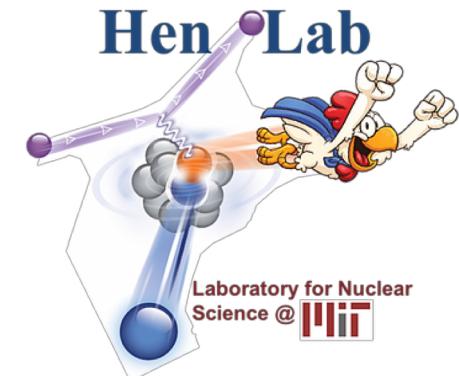




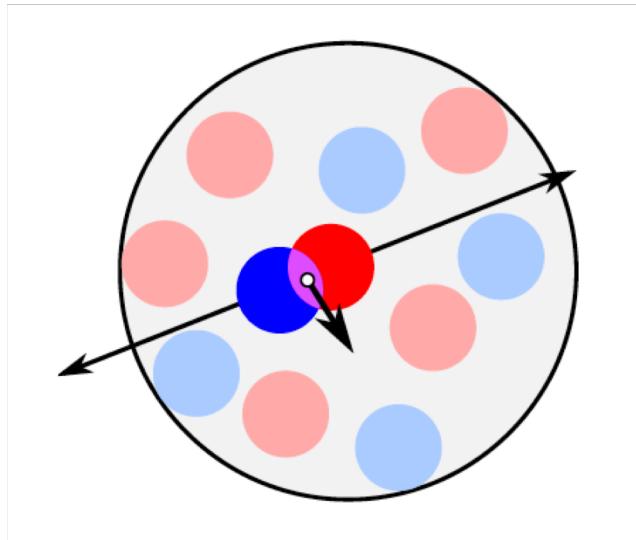
XXIV International Baldin Seminar  
on High Energy Physics Problems  
*Relativistic Nuclear Physics & Quantum Chromodynamics*  
September 17 - 22, 2018, Dubna, Russia



