- The testing procedure developed and two detector assemblies are being produced





Conclusion

Setup	Current Status
DC-280	• Stable 5 pµA of $^{\rm 48}\text{Ca}$ beam on experiment target with stable energy.
GRAND	 ²⁴²Pu target tested (D = 480 mm; the target is stable on 5 pµA of ⁴⁸Ca for several weeks). First results on the chemical detector. Neutron and gamma background suppression on GRAND separator. Preparing to SHE mass measurements (cryogenic gas ion cooler created; MR-TOF mass analyzer is under design). Preparation of FI and Mc spectroscopy on GRAND (with GABRIELA and SFiNx detector systems).
DGFRS-2	 Preparations for the synthesis of 119 and 120 elements are underway.
GASSOL	 Preparation to install GASSOL separator (magnet tests in progress).

Thank you for your attention!

MR-TOF-MS



Spontaneous Fission



Fine Structure in the Alpha Decay



GABRIELA and **SFiN**x last 3 years' publications

- 1. M. Forge, et al. First experimental measurement of spin splitting and evidence for a second O⁺ state in ²⁵⁴No, submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett.
- 2. P. Brionnet, et al. Structure studies of ²⁵⁷Db through combined alpha, gamma and internal-conversion-electron spectroscopy, **submitted to Physical Review C.**
- 3. A.V. Isaev, et al. The SFiNx detector system (current status), **PEPAN Letters** 22 №2 300-303 (2025).
- 4. H.M. Devaraja, et al. Systematic studies to produce heavy above-target nuclides in multinucleon transfer reactions, **Physical Letters B** 862 139353 (2025).
- A.A. Kuznetsova, et al. Properties of Radioactive Decay of the New Nucleus ²²⁷Pu, PEPAN Letters, 22, № 2(259).
 C.244-253 (2025).
- 6. R.S. Mukhin, et al. Prompt neutron emission in ²⁵⁰No spontaneous fission associated with ground and isomeric states decay, **Chinese Physics C** 48 №6 064002 (2024).
- A.V. Yeremin, et al. GRAND Universal Gas-Filled Separator: First Experimental Results, PEPAN Letters 21 3(254) 647–659 (2024).
- 8. A. Rahmatinejad, et al. Evolution of fission properties in Fermium region, **International Journal of Modern Physics E** 2441018 (2024).
- 9. K. Kessaci, et al. Cascade of high-K isomers in ²⁵⁵No, **Physical Review C** 110 054310 (2024).
- 10. R. S. Mukhin, et al. Prompt neutron multiplicity from spontaneous fission of ²⁴⁴Fm, **Eur. Phys. J. A** 60 223 (2024).
- 11. R. S. Mukhin, et al. Analysis of the shape of multiplicity distributions of prompt neutrons emitted in spontaneous fission, **J Radioanal Nucl Chem** 333, 1559–1564 (2024).
- 12. M. Forge, et al. New results on the decay spectroscopy of ²⁵⁴No with GABRIELA@SHELS, **Journal of Physics Conference Series** 2586 012083 (2023).
- A.V. Isaev, et al. Structure of the prompt neutron multiplicity distribution in the spontaneous fission of ²⁵⁶Rf, Physics Letters B 843 138008 (2023).
- 14. R. Chakma, et al. Investigation of isomeric states in ²⁵⁵Rf, **Physical Review C** 107, 014326 (2023).