

BM@N experiment

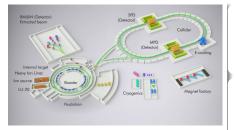
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First Open Day of the NICA Complex, October 31

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NICA Complex



- Set of accelerators providing particle beams for fixed target and collider experiments
- Experimental facilities
- Line for assembling and cryogenic testing of SC-magnets
- Workshops for construction of the detector elements
- NICA innovation center

Beams - $p, d \dots {}^{197}Au^{79+}$ Collision energy: $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 4 - 11 \text{ GeV}, T = 1 - 6 \text{ AGeV}$ Luminosity: $10^{27} cm^{-2}s^{-1}$ (Au), 10^{32} (p)

- 2 interaction points MPD (First Open Day of the NICA Complex, report of N. Geraksiev) and SPD
- Fixed target experiment **BM@N**
- 2018: extracted beams of heavy ions (Ar, Kr) are available within the BM@N experiment
- 2020: a first configuration of the MPD setup available.
- 2023: commissioning of the fully designed NICA-complex is foreseen.

Nuclotron (in operation since 1993)

Modernized in 2010 - 2015

Parameters	Nuclotron
type	SC synchrotron
particles	$\uparrow \mathbf{p}, \uparrow \mathbf{d}, $ nuclei
injection energy [MeV/u]	5 (†p, †d), 570-685 (Au)
max. kin. energy [GeV/u]	$12.07 (\uparrow p), 5.62 (\uparrow d), 4.38 (Au)$
magnetic rigidity $[T \cdot m]$	25 - 43.25
circumference [m]	251.52
cycle for collider mode [s]	1.5-4.2 (active), 5.0 (total)
vacuum [Torr]	10^{-9}
intensity, Au [ions/pulse]	1 ·10 ⁹
spill of slow extraction [s]	up to 10



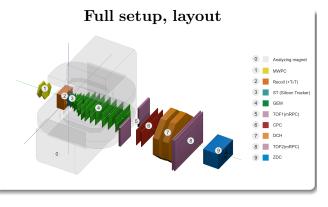
Run55: Feb - Apr, 2018



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BM@N experiment



- Central tracker (Silicon tracker + GEM) inside analyzing magnet to reconstruct AA-interactions
- Outer tracker (CPC, DCH) behind magnet to link tracks from central tracker to ToF detectors
- TOF1 & TOF2 system based on mRPC and T0 detectors to identify hadrons and light nuclei
- Detectors to form T0 and beam monitors
- ZDC calorimeter to measure centrality of AA-collisions
- Electromagnetic calorimeter for γ , e^+ , e^-

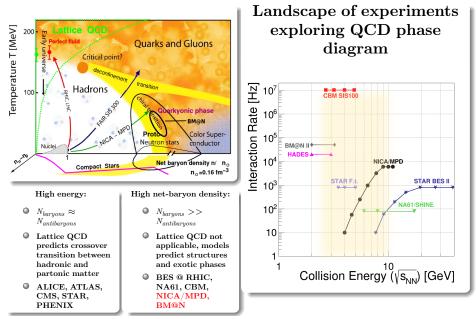
BM@N advantages:

• large aperture analyzing magnet

- sub-detector systems are resistant to high multiplicities of charged particles
 - PID: "near to magnet" (TOF1), "far from magnet" (TOF2)

Physics to be investigated

QCD phase diagram



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Physics possibilities at the Nuclotron

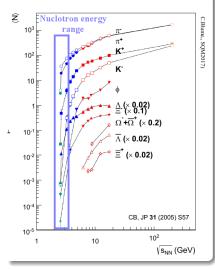
A + A collisions:

- strangeness at threshold
- Need more precise data for strange mesons, hyperons and hypernuclei, multi-variable distributions, unexplored energy range

$$p + p$$
, $p + n$, $p + A$ collisions:

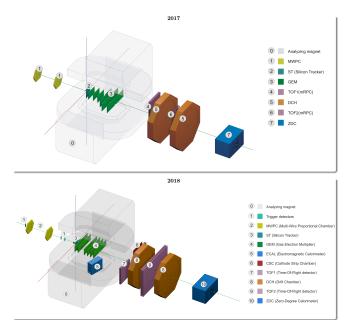
• Hadron production in elementary reactions and "cold" nuclear matter as a "reference" to determine exactly nuclear effects

AGS NA49 BRAHMS



BM@N experimental setup in recent runs

BM@N runs: transition from technical to physical ones



How it was during last experimental run ...