# Exclusive studies of Short Range Correlations (SRC) in nuclei



# Short Range Correlated (SRC) pairs

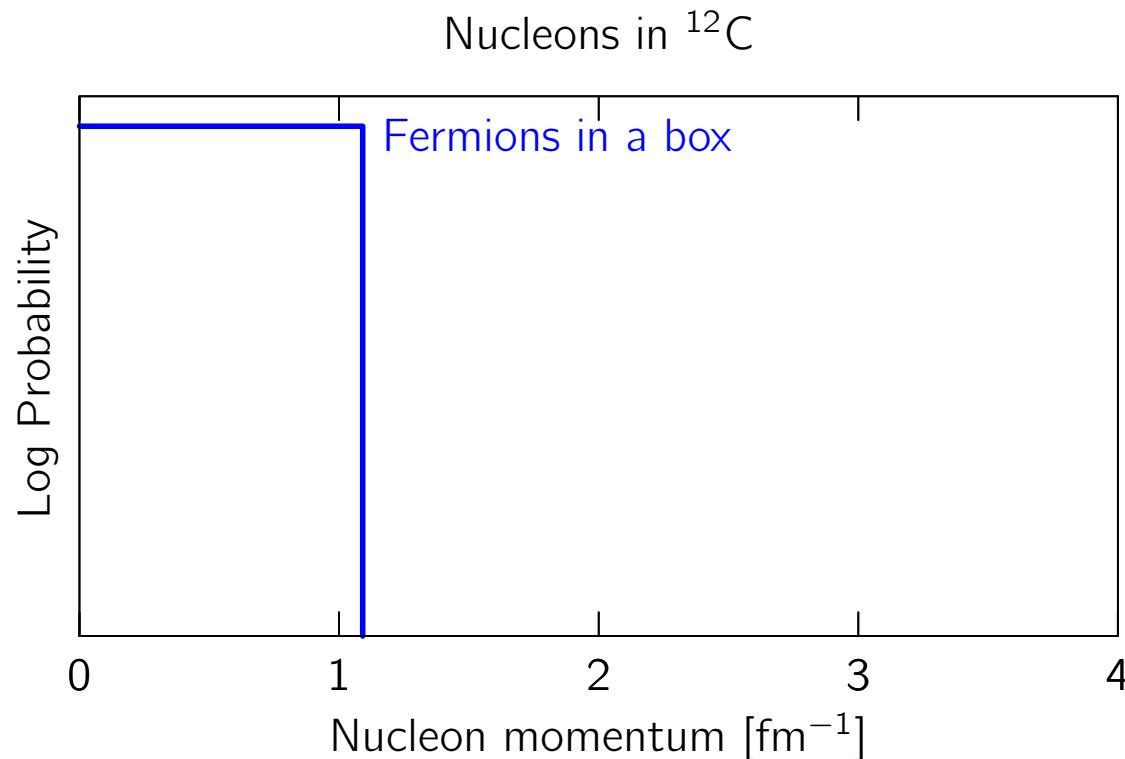


Relative momentum  $> 300 \text{ MeV}/c$

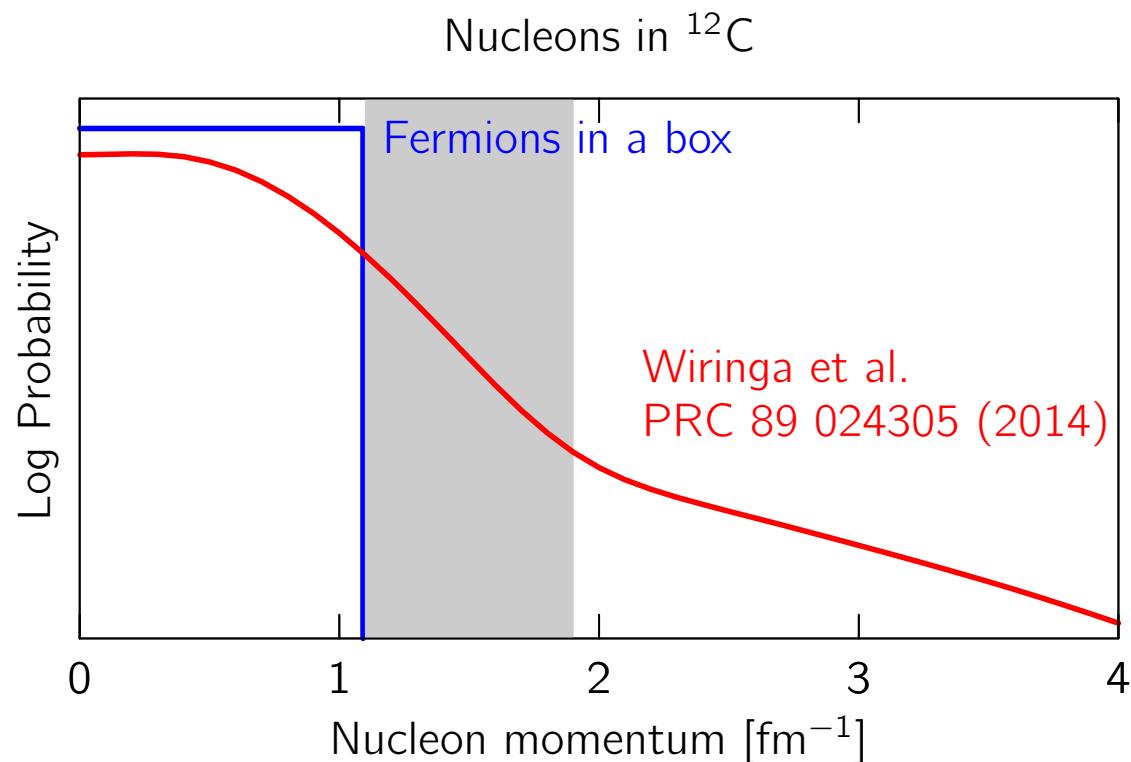
CM momentum  $O(150 \text{ MeV}/c)$

$\sim 20\%$  of nucleons

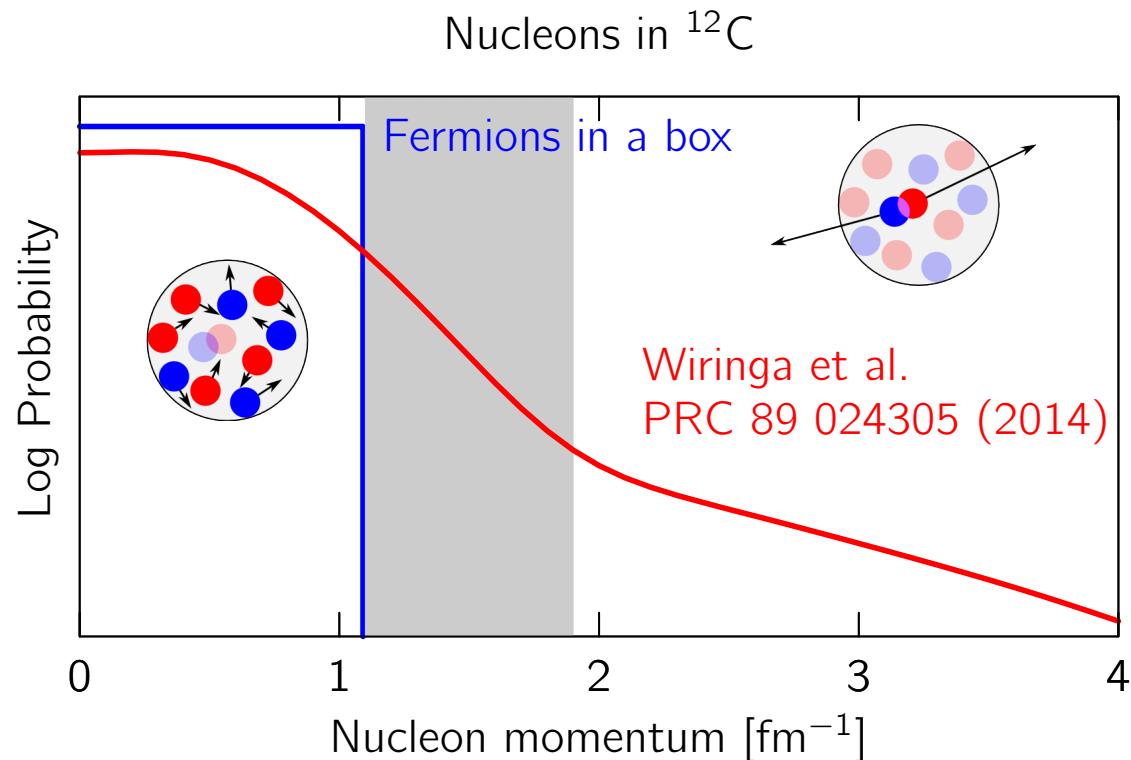
# Nucleon momentum distribution for uncorrelated nucleons



In reality about 20% of nucleons have  $k > k_F$



All nucleons with  $k > k_F$  belong to SRC pairs



# Exclusive hard scattering reactions are a perfect tool to study SRC properties

Interact with a single nucleon and detect 3 particles (triple coincidence):

the scattered probe,

the knocked-out nucleon,

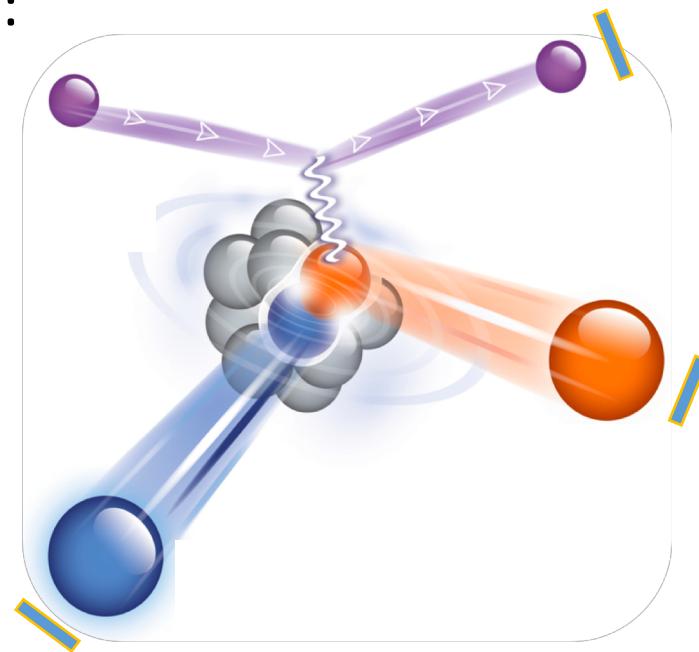
and the recoil

$A(p, 2pn) - BNL$

$A(e, e'pp) - JLab$

$A(e, e'pn) - JLab$

$p(^{12}C, 2p A-2) - JINR$



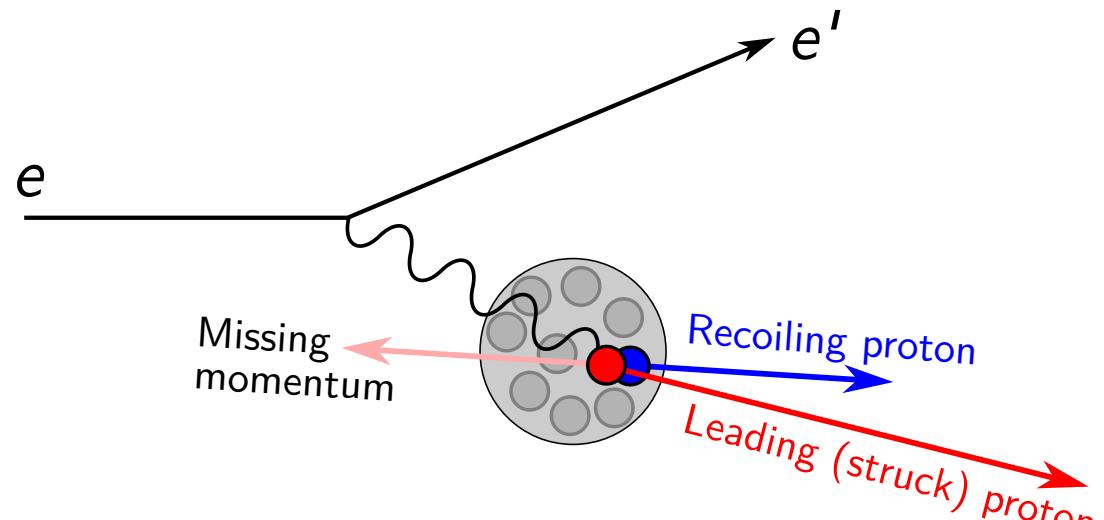
# Choose kinematics where Final State Interactions (FSI) are confined to the pair

