

Relativistic description
of tetraquarks with two
heavy quarks

Elena M. Savchenko
Vladimir O. Galkin

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Relativistic description of tetraquarks with two heavy quarks

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The 29th International Scientific Conference
of Young Scientists and Specialists,
October 27, 2025



- ◇ “Ordinary” hadrons:
 - baryons qqq ,
 - mesons $q\bar{q}$.
- ◇ Exotic hadrons:
 - tetraquarks $qq\bar{q}\bar{q}$,
 - pentaquarks $qqqq\bar{q}$, etc.
- ◇ Searches for heavy tetraquarks are conducted on the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) by the LHCb, ATLAS and CMS Collaborations.
- ◇ First experimental data on doubly charmed tetraquarks are already available ($T_{cc}(3875)^+$).



◇ Quark content:

- $Q, Q' = c, b, Q \neq Q'$.
- $s; q = u, d$.

◇ Doubly heavy tetraquarks:

- “Heavy+light”:
 - Double strange tetraquarks:
 $QQ\bar{s}\bar{s} \quad (+c.c.),$
 $QQ'\bar{s}\bar{s} \quad (+c.c.).$
 - Single strange tetraquarks:
 $QQ\bar{s}q \quad (+c.c.),$
 $QQ'\bar{s}q \quad (+c.c.).$
 - Non-strange tetraquarks:
 $QQ\bar{q}q \quad (+c.c.),$
 $QQ'\bar{q}q \quad (+c.c.).$



- “Heavy–light + heavy–light”:
 - Hidden strange tetraquarks:
$$Q_s \bar{Q} \bar{s} \quad (+c.c.),$$
$$Q_s \bar{Q}' \bar{s} \quad (+c.c.).$$
 - Single strange tetraquarks:
$$Q_s \bar{Q} \bar{q} \quad (+c.c.),$$
$$Q_s \bar{Q}' \bar{q} \quad (+c.c.).$$
 - Non–strange tetraquarks:
$$Q q \bar{Q} \bar{q} \quad (+c.c.),$$
$$Q q \bar{Q}' \bar{q} \quad (+c.c.).$$



◇ Doubly charmed tetraquarks:

- double strange:

$$cc\bar{s}\bar{s} \quad (+c.c.),$$

- strange:

$$cc\bar{s}q \quad (+c.c.),$$

- nonstrange:

$$cc\bar{q}\bar{q} \quad (+c.c.).$$



◇ Charmed bottom tetraquarks:

- double strange:

$$cb\bar{s}\bar{s} \quad (+c.c.),$$

- strange:

$$cb\bar{s}q \quad (+c.c.),$$

- nonstrange:

$$cb\bar{q}q \quad (+c.c.).$$



◇ Doubly bottom tetraquarks:

- double strange:

$$bb\bar{s}\bar{s} \quad (+c.c.),$$

- strange:

$$bb\bar{s}q \quad (+c.c.),$$

- nonstrange:

$$bb\bar{q}\bar{q} \quad (+c.c.).$$



◇ Diquark–antidiquark bound state:

- doubly heavy:
 - “Heavy+light”: $\{(Q_1 Q_2) - (\bar{q}_3 \bar{q}_4)\}$,
 - “Heavy–light + heavy–light”: $\{(Q_1 q_2) - (\bar{Q}_3 \bar{q}_4)\}$.

◇ Diquarks under the consideration:

- nonpoint–like (the internal structure is taken into account),
- ground state ($1S$),
- color–antitriplet ($\bar{3}_c$),
- all masses and form factors of diquarks were calculated earlier during analyzing the properties of baryons.



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- ◇ Ground state diquark spin:
 - $J = 0$ — scalar (S),
 - $J = 1$ — axialvector (A).
- ◇ Allowed diquark states:
 - only axialvector (A):
 - QQ,
 - SS.
 - both axialvector and scalar (A, S):
 - QQ' ,
 - Q_S ,
 - Qq ,
 - sq ,
 - qq .