BM@N setup in the last run (before magnet)





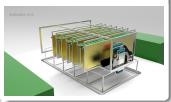
New detector components:

- Six big GEMs
- Trigger detectors
- Three Si detectors
- CSC chamber
- Full set of TOF detectors

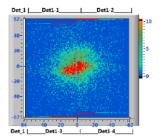
Forward silicon strip detectors



Central tracker (GEM + SI) in Argon/Krypton run



Kr beam fragments in silicon vertex detector



- Twocoordinate Si detector with strip pitch of 95/103µm, full size of 25 · 25 cm²
- Detector consists of 4 sub-detectors located around beam
- 2 smaller vertex detectors (March 2018)

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First Open Day of the NICA Complex

BM@N setup in the last run (behind magnet)



First Open Day of the NICA Complex

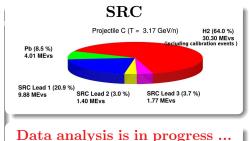
BM@N and SRC, data collected (March - April, 2018)

SRC:

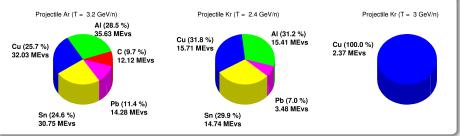
- One beam energy available for C-beam
- More than half of the collected statistics can be used for analysis

BM@N:

- One beam energy available for Ar-beam and three - for Kr-beam
- Wide set of targets used (C, Al, Cu, Sn, Pb)

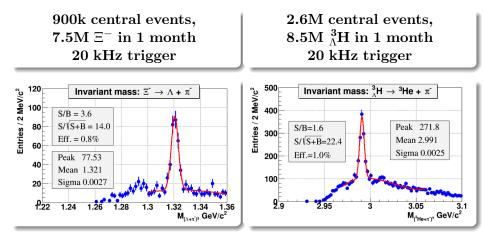


BM@N



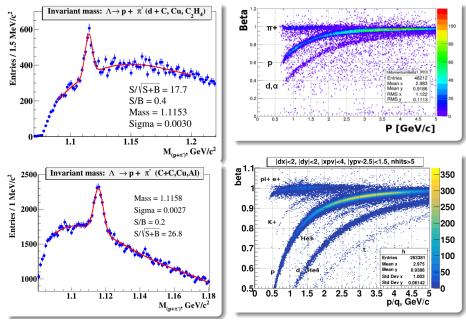
Why do we need Monte Carlo?

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm BM@N\ feasibility\ study,\ strangess\ and\ hypernuclei}\\ {\rm Simulation:\ UrQMD\ \&\ DCM-QGSM,\ Au+Au,\ T=4.5\ AGeV} \end{array}$



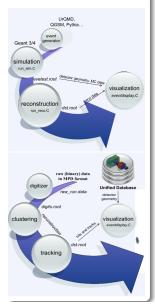
The feasibility study indicates reliable reconstruction of cascades and hypernuclei of order of 10 millions per month

Obtained physics results ...

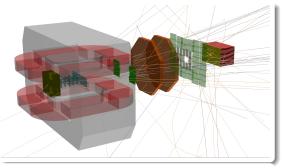


Data processing for offline Event Display

Sim & Reco



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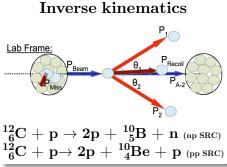


- The Event Display has been developed for graphical representations of the NICA experiments in offline as well as online mode and integrated into the BmnRoot software.
- The visualization system gives an opportunity to visually check the developed algorithms for reconstruction and physical analysis of data.

Short Range Correlations (SRC) @ BM@N



How to study SRC?



Participants

- JINR: BM@N
- Israel: Tel Aviv University
- Germany: TUD and GSI
- USA: MIT
- France: CEA



Super exclusive measurement!

Four particles detected:

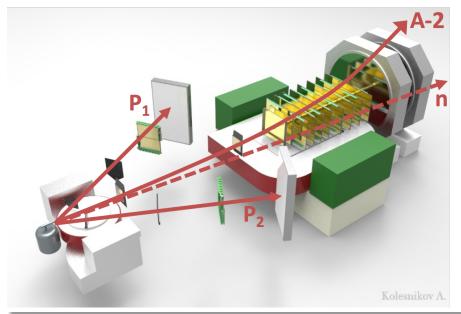
- scattered probe
- knocked-out nucleon
- recoil
- (A-2)-fragment system

Objectives

- identifying 2N-SRC events with inverse kinematics
- studying isospin decomposition of 2N-SRC
- studying (A-2) spectator nuclear system

First BM@N SRC program run in March 2018: \sim 30 MEvents collected

Experimental setup



Thank you for you attention!

NICA energy region:

- Maximum in K^+/π^+ -ratio
- Maximum in Λ/π -ratio
- Maximum in the net-baryon density
- Transition from a Baryon dominated system to a Meson dominated one





- The construction of accelerator complex and both detectors BM@N & MPD are going close to the schedule
- NICA got a recognition as a part of European research infrastructure
- You are kindly invited to join the BM@N or/and MPD Collaborations