$x > 1.2$

$M_{\text{miss}} < 1.1 \text{ GeV}$

$Q^2 > 1.8 \text{ GeV}^2$

$\theta_{pq} < 25^\circ$

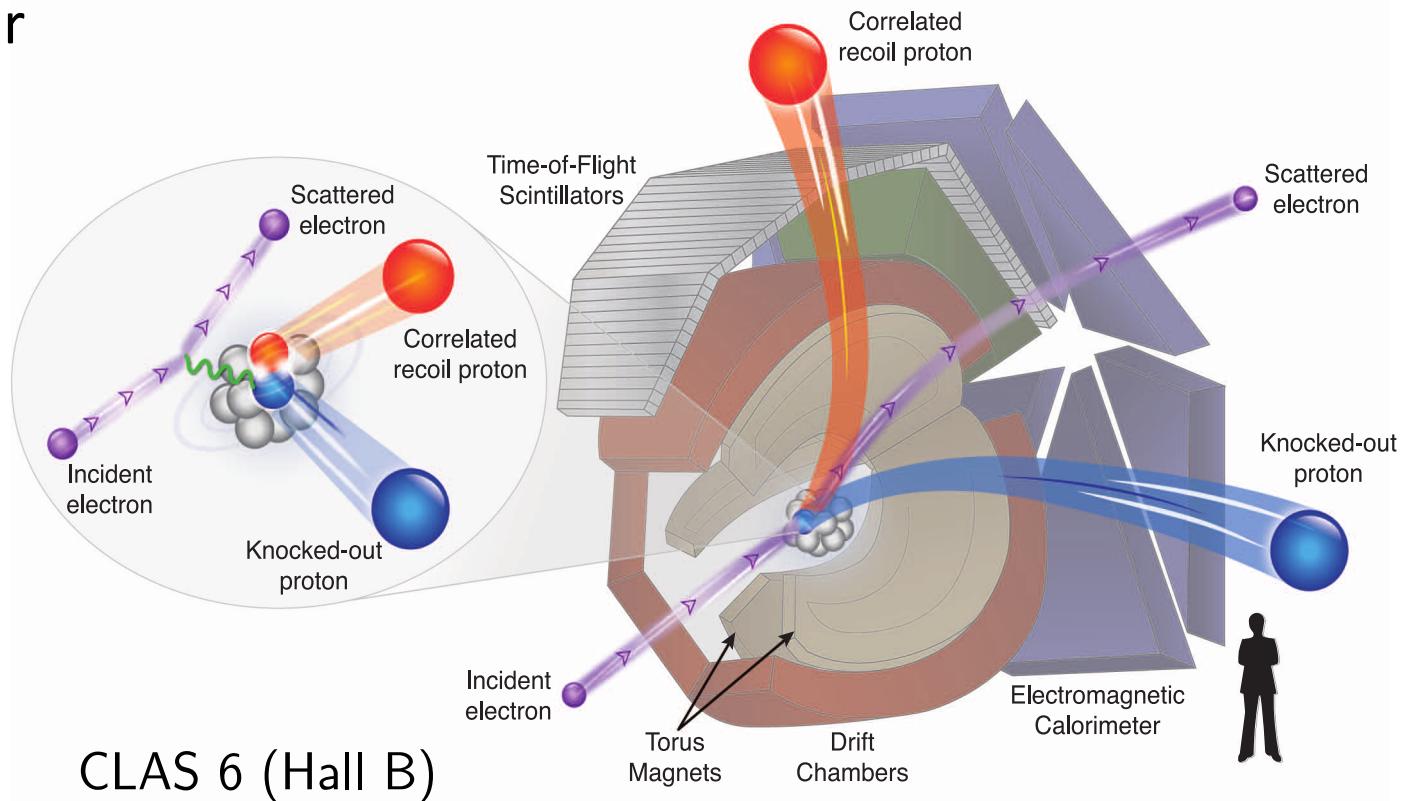


FSI do not impact isospin structure

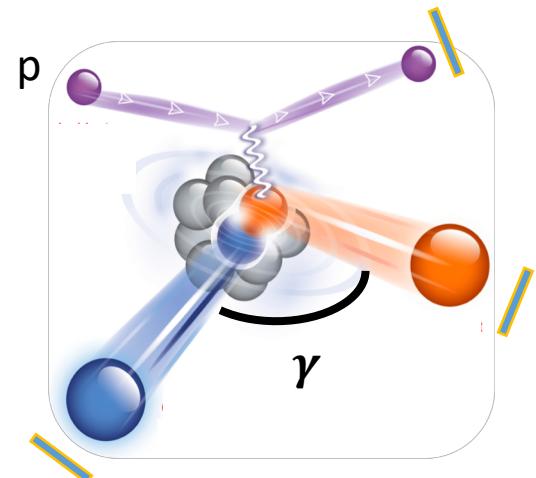
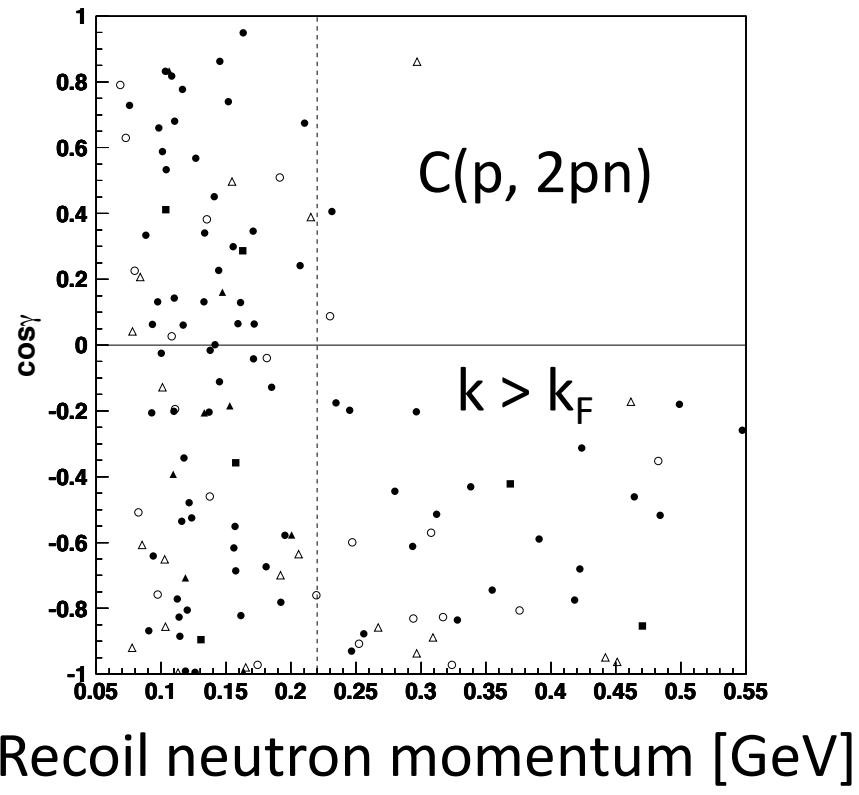
FSI do not impact pair total momentum