◇ Tetraquark's possible configurations:

- Doubly charmed tetraquarks:
 - $cc\bar{s}\bar{s}$ (+c.c.) — $A\bar{A}$.
 - $cc\bar{s}\bar{q}$ (+c.c.) — $A\bar{A}, A\bar{S} (S\bar{A})$.
 - $cc\bar{q}\bar{q}$ (+c.c.) — $A\bar{A}, A\bar{S} (S\bar{A})$.
- Charmed bottom tetraquarks:
 - $cb\bar{s}\bar{s}$ (+c.c.) — $A\bar{A}, S\bar{A}$.
 - $cb\bar{s}\bar{q}$ (+c.c.) — $A\bar{A}, A\bar{S}, S\bar{A}, S\bar{S}$.
 - $cb\bar{q}\bar{q}$ (+c.c.) — $A\bar{A}, A\bar{S}, S\bar{A}, S\bar{S}$.
- Doubly bottom tetraquarks:
 - $bb\bar{s}\bar{s}$ (+c.c.) — $A\bar{A}$.
 - $bb\bar{s}\bar{q}$ (+c.c.) — $A\bar{A}, A\bar{S} (S\bar{A})$.
 - $bb\bar{q}\bar{q}$ (+c.c.) — $A\bar{A}, A\bar{S} (S\bar{A})$.



- ◇ Relativistic Schrödinger-type quasipotential equation:

$$\left(\frac{b^2(M)}{2\mu_R(M)} - \frac{\mathbf{p}^2}{2\mu_R(M)} \right) \Psi_{d,T}(\mathbf{p}) = \int \frac{d^3 q}{(2\pi)^3} V(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}; M) \Psi_{d,T}(\mathbf{q})$$

$$\mu_R = \frac{E_1 E_2}{E_1 + E_2} = \frac{M^4 - (m_1^2 - m_2^2)^2}{4M^3}$$

$$b^2(M) = \frac{[M^2 - (m_1 + m_2)^2][M^2 - (m_1 - m_2)^2]}{4M^2}$$



- ◇ All parameters of the model (including the constituent masses of quarks) are fixed from previous studies of the properties of mesons and baryons.
- ◇ Diquark–antidiquark interaction quasipotential:

$$V(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}; M) = \frac{\langle d(\mathcal{P}) | J_\mu | d(\mathcal{Q}) \rangle}{2\sqrt{E_d}\sqrt{E_d}} \frac{4}{3} \alpha_s D^{\mu\nu}(\mathbf{k}) \frac{\langle d'(\mathcal{P}') | J_\nu | d'(\mathcal{Q}') \rangle}{2\sqrt{E_{d'}}\sqrt{E_{d'}}} \\ + \Psi_d^*(\mathcal{P}) \Psi_{d'}^*(\mathcal{P}') [J_{d;\mu} J_{d'}^\mu V_{\text{conf.}}^{\text{vect.}}(\mathbf{k}) + V_{\text{conf.}}^{\text{scal.}}(\mathbf{k})] \Psi_d(\mathcal{Q}) \Psi_{d'}(\mathcal{Q}')$$



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◇ Doubly charmed tetraquarks:

Table 1: Masses $M_{Q\bar{Q}\bar{q}\bar{q}}$ of the ground (1S) states and radial and orbital (1P, 2S, 1D, 2P, 3S) excitations of doubly charmed tetraquarks ($cc\bar{s}\bar{s}$, $cc\bar{s}\bar{q}$, $cc\bar{q}\bar{q}$).

$d\bar{d}'$	nL	n_r	L	S	J^P	$M_{cc\bar{s}\bar{s}}$	$M_{cc\bar{s}\bar{q}}$	$M_{cc\bar{q}\bar{q}}$
A $\bar{A}$	1S	0	0	0	0^+	4308	4161	3983
				1	1^+	4330	4188	4017
				2	2^+	4368	4233	4074
	1P	0	1	1	0^-	4726	4603	4460
				0	1^-	4701	4574	4423
				1	1^-	4734	4613	4472
				2	1^-	4754	4636	4500
				1	2^-	4716	4591	4443
				2	2^-	4753	4635	4498
				2	3^-	4738	4617	4474
	2S	1	0	0	0^+	5013	4897	4760
				1	1^+	5015	4899	4764
				2	2^+	5016	4901	4768
	1D	0	2	2	0^+	5132	5029	4915
				1	1^+	5111	5004	4881
				2	1^+	5137	5035	4923
				0	2^+	5082	4968	4832
				1	2^+	5119	5013	4893
				2	2^+	5146	5047	4939
				1	3^+	5092	4980	4846
				2	3^+	5131	5028	4911
	2P	1	1	2	4^+	5105	4995	4864
				1	0^-	5367	5265	5148
				0	1^-	5325	5215	5085
				1	1^-	5366	5265	5149
				2	1^-	5394	5297	5188
				1	2^-	5332	5223	5095
	3S	2	0	2	2^-	5377	5277	5163
				2	3^-	5343	5236	5111
				0	0^+	5663	5567	5456
				1	1^+	5660	5565	5454
				2	2^+	5653	5556	5445



