



Joint Institute for Nuclear Research



Current status of event reconstruction and data analysis at BM@N experiment

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Outline



- 1. NICA complex & BM@N experiment
- 2. Technical run with C beam (March 2017)
 - ✓ BM@N detector set-up
 - ✓ $\Lambda \& K_s^{0}$ reconstruction
 - ✓ Experiment vs MC
- 3. Run with Ar & Kr beams (March 2018)
 - ✓ BM@N detector set-up
 - ✓ PV & Λ reconstruction
- 4. Summary & Plans

Detector geometry



BM@N setup:

- ✓ Central tracker (GEM+Si) inside analyzing magnet to reconstruct AA interactions
- ✓ Outer tracker (DCH, CSC) behind magnet to link central tracks to ToF detectors
- ✓ ToF system based on mRPC and T0 detectors to identify hadrons and light nucleus
- ✓ ZDC calorimeter to measure centrality of AA collisions and form trigger
- ✓ Detectors to form T0, L1 centrality trigger and beam monitors
- ✓ Electromagnetic calorimeter for γ ,e+e-



BM@N advantage: large aperture magnet (~1 m gap between poles)

- \rightarrow fill aperture with coordinate detectors which sustain high multiplicities of particles
- \rightarrow divide detectors for particle identification to "near to magnet" and "far from magnet" to measure particles with low as well as high momentum (p > 1-2 GeV/c)
- \rightarrow fill distance between magnet and "far" detectors with coordinate detectors

BM@N set-up in March 2017







✓ Focus on tests and commissioning of central tracker inside analyzing magnet → 5 GEM detectors 66 x 41cm² + 2 GEM detectors 163 x 45 cm² and 1 plane of Si detector for tracking (2-coordinate Si detector X-X'(±2.5°) with strip pitch of 95/103 µm, full size of 25 x 25 cm²)

Program:

 \checkmark Trace beam through detectors, align detectors, measure beam momentum in mag. field of 0.6 T

✓ Measure inelastic reactions C + target \rightarrow X with carbon beam energies of 3.5 - 4.6 GeV/n on targets C, Al, Cu, Pb

Visualization of Λ decay





Event Display: Example of the Λ decay reconstruction in the tracker (GEM + Si) in C+C interaction.

30.10.2018

$\Lambda \& K_{s}^{0}$ reconstruction in carbon run

Beam /Target: C/C,Al,Cu; $E_{kin} = 4.0 \text{A GeV}$, No PID, only GEM+Si



Since the GEM tracker configuration was tuned to measure relatively high-momentum beam particles, the geometric acceptance for relatively soft decay products of strange V0 particles was rather low. The Monte Carlo simulation showed that only ~4% of Λ and ~0.8% of K_s⁰ could be reconstructed.

Comparison of data and MC





Number hits in GEM



Realistic geometry of GEM detectors



GEM 2, Exp.

GEM 2, MC

Number of hits in Si



Realistic geometry of Si detectors



GEM efficiency calculation





Multiplicity, hits & residuals





Momentum & PV



Data & QGSM model: C+Al, E_{kin}=4A GeV





G. Pokatashkin

Phase space of Λ





Λ : pT & y_{lab} dependence





Ar & Kr run in March 2018





BM@N set-up



BM@N run with Ar and Kr beams:

Ar beam, $T_0 = 3.2 \text{ GeV/n}$ Kr beam, $T_0 = 2.4 (3.0) \text{ GeV/n}$









Central Tracker:

6 planes of big GEM detectors

3 planes of Si detector in front of GEMs

Beam crosses Si detectors in center, big GEMs – in beam hole \rightarrow configuration is based on results of Λ and K⁰_S simulation

> 2-coordinate Si detector with strip pitch of 95/103 μ m, full size of 25 x 25 cm²

Detector combined from 4 sub-detectors arranged around beam

+ 2 smaller vertex detectors

Event reconstruction





Event Display: Example of event reconstruction in the central tracker (GEM + Si) in Ar+Al interaction.

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Tracks in Si and GEM detectors





Si-3 detector residual vs GEM+Si track ~ 86 µm GEM-1 detector residual vs GEM+Si track ~ 320 μm GEM-1 track profile

30.10.2018



Reconstructed Primary Vertex along the beam (Sigma comparable with target thickness)

Reconstructed $p\pi^-$ -invariant mass spectrum

Vertex: Ar run vs Carbon run





Beam in Ar run ~1.8 cm higher in Y and has tail in X





Compare with vertex in Carbon run in March 2017

PV reconstruction in high multiplicity events

Si trigger performance in Ar & Kr runs





Si trigger detector



Adjusted beam position in Kr run

Barrel detector trigger performance

BD trigger detector profile, Ar run



BD trigger detector profile, Kr run



For the second second

BD detector profile in Ar+Cu, GEANT4 simulation of δ -electrons



 \checkmark BM@N experiment has recorded experimental data with carbon, argon and krypton beams at several energies and on several targets.

- ✓ Minimum bias interactions were analyzed with the aim to reconstruct tracks, primary and secondary vertices using central GEM and Si tracking detectors.
- ✓ Reconstructed signals of Λ -hyperon and K_s^0 are visible in proton-pion and pion-pion invariant mass spectra.
- ✓ Work is ongoing to tune MC simulation for carbon beam to describe the data and extract detector efficiencies in order to obtain Λ -hyperon yields.
- \checkmark For better results in Ar (Kr) run we have to improve track finding algorithm.
- \checkmark Alignment of central tracker in Ar(Kr) run was performed, data analysis has started.

Thank you for attention!

Primary Vertex & Beam momentum



Primary Vertex (along the beam) with Si detector & Pile-up suppression

Beam momentum (E_{kin}=3.5A GeV, p=8.67 GeV/c) 12000 10000 Mean = 8.62Sigma = 0.478000 $\Delta p/p = 5.5\%$ 6000 4000 2000 0 10 12 14 2 8 p_{rec}, GeV/c



To improve vertex and momentum resolution and reduce background under Λ :

✓ Need few planes of forward Silicon detectors

✓ Need more GEM planes to improve track momentum reconstruction