# JLab: CLAS-6 setup – base for the newest SRC results

Large acceptance  
Open trigger

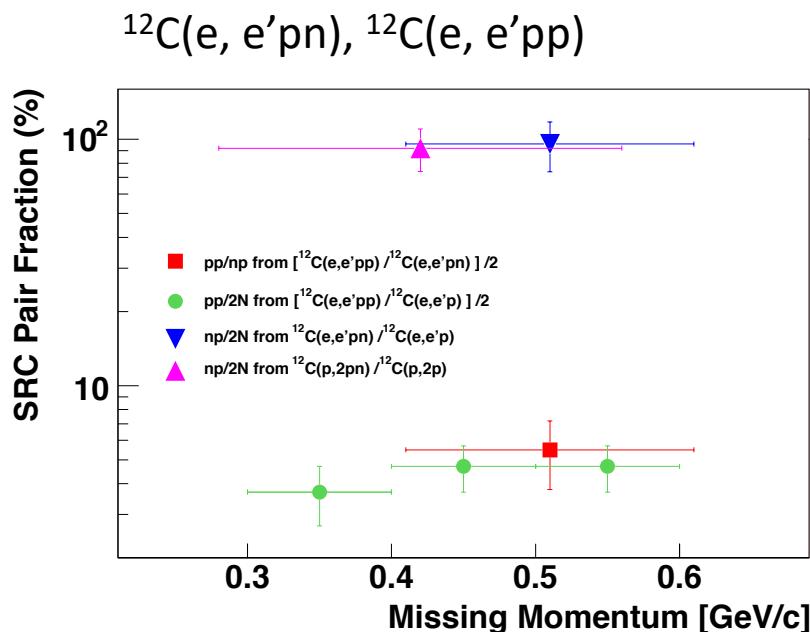


BNL: 92% of high momentum protons have a recoil

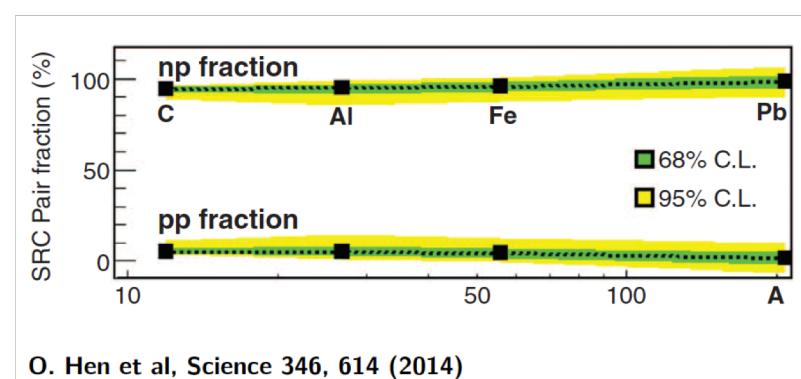


- Recoil has high momentum
- $k < k_F$  – isotropic,
- $k > k_F$  – back to back

# JLab: np-pairs dominate pp by a factor of 20

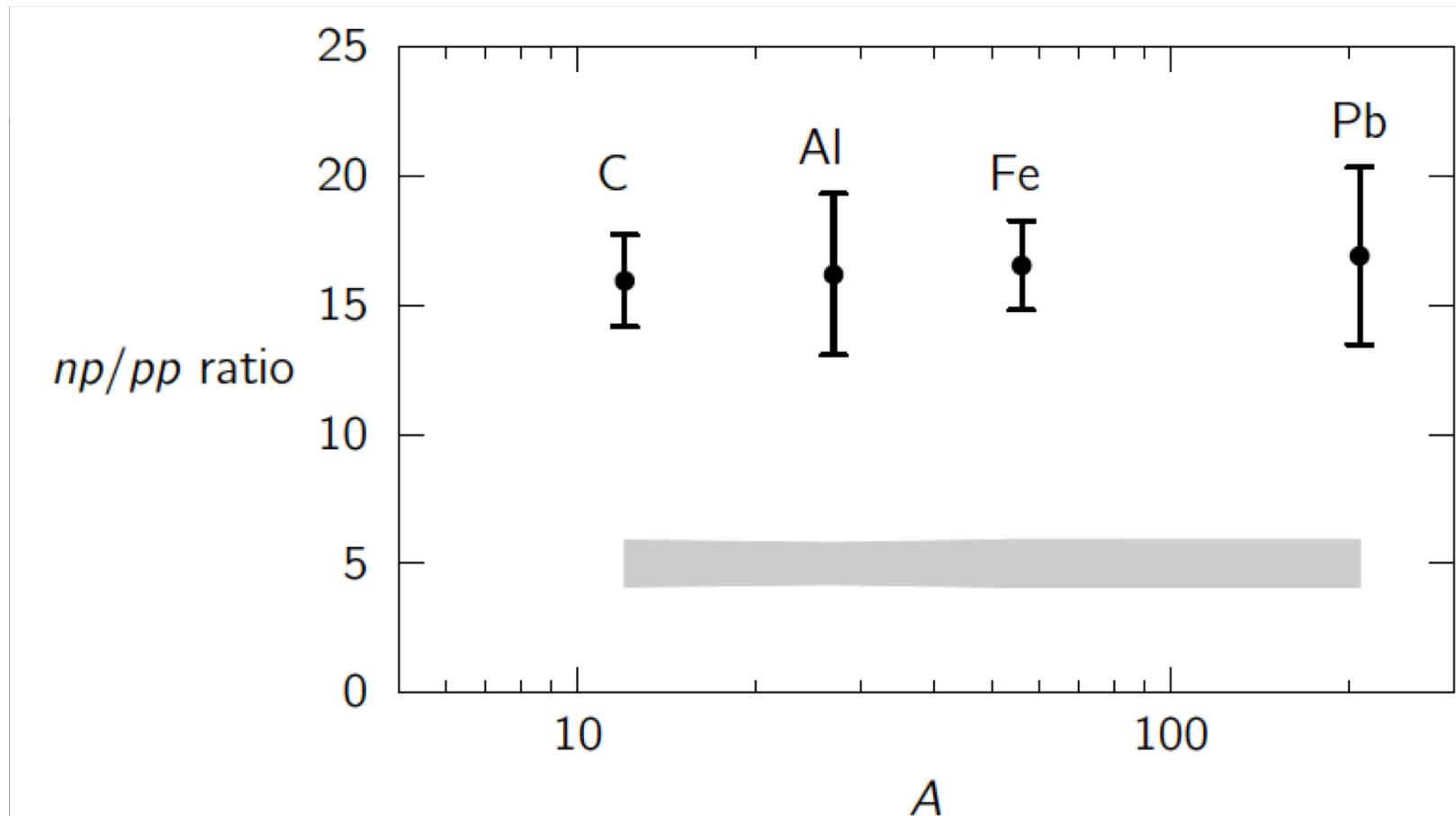


C, Al, Fe, Pb (e, e'pp) or (e, e'p)



“np-dominance” --> tensor,  
spin-dependent interaction  
within SRC

# np-dominance established for a wide range of A



# Where we stand:

SRC exist in nuclei and account for

- ~ 20 % on nucleons

- ~ 100% of high momentum ( $k > k_F$ ) nucleons

Have high relative momentum and low c.m. momentum

np-dominance is established for C, Al, Fe, Pb

Tensor, spin-dependent interaction within SRC

# Much has been learned from very few events

experiment	nuclei	pairs	Pmiss [MeV/c]	# of pp-events	# of np-events	# of nn-events	
EVA/BNL	$^{12}\text{C}$	pn only	300-600	<b>0</b>	<b>16</b>	-	proton beam $A(p, 2pN)$
E01-015/ JLab	$^{12}\text{C}$	pp and np	300-600	<b>263</b>	<b>179</b>	-	
E07-006/ JLab	$^4\text{He}$	pp and np	400-850	<b>50</b>	<b>223</b>	-	
CLAS/JLab	C, Al, Fe, Pb	pp and np	300-700	<b><math>\sim 400 / \text{nucleus}</math></b>	<b><math>\sim 200 / \text{nucleus}</math></b>	-	Electron beam $A(e, e'pN)$