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Table 1: table continues.

$d\bar{d}'$	nL	n_r	L	S	J^P	M_{expt}	M_{ccsq}	M_{ccsq}
$A\bar{S}$	1S	0	0	1	1^+		4093	3869
	1P	0	1		0^-		4493	4291
					1^-		4500	4299
					2^-		4514	4316
					1^+		4801	4622
	2S	1	0		1^+		4900	4721
	1D	0	2		2^+		4909	4733
					3^+		4923	4750
					0^-		5162	5000
					1^-		5162	5000
	2P	1	1		2^-		5162	5000
					1^+		5479	5332
	3S	2	0		1^+			



◇ Charmed bottom tetraquarks:

Table 2: Masses $M_{QQ\bar{q}\bar{q}}$ of the ground (1S) states of charmed bottom tetraquarks ($cb\bar{s}\bar{s}$, $cb\bar{s}\bar{q}$, $cb\bar{q}\bar{q}$).

$d\bar{d}'$	nL	n_r	L	S	J^P	$M_{cb\bar{s}\bar{s}}$	$M_{cb\bar{s}\bar{q}}$	$M_{cb\bar{q}\bar{q}}$
$A\bar{A}$	1S	0	0	0	0^+	7634	7499	7337
				1	1^+	7645	7511	7353
				2	2^+	7665	7535	7381
AS				1	1^+		7410	7198
SA						7649	7516	7361
S $\bar{S}$				0	0^+		7403	7191

◇ Doubly bottom tetraquarks:

Table 3: Masses $M_{QQ\bar{q}\bar{q}}$ of the ground (1S) states of doubly bottom tetraquarks ($bb\bar{s}\bar{s}$, $bb\bar{s}\bar{q}$, $bb\bar{q}\bar{q}$).

$d\bar{d}'$	nL	n_r	L	S	J^P	$M_{bb\bar{s}\bar{s}}$	$M_{bb\bar{s}\bar{q}}$	$M_{bb\bar{q}\bar{q}}$
$A\bar{A}$	1S	0	0	0	0^+	10896	10763	10606
				1	1^+	10904	10773	10618
				2	2^+	10919	10790	10638
AS				1	1^+		10670	10461



- ◇ If energetically possible, the tetraquark will fall-apart into a meson pair through the quark rearrangement.

$$\Delta = M_{\text{tetraquark}} - M_{\text{threshold}}^{\text{lowest}}$$

- ◇ If $\Delta < 0$, state is stable against fall-apart strong decays.
- ◇ The smaller $\Delta > 0$, the narrower is the state.



- ◇ Most states lie well above thresholds with $\Delta > 100$ MeV.
- ◇ Some states lie above thresholds with $50 < \Delta < 100$ MeV.
- ◇ Several states lie slightly above thresholds with $0 < \Delta < 50$ MeV.
- ◇ A number of states lie below thresholds with $\Delta < 0$.



- ◇ The most promising to be stable states:
 - doubly charmed tetraquarks:

Table 4: Ground and radially and orbitally excited states of doubly charmed tetraquarks ($cc\bar{s}\bar{s}$, $cc\bar{s}\bar{q}$, $cc\bar{q}\bar{q}$), which lie slightly above or below the meson-meson fall-apart strong decay thresholds.