# SRC in inverse kinematics at JINR A(p, 2p n A-2) : detecting the nuclear remnant

4 GeV/c  $^{12}\text{C}$  beam on LH target

Probe  
universality

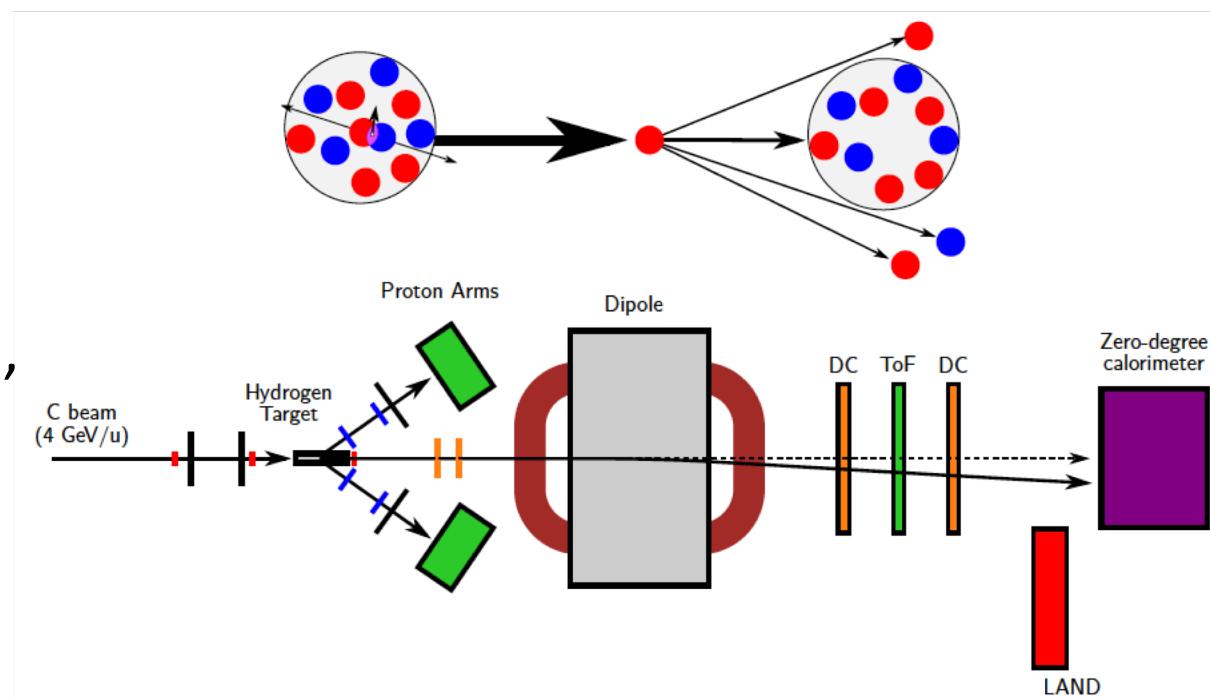
Detect 4 particles:

the scattered probe,

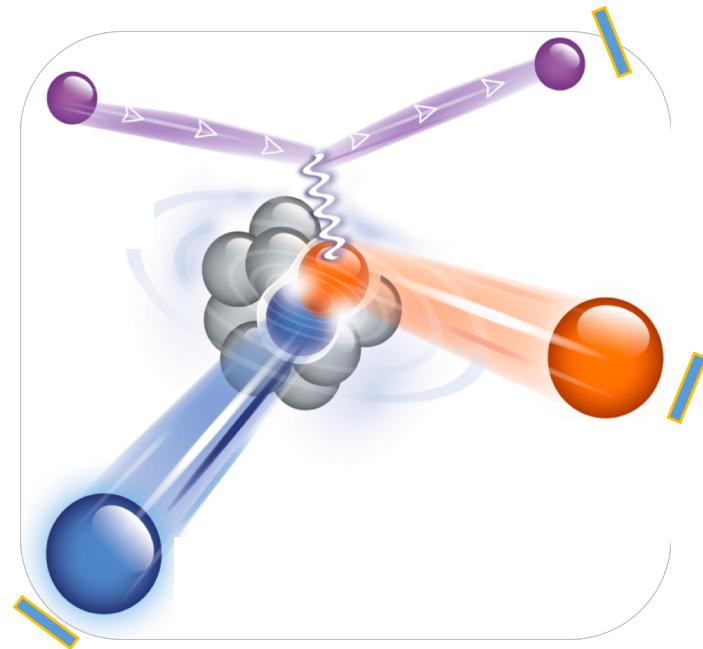
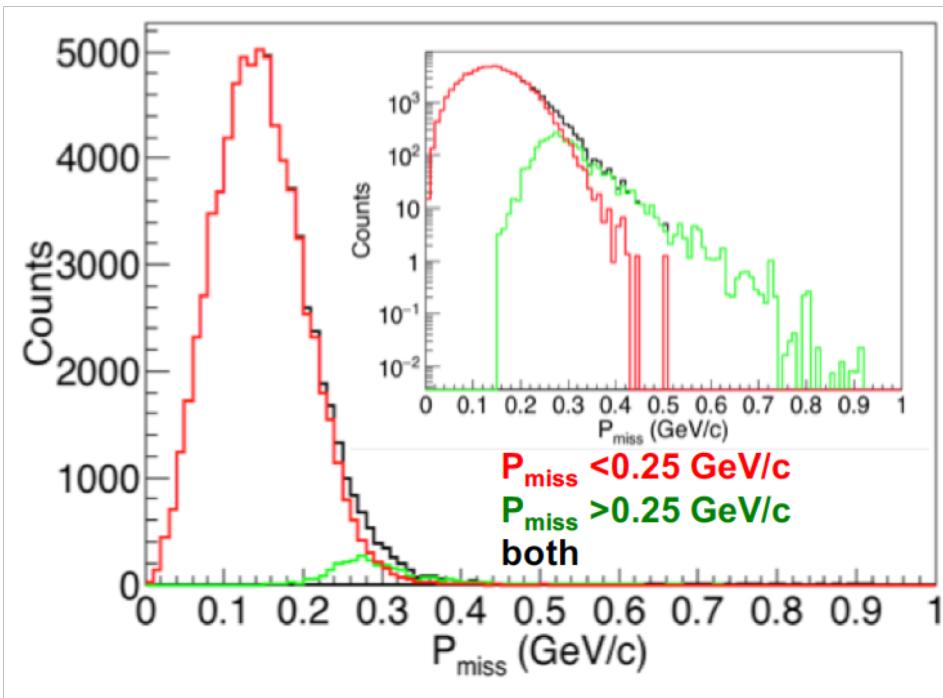
the knocked-out nucleon,

the recoil,

and the A-2 system!

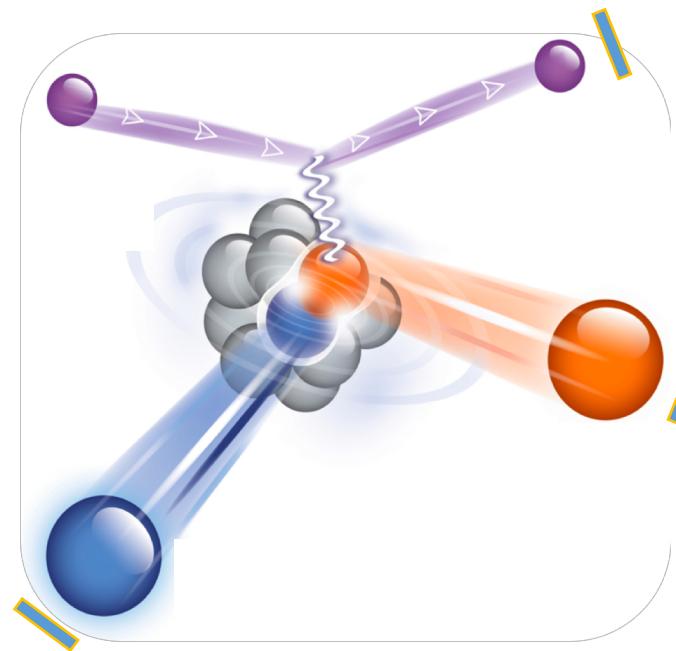
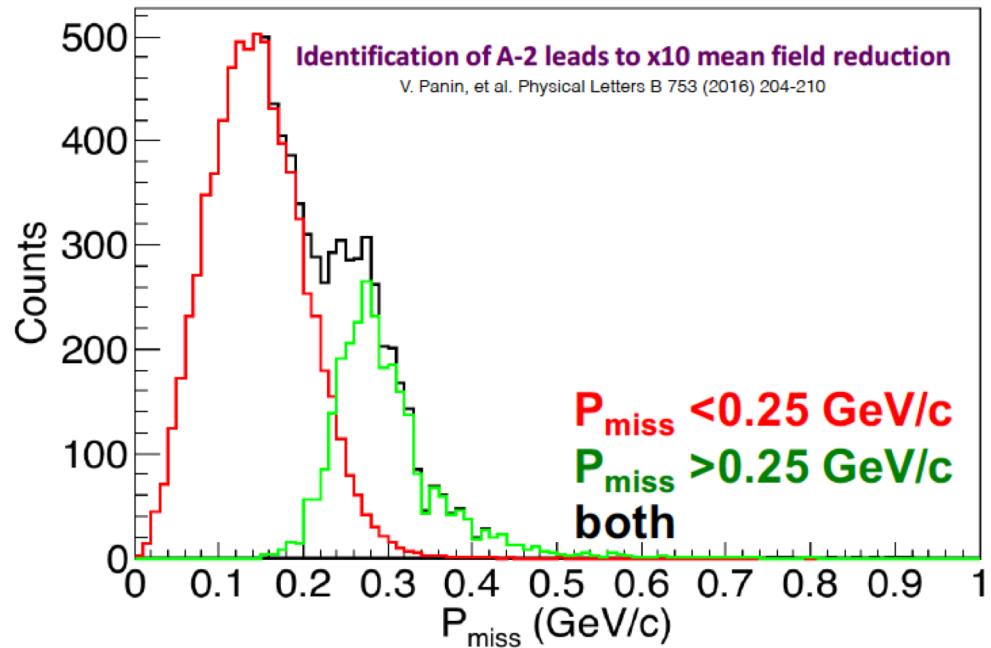


# Detecting the A-2 system is essential for rejecting non-SRC background



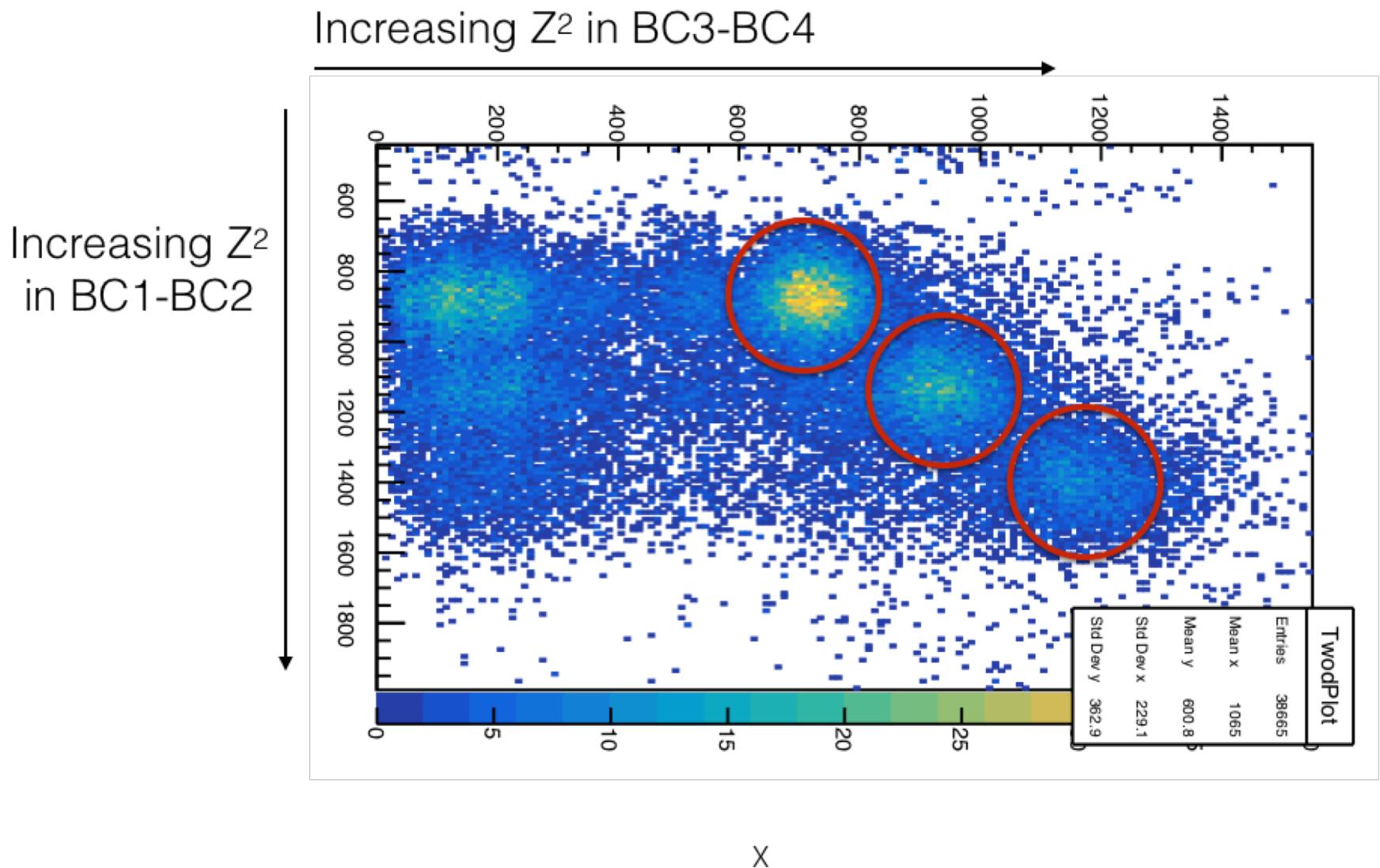
$P_{\text{miss}}$  – momentum of the **struck nucleon** before interaction