$Q\bar{Q}q\bar{q}'$	$d\bar{d}'$	nL	S	J^P	M	$M_{th.}$	Δ	meson pair	
$cc\bar{s}\bar{s}$	$A\bar{A}$	1P	2	3^-	4738	4681	57	$D_s^{*\pm} D_{s2}^{*\mp} (2573)$	
$cc\bar{s}\bar{q}$	$A\bar{A}$	1P	2	3^-	4617	4573	44	$D_2^{*+} (2460) D_s^{*+}$	
	$A\bar{S}$	1P	1	2^-	4514	4429	85	$D_2^{*+} (2460) D_s^{*+}$	
$cc\bar{q}\bar{q}$	$A\bar{A}$	1S	2	2^+	4074	4014 4017 4021	60 57 53	$D^{*+} (2007)^0 D^{*+} (2007)^0$ $D^{*+} (2007)^0 D^{*+} (2010)^0$ $D^{*+} (2010)^0 \pm D^{*+} (2010)^0$	
		1P	2	3^-	4474	4468 4471	6 3	$D^{*+} (2007)^0 D_2^{*+} (2460)$ $D^{*+} (2010)^0 \pm D^{*+} (2460)$	
		1D	2	4^+	4864	4770	94	$D^{*+} (2007)^0 D_3^{*+} (2750)$	
	$A\bar{S}$	1S	1	1^+	3869	3875	-6	$D^0 D^{*+} (2010)^0$	
		1P		0^-	4291	4208	83	$D^0 D^{*+} (2300)$	
				1^-	4299	4282	17	$D^\pm D_1 (2430)^0$	
				2^-	4316	4326	-10	$D^0 D_s^{*+} (2460)$	



- ◇ In 2022 the LHCb Collaboration discovered doubly charmed tetraquark state $T_{cc}(3875)^+$.
- ◇ Our calculations agree with these results:

Table 5: Experimentally observed doubly charmed tetraquark state and our candidate for its interpretation.

$T_{cc}(3875)^+$	experiment (PDG)	our calculations
quark content	$cc\bar{u}\bar{d}$	$cc\bar{q}\bar{q}$
spin-parity	1^+	
mass, MeV	3874.74 ± 0.10	3869 ± 50

- ◇ New experimental data are expected in the near future, including regions and mass sectors of our interest.



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- ◇ Masses of ground and radially and orbitally excited states of doubly charmed tetraquarks were calculated.
- ◇ Masses of ground states of charmed bottom and doubly bottom tetraquarks were calculated.
- ◇ The finite size of a diquark was taken into account.
- ◇ Diquarks and antidiquarks were considered to interact as a whole.



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- ◇ Doubly charmed tetraquark states which are the most convenient for the experimental detection were identified.
- ◇ Our calculations agrees with the recent experimental results.



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◇ Previous publications related to the topic:

- Masses of the $QQ\bar{Q}\bar{Q}$ tetraquarks in the relativistic diquark–antidiquark picture, Physical Review D, 2020, vol. 102, №11, p. 114030;
- Heavy Tetraquarks in the Relativistic Quark Model, Universe, 2021, vol. 7, №4, p. 94;
- Fully Heavy Tetraquark Spectroscopy in the Relativistic Quark Model, Symmetry, 2022, vol. 14, №12, p. 2504;
- Relativistic description of asymmetric fully heavy tetraquarks in the diquark–antidiquark model, The European Physical Journal A, 2024, vol. 60, №96;
- Relativistic Description of Asymmetric Fully Heavy Tetraquarks, Physics of Particles and Nuclei Letters, 2024, vol. 21, №4, p. 597–600;
- Relativistic Description of Fully Heavy Tetraquark Spectroscopy, Moscow University Physics Bulletin, 2024, vol. 79, suppl. 1, p. S170–S173;
- Masses of Ground States of Triply Heavy Tetraquarks, Physics of Particles and Nuclei, 2025, vol. 56, №2, p. 330–334;
- Triply Heavy Tetraquark Spectroscopy, Physics of Atomic Nuclei, 2025, vol. 88, №1, p. 124–129;
- Relativistic Description of Triply Heavy Tetraquarks, Physics of Particles and Nuclei Letters, 2025, vol. 22, №5, p. 985–988;



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Thank you for your attention!

This work was supported by the Foundation for the Advancement of
Theoretical Physics and Mathematics “BASIS” grant №22-2-10-3-1.