# Identification of A-2 rejects the mean field component by 10 times

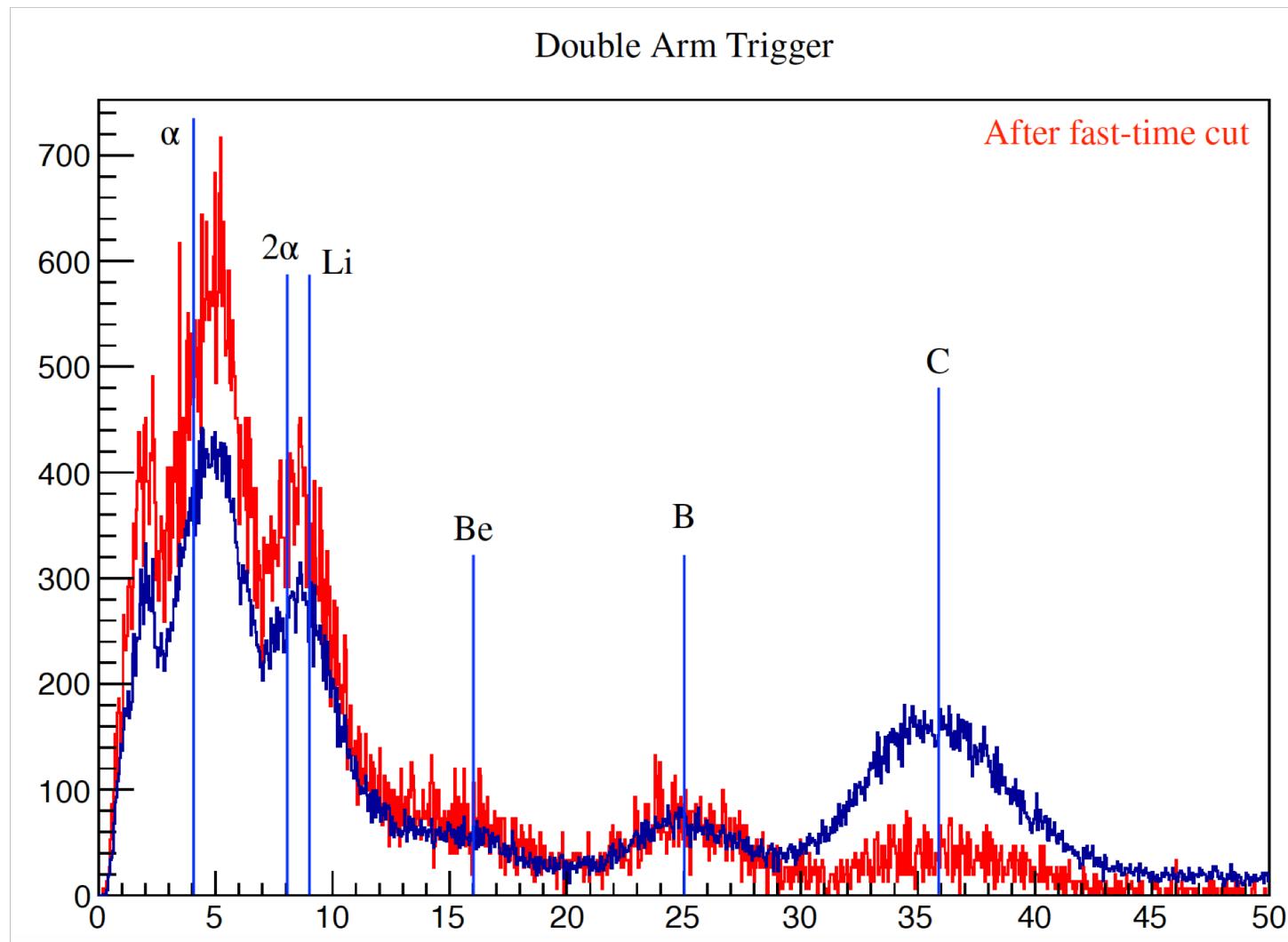


$P_{\text{miss}}$  – momentum of the **struck nucleon** before interaction

# Z from the scintillator counter: calibration

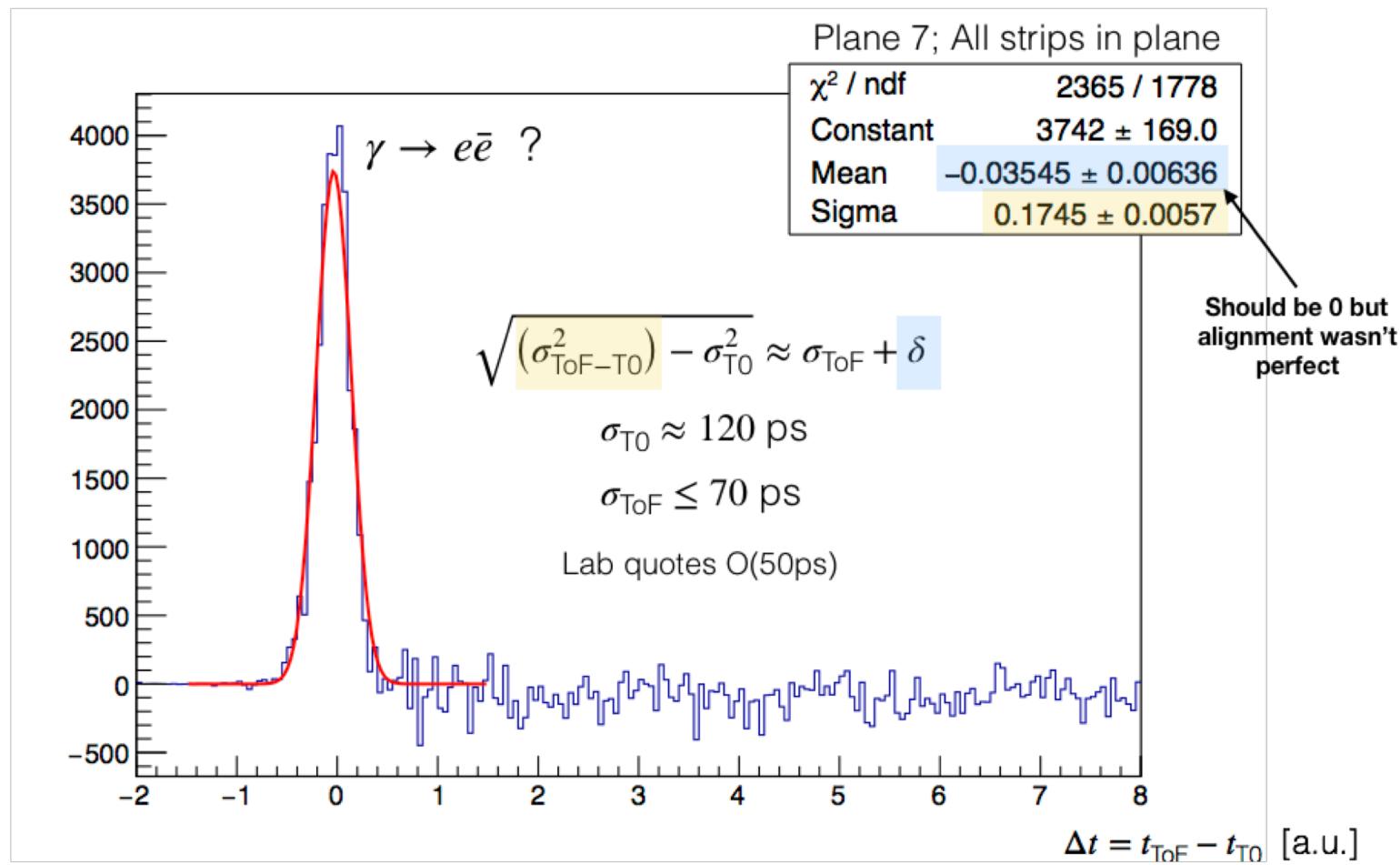


# Residual nucleus can be identified from dE/dx

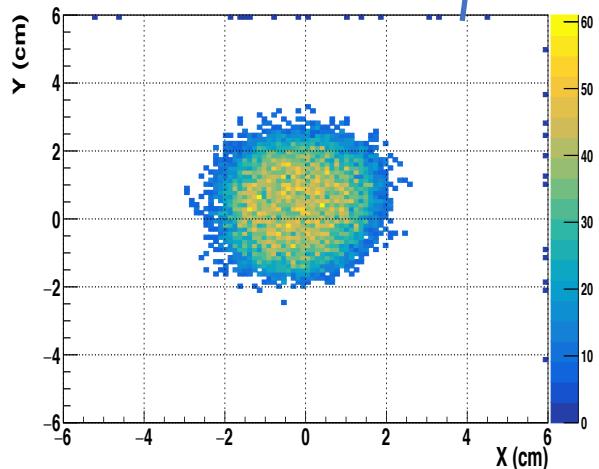
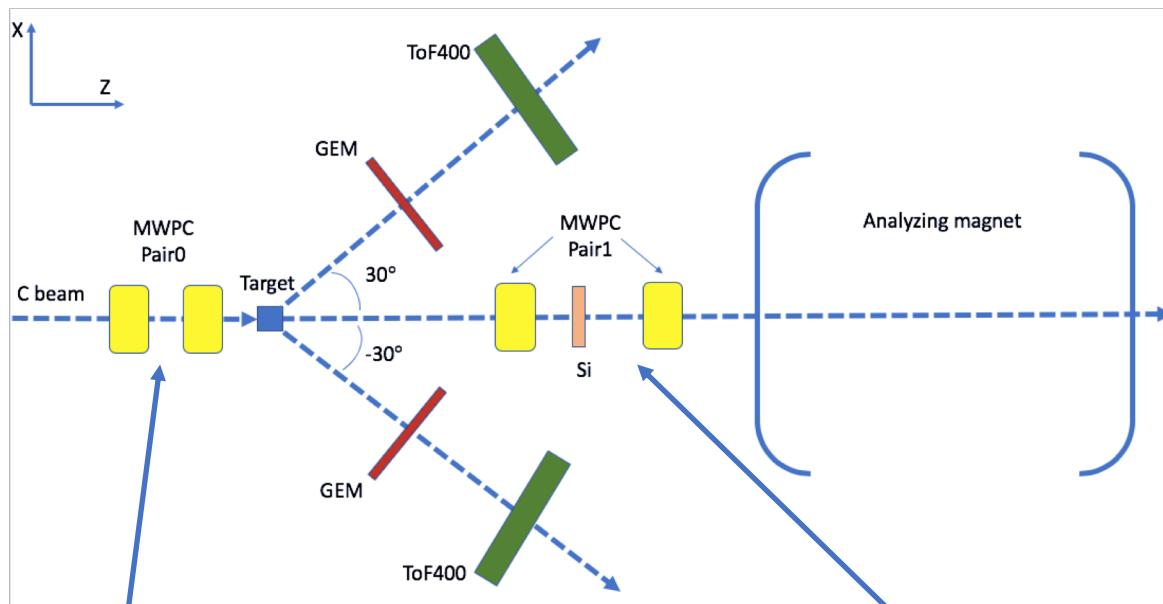


# Analysis is going on: TOF400 calibration

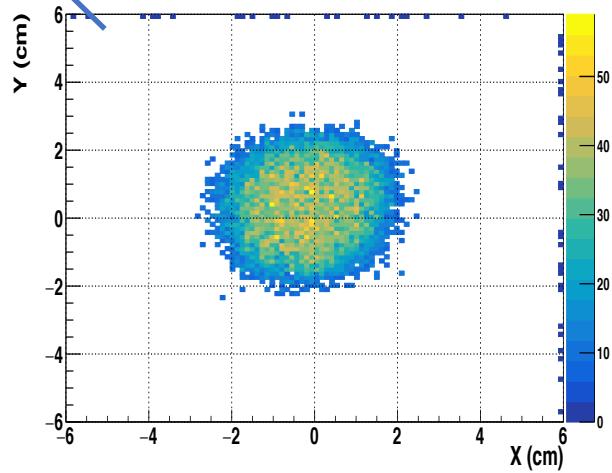
After strip alignment, clustering, time-walk (T0 and ToF400)  
Pb Wall Data - No-Pb Wall Data



# Analysis is going on: MWPC reconstruction



$^{12}\text{C}$  beam  
Empty target



# Conclusions

SRC is a vibrant fast developing field of studies on the border between nuclear and particle physics

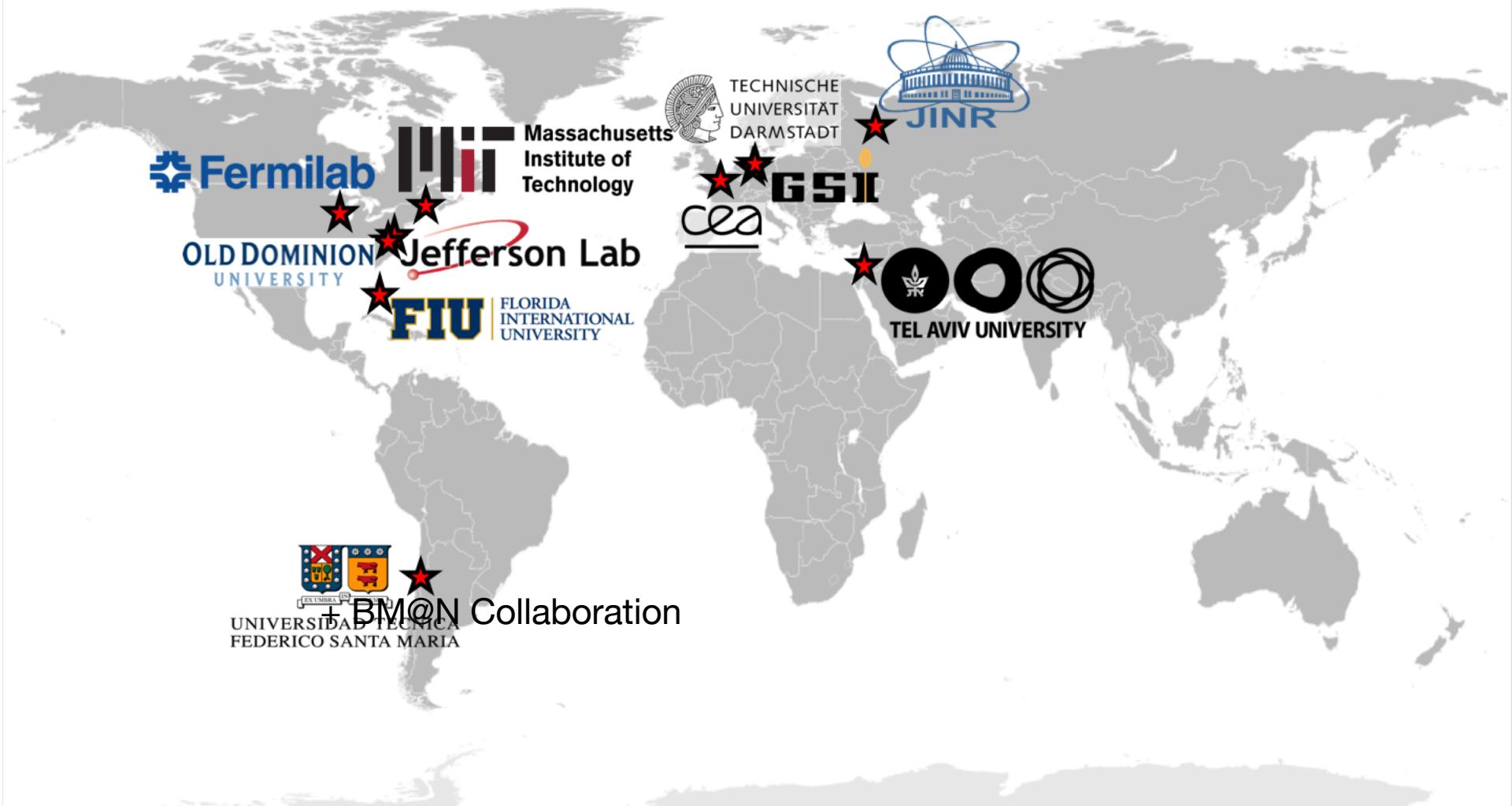
New insights about SRC:

- np dominance confirmed over a wide range of A
- SRC hypothesis for EMC explanation is stronger with the new data
- SRC pair formation and NN repulsive core

New exclusive experiments are designed to test new SRC ideas:

- disentangle mass and asymmetry, EMC/SRC (JLab)
- detect the residual nucleus for the first time (JINR)

# The SRC World



+ Many Theory Collaborators: UW, Penn State, Huji, Gent, FIU, Perugia, ...

# Looking at Z2 After Target



1 and 2 tracks look identical – need to clean up selection  
3 tracks is different event topology

